

Recent Developments in Non-Relativistic String Theory

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DET FRIE FORSKNINGSRÅD
DANISH COUNCIL FOR
INDEPENDENT RESEARCH

THE VELUX FOUNDATIONS
VILLUM FONDEN × VELUX FONDEN



Vetenskapsrådet

based on work:

2107.006542 (JHEP) (Bidussi,Harmark,Hartong,NO,Oling)

2011.02539 (JHEP) (Harmark,Hartong,NO,Oling)

1907.01663 (JHEP) (Harmark,Hartong,Menculini,NO,Oling)

& 1810.05560 (JHEP) (Harmark,Hartong,Menculini,NO,Yan)

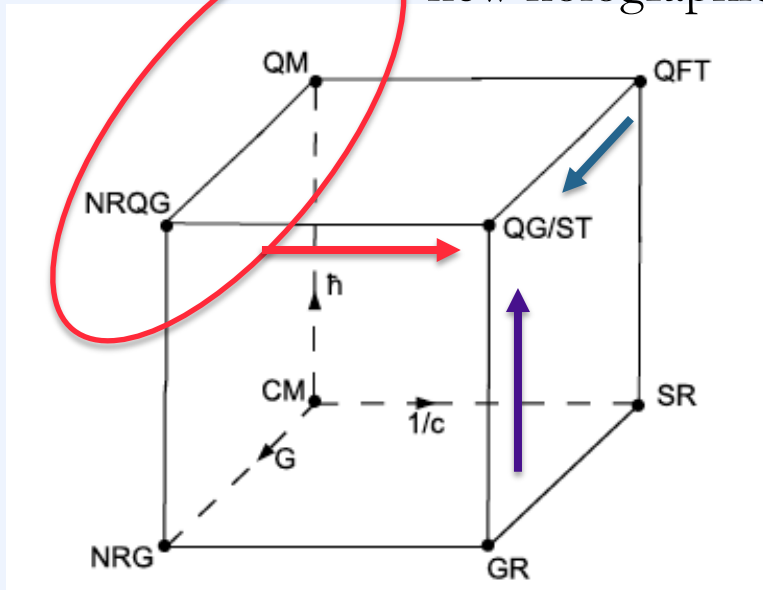
1705.03535 (PRD) (Harmark,Hartong,NO)

& work to appear with Bidussi,Harmark,Hartong,Oling

Non-relativistic physics and cube of physical theories

 $(\hbar, G_N, 1/c)$

new holographic dualities ?



a third route towards
(relativistic) quantum gravity

how does this fit with
string theory/holography ?

already (classical) non-relativistic gravity (NRG)
is more than just Newtonian gravity

Non-Lorentzian geometries

recent progress in understanding **non-relativistic corners** of:
gravity, quantum field theory and string theory:

→ builds on improved understanding **of non-Lorentzian geometries**
= spacetimes with local symmetries other than Lorentz

NL geometries appear in:

- bdry geometries in non-AdS holography (e.g. Lifshitz flat space)
- covariant formulations of PN approximation in GR
- covariant formulations of non-Lorentzian fluids and CMT systems (FQHE, fractons, ..)
- Horava–Lifshitz gravity, non-relativistic versions of CS, JT
- cosmology, black hole horizons (Carroll)
- double field theory
- **non-relativistic corners of String Theory**
- **near-BPS limits of string theory on $\text{AdS}_5 \times S^5$**

Non-perturbative string theory

complete understanding of non-perturbative regime is still lacking despite much progress made in last many decades:

- non-perturbative dualities

- Matrix theory:

infinite boost limit of ST on spacelike circle = DLCQ of ST

can be viewed as ST on light-like circle $\rightarrow$ non-relativistic behavior

- NRST as a novel way to study corners of relativistic string theory

Why non-relativistic (NR) string theory ?

- perhaps simpler (UV complete) theory
 - non-relativistic gravity via beta functions
 - limit of AdS/CFT and novel sigma models
 - certain NR strings contained in double field theory
 - rich limit of string theory
- what is the landscape of NR string theories ?
& non-Lorentzian holography (see discussion)

NR strings

NR strings on flat spacetime = Gomis-Ooguri string

Gomis,Ooguri(2000); Danielsson et al.(2000);

→ Newton-Cartan geometries when spacetime is curved

Andringa et al (2012), Harmark,Hartong,NO(2017); Bergshoeff,Gomis,Yan(2018);
Harmark,Hartong,Menculini,NO,Yan(2018); Gomis,Oh,Yan(2019);
Gallegos,Gursoy,Zinnato(2019), Harmark,Hartong,Menculini,NO,Oling(2019);
Bergshoeff,Gomis,Rosseel,Simsek,Yan(2019); Kluson (2018/19),
Yan (2021), Bergshoeff,,Lahnsteiner,,Romano,Rosseel,Simsek(2021);
Bidussi, Harmark,Hartong,NO,Oling(2021);

also:

- tensionless strings e.g.Lindstrom,Sundborg,Theodoridis(1991)
Bagchi,Gopakumar(2009) Bagchi,Banerjee,Parekh(2019)
- Galilean strings Battle,Gomis,Not(2016))
- relation to double field theory Ko,Melby-Thompson,Meyer,Park(2015)
Morand,Park(2017);Berman,Blair,Otsuki(2019);Blair(2019)

NR strings (on flat spacetime)

Gomis, Ooguri(2000); Danielsson et al.(2000)

zero Regge slope limit of relativistic string theory in near-critical B-field

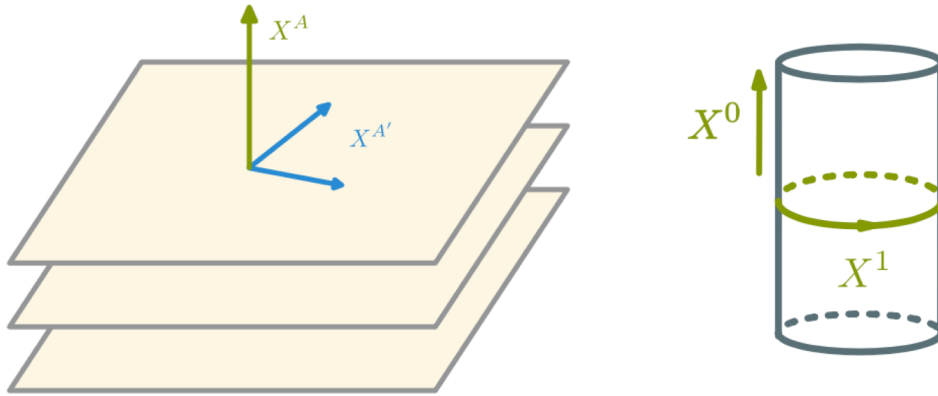
$$S = \frac{1}{4\pi\alpha'} \int_{\Sigma} d^2\sigma \sqrt{h} \left(h^{\alpha\beta} \partial_{\alpha} X^{A'} \partial_{\beta} X_{A'} + \lambda \bar{\mathcal{D}}X + \bar{\lambda} \mathcal{D}\bar{X} \right),$$

in conformal gauge:

$$S = \frac{1}{4\pi\alpha'} \int_{\Sigma} d^2\sigma \left(\partial_{\alpha} X^{A'} \partial^{\alpha} X_{A'} + \lambda \bar{\partial}X + \bar{\lambda} \partial\bar{X} \right),$$

- Galilean invariant dispersion relation
- no massless physical states
- low-energy effective theory described by **Newton-like gravity**
- all asymptotic states carry non-zero winding along (compact) X_1
- space-time S-matrix with NR symmetry

Gomis/Ooguri NR string lives in flat space

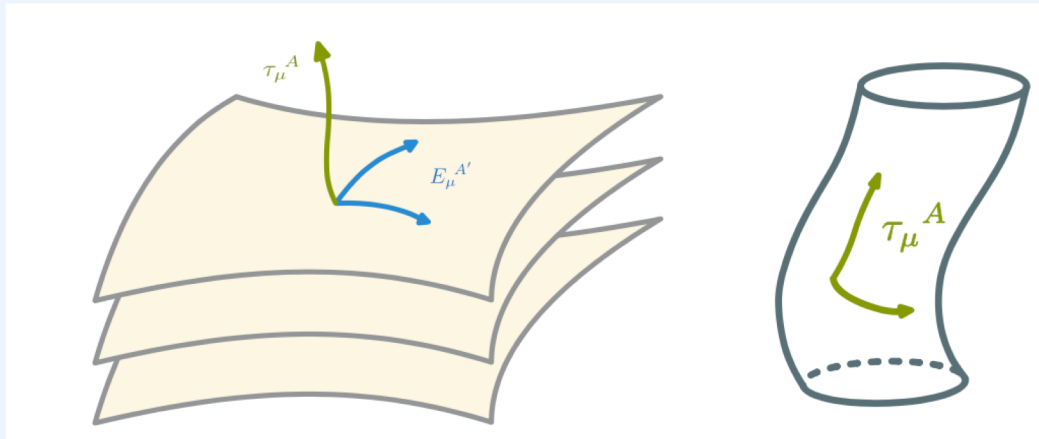


figures from
review on NRST

Gerben Oling & Ziqi Yan
(2202.12698)

Main part of talk:

Q: what is the general **target space** probed by NR strings ?



