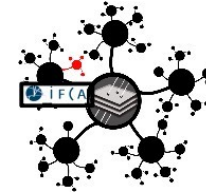




softWAre for Dark matter ExpeRiments with Skippers

WADERS Framework

pronounced [v Al d e r s]



gitlab repo: <https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/damicm/pysimdamicm>

official web for documentation: <https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/>

DQM Compton web: <https://gev.uchicago.edu/compton/>
(documentation **for analysis**)

Núria Castelló-Mor



1st DAMIC-M software school

11-13 January 2021
Online

<https://indico.in2p3.fr/event/22866/>



softWAre for **D**ark matter **E**xpeRiments with **S**kipperS

WADERS Framework

pronounced [v Al d e r s]



the current name **pysimdamicm** became outdated!

Do you like WADERS?
Some alternatives

- | | |
|----------|--|
| PROMISE | Python sofwaRe fOr dark Matter In SkippErs |
| SCAN | Skipper CCDs Analysis |
| PARANOIa | Python softwAre foR Analysis of skIppers |
| PyDAMICM | |
| PARKER | Python Analysis foR sKippERs |
| SKRAP | SKippeR Analysis in Python |
| ADAMS | Analysis for D Ark Matter in S kipperS |

Do not like it suggestion?

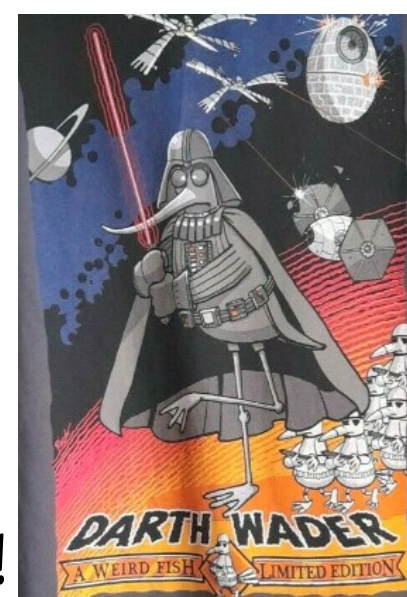
Mariangela, Danielle, Rocio, Jordi, Carly thanks for your suggestions



softWAre for Dark matter ExpeRi

WADERS Framework

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Do you like WADERS?

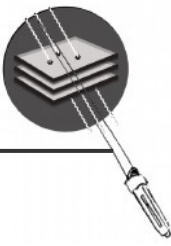
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Do not like it suggestion?

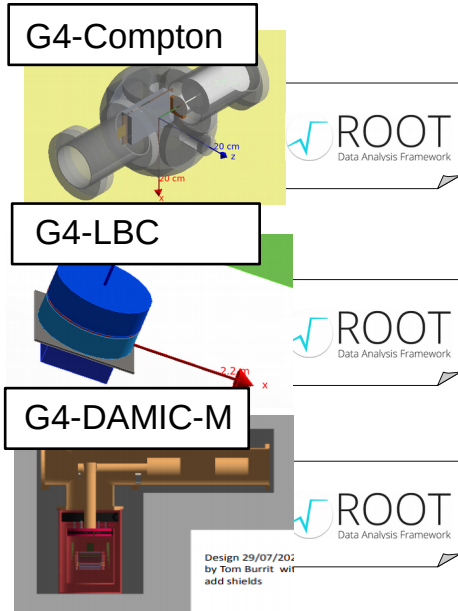
Mariangela, Danielle, Rocio, Jordi, Carly thanks for your suggestions

What is WADERS?

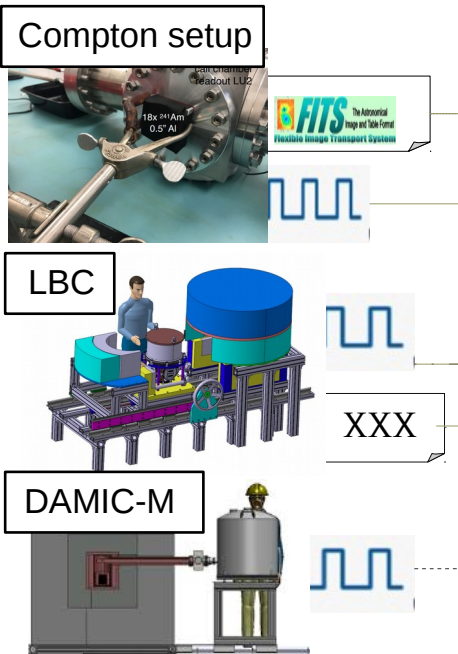


A framework which allows to post process data from skipper images [setup independent]

G4 Monte Carlo Simulations

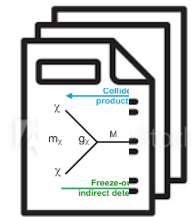
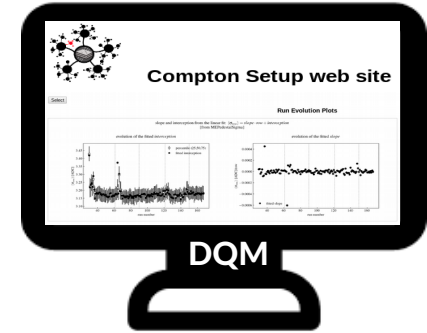


data from any setup



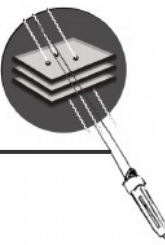
WADERS
softWARE for Dark matter ExpeRiments
with Skippers

