

ALICE



“Study of J/ψ mesons in the ultra-peripheral collisions and MFT commissioning”

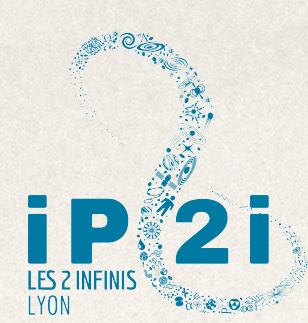
Lucrezia Camilla MIGLIORIN

9th March 2021

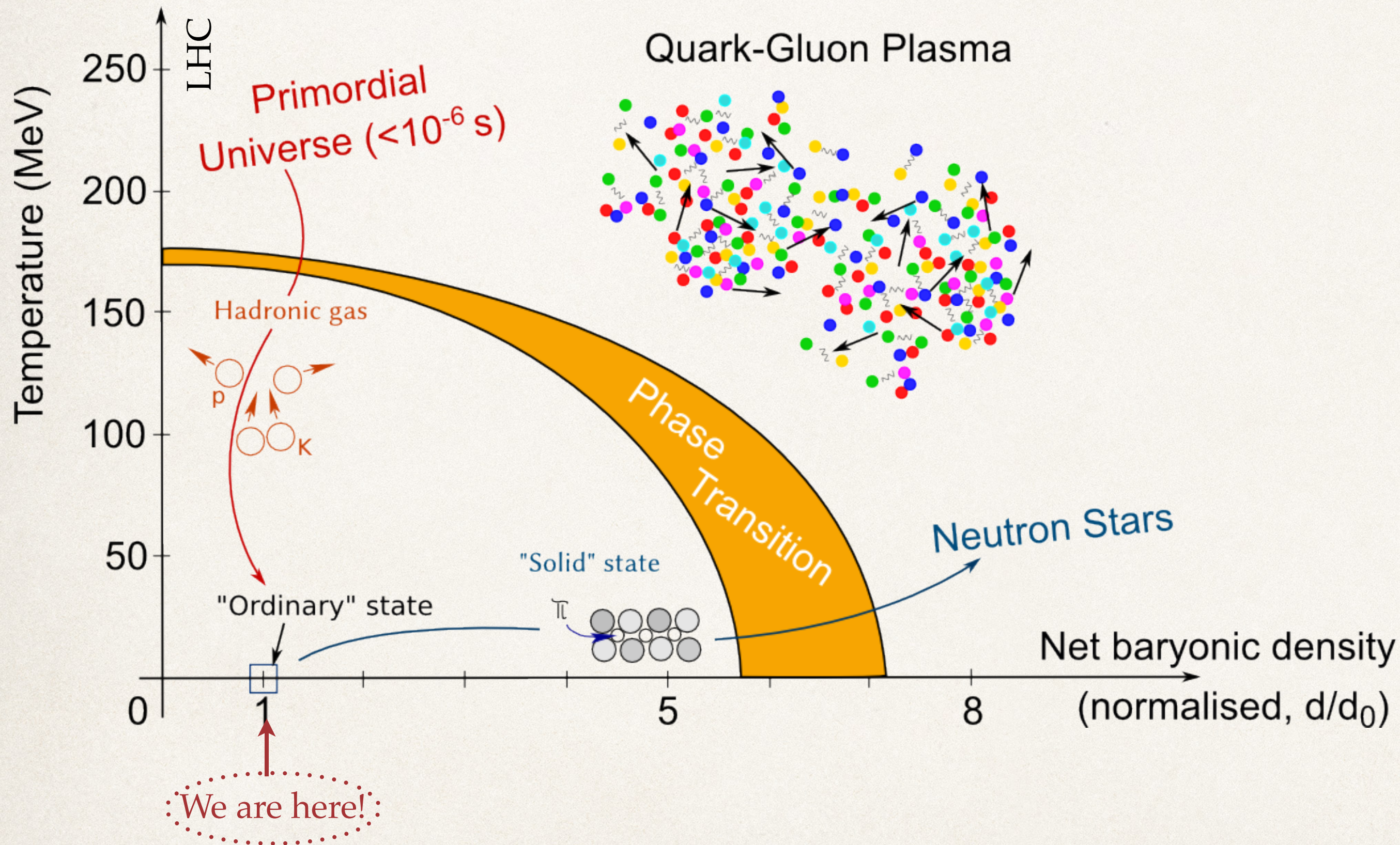
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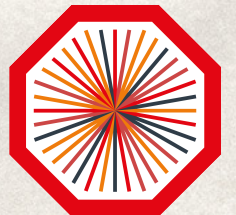


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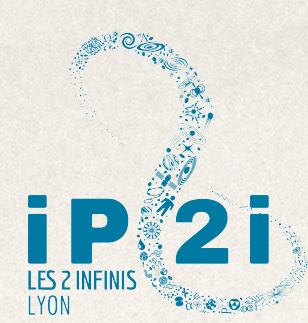


QGP and experimental evidences



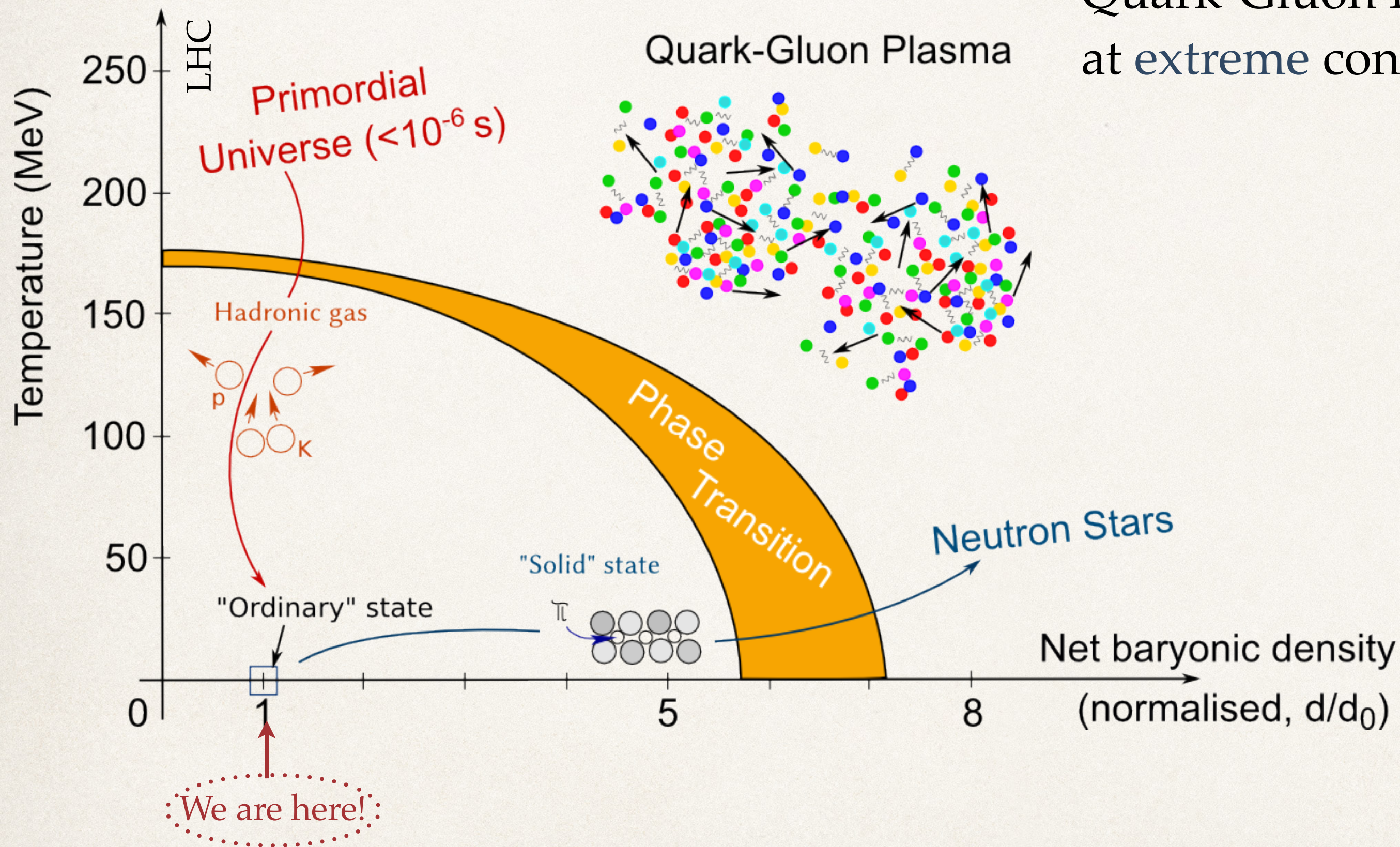


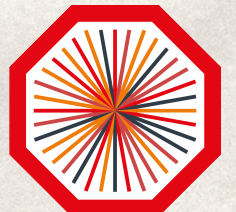
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QGP and experimental evidences

Quark-Gluon Plasma (QGP) is the state of hadronic matter present at extreme conditions of temperature and / or net baryon densities.

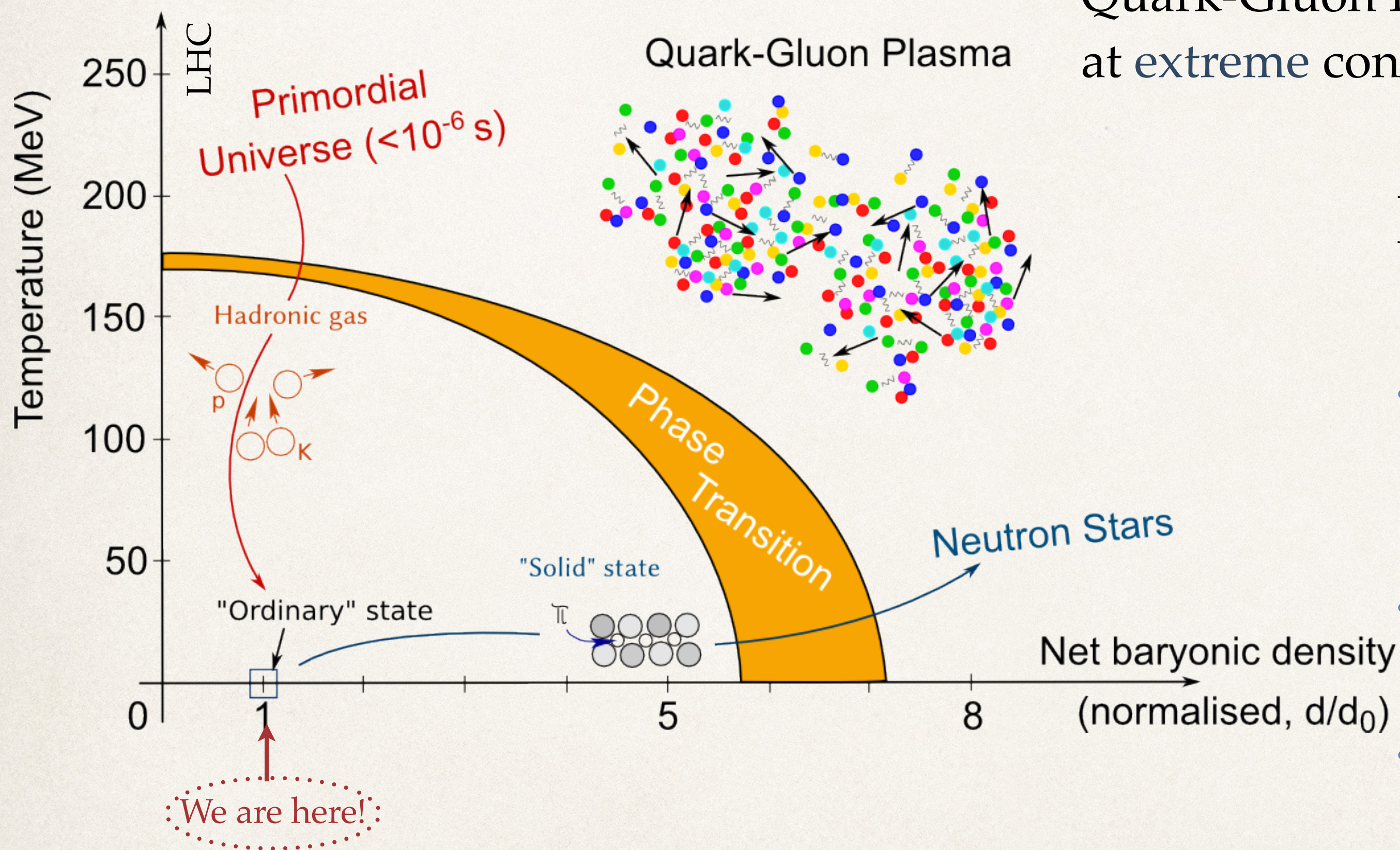




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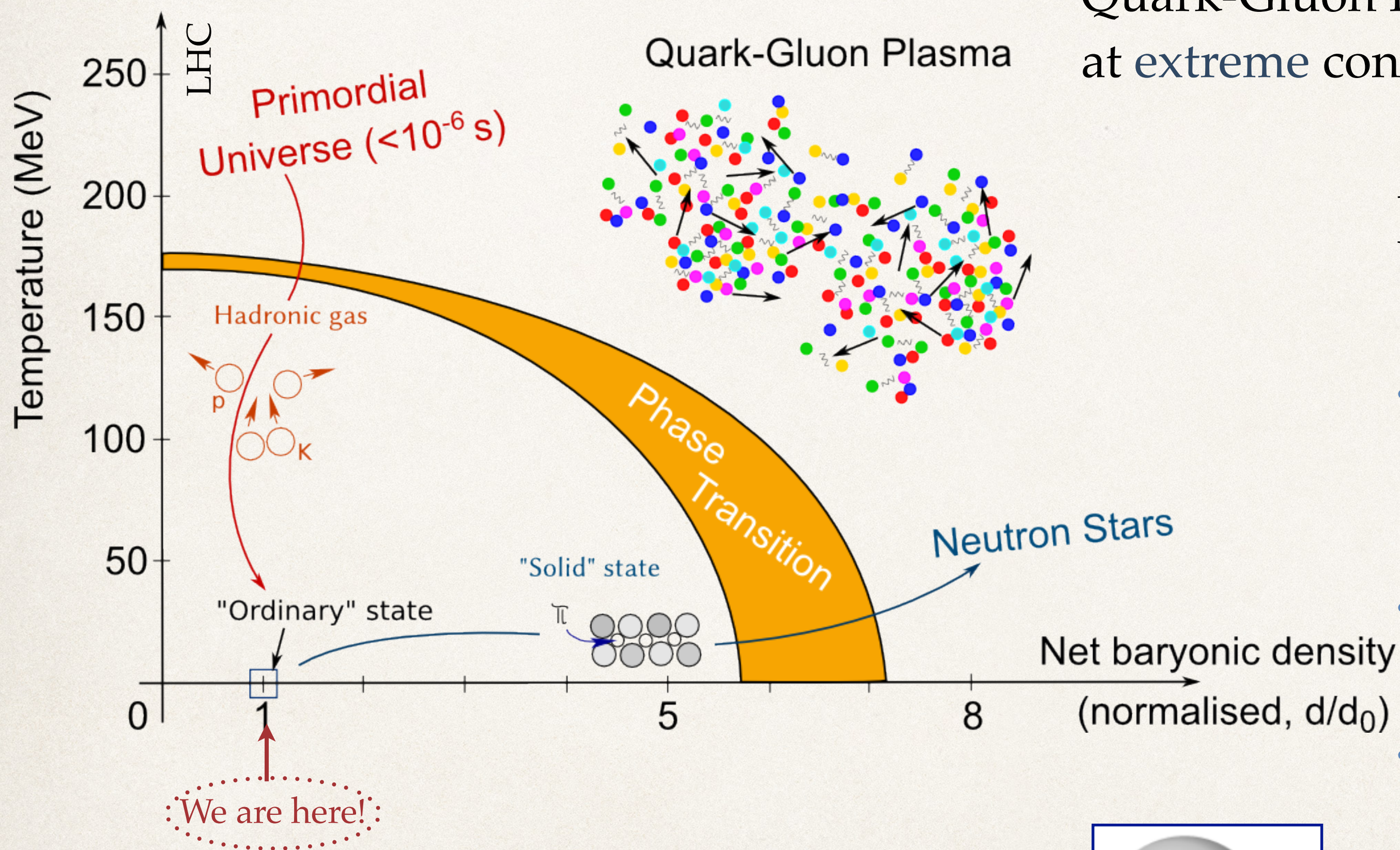
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Among the main experimental observables of QGP, we find:

- ❖ Production of strangeness in relativistic heavy ion collisions;
- ❖ Elliptical flow;
- ❖ Observation of “jet quenching”;
- ❖ Production of the J/ψ meson and its excited states.



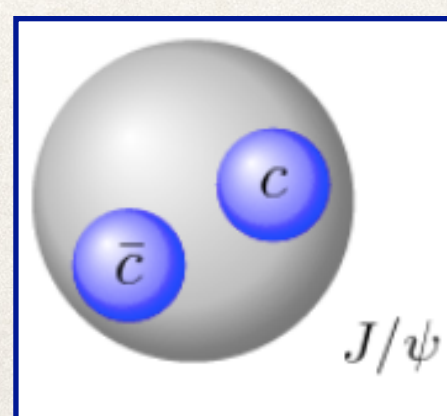
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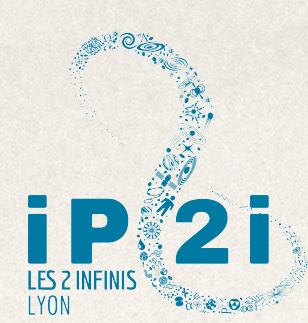
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Ultra-peripheral collisions

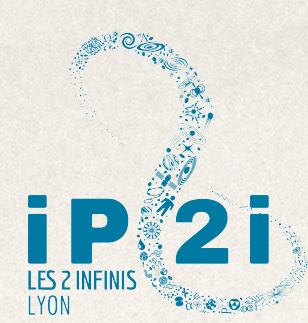
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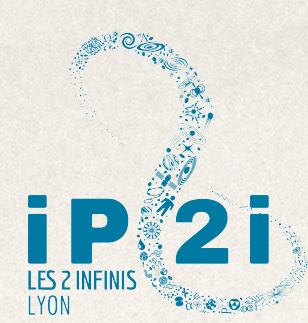
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Due to the very intense Coulomb field of the nuclei, this kind of event produces photon-photon or photon-nucleus interactions.



