

Electroweak top-pair production in the presence of Z' and W' bosons at NLO QCD+PS

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based on:

R. Bonciani, T. Jezo, M. Klasen, D. Lamprea, F. Lyonnet, IS, arXiv: 1511.08185
M. Altakach, T. Jezo, M. Klasen, J.-N. Lang, IS, arXiv: 2012.14855

Introduction and Overview

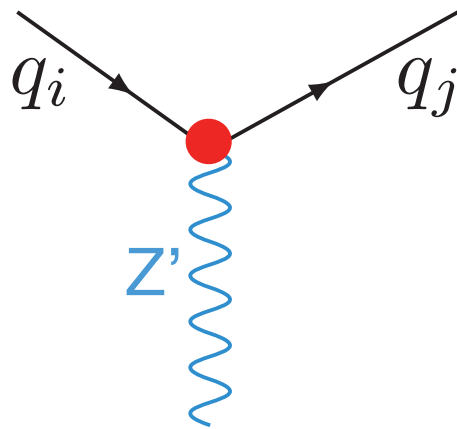
Motivation

- New heavy spin-1 resonances (Z', W') are predicted in a variety of models, in particular in models with an extended gauge symmetry
- In many cases, the Z' can decay leptonically and the **strongest constraints come from searches with leptonic final states**
- Nevertheless, **final states with top quarks** are very interesting:
 - The heavy top quark may play a special role w.r.t. to **EW** and BSM physics which couples preferentially to the **third generation** or not to leptons
 - Even for models with couplings to leptons, the addition of **top quark observables** is important to **distinguish** between different BSM scenarios [PRD86(2012)035005]

PBZ_p calculation

- In 2015 we performed a calculation of NLO QCD corrections to EW top-pair production at the LHC in the presence of a Z' boson [arXiv: 1511.08185]

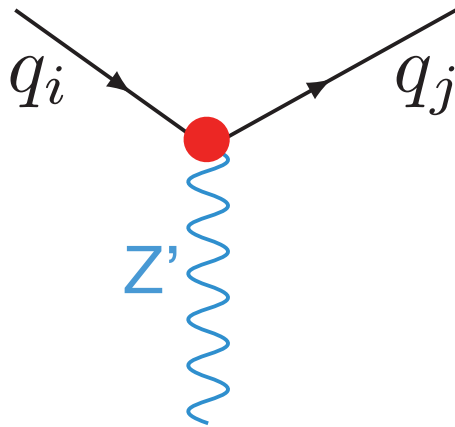
- Z' boson with general, flavour diagonal couplings to SM fermions



- Results implemented in the POWHEG BOX framework
- SM (γ, Z) and new physics (Z') interference effects taken into account
- QED singularities consistently treated

New PBZ_p calculation

- We have performed a complete **re-calculation** [arXiv:2012.14855]
- Amplitudes generated using the **Recola2** package [arXiv:1705.06053]
- New code can deal with general **Z'** and **W'** couplings to SM fermions



- The calculation now includes **t-channel W** and **W'** contributions
- As before, **POWHEG** implementation: **NLO+PS** matched calculation
- As before, all **interference terms** included; **QED singularities** treated

New PBZ_p calculation

- New calculation much more involved
- Many more diagrams
- Different amplitude generation
- Different technical details (e.g., γ_5 treatment)
- **Full agreement** with **old PBZ_p** if reduced to old setup

Top-pair hadroproduction

Top-quark pair production

The partonic top-quark pair production cross section at NLO:

$$\sigma_{ab}(\mu_r) = \sigma_{2;0}(\alpha_S^2) + \sigma_{0;2}(\alpha^2) + \sigma_{3;0}(\alpha_S^3) + \sigma_{2;1}(\alpha_S^2\alpha) + \sigma_{1;2}(\alpha_S\alpha^2) + \sigma_{0;3}(\alpha^3)$$

- $\sigma_{2;0}$: SM QCD background
- $\sigma_{3;0}$: NLO QCD corrections to the SM background

- NLO known since the late 80ths
- NLO predictions for heavy quark correlations
- Spin correlations between t and tbar
- NNLO calculation completed

Nason, Dawson, Ellis '88/'89
Beenakker, Kuif, van Neerven, Smith '89
Bojak, Stratmann '03: polarized case

Mangano, Nason, Ridolfi '92

Bernreuther, Brandenburg, Si, Uwer, '01/'04

Czakon, Mitov '13: σ_{tot}
Czakon, Mitov '14: distributions

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Czakon, Mitov '13/'14: (σ_{tot} , distrib.)
Catani ea '19/'20 (σ_{tot} , distributions)
Mazzitelli ea '21 (NNLO+PS)

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- $\sigma_{3;0}$: NLO QCD corrections to the SM background

- $\sigma_{2;1}$: EW corrections to the QCD background

- Gauge invariant subset, no QCDxEW interferences from box diagrams
Beenakker,Denner,Hollik,Mertig,Sack,Wackerroth '94
Kao,Wackerroth '00: 2HDM
- Rest of EW corrections including Z-gluon interferences and corrections from real and virtual photons
Kühn,Scharf,Uwer, '06
Moretti,Nolten,Ross '06
Bernreuther,Fuecker,Si '06
Hollik,Kollar '08

Top-quark pair production

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Existing calculations including a Z' boson:

- Factorized approach (no SMxZ', no qg-channel with Z'), purely vector or axial vector or left or right couplings Gao, C.S. Li, B.H. Li, Yuan, Zhu '10
- no SMxZ', includes: qg-channel, top-decay in NWA with spin correlations, Z' contribution to $\sigma_{2;1}$ (broad resonances) Caola, Melnikov, Schulze '13

- **Our calculation:** includes: SMxZ' interferences, general couplings, QED contribution, POWHEG implementation, top-decay, no Z' contribution to $\sigma_{2;1}$

- $\sigma_{0;2}$: EW top-quark pair production arXiv:1511.08185, arXiv:2012.14855

- $\sigma_{1;2}$: NLO QCD corrections to EW top-quark pair production

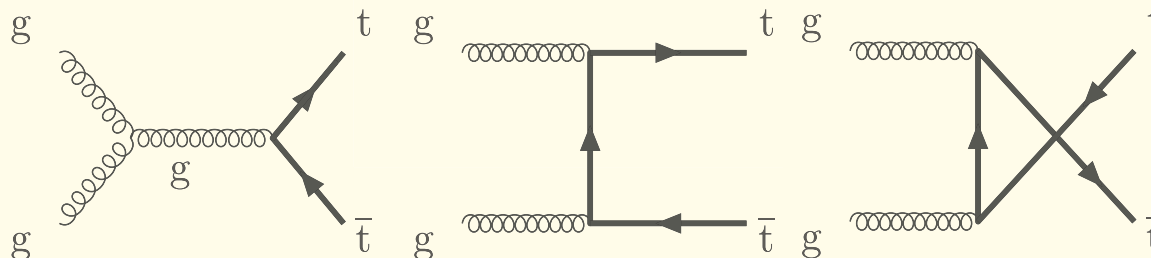
- $\sigma_{0;3}$: neglected

LO subprocesses: $\sigma_{2;0}$ and $\sigma_{0;2}$

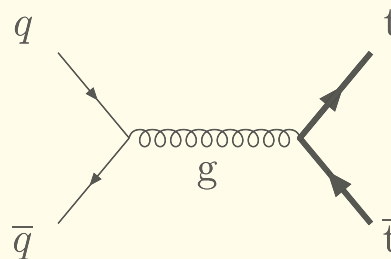
- $\hat{\sigma}^{\text{LO}} = \hat{\sigma}_S^{\text{LO}}(\alpha_S^2) + \hat{\sigma}_W^{\text{LO}}(\alpha_W^2)$

