SMEFT: The *new* Standard Model Veronica Sanz (Sussex & Valencia)

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University of Sussex



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> BTW, I suggest you inflict this pain yourself: read some nice reviews & do some chi2 fit Masso ('17), Brivio&Trott ('19)

Setting up the scene

Why do we need a new SM?

Particle Physics: today's pulse

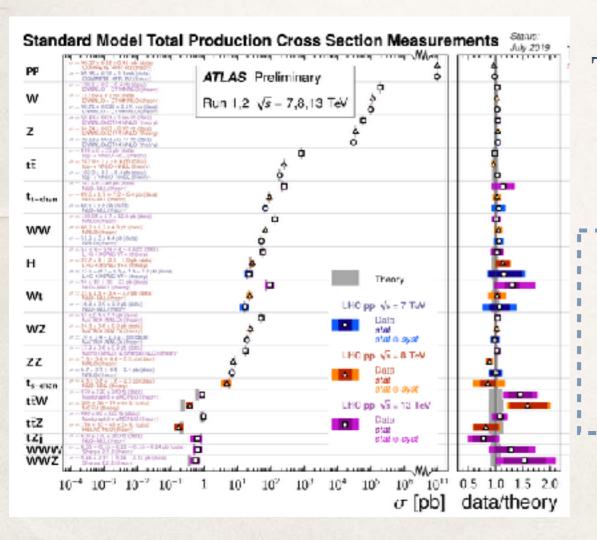
Super-excited about new experimental probes *new* LHC upgrades, *new* gravitational wave signals, *new* direct detection experiments, *new* experiments looking for XYZ new physics, *new* astrophysical probes *new Opportunities*

Particle Physics: today's pulse

Super-excited about new experimental probes *new* LHC upgrades, *new* gravitational wave signals, *new* direct detection experiments, *new* experiments looking for XYZ new physics, *new* astrophysical probes *new Opportunities* Utterly baffled by the lack of discoveries 'et tu, Naturalness?' and with a deep theory-fatigue 'A new theory? Bah, humbug! surely a rehash of one of Georgi's old ideas, or a Frankenstein model with complex structure > problems '

(PERSONAL) STATEMENTS x10 for illustration purposes

The LHC is our best probe to microscopic physics: controlled and well-understood environment programme already at the precision stage yet what we have seen so far is (from a BSM perspective) *nothing to write home about*

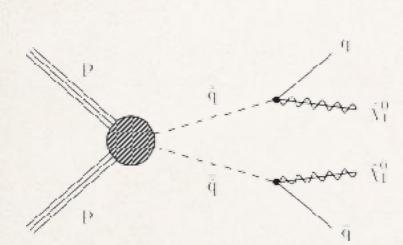


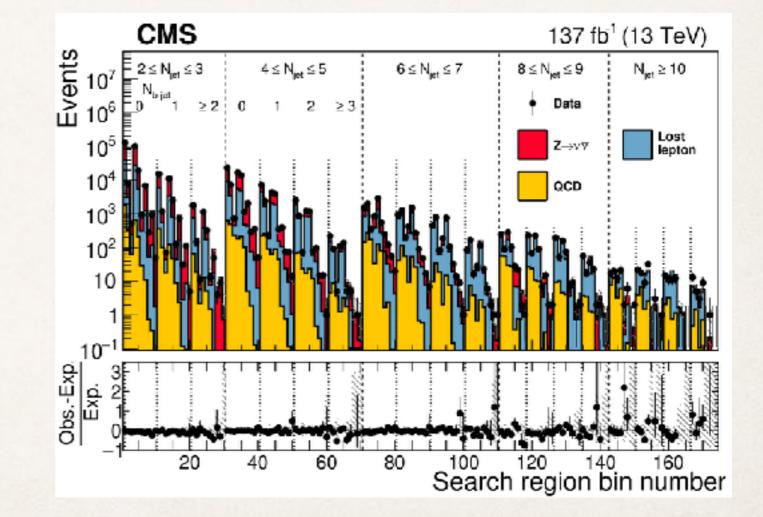
This statement doesn't make justice to the exciting LHC physics programme, and to the legacy of the Higgs discovery

Lots of very precise measurements spanning a good range in energy with Run3&beyond: more to come

We haven't seen indications of producing BSM particles: resonances, excesses in MET distributions...

Example: SUSY analysis searching for Dark Matter with jets





We haven't seen indications of producing BSM particles: resonances, excesses in MET distributions...

