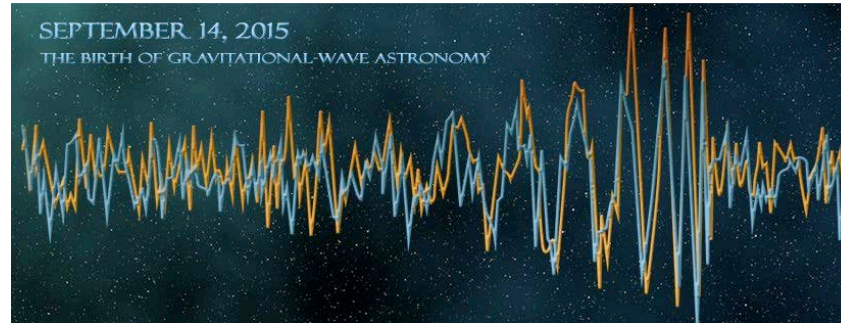


Gravitational Wave Astronomy (From Earth)



Gabriela González

Louisiana State University

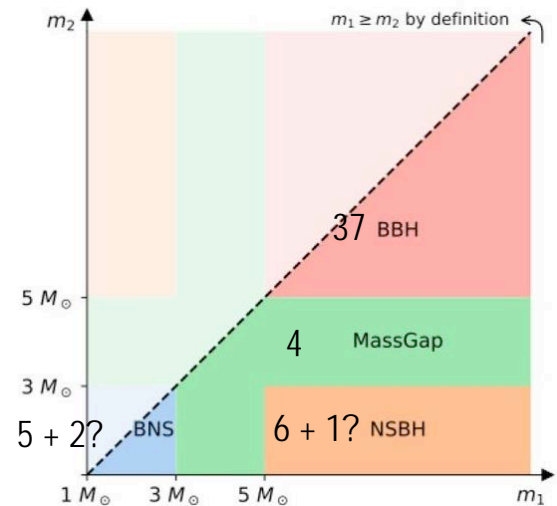
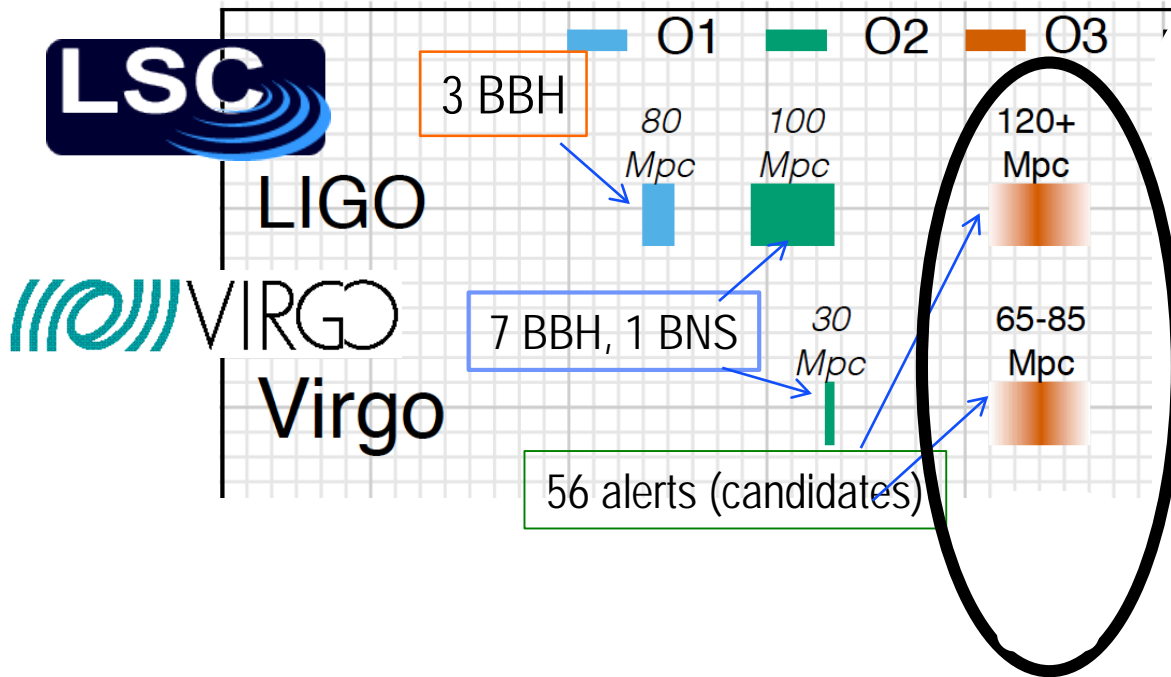
(Results presented on behalf of the LIGO/Virgo/KAGRA Collaboration)



GW detectors network



Observing Runs



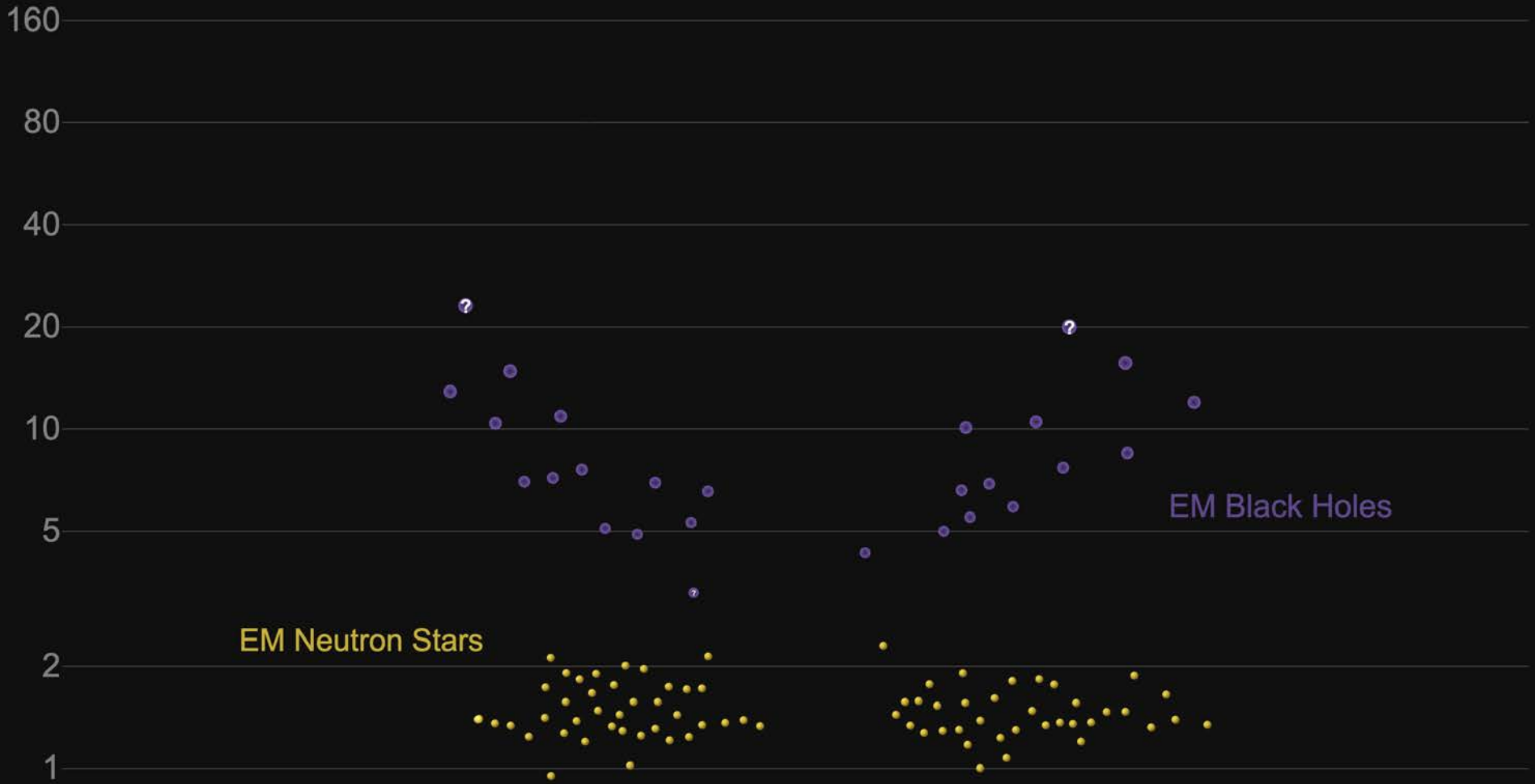
... and a (weak) different signal?

Prospects for Observing and Localizing Gravitational-Wave Transients with Advanced LIGO, Advanced Virgo and KAGRA

[Living Reviews in Relativity 23, 3 \(2020\)](#)

