

Use of Unified Equations of state in the modelisation of Neutron Stars macroscopic properties

Elbereth Conference

Lami Suleiman

Centrum Astronomiczne im. Mikołaja Kopernika

Laboratoire Univers et THéories (LUTH, France)

February 8, 2021

- 1** Exploring dense matter with Neutron Stars observations
 - Introduction to Neutron Stars
 - Modelisation of macroscopic parameters
- 2** Core-Crust bound Equations of State
 - Non unified EoS
 - Revising so called Universal relations
- 3** Conclusion

Exploring dense matter with Neutron Stars observations

Neutron Stars characteristics

Introduction to Neutron Stars

Elbereth

Compact objects :

- Mass = $1-2 M_{\odot}$
- Radius = $10 - 14 \text{ km}$
- Density $\rightarrow 10^{15} \text{ g/cm}^3$

- Magnetic field = up to 10^{11} Tesla

Super precise clocks
 \rightarrow **Pulsars** > 2000 observed

Structure :

- Crust : lattice
 - outer crust : well constrained from laboratory measurements
 - inner crust : free neutrons in the gaz
- Core : still a mystery
 - Outer core : $npe\mu$ gaz
 - Inner core : quarks ? Confined or deconfined ? Hyperons ?

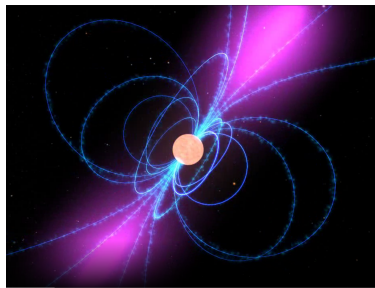


Figure: From Nasa website

Neutron Stars characteristics

Introduction to Neutron Stars

Elbereth

Compact objects :

- Mass = $1-2 M_{\odot}$
- Radius = $10 - 14$ km
- Density $\rightarrow 10^{15}$ g/cm³

- Magnetic field = up to 10^{11} Tesla

Super precise clocks
 \rightarrow **Pulsars** > 2000 observed

Structure :

- Crust : lattice
 - outer crust : well constrained from laboratory measurements
 - inner crust : free neutrons in the gaz
- Core : still a mystery
 - Outer core : $npe\mu$ gaz
 - Inner core : quarks ? Confined or deconfined ? Hyperons ?

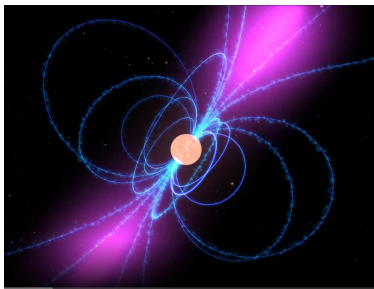


Figure: From Nasa website

Neutron Stars characteristics

Introduction to Neutron Stars

Elbereth

Compact objects :

- Mass = $1-2 M_{\odot}$
- Radius = $10 - 14 \text{ km}$
- Density $\rightarrow 10^{15} \text{ g/cm}^3$

Structure :

- Crust : lattice
 - outer crust : well constrained from laboratory measurements
 - inner crust : free neutrons in the gaz
- Core : still a mystery
 - Outer core : $npe\mu$ gaz
 - Inner core : quarks ? Confined or deconfined ? Hyperons ?

- Magnetic field = up to 10^{11} Tesla

Super precise clocks
 \rightarrow **Pulsars** > 2000 observed

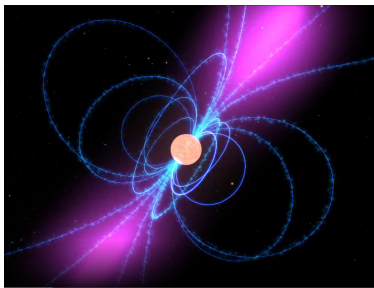


Figure: From Nasa website

From microscopic to macroscopic to observations

Modelisation of macroscopic parameters

Elbereth

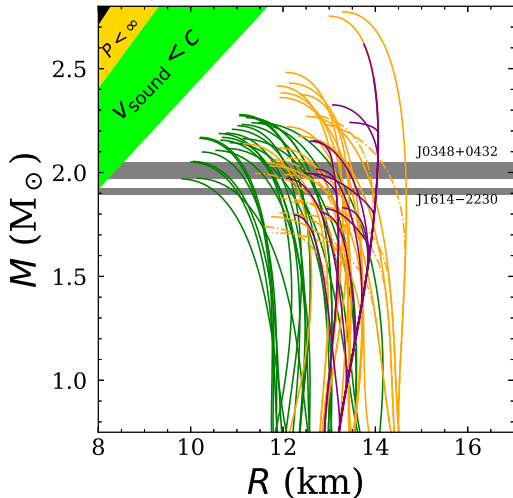
Equations of state = description of the matter inside the star

