

Phobos: an open-source scalable object store with tape libraries support

Patrice LUCAS, patrice.lucas@cea.fr

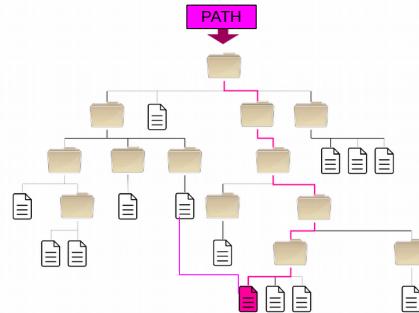
Next scale of mass storage

- Exaflopic supercomputers in the 2020's
- Huge amounts of data to ingest: petabytes per day
- Huge amounts of data to store: exabytes

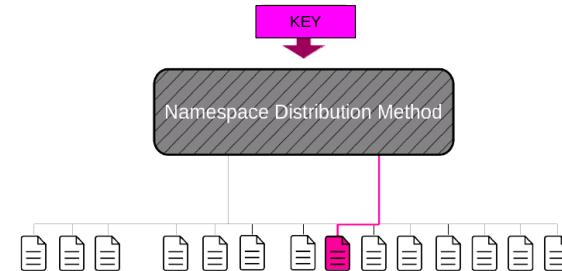


	Today	Tomorrow
Daily production	Hundreds of TB	Petabytes
Storage system capacity	Hundreds of PB	Exabytes

Suppressing POSIX filesystem's bottlenecks



*Addressing entries
in a POSIX file system*



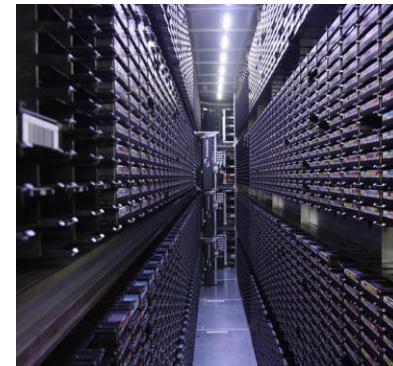
*Addressing entries
in an object-store*

- Object stores have proved their scalability
- Widely adopted for Internet services, Cloud computing, social networks...



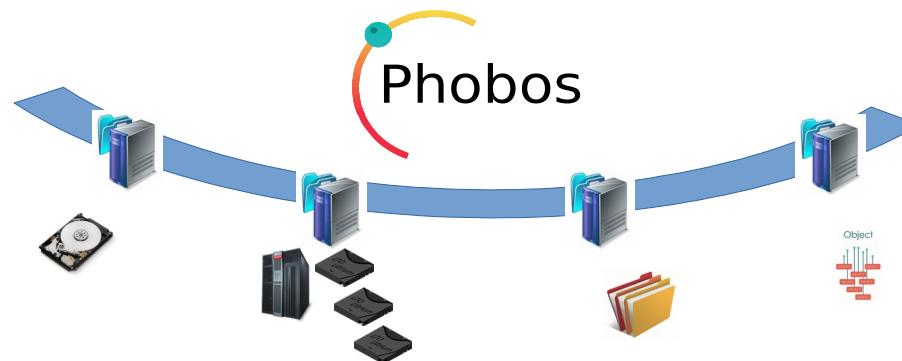
Needs for extremely scalable storage systems at a reasonable price

- Object store: horizontal scalability
- Tape library: safe long-term storage at low cost



Phobos: Parallel Heterogeneous Object Store

- Goal : manage a distributed set of storage resources on different storage media technologies
 - Hard drives, magnetic tapes, file servers, object stores...
 - Optimized I/O for each storage technology
 - E.g. minimize mounts and data sync for tapes



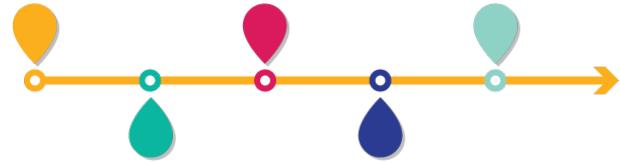
Design guidelines

- Scalability and fault-tolerance
- Based on open formats, open protocols, interoperable
 - E.g. LTFS as tape filesystem (ISO/IEC 20919:2016)
- Simple and common interfaces (REST, object stores API)
- Simple administration (intuitive, admin-friendly CLI)
- Light, easy to deploy, easy to maintain
 - As of today: 14k lines of C, 2.5k lines of Python