- SM

- ▶ $gg, \mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^2)$:

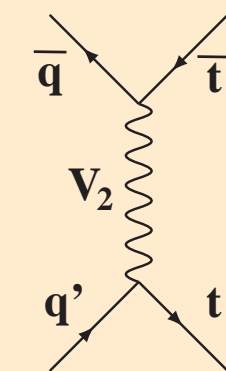
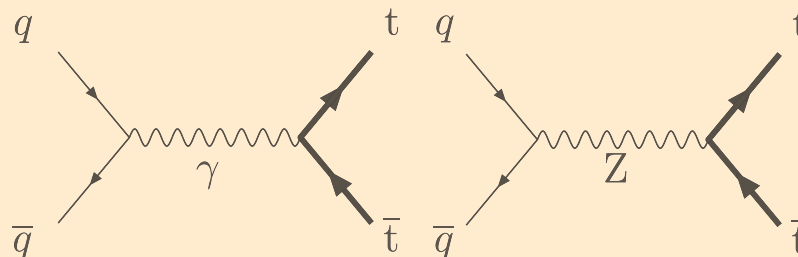


- ▶ $q\bar{q}, \mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^2)$:



$\sigma_{2;0}$

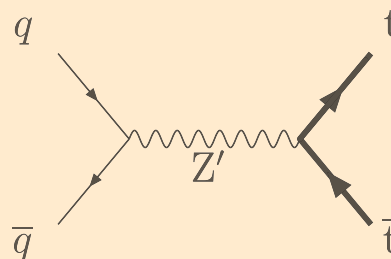
- ▶ $q\bar{q}, \mathcal{O}(\alpha_W^2)$:



$\sigma_{0;2}$

- beyond SM

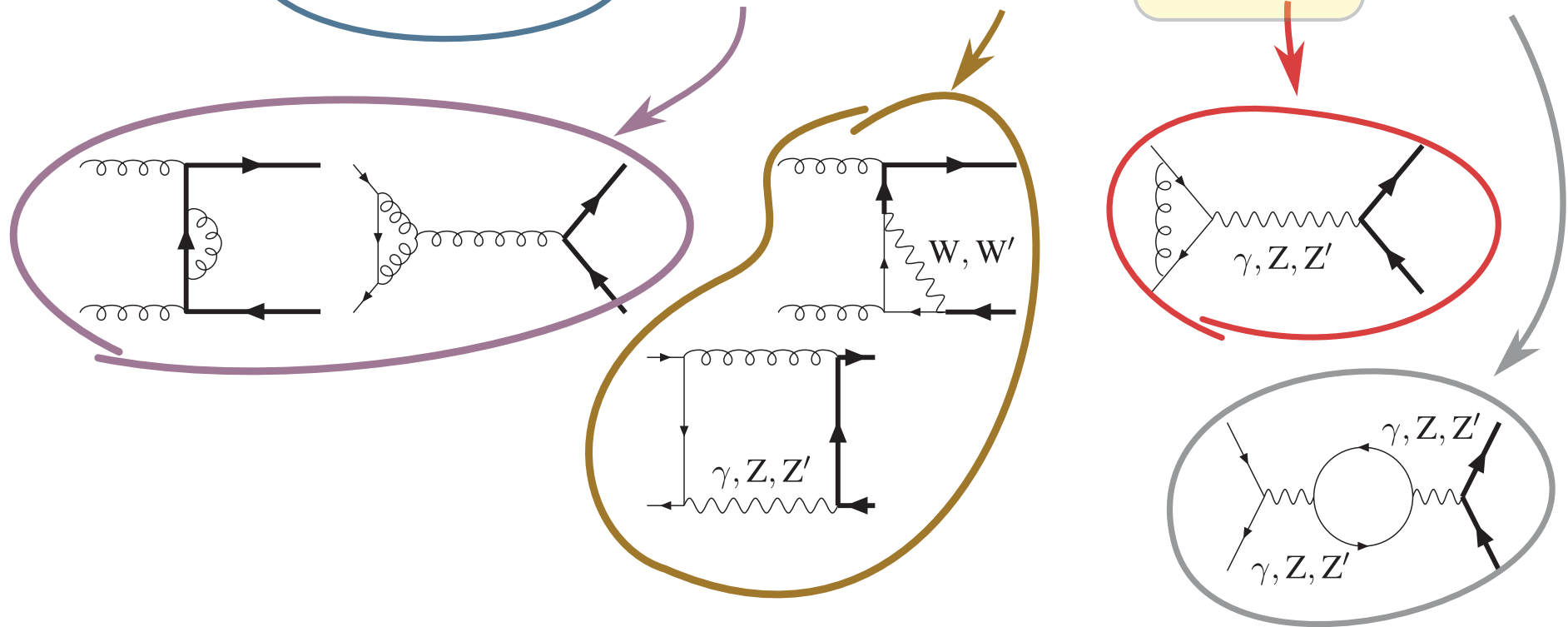
- ▶ $q\bar{q}, \mathcal{O}(\alpha_W^2)$:



NLO virtual

LO

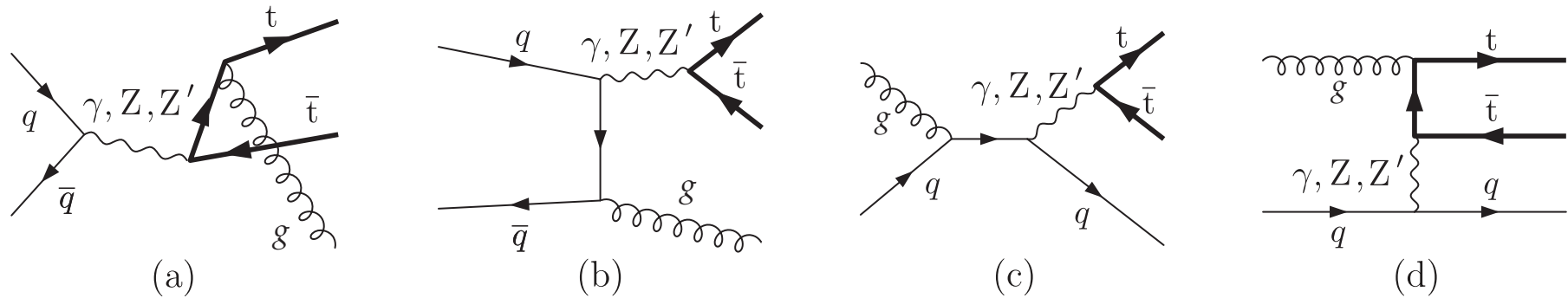
$$\bullet \hat{\sigma}^{\text{NLO}} = \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_S^2) + \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_W^2) + \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_S^3) + \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_S^2\alpha_W) + \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_S\alpha_W^2) + \hat{\sigma}(\alpha_W^3)$$



• $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_S^3)$ not affected by the presence of Z'