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

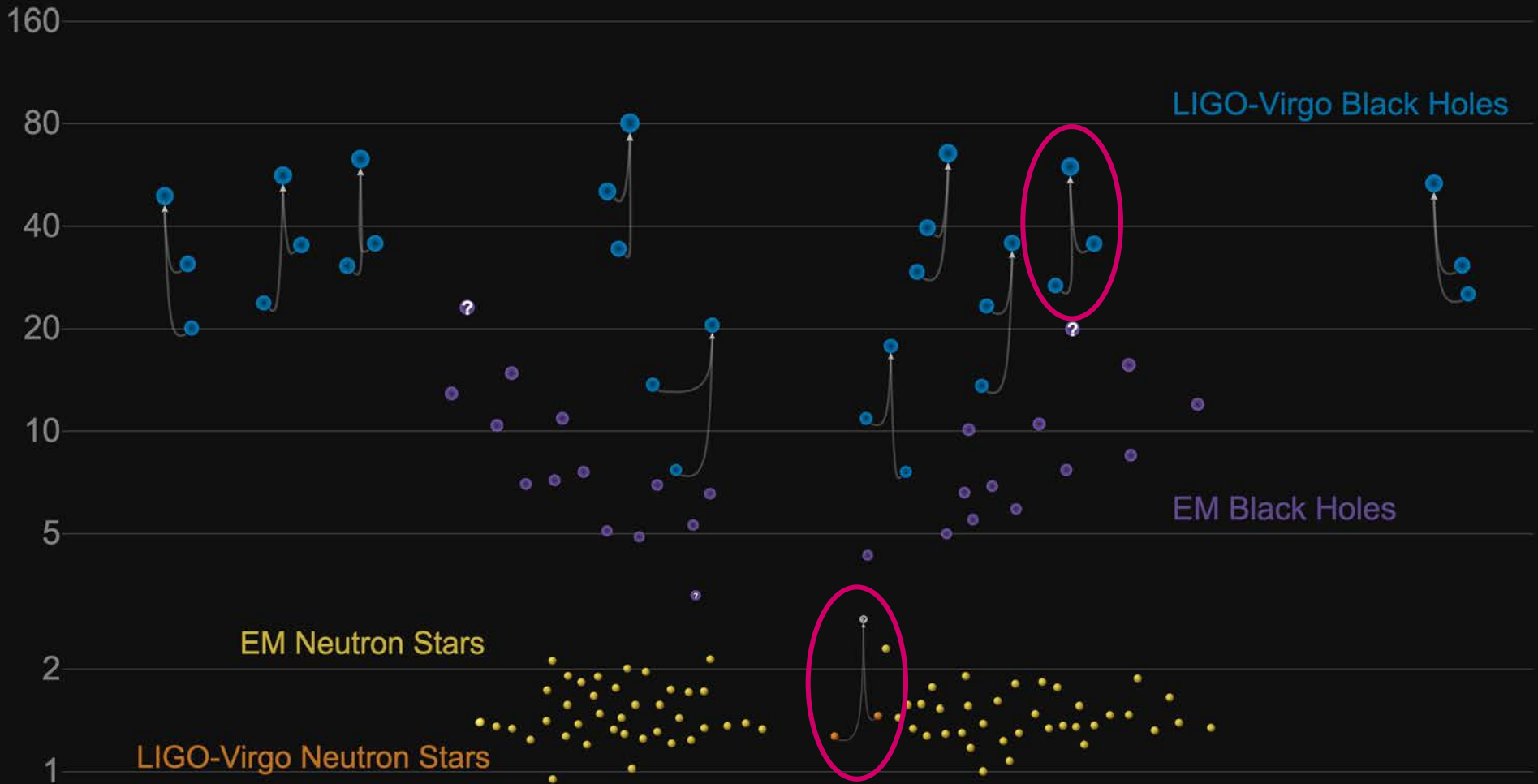
in Solar Masses



GWTC-2 plot v1.0
LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

in Solar Masses

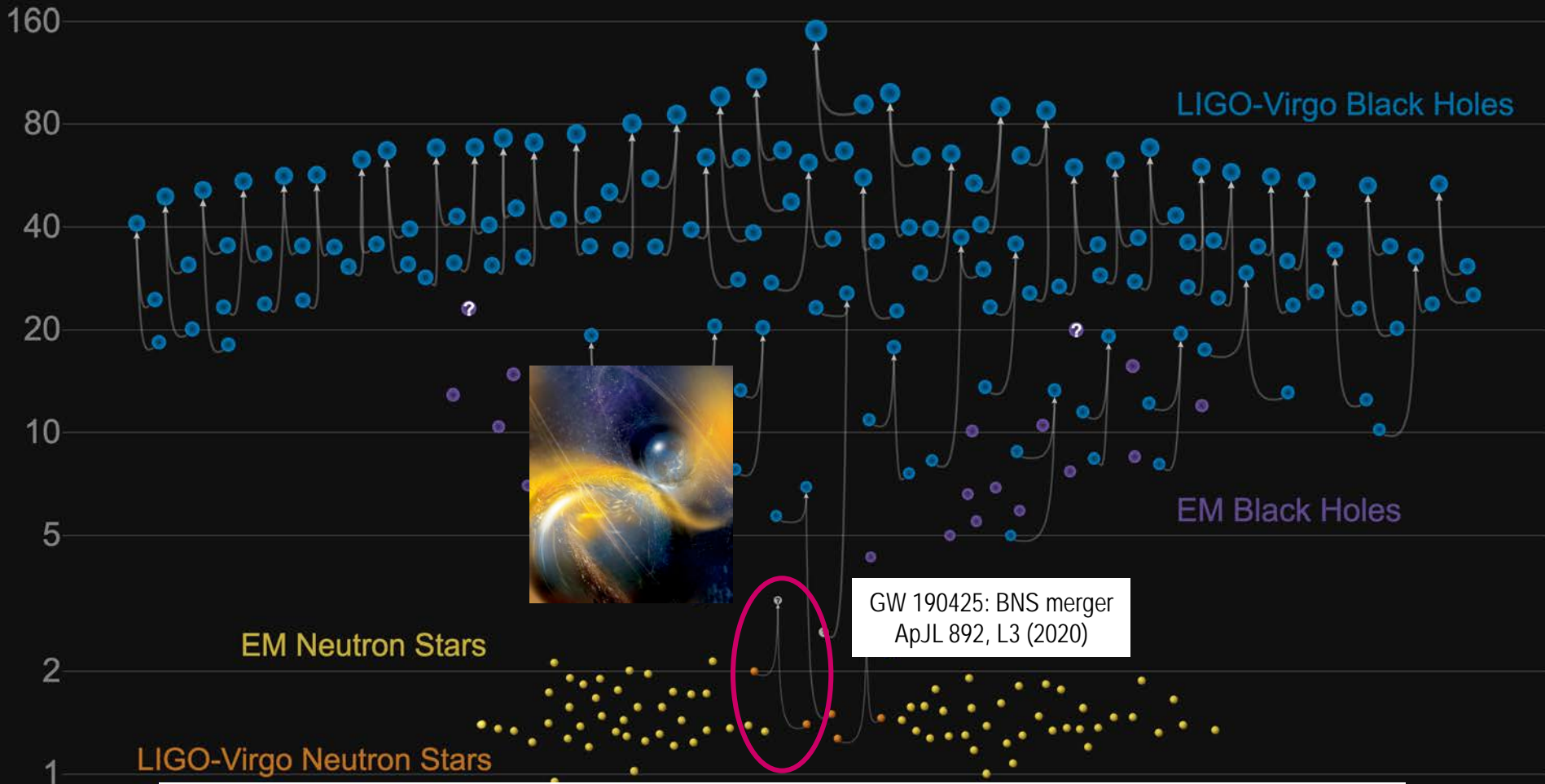


GWTC-2 plot v1.0

LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

in Solar Masses



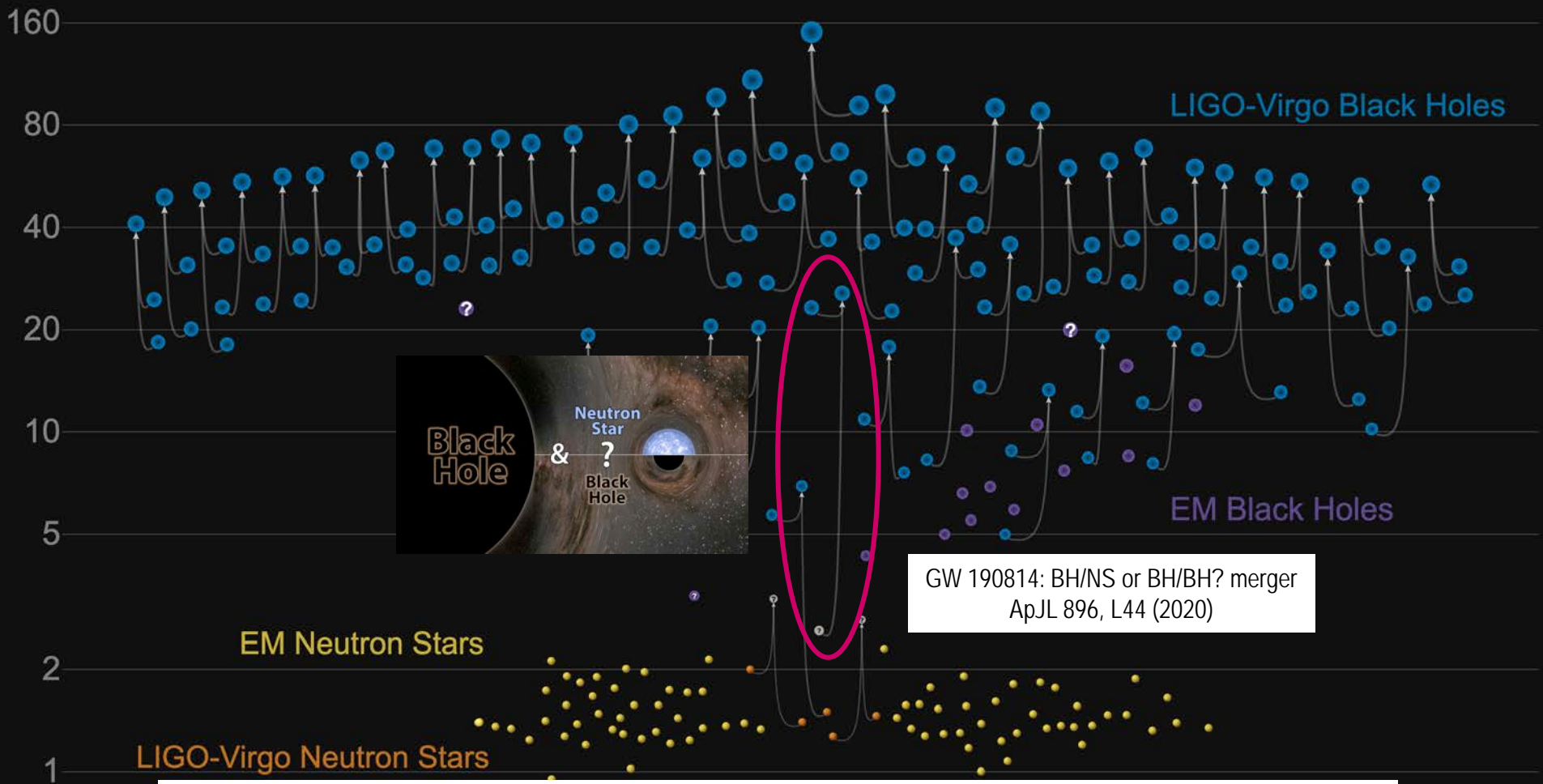
GWTC-2: Compact Binary Coalescences Observed by LIGO and Virgo During the First Half of the Third Observing Run
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.14527>

GWTC-2 plot v1.0

LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

in Solar Masses



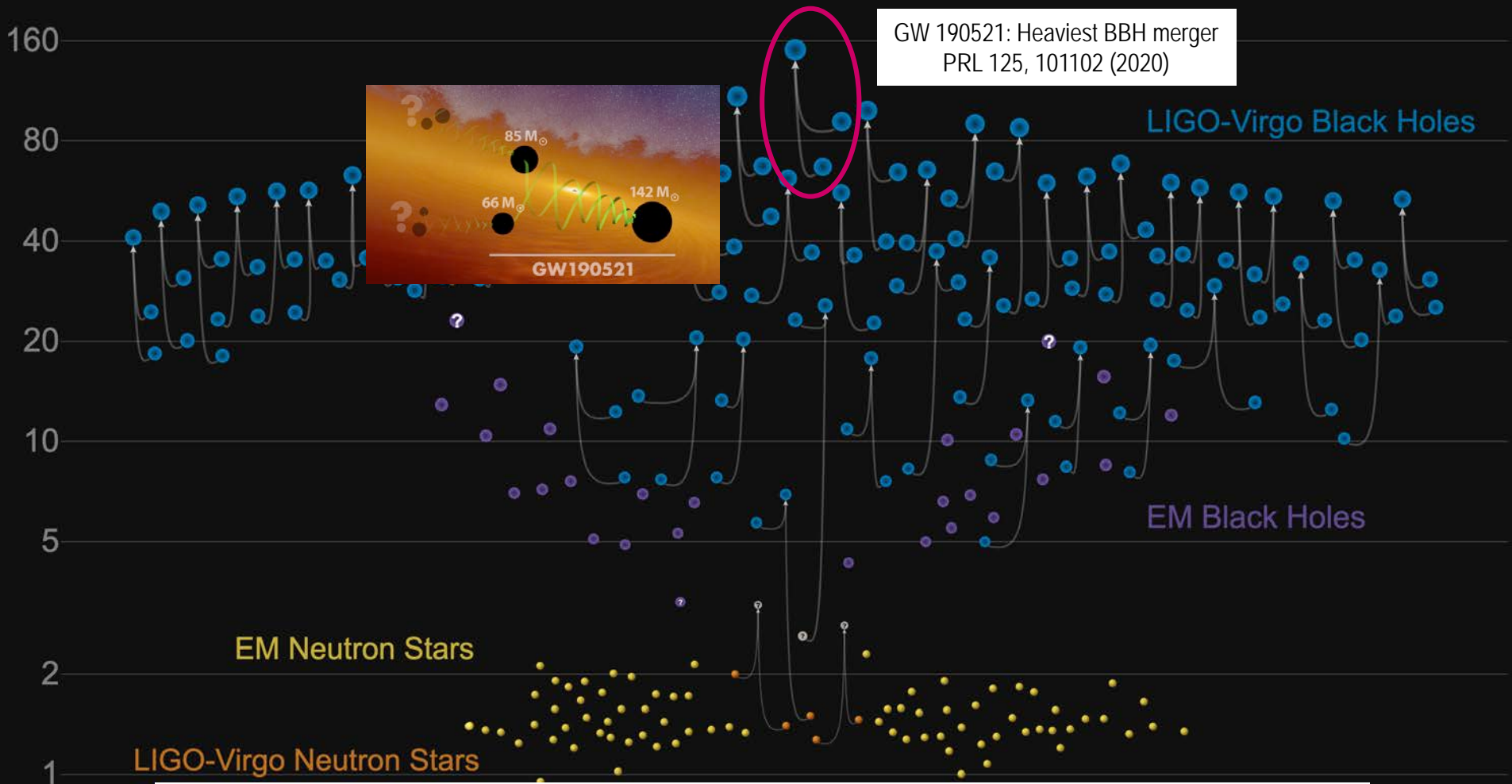
GWTC-2: Compact Binary Coalescences Observed by LIGO and Virgo During the First Half of the Third Observing Run
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.14527>

GWTC-2 plot v1.0

LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

in Solar Masses

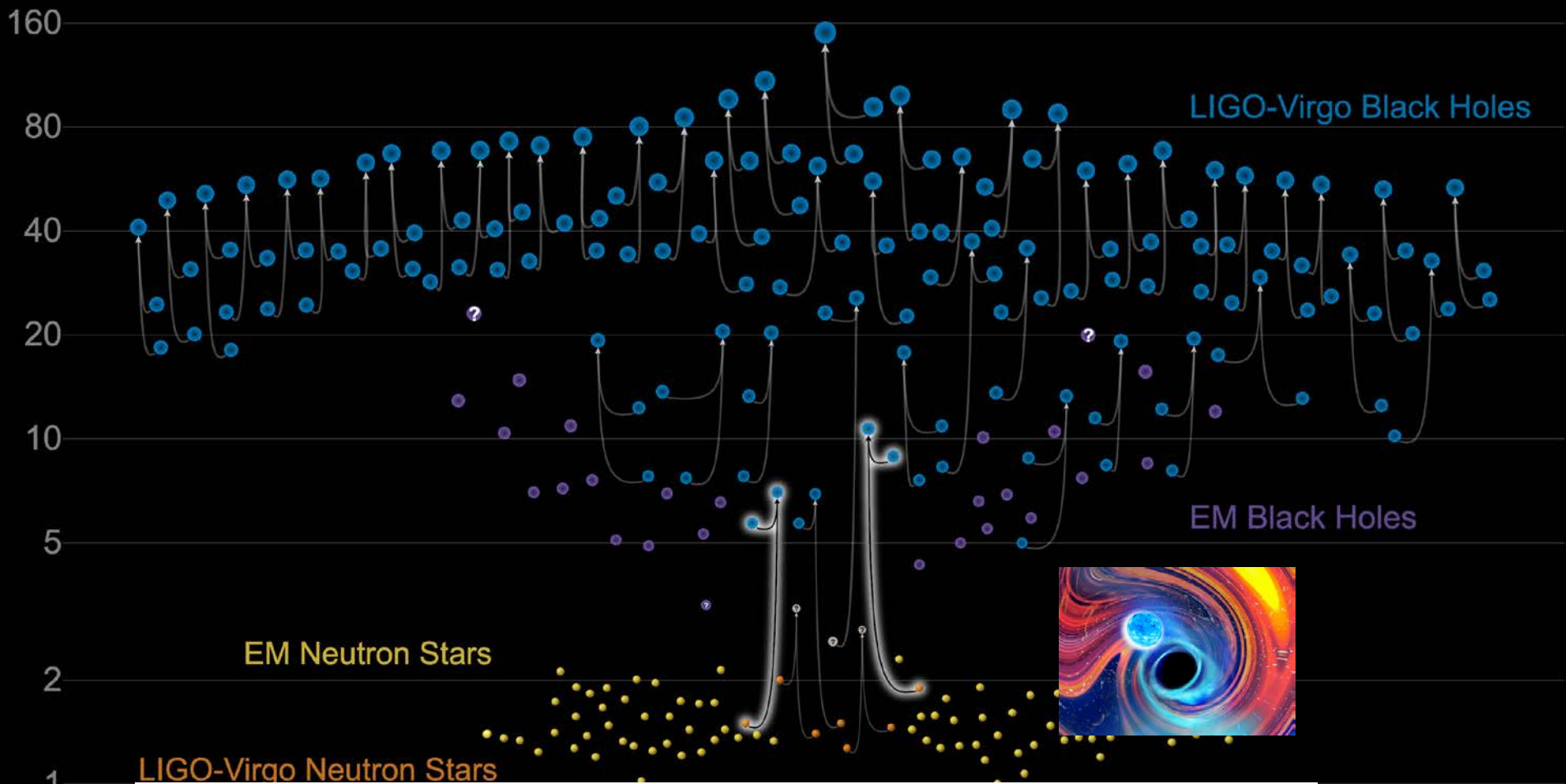


GWTC-2: Compact Binary Coalescences Observed by LIGO and Virgo During the First Half of the Third Observing Run
<https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.14527>

GWTC-2 plot v1.0
LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

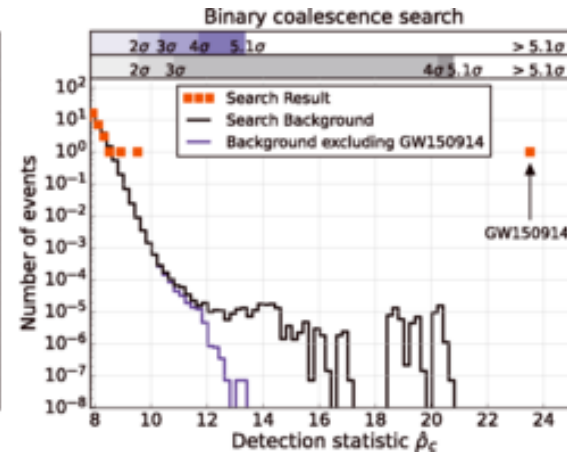
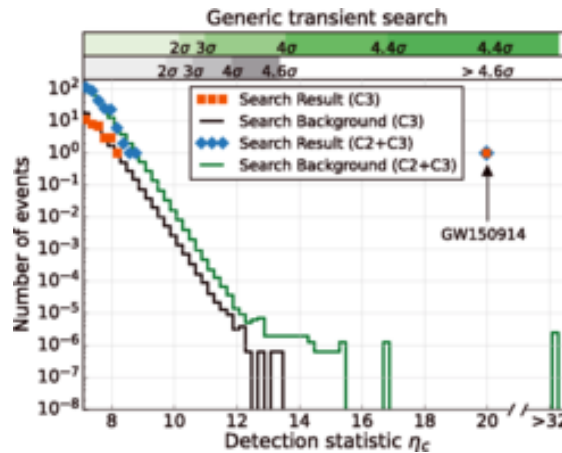
Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

in Solar Masses



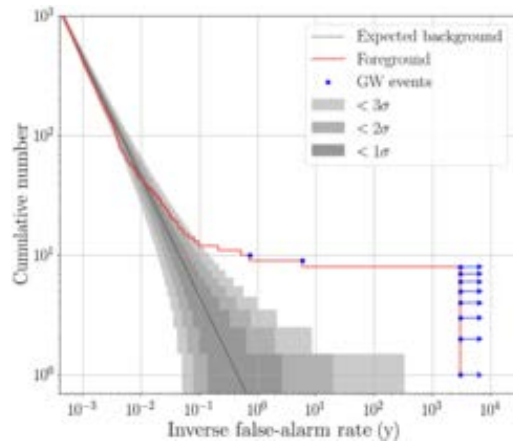
Detection Confidence

Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 061102



GWTC-1:

Phys. Rev. X 9, 031040 (2019)