Hydrodynamics equations =
Tolmann-Oppenheimer-
Volkoff

- Input P, ρ, ϵ
- Output M, R, Λ, I

Transport and Cooling
equations

- Input : P, ρ, ϵ +
neutrino processes
- Output : $L^\infty(t)$



From microscopic to macroscopic to observations

Modelisation of macroscopic parameters

Elbereth

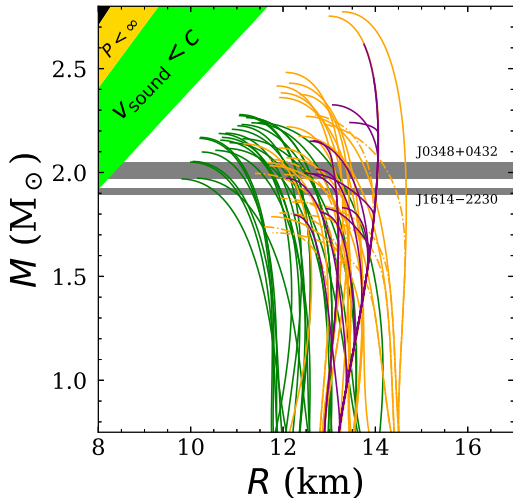
Equations of state = description of the matter inside the star

Hydrodynamics equations =
Tolmann-Oppenheimer-Volkoff

- Input P, ρ, ϵ
- Output M, R, Λ, I

Transport and Cooling
equations

- Input : $P, \rho, \epsilon +$
neutrino processes
- Output : $L^\infty(t)$



From microscopic to macroscopic to observations

Modelisation of macroscopic parameters

Elbereth

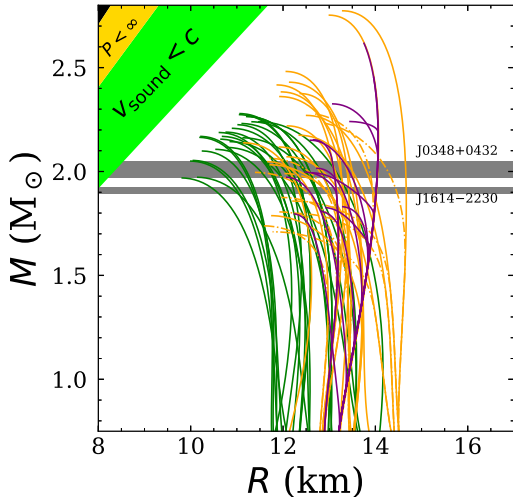
Equations of state = description of the matter inside the star

Hydrodynamics equations =
Tolmann-Oppenheimer-Volkoff

- Input P, ρ, ϵ
- Output M, R, Λ, I

Transport and Cooling
equations

- Input : $P, \rho, \epsilon +$
neutrino processes
- Output : $L^\infty(t)$



Core-Crust bound Equations of State

Core-crust binding of EoS

Non unified EoS

Elbereth

Dozens of EoS (CompOSE) **in tables** : calculations techniques (*ab initio*, RMF, Skyrme functionnal etc.) + core composition

Analytical expressions = fits of EoS

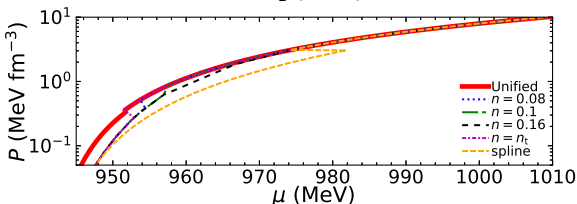
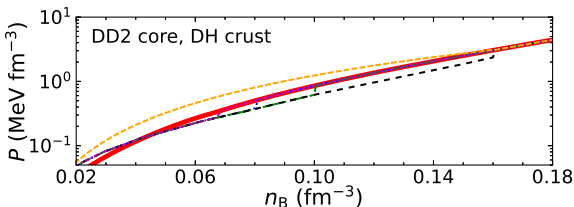
Construction flaws :

- Piecewise polytropic fits [Read et al. 2009]

- Spectral fits [Lindblom 2010]

Bound core and crust EoS

→ Thermodynamic inconsistencies



Core-crust binding of EoS

Non unified EoS

Elbereth

Dozens of EoS (CompOSE) **in tables** : calculations techniques (*ab initio*, RMF, Skyrme functionnal etc.) + core composition

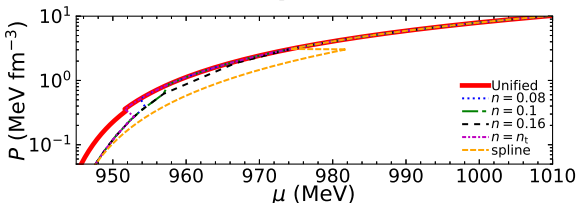
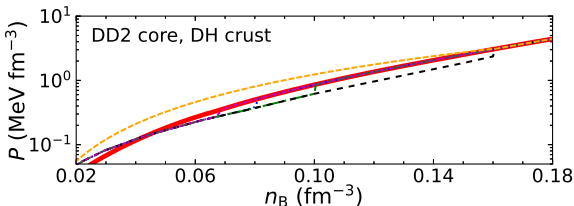
Analytical expressions = fits of EoS

