# Rivet analysis preservation *What, why and how?*

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On behalf of the Rivet development team

With major thanks to A. Buckley and C. Bierlich whose content has been heavily relied up for this talk

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### Who am I?

- I'm Louie, a Research Fellow at CERN, working on the ATLAS experiment
- Have been part of the Rivet collaboration since 2017, my contributions have mainly been in the storage and portability of auxiliary analysis information, such as correlation of uncertainties across bins
- Disclaimer: I am NOT a heavy-ion expert, but I will still be able to give you an overview of Rivet, and point you existing HI plugins and further information
- Fear not: if I can't answer your question, I can point you in the direction of someone who can !



- The Rivet toolkit and project
- Origins and generic analysis preservation
- Early applications: tuning
- Retooling for precision at the LHC
- Rivet for heavy ions
- The future of Rivet
- Wrapping up... and writing your own Rivet Analysis





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### What is Rivet?

- The "LHC standard" monte carlo analysis toolkit
- More broadly, Rivet can be thought of as a language facilitating communication between:
  - 1. experiment & pheno.
  - 2. pheno & pheno.
  - 3. experiment & experiment.
  - 4. experiment & future experiment.
- As any language, the point is to ensure common definitions





# Concretely, What is Rivet?

- A software project to preserve the logic of HEP data analyses and further expt-pheno collaboration
- Containing:
  - An event loop
  - Physics object / observable calculators
  - Fiducial / generator-independence emphasis
  - Integration with HepData
  - Transparent weight-stream handling
  - 1000+ analyses!
- Rivet now sits at the centre of a web of analysis reinterpretation tools, linking experiment to theory





# Monte Carlo Event Generators (MCEGs)

- MC generation is where theory meets experiment
  - The fundamental *pp (etc.)* collision, *sans* detector
- Components of an "exclusive" event-generator chain:
  - QFT matrix element sampling at fixed order in QCD etc.
  - *Dressed* with approximate collinear splitting functions, iterated in factorised Markov-chain "parton showers"
  - Parton evolution terminated at Q ~ 1 GeV:
     phenomenological hadronisation modelling
  - Mixed with multiple partonic interaction modelling
  - Finally particle decays, and other niceties

#### Modern HEP is hostage to MCEGs !

- The main mechanism for translating theory to experimental signatures, from QCD to BSM
- Generally very complex modelling and output





#### Just part of an LO top event!



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#### **Future Physics at HERA**

#### Workshop, DESY Hamburg, Sept. 95 to Sept. 96

### From HZTool to Rivet

- The idea of preserving experimental analyses for MC validation was born out of HZTOOL (1990s)
  - HERA (H1 and ZEUS) DIS and Photoproduction
  - Probing low-x, semi-perturbative physics:
     DIS with Q<sup>2</sup> ~ 4 GeV<sup>2</sup>; jet p<sub>T</sub> ~ 5 GeV; diffraction
  - Many "state of the art" models only in MCs
  - Much confusion about comparing like-with-like between generators, experiments, and analyses
    - Hard to find apples-to-apples comparisons!
  - HZTool (Fortran) for cross-experiment comparisons of similar measurements modulo cut differences
- Direct line to Rivet, 10 years later: "HZ mark two"
  - UK e-science funding; adopted by EU MCnet network

Proceedings of	of the Workshop
Old home page an	d workshop meetings
Working Groups:	
Structure Functions	
Flectroweak Physics	
<ul> <li>Beyond the Standard Model</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Heavy Quark Production and Decay</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Jets and High E<sub>T</sub> Phenomena</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Diffractive Hard Scattering</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Polarized Protons and Electrons</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Light and Heavy Nuclei in HERA</li> <li>HERA Upgrades and Impacts on Experiments</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>HERA OPPRING INCOMPANY OF EXPERIMENTS</li> </ul>	
A Organizing Committee:	Secretary:
Ul J Gunnar Ingelman, Uppsala/DESY (Chairman)	Ms. H. Haartel
Albert De Roeck, DESY	DESY-FH1K
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- Advisor	Committee:
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	den Brand, A.Wagner



Figure 1: The transverse momenta  $dN/dp_T$  (a) and the 'scagull' plot  $(P_T^2) \times x_F$  (b) of single particles in the positive hemisphere of the hadronic center of mass. The transverse energy flow  $dE_T/dn$  in a low (c) and high (d) x and  $Q^2$  bin. The transverse energy-energy correlations for  $x > 10^{-3}$  (e) and  $x < 10^{-3}$  (f).