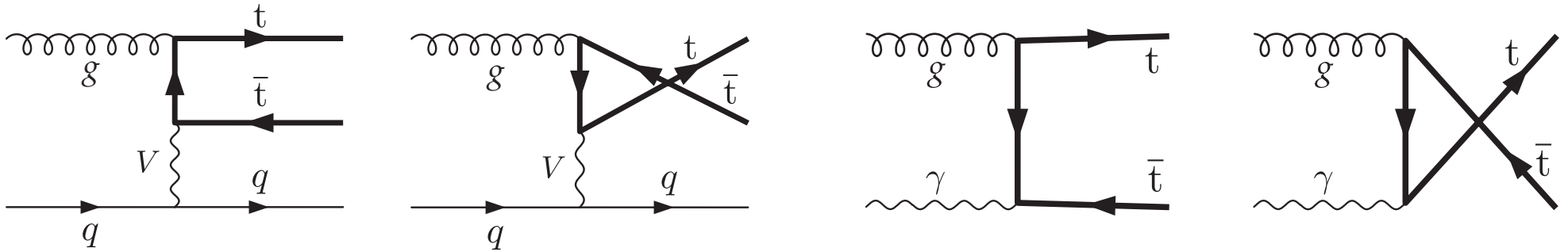
• we calculate $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_S\alpha_W^2)$

NLO real corrections



- interferences of real and real diagrams
- new channel as compared to tree-level and 1-loop diagrams
- no loops, no UV divergences
- IR divergences, after integration over 1 particle phase space
 - ▶ soft (S) divergences: radiation of a soft gluon (a), (b)
 - ▶ initial state collinear (ISC) divergences: (b), (d)
 - ▶ no final state collinear (FSC) divergences

QED contribution



- The gq -channel has an initial state C-div. associated to a photon propagator
- For the mass factorization procedure need to introduce a **photon PDF** and have to include **photon-initiated subprocesses**
- Counting the photon PDF as $\mathcal{O}(\alpha)$ the LO $g\gamma$ -channel contributes to $\sigma_{1;2}(\alpha_s \alpha^2)$
- This channel turns out to be **numerically important**

Models

Sequential SM (SSM)

- A toy model where Z' (W') have the same couplings to fermions as the SM Z (W)
- The width of Z' (W') increases proportionally to its mass
- It is a widely used benchmark model in which **LHC** data are analysed
- Most stringent limits:
 - **Leptonic final states:**
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 5.15$ TeV assuming $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 3\%$ [CMS-PAS-EXO-19-019]
 - **Hadronic final states:**
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 2.7$ TeV assuming $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 3\%$ [arXiv:1910.08447]
- Input parameter: $M_{Z'}$ ($M_{W'}$)

Leptophobic Topcolor model (TC) [arXiv:1112.4928]

- **New strong dynamics** with $SU(3)_2$ symmetry coupling preferentially to the third generation while the original $SU(3)_1$ gauge group couples only to the **1st** and **2nd** generation; breaking $SU(3)_1 \times SU(3)_2 \rightarrow SU(3)_C$
- Formation of top quark condensate generates large top mass
- To block the formation of a bottom quark condensate an **additional** $U(1)_2$ symmetry with associated Z' is introduced; $U(1)_1 \times U(1)_2 \rightarrow U(1)_Y$
- Z' couples only to **1st** and **3rd** generation; no significant coupling to leptons
- The **TC** model is frequently studied in **ATLAS** & **CMS** searches
- Most stringent limits:
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 6.65$ TeV (5.25 TeV, 3.8 TeV) for $\Gamma/M_{Z'} = 30\%$ (10%, 1%) [arXiv:1810.05905v2]

Leptophobic Topcolor model

- **Three parameters** (in addition to $M_{Z'}$):
 - Ratio of the two $U(1)$ coupling constants: $\cot \Theta_H$
 - f_1 : relative strength of the Z' -coupling to right-handed up-type quarks w.r.t. to the left-handed up-type quarks
 - f_2 : same for down-type quarks
- $\cot \Theta_H$ should be large to enhance the condensation of top quarks but no bottom quarks
- The **LO cross sections** are usually computed using
 - a fixed small Z' width (which fixes $\cot \Theta_H$): $\Gamma_{Z'} = 1.2\% M_{Z'}$
 - $f_1=1, f_2=0$ (maximizes the fraction of Z' bosons decaying into top pairs)

Third Family Hypercharge Model [arXiv:1809.01158]

- A minimal extension of the **SM** by an anomaly-free, spontaneously-broken $U(1)_F$ gauge symmetry
- Explains the neutral current B anomaly measurements and the heaviness of the third family fermions
- Z' with **flavour non-diagonal** couplings; now possible in PBZp
- Most stringent limits:
 - $M_{Z'} \geq 1.2 \text{ TeV}^*$ [arXiv:1904.10954]
- Input parameters:
 - $M_{Z'}$
 - The $U(1)_F$ gauge coupling: g_F
 - The mixing angle between **second** and **third generation**: θ_{sb}

Numerical Results

- Events in **LHE** format using new-**PBZp** with stable on-shell **top quark**
- **Generation** cut on the **top pair** invariant mass:
 - $M_{t\bar{t}} \geq 0.75M_Z$
 - Applied at the **Born** phase space level
 - More statistics in the interesting regions
- **PYTHIA 8.2** to decay the **top quark** leptonically and to shower the events
- **Rivet** to impose the following **acceptance** cuts:
 - ≥ 2 charged leptons, ≥ 2 neutrinos, ≥ 2 b-jets
 - $R = 0.5$ (**anti- k_T**), $p_T > 25$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$

Setup and Input

- $\sqrt{s} = \{14 \text{ TeV}, 27 \text{ TeV}, 50 \text{ TeV}, 100 \text{ TeV}\}$
- $M_{Z'} = \{2000 \text{ GeV}, \dots, 8000 \text{ GeV}\}$
- $M_{\text{top}} = 172.5 \text{ GeV}$
- **PDF** choice: NNPDF31_nlo_as_0118_luxqed
- $\mu_R^2 = \mu_F^2 = \hat{s}$