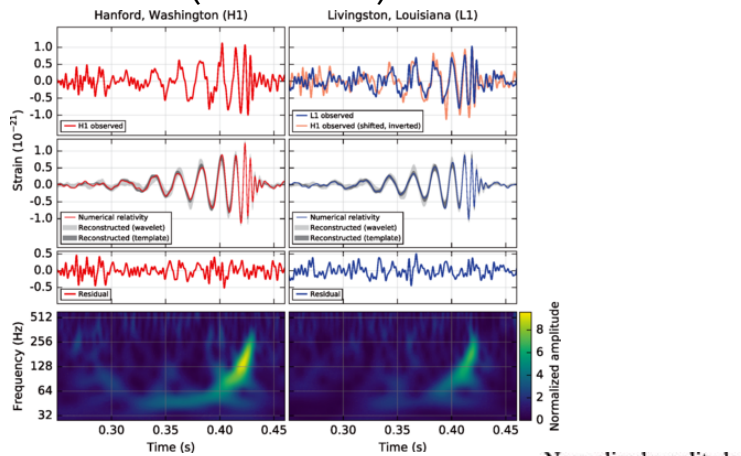


GWTC-2: Phys. Rev. X 11, 021053

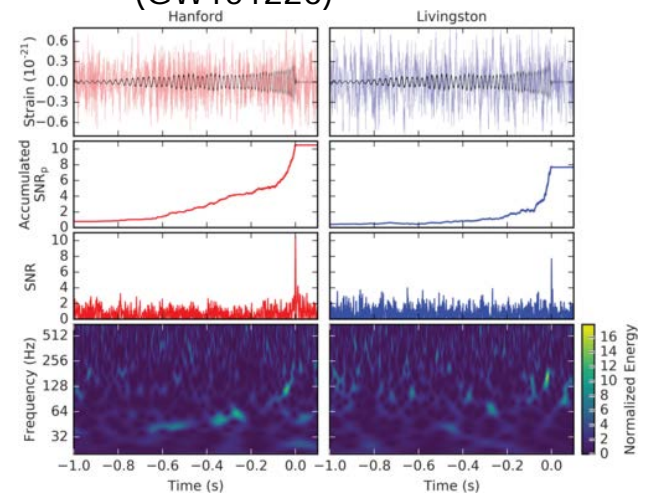
Name	Instrument	cWB		GstLAL			PyCBC			PyCBC BBH		
		FAR (yr ⁻¹)	SNR ^a	FAR (yr ⁻¹)	SNR	p_{astro}	FAR (yr ⁻¹)	SNR ^a	p_{astro}	FAR (yr ⁻¹)	SNR ^a	p_{astro}
GW190408_181802	HLV	$<9.5 \times 10^{-4}$	14.8	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	14.7	1.00	$<2.5 \times 10^{-5}$	13.5	1.00	$<7.9 \times 10^{-5}$	13.6	1.00
GW190412	HLV	$<9.5 \times 10^{-4}$	19.7	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	18.9	1.00	3.1×10^{-5}	17.9	1.00	$<7.9 \times 10^{-5}$	17.8	1.00
GW190413_052954	HLV	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7.2×10^{-2}	8.6	0.98
GW190413_134308	HLV	...	...	3.8×10^{-1}	10.0	0.95	...	...	...	4.4×10^{-2}	9.0	0.98
GW190421_213856	HL	3.0×10^{-1}	9.3	7.7×10^{-4}	10.6	1.00	1.9×10^0	10.2	0.89	6.6×10^{-3}	10.2	1.00
GW190424_180648	L	...	...	$7.8 \times 10^{-1\dagger}$	10.0	0.91	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190425	LV	...	...	$7.5 \times 10^{-4\dagger}$	13.0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190426_152155	HLV	...	...	1.4×10^0	10.1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190503_185404	HLV	1.8×10^{-3}	11.5	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	12.1	1.00	3.7×10^{-2}	12.2	1.00	$<7.9 \times 10^{-5}$	12.2	1.00
GW190512_180714	HLV	8.8×10^{-1}	10.7	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	12.3	1.00	3.8×10^{-5}	12.2	1.00	$<5.7 \times 10^{-5}$	12.2	1.00
GW190513_205428	HLV	...	...	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	12.3	1.00	3.7×10^{-4}	11.8	1.00	$<5.7 \times 10^{-5}$	11.9	1.00
GW190514_065416	HL	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.3×10^{-1}	8.3	0.96
GW190517_055101	HLV	6.5×10^{-3}	10.7	9.6×10^{-4}	10.6	1.00	1.8×10^{-2}	10.4	1.00	$<5.7 \times 10^{-5}$	10.2	1.00
GW190519_153544	HLV	3.1×10^{-4}	14.0	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	12.0	1.00	$<1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	13.0	1.00	$<5.7 \times 10^{-5}$	13.0	1.00
GW190521	HLV	2.0×10^{-4}	14.4	1.2×10^{-3}	15.0	1.00	1.1×10^0	12.6	0.93	...	...	...
GW190521_074359	HL	$<1.0 \times 10^{-4}$	24.7	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	24.4	1.00	$<1.8 \times 10^{-5}$	24.0	1.00	$<5.7 \times 10^{-5}$	24.0	1.00
GW190527_092055	HL	...	...	6.2×10^{-2}	8.9	0.99	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190602_175927	HLV	1.5×10^{-2}	11.1	1.1×10^{-5}	12.1	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190620_030421	LV	...	...	$2.9 \times 10^{-3\dagger}$	13.1	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190630_185205	LV	...	...	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5\dagger}$	15.6	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190701_203306	HLV	5.5×10^{-1}	10.2	1.1×10^{-2}	11.6	1.00	...	...	...	...	...	...
GW190706_222641	HLV	$<1.0 \times 10^{-3}$	12.7	$<1.0 \times 10^{-5}$	12.3	1.00	6.7×10^{-5}	11.7	1.00	$<4.6 \times 10^{-5}$	12.3	1.00

Detection Confidence

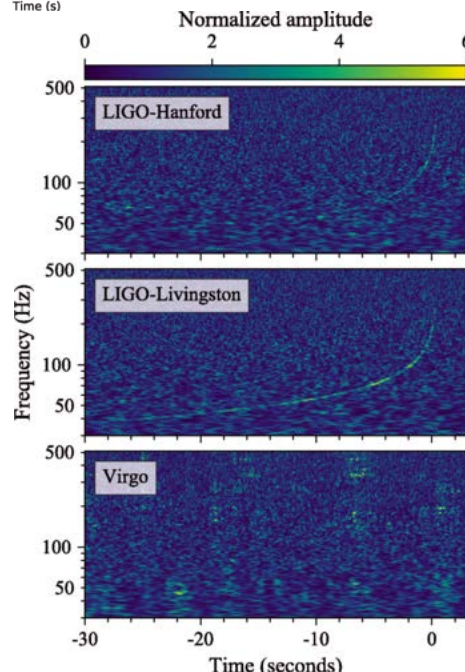
Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 061102
(GW150914)



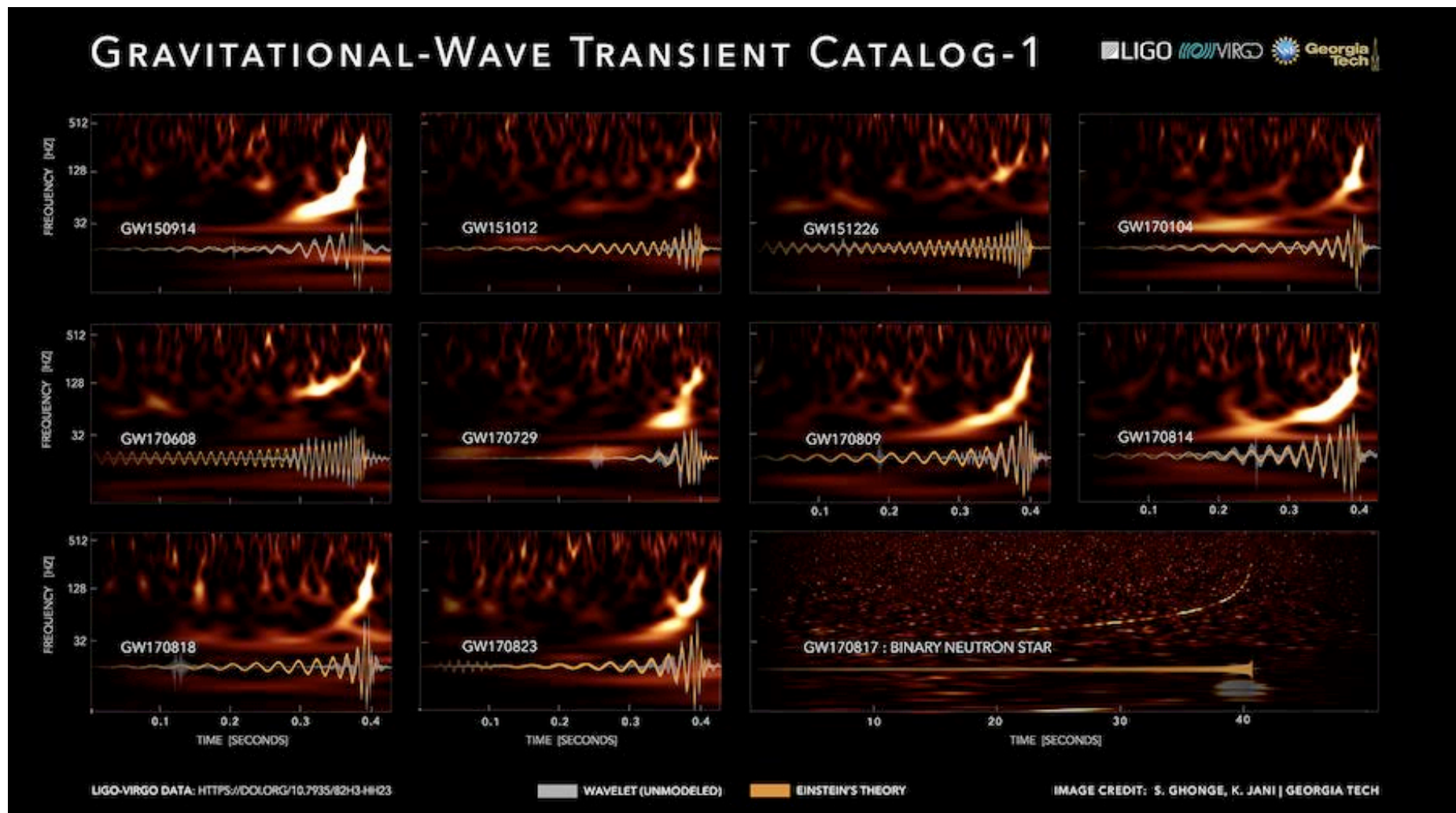
Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 241103
(GW151226)



Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 161101
(GW170817)



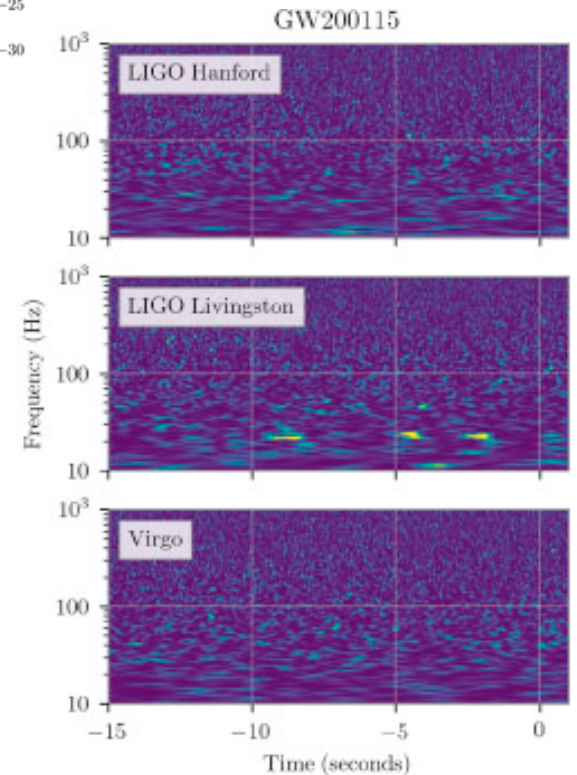
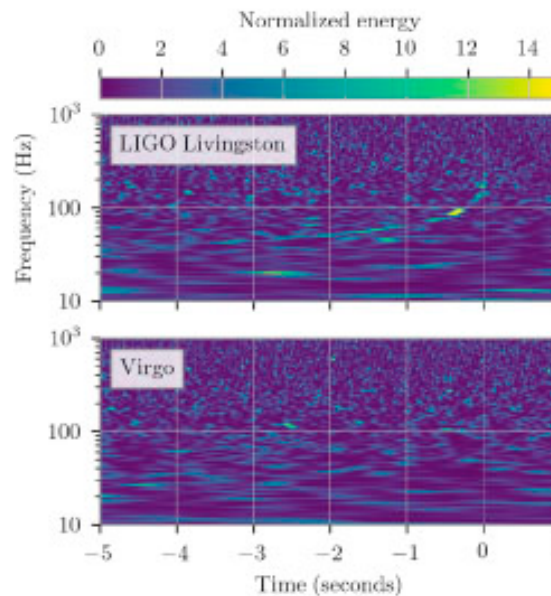
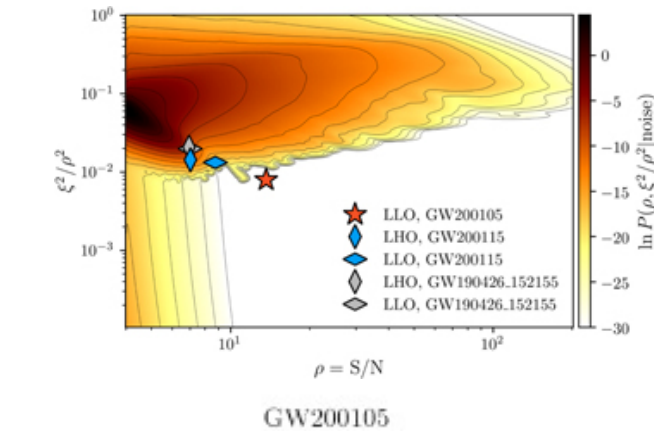
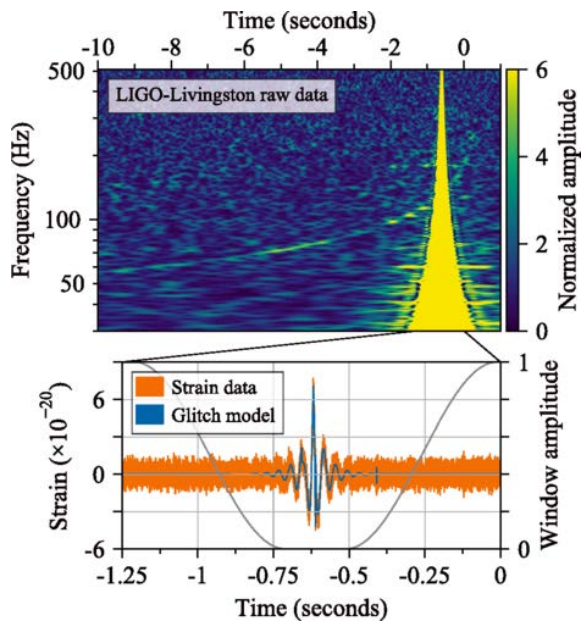
O1-O2 (2015-2017)



[Phys. Rev. X 9, 031040 \(2019\)](#)

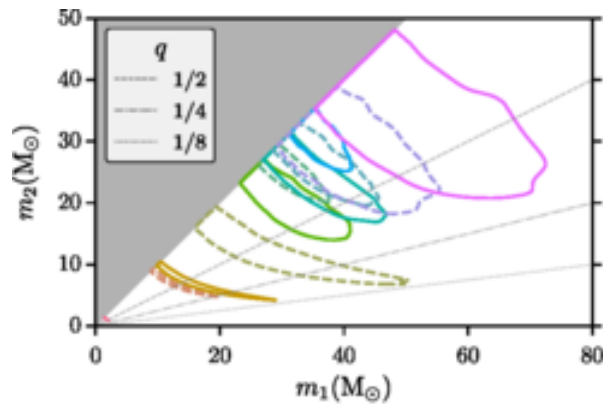
Detection confidence

Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 161101
(GW170817)