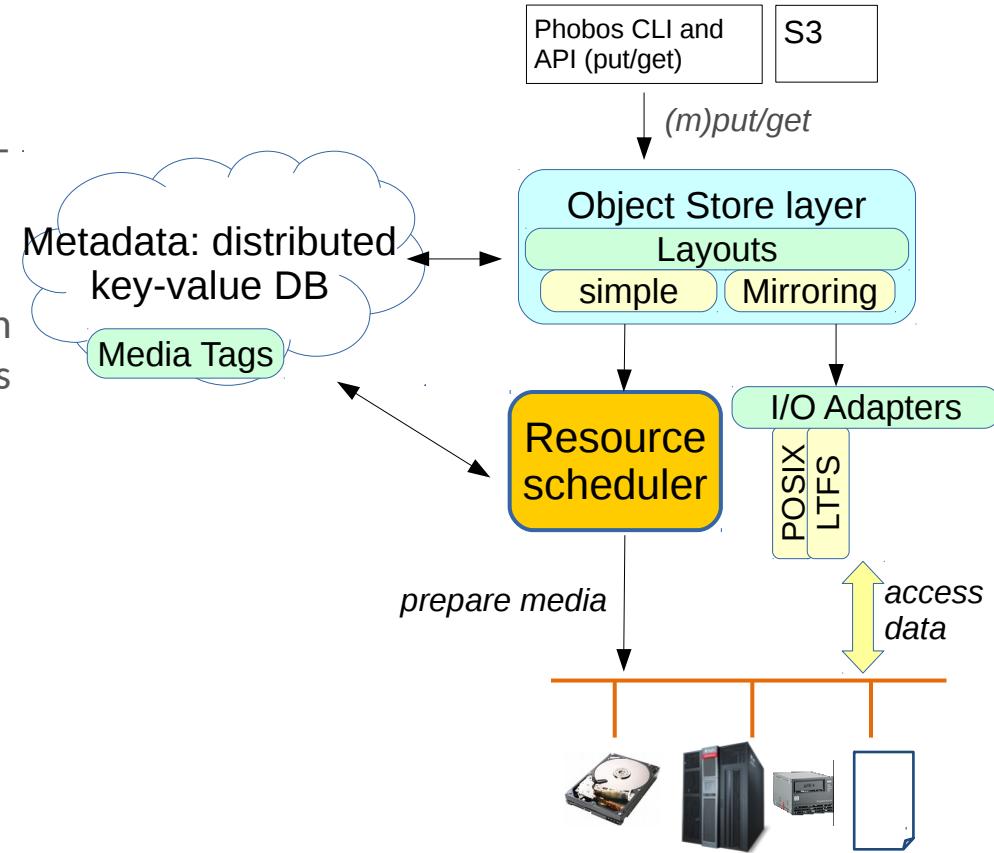


History of the project

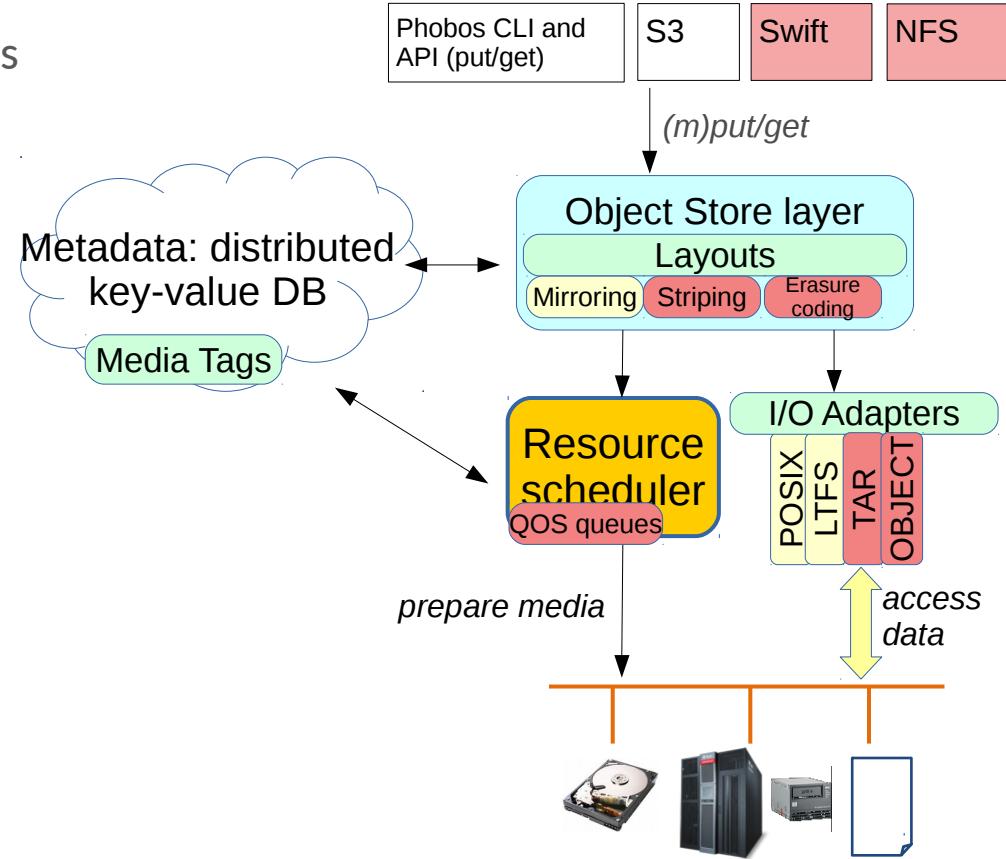
- 2013: first ideas
- 2014-2015: development of the initial version
Scope:
 - Storage on tape, or in a filesystem
 - SCSI-controlled tape library and LTO drives
 - Single server
- 2016: Phobos v1.0 in production
 - Multi-Petabyte storage of genomics data
 - IBM TS3500 library, LTO5/6 drives
- 2019: Phobos made available on github as open-source (LGPL v2.1)
- 2020-2021: Working on the distributed version (v2.0)

