



IVOA in the multi-messenger landscape

Ada Nebot

Low-Latency alerts & Data analysis for Multi-messenger Astrophysics
Workshop

13 - 14 January 2022



□ The VO and the IVOA: what?

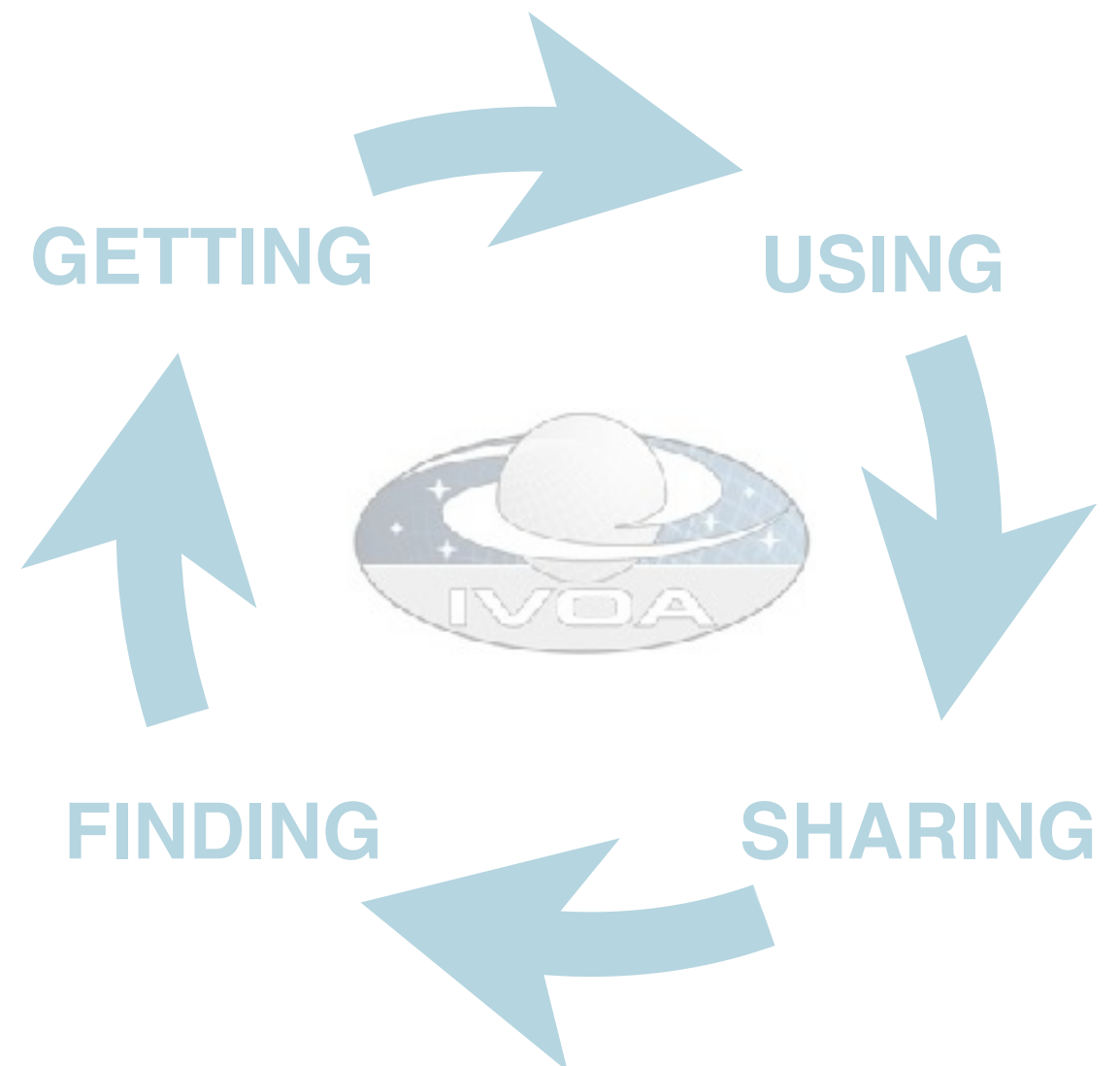
“A multi-wavelength digital sky that can be searched, visualised and analysed in new and innovative ways”

What is the Virtual Observatory?