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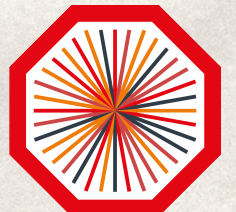


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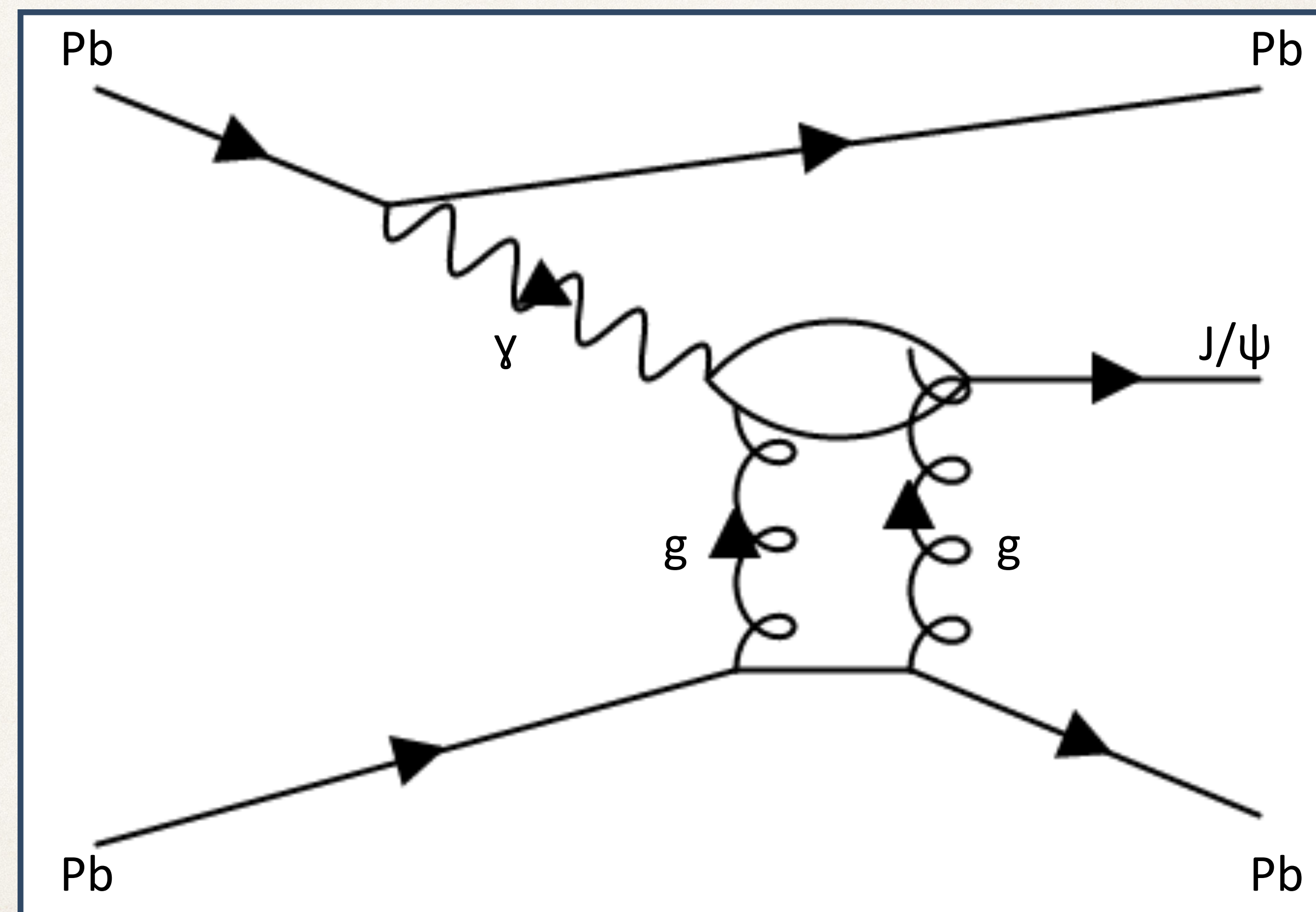


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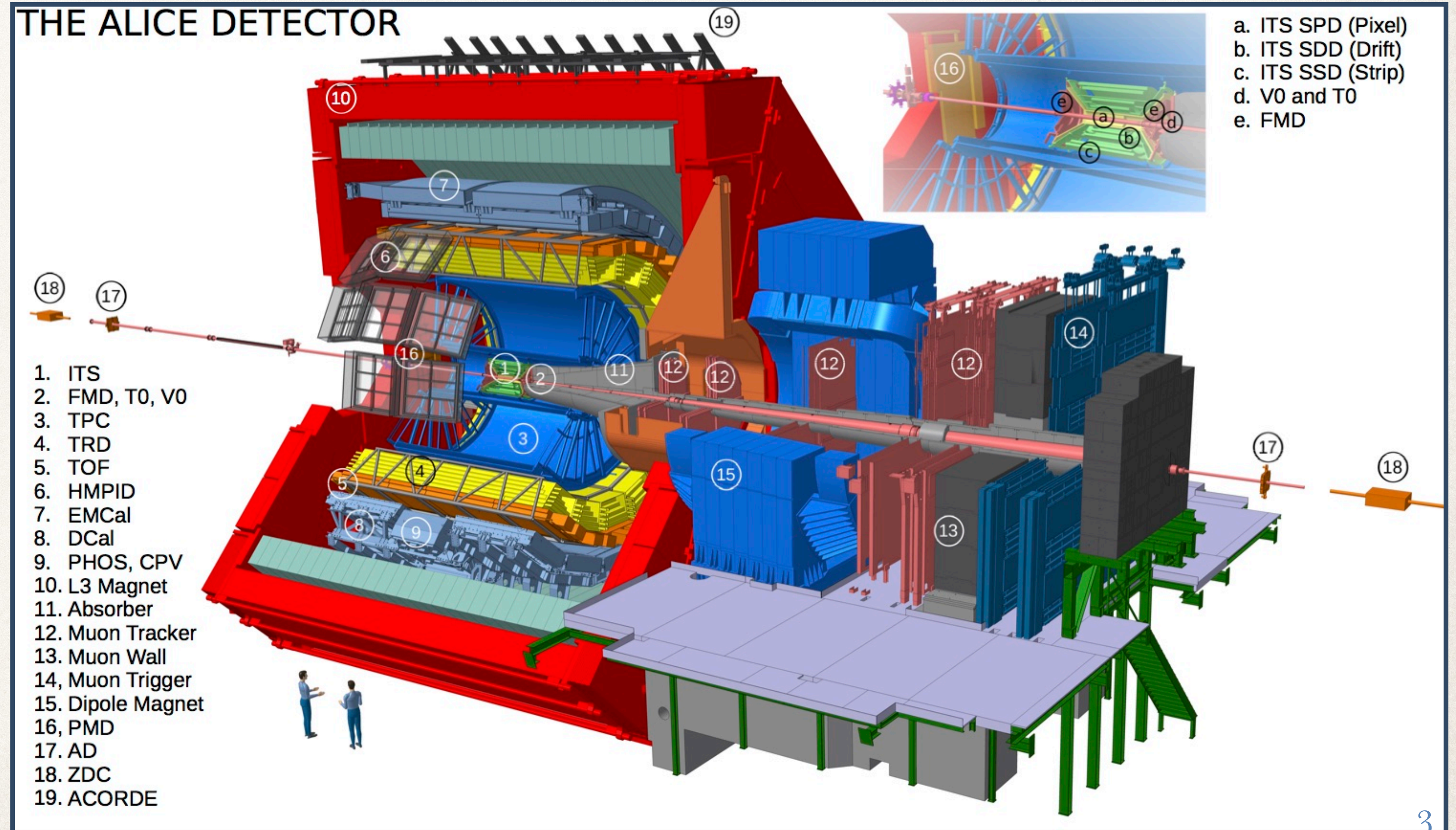
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ALICE Experiment

ALICE (A Large Ion Collider Experiment) is one of the four big experiments at LHC-CERN.



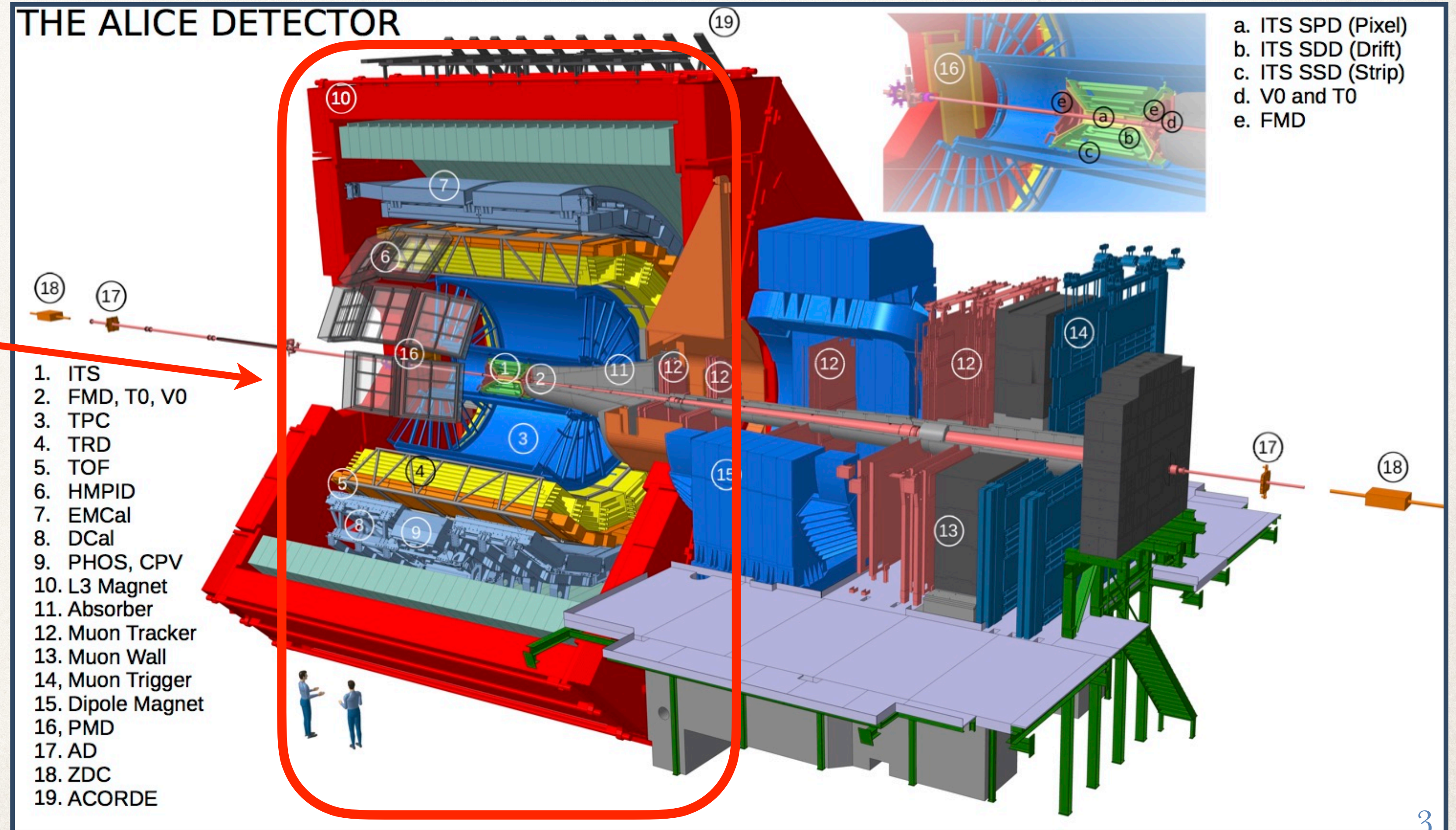


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Two main parts of the detector:

- ❖ Central part around the point of interaction;



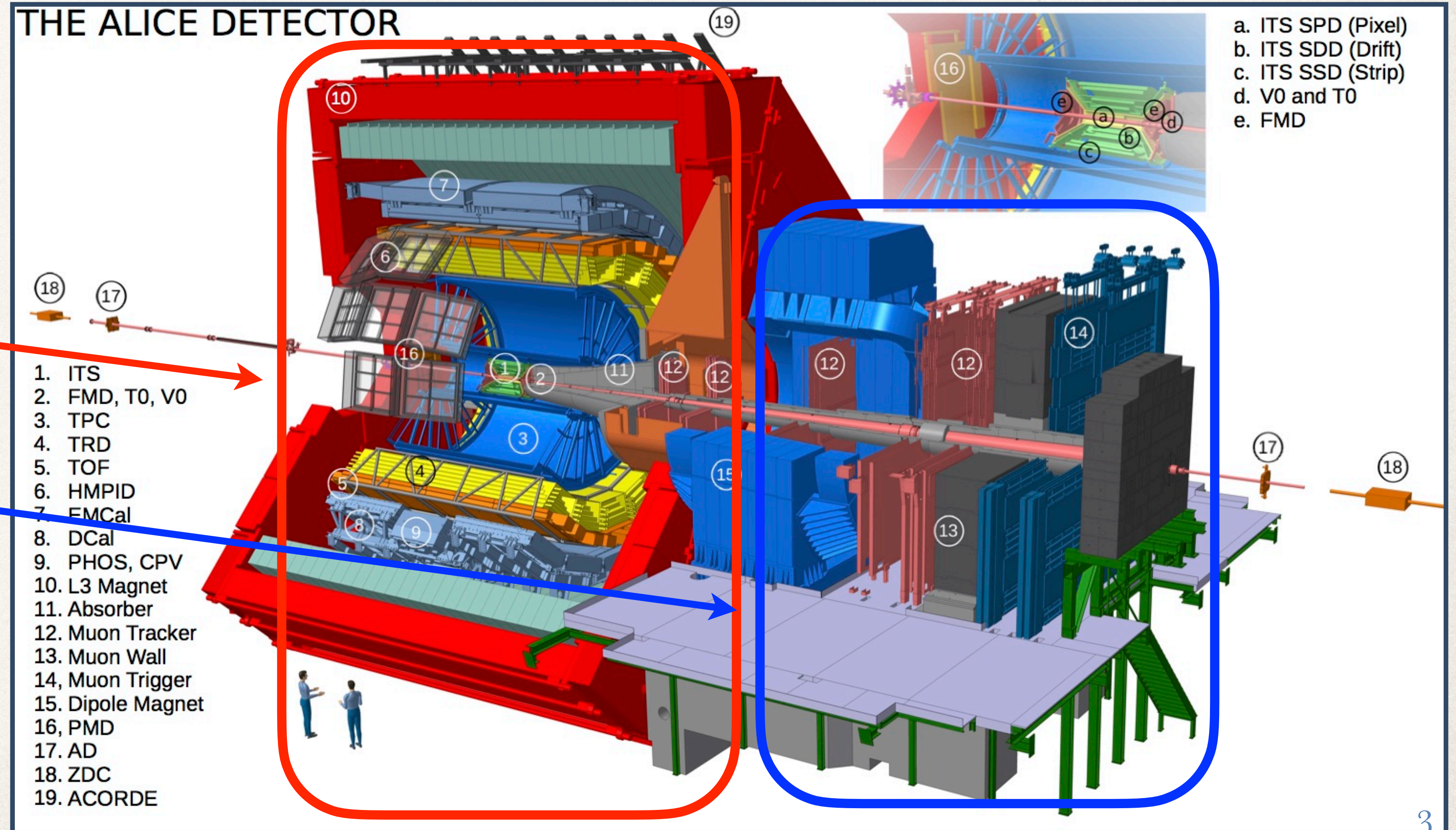


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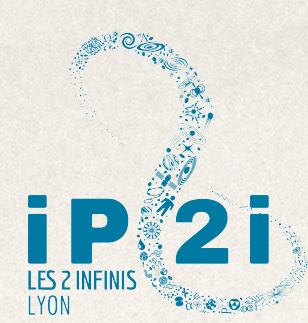
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- ❖ Front spectrometer for muon measurement.