common framework for the full collaboration

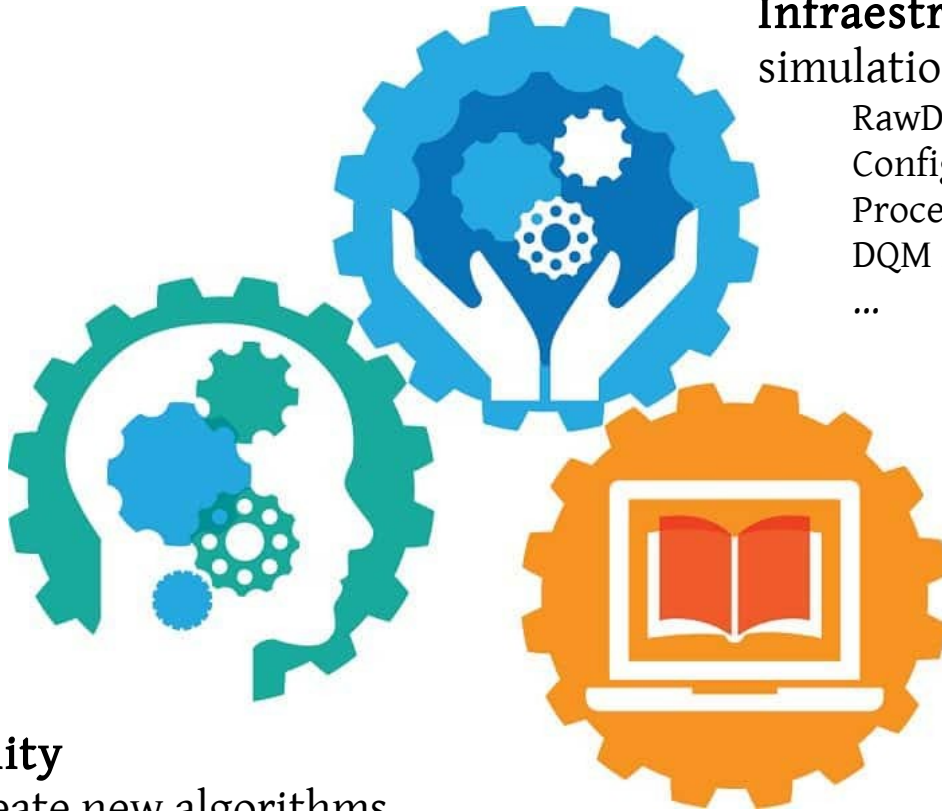


towards the dark matter

What is WADERS?



Is a framework



Plug-in ability

Allows to create new algorithms to process skipper images within this infrastructure

Infrastructure

simulations and reconstruction of skipper images

RawData class (input file encapsulation)

Config class (configuration)

Process Manager

DQM Manager

...

Library of processes

Collection of predefined algorithms (processes) to process the data

CompressSkipperProcess

PedestalSubtractProcess

CalibrationProcess

FitDarkCurrentProcess

FitCalibrationConstant

RnvsNskipsPlot

FFTNoisePlot

ChargeLossPlot

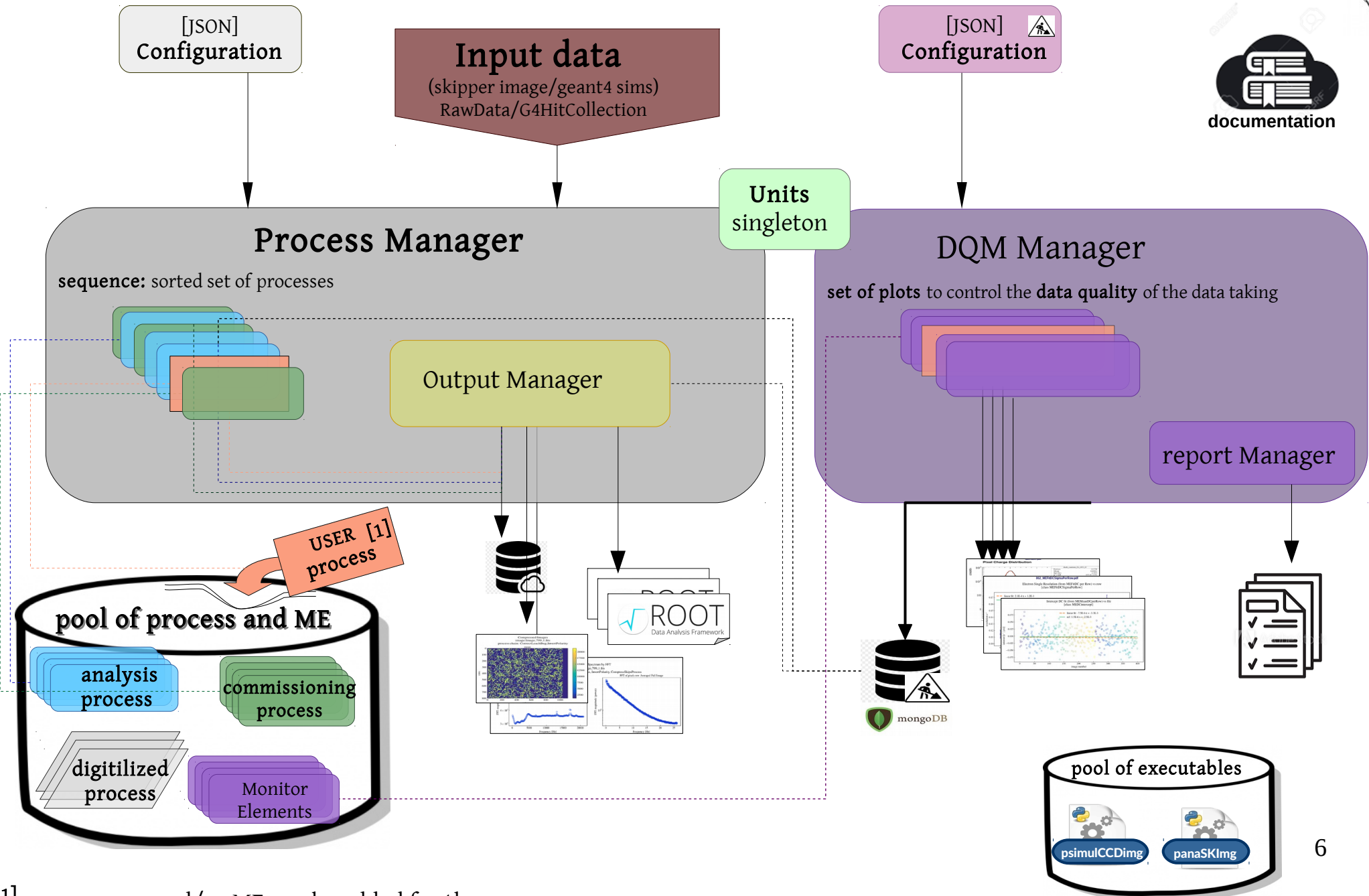
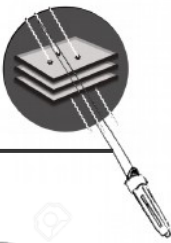
SignalPatterRecognition

ClusterFinder

...