- Framework for astronomical datasets, tools, services to work together in a seamless way

What is the International Virtual Observatory Alliance?

- A science driven organisation that builds the technical standards
- A place for discussing and sharing VO ideas and technology to enable science
- Promoting and publicising the VO



□ The VO and the IVOA: why?

Clear benefits

- Growth in the scientific return of data
- Capability to discover and fuse multiple data sets
- Application of the VO in planning new observations and observing strategies



□ The VO and the IVOA: who?

Who is the IVOA? <http://ivoa.net/>

- Exec, Tech Coordination, Standards & processes, Media, Science priorities
- **6 Working Groups:**
 - Applications, access, models, grid & web services, registry, semantics
- **8 Interest Groups**
 - Time-domain, radio, solar system, education, data curation, knowledge & discovery, theory
- Completely open to participation

Want to join the IVOA?

- Meetings: 2 interoperability meetings per year
- Email list: <https://www.ivoa.net/members/index.html>
- GitHub: <https://github.com/ivoa-std>

ada.nebot@astro.unistra.fr

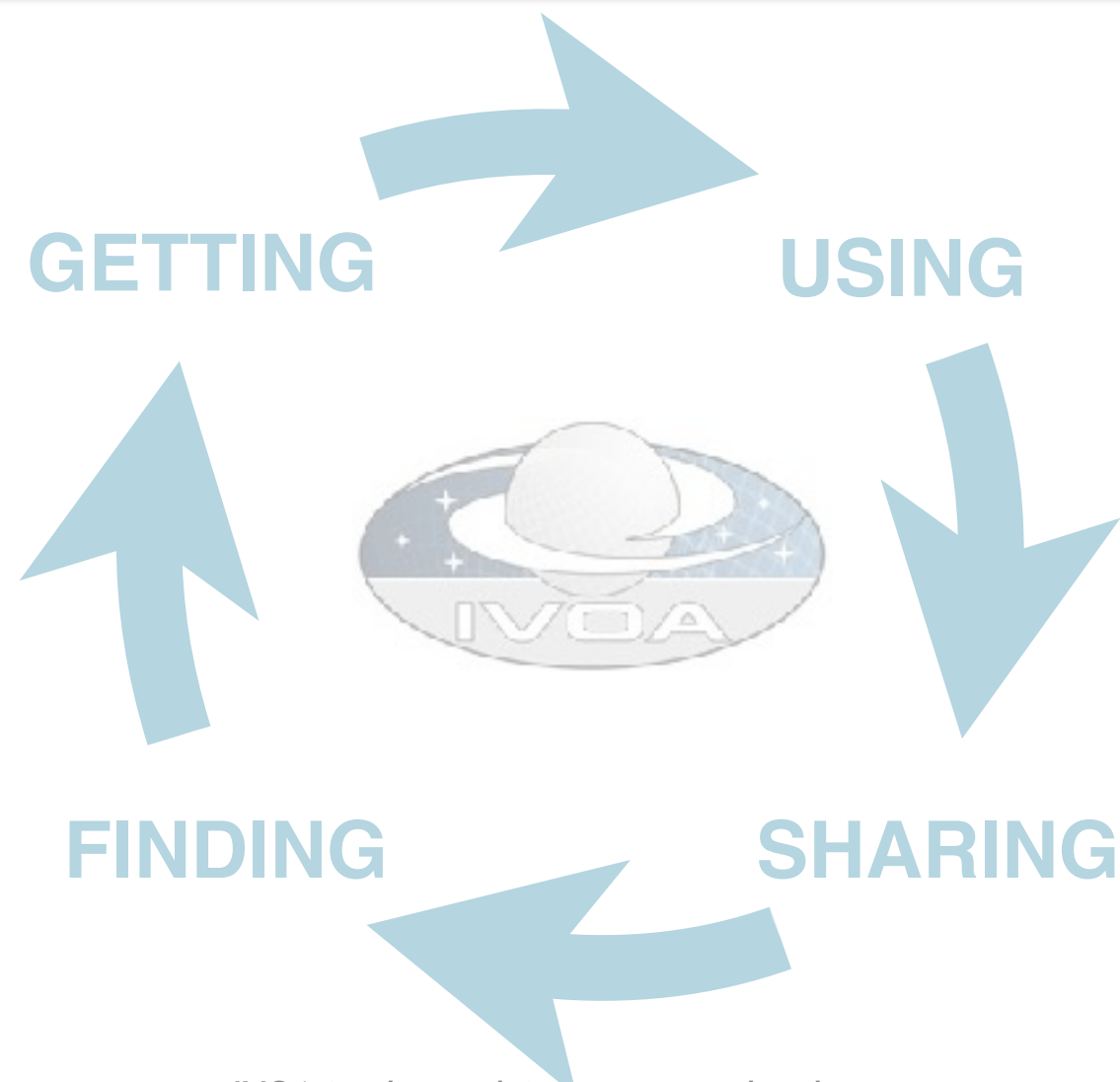
□ The VO and the IVOA: where?