Effect of cuts

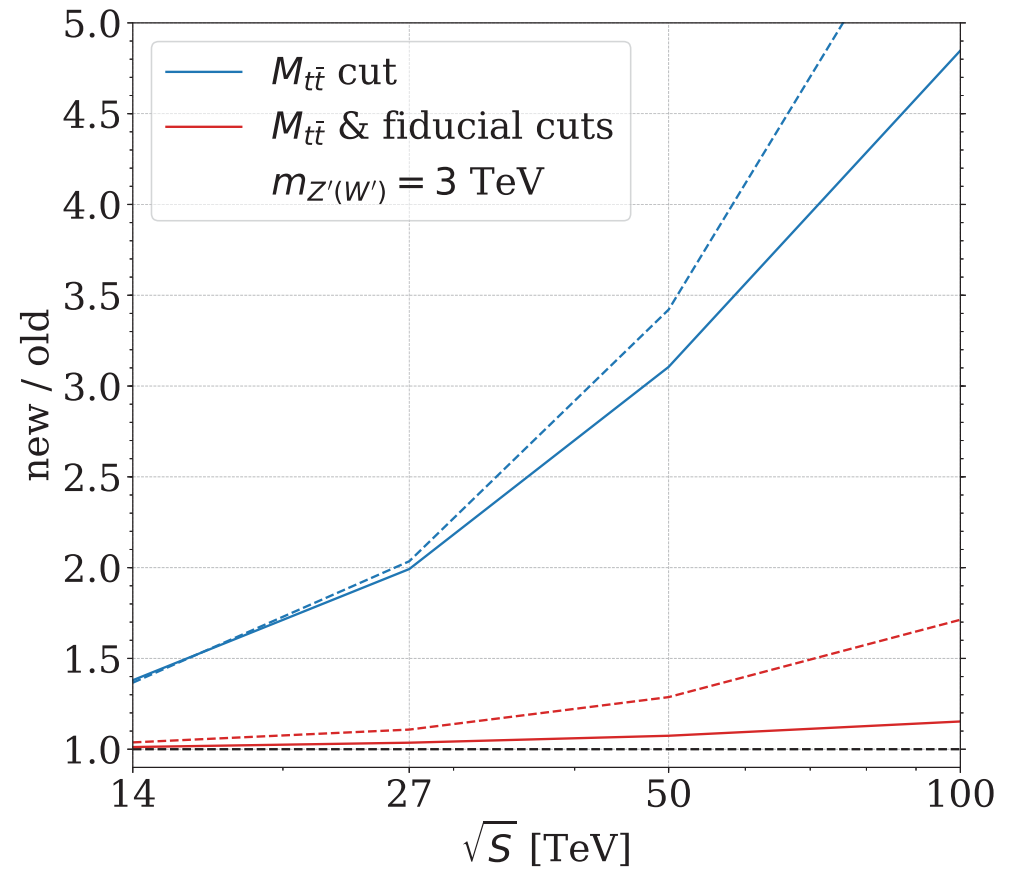
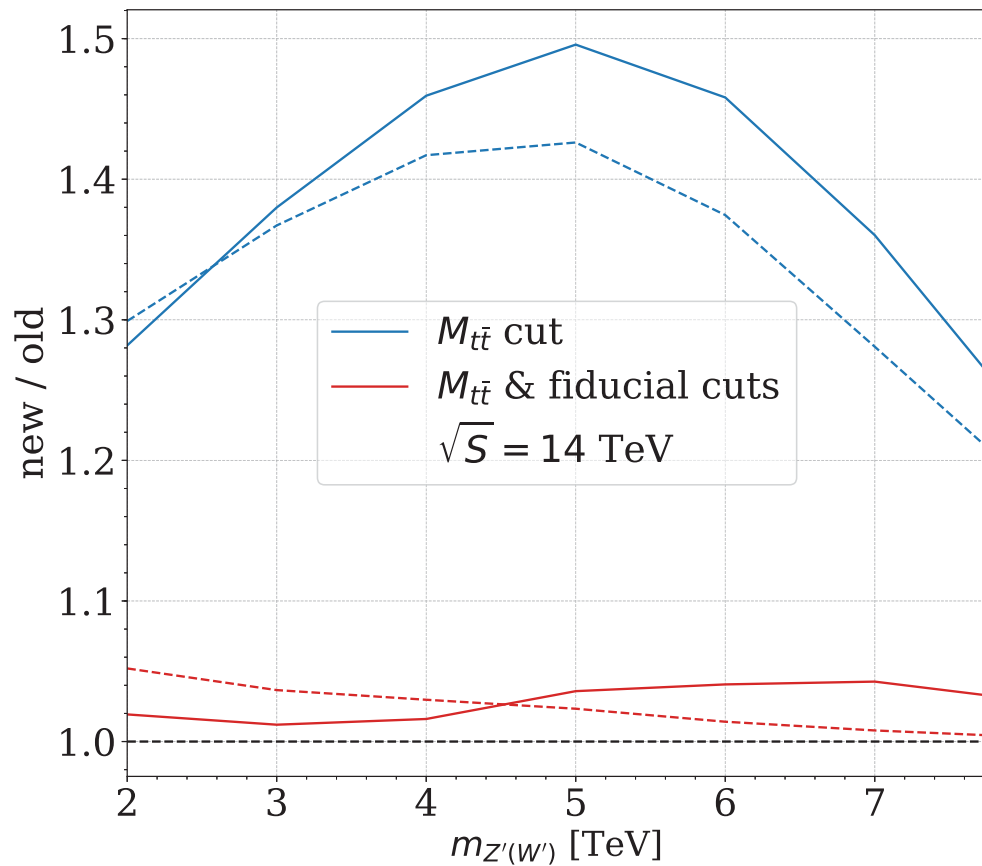
Table 1: Total cross sections in LO for top-pair production at $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s\alpha)$ and $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$ in the SM and SSM at $\sqrt{S} = 14$ TeV. The Z' -boson mass is set to 5 TeV. For all the predictions in this table we use NLO α_S and NLO PDFs.

Contribution	Further reduction in %		
	no cuts [fb]	$m_{t\bar{t}}$ cut [fb]	$m_{t\bar{t}}$ & fiducial cuts [%]
$\gamma g + g\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$	3700	0.0327	41.6
$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2) + \text{interf.}$	3220	0.0573	3.7
$q\bar{q} \rightarrow g/W \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha\alpha_s)$	-1680	0.000703	37.4
$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$	510	0.00614	74.9
$q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2)$	0.210	0.114	77.4
$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow W' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$, $\mathcal{O}(\alpha^2) + \text{interf.}$	0.0025	–	–