### Lessons learned from HZTool

- A simple/obvious idea, with surprising impact
  - Reproducing a key plot (or not) is powerful
  - ⇒ understand physics, communicate issues, improve MCs
  - A common language for pheno and experiment

#### - But...

- Model dependent observables are bad for MCEG. Might also be unphysical !| eg use of partons, bosons, etc. direct from the event graph
- Frequently unphysical, depend on approximations. May not even exist!
- HZTool full of cryptic "if HERWIG, if PYTHIA, if ..." code
- Adding a new generator meant patching ~all analyses!
- $\Rightarrow$  predict "real" observables, from well-defined final states

aka Observables should really be observable!

- Standardisation: boring but important
  - (physical) event format conventions, statuses, PDG particle numbering, etc.
- Scalability
  - Lots of expensive operations are repeated: sharing calculations is essential



# Physically safe analysis methods

Avoiding unstandardised event-graph features was pragmatic, but led to some genuine physical insights:

- refining the "fiducial" idea, defining unfolding targets
- Hadronisation as a "decoherence barrier" use the natural dividing line between the quantum-interfering hard process & semi-classical decays: ~ no tempting partons!
- Bringing truth tagging closer to reco
   first releases used b-ancestry of jet constituents to set HF labels: too
   inclusive! ⇒ associate the hard-fragmenting, weakly-decaying B
- Promptness/directness tests
   don't identify a particle "from the hard process"; do it backward.
   Label as *indirect* via recursive checks for hadron parentage
- Dressed leptons

we now primarily *dress* truth leptons with their photon halo



# **Designing the Rivet**

- Ease of use
  - Big emphasis on "more physics, less noise"!
  - Minimal boilerplate analysis code, HepData sync
  - Event loop and histogramming basically familiar
  - Tools to avoid having to touch the raw event graph
  - Dependencies:
    - yoda (histograms),
    - HepMC (event format),
    - FastJet (jets and event shapes)
    - No generator dependencies
- Embeddable
  - OO C++ library, Python wrapper, sane user scripts
  - Generator independence: communication via HepMC
  - Analysis routines factorised, and loaded as "plugins"





# **Designing the Rivet**

- Efficiency and Scalability
  - Avoid recomputations via "projection" caching system
  - Event properties calculated once, should not be calculated again.
  - "Final states" re-usable across many analyses.
  - Very scalable!
  - Division of tasks
    - Common functionality supplied by Rivet,
    - Analyses as pluggable modules by users.
    - Experiments validate analysis correctness,
    - Rivet dev team keeps the code running with updates.
- Physical
  - Measurements primarily from final-state particles only





### The result

#### https://rivet.hepforge.org

- 2010: Rivet v1 for LHC Run 1
- 2019: Rivet v3.1.0 (<u>arXiv:1912.05451</u>)
- Streamlined set of tools from analysis coding to event processing to plotting (and other applications)
- And a key gateway to connect your analysis to theory (and back again)



#### The state we're in

Version 3.1.0 crossed the 1000 analysis mark

A steady flow of analysis submissions, plus the occasional deluge of (mainly hadronisation) routines from Herwig!



- Official support from the LHC experiments is crucial preservation = just part of how we do science; but still some way to go! Coverage monitoring:
  - **"New" features since the v1 vision:** systematics multiweights, "perfect merging", heavy ions, detector smearing functions, analysis options

- Part of publication procedure for ATLAS and CMS
- Many new initiatives and buy-in from ALICE
- Ongoing efforts for RHIC experiments and EIC

• Analysis contributions from NuSea, LHCb, LHCf, TeVatron, UA5, NAXX ... (and many, many more)

• Standard for MCnet event generators, more adding support.

