

# Broadband quantum noise reduction in Virgo using frequency dependent squeezing

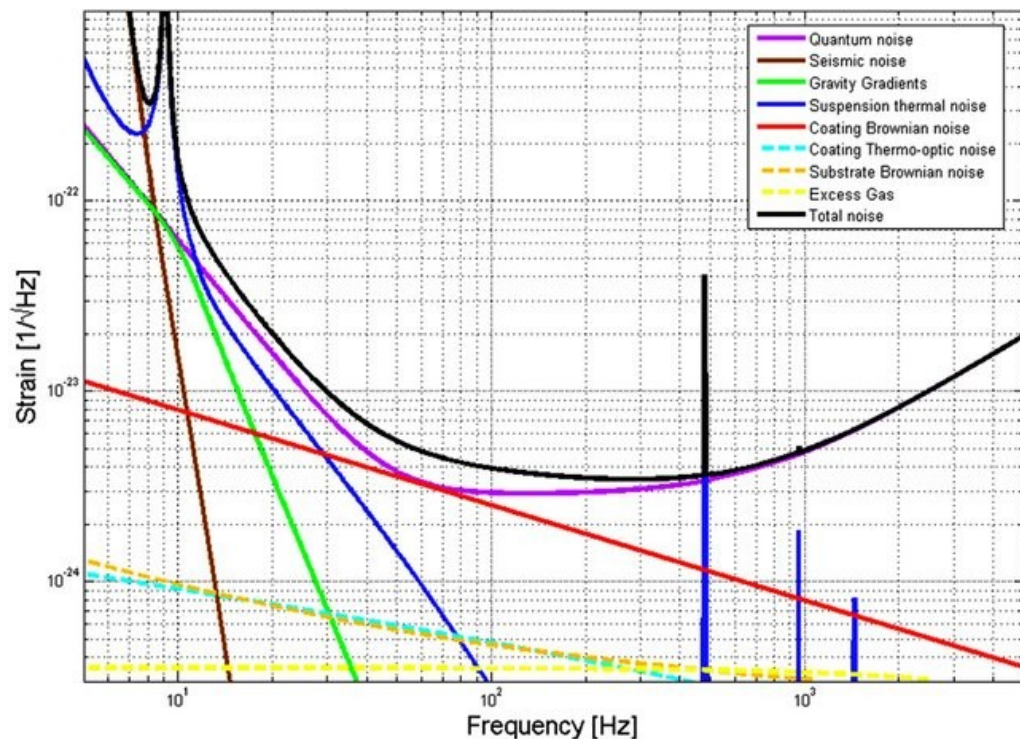
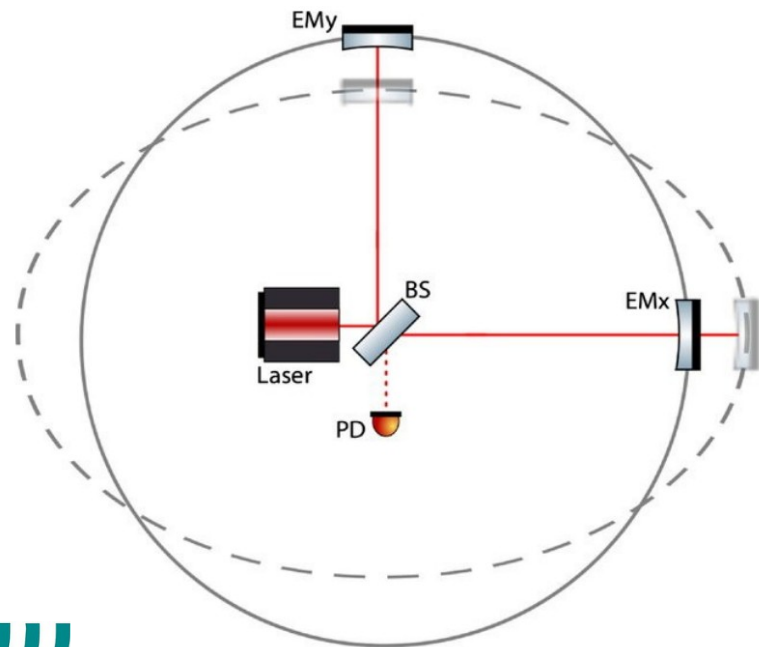
Eleonora Polini

13th April 2021 - Journée Instrumentation GDR



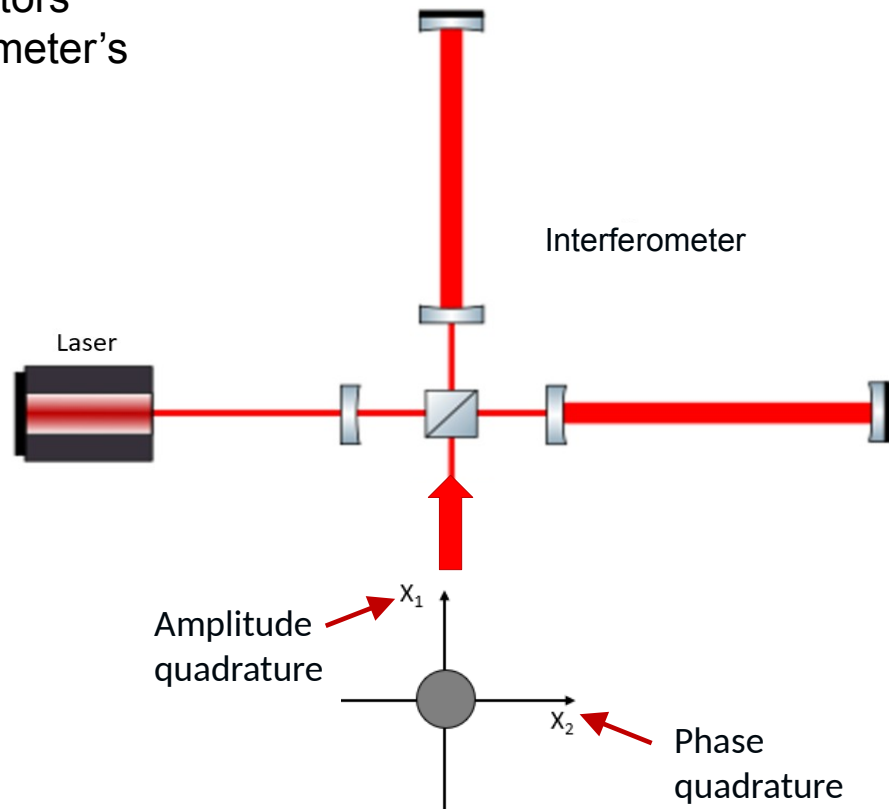
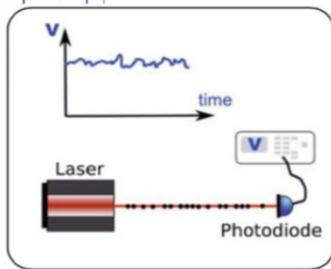
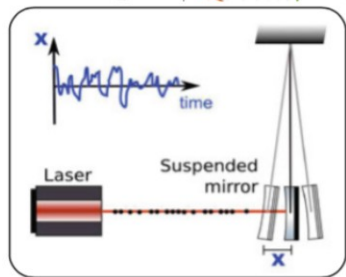
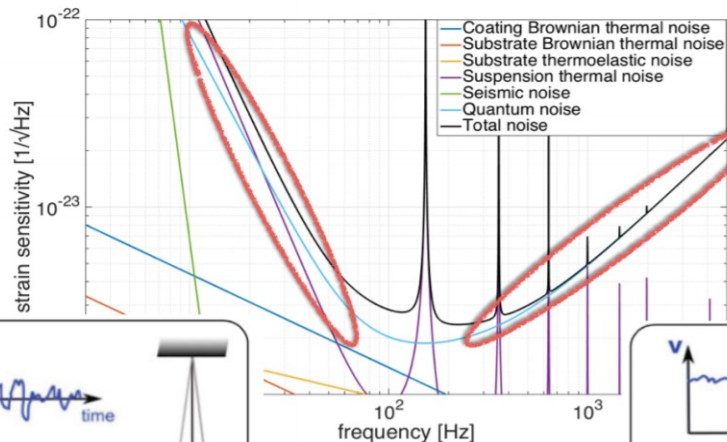
- Detection principle:** Michelson interferometer measures the difference in phase associated to the passing gravitational wave (GW)

$$\delta\phi_{\text{GW}} = \frac{4\pi}{\lambda} \delta L_{\text{GW}} \longrightarrow h = \frac{2 \delta L_{\text{GW}}}{L}$$