SM

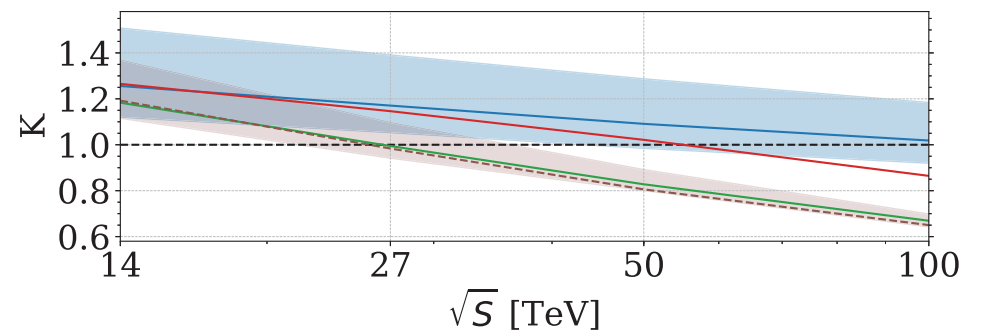
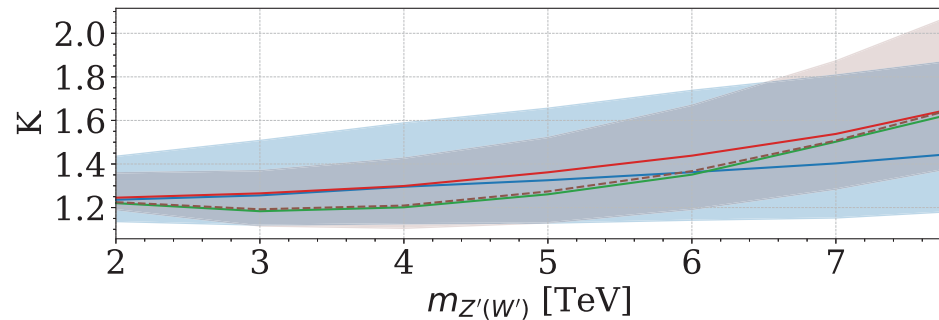
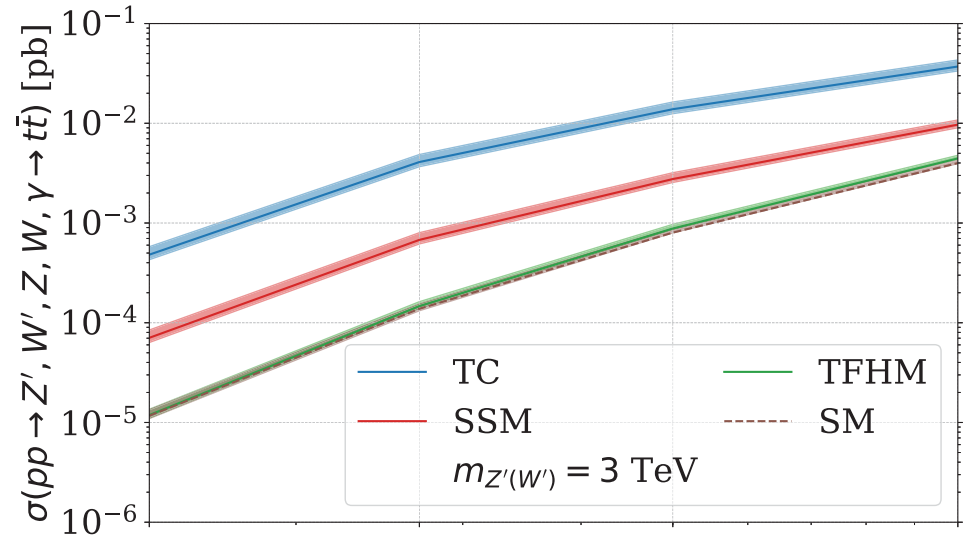
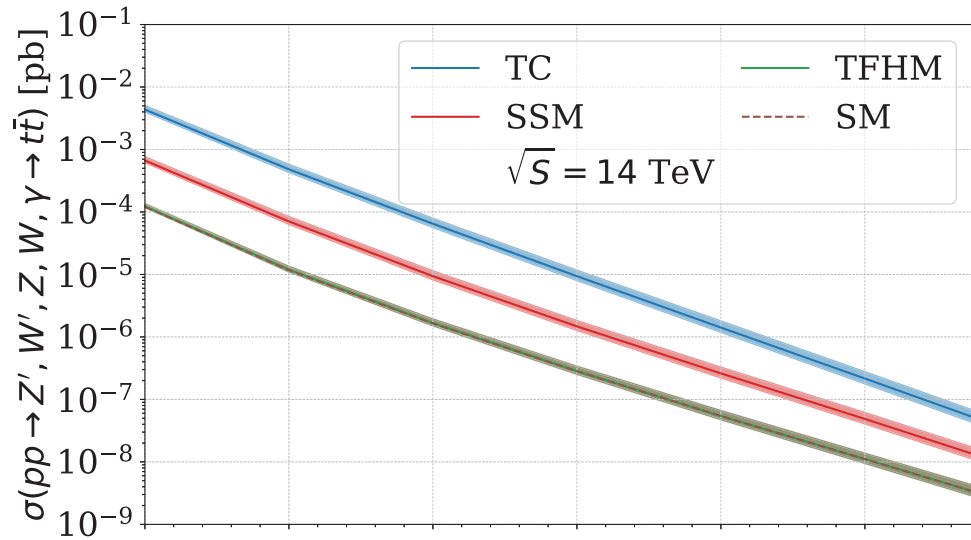
Signal

New PBZ_p vs Old PBZ_p



- **Dashed: LO+PS ; Solid: NLO+PS**
- **Fiducial cuts important to effectively suppress new contributions**
- **At 100 TeV, the ratio still exceeds 1.5 at LO+PS**

Fiducial cross sections for EW Top pair production at NLO+PS



- At LHC14: K-factor **increases** with Z' -mass; whereas cross section drops
- As function of energy: K-factor drops; cross section increases
- Predictions for TFHM can barely be distinguished from SM; At 100 TeV, $K=1.13$

Conclusions

- **New PBZp code available: NLO+PS**
- **New t-channel** contributions in PBZp small **after** fiducial cuts
- **K-factors and cross sections can be calculated with PBZp depending on the model, chosen parameters and cuts.**
- **TFHM not accessible in top-pair production at LHC14**
Accessible at FCC100? Requires more detailed study
- **More dedicated studies for FCC-hh possible** for models with extra gauge bosons: integrated cross sections, invariant mass distributions, transverse momentum and rapidity distributions
- **New PBZp has been implemented in CONTUR**
in collaboration with Jon Butterworth (ATLAS)

Backup slides

Total cross sections for $M_{Z'} = 3 \text{ TeV}$

For LO uses the NNPDF23_lo_as0119_qed PDF set

pure QCD

photon ind.
factor 1/100

pure EW
factor 1/1000

Order	Processes	Model	σ [pb]	σ [pb] ($m_{t\bar{t}} > \frac{3}{4}m_{Z'}$)
LO	$q\bar{q}/gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$		473.93(7)	0.15202(2)
NLO	$q\bar{q}/gg + qg \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$		1261.0(2)	0.45255(7)
LO	$\gamma g + g\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$		4.8701(8)	0.0049727(6)
LO	$\gamma g + g\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (NLO α_s and PDFs)		5.1891(8)	0.004661(6)
LO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SM	0.36620(7)	0.00017135(3)
NLO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SM	0.5794(1)	0.00017174(5)
NLO	$q\bar{q} + qg \rightarrow \gamma/Z + q \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$	SM	4.176(2)	0.001250(6)
LO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SSM	0.0050385(8)	0.0044848(7)
LO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SSM	0.35892(7)	0.0043464(7)
NLO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SSM	0.5676(1)	0.005155(3)
NLO	$q\bar{q} + qg \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' + q \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$	SSM	4.172(2)	0.007456(9)
LO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	TC	0.012175(2)	0.011647(2)
LO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	TC	0.38647(7)	0.011984(2)
NLO	$q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	TC	0.6081(2)	0.01468(1)
NLO	$q\bar{q} + qg \rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' + q \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$	TC	4.202(2)	0.01002(1)

Total cross sections for $M_{Z'} = 3 \text{ TeV}$

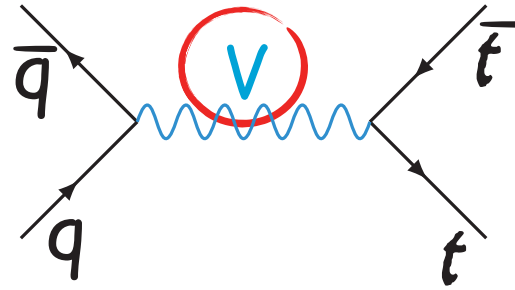
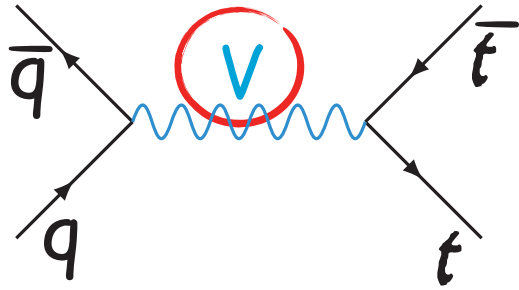
For LO uses the NNPDF23_lo_as0119_qed PDF set