Main result

→ find formulation in which geometry contains a 2-form field that couples to tension current and transforming under string Galilei boosts

i.e. 2-form is intrinsic part of the geometry

(in parallel with NR particle and its coupling to Newton-Cartan geometry)

- follows from both null reduction & $c \rightarrow \infty$ limit
- geometry arises from gauging novel algebra:
F-string Galilei algebra
= Inonu-Wigner contraction of
Poincare algebra + syms underlying Kalb-Ramond field

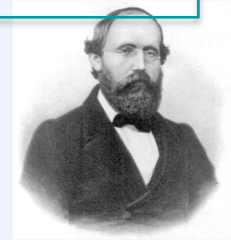
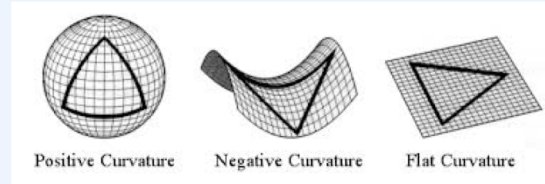
Outline

- intro to Newton-Cartan geometry for particles:
null reduction and $c \rightarrow \infty$ limit
- Torsional string Newton-Cartan geometry (TSNC)
from $c \rightarrow \infty$ limit
 - preliminaries: KR B-field from string Poincare
 - NR string action with TSNC target space/symmetries
 - Remarks: null reduction; limits vs. expansions; beta-fns
- NR world-sheet models from limits of NR strings
& limits of AdS/CFT
- Outlook & discussion

Space-Time symmetries and Geometry

local symmetries of space and time $\leftrightarrow$ geometry of space and time

Einstein: Lorentz $\leftrightarrow$ (pseudo-)Riemannian geometry



Cartan: Galilean $\leftrightarrow$ Newton-Cartan geometry

[Eisenhart, Trautman, Dautcourt, Kuenzle, Duval, Burdet, Perrin, Gibbons, Horvathy, Julia, Nicolai, ...] ..



- geometrize Poisson equation of Newtonian gravity
- falling observers see Galilean laws of physics

TNC geometry from null reduction

Lorentzian metric with null isometry

$$ds^2 = g_{MN}dX^M dX^N = 2\tau_\mu dx^\mu (du - m_\nu dx^\nu) + h_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu ,$$

$$\tau_\mu h^{\mu\nu} = 0$$

torsional Newton–Cartan (TNC) geometry: τ_μ , $h_{\mu\nu}$, m_μ ,

local syms:

$$\begin{aligned}\delta\tau_\mu &= \mathcal{L}_\xi \tau_\mu , & \delta h_{\mu\nu} &= \mathcal{L}_\xi h_{\mu\nu} + \lambda_\mu \tau_\nu + \lambda_\nu \tau_\mu , \\ \delta m_\mu &= \mathcal{L}_\xi m_\mu + \lambda_\mu + \partial_\mu \sigma ,\end{aligned}$$