#### What's the benefit for experimentalists?

- Preservation: Store your analysis once, and others will maintain it.
- Reproducibility: What happens when your student graduates?
- Ensure that your results are used.
- Don't leave it to theorists to re-implement your analysis!
- "Do upon others...": Generate MC tunes using other people's work!
- Can I be sure that the framework will live on?
   Yes! Large investment by HEP community and MCEG authors. O(1000) analyses already implemented. Active dev team, open to new improvements: If a feature is needed, we can look into it!

#### What's the benefit for theorists?

- A library of validated measurements to test your models against
  - Does your generator's latest version fix feature X in a spectrum, without breaking feature Y ?
  - Find out in minutes!
- A common testing ground for different models
  - Apples to apples comparisons to other generators
- Boost your model's credentials:
  - Use RIVET as a model-development tool
  - Easy to convince experimentalists to use a new model if you can show that it leads to a clear improvement in data/MC agreement
    - While still agreeing in the rest of the body of experimental data
    - Avoid single-observable models and overfitting

#### What's the coverage ?

#### **Rivet analysis coverage**

Rivet analyses exist for 991/5661 papers = 18%. 189 priority analyses required.

Total number of Inspire papers scanned = 9441, at 2021-05-17

Breakdown by identified experiment (in development):

Кеу	ALICE	ATLAS	CMS	LHCb	Forward	HERA	e <sup>+</sup> e⁻ (≥ 12 GeV)	e <sup>+</sup> e⁻ (≤ 12 GeV)	Tevatron	RHIC	SPS	Other
Rivet wanted (total):	259	320	427	246	16	503	715	536	1131	454	62	1
Rivet REALLY wanted:	36	42	83	8	0	13	1	0	5	1	0	0
Rivet provided:	26/285 = 9%	175/495 = 35%	91/518 = 18%	16/262 = 6%	8/24 = 33%	9/512 = 2%	180/895 = 20%	305/841 = 36%	58/1189 = 5%	8/462 = 2%	4/66 = 6%	112/113 = 99%

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### Event generator tuning

**Event generators all have dirty secrets. Usually** non-perturbative ones... O(30+) parameters

- First systematic hadron collider "tunes" of PYTHIA6 by Rick Field for CDF ~ 2001
  - Tune A, Tune D, Tune DW, etc. etc.
- Limited datasets, variation by hand
  - Rivet and its analyses were a game-\_ changer
  - You only know a model is incapable when \_ you've scanned its whole param space... and then the argument is over
  - The "Professor" tunes, 2008; and...



10

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MC/data

# More tuning...

It's getting hard to remember now, but pre-LHC the soft QCD uncertainties were *huge* 

- Factor x2 uncertainty on 7 TeV  $\sigma_{tot}$ !
- Feed in to underlying event, pile-up, etc.
  - Tuning an essential task: better tunes ⇒
     better analysis designs, better limits, ...
  - Impact: LEP and Tevatron analyses published for ~10 years suddenly got used! And cited...
  - ATLAS AMBT, AUET, AZ, A14 etc. tunes + CMS
  - Rapid responses to preliminary data, changes of model (e.g. Py8 for ATLAS pile-up)
  - Model development: matching & merging, addition of energy evolution & colourreconnection to Herwig, ...



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### Multiweights and re-entry

- MC weight vectors allow expression of increasingly complex theory uncertainties. But a burden for analysis chains: have to propagate and correctly combine O(200) weight streams!
- Rivet 3: complex automatic handling of weights
   ~invisible to users: data objects *look* like histograms etc.
   but are secretly multiplexed
- Can now re-call finalisation to combine runs:
   RAW histogram stage preserves pre-finalize objects
- → "re-entrant" perfect data-object merging
- Key for e.g. *pA/pp or W/Z* ratios, + BSM recasting
- **Data types are important:** glimpses of a fully coherent separation of semantics from presentation



#### Rivet multiweights in action

ATLAS MC studies have been a significant driver of this feature (thanks to Chris Gutschow)



Weight-naming standardisation underway via MCnet

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### Heavy-ion physics preservation

"Adding heavy-ion support" sounds trivial!