Example: SUSY analysis searching for Dark Matter with jets Possible reasons 137 fb1 (13 TeV) To reach discovery one analysis is not enough: We have to combine many such analyses to see deviations Needs to assume something: mSUGRA, pMSSM... Search region bin number

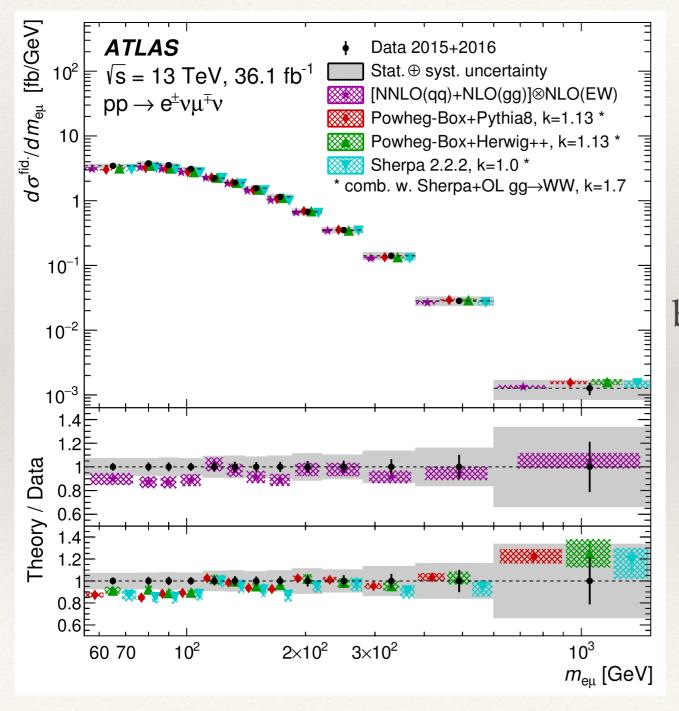
We haven't seen indications of producing BSM particles: resonances, excesses in MET distributions...

Example: SUSY analysis searching for Dark Matter with jets Possible reasons 137 fb1 (13 TeV) E 107 E2≤N And/or we haven't reached yet the kinematic range where these BSM particles can be produced in the final state **EFFECTIVE FIELD THEORY**

> 100 120 140 160 Search region bin number

Run3 and beyond

The LHC is a hadron machine, a **discovery** machine yet it had to re-invent itself to become a **precision** machine



Traditional resonant searches have been so far unfruitful

On the other hand, more statistics and better understanding of the experiment allows diving into extreme kinematic regions

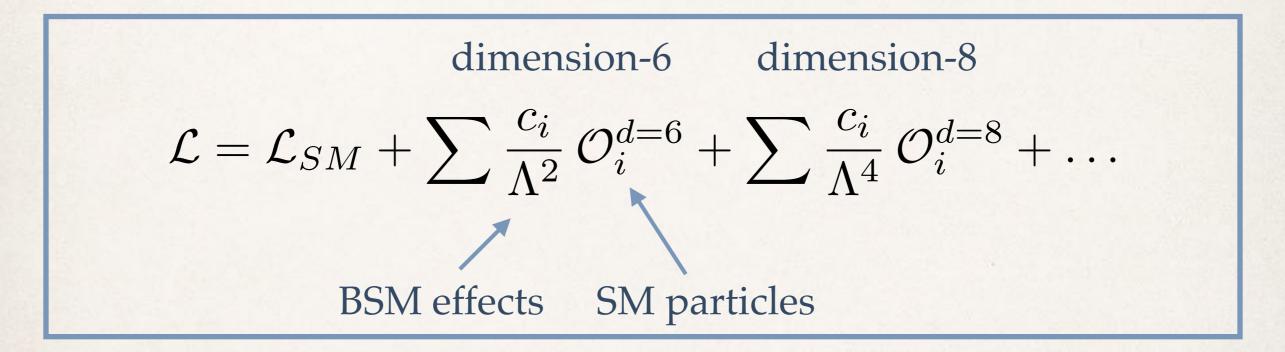
Let's embrace this state-of-affairs to perform different searches for new phenomena, beyond resonances

Casting a wide net: the new SM



EFT approach

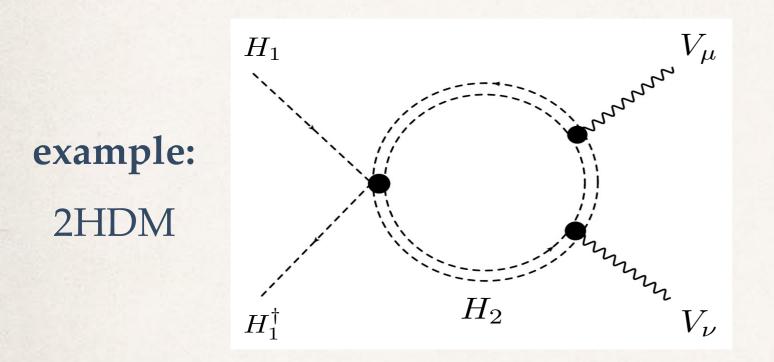
Well-defined theoretical approach Assumes New Physics states are heavy Write Effective Lagrangian with only light (SM) particles BSM effects can be incorporated as a momentum expansion



BSM is a **perturbation** around the SM Each operator can be improved at higher orders in QCD and EW corrections

EFT from UV models

As long as the new states are heavy, one can integrate them out



compute the integral expand of external momenta below the mass

Gorbahn, No, VS. 1502.07352

first terms on the expansion are a number of dimension-six operators e.g.