Order	Processes	Model	σ [pb]	σ [pb] ($m_{t\bar{t}} > \frac{3}{4}m_{Z'}$)
cut reduces bgd by more than three orders of mag.	$gg \rightarrow t\bar{t}$		473.93(7)	0.15202(2)
	$gg + qg \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$		1261.0(2)	0.45255(7)
	LO $\gamma g + g\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$		4.8701(8)	0.0049727(6)
	LO $\gamma g + g\gamma \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ (NLO α_s and PDFs)		5.1891(8)	0.004661(6)
cut reduces signal by only about 10%; still signal only 3% to 8% of QCD background → additional cuts needed	LO $q\bar{q} \rightarrow \gamma/Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SM	0.36620(7)	0.00017135(3)
	$\rightarrow \gamma/Z \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SM	0.5794(1)	0.00017174(5)
	$+ qg \rightarrow \gamma/Z + q \rightarrow t\bar{t} + q$	SM	4.176(2)	0.001250(6)
	$\rightarrow Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SSM	0.0050385(8)	0.0044848(7)
	$\rightarrow \gamma/Z/Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$	SSM	0.35892(7)	0.0043464(7)
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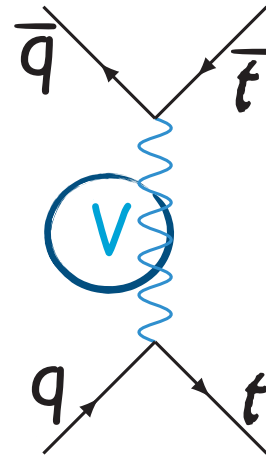
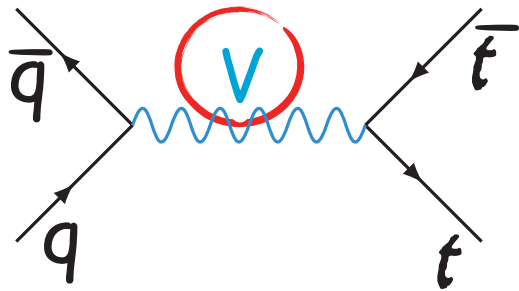
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born (0QCD4EW0BSM)

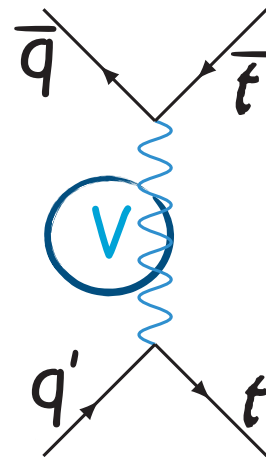
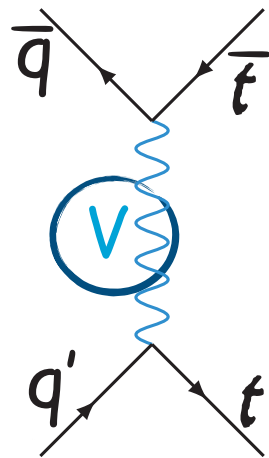
γ, Z



γ, Z



W

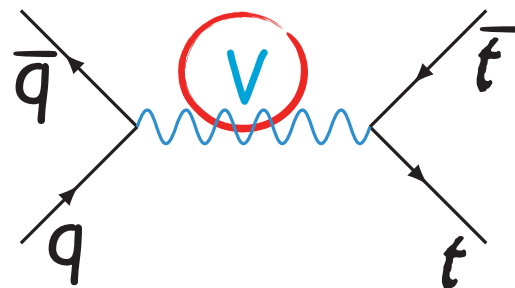
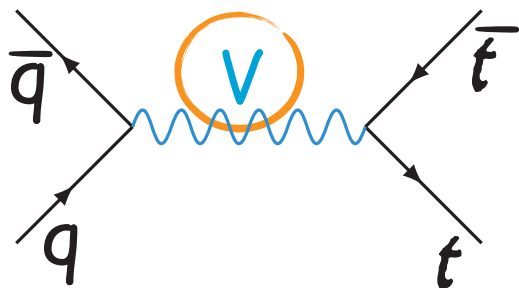


W

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

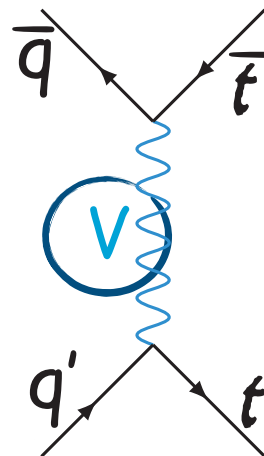
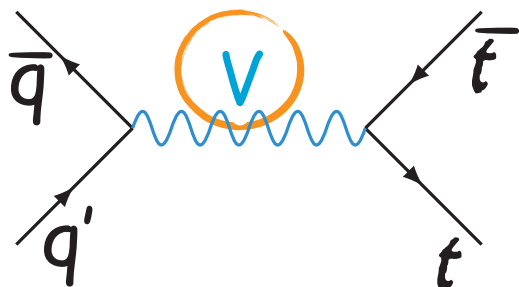
Born (0QCD4EW2BSM)

Z'



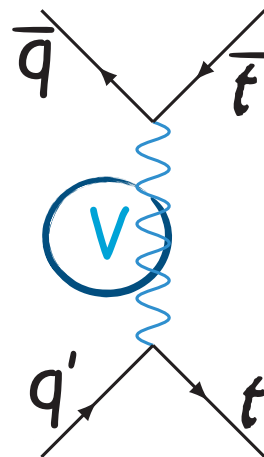
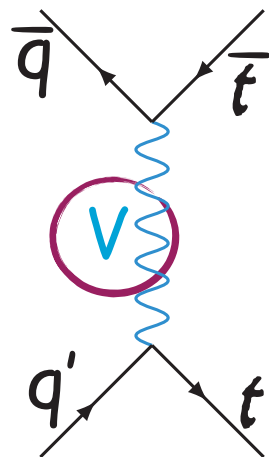
γ, Z

Z'



W

W'

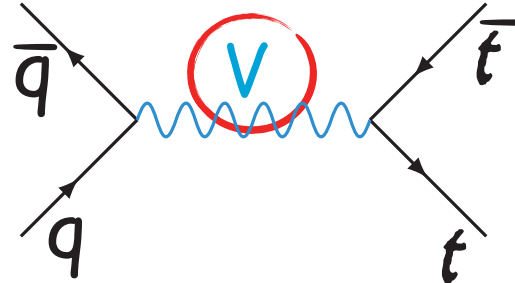
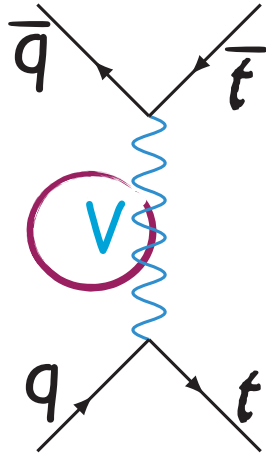