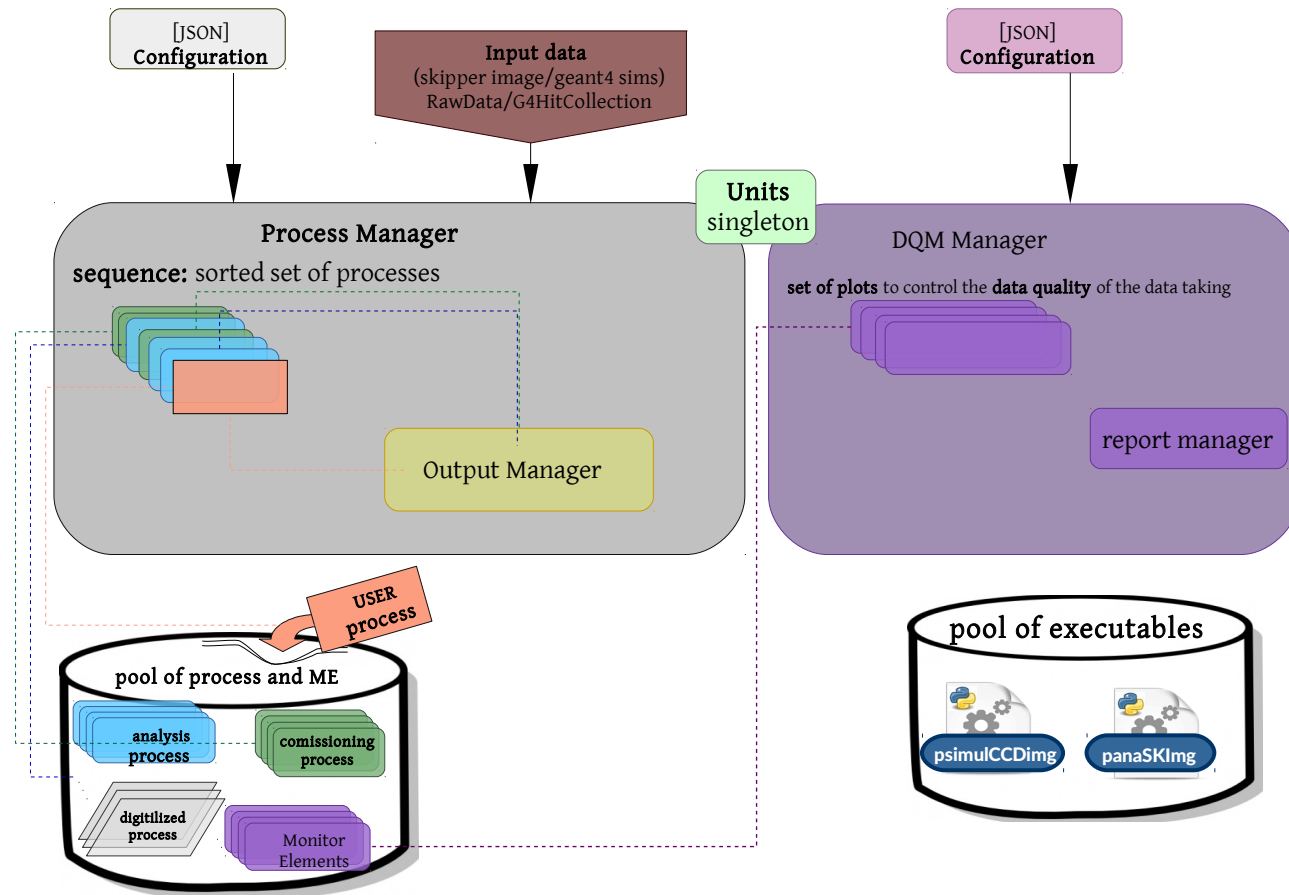
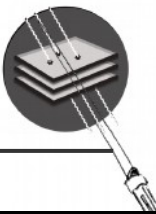
(some processes from Paolo's CCDTestPython⁵)

Outlook of WADERS



[1] new process and/or ME can be added for the user

Outlook of WADERS



```

activity
├── __init__.py
├── metadata.py
├── radiogenics.py
└── mongoDB

data
├── elements.py
├── __init__.py
├── isotopes.py
├── p100K.dat
├── p100K.npz
├── dqm
│   ├── dqm_manager.py
│   ├── __init__.py
│   └── me.py
├── __init__.py
├── __init__.py.in
├── io
│   ├── data_formats.py
│   ├── G4utils.py
│   ├── __init__.py
│   └── rawdata.py
├── json
│   ├── panaSKImg_configuration.json
│   └── psimulCCDimg_config_file.json
├── processes
│   ├── absp.py
│   ├── detector_response.py
│   ├── __init__.py
│   ├── reconstruction.py
│   ├── run_skipper_analysis.py
│   ├── skipper_analysis.py
│   ├── skipper_comissioning.py
│   └── process_manager.py
├── scripts
│   ├── anaSKImg.py
│   ├── dqm.py
│   ├── __init__.py
│   └── simulCCDimg.py
├── setups
│   ├── data_skipper_corrections.py
│   └── __init__.py
├── utils
│   ├── config.py
│   ├── __init__.py
│   ├── libplot4ana.py
│   ├── plotLib.py
│   ├── report.py
│   ├── root_plot_styles.py
│   ├── ttree.py
│   └── units.py


```



documentation

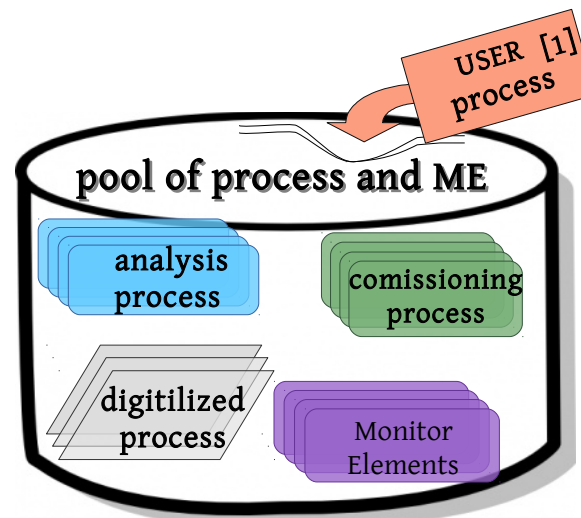
gitlab repo: <https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/damicm/pysimdamicm>

official web for documentation: <https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/>
(mostly documentation for simulations)

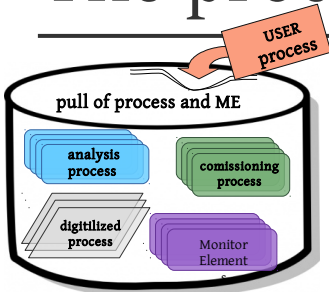
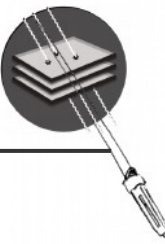
 DQM Compton web: <https://gev.uchicago.edu/compton/>
(documentation for analysis)

This framework is built around

the process concept



The process concept

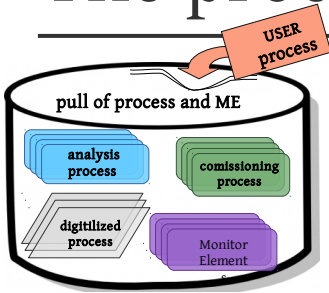
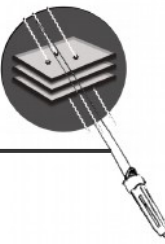


WADERS is built around the **process** concept

process: **algorithm implementation** which accesses, and/or modifies, and/or manipulates, and/or filter some input data, and probably adds some attributes to the original data.