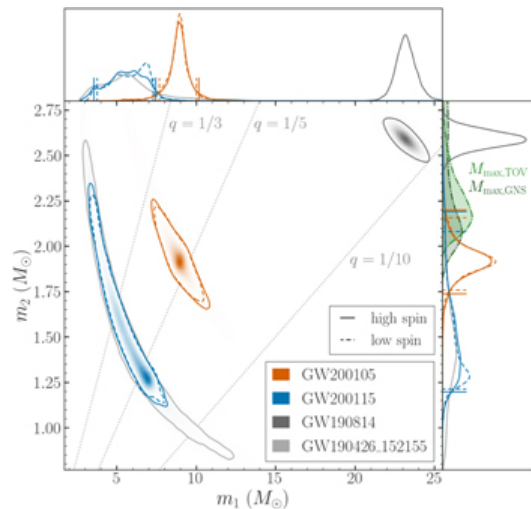
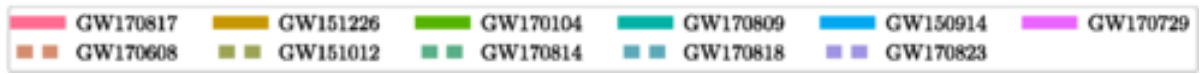
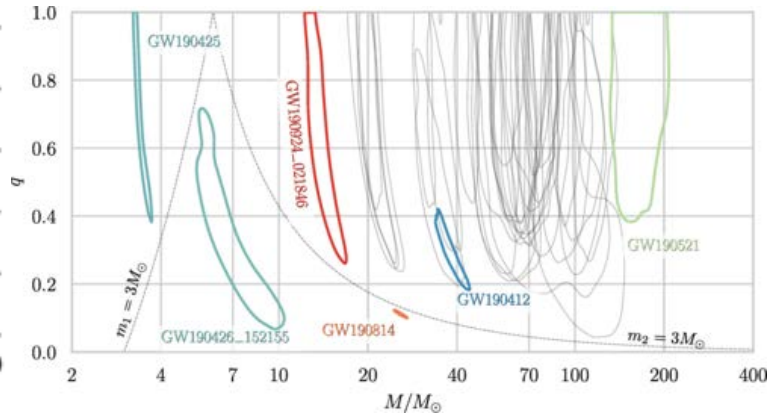


Mass estimates

GWTC-1:
Phys. Rev. X 9, 031040 (2019)



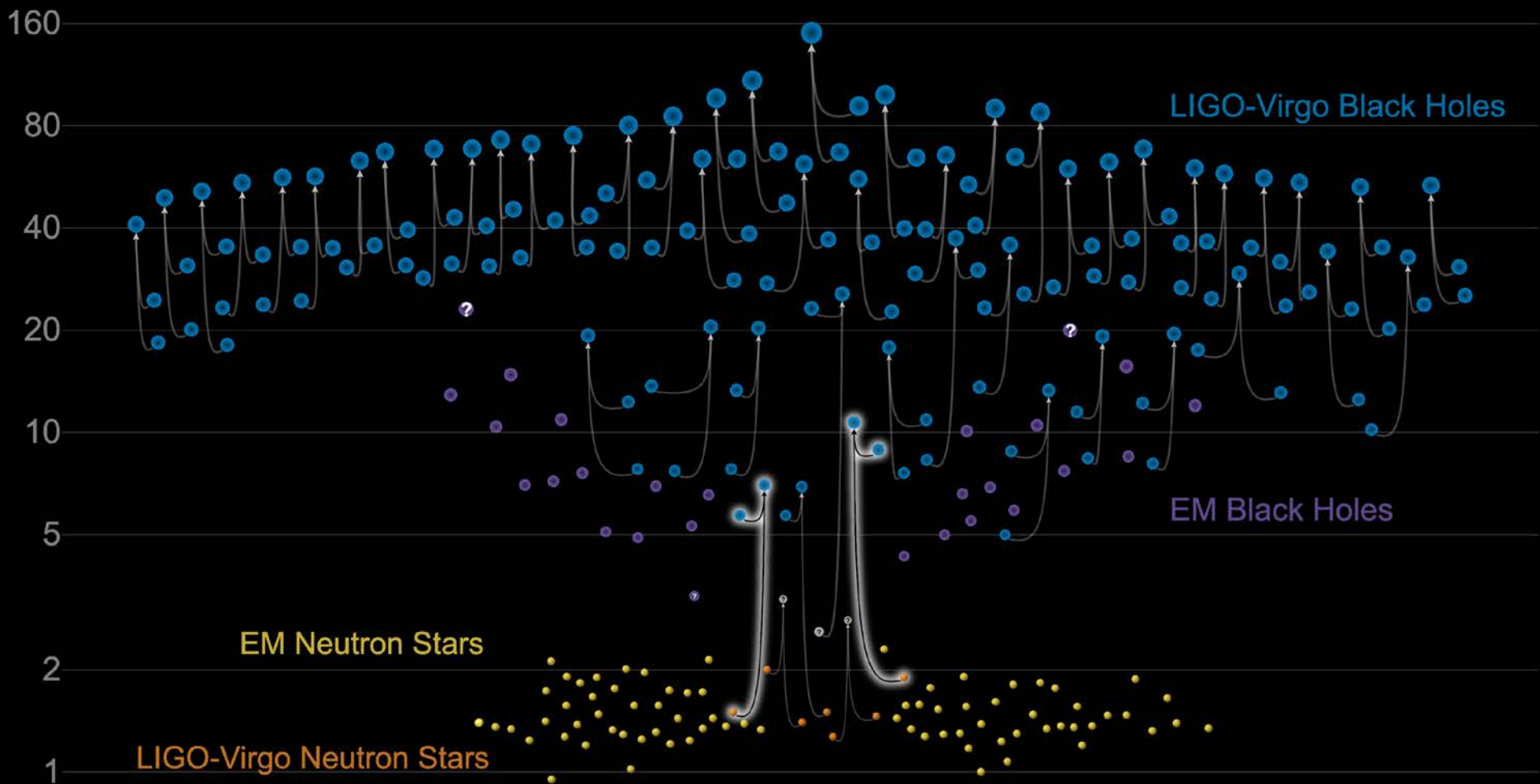
GWTC-2:
Phys. Rev. X 11, 021053



Astrophys. J. Lett 915, L5 (2021)

Masses in the Stellar Graveyard

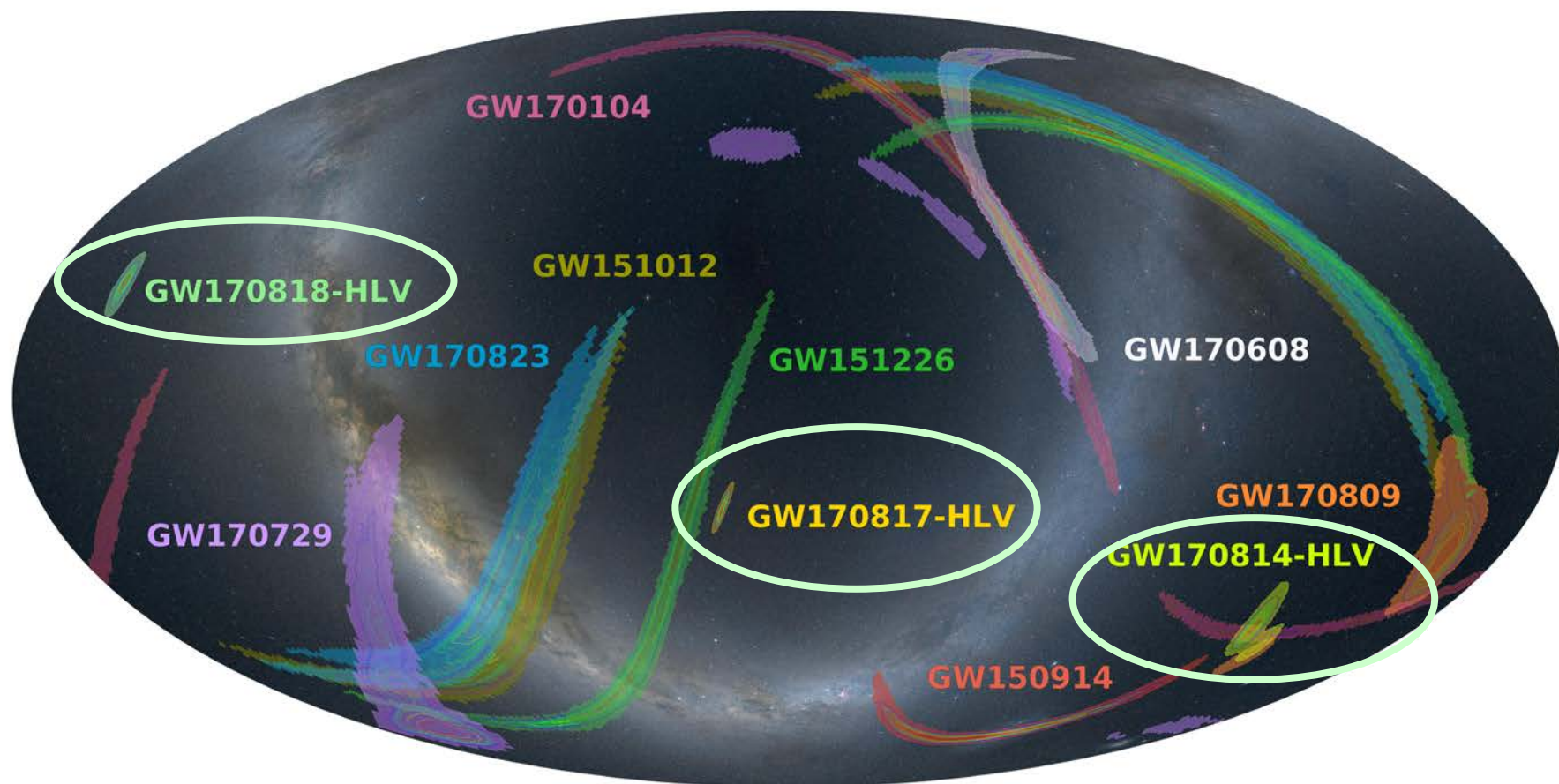
in Solar Masses



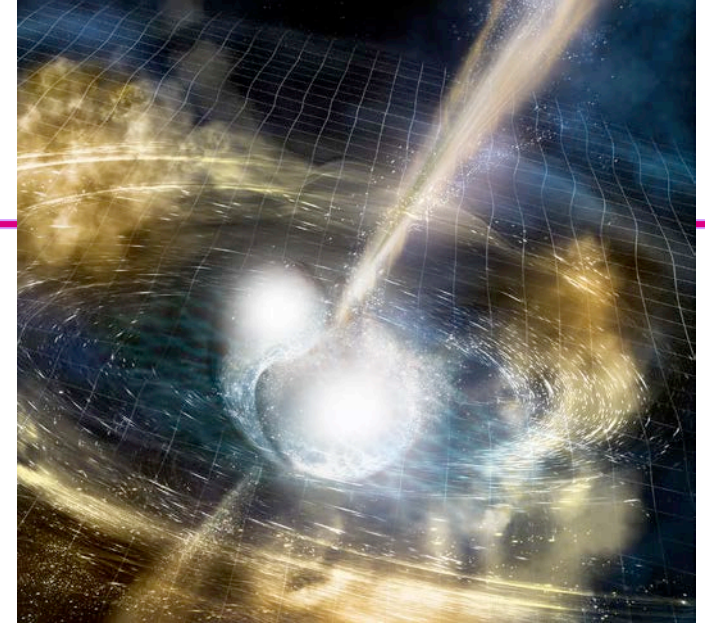
GWTC-2 plot v1.0

LIGO-Virgo | Frank Elavsky, Aaron Geller | Northwestern

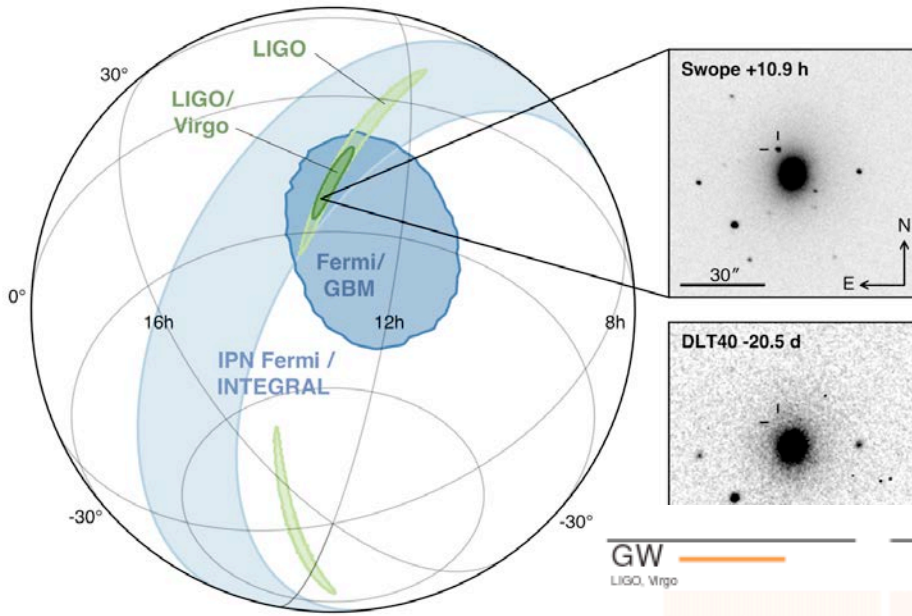
Localization estimates



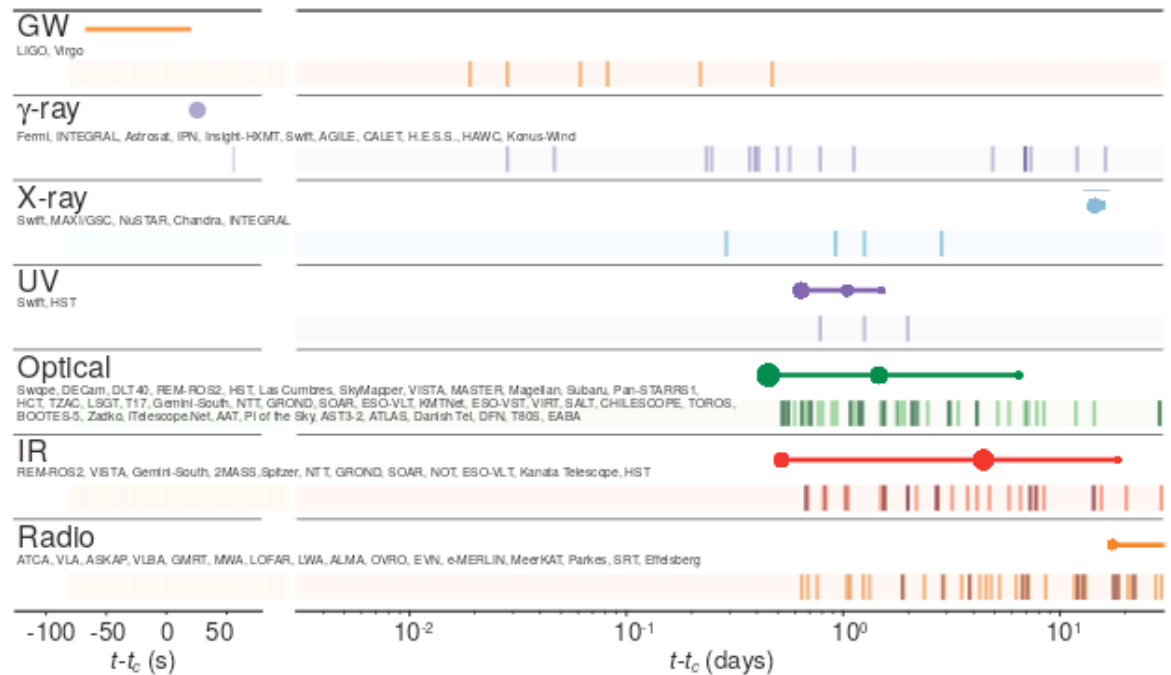
A kilonova rainbow



Credit: NSF/LIGO/Sonoma State University/A. Simonnet



Astrophys. J. Lett. 848, L12 (2017)