Construction flaws :

- Piecewise polytropic fits [Read et al. 2009]
- Spectral fits [Lindblom 2010]

Bound core and crust
EoS

→ Thermodynamic
inconsistencies



Core-crust binding of EoS

Non unified EoS

Elbereth

Dozens of EoS (CompOSE) **in tables** : calculations techniques (*ab initio*, RMF, Skyrme functionnal etc.) + core composition

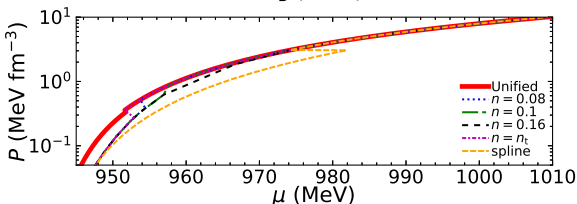
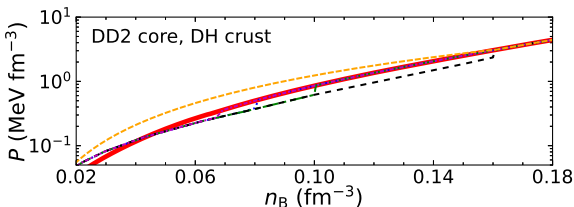
Analytical expressions = fits of EoS

Construction flaws :

- Piecewise polytropic fits [Read et al. 2009]
- Spectral fits [Lindblom 2010]

Bound core and crust EoS

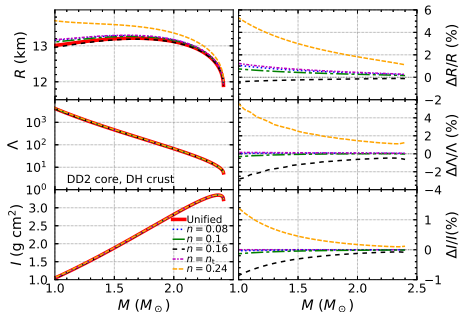
→ Thermodynamic inconsistencies



Consequences on macroscopic parameters

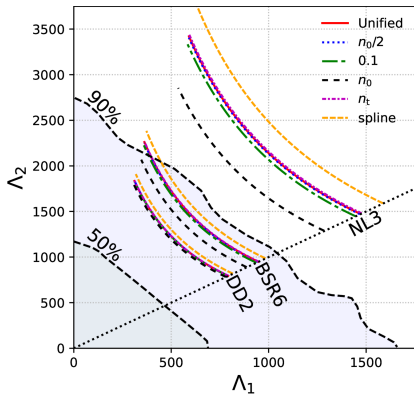
Non unified EoS

Elbereth



- Mass measurement \rightarrow eliminate EoS under M_{\max}
- NICER precision on the radius : promise a few %
- GW \rightarrow eliminate too stiff EoSs

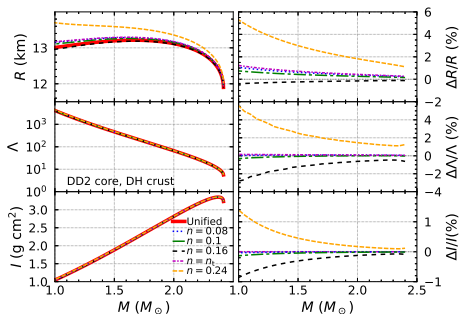
GW170817: DNS Binary merger
 $\Lambda =$ parameter in waveform of the post-Newtonian templates for inspiral phase



Consequences on macroscopic parameters

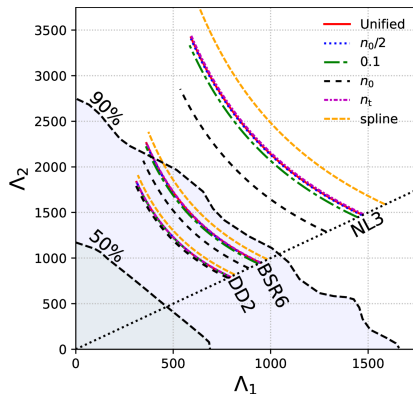
Non unified EoS

Elbereth



- Mass measurement \rightarrow eliminate EoS under M_{\max}
- NICER precision on the radius : promise a few %
- GW \rightarrow eliminate too stiff EoSs

GW170817: DNS Binary merger
 $\Lambda =$ parameter in waveform of the post-Newtonian templates for inspiral phase



Conclusion

We propose :

- use unified EOS
- if not, use intelligently bound EoS
- carefully consider universal relation

$$\bar{I}_{\text{fit}} = \sum_{k=1}^4 a_k C^{-k}$$

- brand new fits of EoS made from unified EoS