W

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

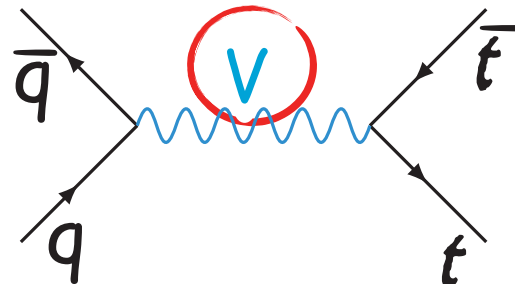
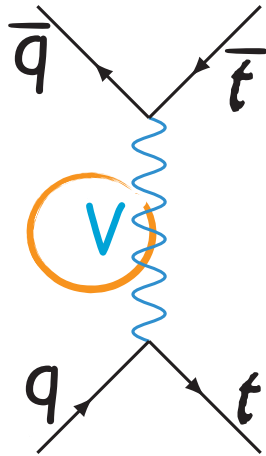
Born (0QCD4EW2BSM)

W'



γ, Z

Z'

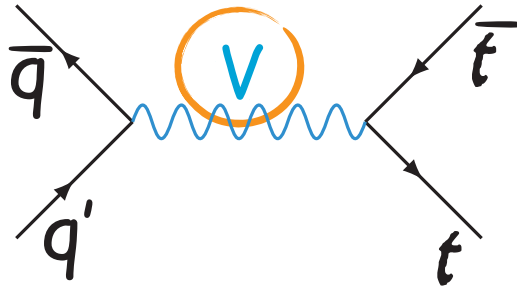


γ, Z

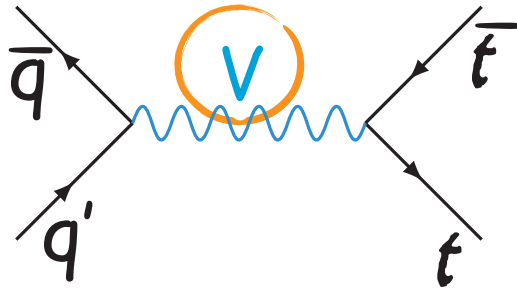
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born (0QCD4EW4BSM)

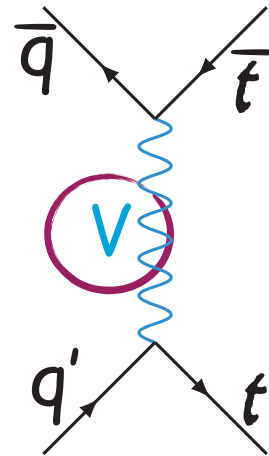
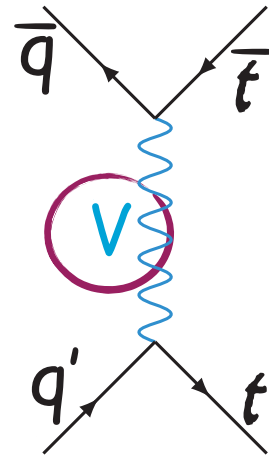
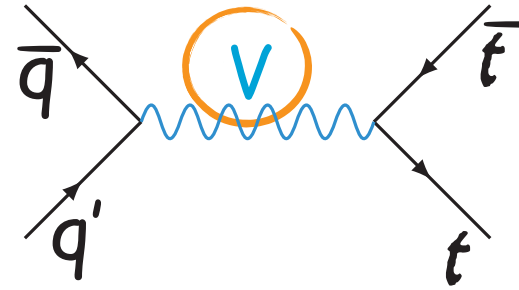
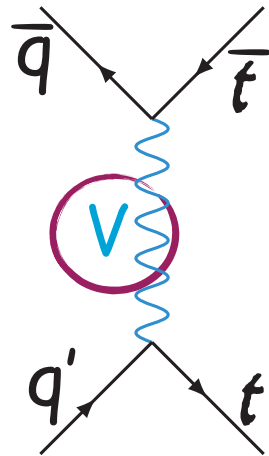
Z'



Z'



W'

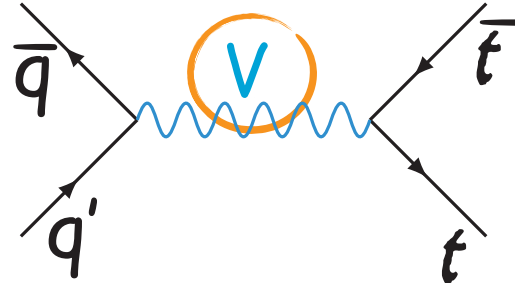
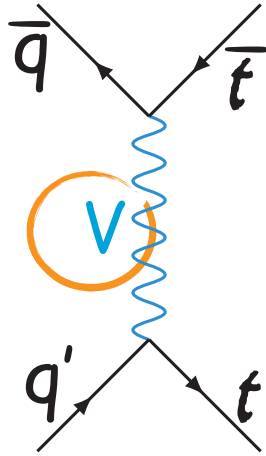


W'

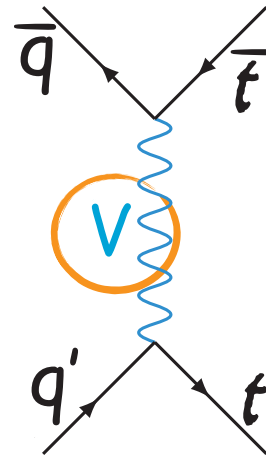
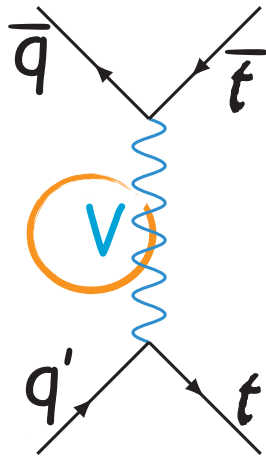
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born (0QCD4EW4BSM)

Z'

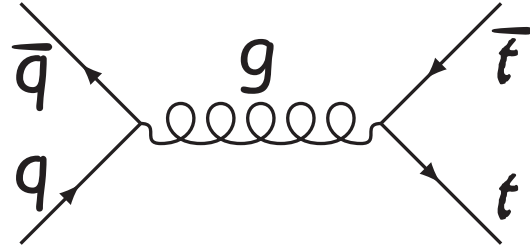


Z'

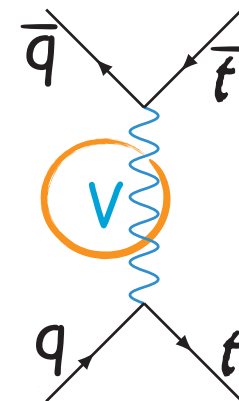
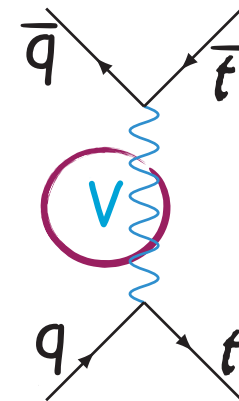
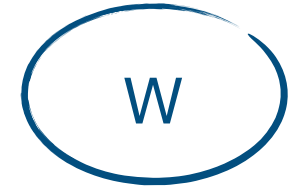
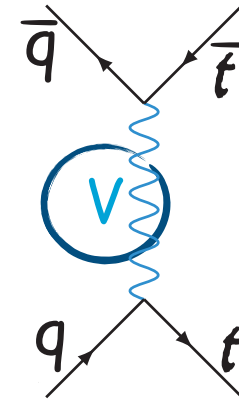
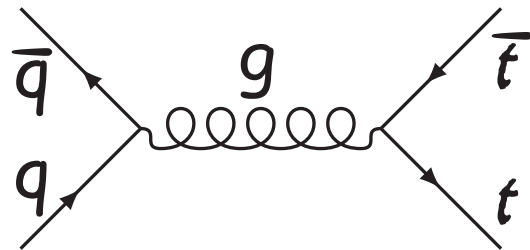
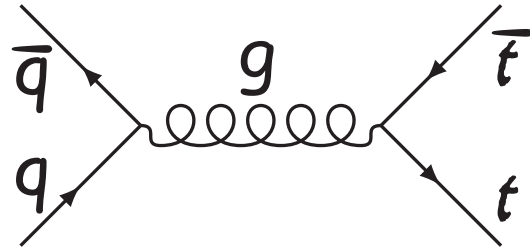


Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Born (2QCD2EW0BSM):



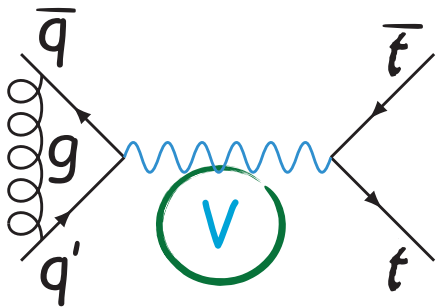
Born (2QCD2EW2BSM):



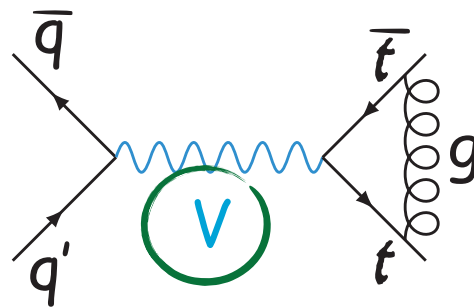
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

Virtual

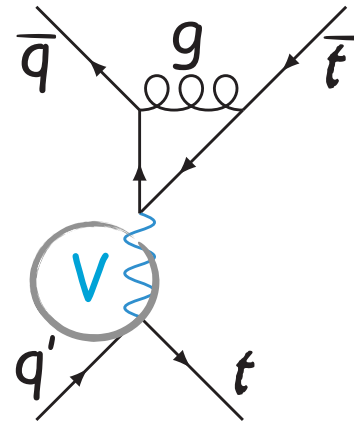
γ, Z, Z'



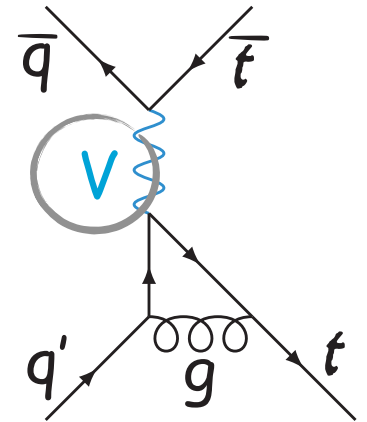
(a)



(b)



(c)



(d)

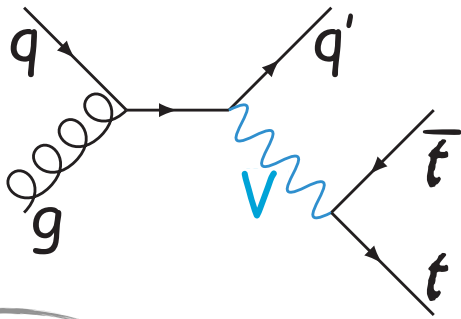
Z', W', W

Subprocesses (5 FNS)

$$q' + \bar{q} \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + g$$

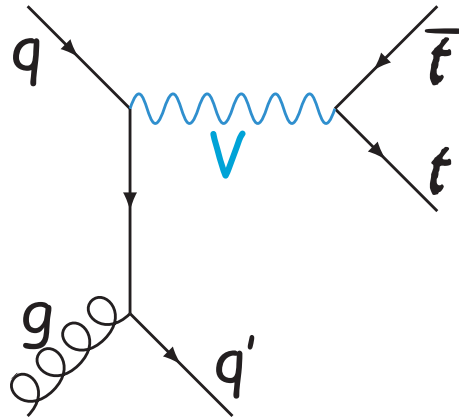
Subprocesses (5 FNS)

$$g + q \rightarrow t + \bar{t} + q'$$

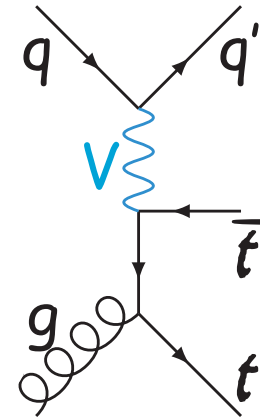


W, W', Z'

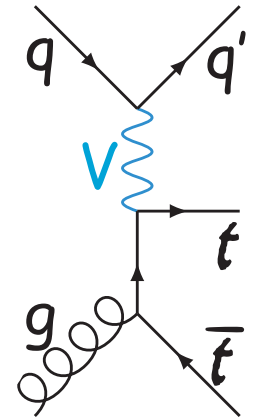
(a)



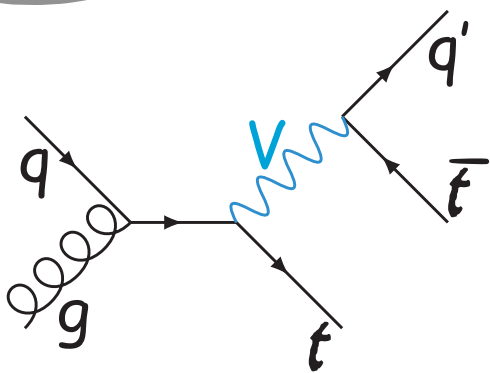
(b)



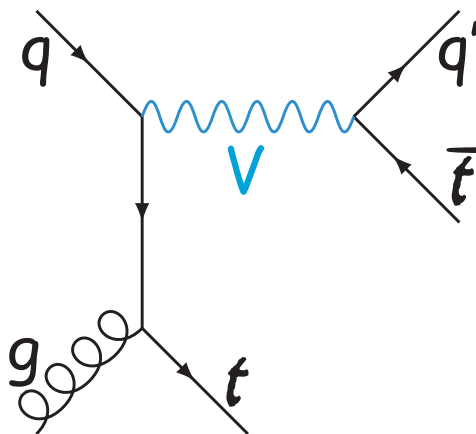
(c)



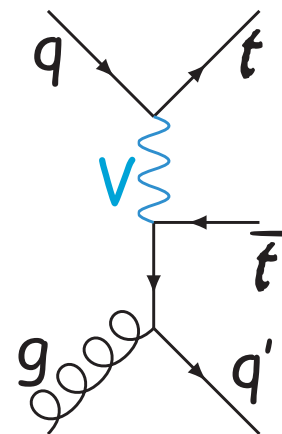
(d)



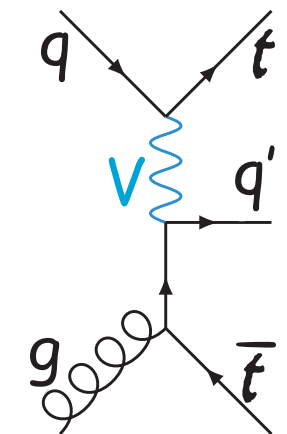
(e)



(f)



(g)



(h)