- Introduction:**

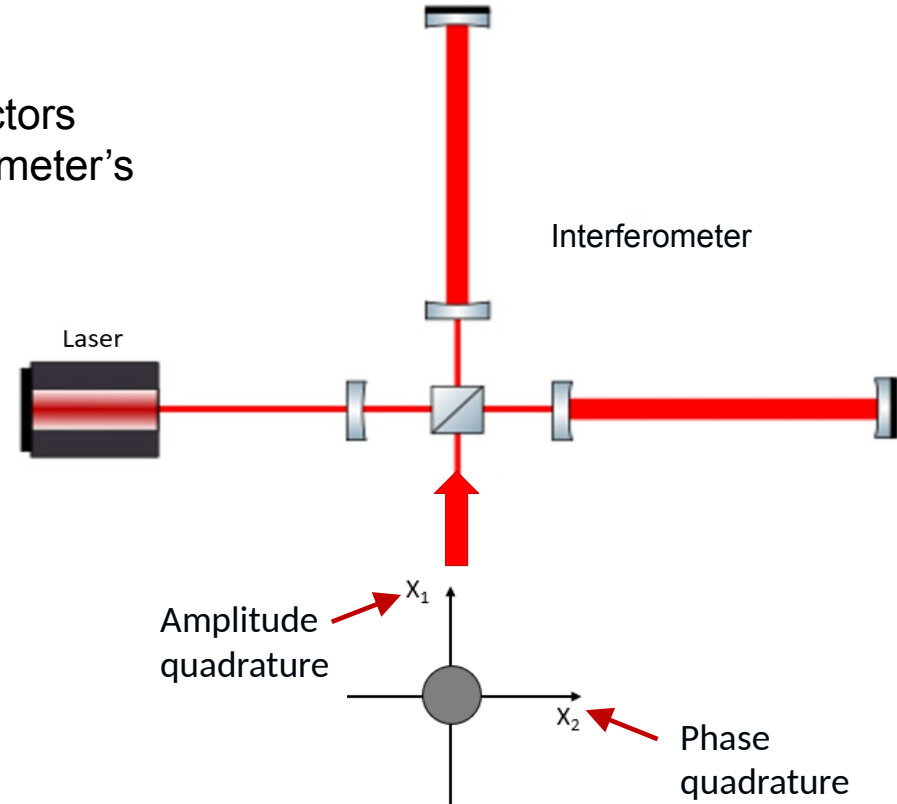
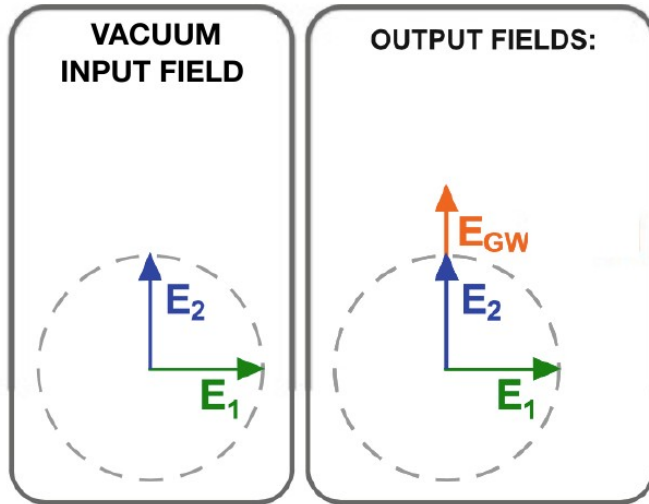
- ✓ *Quantum noise (QN)* limits the sensitivity of GW detectors
- ✓ *QN due only to vacuum fluctuations* entering interferometer's output port



- Introduction:**

- ✓ Quantum noise (QN) limits the sensitivity of GW detectors
- ✓ QN due only to vacuum fluctuations entering interferometer's output port

$$\hat{E}(t) = [E_0 + \hat{E}_1(t)] \cos \omega_0 t + \hat{E}_2(t) \sin \omega_0 t$$



$$\hat{\mathcal{H}} = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{a}^\dagger \hat{a} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \longrightarrow \hat{\mathcal{H}} = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{X}_1^2 + \hat{X}_2^2 \right)$$

Minimal noise at  $\Omega$  frequency is called the *standard quantum limit* (SQL):

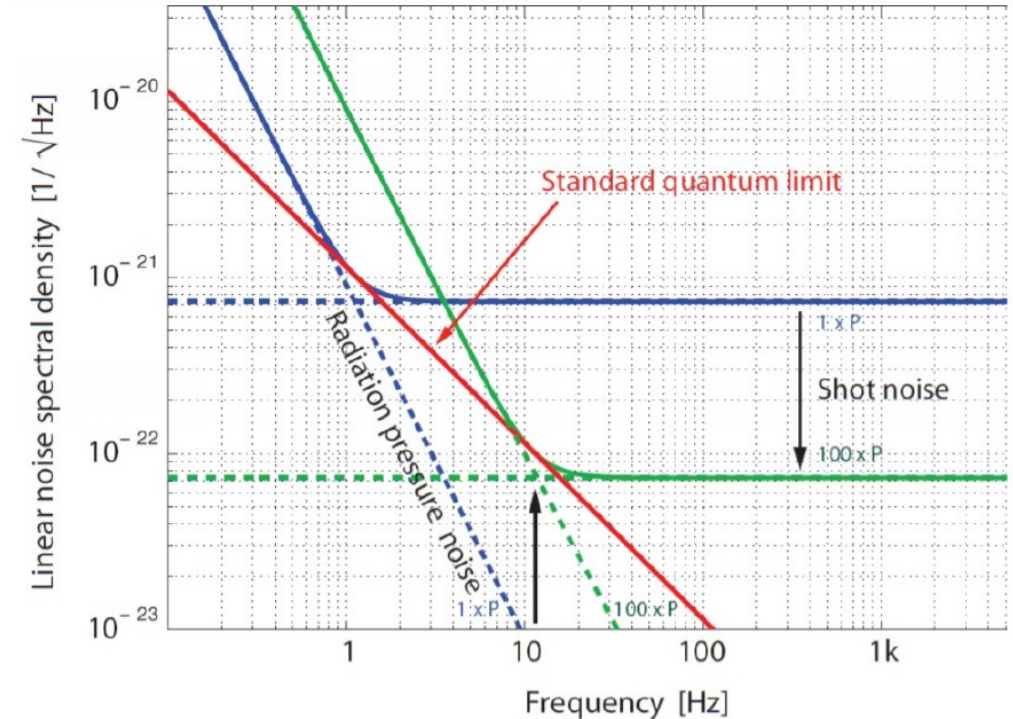
$$h^{SQL} \approx \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{\pi^2 m L^2 \Omega^2}}$$

EM field Hamiltonian:

$$\hat{\mathcal{H}} = \hbar\omega \left( \hat{X}_1^2 + \hat{X}_2^2 \right)$$

Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle:

