

Gravitational Wave Echo of Relaxion Trapping

Abhishek Banerjee, E.M., Gilad Perez, Wolfram Ratzinger and Pedro Schwaller
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Eric Madge

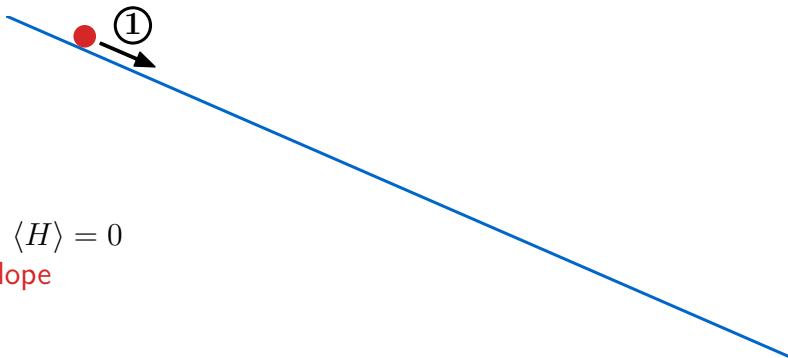
Weizmann Institute of Science

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Relaxion (during inflation)

[Graham, Kaplan, Rajendran (2015)]

$$V(H, \phi) = \underbrace{(\Lambda^2 - g\Lambda\phi)}_{\mu_H^2(\phi)} |H|^2 + \lambda |H|^4 - cg\Lambda^3\phi - \Lambda_{\text{br}}^4 \frac{|H|^2}{v_H^2} \cos \frac{\phi}{f_\phi}$$

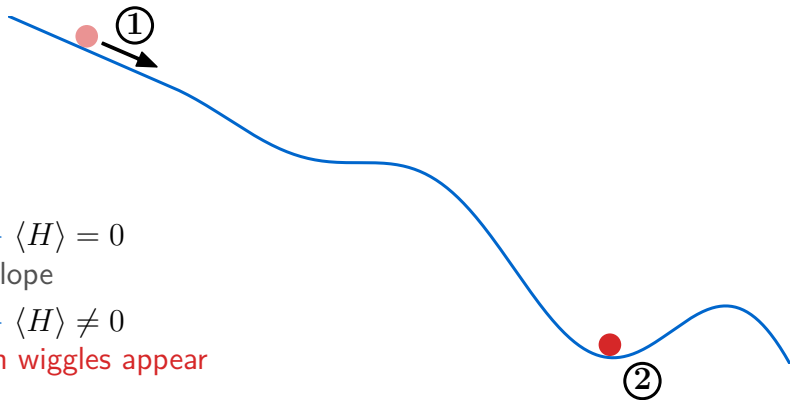


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only linear slope

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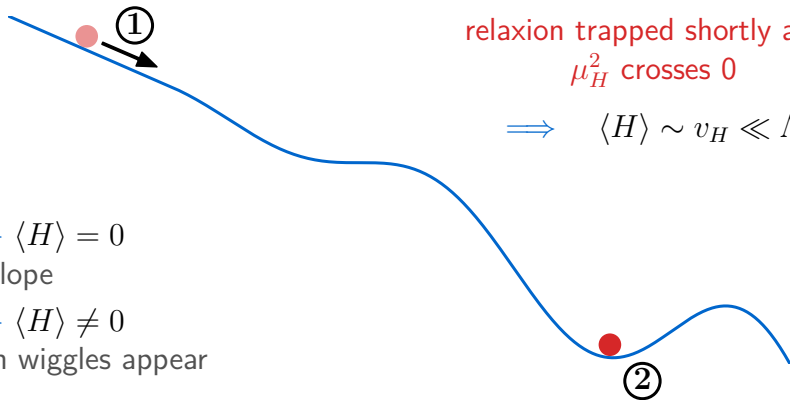
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backreaction wiggles appear