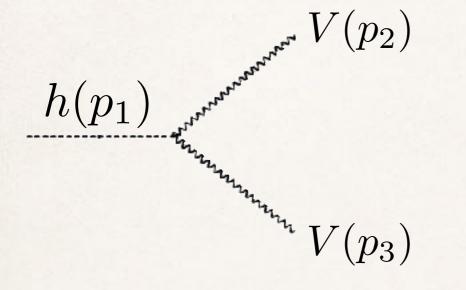
$$\frac{ig}{2m_W^2}\bar{c}_W \Big[\Phi^{\dagger}T_{2k}\overleftrightarrow{D}_{\mu}\Phi\Big]D_{\nu}W^{k,\mu\nu} \quad \text{where } \bar{c}_W = \frac{m_W^2\left(2\,\tilde{\lambda}_3 + \tilde{\lambda}_4\right)}{192\,\pi^2\,\tilde{\mu}_2^2}$$

next term in the expansion: dimension-eight

Differential information is key

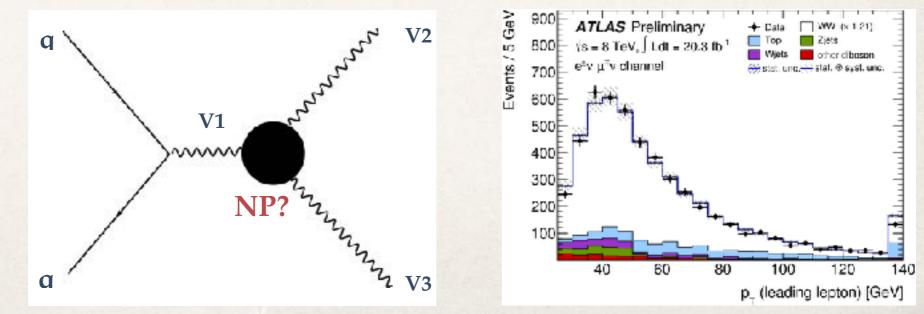
Models offer richer kinematics than the kappa-formalism and the EFT approach captures them

$$-\frac{1}{4}h\,g_{hVV}^{(1)}V_{\mu\nu}V^{\mu\nu} -h\,g_{hVV}^{(2)}V_{\nu}\partial_{\mu}V^{\mu\nu} -\frac{1}{4}h\,\tilde{g}_{hVV}V_{\mu\nu}\tilde{V}^{\mu\nu}$$



$$\begin{split} &i\eta_{\mu\nu}\left(g_{hVV}^{(1)}\left(\frac{\hat{s}}{2}-m_V^2\right)+2g_{hVV}^{(2)}m_V^2\right)\\ &-ig_{hVV}^{(1)}p_3^{\mu}p_2^{\nu} \quad -i\tilde{g}_{hVV}\epsilon^{\mu\nu\alpha\beta}p_{2,\alpha}p_{3,\beta}\\ &+ \textit{off-shell pieces} \end{split}$$