\_

- Actually a stern test, with far-reaching impacts.
  - HI observables often require centrality calibration curves: we need a 2-pass run. That wasn't planned
  - And event/event correlations... centrality-binned!



### **Rivet for Heavy Ions**

- Jan 2020 Paper:
  - https://arxiv.org/abs/2001.10737
  - Huge step towards, involving effort from all sides of the community
  - Now an integral part of core Rivet : not a separate tool
  - Still A work in progress! Improvements possible \_
  - *Result: Features to allow comparison between* heavy ion data and MC
- HI MC standards are also in flux: having a common \_ tool enables discussion on common standards

	MCNET-20								
	Confronting Experimental Data with Heavy-Ion Models								
	RIVET for Heavy Ions								
	Christian Bierlich, <sup>1, 2</sup> Andy Buckley, <sup>3</sup> Christian Holm Christensen, <sup>1</sup>								
	Peter Harald Lindenov Christiansen, <sup>4</sup> Cody B. Duncan, <sup>5,6</sup>								
	Jan Fiete Grosse-Oetringhaus, <sup>7</sup> Przemysław Karczmarczyk, <sup>8,7</sup>								
	Patrick Kirchgaeßer, <sup>6</sup> Jochen Klein, <sup>9,7</sup> Leif Lönnblad, <sup>2</sup> Roberto Preghenella, <sup>10</sup>								
	Christine O. Rasmussen, 2 Maria Stefaniak, $^{8.11}$ and Vytautas Vislavicus 1								
arXiv:2001.10737v1 [hep-ph] 29 Jan 2020	<sup>1</sup> Niels Bohr Institute, Blegdamsvej 17, 2100 Copenhagen, Denmark								
an	<sup>2</sup> Dept. of Astronomy and Theoretical Physics,								
9 J	Lund University, Sölvegatan 14A, S-223 62 Lund, Sweden								
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hq-	University of Glasgow, G12 8QQ, Glasgow, UK								
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073	Monash University, Clayton, VIC 3800, Australia								
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arXi	$^7 C\!ERN,\ Esplanade\ de\ Particules\ 1,\ Geneva,\ Switzerland$								
	<sup>8</sup> Faculty of Physics, Warsaw University of Technology,								
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	<sup>10</sup> Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Sezione di Bologna, Italy								
	$^{11}Subatech$ – IMT Atlantique, 4 rue Alfred Kastler, 44307 Nantes, France								
	(Dated: January 30, 2020)								

# Centrality

- Centrality is a key concept in HI physics
- Theory-level definition different to experimental level
- Subtle biases, especially in pA



#### Rivet for HI includes:

- Centrality calibration
- Analysis options to select calibration

#### Flow observables

Rivet for HI includes:

- Generic framework for calculating flow observables, energy correlators and cumulants
- Already analyses using them: eg ALICE 2016 I1419244 and ALICE 2019 I1723697



#### **Triggers and Particle Definitions**

- Getting these right are important, can be ~10% effect, similar to MC accuracy
- Rivet for HI includes ALICE::Trigger and ALICE::PrimaryParticle projections



#### **Run Parallelisation**

- Parallelization is necessary but potentially difficult: flavour ratios, R<sub>AA</sub>, flow...
- Solution: rivet-merge before finalization
- Let analyser implement merging  $\rightarrow$  perfect run combination



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#### The future of Rivet

- Vision: Rivet as a standard for "truth-level" observables, across collider physics
- Not just standalone, but as a library in pheno & experiment frameworks, too: standard MC definitions, seamless systematics handling, etc.
- At its core: a physics-oriented system for physicists to compare MC predictions to one another and to data, on many simultaneous observables, in myriad ways We don't know all the use-cases yet!
- Challenges:
  - Extension of HepData and other community infrastructure for ever more precise data.
     Even our compressed data format is struggling with the volume of analyses and data.
     Work needed on multiweight-oriented data format and tools
  - Improved, modernised visualisation and exploration
  - Connections to global fitting tools
  - Preserving MVAs: BDT and NN in vanilla C++

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#### Wrapping up... and Getting your hands dirty!