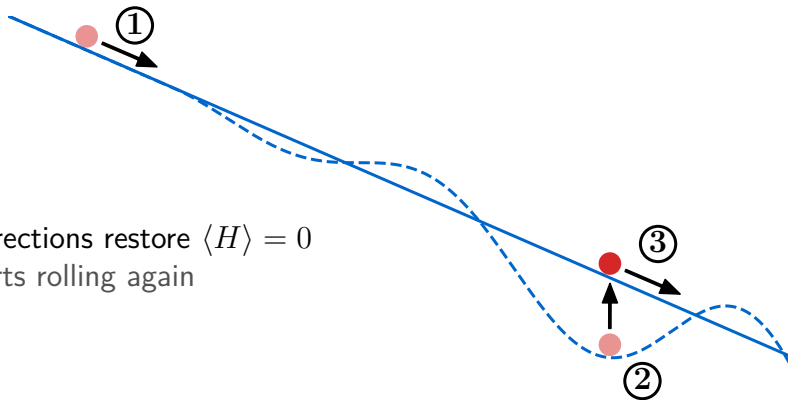
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relaxion starts rolling again

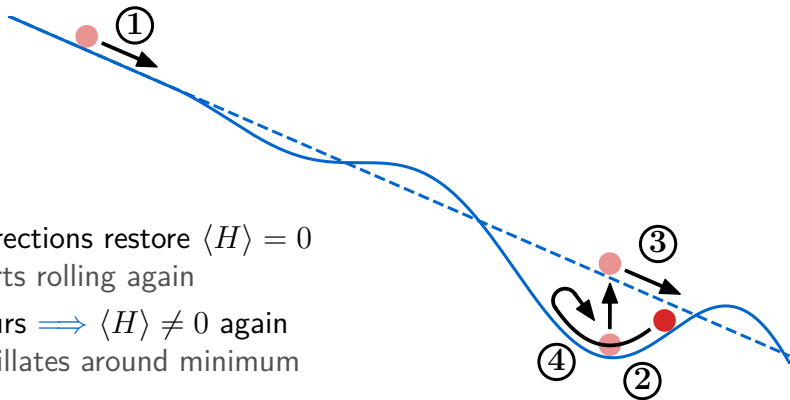


Relaxion (after reheating)

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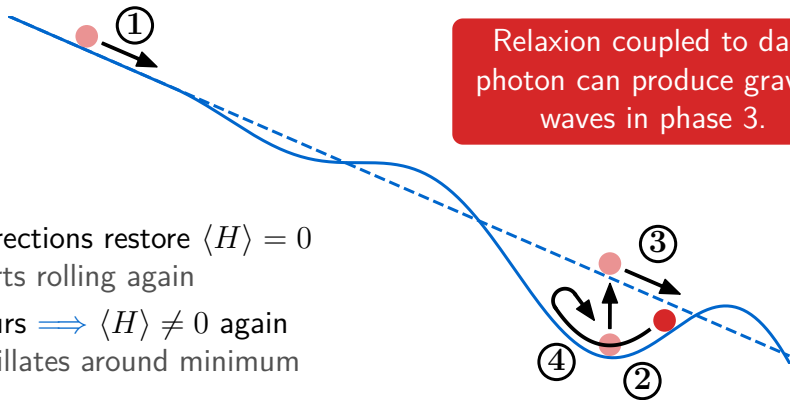
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Relaxion coupled to dark photon can produce gravity waves in phase 3.