- *A process should focus in one, and just one concrete goal*

The process concept



WADERS is built around the **process** concept

process: **algorithm implementation** which accesses, and/or modifies, and/or manipulates, and/or filter some input data, and probably adds some attributes to the original data.

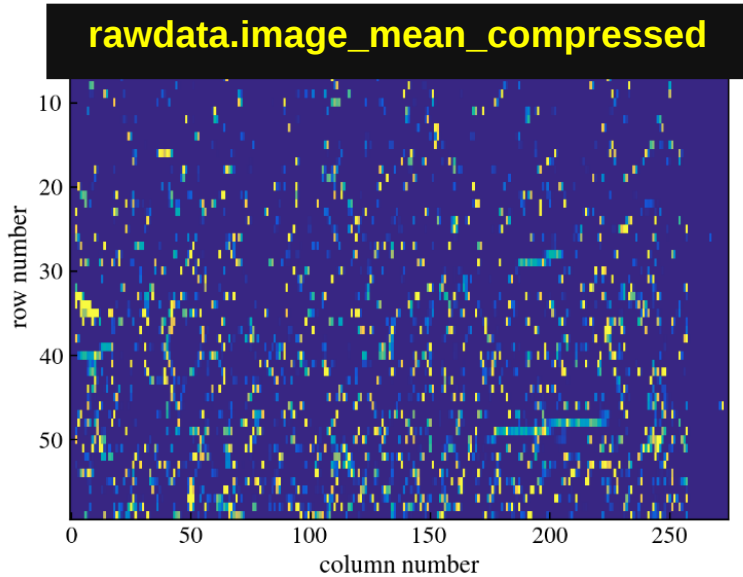
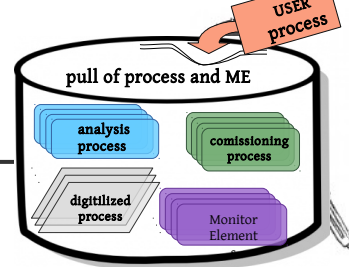
- *A process should focus in one, and just one concrete goal*

Each process is **configurable** at runtime by the user, through a JSON file.

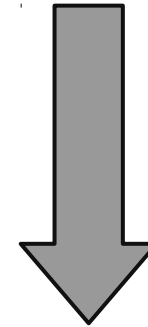
```
14 "detector_response" :
15 {
16   "Diffusion":
17   {
18     "model"      : "gauss",
19     "A"          : 216.2,
20     "B"          : 0.000886,
21     "z_offset"  : 0.0,
22     "alpha"     : 0.0000597,
23     "units"     : "A:um*um;B:1/um;z_offset:um;alpha:pixel/eVee",
24     "fanofactor": 0.12,
25     "active"    : 1
26   },
27   "ContinuousReadout":
28   {
29     "pixel_read_time" : 0.001,
30     "units"           : "s/pixel",
31     "ampli"           : 4,
32     "active"          : 0
33   },
34   "PixelizeSignal":
35   {
36     "shift_pixel_in_x" : 0,
37     "shift_pixel_in_y" : 0,
38     "units"            : "N_pixels_in_x:pixel;pixel_size_in_x:mm;shift_pi
39     "active"           : 1
40   }
41 }
```


Configuration of a process via an example

Let's see `PedestalSubtractionProcess` as an example



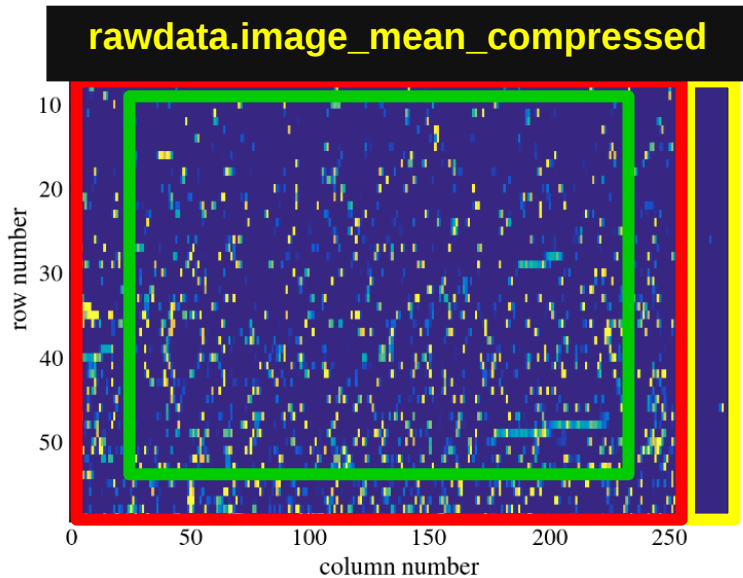
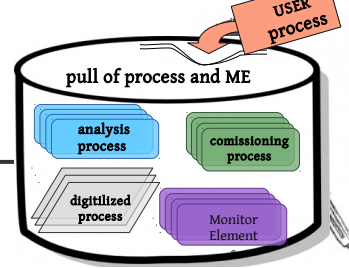
Algorithm to estimate and subtract the pedestal from an image.



pedestal subtracted image

Configuration of a process via an example

Let's see `PedestalSubtractionProcess` as an example



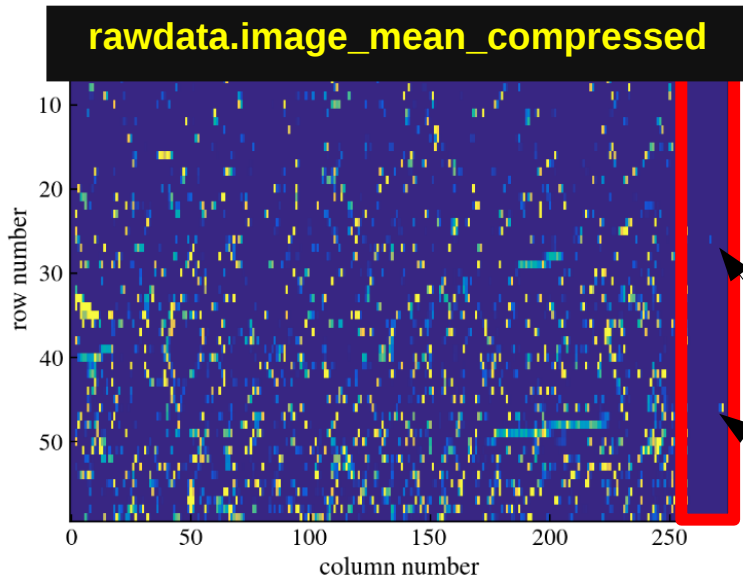
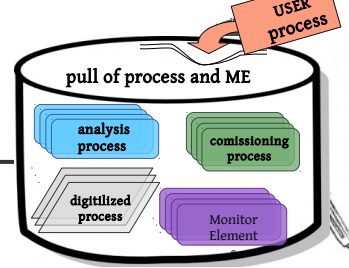
Algorithm to estimate and subtract the pedestal from an image.