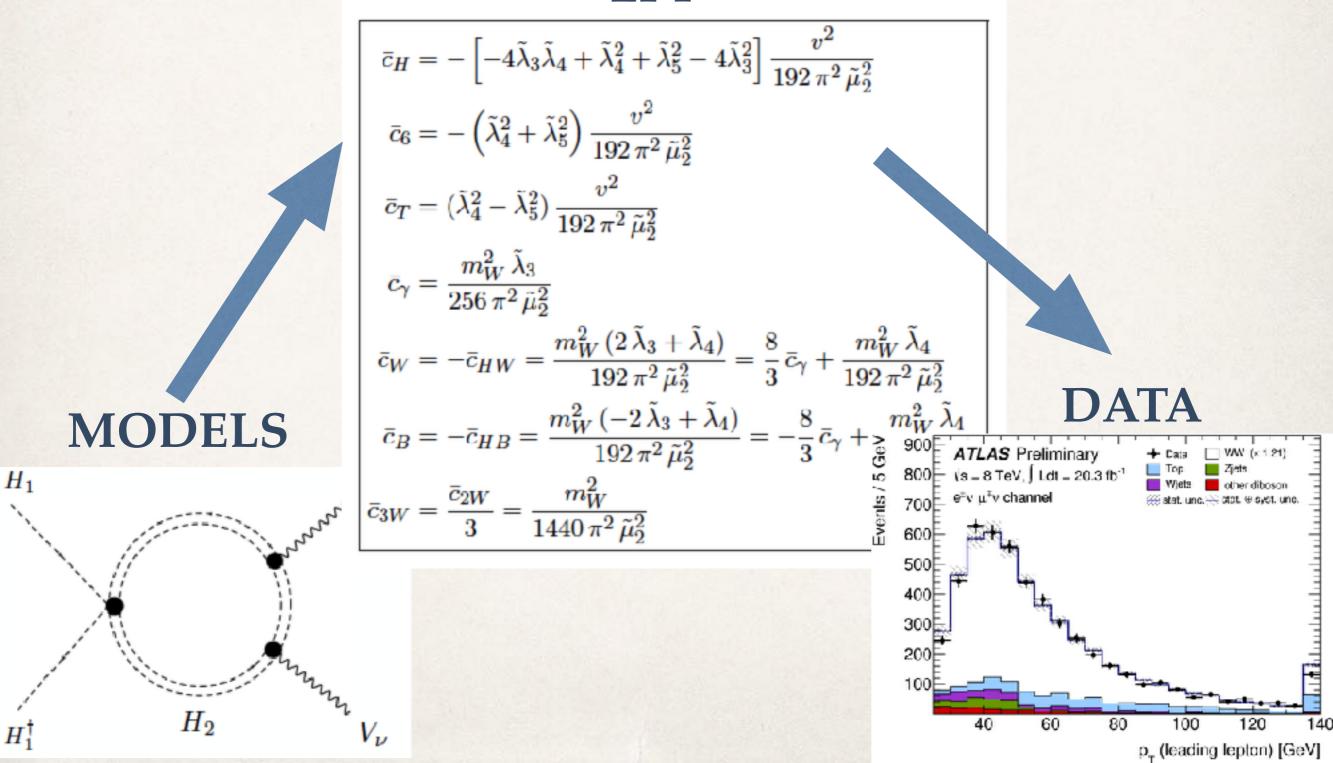
exploited in searches for anomalous **TGCs**



Matching to UV theories

Gorbahn, No and VS 1502.07352, JHEP

Within the EFT, connection to models is *straightforward* **EFT**

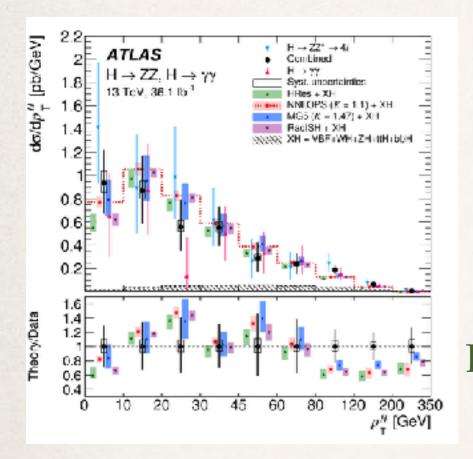


Advantages

- **Combination**: LHC Higgs and EW production, low energy, EWPTs
- Precision: higher-order EW and QCD, dimension-eight, chiral logs
- **Consistency:** Backgrounds and signal
- Reduces model biases: explore theories beyond known paradigms
- Matching: Direct connection to models

Disadvantages

EFTs in PP are an old friend



Maybe you have been working on low-E flavour/CPV/BLV physics precision calculations or simply using bounds **What's different for the EFT@EW scale?**

We're testing it using a *hadron* collider flavour physics: heavy means heavy EW EFT: we are in this border between kinematic reach and precision & parameter space is very large

Disadvantages

- Assumptions: Only SM light states
- **Complexity:** Large number of parameters
- Validity: EFT cannot be used in regions of energies ~ scale of new resonances