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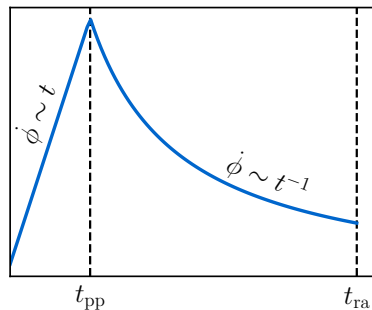
Relaxion and dark photon evolution

- relaxion coupled to dark photon X : $\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{r_X}{4} \frac{\phi}{f_\phi} X_{\mu\nu} \tilde{X}^{\mu\nu}$

$$\Rightarrow \ddot{\phi} + 3H\dot{\phi} - \frac{\Lambda_{\text{br}}^4}{f_\phi} + \frac{r_X}{f_\phi} \frac{\langle \tilde{X}_{\mu\nu} X^{\mu\nu} \rangle}{4a^4} = 0$$

- relaxion reaches terminal velocity when $\frac{r_X}{4a^4} \langle \tilde{X} X \rangle \sim \Lambda_{\text{br}}^4$:

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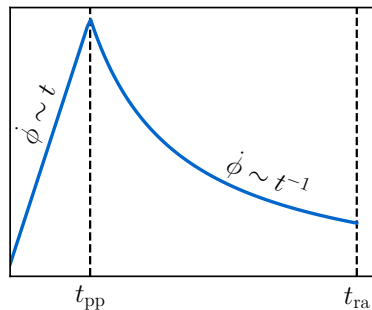
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$$X_\lambda''(\tau, k) + \left(k^2 - \lambda k \frac{r_X \phi'(\tau)}{f_\phi} \right) X_\lambda(\tau, k) = 0$$



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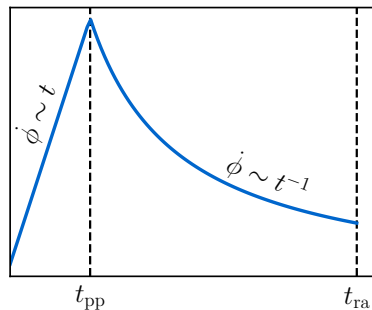
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- anisotropic stress** in dark photon energy-momentum tensor sources GWs