The behaviour can be changed depending on the configured options

- use **overscan** or **full image** or just a **region of the image**
- mask pixels with $q_{ij} > n q_{th}$
- estimated by row, or by column, or by both
- estimate by fitting a gaussian, or mean or a median
- for gaussian: estimate the pixels to consider by using MAD or STD
- ... other general parameters (related to the interactive mode)

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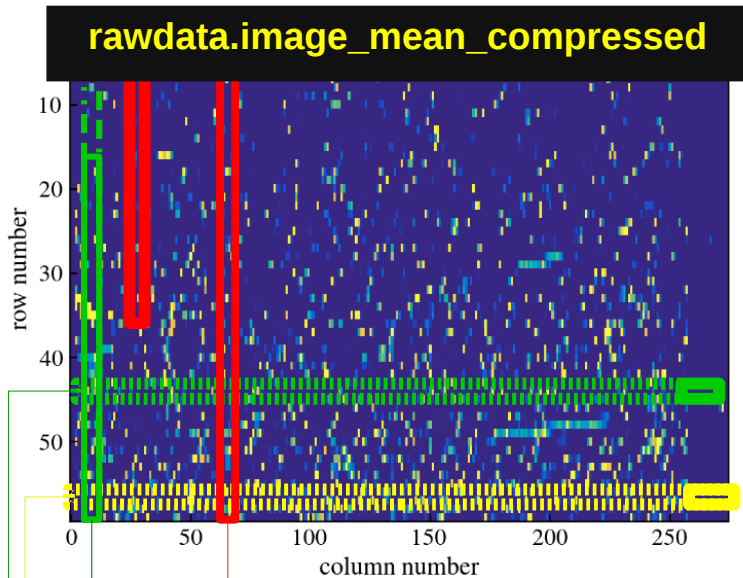
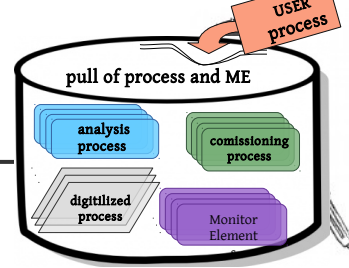
This algorithm includes the possibility to mask some pixels in the selected region before to estimate the pedestal. Given the value n all pixels with

$$q_{ij} > n q_{th}$$

Will not be used to estimate the pedestal

Configuration of a process via an example

Let's see `PedestalSubtractionProcess` as an example



pixels used to estimate the pedestal for column j

pixels used to estimate the pedestal of row k

pixels used to estimate the pedestal of row l

pixels used to estimate the pedestal of column i (after subtraction estimated-row pedestals)

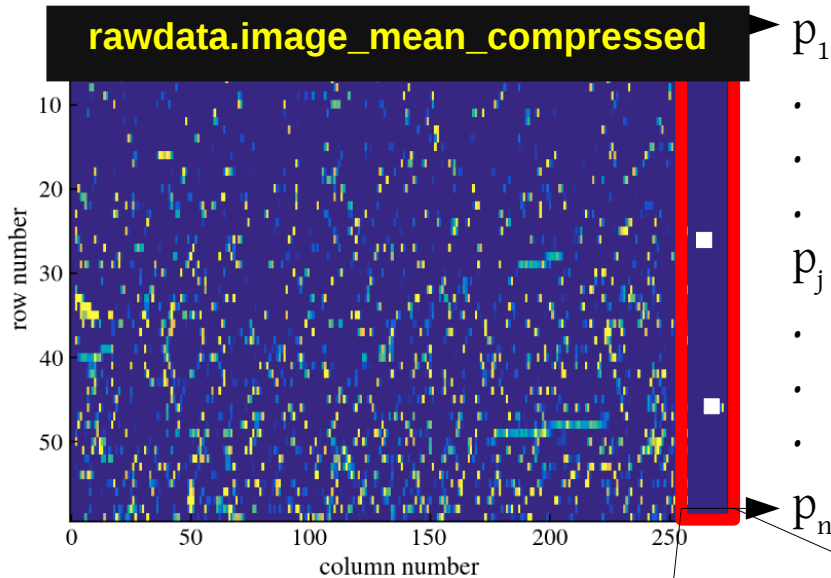
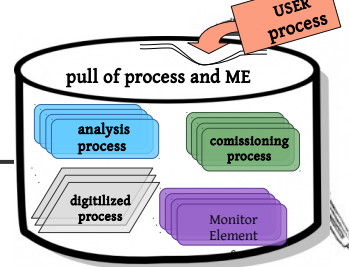
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Configuration of a process via an example

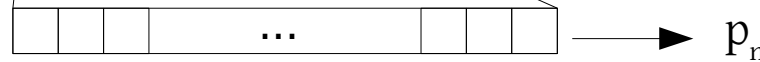
Let's see `PedestalSubtractionProcess` as an example



Algorithm to estimate and subtract the pedestal from an image.

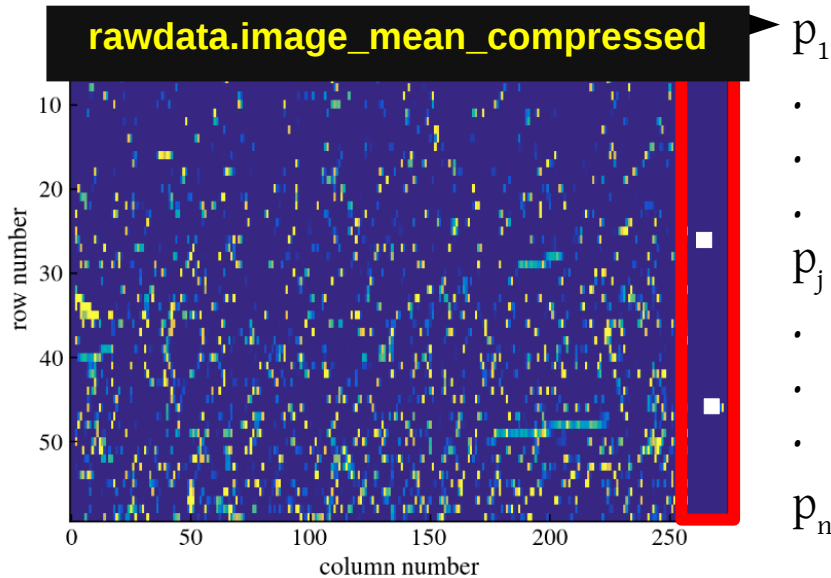
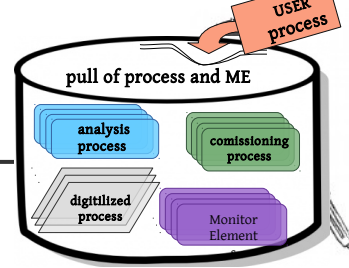
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Configuration of a process via an example