Existing global framework: populated by major data providers (space and ground based) that is heavily used by the community (e.g. Gaia data access is fully VO)



□ The VO and the IVOA: how?

Through the development and adoption of common standards scientifically driven, as an international community effort where astronomers, software engineers and documentarists are involved



□ (Some) identified needs of the multi-messenger community

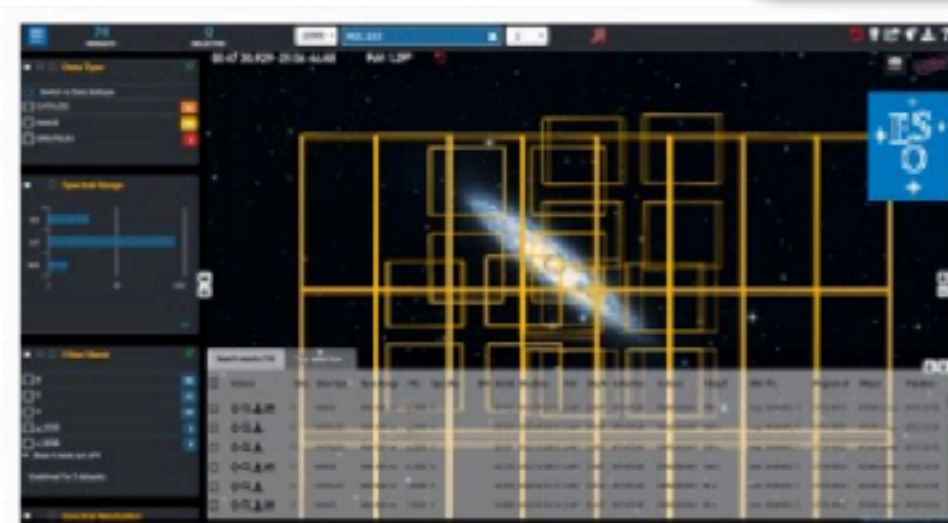
To characterise and classify sources...

- Multi-wavelength / messenger approach is needed
- Follow-up observations and reaction time for that can be crucial
- Coordination & transmission of information
- Visualisation & navigation through the data