Recent experimental analysis



ATLAS-CONF-2020-053 29 October 2020

Presented yesterday at CERN

Combination Higgs channels, full Run2 lumi

Exhaustive **STXS** combination used to interpret as an **EFT**

this is going to be a *standard analysis*

TXS Region Stage-0	STXS Region Stage-1.2	$H \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$	$H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$	$H \rightarrow b\bar{b} (\mathrm{VH})$	
billge o	$\frac{N_{\text{jets}} = 0}{N_{\text{jets}} = 0} p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 10$	$N_{\rm jets} = 0, p_{\rm T}^H < 10$	$N_{\rm jets} = 0, p_{\rm T}^H < 10$		
Hgg	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, p_{\text{T}} < 10$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 10 < p_{\text{T}}^H$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, p_{\text{T}} < 10$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 10 < p_{\text{T}}^H$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, \ p_{\text{T}} < 10$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 0, \ 10 < p_{\text{T}}^H$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 10 < p_{\text{T}}$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 60$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 10 < p_{\text{T}}$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1, p_{\text{T}}^H < 60$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 0, 10 < p_{\text{T}}$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1, p_{\text{T}}^H < 60$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, p_{\text{T}} < 00$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 60 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 120$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 60 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 120$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 60 < p_{\text{T}}^H < 120$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1,00 < p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1,120 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1,00 < p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1,120 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1,00 < p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{jets}} = 1,120 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 120 < p_{\text{T}} < 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 60$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 120 < p_{\text{T}} < 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 120$	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1, 120 < p_{\text{T}} < 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^{H} \le 200$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, \mu_{\text{T}} < 60$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, 60 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{H}} < 120$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 120$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}} \le 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^H \le 200$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, \ 60 < p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{iets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, \ 120 < p_{\text{T}}^{\text{H}} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, p_{\text{T}} < 120$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, 120 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 350, 120 < p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, 350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200, p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj} < 25$	· · · · ·	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^{H} \le 200$ $N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^{H} \le 200$		
		$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200,25 < p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj}$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^H \le 200$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200, p_{\text{T}}^{H,jj} < 25$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^H \le 200$		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200,25 < p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj}$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, p_{\text{T}}^H \le 200$		
	$200 < p_{\rm T}^{\rm H} < 300$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^H < 300$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^H$		
	$300 < p_{\rm T}^{H} < 450$	$300 < p_{\rm T}^H < 450$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^{H}$		
	$450 < p_{\rm T}^{H} < 650$	$450 < p_{\rm T}^H$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^{H}$		
	$650 < p_{\mathrm{T}}^{H}$	$450 < p_{\mathrm{T}}^{H}$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^{H}$		
$qq \rightarrow Hqq$ "VBF", " $qqVH$ had"	$N_{\rm jets} = 0$	$N_{\text{jets}} \le 1$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} = 1$	$N_{\rm jets} \le 1$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 60$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 60 \lor 120 < m_{jj} < 350$			
	$N_{\rm jets} \ge 2,60 < m_{jj} < 120$	$N_{\rm jets} \ge 2,60 < m_{jj} < 120$			
	$N_{\rm jets} \ge 2, 120 < m_{jj} < 350$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2, m_{jj} < 60 \lor 120 < m_{jj} < 350$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} \ 200 < p_{\text{T}}^H$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj},200 < p_{\text{T}}^H$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^H < 200, p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj} < 25$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200$			
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200,25 < p_{\text{T}}^{H_{jj}}$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,350 < m_{jj} < 700, p_{\text{T}}^H < 200$	VBF		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200, p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj} < 25$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^H < 200$	VBF		
	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^{H} < 200,25 < p_{\text{T}}^{Hjj}$	$N_{\text{jets}} \ge 2,700 < m_{jj}, p_{\text{T}}^H < 200$			
	$p_{\rm T}^V < 75 \ (N_{\rm jets} = 0 \ / \ N_{\rm jets} = 1 \ / \ N_{\rm jets} \ge 2)$	$WH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$		$WH p_{\rm T}^V < 250$	
Hty lep	$75 < p_T^V < 150 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$WH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$		$WH p_{\rm T}^V < 250$	
$qq \to H\ell\nu$ " $qqWH$ lep"	$150 < p_T^V < 250 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	WH 150 $< p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	$WH p_{\rm T}^V < 250$	
bb, bb	$250 < p_T^V < 400 \ (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	WH 150 $< p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	WH 250 $< p_T^V$	
•	$400 < p_T^V (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	WH 150 $< p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	WH 250< p_{T}^{V}	
	$p_{\rm T}^V < 75 \ (N_{\rm jets} = 0 \ / \ N_{\rm jets} = 1 \ / \ N_{\rm jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$	$N_{jets} \ge 2, 60 < m_{jj} < 120$ VBF $N_{jets} \ge 2, 350 < m_{jj}, 200 < p_T^H$ VBF VBF VBF VBF $VH lep$	$ZH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$	
HEC lep'	$75 < p_T^V < 150 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$	VH lep	$ZH p_{\rm T}^V < 150$	
$qq ightarrow H\ell\ell$ " $qqZH$ lep"	$150 < p_T^V < 250 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	$ZH \ 150 < p_{\rm T}^V < 2$	
	$250 < p_T^V < 400 \ (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{T}^{V}$	VH lep	ZH 250 $< p_T^V$	
	$400 < p_T^V (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	ZH 250 $< p_T^V$	
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$gg \to H\ell\ell$ " $ggZH$ lep"	$75 < p_T^V < 150 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH p_{\rm T}^{V} < 150$	VH lep	$ZH p_{\rm T}^{V} < 150$	
	$150 < p_T^V < 250 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	$ZH \ 150 < p_{\rm T}^V < 2$	
	$250 < 400 (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	$ZH 250 < p_T^V$	
	$250 < p_T^V (N_{jets} = 0 / N_{jets} = 1 / N_{jets} \ge 2)$	$ZH 150 < p_{\rm T}^V$	VH lep	$ZH 250 < p_T^V$	
нĨН	$p_{\mathrm{T}}^{H} < 60$	$p_{\rm T}^H < 60$	t(t)H		
	$60 < p_T^H < 120$	$60 < p_T^H < 120$	t(t)H		
	$120 < p_T^H < 200$	$120 < p_{\rm T}^H < 200$	t(t)H		
	$200 < p_{\rm T}^H < 300$	$200 < p_{\rm T}^H$	t(t)H		
	$300 < p_{\rm T}^H$	$200 < p_T^H$	t(t)H		
	bbH	merged with ggH			
	tH tH t(t)H				