\Rightarrow stochastic GW background

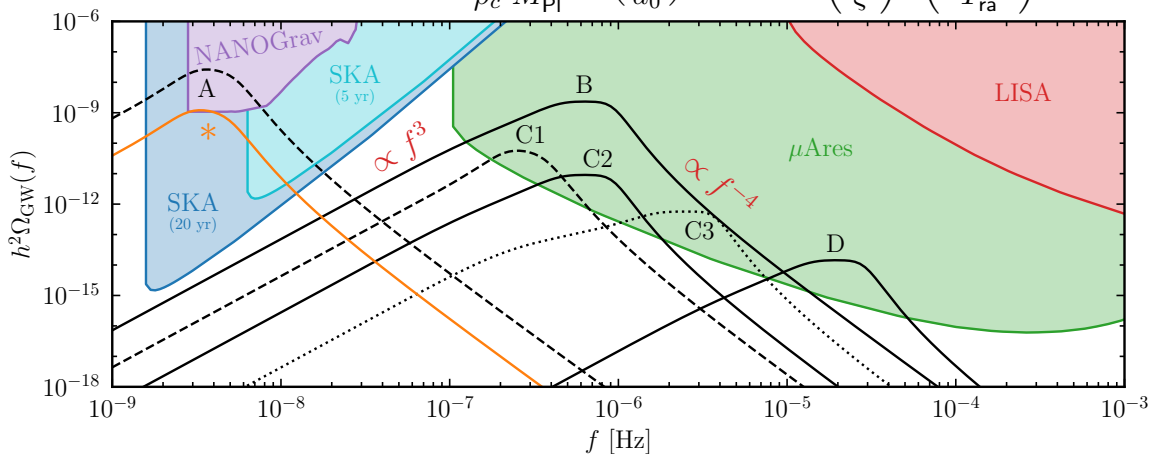


Gravitational wave spectra

- peak frequency: $f_{\text{peak}} \sim 2 \frac{k_{\text{peak}}^X}{a} \sim \frac{a_{\text{ra}}}{a_0} \xi H_{\text{ra}} \sim 1 \mu\text{Hz} \left(\frac{\xi}{25} \right) \left(\frac{T_{\text{ra}}}{1 \text{ GeV}} \right)$
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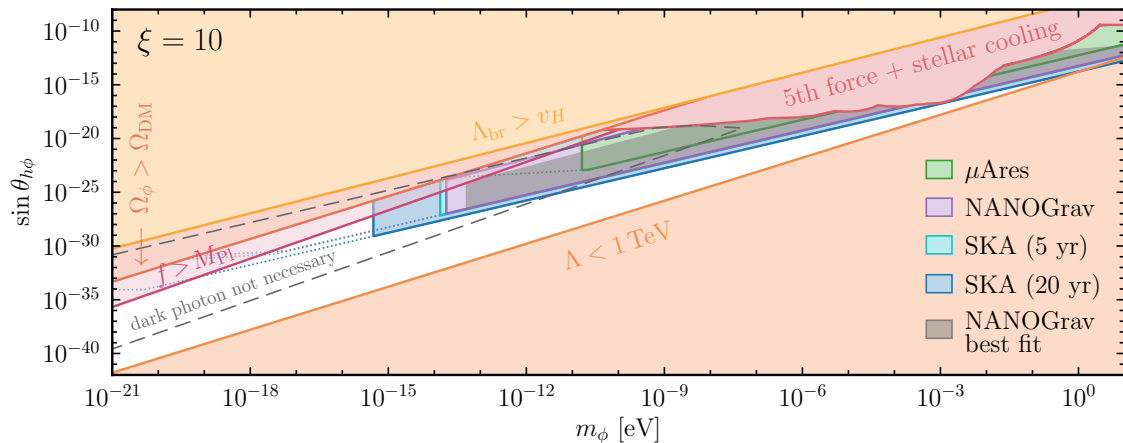
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Parameter space

$$f_{\text{peak}} \propto \xi T_{\text{ra}} \quad h^2 \Omega_{\text{GW}}^{\text{peak}} \propto \xi^{-2} m_{\phi}^{-12} (\sin \theta_{h\phi})^{12} \Lambda^{-8} T_{\text{ra}}^{-8}$$



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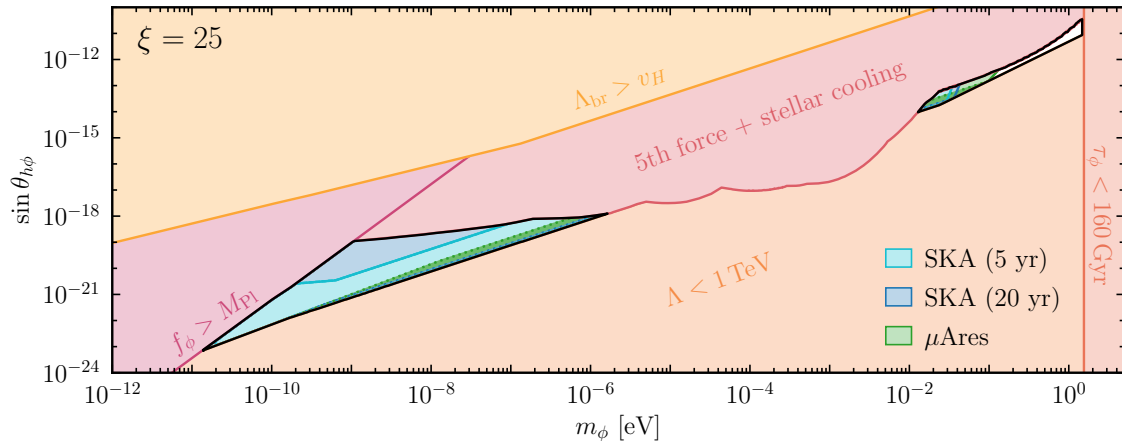
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Relaxion dark matter

displaced relaxion oscillates \implies ultra-light dark matter

[Banerjee, Kim, Perez (2018)]



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- SKA will be able to probe a part of the relaxion dark matter parameter space
- large portion of the parameter space will be accessible to μHz observatories such as μAres
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Thank you for your attention!