$$(\Delta X_1)^2 (\Delta X_2)^2 \geq \frac{1}{16}$$



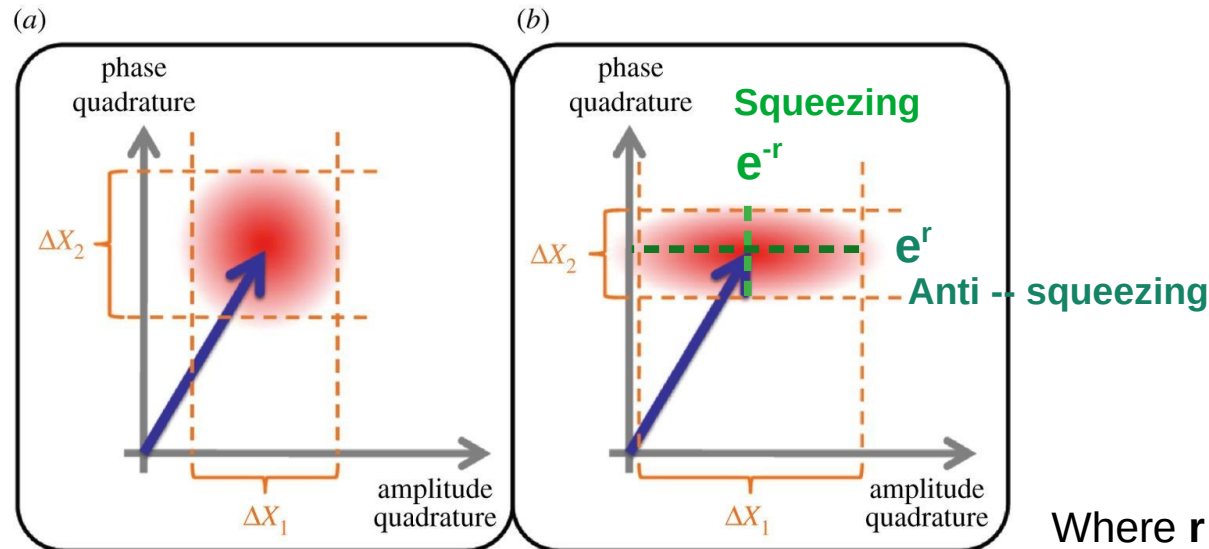


**Coherent states** are so-called minimum uncertainty states:

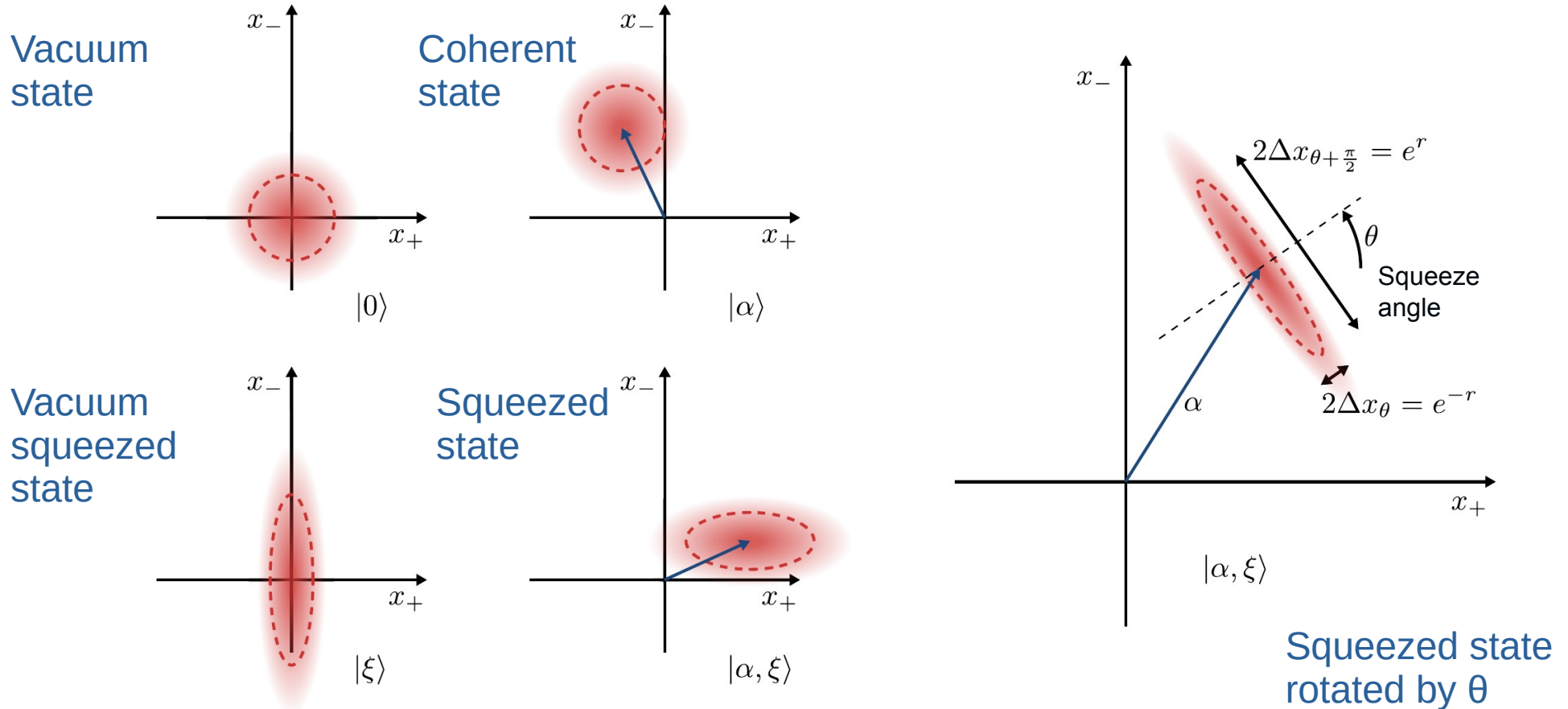
$$(\Delta X_1)^2 (\Delta X_2)^2 = \frac{1}{16}$$

**Squeezed states** fulfil Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle decreasing the variance in one quadrature and increasing it in the orthogonal one:

$$\left(\Delta \hat{X}_\theta\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} e^{-2r} \quad \left(\Delta \hat{X}_{\theta+\pi/2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} e^{2r}$$

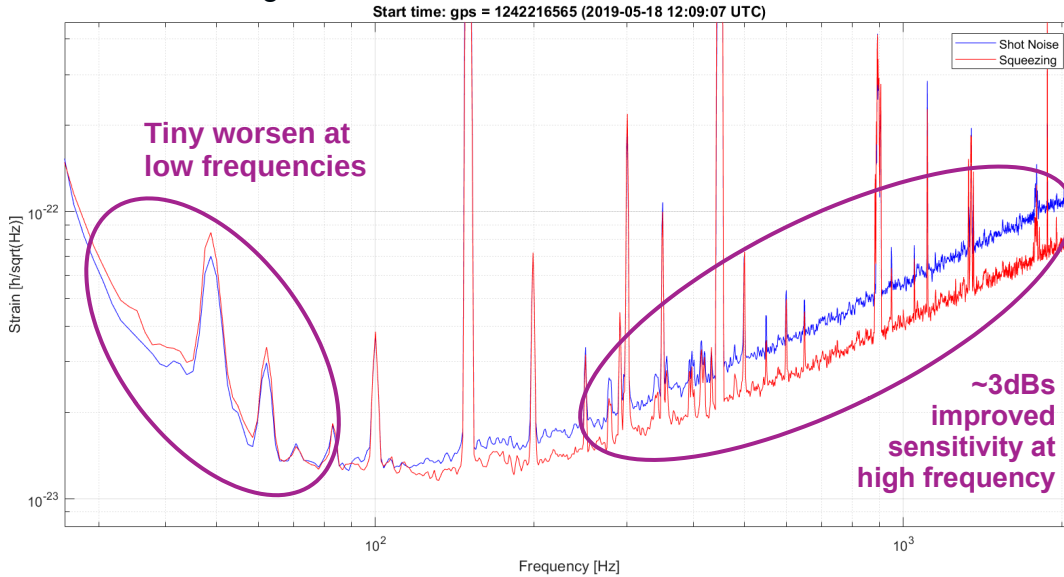


Where  $r$  = squeeze factor

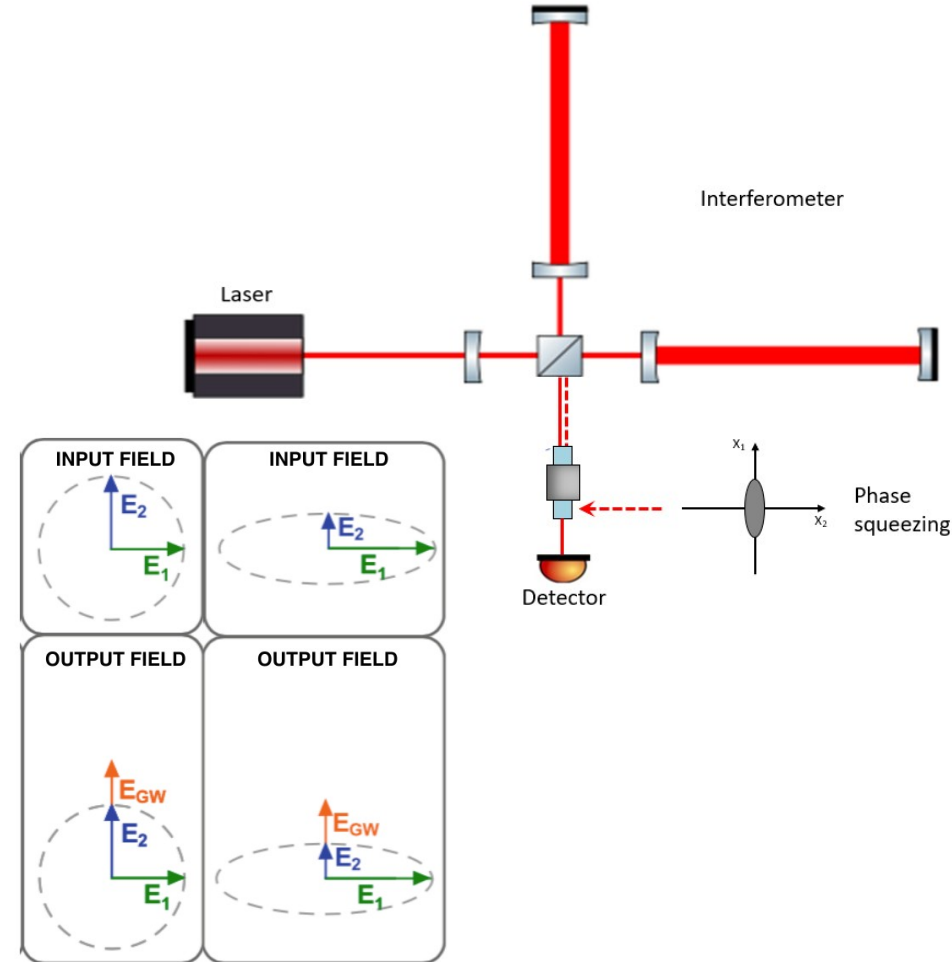


- **First step:**
- ✓ Injecting squeezed vacuum states from the output port to improve sensitivity, run O3
- ✓ Implemented in AdVirgo and aLIGO