Recent experimental analysis

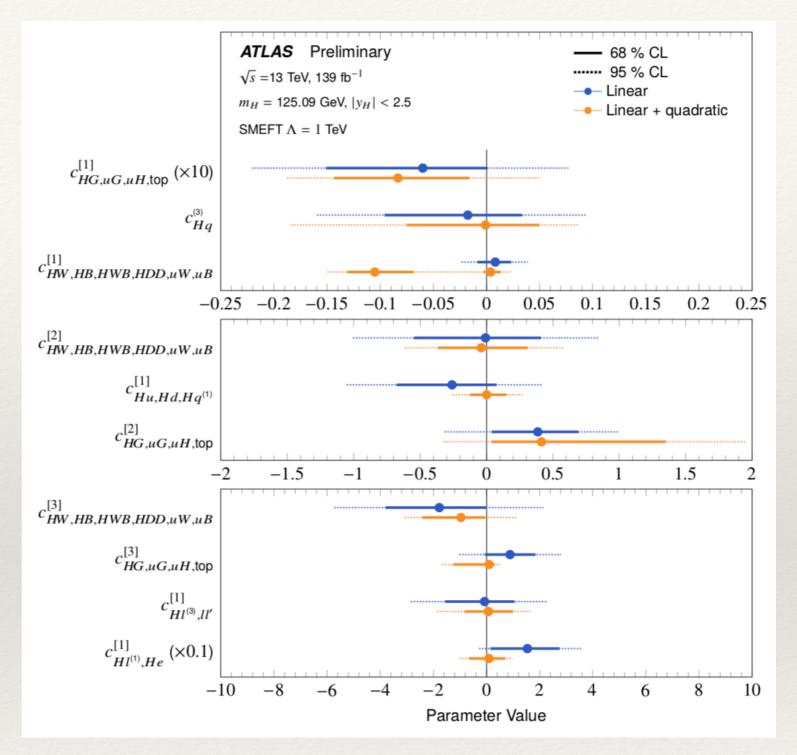
Presented yesterday at CERN

29 October 2020

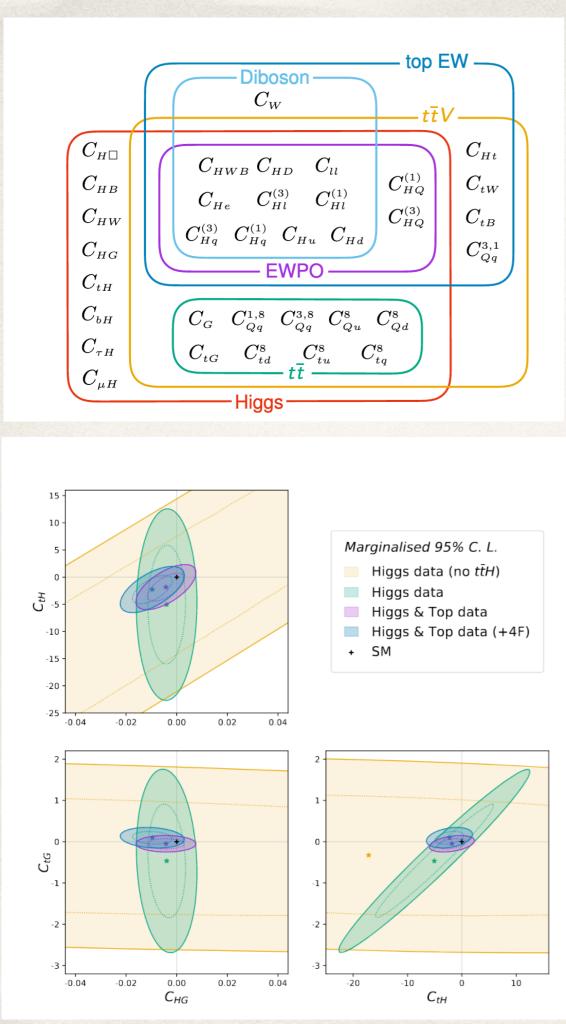
ATLAS-CONF-2020-053

Exhaustive **STXS** combination used to interpret as an **EFT**

limits on sets of coefficients, at linear (blue) and quadratic (orange) level



sets of ops grouped by their dependence on observables and correlations *multi-TeV* limits for most of these possible BSM effects



Ellis, Madigan, Mimasu, VS, You 2012.02779, JHEP

A truly global EFT analysis is possible with Run2 data (+LEP)

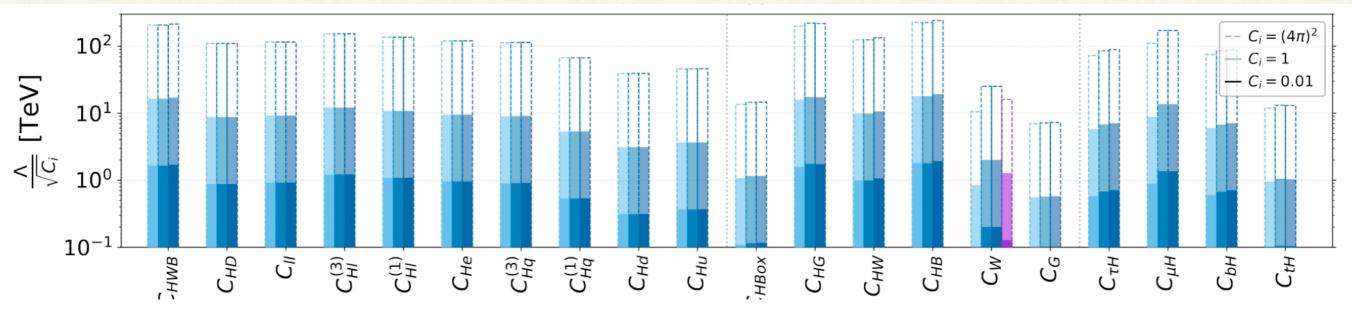
We performed the most complete global fit with Higgs+Diboson+Top+4F data (341 observables) against 20 (MFV)/34 (top-specific) operators