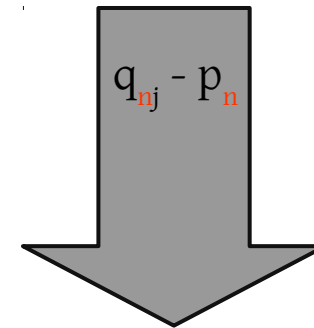
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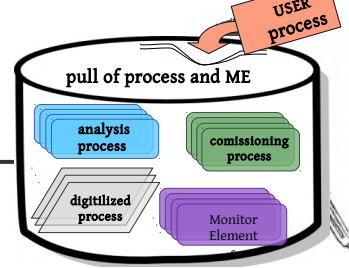
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- other general parameters (related to the interactive mode)

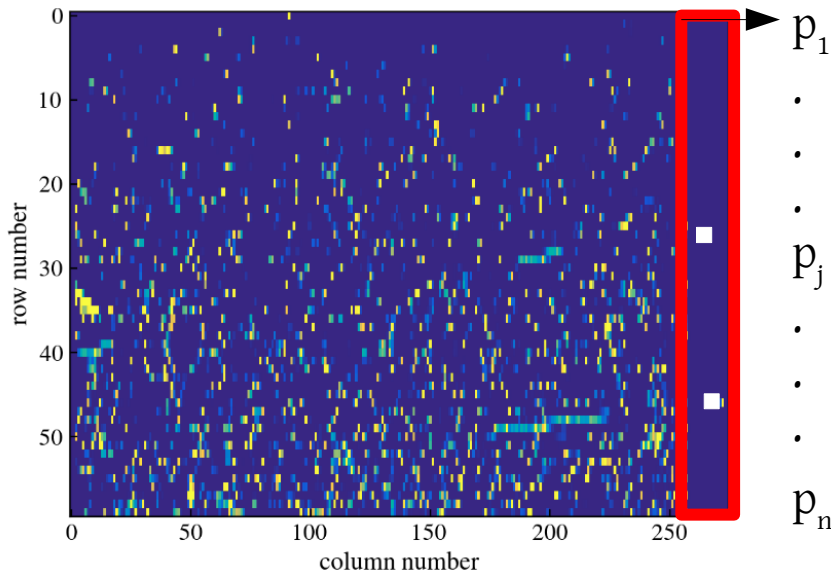


pedestal subtracted image

Configuration of a process via an example



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Algorithm to estimate and subtract the pedestal from an image.

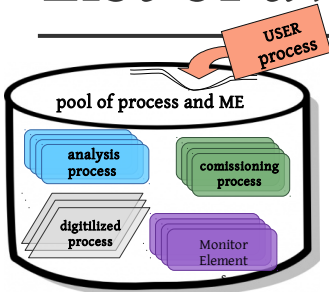
The behaviour can be changed depending on the configured options

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- estimate by `fitting a gaussian`, or mean or a median
- for gaussian: estimate the pixels to consider by using MAD or `STD`
- other general parameters (related to the interactive mode)

Set all options in the input JSON file:

```
46 "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
47   {
48     "image": "mean_compressed",
49     "method": "gauss_fit",
50     "in_overscan": true,
51     "use_mad": false,
52     "axis": "row",
53     "n_sigma_win_fit": 3,
54     "n_sigma_to_mask": -1,
55     "show_fit": false,
56     "histequ": false
57   },
```

List of available processes



```
— dqm
  |— dqm_manager.py
  |— __init__.py
  |— me.py
— processes
  |— absp.py
  |— detector_response.py
  |— __init__.py
  |— reconstruction.py
  |— run_skipper_analysis.py
  |— skipper_analysis.py
  |— skipper_comissioning.py
— process_manager.py
```

Depending on the working scope, the **processes** are grouped

Abstract Class

DigitizeProcess

detector response: to digitilize the geant4 monte carlo simulations (which have to be compatible with the one from DAMICG4)

`pysimdamicm/processes/detector_response.py`

SKImageProcess

comissioning: for any [skipper] CCD image

`pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_comissioning.py`

SKImageProcess

analysis: for any [skipper] CCD image

`pysimdamicm/processes/reconstruction.py`

`pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py`

MEabs

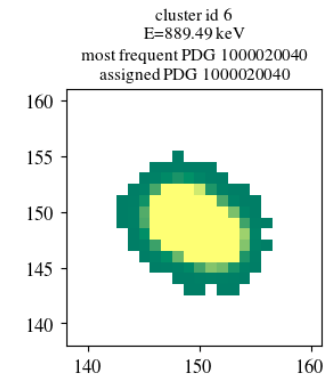
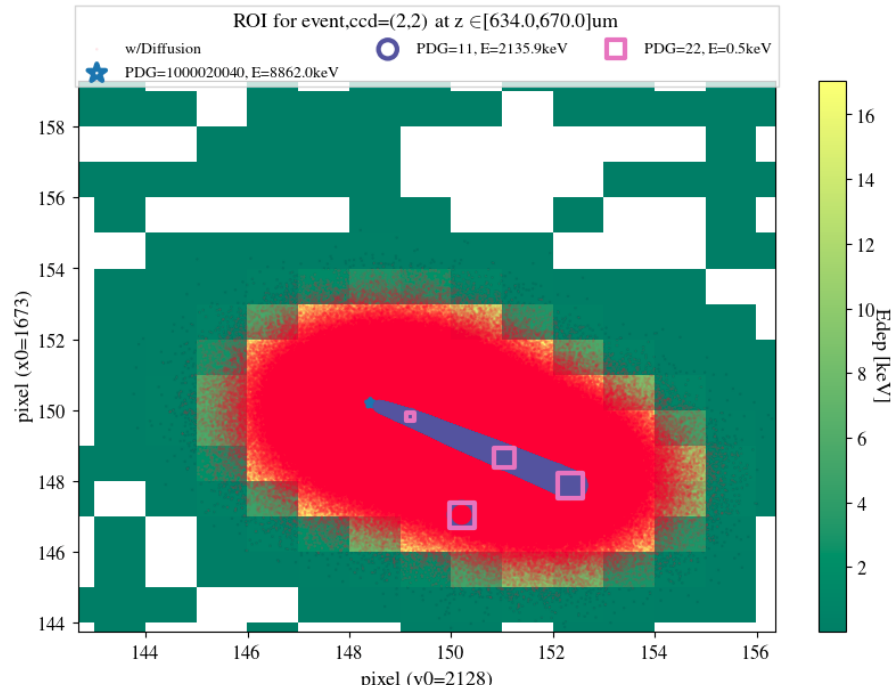
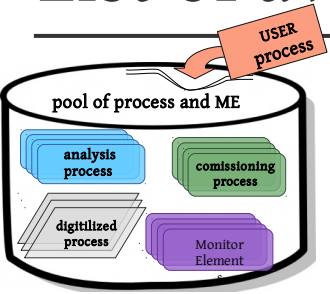
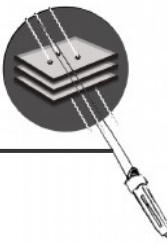
Monitor Element: a plot or quantity as data quality of your data taking