Advanced Virgo

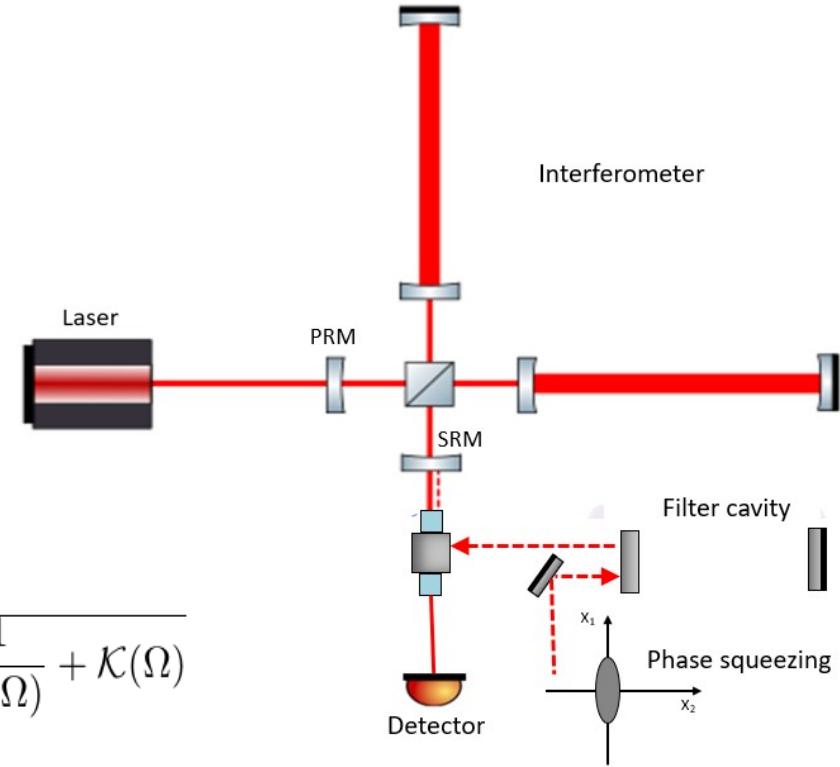
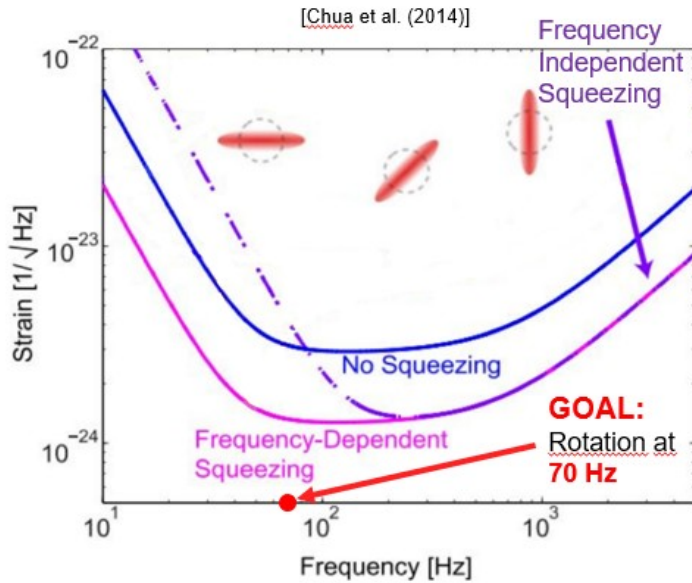


Plot from M. Vardaro





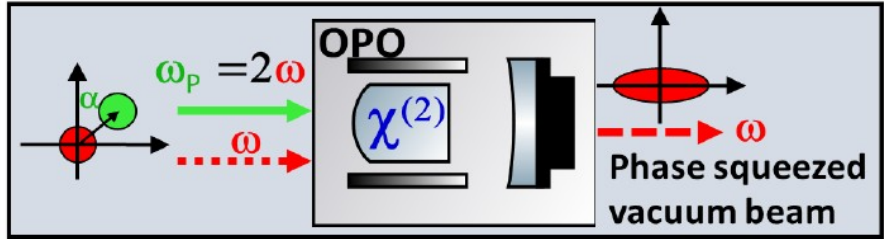
- **Next step:**
  - ✓ Vacuum squeezed state angle become frequency dependent when reflected by a detuned Fabry-Perot filter cavity
  - ✓ Implementation in GW detectors in O4



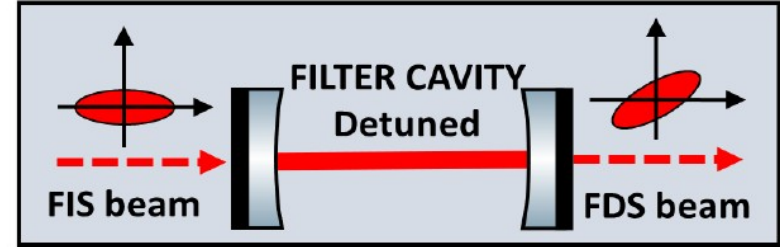
$$h(\Omega) = \frac{h_{SQL}}{\sqrt{2}} e^{-r} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathcal{K}(\Omega)} + \mathcal{K}(\Omega)}$$

Broadband reduction factor

Squeezing generation by **Optical Parametric Oscillator**  
(non-linear optical process in PPKTP crystal)



Filtered by a detuned cavity (FC)



SQZ angle  $\theta_{fc}$  rotation induced by a FP cavity at frequency  $\Omega$ :

Credit S. Di Pace

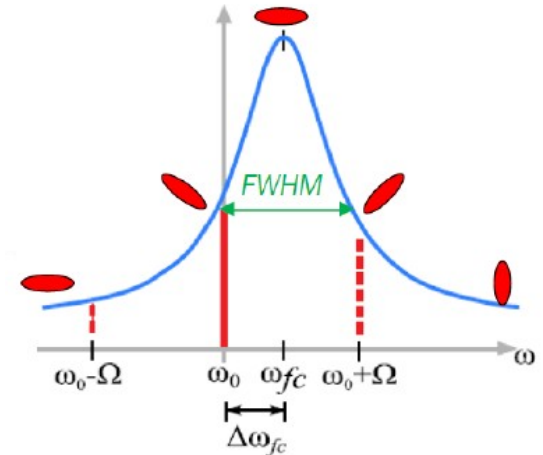
$$\theta_{fc}(\Omega) = \arctg\left(\frac{2\gamma_{fc}\Delta\omega_{fc}}{\gamma_{fc}^2 - \Delta\omega_{fc}^2 - \Omega^2}\right)$$

**AdVirgo+:** rot. @20-30Hz  
**AdLIGO:** rot. @50Hz

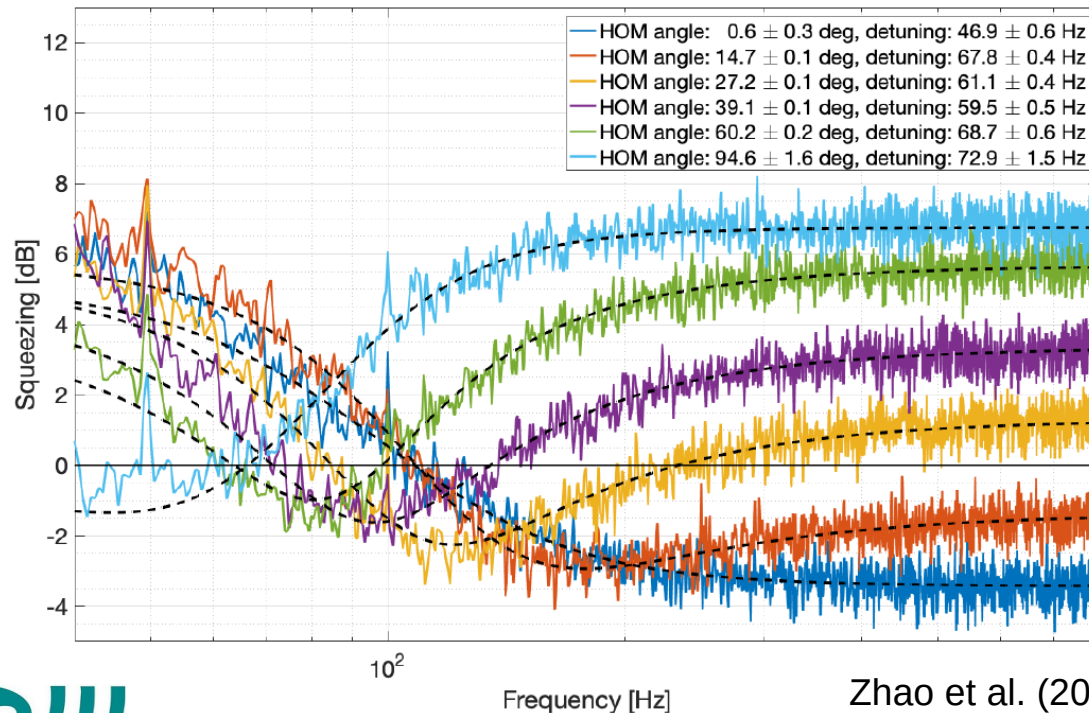
FC resonates at  $\omega_{fc} = \omega_0 + \Delta\omega_{fc}$