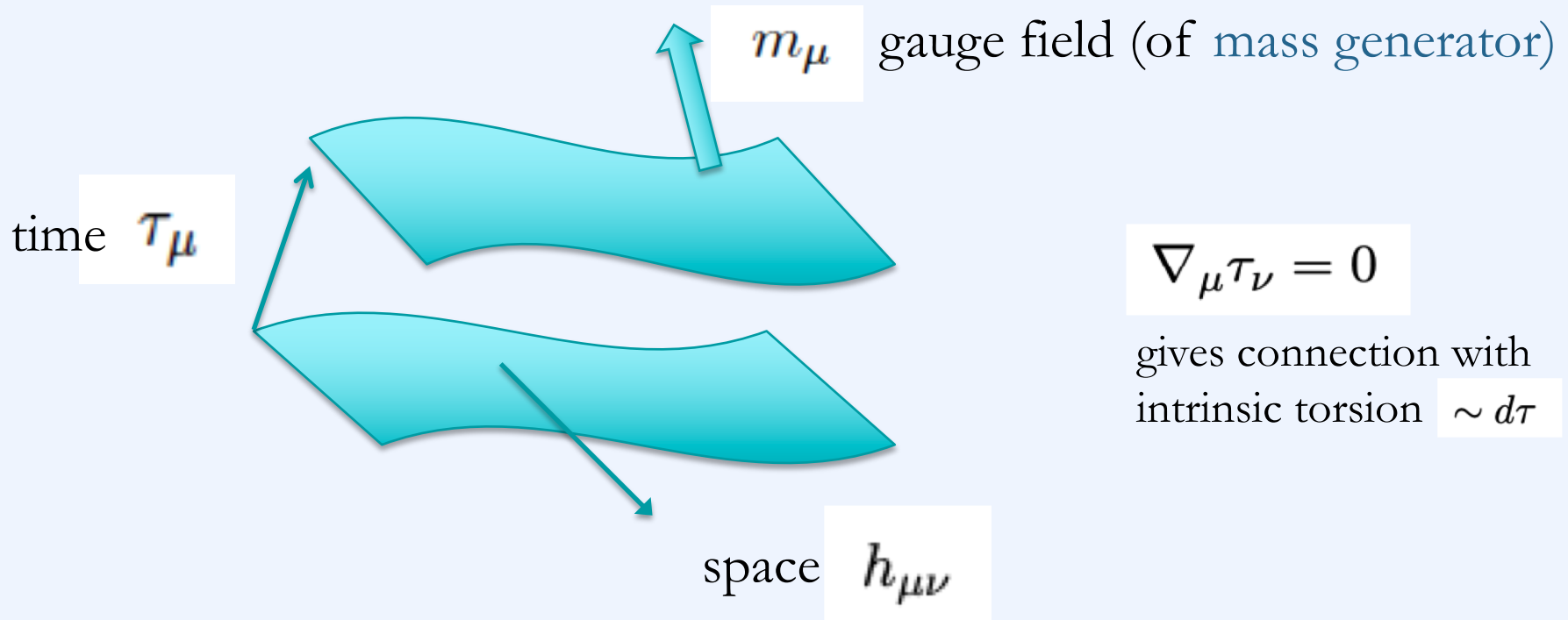
λ_μ

Galilean (Milne) boosts

σ

U(1) (mass) parameter

torsional Newton-Cartan geometry



NC = no torsion



$$d\tau = 0$$

absolute time

TTNC = twistless torsion



$$\tau \wedge d\tau = 0$$

preferred foliation
equal time slices

TNC

no condition on τ_μ

TNC geometry as background geometry for NRFTs

putting relativistic field theory on a **curved spacetime**

$$\delta S_{\text{rel.matter}} \sim \int d^4x T_{\mu\nu} \delta g^{\mu\nu}$$

- non-relativistic FT naturally couples to torsional Newton-Cartan:

$$\delta S_{\text{non-rel matter}} \sim \int d^3x [E^\mu \delta \tau_\mu + S^{\mu\nu} \delta h_{\mu\nu} + T^\mu \delta m_\mu]$$

energy current

spatial stress

mass current

& momentum current

see e.g. Son (2013), Hartong, Kiritsis, NO (2014), Jensen (2014)

Warmup: Non-Relativistic particle from null reduction

null-reduction of relativistic particle

$$S = \int \frac{1}{2e} g_{MN} \dot{X}^M \dot{X}^N d\lambda =$$

→ reduce on target space with null Killing vector :

probe mass is conserved momentum in null direction: $p_u = m$

$$S = \frac{m}{2} \int \frac{h_{\mu\nu} \dot{X}^\mu \dot{X}^\nu}{\tau_\rho \dot{X}^\rho} d\lambda - m \int m_\mu \dot{X}^\mu d\lambda$$

[Kuchar],
[Bergshoeff et al]

kinetic term

potential term:

coupling to

m_μ

$m_0 \sim$ Newtonian potential

$$T^\mu = m \int d\tau \partial_\tau X^\mu \delta(x - X(\tau))$$

mass current

- action has TNC local target space symmetries

Other properties

- geodesic equation on flat NC space with:

$$m_t = \Phi_{\text{Newt}} \rightarrow \text{Newton's law}$$

- TNC geometry can also be obtained by gauging **Bargmann algebra**
Andringa, Bergshoeff, Gomis, de Roo (2012)

$$[G_a, P_b] = -\delta_{ab}N \quad , \quad [G_a, H] = -P_a \quad \text{\& rotations}$$


mass generator

(just as pseudo-Riemannian geometry follows from gauging Poincare)

NR particle from limit of extremal particle

action of **charged relativistic particle**:

$$S = -mc \int \sqrt{-g_{\mu\nu} \dot{x}^\mu \dot{x}^\nu} d\lambda + q \int A_\mu \dot{x}^\mu d\lambda$$

- time-space split in metric: $g_{\mu\nu} = -c^2 T_\mu T_\nu + h_{\mu\nu}$

expand for large c :

$$S = -mc^2 \int \left[T_\mu - \frac{q}{mc^2} A_\mu \right] \dot{x}^\mu d\lambda + \frac{m}{2} \int \frac{h_{\mu\nu} \dot{x}^\mu \dot{x}^\nu}{T_\rho \dot{x}^\rho} d\lambda + \mathcal{O}(c^{-2})$$

NR particle from limit of extremal particle

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extremal particle

$$q = mc^2.$$

divergent term. cancels
with:

$$T_\mu = \tau_\mu + \frac{1}{2c^2} m_\mu,$$

$$A_\mu = \tau_\mu - \frac{1}{2c^2} m_\mu,$$

algebra level:

IW contraction

$$H = cP_0 + Q, \quad N = \frac{1}{2c^2} (cP_0 - Q)$$

energy

mass

Mimic the procedure for strings

fundamental strings are extremally charged under B-field
(tension = charge)

what is the analogue of Poincare $\times$ U(1)
for strings ?