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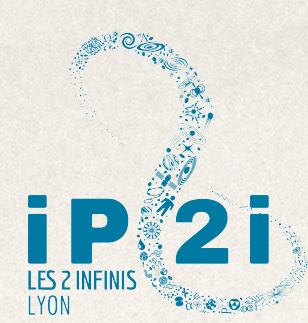
Selection of ultra-peripheral events

Run Pb–Pb UPC periods at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.02$ TeV :

- LHC18q: Pb-Pb collisions, solenoid with positive polarity ;
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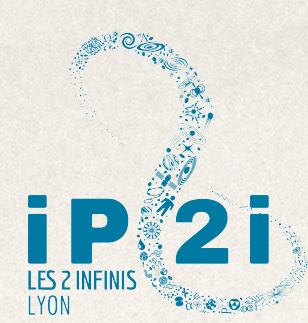
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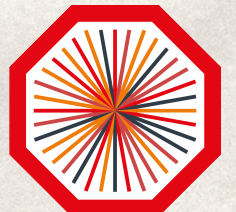
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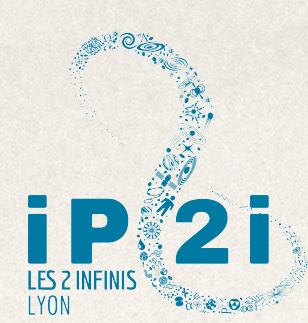
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Detectors Included

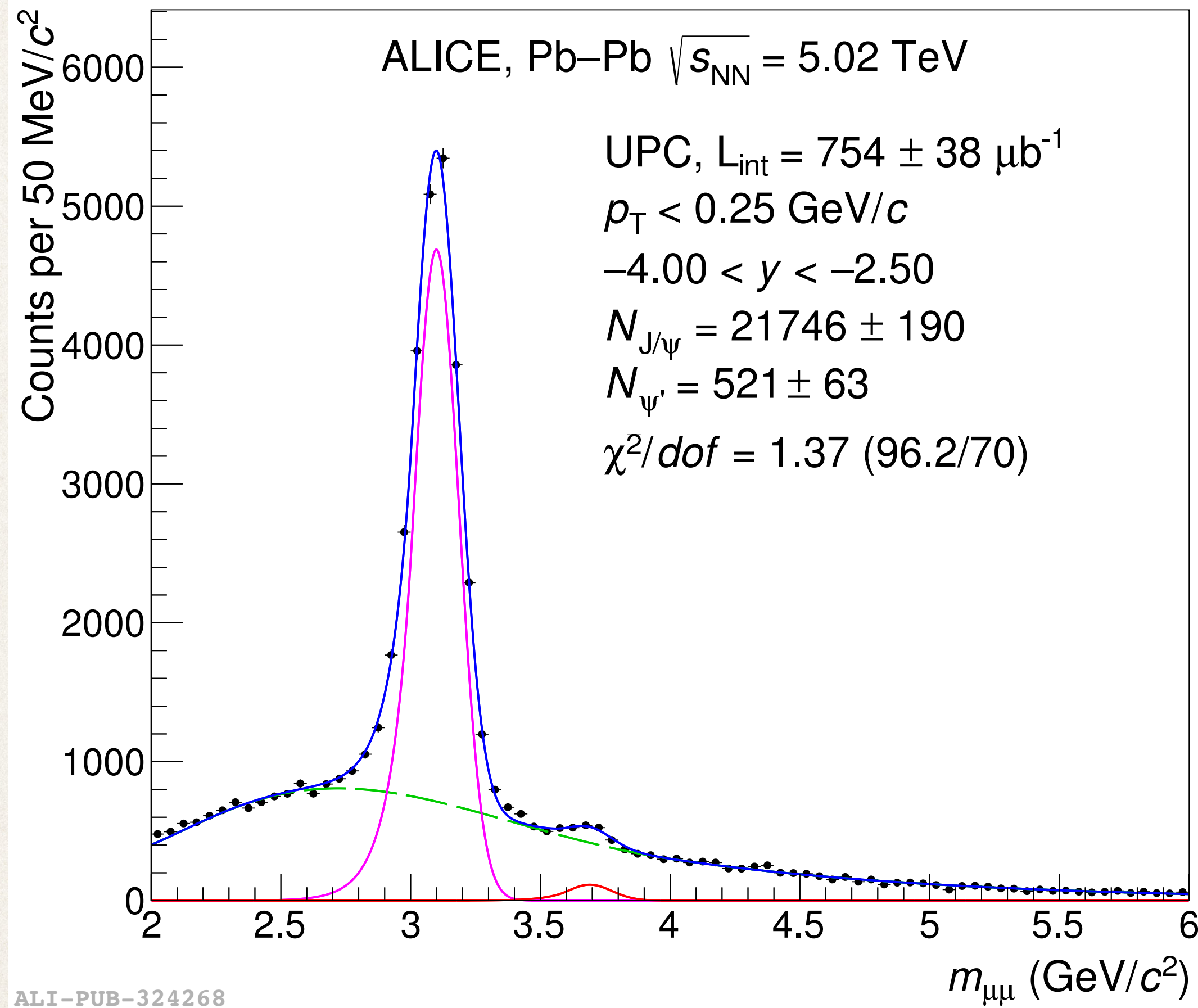
- ❖ SPD;
- ❖ Forward Muon Spectrometer;
- ❖ V0;
- ❖ AD;
- ❖ ZDC.

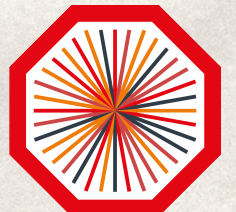


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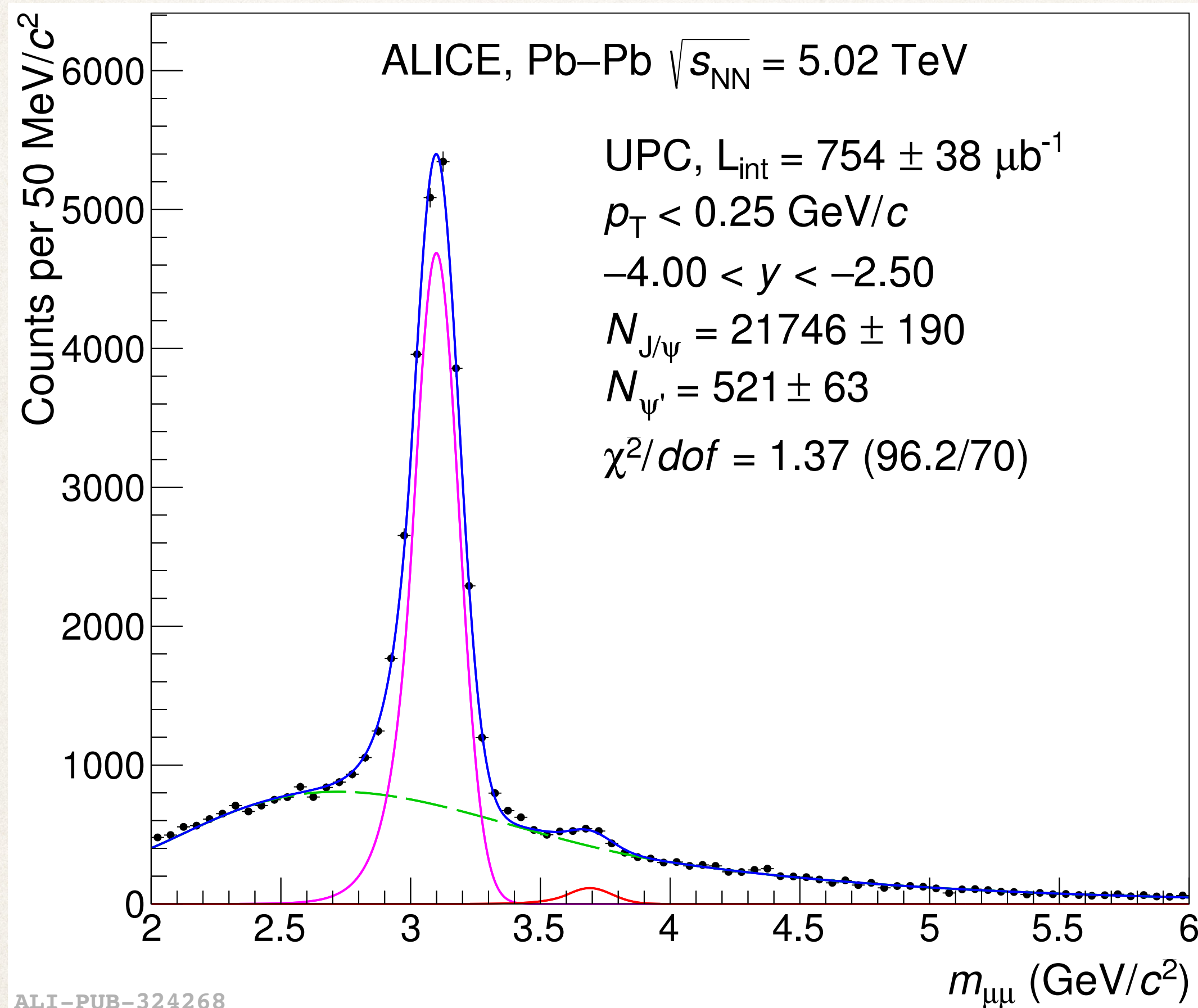


First results





First results



Invariant mass distribution for muon pairs
in the full rapidity range $-4.0 < y < -2.5$

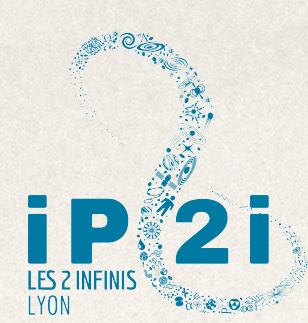
The **dashed green line** corresponds to the background.

The solid **magenta** and **red** lines correspond to Crystal Ball functions representing J/ψ and ψ' signals, respectively.

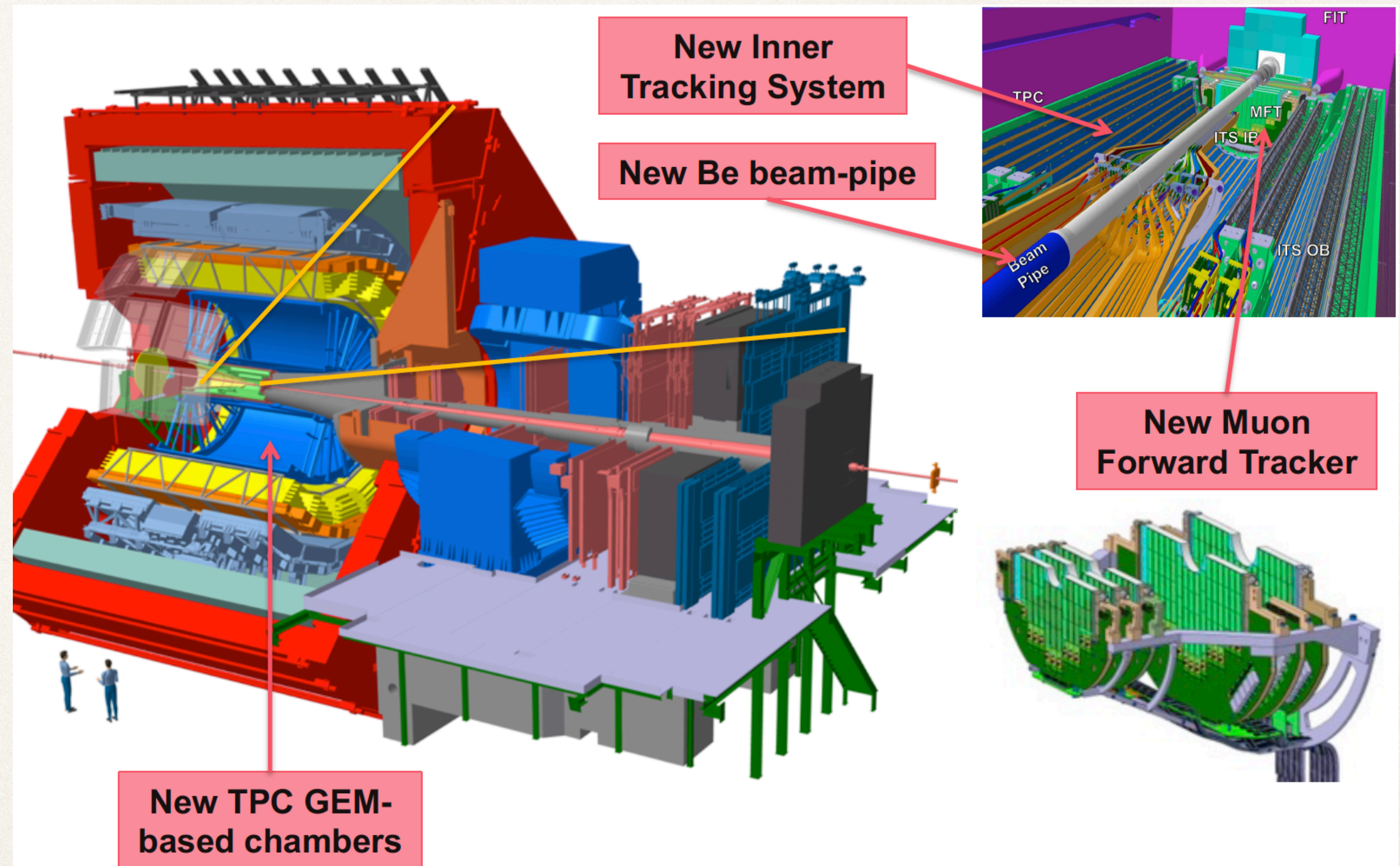
The solid **blue** line corresponds to the sum of background and signal functions.



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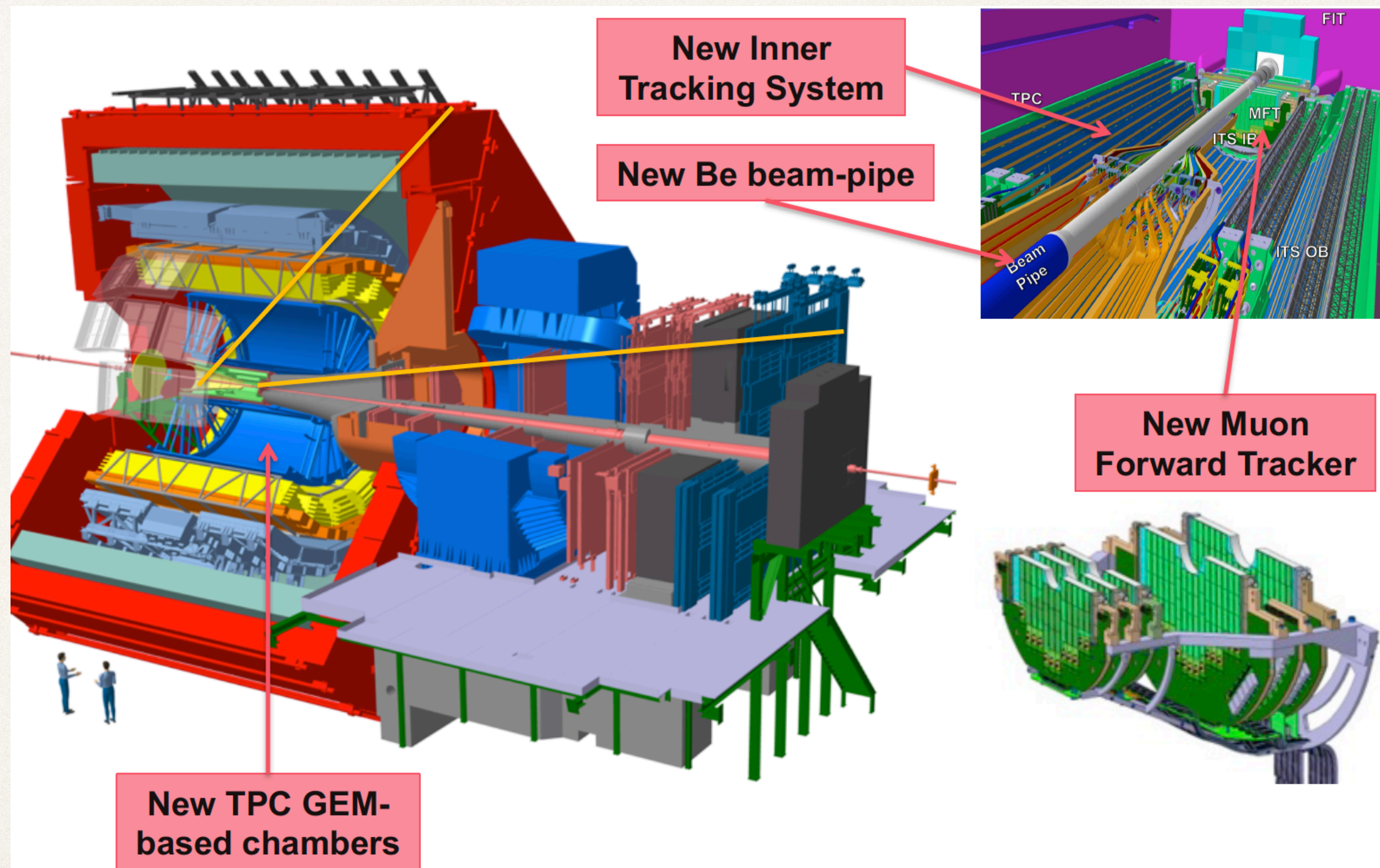
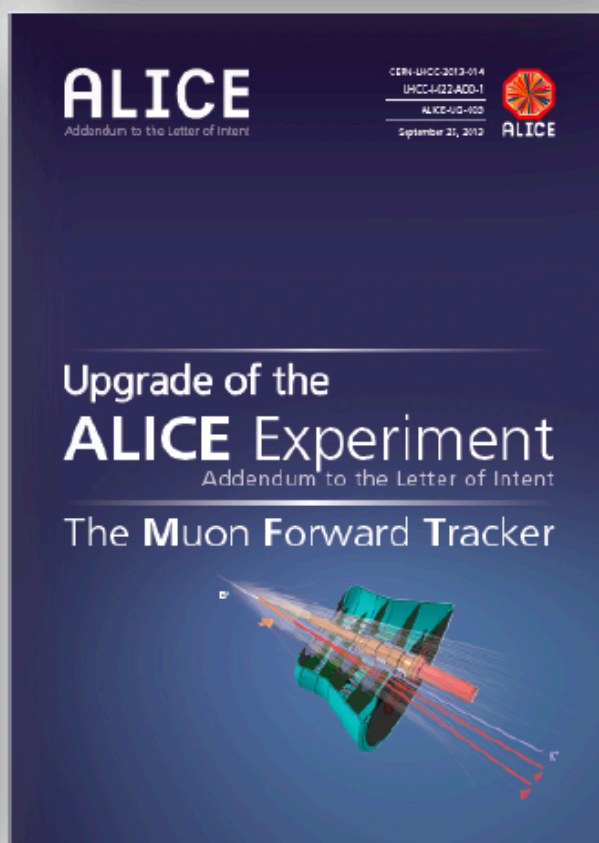
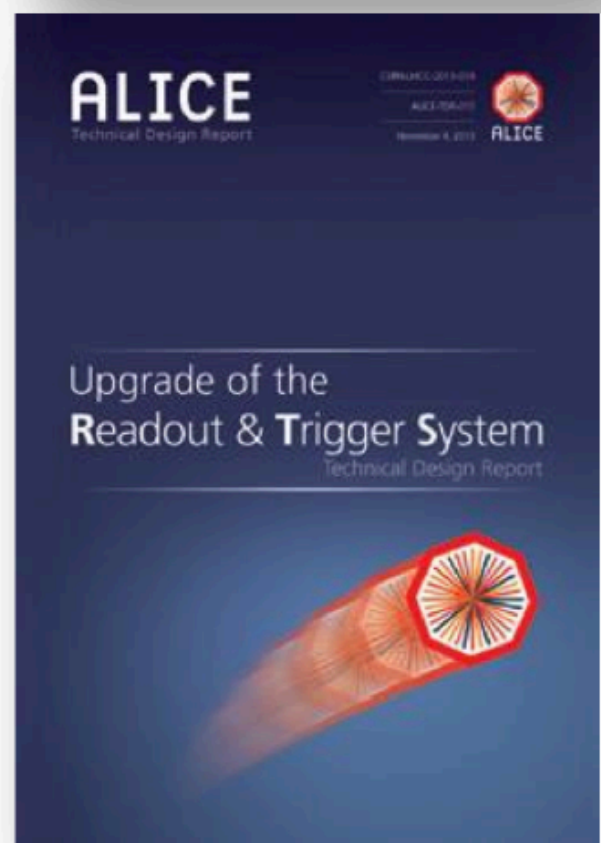
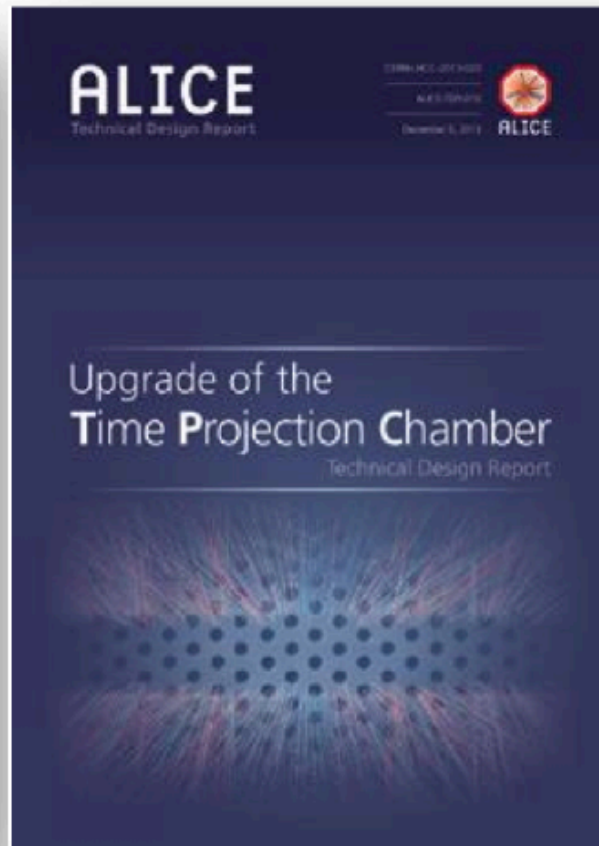
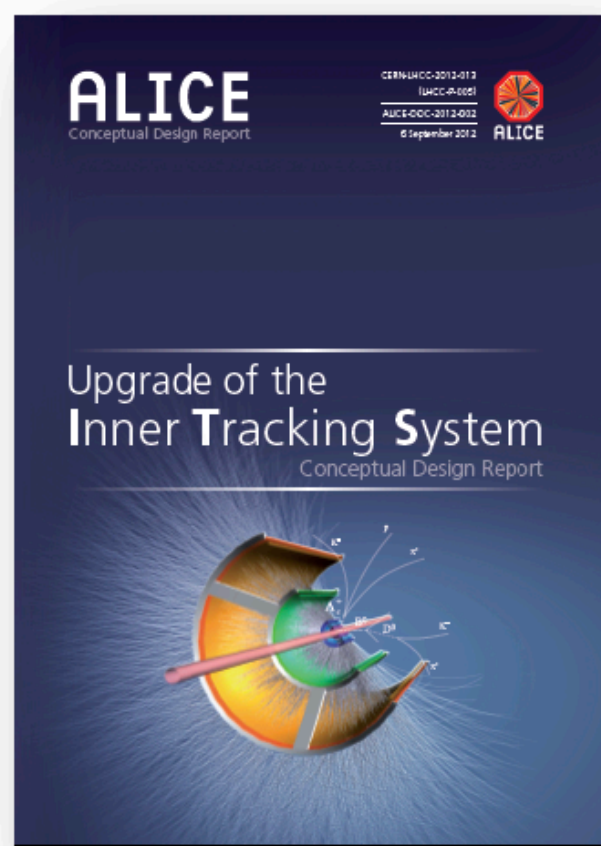