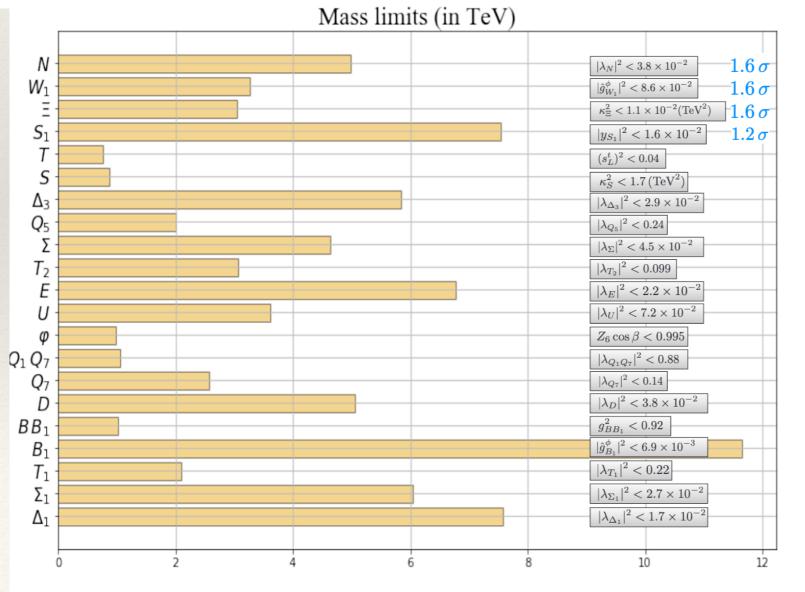
This is an example of the interplay between Higgs (green) and Higgs+Top (pink) information

These combinations and *public* frameworks to do fits (like our *Fitmaker*) are going to become state-of-the-art

Current SMEFT constraints reach the TeV for most of t he param space

Ellis, Madigan, Mimasu, VS, You 2012.02779, JHEP





And when translated into vanilla extensions of the SM, the mass limits are also probing the TeV scale

Lots of work needed to advance this area: higher-order calculations, optimisation of strategies, better exp understanding of correlations...