→ understand the spacetime symmetry underlying
the Kalb-Ramond B-field

Kalb-Ramond B-field from string Poincare

metric and B-field
symmetries

$$\bar{\delta}g_{\mu\nu} = \mathcal{L}_\xi g_{\mu\nu} \quad , \quad \bar{\delta}B_{\mu\nu} = \mathcal{L}_\xi B_{\mu\nu} + 2\partial_{[\mu}\lambda_{\nu]}.$$

→ can be obtained from **string extension of Poincare**:
(with **extra set of translational generators** (cf. double field theory))

$$\begin{aligned} [M_{\underline{ab}}, M_{\underline{cd}}] &= \eta_{\underline{ac}}M_{\underline{bd}} - \eta_{\underline{bc}}M_{\underline{ad}} + \eta_{\underline{bd}}M_{\underline{ac}} - \eta_{\underline{ad}}M_{\underline{bc}}, \\ [M_{\underline{ab}}, P_{\underline{c}}] &= \eta_{\underline{ac}}P_{\underline{b}} - \eta_{\underline{bc}}P_{\underline{a}}, \\ [M_{\underline{ab}}, Q_{\underline{c}}] &= \eta_{\underline{ac}}Q_{\underline{b}} - \eta_{\underline{bc}}Q_{\underline{a}}, \end{aligned}$$

Lie algebra valued
connection:

$$\mathcal{A}_\mu = e_\mu^{\underline{a}}P_{\underline{a}} + \frac{1}{2}\omega_\mu^{\underline{ab}}M_{\underline{ab}} + \pi_\mu^{\underline{a}}Q_{\underline{a}},$$

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\underline{ab}} e_\mu^{\underline{a}} e_\nu^{\underline{b}}.$$

$$B_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{\underline{ab}} e_{[\mu}^{\underline{a}} \pi_{\nu]}^{\underline{b}}.$$

(see e.g. Ne'eman, Regge/D'Auria, Fre)

NR string action from $c \rightarrow \text{infinity}$ limit

$$S = S_{\text{NG}} + S_{\text{WZ}},$$

$$S_{\text{NG}} = -c T_{\text{F}} \int d^2 \sigma \sqrt{-\det g_{\alpha\beta}}, \quad S_{\text{WZ}} = -c \frac{T_{\text{F}}}{2} \int d^2 \sigma B_{\alpha\beta} \epsilon^{\alpha\beta}.$$

- use **vielbein decomposition**
of the NSNS target space:

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{ab} e_{\mu}^a e_{\nu}^b, \quad B_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{ab} e_{[\mu}^a \pi_{\nu]}^b,$$

- split tangent space into
 $A=0,1$: **longitudinal**
 $a=2,\dots,d-1$: **transverse**

$$e_{\mu}^a = (c E_{\mu}^A, e_{\mu}^a), \quad \pi_{\mu}^a = (c \Pi_{\mu}^A, \pi_{\mu}^a),$$

- reparametrize
longitudinal
vielbeins:

$$E_{\mu}^A = \tau_{\mu}^A + \frac{1}{2c^2} \pi_{\mu}^B \epsilon_B^A,$$
$$\Pi_{\mu}^A = \epsilon^A_B \tau_{\mu}^B + \frac{1}{2c^2} \pi_{\mu}^A,$$

divergent term in action cancels since **F-string is extremal**

NRST action on TSNC target space

after limit:

kinetic

potential

$$S_{\text{NR}} = -\frac{T}{2} \int d^2\sigma \left[\sqrt{-\tau} \eta^{AB} \tau_A^\alpha \tau_B^\beta h_{\alpha\beta} + \epsilon^{\alpha\beta} m_{\alpha\beta} \right],$$

$$h_{\mu\nu} = e_\alpha^a e_\beta^b \delta_{ab}$$

$$m_{\mu\nu} = \eta_{AB} \tau_{[\mu}^A \pi_{\nu]}^B + \delta_{ab} e_{[\mu}^a \pi_{\nu]}^b.$$

torsional string Newton–Cartan geometry : $\tau_\mu^A, \quad h_{\mu\nu}, \quad m_{\mu\nu}.$

$m_{\mu\nu}$ couples to
worldsheet tension current

$$J_T^{\mu\nu} = T \int d^2\sigma \epsilon^{\alpha\beta} \partial_\alpha X^\mu \partial_\beta X^\nu \delta(x - X(\sigma^\alpha)),$$

conserved
charges:

$$M^\mu = \int d\sigma J^{0\mu}.$$

gravitational mass: $M^v = 2\pi T R.$ (for compact longitudinal direction v)

m_{0v} = gravitational potential

- weak equivalence principle for NR string

Symmetries of the action

- gauge: $\bar{\delta} m_{\mu\nu} = 2\partial_{[\mu}\lambda_{\nu]}.$

- string Galilean boosts:

$$\bar{\delta} h_{\mu\nu} = -\lambda_{Ab} \left(\tau_{\mu}^A e_{\nu}^b + \tau_{\nu}^A e_{\mu}^b \right) \quad , \quad \bar{\delta} m_{\mu\nu} = -2\epsilon_{AB} \lambda^B{}_c \tau_{[\mu}^A e_{\nu]}^c.$$

→ string analogue of the symmetries of
NR particle coupling to Newton-Cartan

Question: what is underlying NR symmetry algebra ?