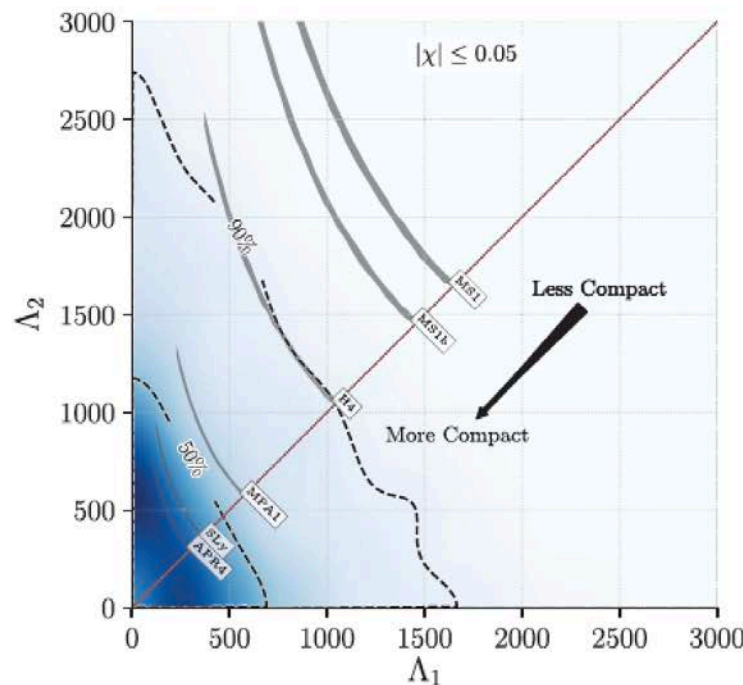
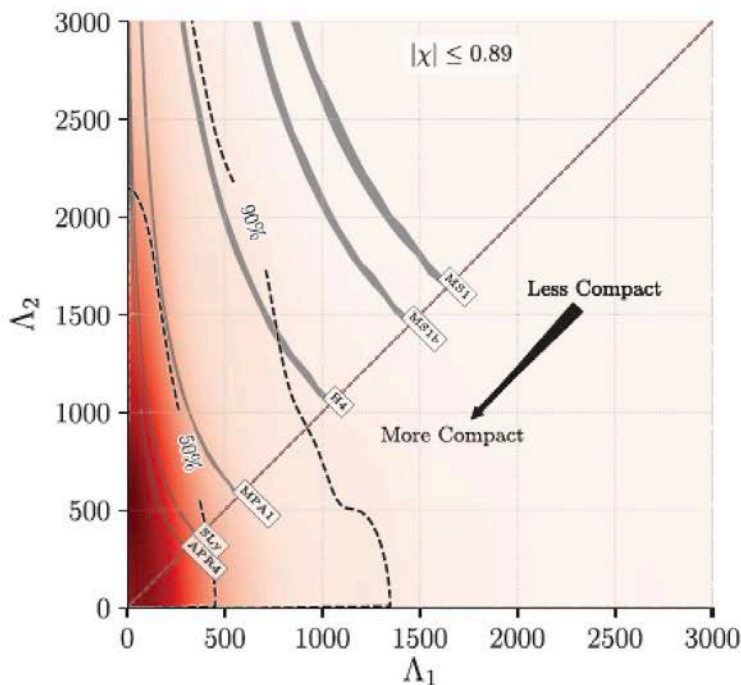


Nuclear physics with GWs

PRL 119, 161101 (2017)

PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

week ending
20 OCTOBER 2017

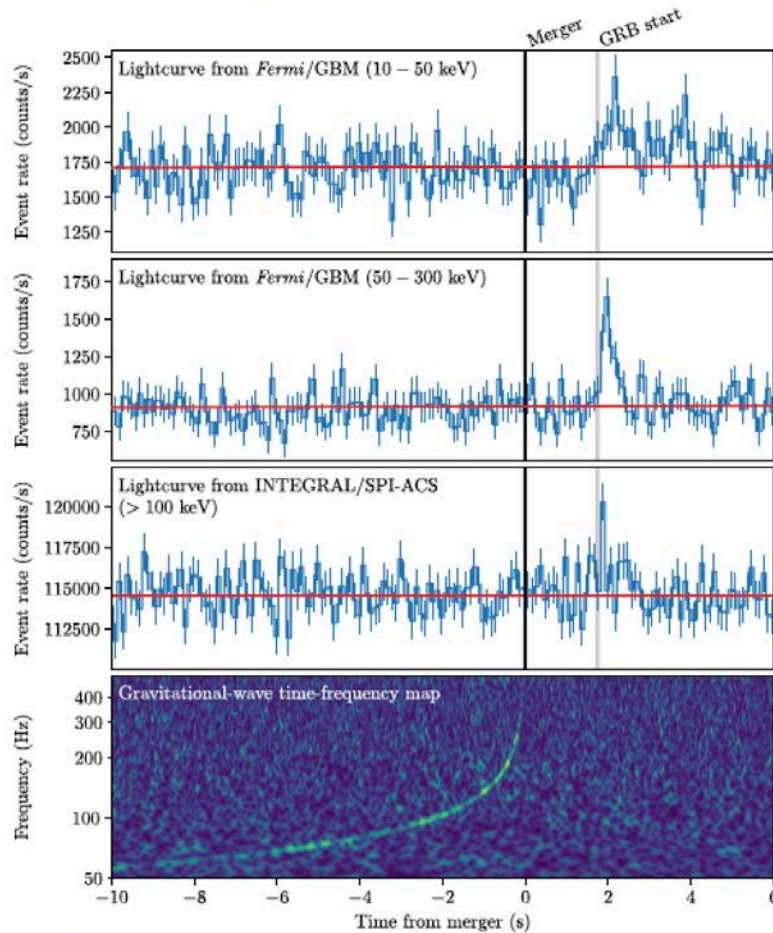


$$\Lambda = \frac{2}{3} k_2 \left(\frac{R}{m} \right)^5$$

GW-GRB observation: Fundamental physics

THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL LETTERS, 848:L13 (27pp), 2017 October 20

Abbott et al.



$$-3 \times 10^{-15} \leq \frac{\Delta v}{v_{\text{EM}}} \leq +7 \times 10^{-16}.$$

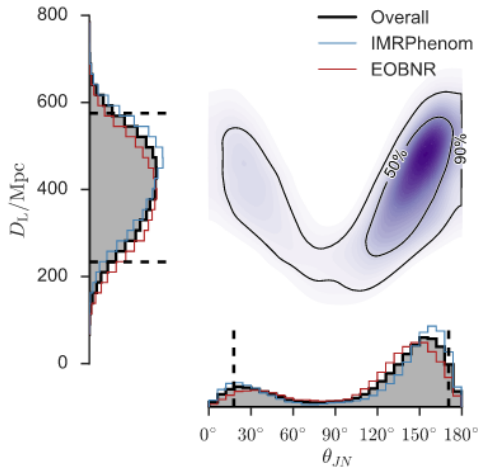
$$-2.6 \times 10^{-7} \leq \gamma_{\text{GW}} - \gamma_{\text{EM}} \leq 1.2 \times 10^{-6}. \quad (4)$$

The best absolute bound on γ_{EM} is $\gamma_{\text{EM}} - 1 = (2.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-5}$, from the measurement of the Shapiro delay (at radio wavelengths) with the Cassini spacecraft (Bertotti et al. 2003).

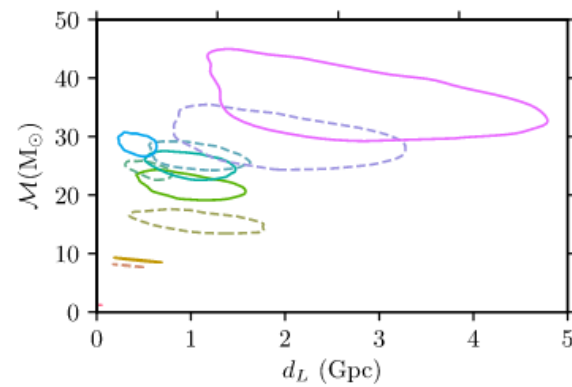
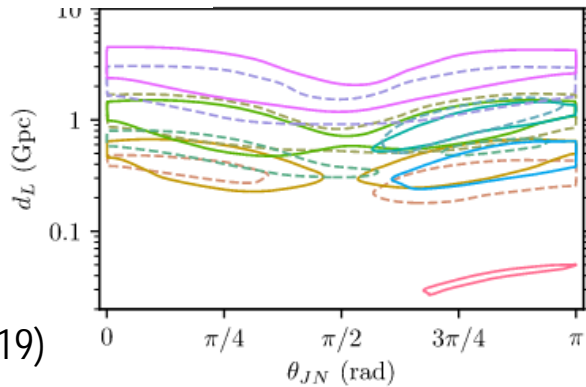
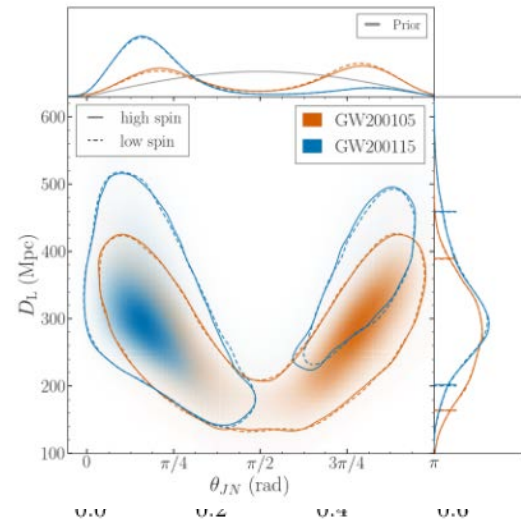
ApJL, 848:L13, 2017

Distance estimates

Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 061102
(GW150914)

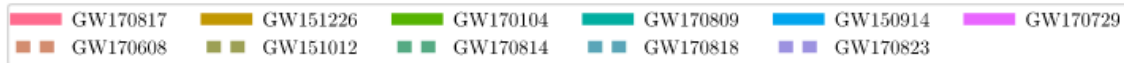


Astroph. J. Lett 915:L5 (2021)



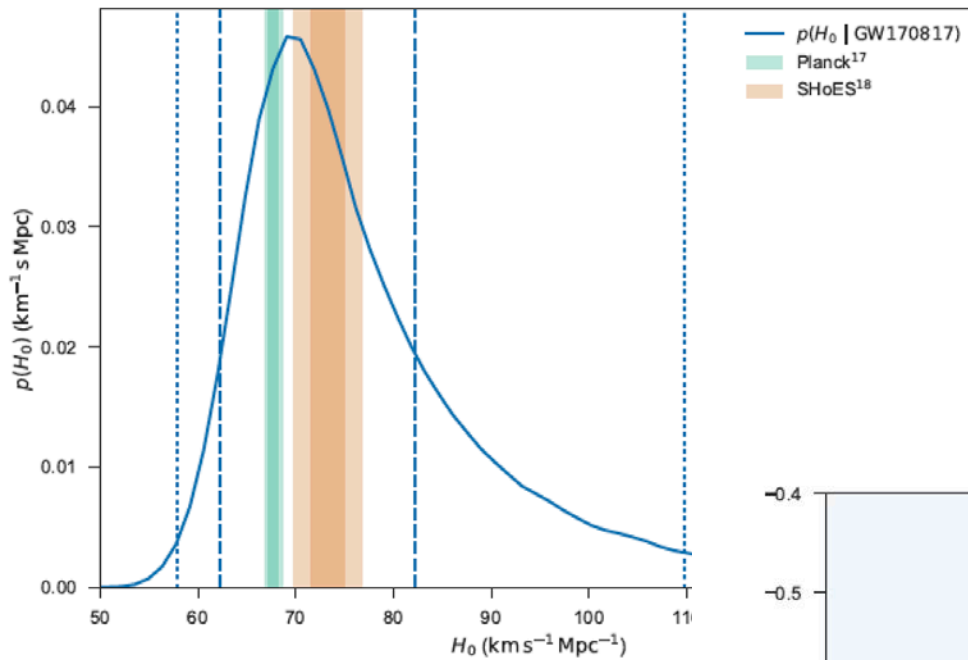
GWTC-1:

Phys. Rev. X 9, 031040 (2019)

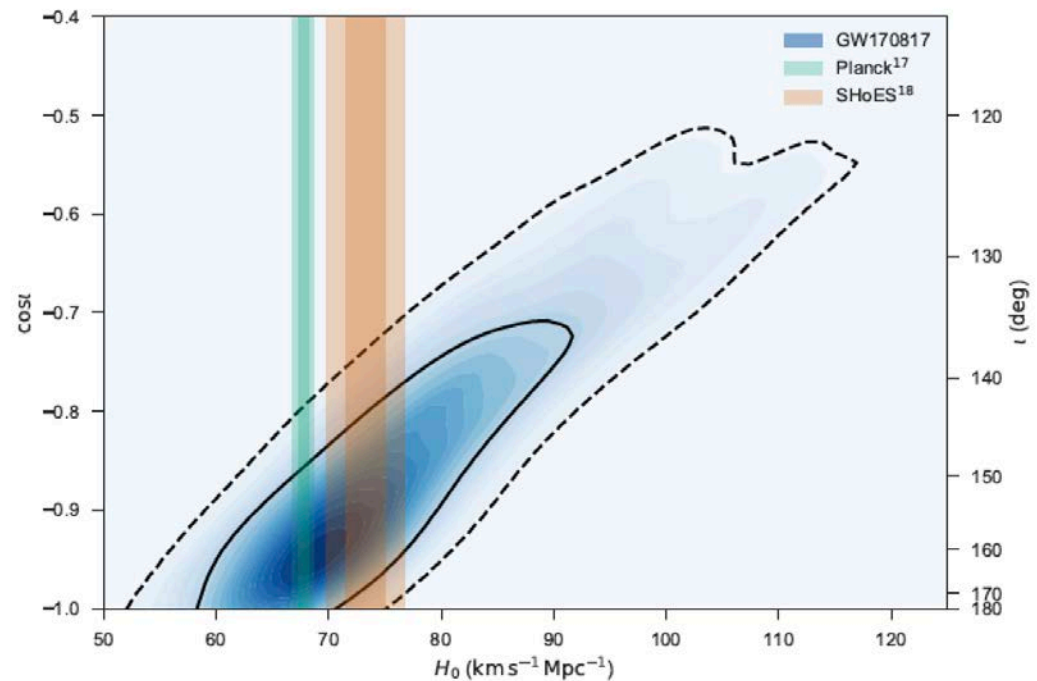


Max distance: GW 4.45 Gpc, GW190413_134308 (chirp mass 33 Ms)

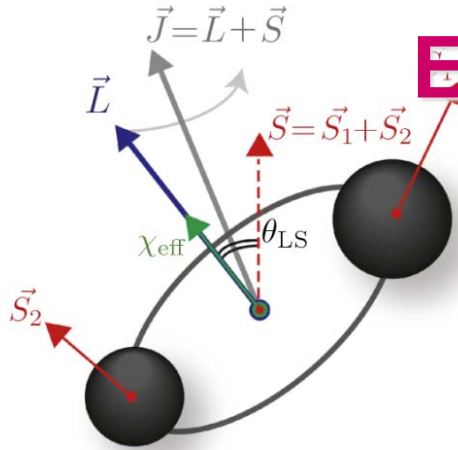
Cosmology with GWs



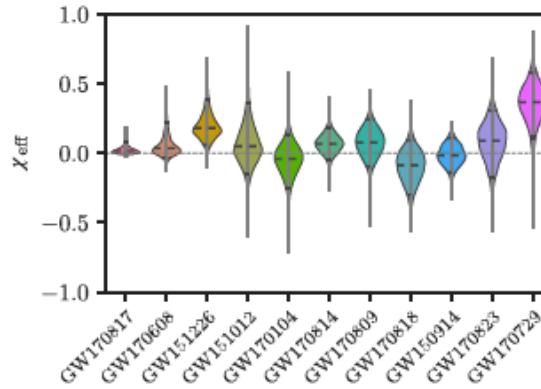
[Nature 551, 85 \(2017\)](#)