`pysimdamicm/dqm/me.py`

Visit the *Compton Setup web site* https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/compton_web_site/ to see the full set of available ME

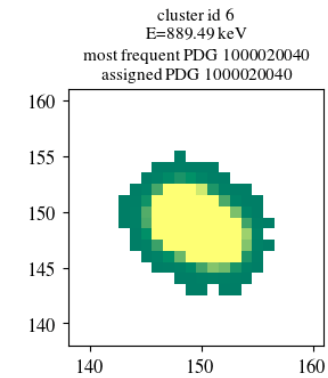
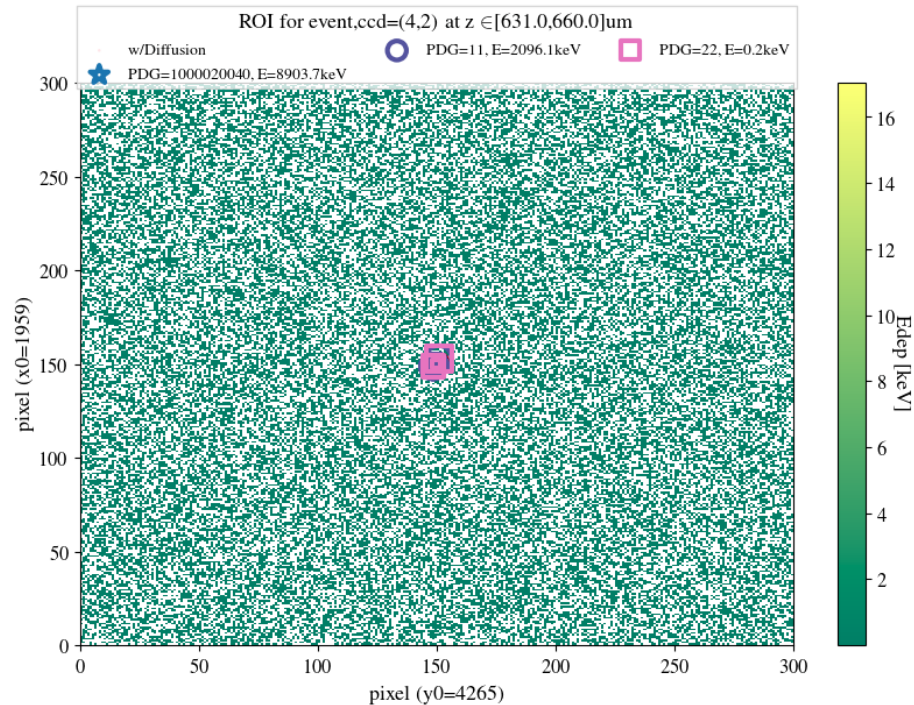
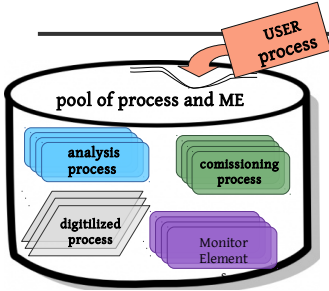
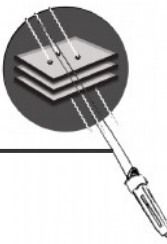
List of available processes

DigitizeProcess
detector response



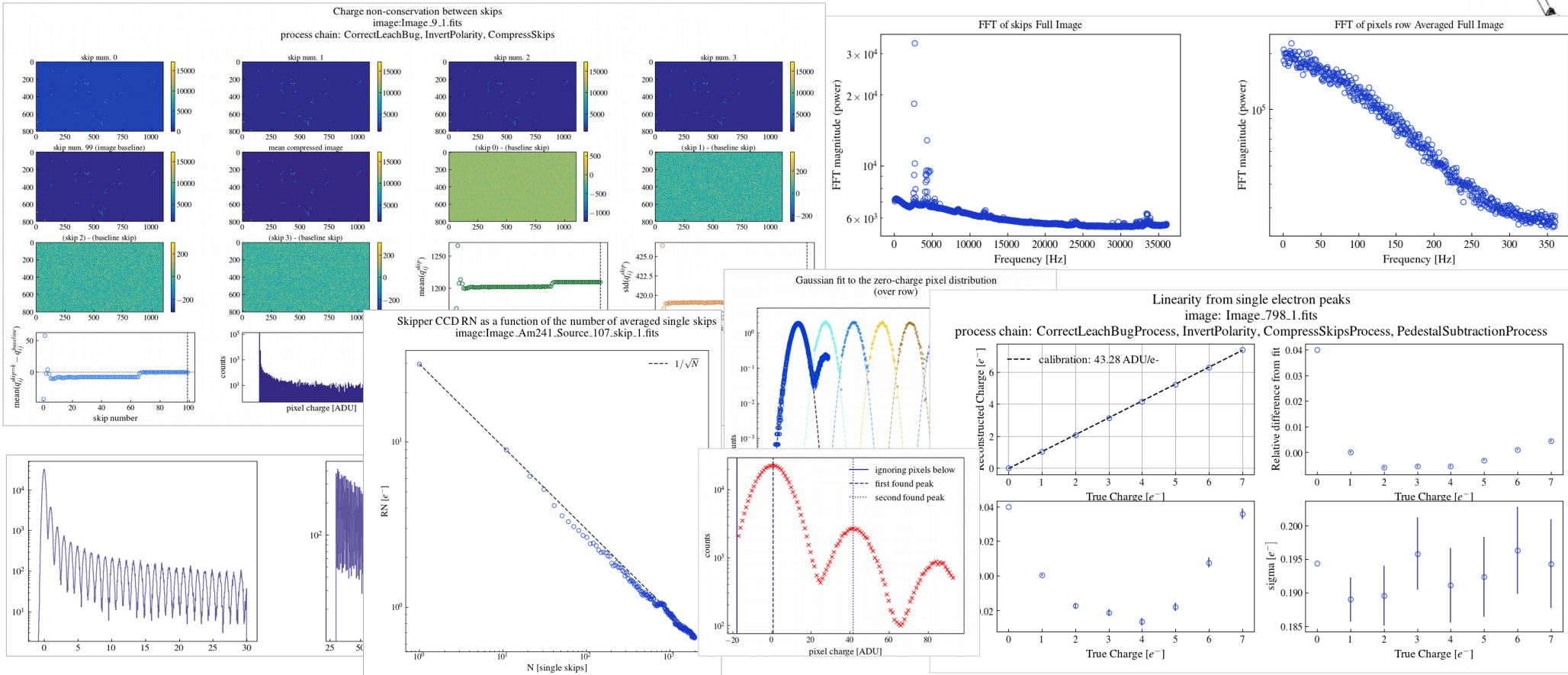
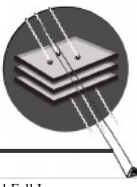
- Diffusion:** Process to generate the creation of eh pairs and its diffusion
- PixelizeSignal:** Process to group the energy depositions into pixels
- DarkCurrent:** Process to add thermal generaion of eh pairs in the depletion region
- ElectronicNoise:** Process to emulate the electronic noise during readout
- PixelSaturation:** Process to emulate the saturation of one of the color channels of the sensor (which responds at its maximum value). Note that the concequente overflow or blooming is not included
- CreateFitsImage:** Process to create a fits image to be used as DATA (allows to use a blank image as bkg)
- ContinuousReadout:** Process to mimic the pixel charge loss due to continuous readout