I hope I've convinced you that lightweight analysis preservation isn't just some niche interest or admin overreach

An analysis that's immediately available to the pheno community is 10x more useful  $\Rightarrow$ 

payback! In the past, key analyses were ignored due to the barrier to entry

As either a "user" or analysis author, the barrier is lower than ever: we recommend using our Docker images to get started: Tutorials available from the <u>Rivet website</u>, a walkthrough in the <u>R3 paper</u>

Imitation is the highest form of flattery: copy an existing analysis!

<u>https://gitlab.com/hepcedar/rivet/-/tree/release-3-1-x/analyses/pluginALICE</u> <u>https://gitlab.com/hepcedar/rivet/-/tree/release-3-1-x/analyses/pluginRHIC</u> <u>https://gitlab.com/hepcedar/rivet/-/tree/release-3-1-x/analyses/pluginHERA</u> ... etc :) ALICE: Centrality evolution of the charged-particle pseudorapidity density over a broad pseudorapidity range in Pb-Pb collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{\rm NN}} = 2.76$  TeV

Inspire: 1394676 + arXiv: 1509.07299 + DOI/journal: 10.1016/j.physletb.2015.12.082 + CDS: 2052525 + HepData: ins1394676 + Report IDs: CERN-PH-EP-2015-257, ALICE-PUBLIC-2015-010

ALICE\_2016\_11394676

#### H1: Diffractive Dijet Production with a Leading Proton in ep Collisions at HERA

Inspire: 1343110 · arXiv: 1502.01683 · DOI/journal: 10.1007/JHEP05(2015)056 · CDS: 1987204 HepData: ins1343110 · Report IDs: DESY-14-242

H1 2015 I1343110

#### ALICE: Enhanced production of multi-strange hadrons in high-multiplicity proton-proton collisions

Inspire: 1471838 · arXiv: 1606.07424 · DOI/journal: 10.1038/nphys4111 · CDS: 2189682 HepData: ins1471838 · Report IDs: CERN-EP-2016-153

ALICE\_2016\_11471838

STAR: Bulk Properties of the Medium Produced in Relativistic Heavy-Ion Collisions from the Beam Energy Scan Program Inspire: 1510593 · arXiv: 1701.07065 · DOI/journal: 10.1103/PhysRevC.96.044904 · HepData: ins1510593 STAR\_2017\_11510593

#### The first of many! Thank you for your attention

#### ZEUS: Diffractive photoproduction of dijets in ep collisions at HERA

Inspire: 763404 · arXiv: 0710.1498 · DOI/journal: 10.1140/epjc/s10052-008-0598-2 · HepData: ins763404 · Report IDs: DESY-07-161

ZEUS\_2008\_1763404

#### STAR: Beam Energy Dependence of the Third Harmonic of Azimuthal Correlations in Au+Au Collisions at RHIC

Inspire: 1414638 · arXiv: 1601.01999 · DOI/journal: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.116.112302 · HepData: ins1414638

STAR\_2016\_I1414638

STAR: Measurement of the central exclusive production of charged particle pairs in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s}=200~{\rm GeV}$  with the STAR detector at RHIC

Inspire: 1792394 · arXiv: 2004.11078 · DOI/journal: 10.1007/JHEP07(2020)178 · HepData: ins1792394

STAR\_2020\_11792394

H1: Tests of QCD factorisation in the diffractive production of dijets in deep-inelastic scattering and photoproduction at HERA

Inspire: 746380 · arXiv: hep-ex/0703022 · DOI/journal: 10.1140/epjc/s10052-007-0325-4 · CDS: 1023604 · HepData: ins746380 · Report IDs: DESY-07-018

H1 2007 I746380

ALICE: Investigations of Anisotropic Flow Using Multiparticle Azimuthal Correlations in pp, p-Pb, Xe-Xe, and Pb-Pb Collisions at the LHC

Inspire: 1723697 · arXiv: 1903.01790 · DOI/journal: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.123.142301 · CDS: 2661740 HepData: ins1723697 · Report IDs: CERN-EP-2019-033

ALICE\_2019\_11723697

#### https://rivet.hepforge.org/rivet-coverage