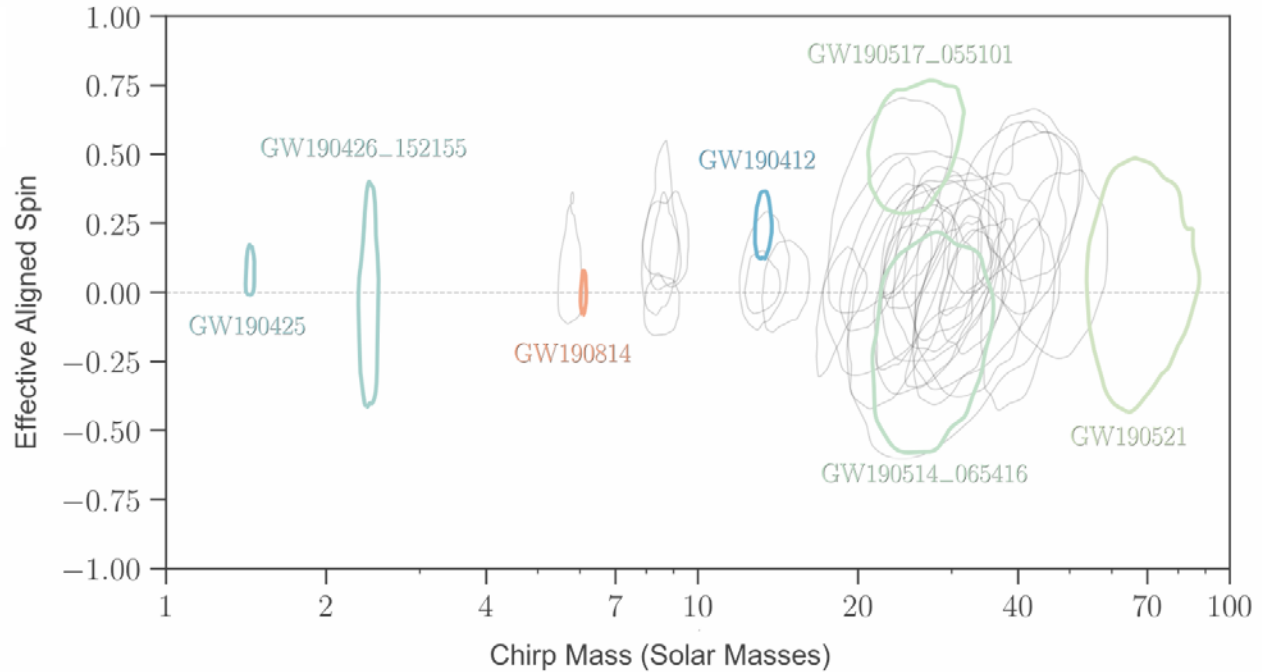
Effective Aligned Spin



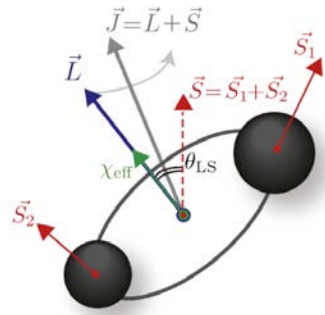
Credit: Carl Rodriguez



$$\chi_{\text{eff}} = \frac{(m_1 \vec{\chi}_1 + m_2 \vec{\chi}_2) \cdot \hat{L}_N}{M}$$



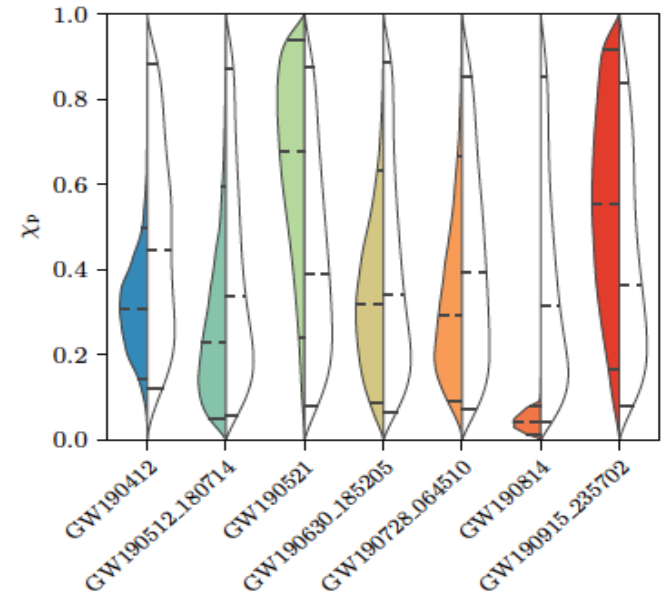
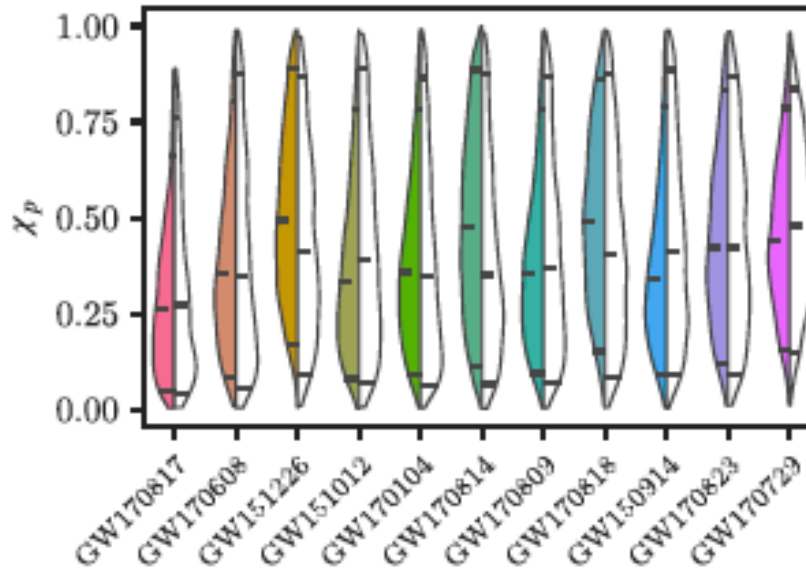
Effective Precession Spin



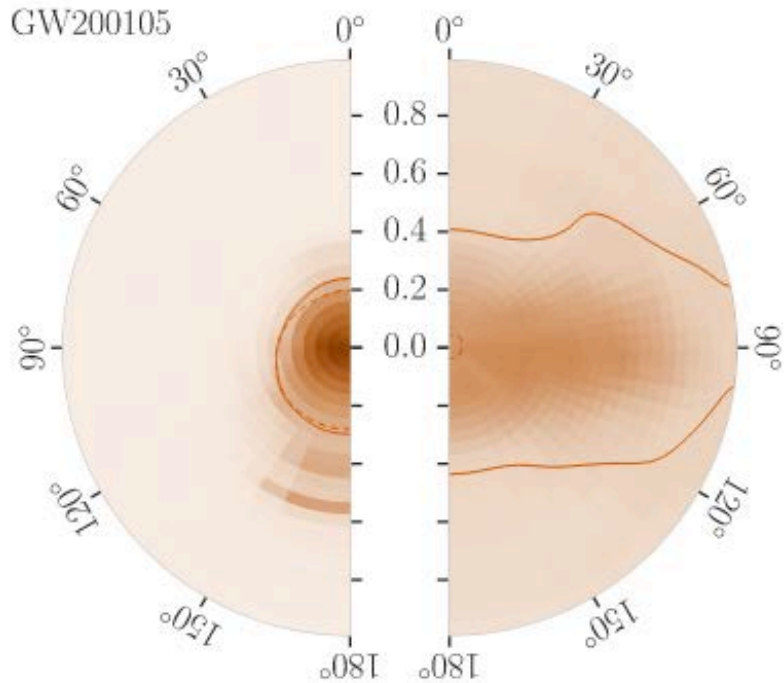
$$\chi_p = \frac{1}{B_1 m_1^2} \max(B_1 S_{1\perp}, B_2 S_{2\perp}) > 0,$$

$$B_1 = 2 + 3m_2/(2m_1), \quad B_2 = 2 + 3m_1/(2m_2)$$

Credit:
LIGO/Caltech/MIT/Sonoma State (Aurore Simmonnet)

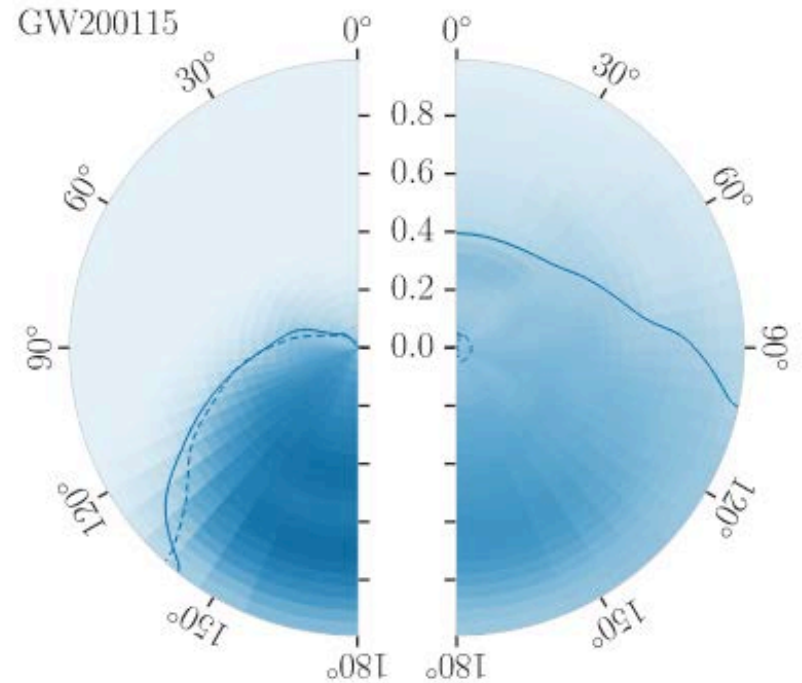


Spin estimates



Primary

Secondary



Primary

Secondary

Phys. Rev. D 100, 104036 (2019)

SNR	GR tests performed				
	RT	IMR	PI	PPI	MDR
$25.3^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
$9.2^{+0.3}_{-0.4}$	✓	-	-	✓	✓
$12.4^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	✓	-	✓	-	✓
$14.0^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
$15.6^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
$10.8^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
$12.7^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
$17.8^{+0.3}_{-0.3}$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
$11.9^{+0.3}_{-0.4}$	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
$12.1^{+0.2}_{-0.3}$	✓	✓	-	✓	✓

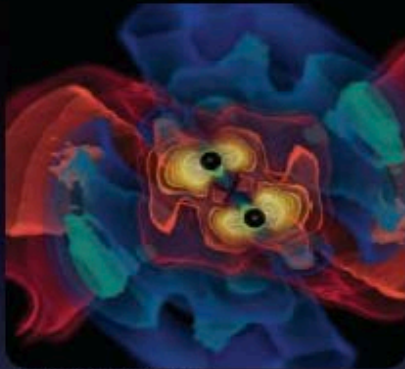
- RT: If we subtract the best fit from data, are residuals inconsistent with instrumental noise?
- IMR: Are parameters obtained when fitting the inspiral phase different than those fitting the merger-ringdown phase?
- PI/PPI: If we parameterize the inspiral/post-inspiral phase, do we find deviations from the GR parameters?
- MDR: Do we have evidence of a modified dispersion relation (a.k.a. as graviton mass)?

Ans: $m_g < 10^{-23} \text{ eV}/c^2$

Event	Inst.	Properties					SNR	Tests performed						
		D_L [Gpc]	$(1+z)M$ [M_\odot]	$(1+z)\mathcal{M}$ [M_\odot]	$(1+z)M_f$ [M_\odot]	χ_f		RT	IMR	PAR	SIM	MDR	RD	ECH	POL
GW190408_181802	HLV	1.55 ^{+0.40} _{-0.60}	55.5 ^{+3.5} _{-3.8}	23.7 ^{+1.4} _{-1.7}	53.0 ^{+3.2} _{-3.4}	0.67 ^{+0.06} _{-0.07}	15.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GW190412	HLV	0.74 ^{+0.14} _{-0.17}	44.2 ^{+4.5} _{-4.6}	15.2 ^{+0.2} _{-0.2}	42.9 ^{+0.2} _{-0.7}	0.67 ^{+0.05} _{-0.06}	18.9 ^{+0.3} _{-0.3}	✓	-	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
GW190421_213856	HL	2.88 ^{+1.37} _{-1.38}	108.7 ^{+15.3} _{-12.4}	46.6 ^{+6.6} _{-6.0}	103.9 ^{+14.1} _{-11.3}	0.67 ^{+0.10} _{-0.11}	10.7 ^{+0.2} _{-0.4}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	-
GW190503_185404	HLV	1.45 ^{+0.69} _{-0.63}	91.6 ^{+11.2} _{-11.8}	38.6 ^{+5.3} _{-6.0}	87.6 ^{+10.2} _{-10.8}	0.66 ^{+0.09} _{-0.12}	12.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190512_180714	HLV	1.43 ^{+0.55} _{-0.55}	45.3 ^{+3.9} _{-2.8}	18.6 ^{+0.9} _{-0.8}	43.5 ^{+4.0} _{-2.8}	0.65 ^{+0.07} _{-0.07}	12.2 ^{+0.2} _{-0.4}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GW190513_205428	HLV	2.06 ^{+0.88} _{-0.80}	73.6 ^{+12.7} _{-6.7}	29.5 ^{+5.6} _{-2.5}	70.6 ^{+11.5} _{-6.7}	0.68 ^{+0.14} _{-0.12}	12.9 ^{+0.3} _{-0.4}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190517_055101	HLV	1.86 ^{+1.62} _{-0.84}	85.4 ^{+9.6} _{-7.3}	35.9 ^{+4.0} _{-3.4}	79.8 ^{+8.8} _{-6.4}	0.87 ^{+0.05} _{-0.07}	10.7 ^{+0.4} _{-0.6}	✓	-	✓	-	✓	-	✓
GW190519_153544	HLV	2.53 ^{+1.83} _{-0.92}	155.1 ^{+16.7} _{-17.9}	65.1 ^{+7.7} _{-10.3}	146.8 ^{+14.7} _{-15.4}	0.79 ^{+0.07} _{-0.13}	15.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190521	HLV	3.92 ^{+2.19} _{-1.95}	269.4 ^{+39.8} _{-34.6}	114.8 ^{+15.2} _{-17.6}	256.6 ^{+36.6} _{-30.4}	0.71 ^{+0.12} _{-0.16}	14.2 ^{+0.3} _{-0.3}	✓	-	✓	-	-	✓	✓
GW190521_074359	HL	1.24 ^{+0.40} _{-0.57}	92.6 ^{+4.8} _{-5.4}	39.8 ^{+2.2} _{-3.0}	88.0 ^{+4.3} _{-4.8}	0.72 ^{+0.05} _{-0.07}	25.8 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-
GW190602_175927	HLV	2.69 ^{+1.79} _{-1.12}	171.8 ^{+23.2} _{-20.6}	72.9 ^{+10.8} _{-13.7}	163.8 ^{+20.7} _{-18.3}	0.70 ^{+0.10} _{-0.14}	12.8 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	-	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190630_185205	LV	0.89 ^{+0.56} _{-0.37}	69.6 ^{+4.2} _{-3.5}	29.4 ^{+1.6} _{-1.5}	66.3 ^{+4.2} _{-3.3}	0.70 ^{+0.05} _{-0.07}	15.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	-	✓
GW190706_222641	HLV	4.42 ^{+2.59} _{-1.93}	180.3 ^{+23.3} _{-27.7}	75.1 ^{+11.0} _{-17.5}	171.1 ^{+20.0} _{-23.7}	0.78 ^{+0.09} _{-0.18}	12.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.4}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190707_093326	HL	0.77 ^{+0.38} _{-0.37}	23.1 ^{+1.8} _{-0.5}	9.89 ^{+0.1} _{-0.09}	22.1 ^{+1.9} _{-0.5}	0.66 ^{+0.03} _{-0.04}	13.3 ^{+0.2} _{-0.4}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-
GW190708_232457	LV	0.88 ^{+0.33} _{-0.39}	36.1 ^{+2.5} _{-0.8}	15.5 ^{+0.3} _{-0.2}	34.4 ^{+2.7} _{-0.7}	0.69 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	13.1 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	-
GW190720_000836	HLV	0.79 ^{+0.69} _{-0.32}	24.9 ^{+5.0} _{-1.2}	10.4 ^{+0.2} _{-0.1}	23.7 ^{+5.2} _{-1.2}	0.72 ^{+0.06} _{-0.05}	11.0 ^{+0.3} _{-0.7}	✓	-	✓	✓	-	✓	✓
GW190727_060333	HLV	3.30 ^{+1.54} _{-1.50}	104.4 ^{+11.9} _{-10.9}	44.7 ^{+5.3} _{-5.7}	99.2 ^{+10.7} _{-9.8}	0.73 ^{+0.10} _{-0.10}	11.9 ^{+0.3} _{-0.5}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190728_064510	HLV	0.87 ^{+0.26} _{-0.37}	23.9 ^{+5.3} _{-0.7}	10.1 ^{+0.09} _{-0.08}	22.7 ^{+5.5} _{-0.7}	0.71 ^{+0.04} _{-0.04}	13.0 ^{+0.2} _{-0.4}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	-	✓
GW190814	LV ^a	0.24 ^{+0.04} _{-0.05}	27.1 ^{+1.1} _{-1.0}	6.41 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	26.9 ^{+1.1} _{-1.0}	0.28 ^{+0.02} _{-0.02}	24.9 ^{+0.1} _{-0.2}	✓	✓	✓	-	-	-	-
GW190828_063405	HLV	2.13 ^{+0.66} _{-0.93}	79.9 ^{+6.9} _{-5.9}	34.5 ^{+2.9} _{-2.8}	75.7 ^{+6.0} _{-5.2}	0.75 ^{+0.06} _{-0.07}	16.2 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GW190828_065509	HLV	1.60 ^{+0.62} _{-0.60}	44.4 ^{+6.4} _{-4.0}	17.4 ^{+0.6} _{-0.7}	42.7 ^{+6.6} _{-4.2}	0.65 ^{+0.08} _{-0.08}	10.0 ^{+0.3} _{-0.5}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	-	✓
GW190910_112807	LV	1.46 ^{+1.03} _{-0.58}	101.9 ^{+10.4} _{-7.8}	43.9 ^{+4.6} _{-3.6}	97.0 ^{+9.3} _{-7.1}	0.70 ^{+0.08} _{-0.07}	14.1 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	✓	✓	-	✓	✓	-
GW190915_235702	HLV	1.62 ^{+0.71} _{-0.61}	78.3 ^{+8.4} _{-8.1}	33.1 ^{+3.3} _{-3.9}	74.8 ^{+7.9} _{-7.4}	0.70 ^{+0.09} _{-0.11}	13.6 ^{+0.2} _{-0.3}	✓	-	✓	-	✓	✓	✓
GW190924_021846	HLV	0.57 ^{+0.22} _{-0.22}	15.5 ^{+5.7} _{-0.7}	6.44 ^{+0.04} _{-0.03}	14.8 ^{+5.9} _{-0.8}	0.67 ^{+0.05} _{-0.05}	11.5 ^{+0.3} _{-0.4}	✓	-	✓	✓	✓	-	✓