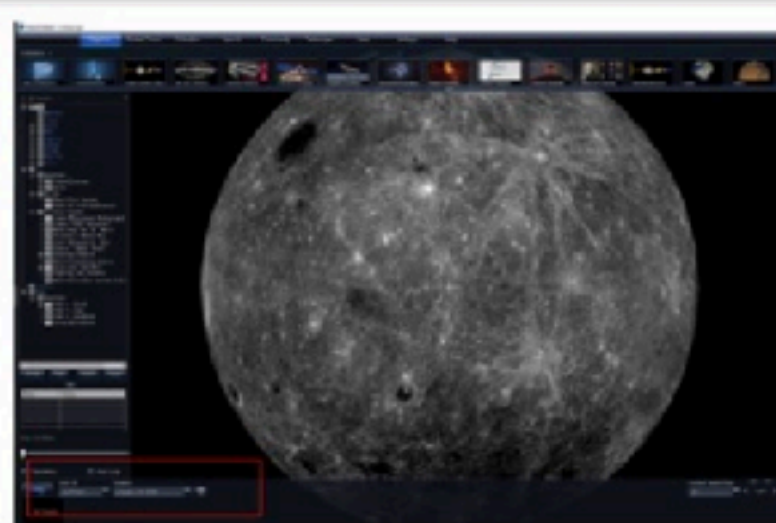
**The IVOA should match
user's needs**

□ How is the IVOA easing user needs?