Parameters to consider:

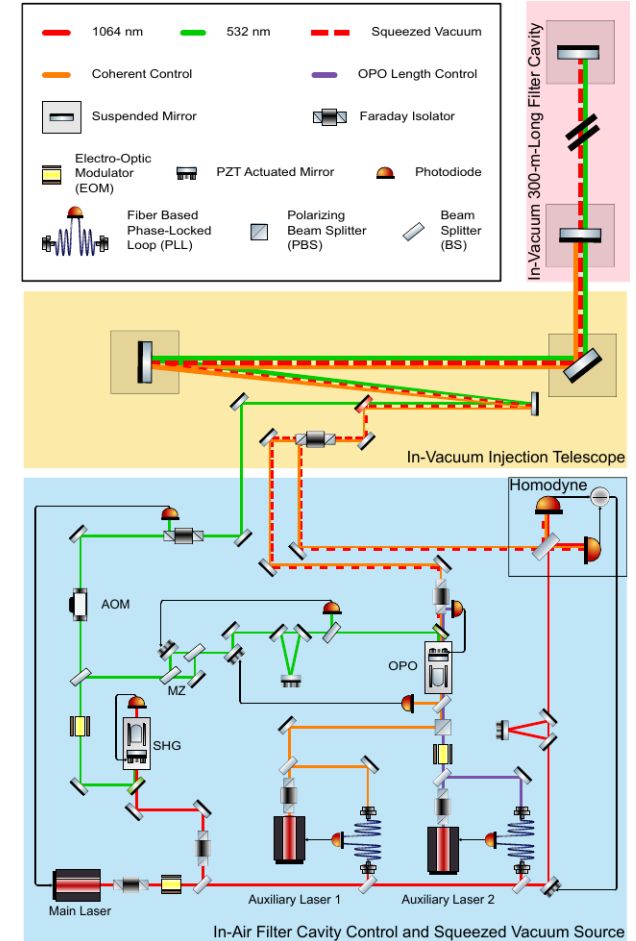
- Linewidth  $\gamma_{fc} = \text{FWHM}/F$
- Detuning  $\Delta\omega_{fc}$



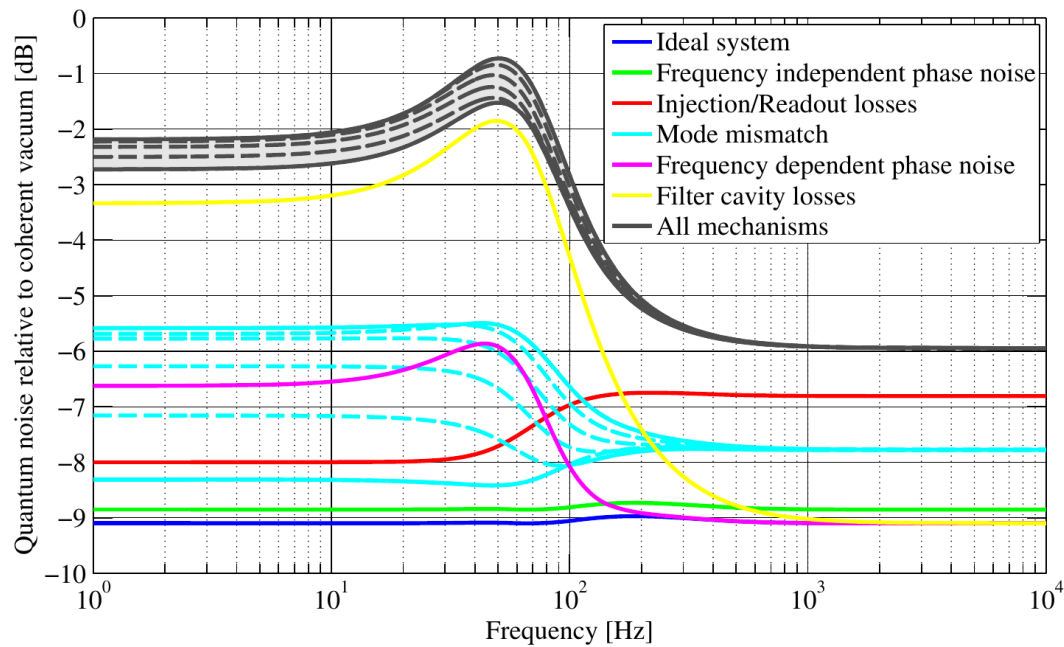
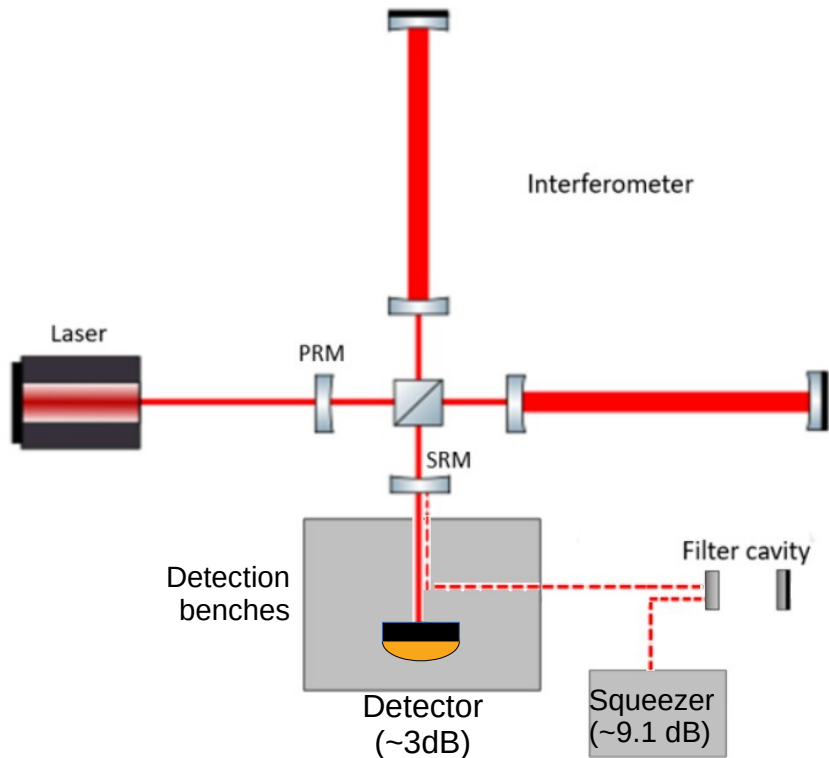
R&D experiment at NAOJ, Tokyo, Japan, was the **first demonstration** (2020) of a frequency dependent squeezed vacuum source, realized with a 300 m suspended filter cavity. The squeezing rotation takes place in the frequency region ( $\sim 100$  Hz) needed to reduce the quantum noise in the whole spectrum of advanced GW detectors.



Zhao et al. (2020)

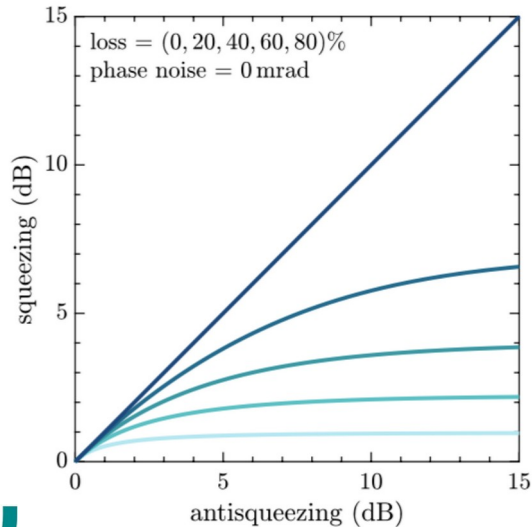
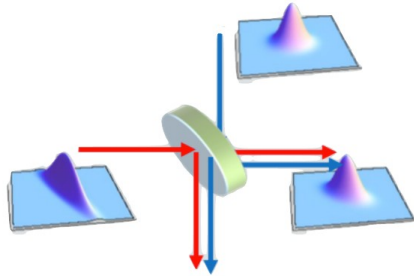


Decoherence (**optical losses + mode mismatch**) and degradation (**phase noise due to phase lock errors + stray light + cavity length fluctuations**) mechanisms limit the experimentally achievable QN reduction.