TABLE I. List of O3a events considered in this paper. The first block of columns gives the names of the events and lists the instruments involved in each detection, as well as some relevant properties obtained assuming GR: luminosity distance D_L , redshifted total mass $(1+z)M$, redshifted chirp mass $(1+z)\mathcal{M}$, redshifted final mass $(1+z)M_f$, dimensionless final spin $\chi_f = c|S_f|/(GM_f^2)$, and signal-to-noise ratio SNR. Reported quantities correspond to the median and 90% symmetric credible intervals, as computed in Table VI in [16]. The last block of columns indicates which analyses are performed on a given event according to the selection criteria in Sec. II: RT = residuals test (Sec. IV A); IMR = inspiral-merger-ringdown consistency test (Sec. IV B); PAR = parametrized tests of GW generation (Sec. V A); SIM = spin-induced moments (Sec. V B); MDR = modified GW dispersion relation (Sec. VI); RD = ringdown (Sec. VII A); ECH = echoes searches (Sec. VII B); POL = polarization content (Sec. VIII).

Searches for gravitational waves: not just binary systems!



Coalescing Binary Systems

Neutron Stars,
Black Holes

Credit: AEI, CCT, LSU



Credit: Chandra X-ray Observatory

'Bursts'

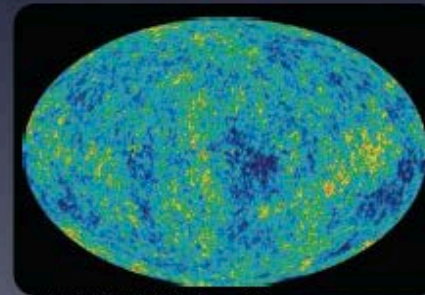
asymmetric core
collapse supernovae
cosmic strings
???



Continuous Sources

Spinning neutron stars
crustal deformations,
accretion

Casey Reed, Penn State



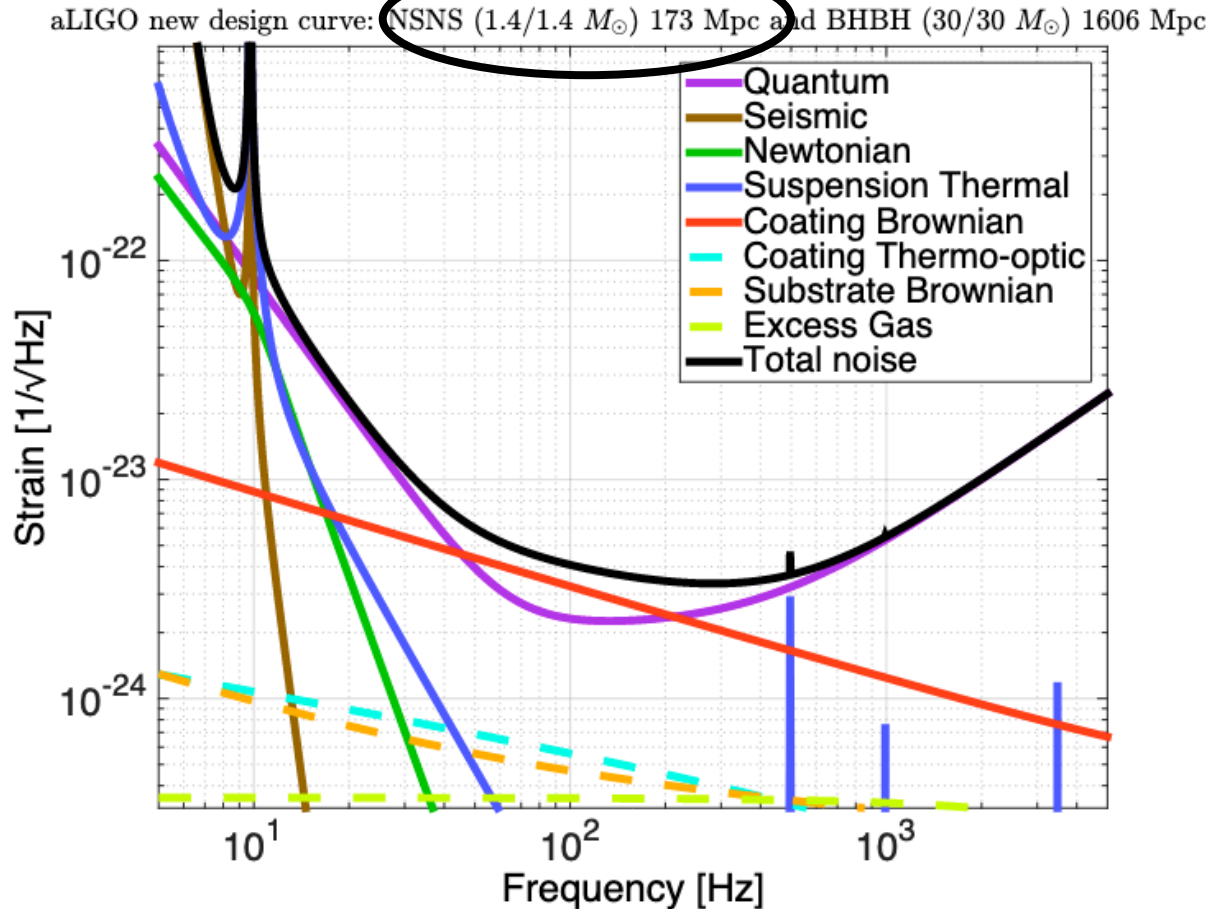
NASA/WMAP Science Team

Astrophysical or Cosmic GW background

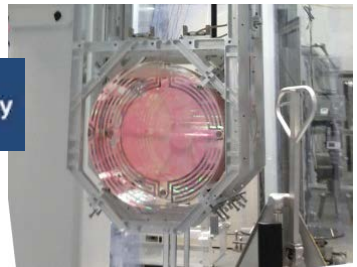
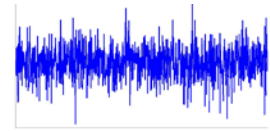
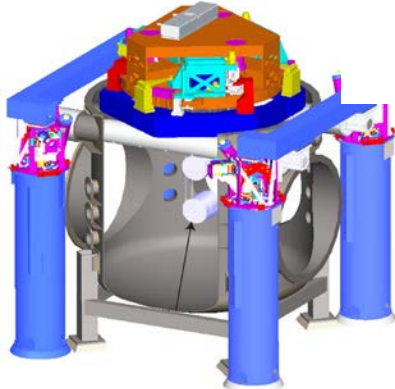
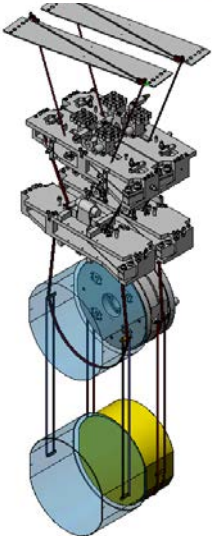
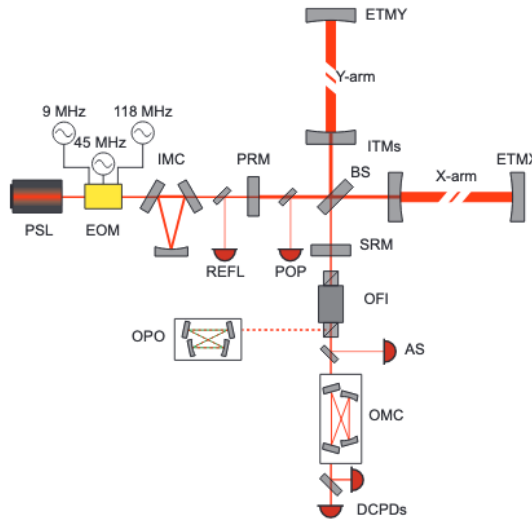
stochastic,
incoherent
background

All papers in <https://pnp.ligo.org/ppcomm/Papers.html>

aLIGO: “Fundamental” noises

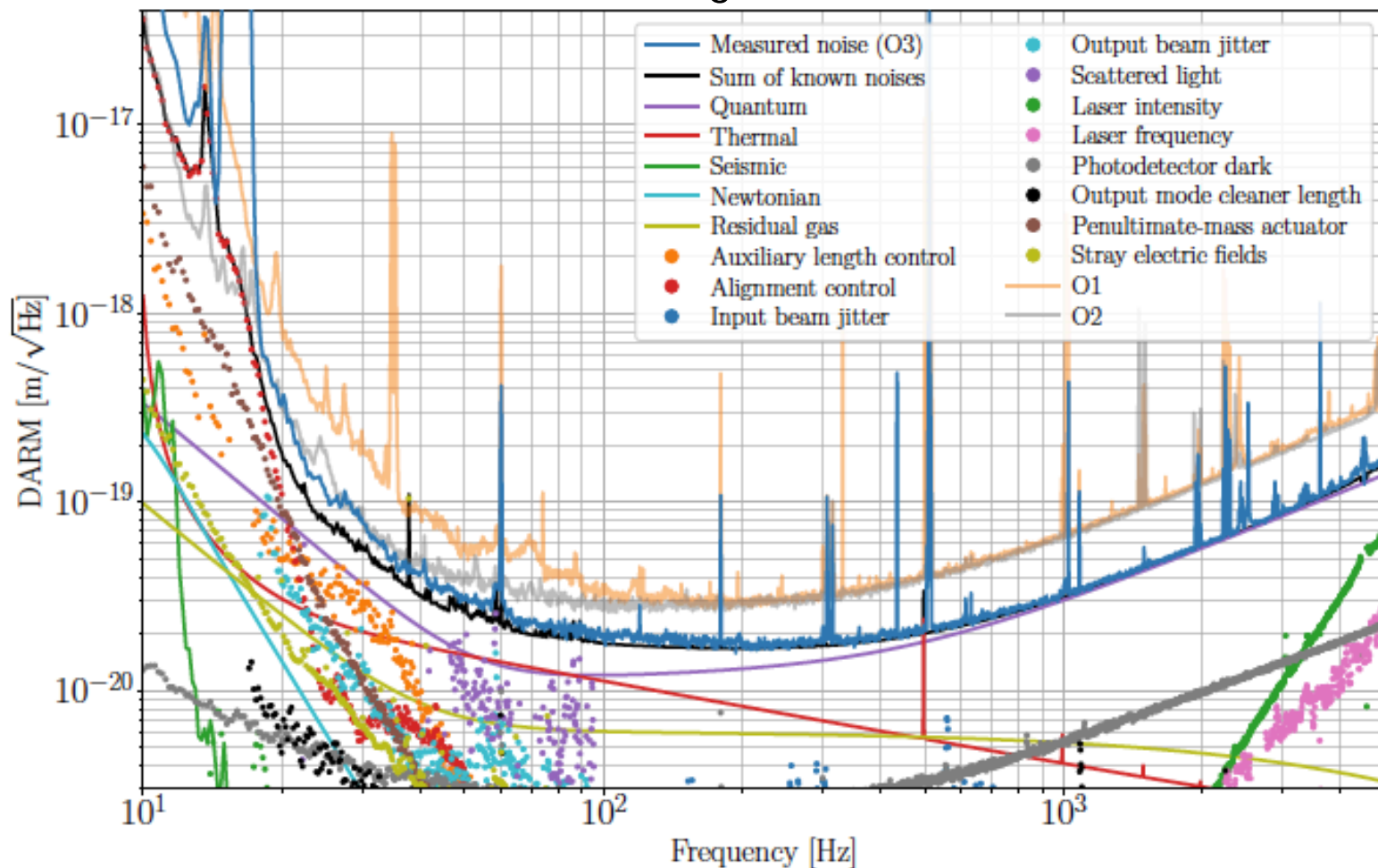


Advanced LIGO: complicated instruments!