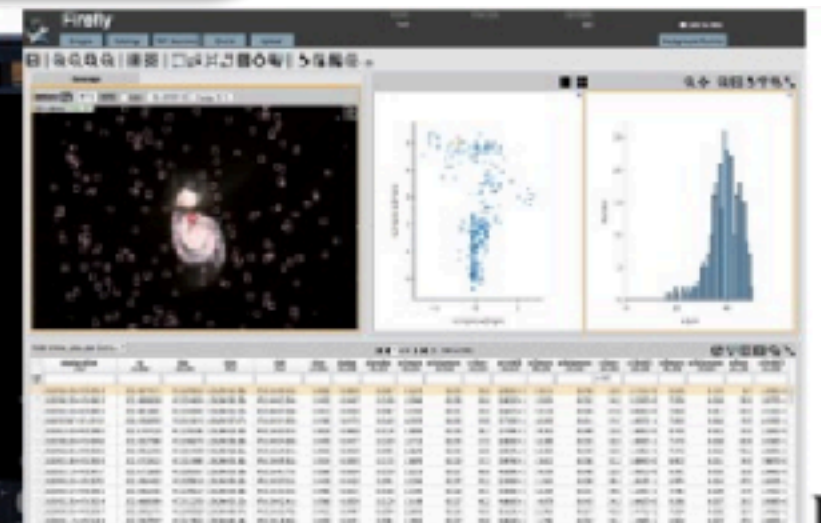
VO embedded in astronomy services



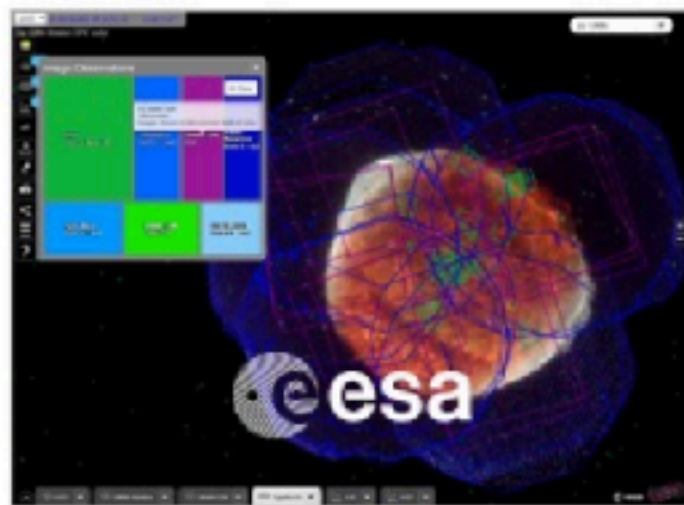
ESO Science Portal



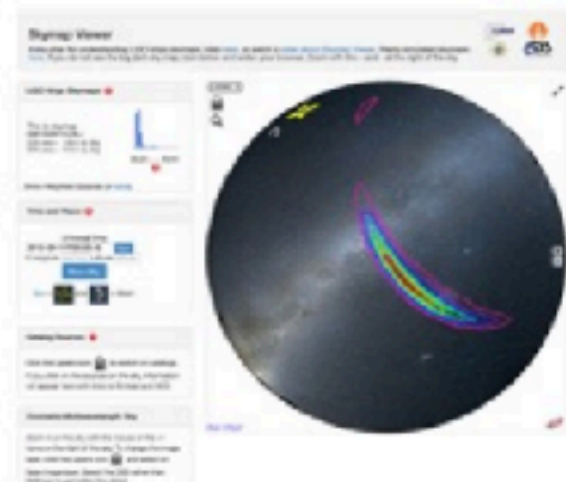
WWT



Firefly
Caltech-IPAC



ESA Sky



Grav. waves



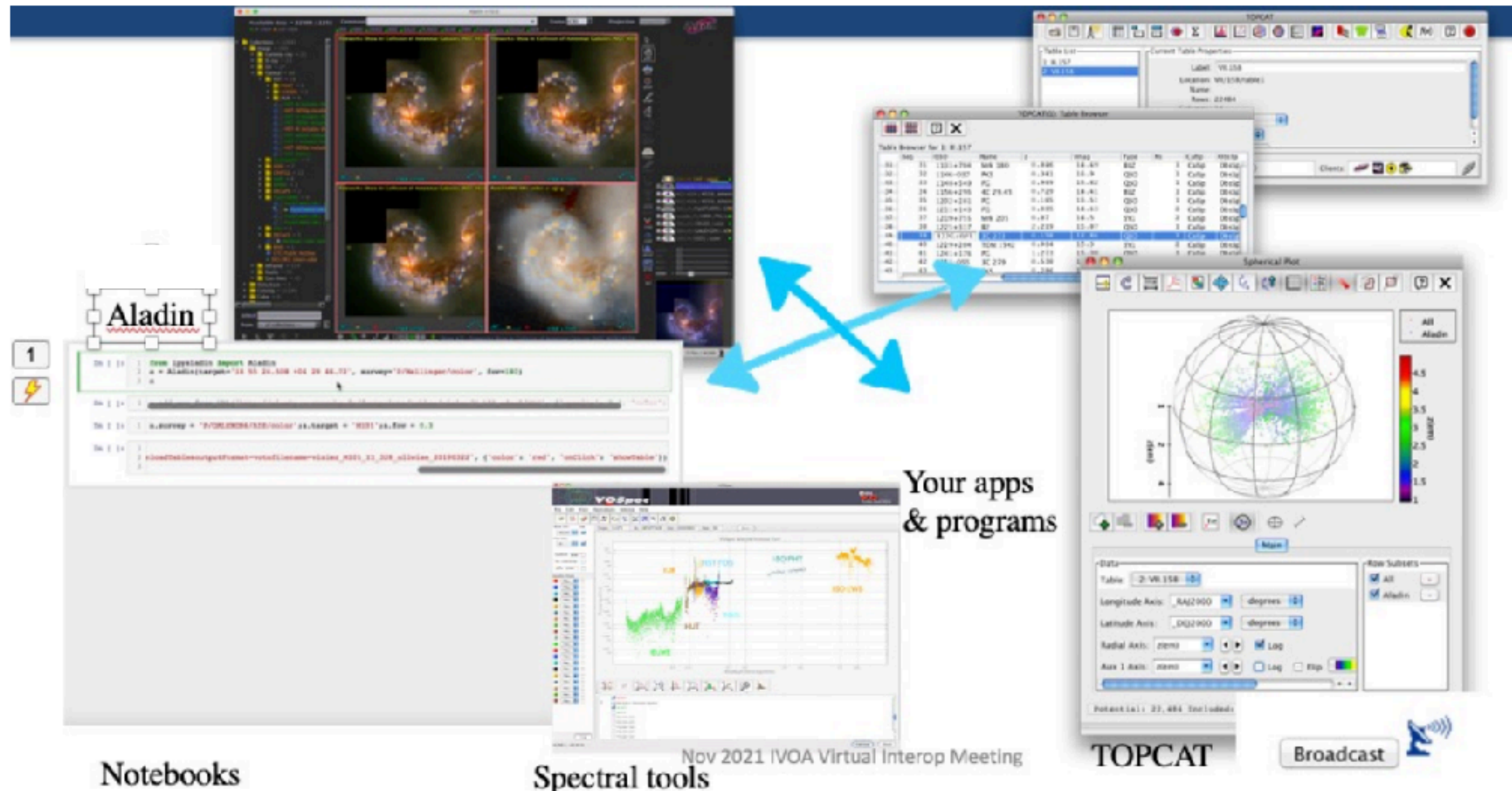
CDS reference data service

SVO Filter Profile service



□ How is the IVOA easing user needs?

Interoperable applications and services



□ How is the IVOA easing user needs?

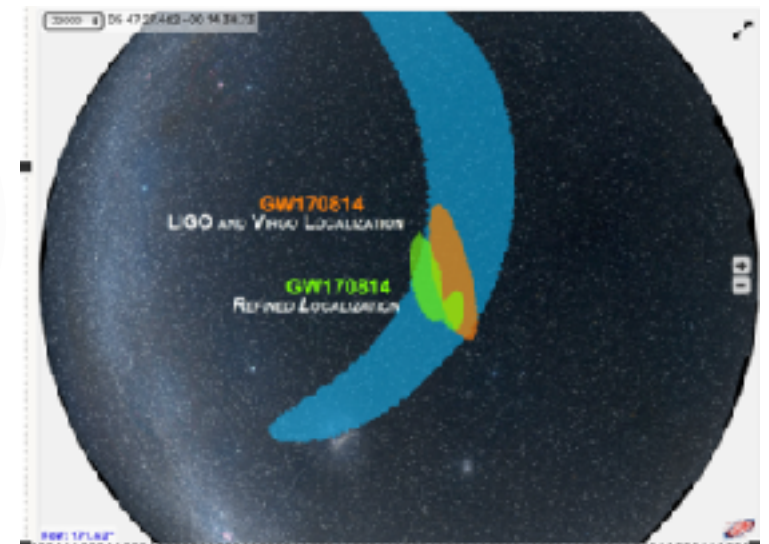