F-string Galilean (FSG) algebra

- decompose string

$$\underline{a} = (A, a)$$

Poincare algebra:

longitudinal, transverse

$$P_A, \quad Q_A, \quad P_a, \quad Q_a, \quad J_{AB} = \epsilon_{AB} J = M_{AB}, \quad J_{ab} = M_{ab}, \quad c G_{Ab} = M_{Ab}.$$

$$H_A = c(P_A + Q_B \epsilon^B_A) \quad , \quad N_A = \frac{1}{2c}(\epsilon_A^B P_B + Q_A) \quad (\text{basis transformation})$$

after IW contraction

($c \rightarrow \infty$):

$$[G_{Ab}, H_C] = \eta_{AC} P_b + \epsilon_{AC} Q_b,$$

$$[G_{Ab}, P_c] = -\delta_{bc} \epsilon_A^B N_B,$$

$$[G_{Ab}, Q_c] = -\delta_{bc} N_A,$$

& further commutators involving $SO(1,1) \times SO(d-2)$ rotations

- symmetry trafos follow from FSG-valued connection:

$$\mathcal{A}_\mu = \tau_\mu^A H_A + e_\mu^a P_a + \omega_\mu J + \frac{1}{2} \omega_\mu^{ab} J_{ab} + \omega_\mu^{Ab} G_{Ab} + \pi_\mu^A Z_A + \pi_\mu^a Q_a,$$

Non-relativistic strings from null reduction

- start from Polyakov action (including NSNS) and reduce along null isometry
- implement conservation of string momentum along null isometry using Lagrange multipliers
- go to dual formulation that exchanges the (fixed) momentum along null direction for fixed winding of string along compact dual direction

→ action of non-relativistic strings moving in torsional string Newton-Cartan target space & FSG symmetries can also be derived

Limit vs. $1/c$ expansion

- limit geometry: type I (cancellation of divergent term)
- geometry from expansion: type II
(each term in the action generates more gauge fields)

type II studied for:

- NR particle (and coupling to non-relativistic gravity
from expanding GR) van den Bleeken (2018), Hansen, Hartong, NO (2019, 2020)
- NR string Hartong, Have (2021)

spectrum:

(compact long. direction)

center of mass velocity $\ll c$

$$E = \frac{c^2 w R_{\text{eff}}}{\alpha'_{\text{eff}}} + \frac{N_{(0)} + \tilde{N}_{(0)}}{w R_{\text{eff}}} + \frac{\alpha'_{\text{eff}}}{2w R_{\text{eff}}} p_{(0)}^2 + \mathcal{O}(c^{-2})$$

Beta-functions

beta functions/effective spacetime actions for the NR string
obtained in various different formulations/using different methods

Gomis,Oh,Yan(2019)

Bergshoeff,Gomis,Rosseel,Simsek,Yan(2019)

Yan,Yu(2019)

Bergshoeff et al (2021), Yan (2021)

Gallegos,Gursoy,Zinnato(2019)

Gallegos,Gursoy,Verma,Zinnato(2020)

→ describe the dynamics of (versions of)
non-relativistic gravity

see also Hansen,Hartong,NO(2019,2020)

Applications to AdS/CFT

can take a further world-sheet NR limit

-> new class of sigma models with NR target spacetime that are also non-relativistic on worldsheet:

exhibits 2D GCA (classically)

$$[L_n, L_m] = (n - m)L_{n+m}, \quad [L_n, M_m] = (n - m)M_{n+m}.$$

- NR WS theories directly related to near-BPS limits of AdS/CFT (spin-matrix theory (SMT))

simplest example: LL model appearing from continuum limit of Heisenberg spin chains

Spin Matrix Theory (intermezzo)

Harmark, Orselli(1409)

- SMT limits of AdS/CFT obtained by zooming in to unitarity bounds of N=4 SYM on $R \times S^3$:

$$\lambda \rightarrow 0 \quad , \quad \frac{E - Q}{\lambda} = \text{fixed}$$

Q = linear sum of Cartan charges of $PSU(2,2|4)$

→ N=4 SYM simplifies and becomes QM theory

- reduces to nearest-neighbor spin chains in planar N limit

Spin Matrix Theory (intermezzo)

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- reduces to nearest-neighbor spin chains in planar N limit

- low energy excitations of spin chains = magnons

$$E - Q = \sqrt{1 + \frac{\lambda}{\pi^2} \sin^2 \frac{p}{2}} - 1$$

[Beisert(0511)]

becomes in
SMT limit:

$$H - Q = \frac{g}{2\pi^2} \sin^2 \frac{p}{2}$$

non-relativistic

- semi-classical limits of spin chains become sigma models:

Kruczenski (0311)

e.g. Landau-Lifshitz model
for $SU(2)$ sector

$$\mathcal{L}_{LL} = \frac{J}{4\pi} \left[\sin \theta \dot{\phi} - \frac{1}{4} \left((\theta')^2 + \cos^2 \theta (\phi')^2 \right) \right]$$

Stringy side of SMT gives NR sigma models

- using AdS/CFT dictionary: SMT (near-BPS) limit can be formulated as limit of type IIB string theory on AdS5xS5

- correspond to non-relativistic world-sheet string theories !