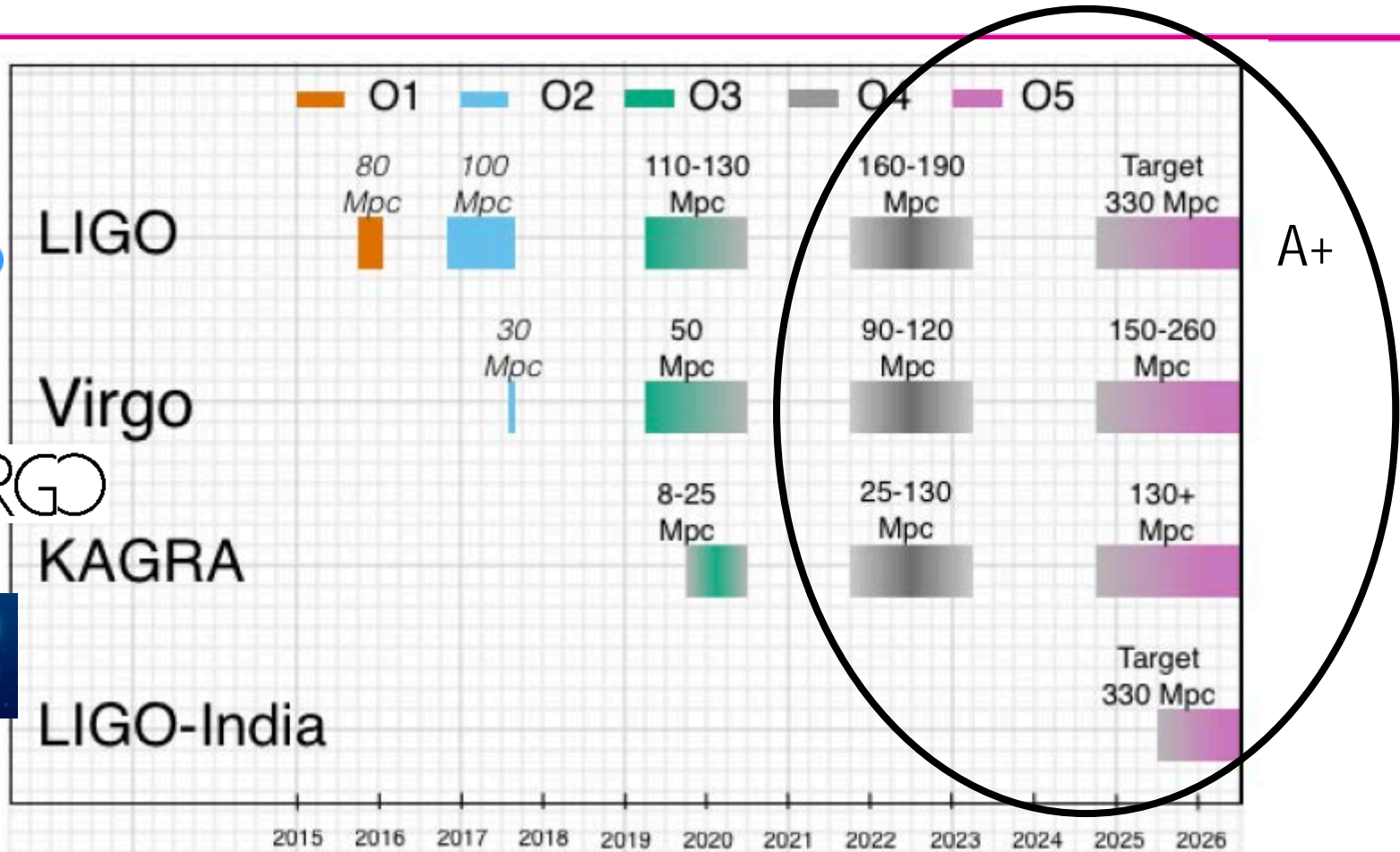
Reducing the noise, increasing the rate of detections

LIGO Livingston Detector



Phys. Rev. D 102, 062003 (2020)

The next few years

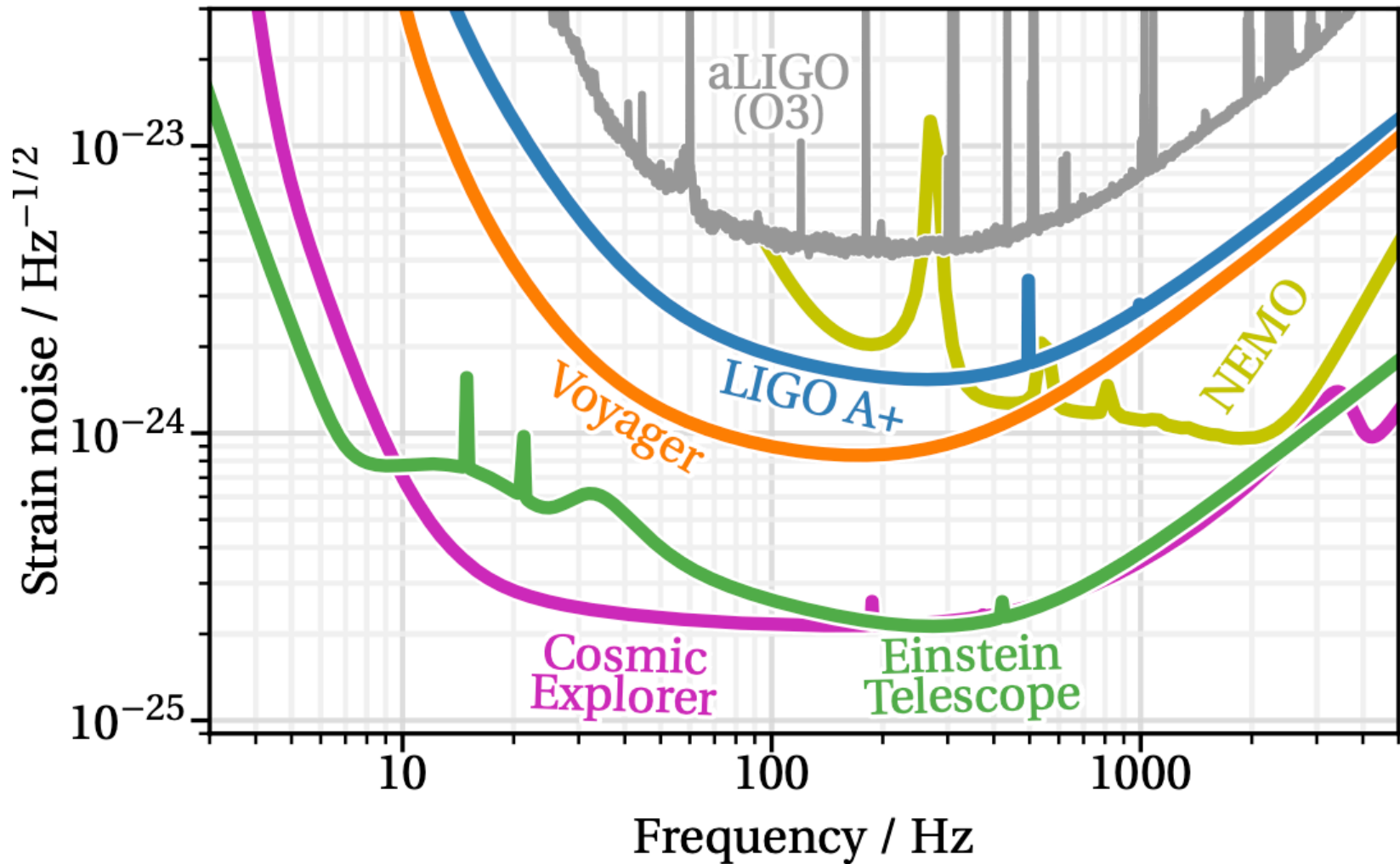


A+

Prospects for Observing and Localizing Gravitational-Wave Transients with Advanced LIGO, Advanced Virgo and KAGRA

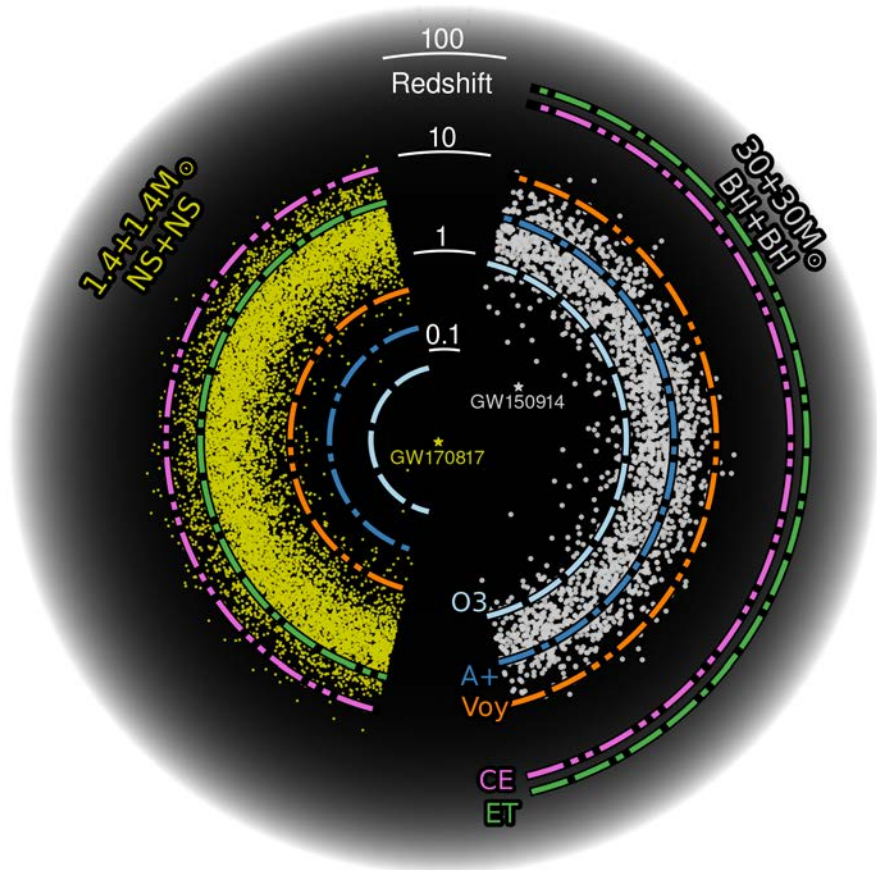
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1304.0670> (last updated September 2019)

Sensitivities of future detectors

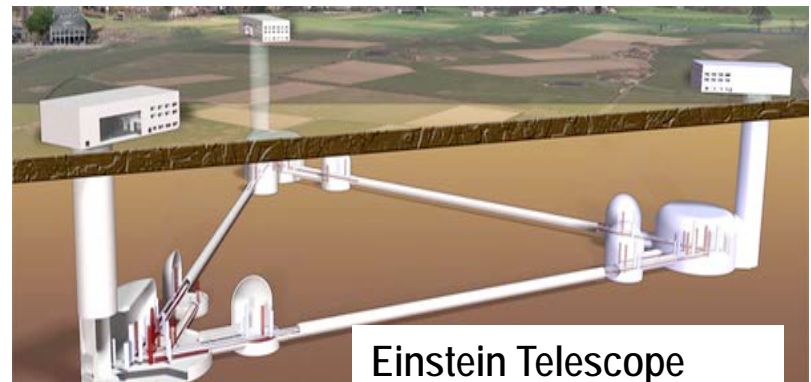
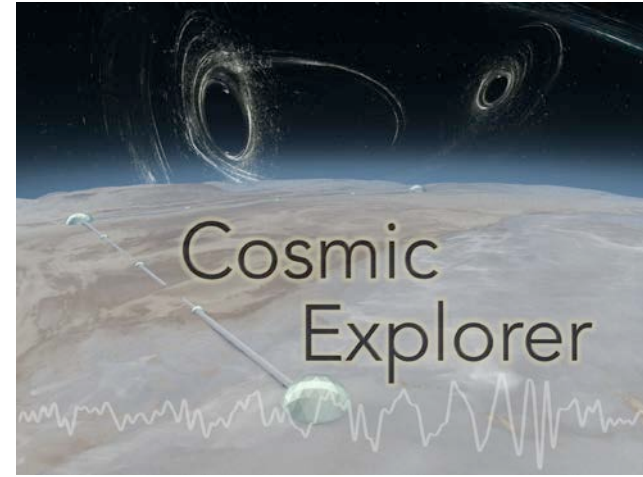


<https://cosmicexplorer.org/researchers.html>

Third Generation Detectors (Ground based)



<https://cosmicexplorer.org/researchers.html>



Questions?

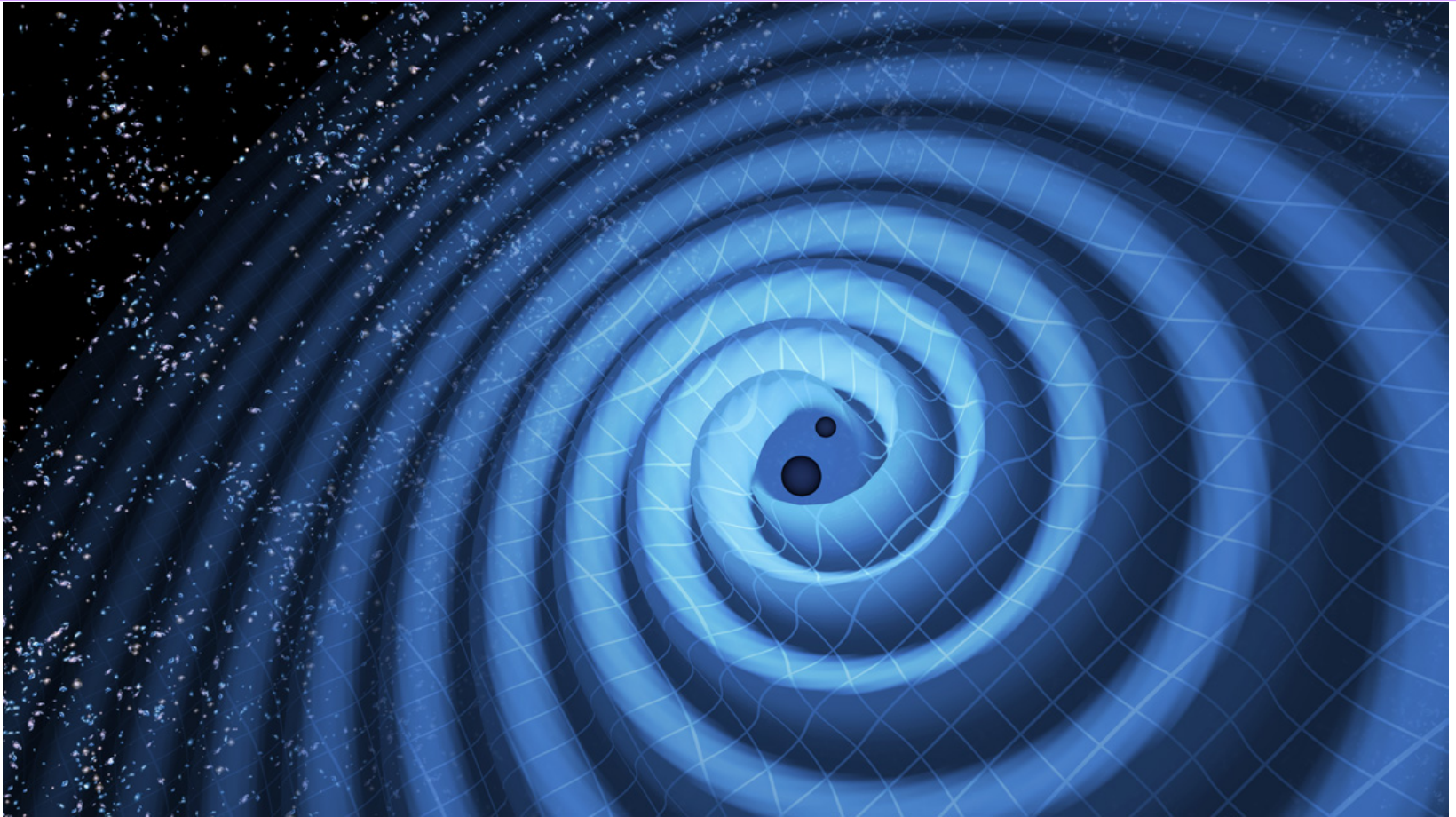


Image credit: LIGO/T. Pyle

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