And for LHC Runs 3 and 4?



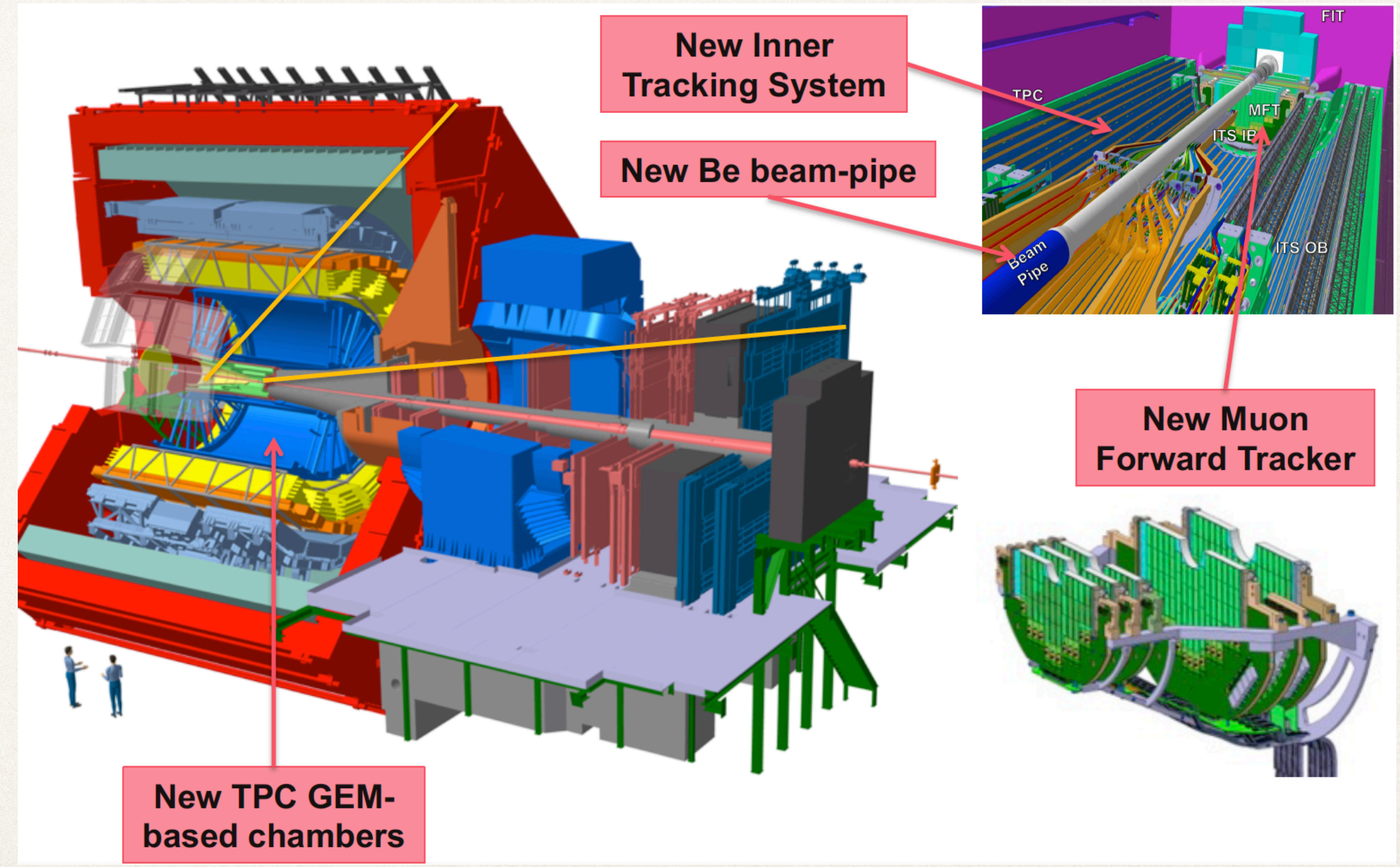


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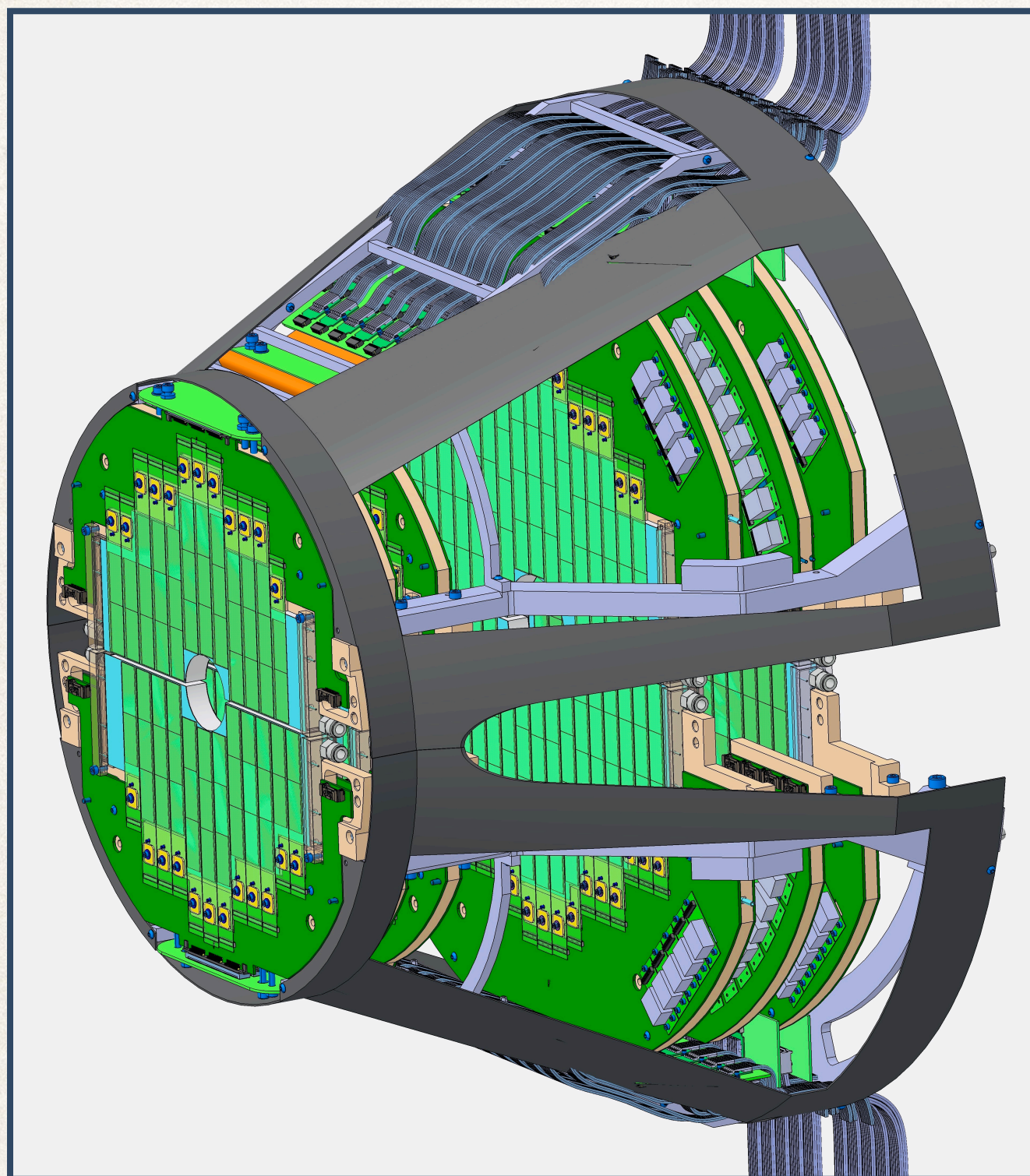
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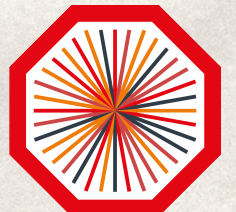
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Muon Forward Tracking



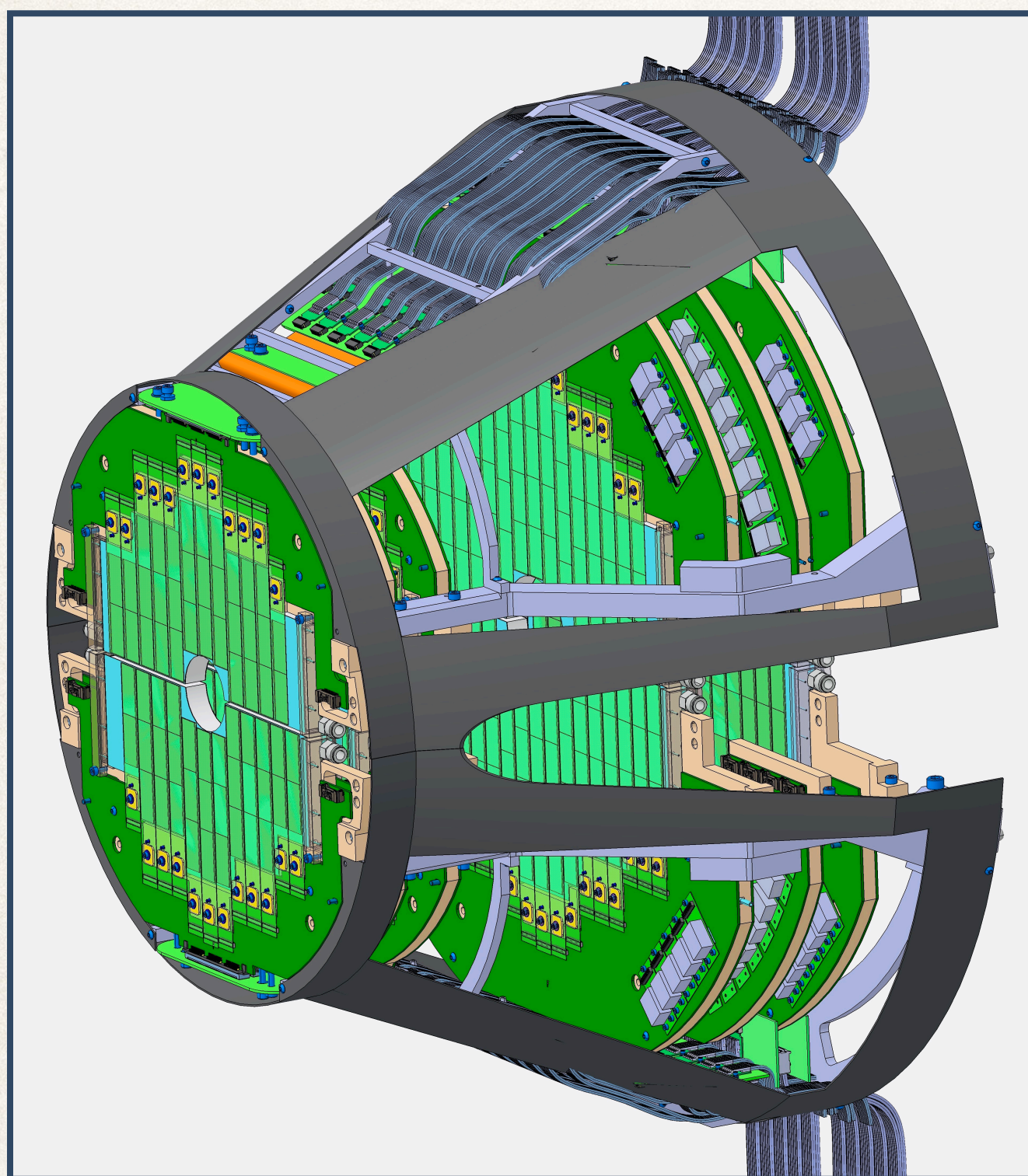
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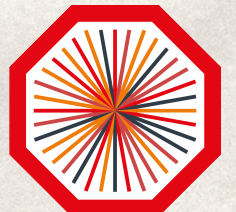
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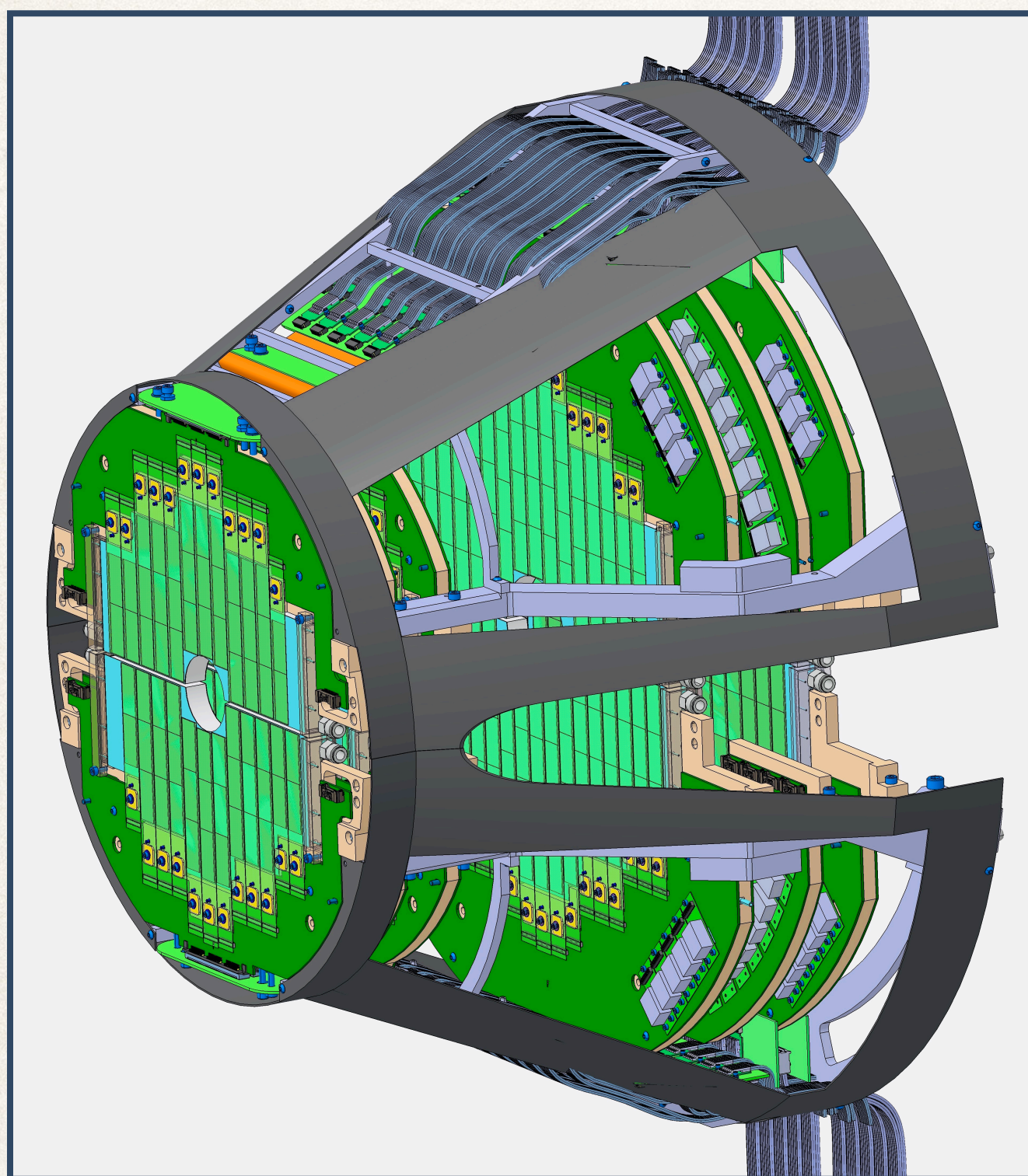
The Muon Forward Tracker (MFT) detector was designed for LHC RUN3 and RUN4 for the ALICE experiment.