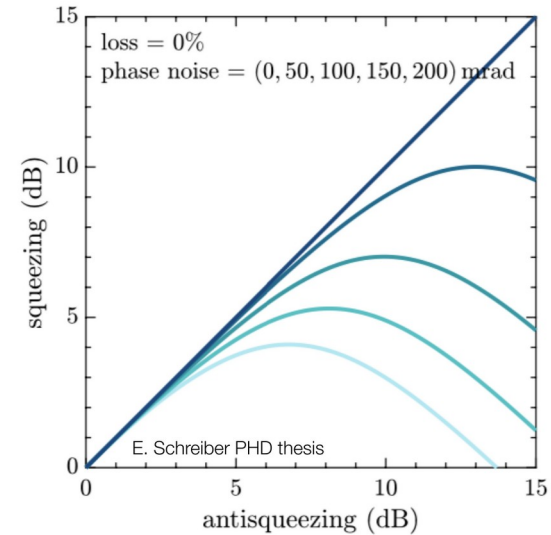
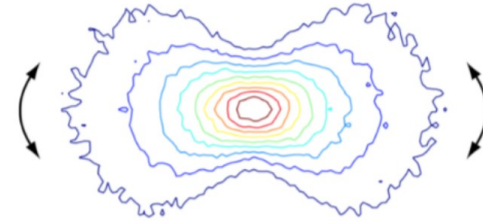


Kwee et al. (2014)

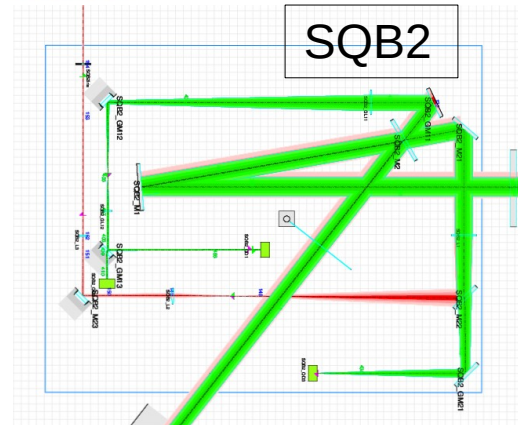
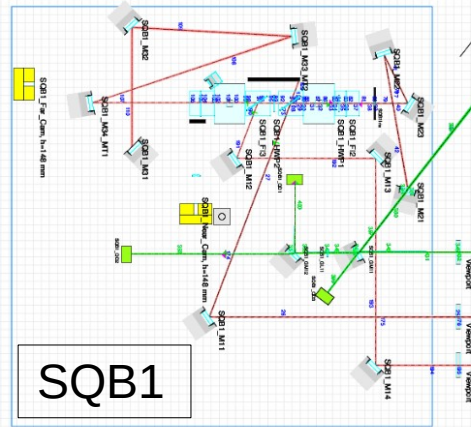
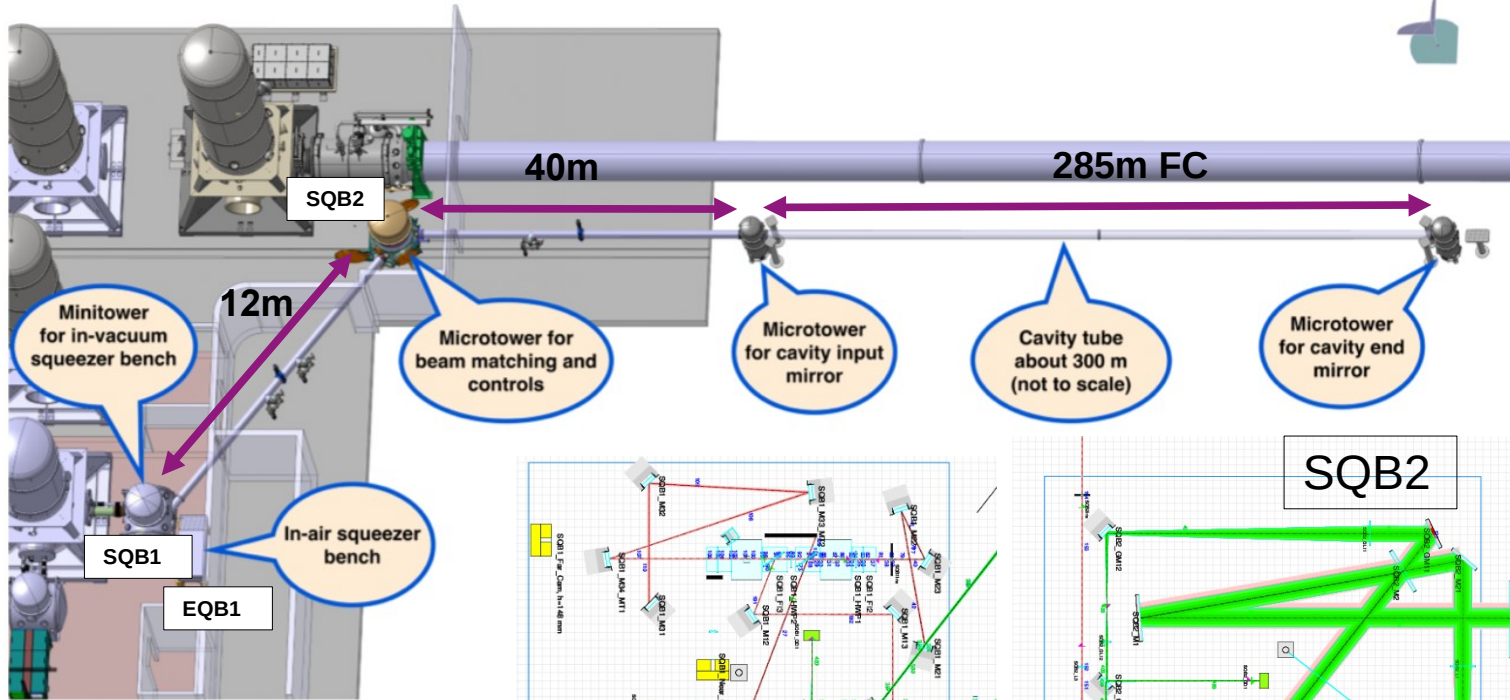
**Losses:** recombination of the squeezing with the ordinary vacuum