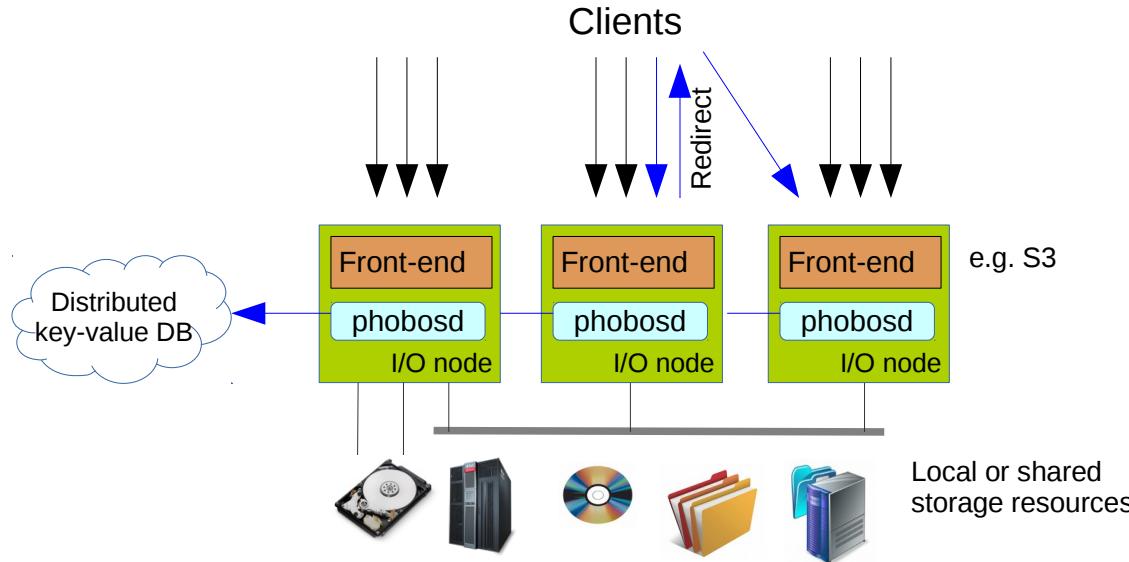


- **IO adapters:** multiple storage technologies (Posix, LTFS)
- **Layout plugins:** performance and fault-tolerance
- **Tags:** storage partitioning
- **Resource scheduling:** optimizes stream to tape drives, minimizes tapes mounts
- **Front-ends:** native API and S3
- Object versioning, undelete feature...
- **Key-value metadata schema:**
 - DB schema is NoSQL-ready
 - Currently uses PostgreSQL: can be parallelized thanks to sharding features
 - Saved within objects on media (recovery, tape import)



- Providing Swift and NFS connectors
- New layouts: striping, erasure-coding
- New IO adapters: NVMe, Object stores
- Media life cycle management: smart tape repacking policies, automatic migration between storage technologies
- Optimizing resource scheduler policies: prioritizing and grouping I/Os





- Synchronization in the distributed mode:
 - Through the distributed key-value DB (object location, resource reservation...)
 - Redirection of client requests to the preferred I/O node (max 1 hop)

- Version number
 - phobos put --overwrite file existing_oid
 - Phobos object list --deprecated
- Generation number (UUID in addition of OID)
 - phobos delete existing_oid ; phobos put file existing_oid
 - phobos delete existing_oid ; phobos undelete deprecated_oid
- Getting deprecated object
 - phobos get --uuid aabbccdd --version 2 obj0123 /tmp/obj0123.back

Setting up a tape storage in a couple of commands

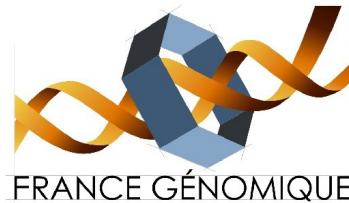
```
phobos drive add --unlock /dev/st1
```

```
phobos tape add -t lto6 [073200-073222]L6
```

```
phobos tape format --unlock [073200-073222]L6
```

That's done! Your system is ready for I/Os.