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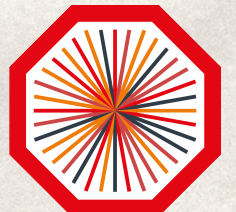


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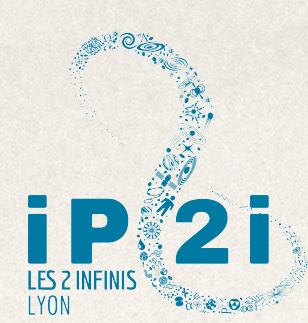


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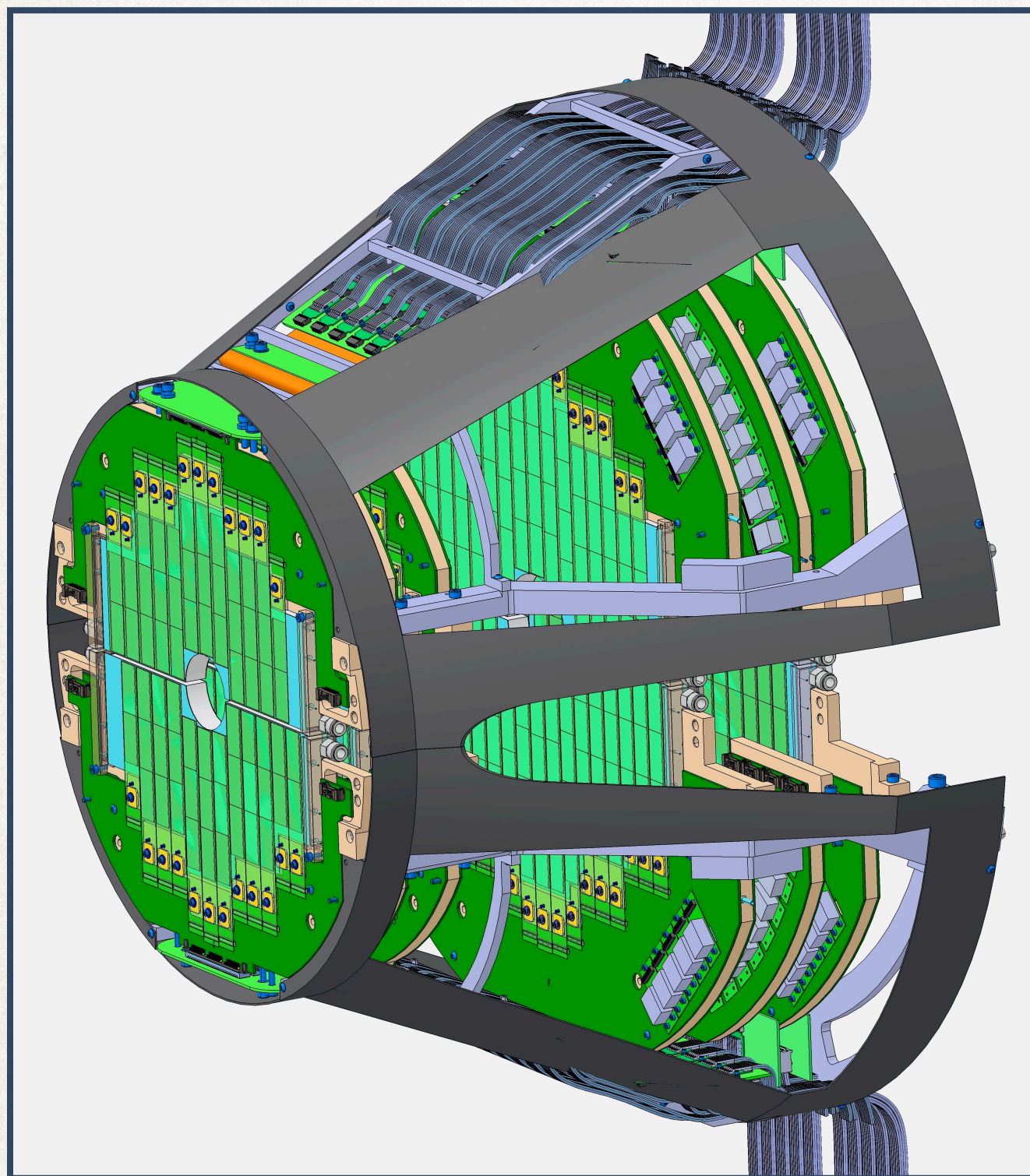
Type of detector:
internal silicon pixel tracker which will give a precise determination of the muon production vertex.



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Main objectives of the MFT:

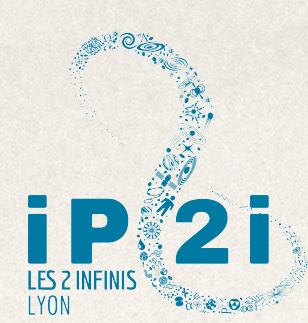
- ❖ measure the trajectory of muons before they pass through the absorber;
- ❖ discriminate between “prompt” and “not-prompt” J/ψ mesons.



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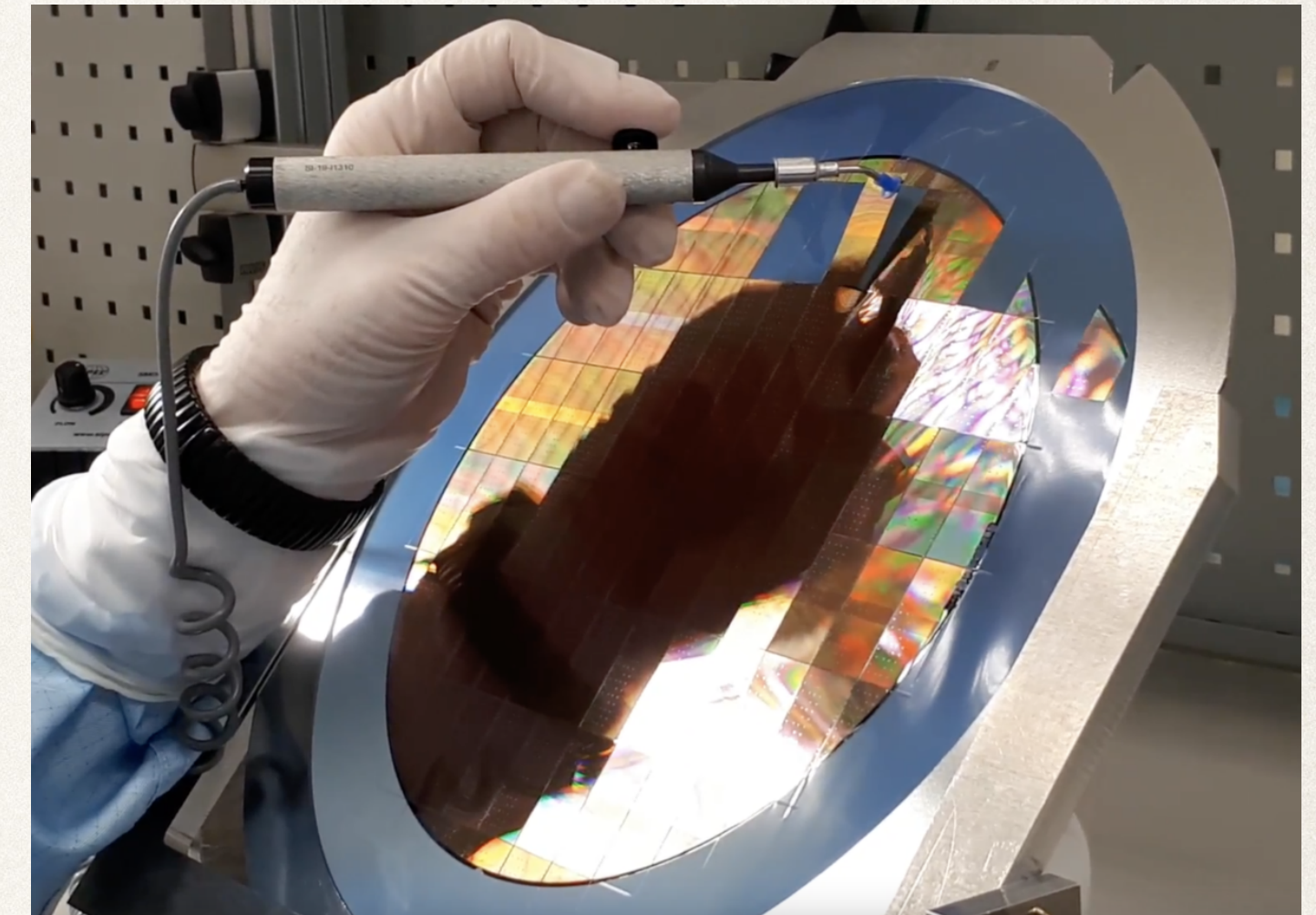
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MFT Commissioning (1)

MFT is composed of **936** ALPIDE sensors distributed on **5 disks**. Each sensor is made up of **1024x512** silicon pixels of size **28 μm x 28 μm** .





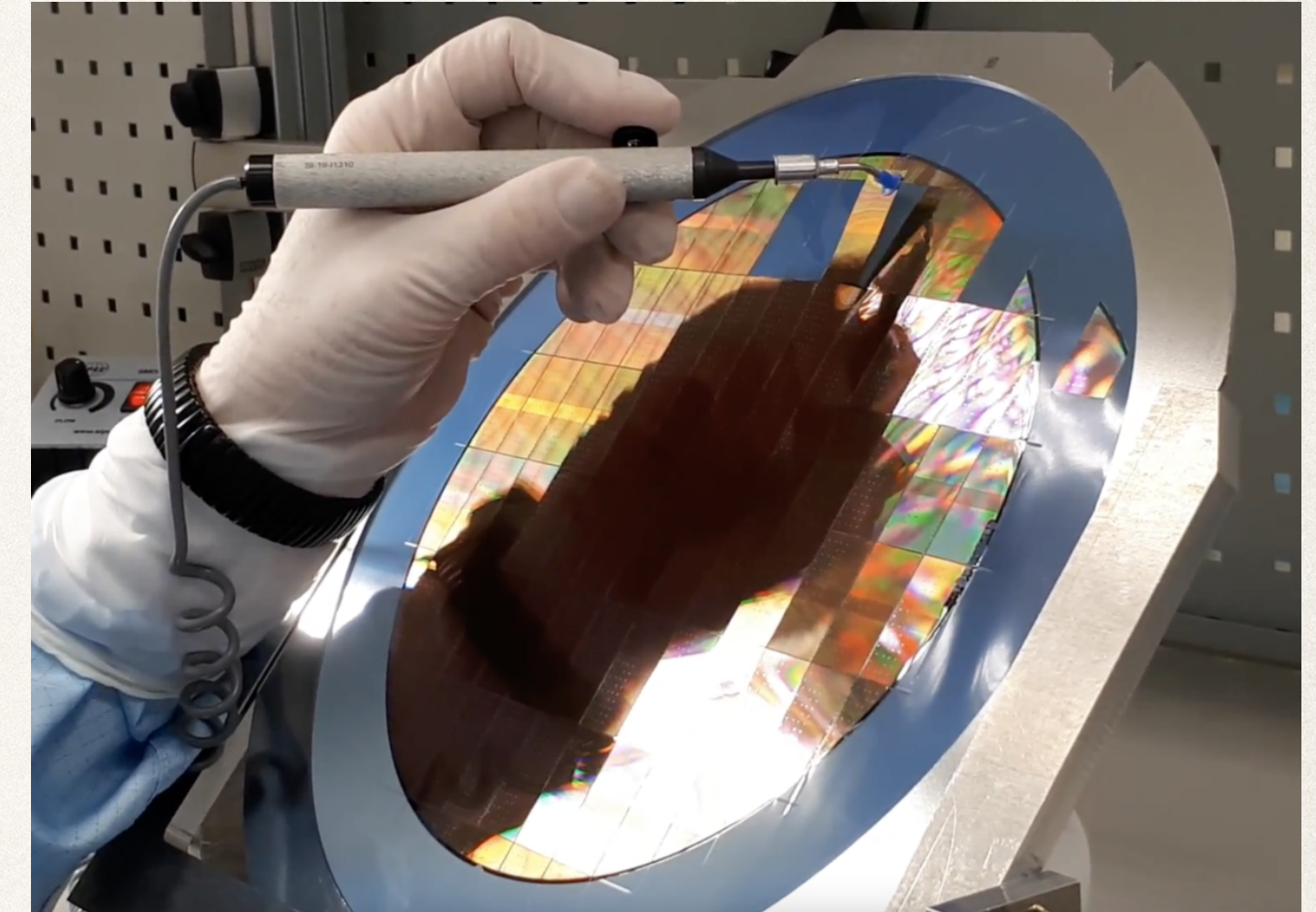
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The sensors are glued on Flexible Printed Circuit (FPC) and connected by electronic micro-bridging creating structures called ladders.