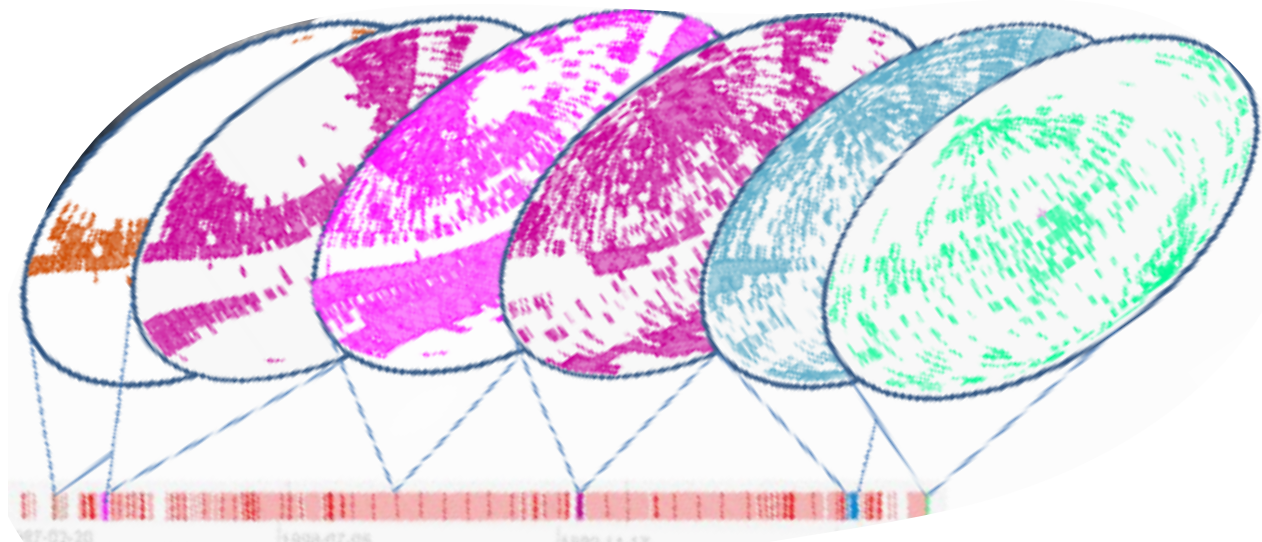
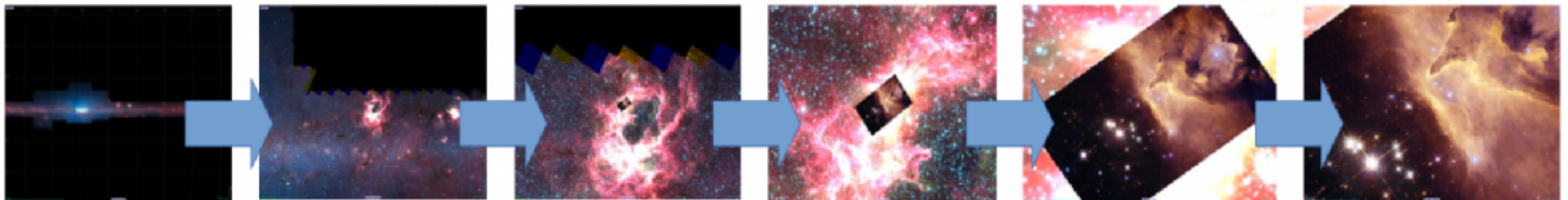
- **Multi-wavelength / messenger approach**
 - Combining data from missions covering different wavelength ranges through data curation
 - Source identification (e.g. Simbad, NED)
 - Cross-matching techniques (e.g. CDS xmatch service)
 - Enabling access to different types of data defining similar language to access data
 - simple things: Cone search
 - complex things: TAP + ADQL, ...