**Phase noise:** shaking of the squeezing ellipse

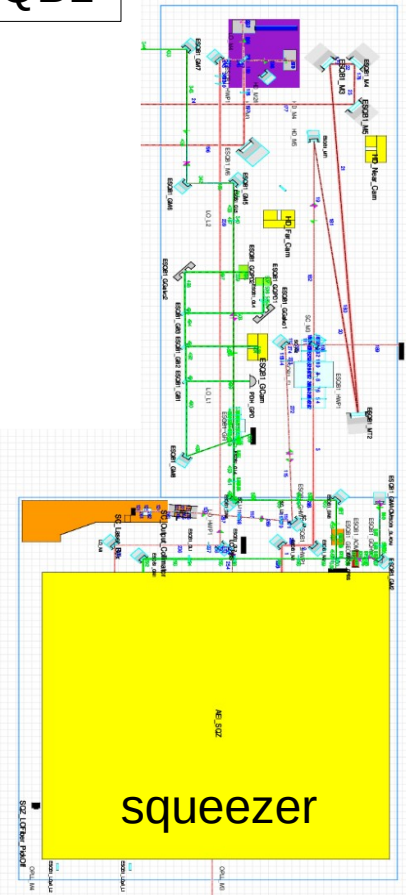




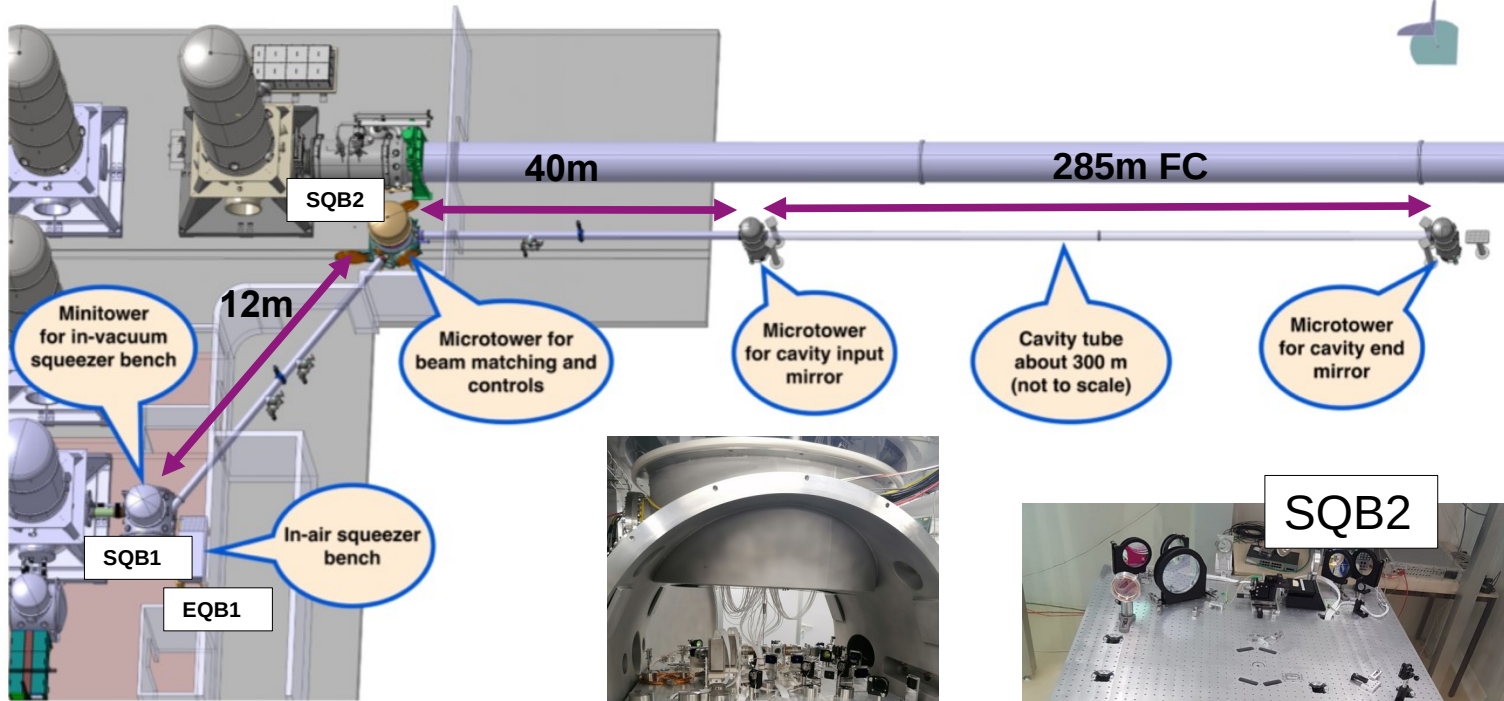


EQB1

Homodyne





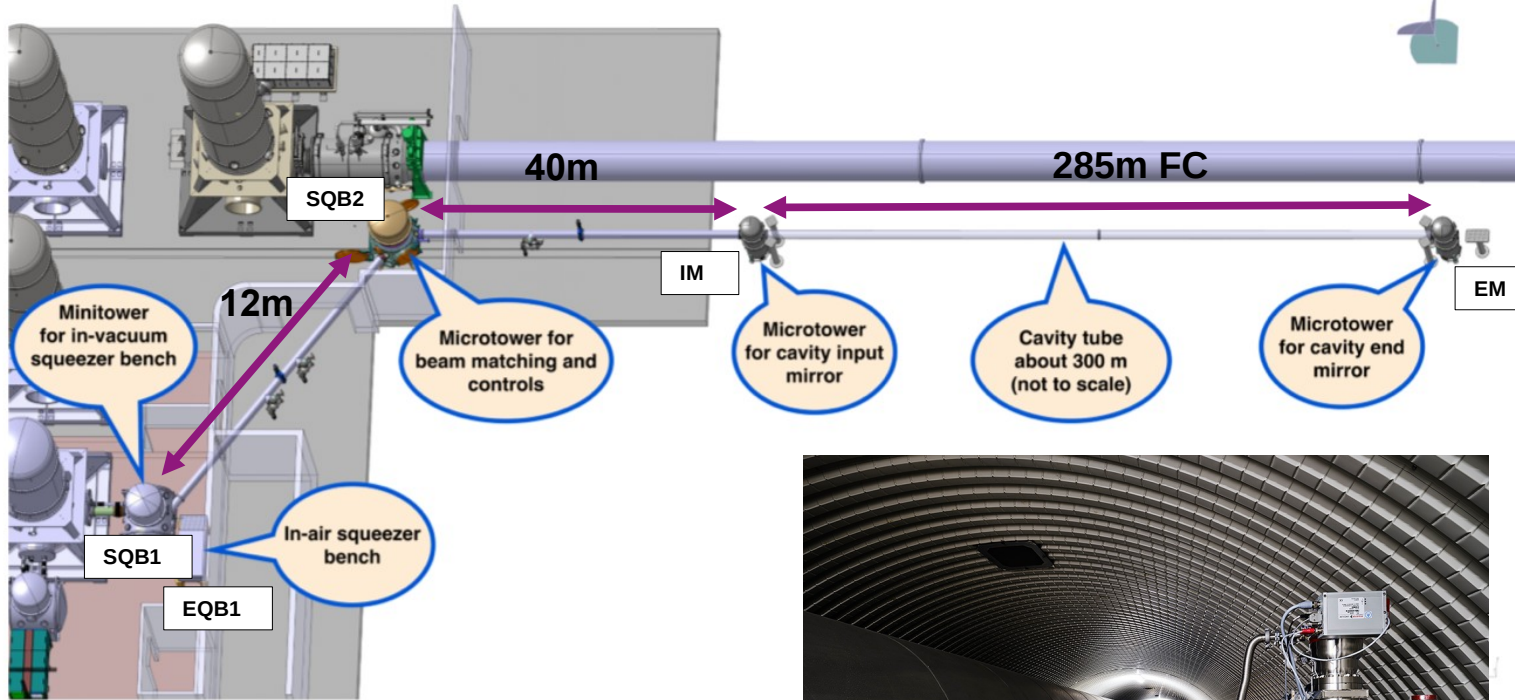


EQB1

SQB1

SQB2



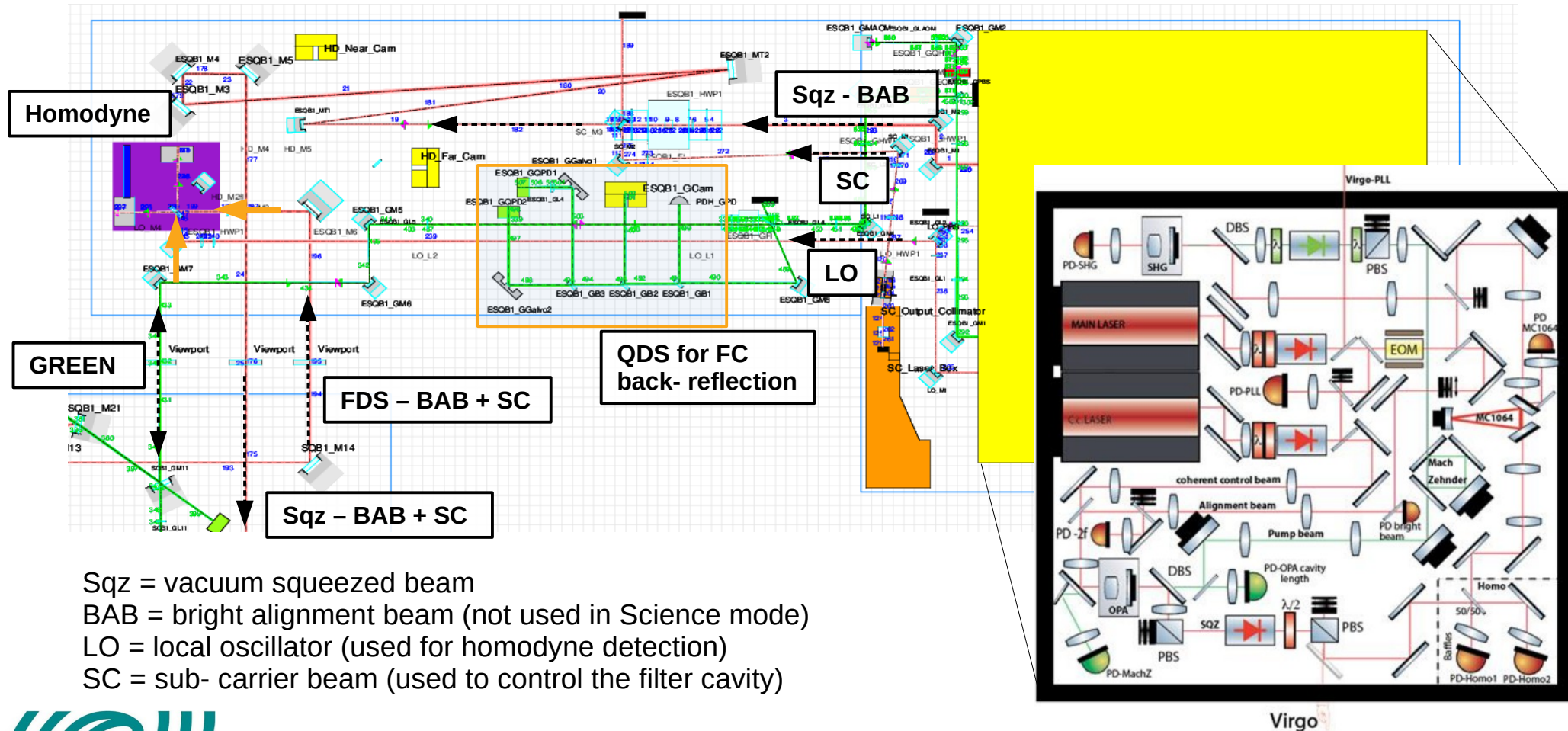


### Filter Cavity parameters:

- Cavity length: 285 m
- Mirrors diameter: 150 mm
- RoC mirrors: 558 m
- Finesse@1064nm = 11000
- Finesse@532nm = 100
- SQZ rotation: 20-30 Hz
- Round-trip losses < 40ppm