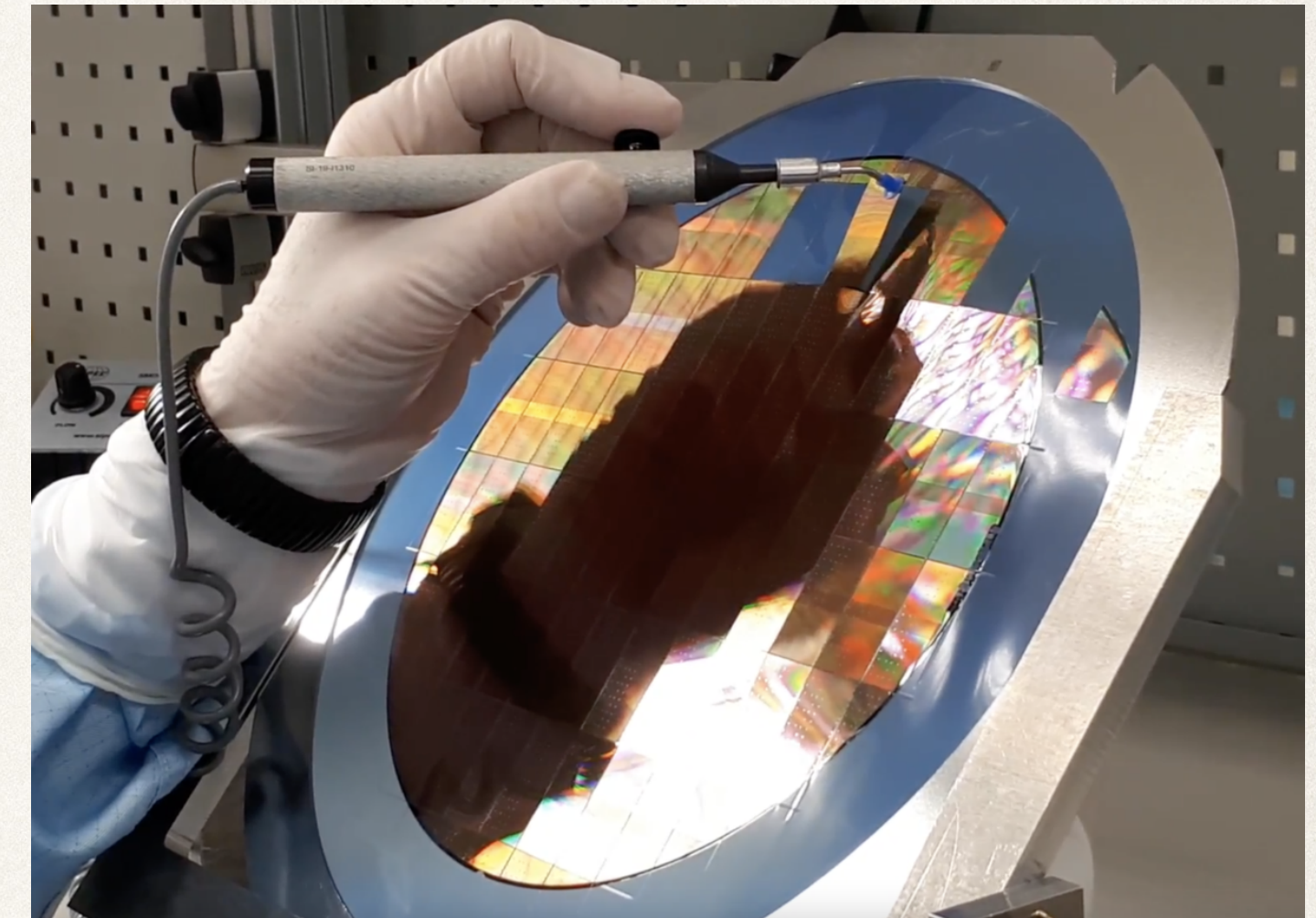
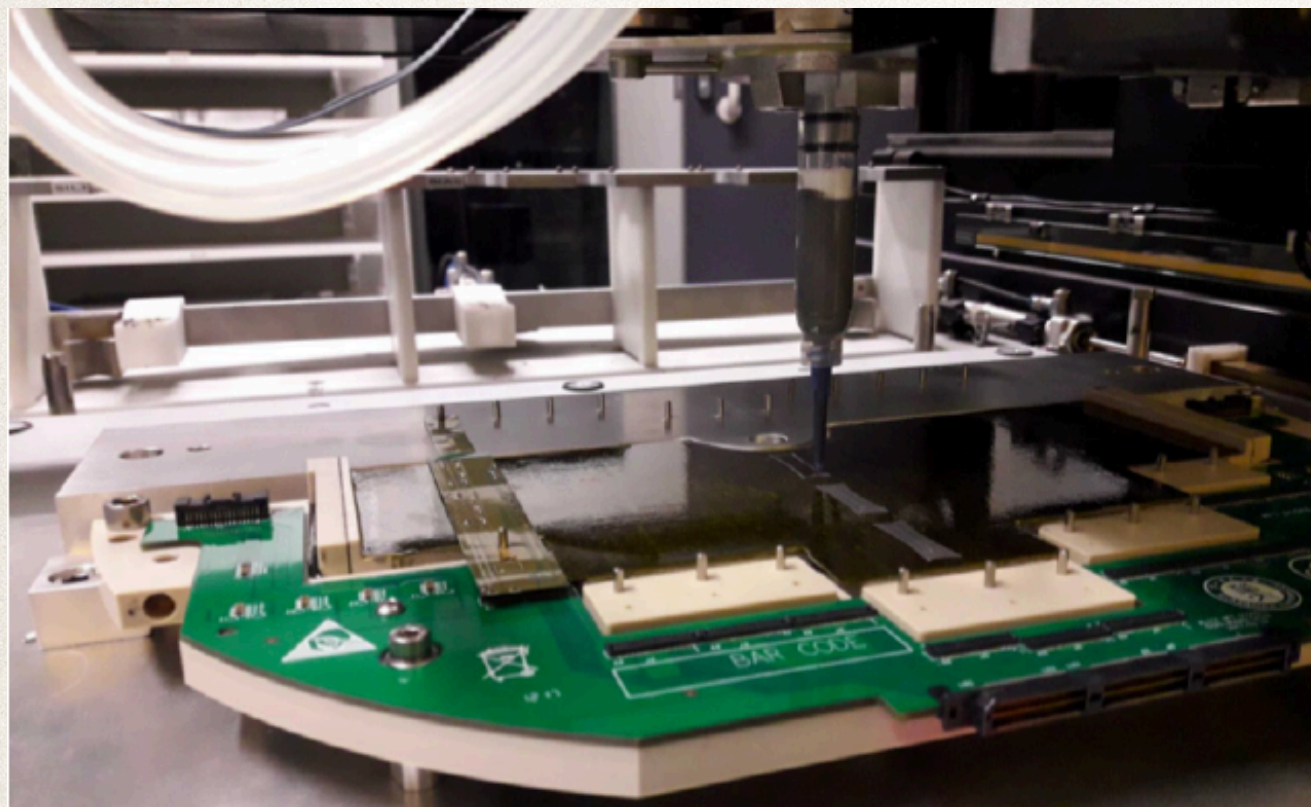
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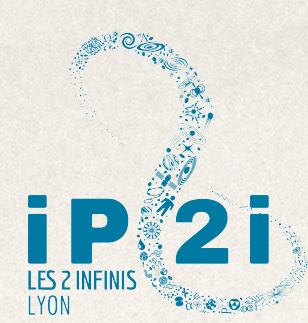
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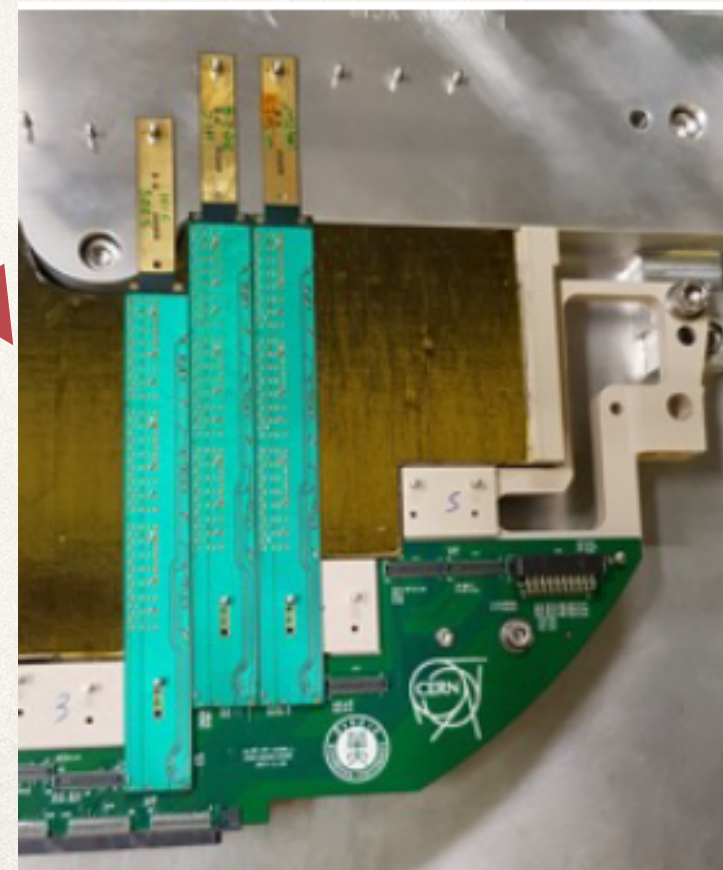
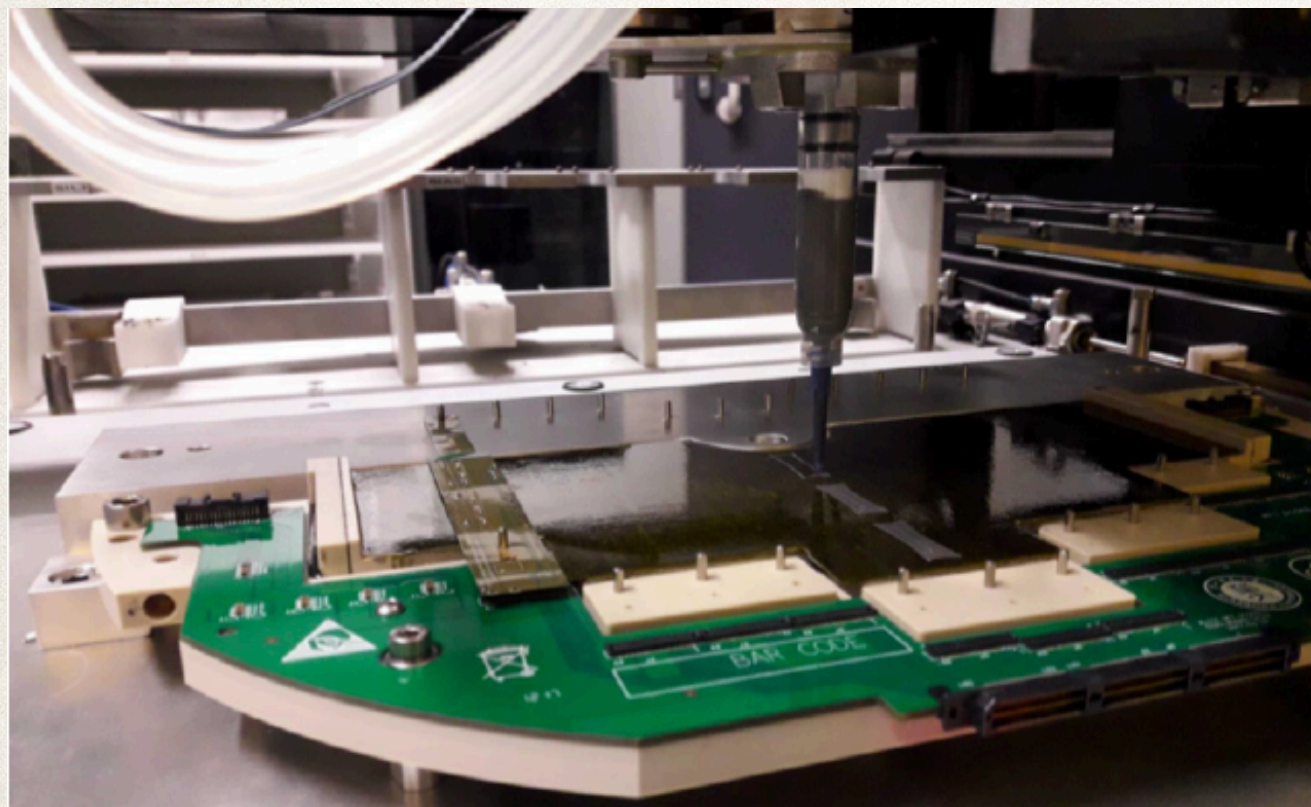
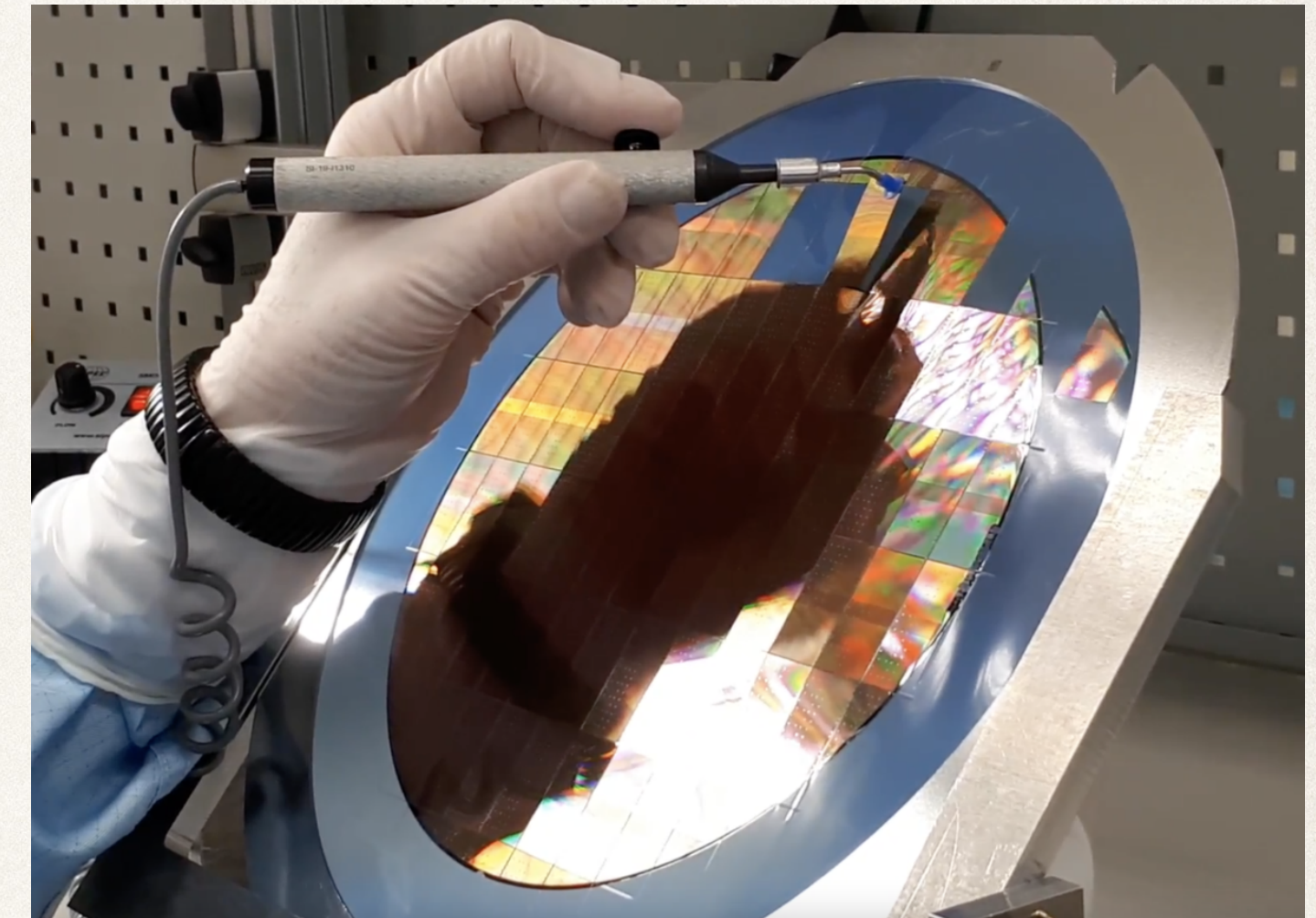
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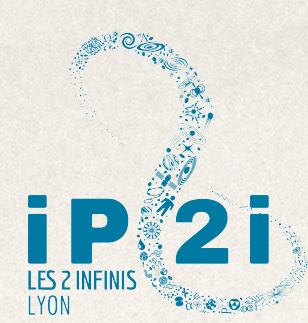
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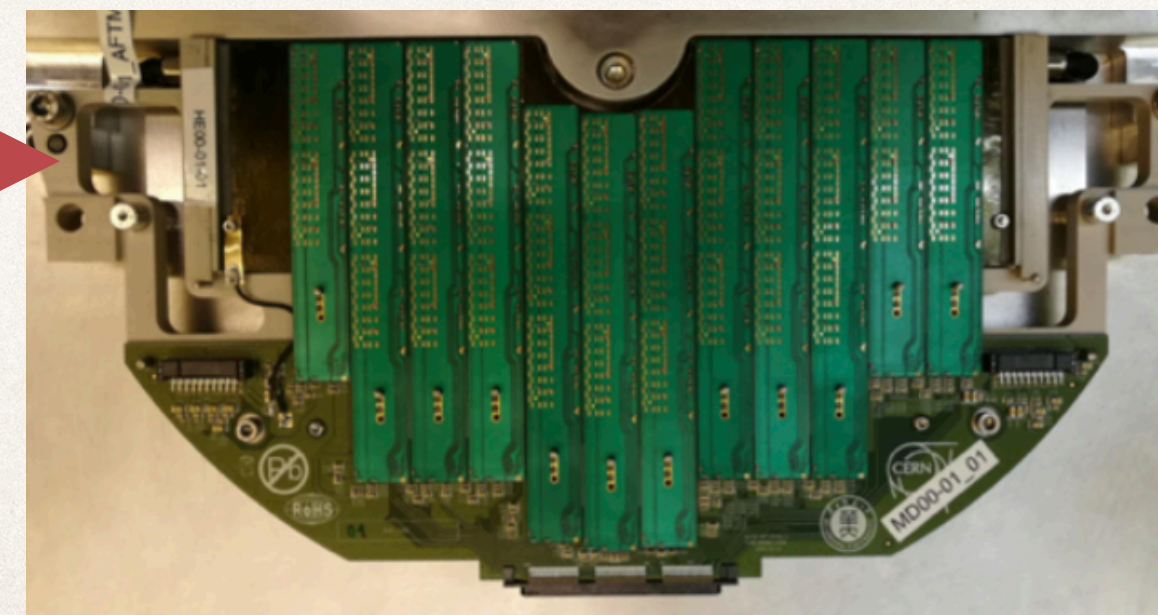
