



# Heavy flavor hadrons produced in jets with the ALICE experiment

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# Motivation



#### • Heavy flavor hadrons

- Heavy quarks (b,c) are mostly produced in hard scatterings at the initial stage of the collision
- measurement down to  $p_{\rm D} \approx 0$
- Production cross section can be calculated within pQCD

#### HF-tagged jets

- Measurement of jets from hard scattering down to very low  $p_{\mathrm{T,jet}}$ 
  - which helps in constraining the **jet background** (even in large systems)
- Experimental input for gluon-to-hadron Fragmentation Function  $(g \to D^0)$  and gluon PDF at low  ${\rm x}$
- Quark-enhanced jet sample (w.r.t inclusive jets ← gluon-induced showers)
- pp: pQCD test
- **pA**: Cold-Nuclear-Matter effect
- AA: Probe of Quark-Gluon Plasma



### **ALICE Detector**









### **Analysis Methods**



#### HF-tagged jet reconstruction

- HF hadrons (D,  $\Lambda_c$ , J/ $\psi$ ) reconstruction with selected channels
- Replace daughters with hadron candidate
- Jet clustering with all charged tracks
  - Anti- $k_T$  algorithm, R=0.4

#### Signal extraction by invariant mass

≻Fitting raw spectrum

- Side-band method for background subtraction
- Correction on efficiency and beauty feeddown (prompt and non-prompt)
- ≥2D unfolding  $(z, p_{T,jet})$  for detector effect



 $D^{0} \rightarrow K^{-}\pi^{+} + conj$  (B.R. 3.89%)  $\Lambda^{+}_{C} \rightarrow pK^{0}_{S} + conj.$  (B.R. 1.59%)  $J/\psi \rightarrow e^{+}e^{-}$  (B.R. 5.97%)





# $D^0$ -tagged jet

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 $z = p_{T,D^0}/p_{T,jet}$ 





## $\Lambda_{C}^{+}$ -tagged jet





$$z = p_{T,\Lambda_C^+} / p_{T,jet}$$

- First measurement of  $\Lambda_C^+$  in jets at LHC
- Measurement with large uncertainties.
- Exciting prospects for high luminosity LHC run!

Comparison to model

- POWHEG hvq CT10NLO + PYTHIA6
- Softer fragmentation in data
- Seems to favor PYTHIA with softer settings
- Allow to put constrains on models



### b-tagged jets



- Selection
- Most displaced Secondary Vertex (SV)
  - 3 prongs, p-Pb 2016 data at 5.02 TeV
  - Displacement significance:  $SL_{xy} = L_{xy}/\sigma_{L_{xy}}$
  - Dispersion of SV:  $\sigma_{SV} = \sqrt{\Sigma_i (d_{0,i})^2}$
- Track counting algorithm
  - Using impact parameter of b-hadrons
  - Evaluate a discriminator  $sd_{xy} = sign\left(\overrightarrow{d_{xy}} \cdot \overrightarrow{p_{jet}}\right)d_{xy}$
  - Sort the  $d_{xy}$  of the tracks inside the jet in descending order
  - A jet is tagged as a b-jet if the Nth most displaced track with IP larger than a threshold parameter
- Correction
  - Data-driven method for efficiency and purity







## b-tagged jets





- Cross sections
  - Top: pp 5.02 TeV
  - Bottom: pPb 5.02 TeV
- Model comparison
  - Red: POWHEG HVQ
  - Blue: POWHEG Dijet

b-jet production is not affected by cold-

### nuclear-matter effect within the current uncertainties









### Summary





- D-tagged jets
  - $p_T$  differential cross-section consistent with theory
  - D-meson jet momentum fraction in pp shows softer fragmentation in data for low  $p_{T,jet}$
  - Pb-Pb: analysis ongoing
- $\Lambda_C$ -tagged jets
  - First measurement at LHC
  - Allow to put constrains on models
- b-jets
  - Good agreement with POWHEG+PYTHIA
  - $R_{pPb}$  indicating no cold nuclear matter effects
- $J/\psi$ -tagged jets
  - Analysis ongoing