□ How is the IVOA easing user needs?

- **Follow-up observations, and coordination**
 - Transmission of alerts using a common standard format (VOEvent)
 - Planning observations
 - When is this area of the sky visible from this place?
 - Definition of a common standard for object visibility (ObjVisSAP)
 - Coordination of observations:
 - What area of the sky is planned to be observed, when and at which wavelength?
 - Definition of a common standard for observatories to share that type of information (ObsLocTAP)

□ How is the IVOA easing user needs?

- **Visualisation & navigation through the data**
 - Fast access and navigation through large images and catalogs is possible using a hierarchical way HiPS, MOC (see G. Greco et al. 2022)
 - MOC allows us to e.g. find the intersection in space and in time of different surveys (existing or planned) and filter catalogs by the area of interest (<https://cds-astro.github.io/mocpy/>)
 - Send / receive (share) data among services & tools with SAMP



□ What are the challenges of the IVOA

Some challenges

- New projects coming up
- PB scale missions coming up
- Support science platforms with analysis close to data
- Support new data-types driven by growth in size and complexity of data sets

The IVOA needs the community to participate!

Do you want to publish your data into the VO?

Starting point: <https://wiki.ivoa.net/twiki/bin/view/IVOA/PublishingInTheVO>

email: ada.nebot@astro.unistra.fr

□ To summarise...

- Interoperability is possible thanks to the definition and / or adoption of standards which set the common language and technology between **services and tools**.
- To improve involvement of different communities in the discussion, development and improvements of the standards we need to support meetings (like this one) between **technical and scientific community** to tackle specific questions
 - ➡ **Projects & missions involvement**
- Training schools for interoperability aimed at early career scientists
 - ➡ Having feedback sessions to report and collect requirements
- **Share with others at international level through the IVOA channels**
 - Networking during the IVOA interoperability meetings — meetings 2/yr
 - IVOA email — <http://ivoa.net/members/index> to register
 - GitHub <https://github.com/ivoa-std>