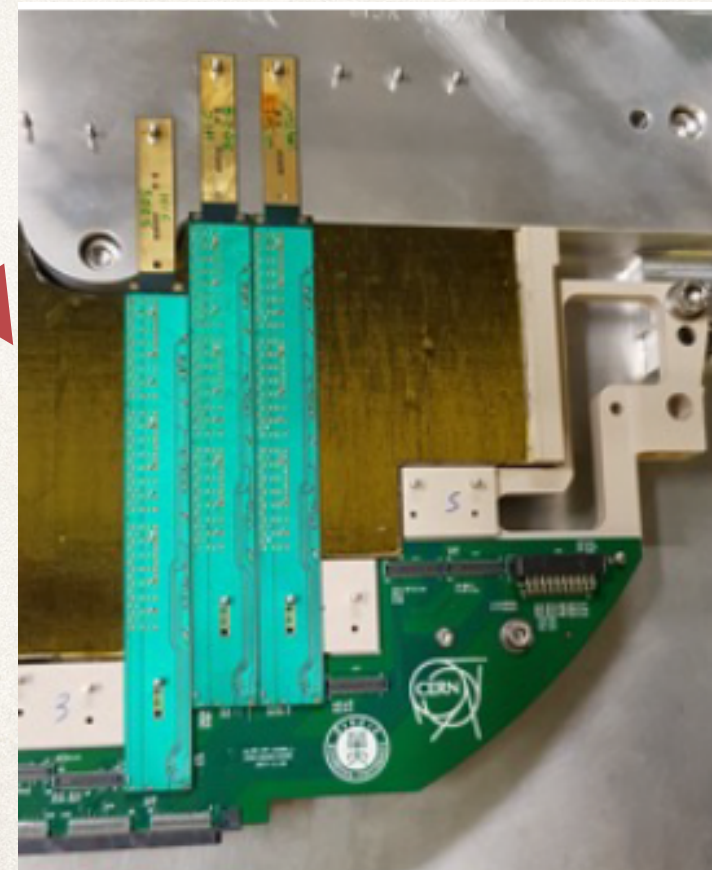
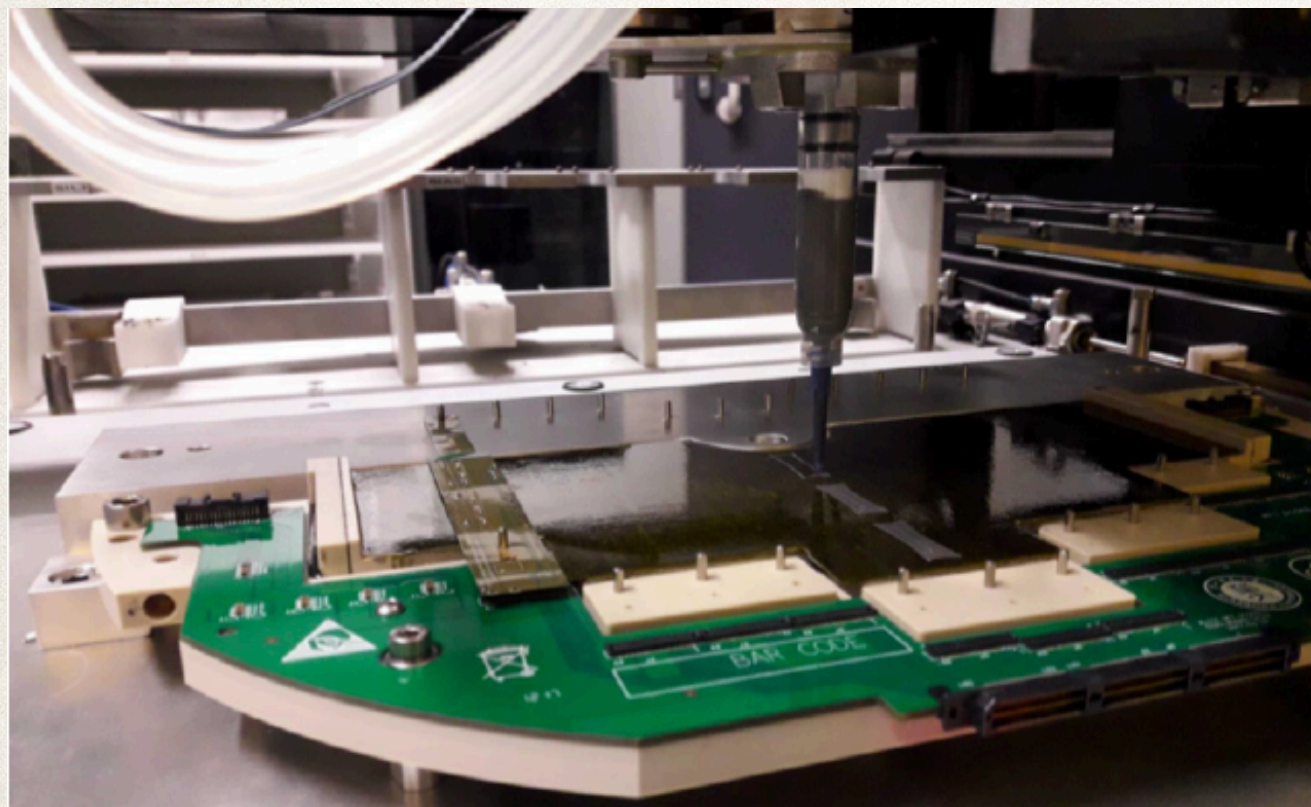
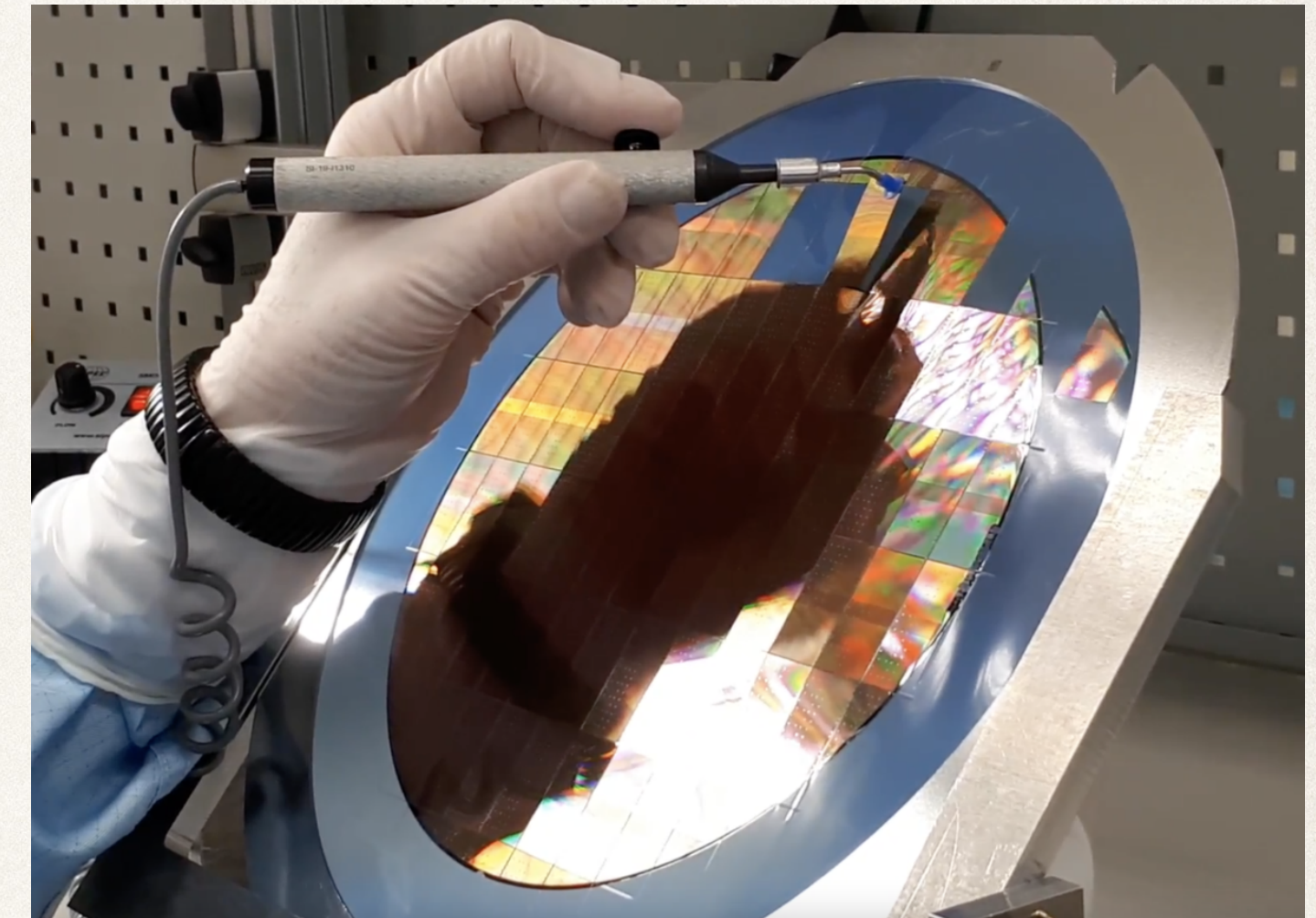
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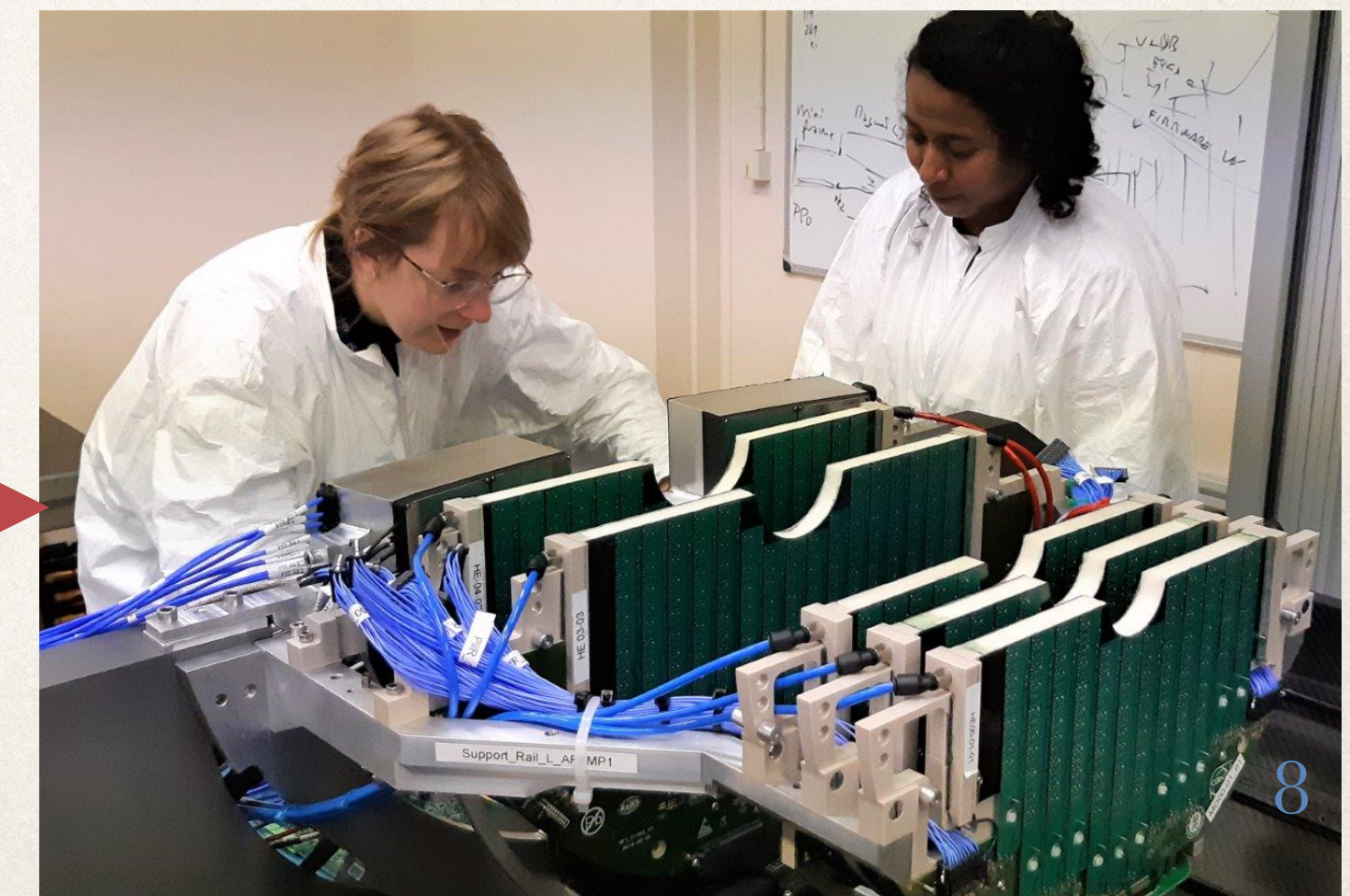
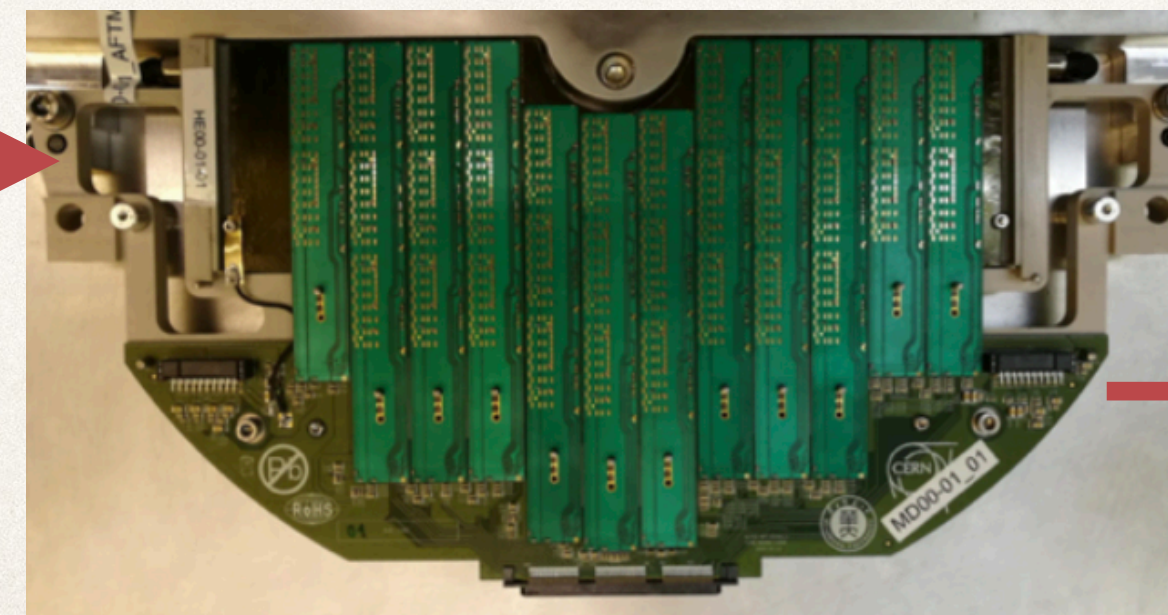
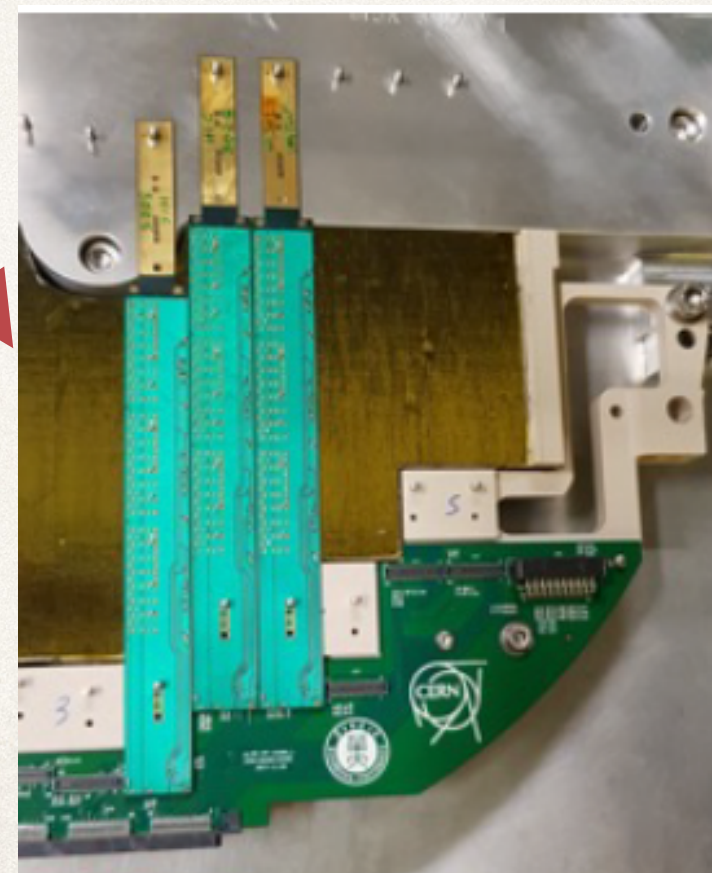
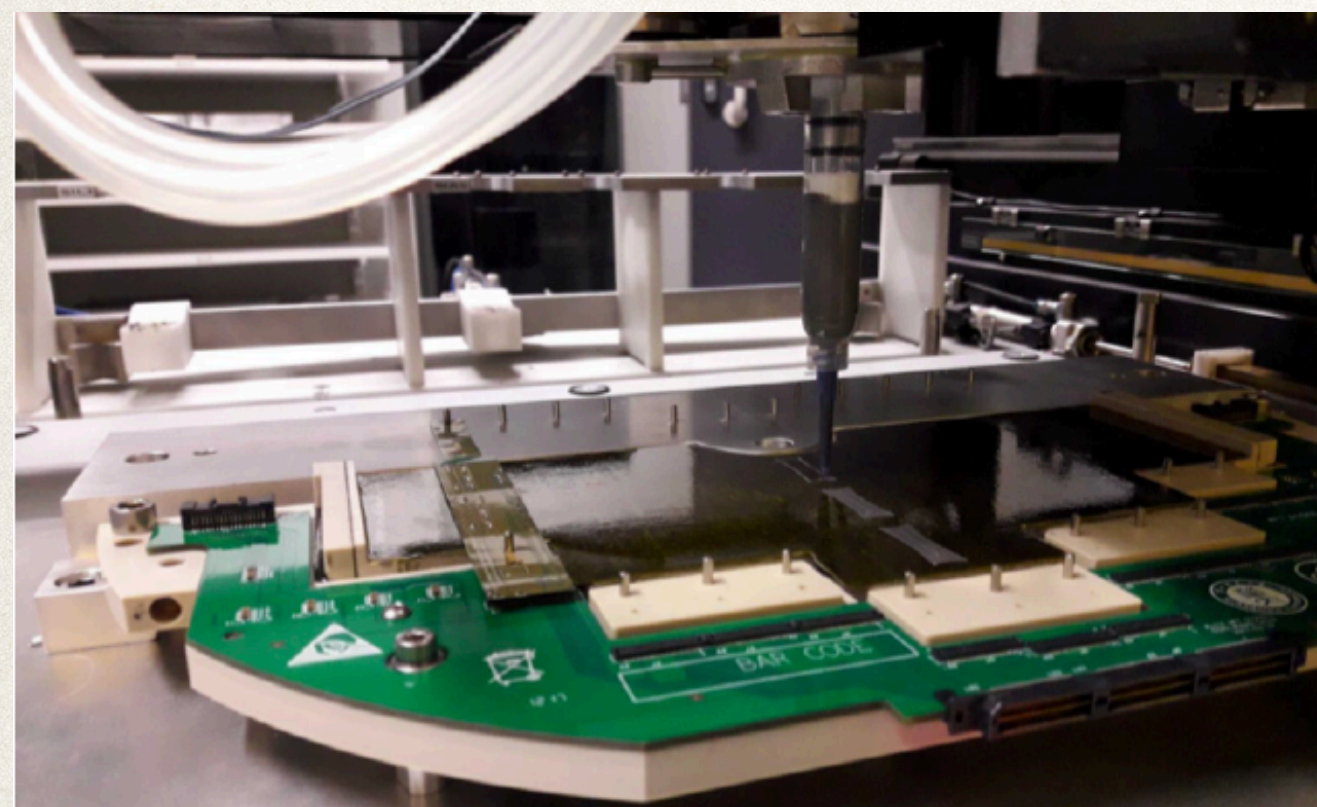
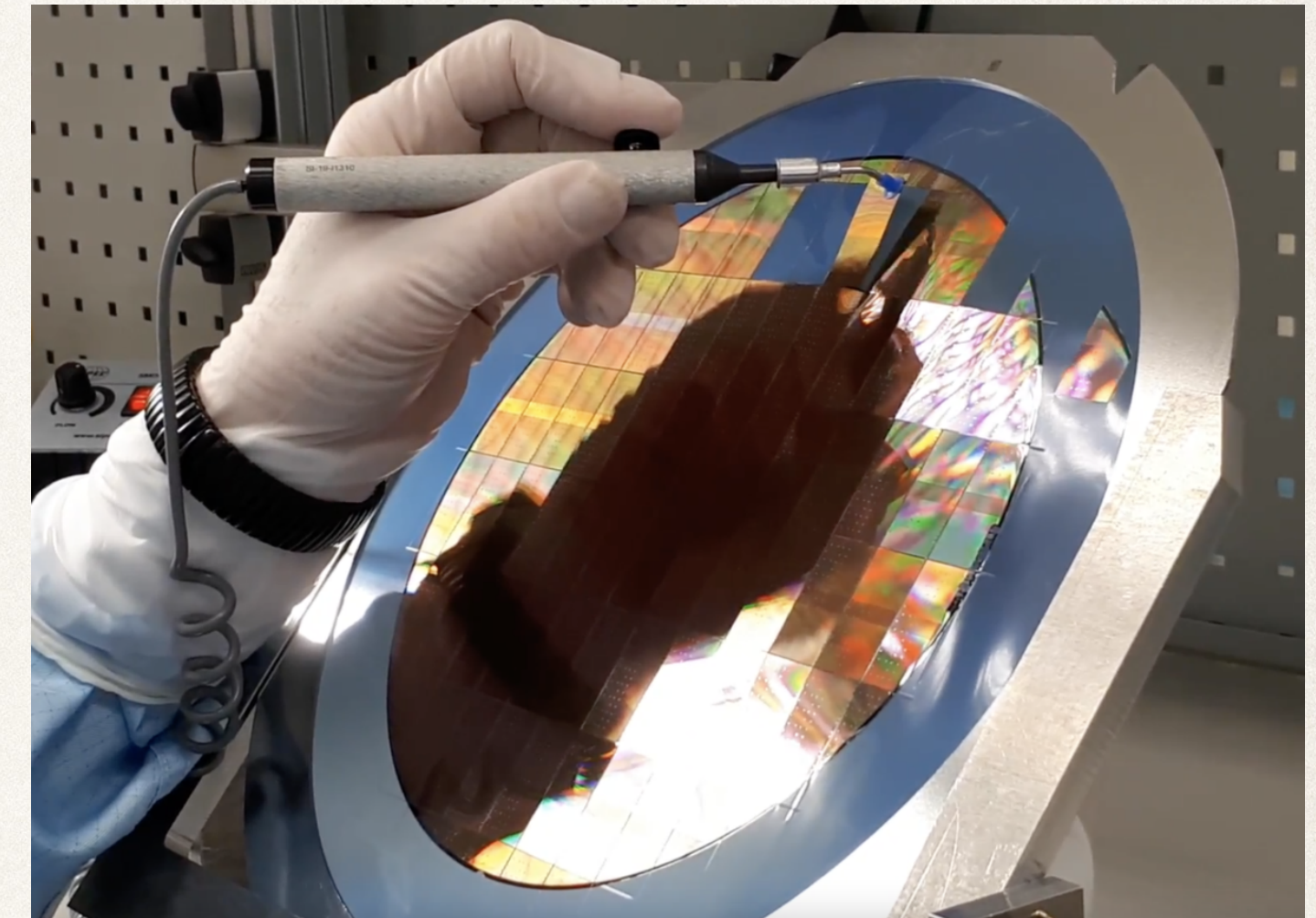
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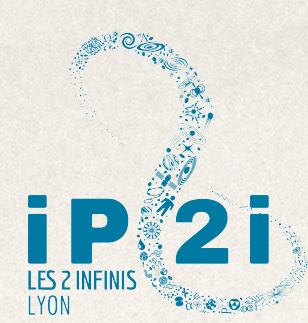