Challenges

1. Theory biases

Is the EFT framework really *model-independent*? Not completely e.g. In non-linear realisations of EWSB the Higgs could be a **SINGLET** as opposed to the doublet case

Higgs = (vev + higgs particle + W/Z dofs)

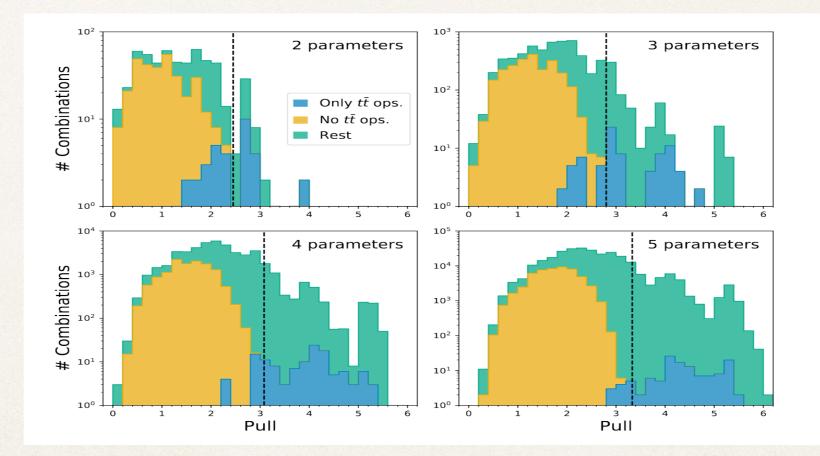
CONSEQUENCES *de-correlation of Higgs and VV *EFT expansion changes

EFT provides a *large enough* set of deformations from the SM serves the purpose of guiding searches and interpretation in terms of UV models

2. Parameter complexity

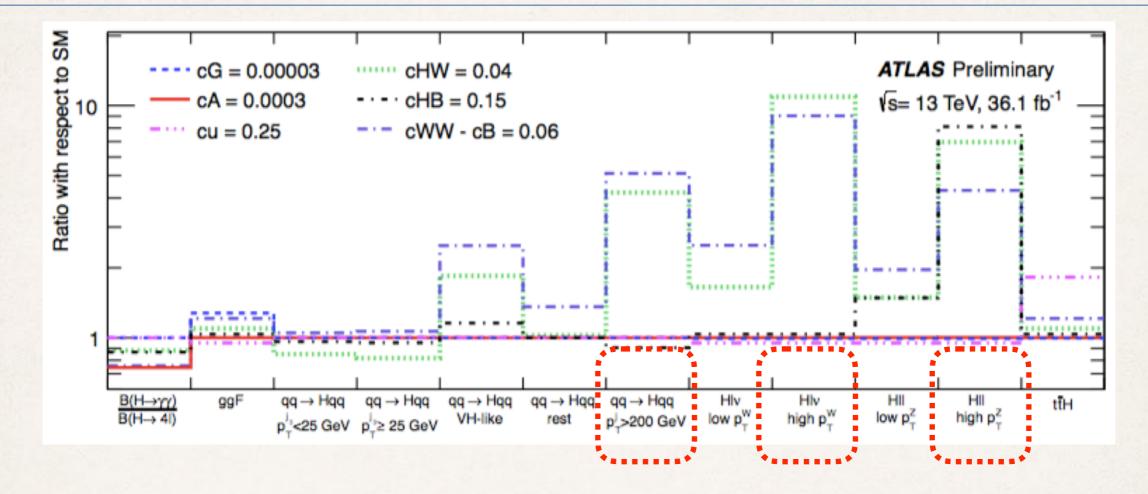
BUT EFT's extra parameters constrained by current measurements Data can't favour SM yet

Theory	χ^2	$\chi^2/n_{ m d}$	<i>p</i> -value
SM	157	0.987	0.532
SMEFT	137	0.987	0.528
$SMEFT^*$	143	0.977	0.564



Combination of many channels is key—> GLOBAL FITS

3. Extreme kinematics



In these regions our theoretical/experimental understanding is weaker e.g. WW at high-pT (large EW corrections) e.g. Higgs+jet at high-pTH and the **EFT validity** needs to be taken into account

This problem can be addressed by working harder Many of us developing MC tools EFT@NLO and dim-8 effects





Direct searches will continue testing broader sets of models *Indirect* searches for NP have gained a lot of traction at the LHC but advancement requires more intense thy/exp communication



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New opportunities in the precision era for the LHC are there any blind spots in experimental searches? model-building exploration could inspire them the LHC can probe TeV scale new physics via nonresonant searches, they cover a wide range of models (e.g. 2005.06492), more theoretical effort needed here