→ LL model (and generalizations for other near-BPS sectors) is example of our novel class of non-relativistic worldsheet STs with a Newton-Cartan type target spacetime

- one of target space dimensions = position along the spin chain
(zero momentum because of cyclicity of trace)

- strongly suggests: bulk description of SMT is a type of NR gravity

- new class of flat-fluxed backgrounds obtained recently:
analogue of flat Minkowski space using Penrose type limits
→ natural starting point to quantize the theory

Outlook (non-relativistic string theory)

- open strings and branes:
 - non-relativistic open string sector and DBI actions
Gomis,Yan,Yu (2020)
 - connection to NR D/M-branes
Kluson/Blair,Gallegos,Zinnato (2021)/Ebert,Sun,Yan(2021)
 - strings/branes as background solutions
Bergshoeff,Lahnsteiner,Romano,Rosseel(2022)
 - generalize procedure to non-relativistic limit of extremal p-branes
TSNC analogue for p-branes (incl. D/M)
Bidussi,Harmark,Hartong,NO,Oling (in progress)
- SUSY generalization of stringy Poincare (include RR fields)
NR limit & relations to DFT/exceptional FT
 - non-perturbative dualities in NR string theory
- connection to integrable models
Gomis,Gomis,Kamimura(2005)/Roychowdhury(2019/
Fontanella,NietoGarcia,Torielli(2021),Fontanello,van Tongeren(2022)

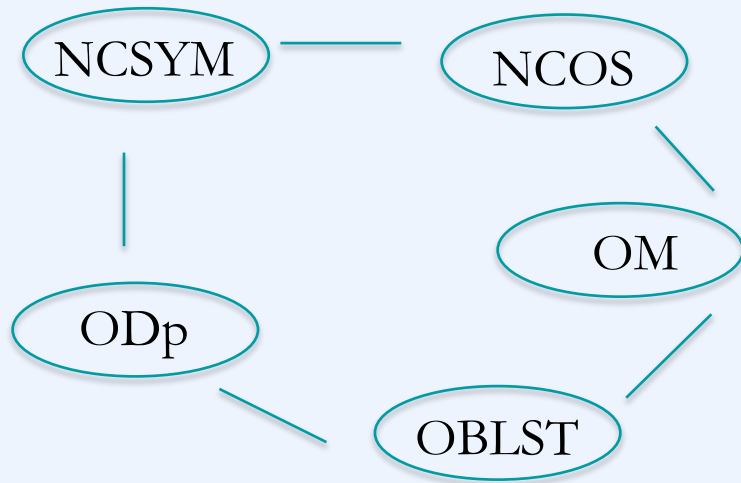
Outlook (non-relativistic worldsheet models)

- further study (quantization) of NR world-sheet theories
 - role of GCA
- Hamiltonian analysis (including for non-relativistic world-sheet models)
Kluson (2021), Bidussi, Harnack, Hartong, NO, Oling (to appear)
- obtain beta functions for NR worldsheet models
- connection with explicit construction of SMT using classical reduction of N=4 SYM & suitable quantization method
Harnack, Wintergerst (2019), Baiguera, Harnack, Wintergerst (2020)
Baiguera, Harnack, Lei, Wintergerst (2020)
- Carrollian (small speed of light) gravity and strings....

Duality web of 'non-Lorentzian' string theories?

web of decoupled **non-gravitational theories**

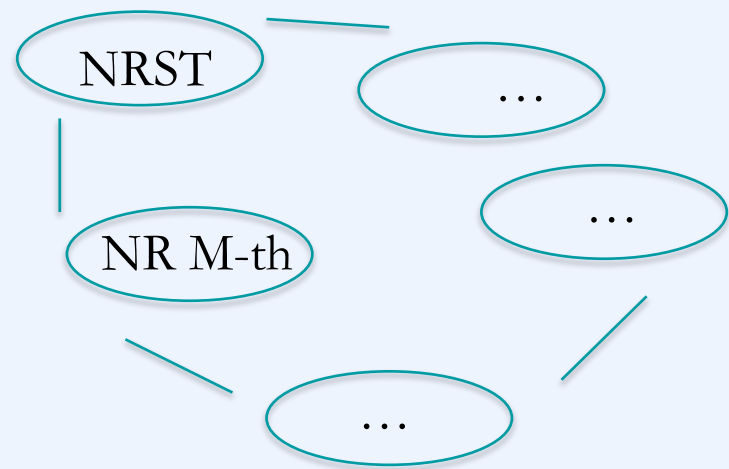
(`open string sector')



back to 2000s...