Example of deployments



DNA sequencers



Phobos

- IBM TS3500 tape library (SCSI)
- LTO6 and LTO8 drives

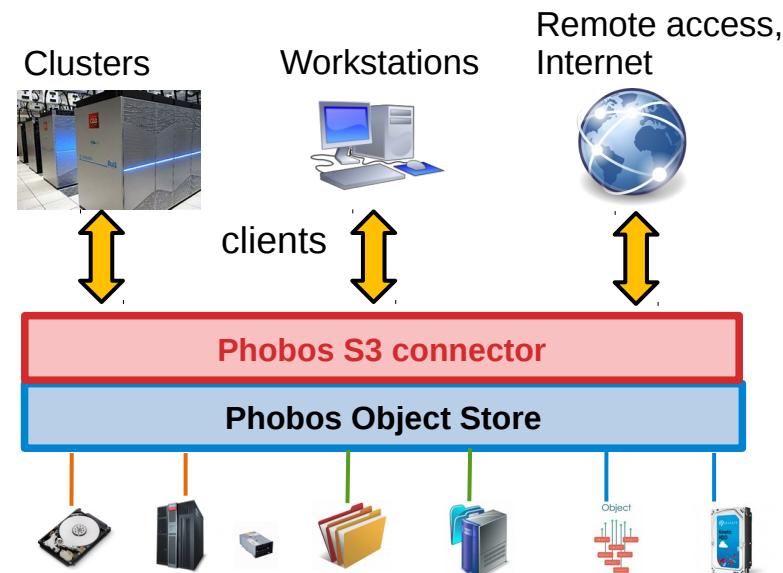


HPC data clusters



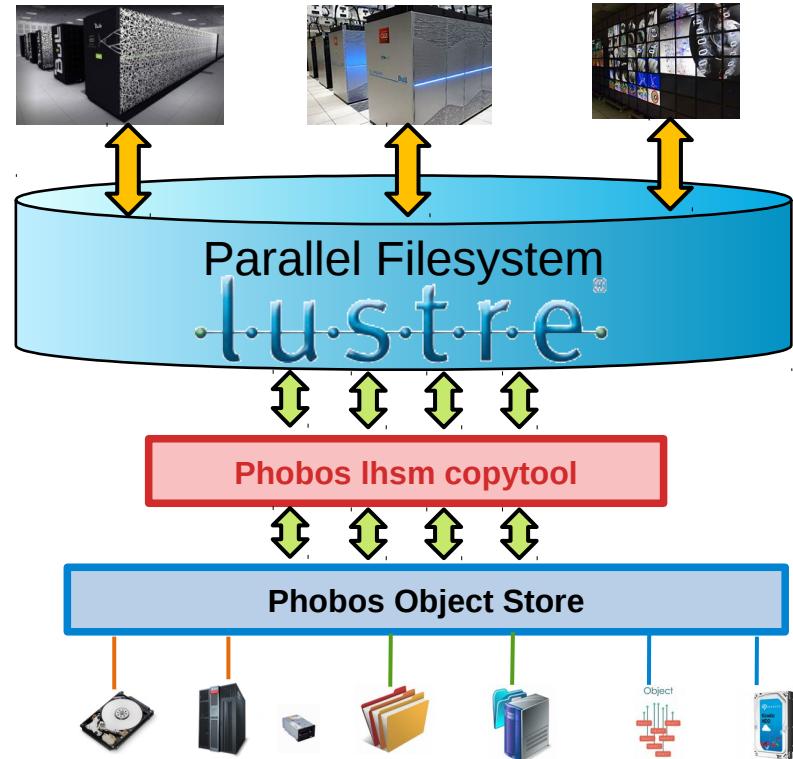
Object store with an S3 interface

- S3 interface exposed to end-users
- Phobos: high-performance, scalable storage
 - Can manage a wide variety of capacitive storage, including tape libraries
 - Provides an easy/uniform management of these storages



Lustre HSM backend

- Lustre: filesystem user front-end
- Phobos as capacitive backend (hierarchical storage)



- Collaboration with DDN and ICHEC:
 - Implementing a S3 server for Phobos
 - Integrating Phobos as Lustre-HSM backend
 - Contributions to the core of Phobos
- Collaboration with Atos, ECMWF, ICHEC, Seagate, Univ. of Mainz
 - In the framework of the EuroHPC project “IO-SEA”
 - Building a storage software stack for Exascale systems
 - Phobos used as the long-term storage component
 - New developments: scalability enhancements, erasure coding, media lifecycle management, administrative interface, LTFS tape import, smart tape request reordering, front-ends (Swift, POSIX)...



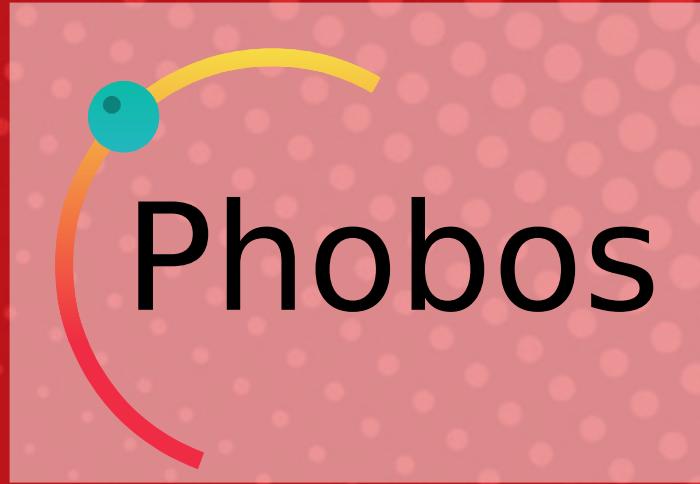
Summary

- Tape object storage at scale (and more)
- Phobos is open-source, available on github:
<https://github.com/cea-hpc/phobos>
- Contributions are welcome, as well as testers!





DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



<https://github.com/cea-hpc/phobos>

Thank you for your attention!