Sqz = vacuum squeezed beam  
 BAB = bright alignment beam (not used in Science mode)  
 LO = local oscillator (used for homodyne detection)  
 SC = sub-carrier beam (used to control the filter cavity)

## Sensors:

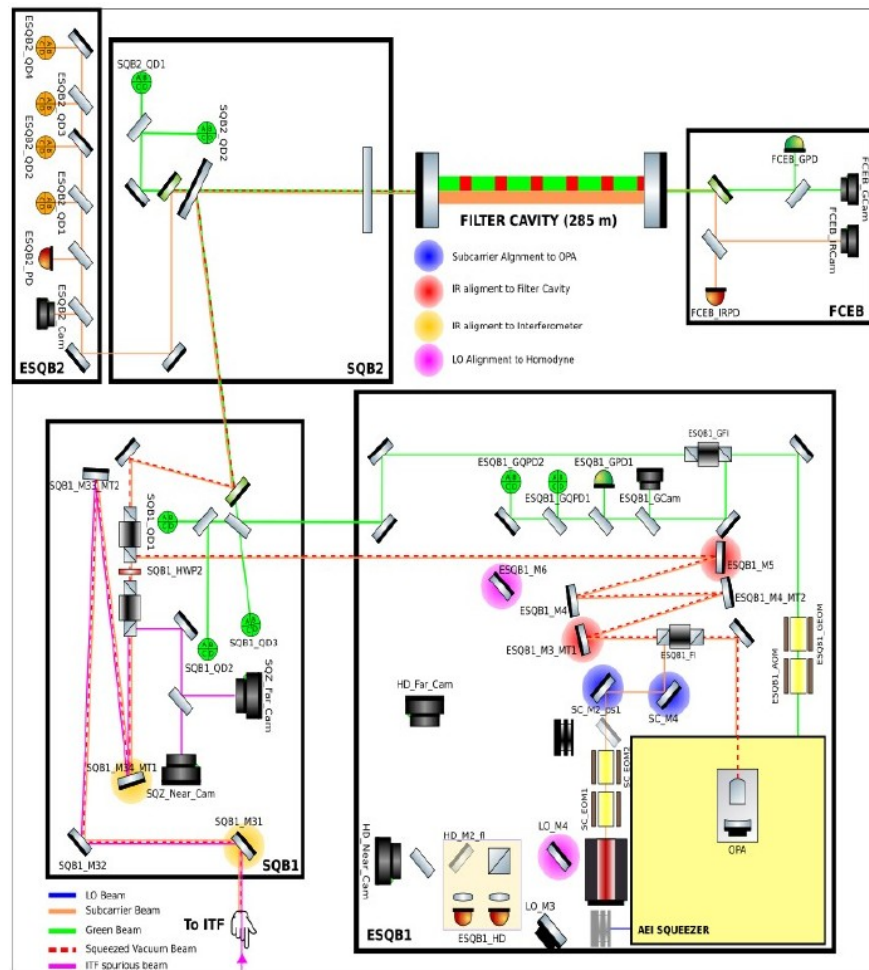
- PSDs
- Quadrants
- Photodiodes
- LVDTs
- Cameras

## Actuators:

- LVDTs
- Mirror coils
- Mirrors
- Lenses

## Phase Lock Loops:

1. Virgo – Main laser squeezer = 80 MHz
2. SQZ main laser – Coherent Control = 4 MHz
3. SQZ main laser – Sub Carrier = 1.2 GHz



- Quantum noise limits detectors sensitivity both at high and low frequencies
- Quantum noise is generated by quantum fluctuations entering the output port of the interferometer
- First step done in Advanced Virgo and Advanced LIGO: frequency independent squeezing injection to improve the sensitivity at high frequency
- Work ongoing for AdV+ and aLIGO+: frequency dependent squeezing injection to improve the sensitivity at high and low frequencies
- AdV+ situation: infrastructure constructed, commissioning ongoing
- Thanks to FDS we will see a volume 8 times bigger of our Universe in the next run!



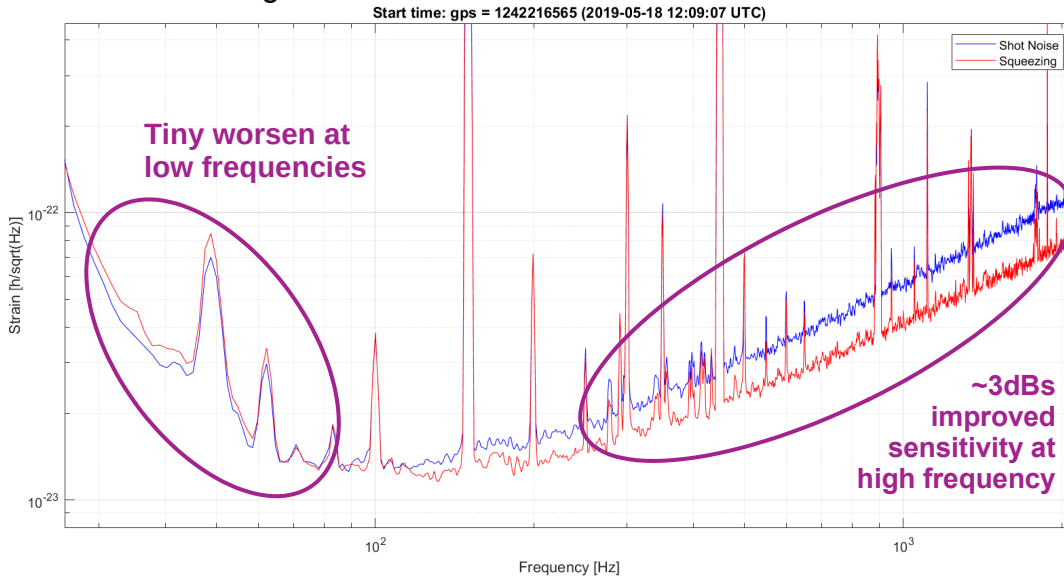


THANK YOU FOR THE ATTENTION

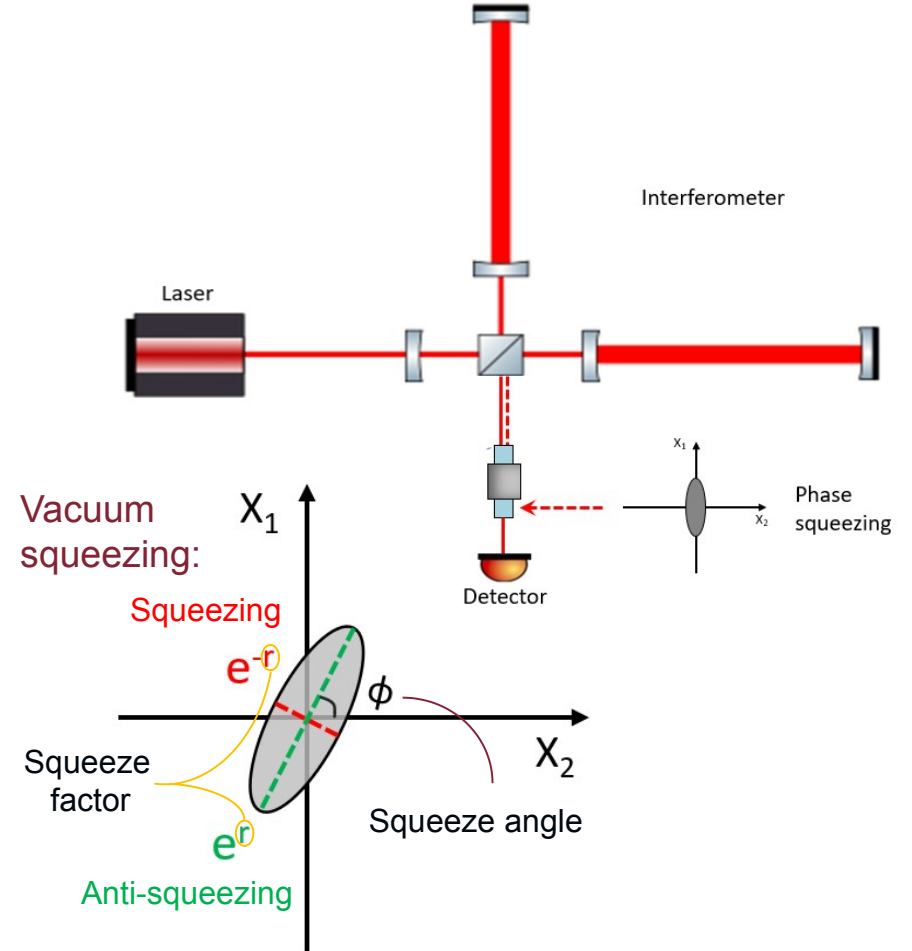


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Advanced Virgo



Plot from M. Vardaro



# Losses and phase noise estimation from squeezing and anti-squeezing measurements at NAOJ.