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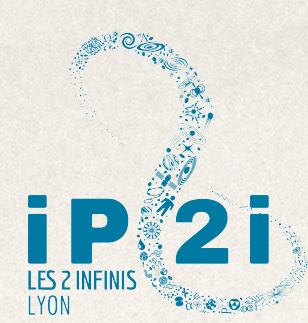


MFT Commissioning (2)

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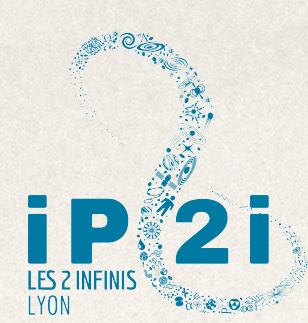


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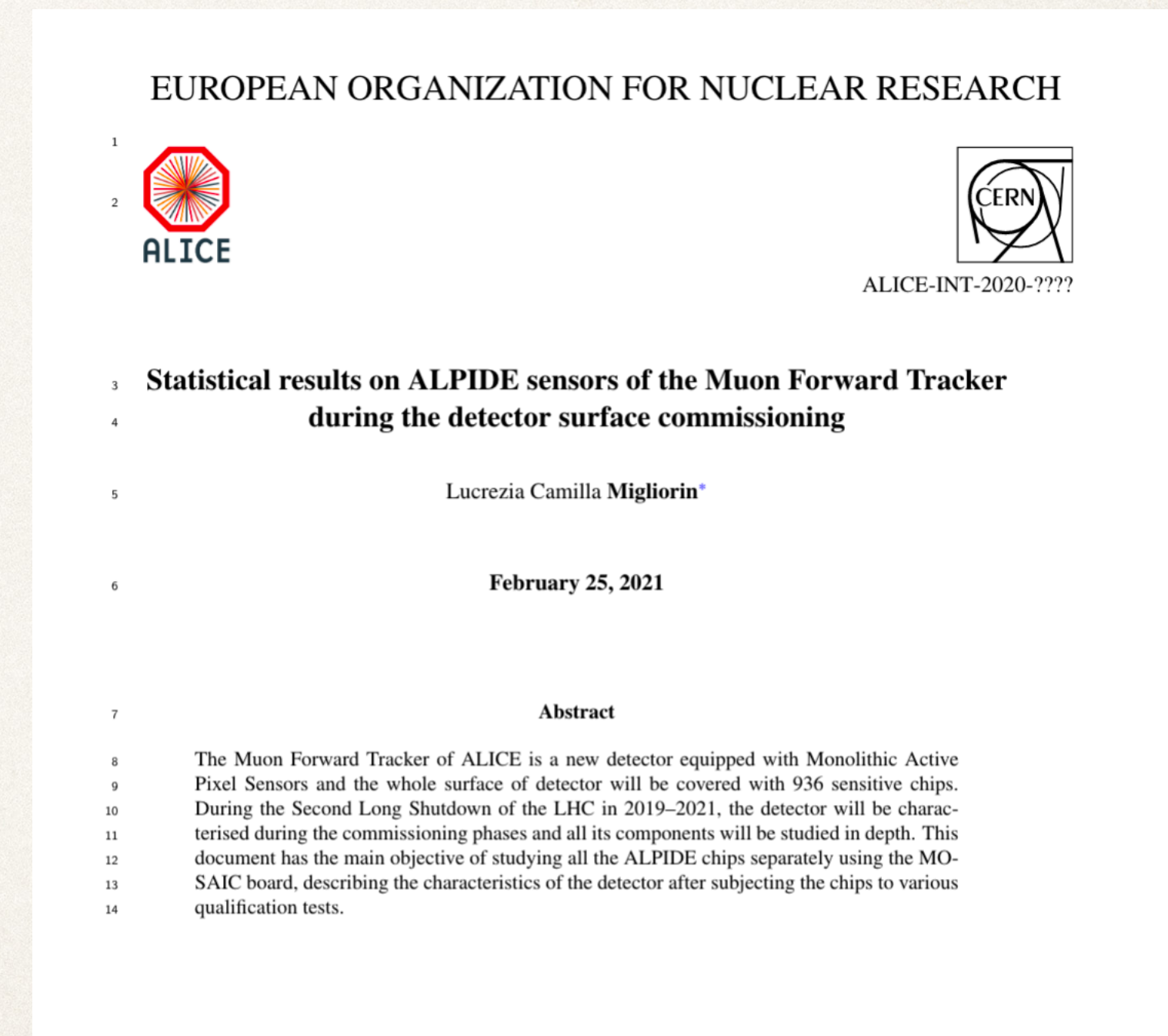


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- ❖ Writing of an internal note on the qualification of the records.



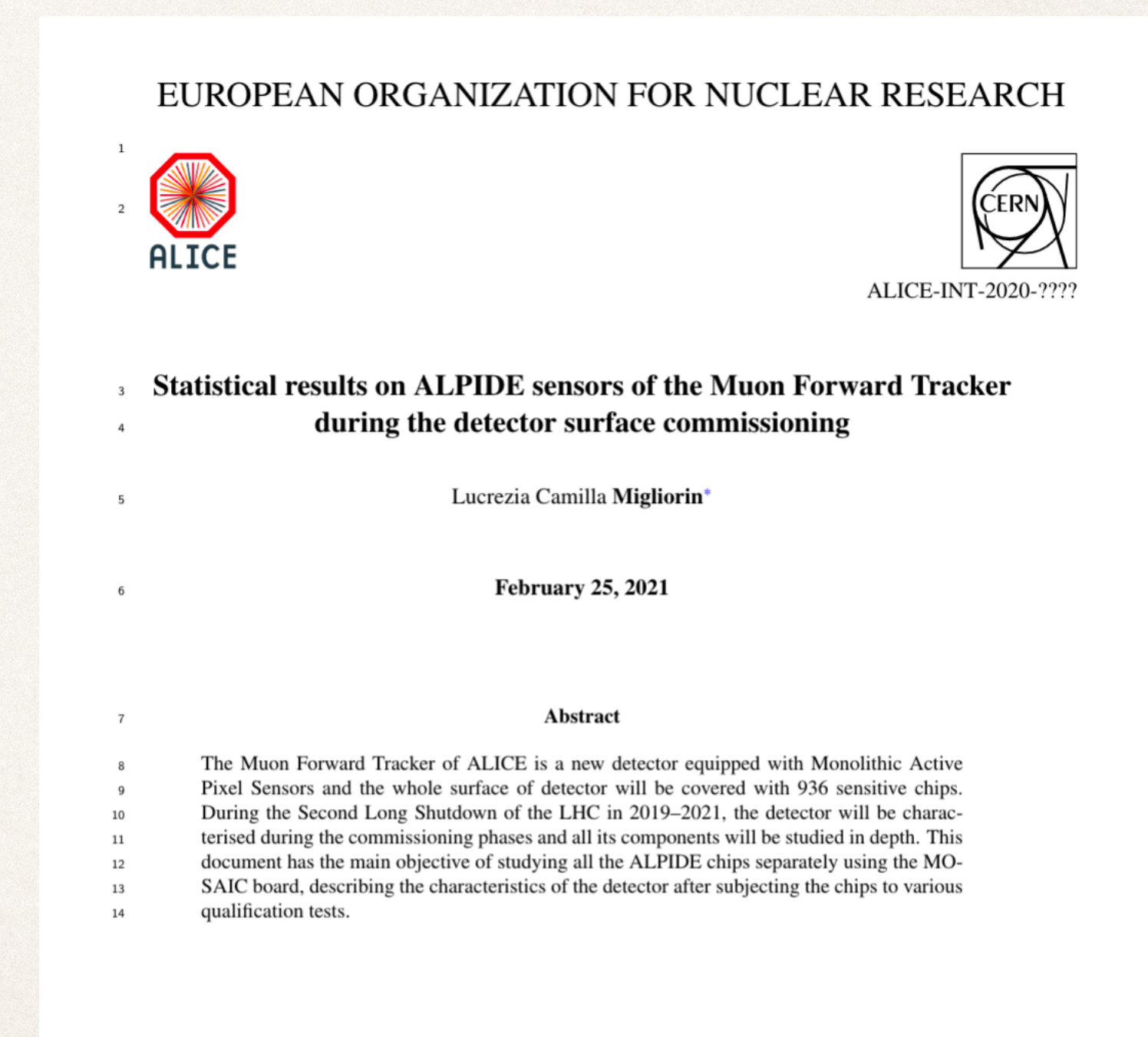
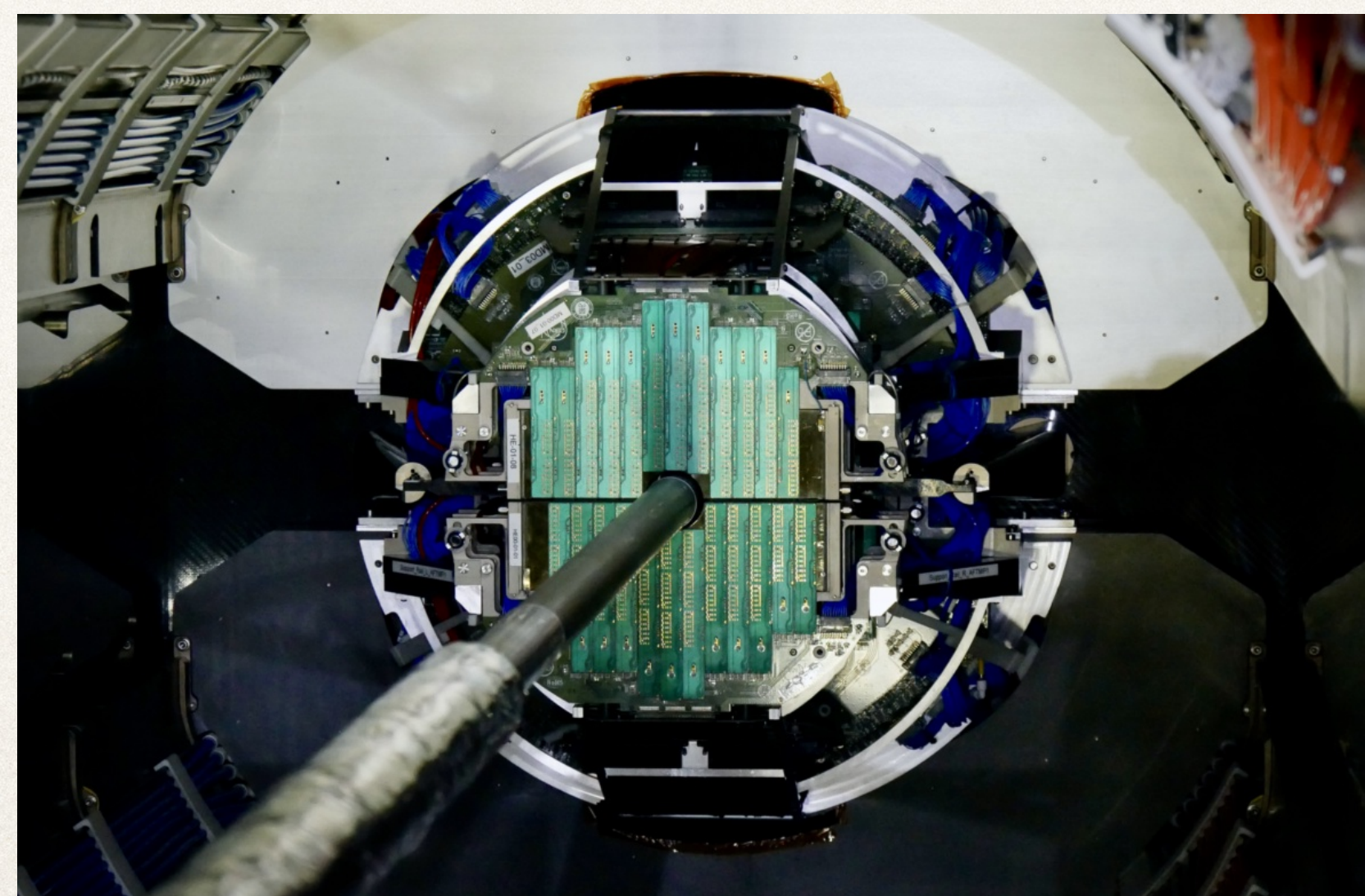


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MFT Commissioning (2)

- ❖ Qualification work on disks and ladders;
- ❖ Simulation of the MFT detector with the calculation of the acceptance reduction due to defective sensors;
- ❖ Development of code for readout and decoding of raw data;
- ❖ Writing of an internal note on the qualification of the records.



MFT is finally in ALICE Cavern!

9th March 2021

Follow R. Sadek speech 10/03/2021 !