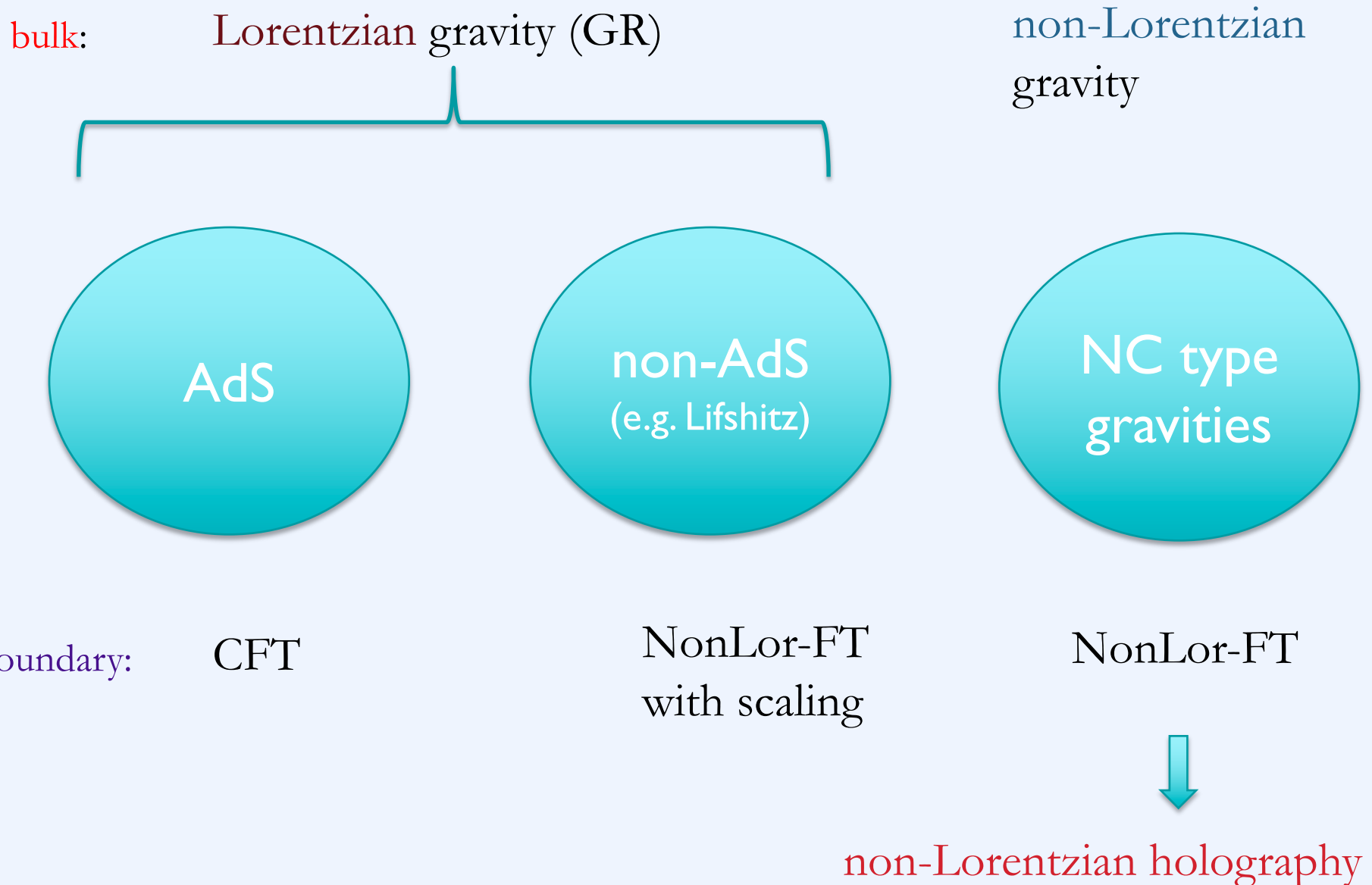
web of **non-Lorentzian gravitational string theories**

(`closed string sector')



- self-contained corners of ST w. own geometry
- new window on non-perturbative effects ?

Non-AdS holography & NR holography



Routes towards non-Lorentzian holography

I. branes

- Dp-branes as probes of TSNC geometry
- Dp-branes as backgrounds solutions of NR (super) gravity actions

Can one find **decoupling limits** giving rise to avatars of AdS/CFT ?

II. limits of AdS/CFT

- SMT-limit dual to NR world-sheet theories
- study quantization
- Hamiltonian analysis
- beta-functions

→ **tractable limit of AdS/CFT**, finite N ,
simpler moduli space/genus expansion ?