List of available processes



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- ContinuousReadout:** Process to mimic the pixel charge loss due to continuous readout

List of available processes



ChargeLossPlot:

Process to create a set of plots to study charge loss between skips

FFTNoisePlot:

Process to do the Fast Fourier Transform of an skipper image to study its noise in skips and pixels

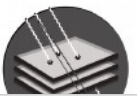
FitCalibrationConstant:

Process to find the calibration constant (or gain) by fitting n-consecutive single electron peaks.

RNvsNskipsPlot:

Process to study the signal-to-noise ratio as a function of N_{skips}

Mostly to create a set of plots to study skipper CCD images

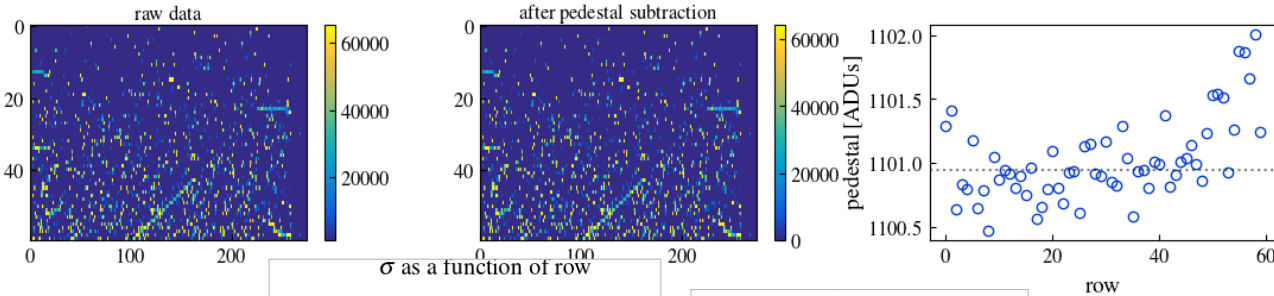


List of available processes

analysis

Pedestal Subtracted Image

image:Image_Am241_Source_55_skip_1.fits
process chain: CorrectLeachBug,CompressSkips



σ as a function of row

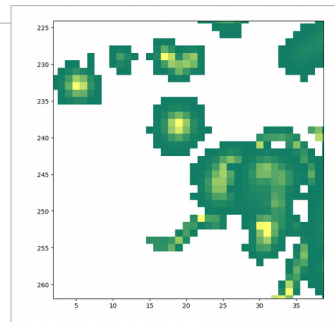
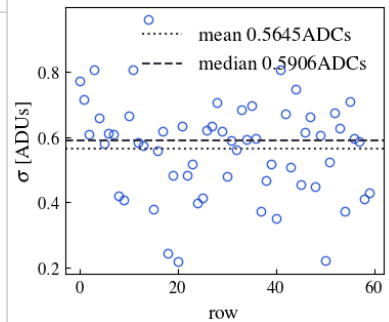
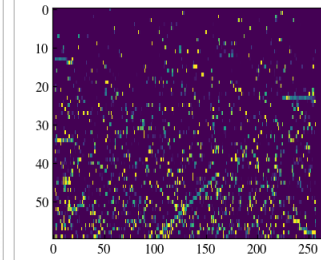
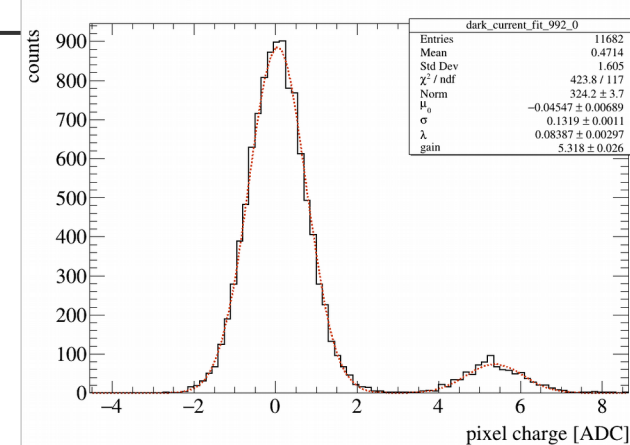


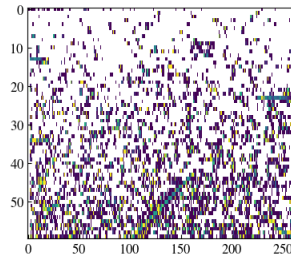
Image after mask



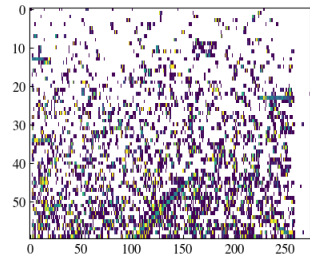
Pixel Charge Distribution



$q_{i,j} \leq 3\sigma_0$ are masked



Possible clusters seeds



CompressSkipperProcess:

Process to combine all single skips into a single value

PedestalSubtractionProcess:

Process to get the pedestal-subtracted image
(pedestal estimation and subtraction)

FitDarkCurrentProcess:

Process to fit λ , μ_0 , gain, single e^- resolution

$$\sum_{n=0} P(n \cdot k | \lambda) \times G(q_{ij}, \mu_0 + (n \cdot k), \sigma_{pix})$$

CalibrationProcess:

Process to apply the calibration to signal: convert ADU to $\rightarrow e^-$

[also used in simulations]

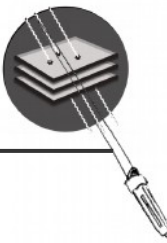
SignalPatternRecognition:

Process for the discriminate between signal and noise

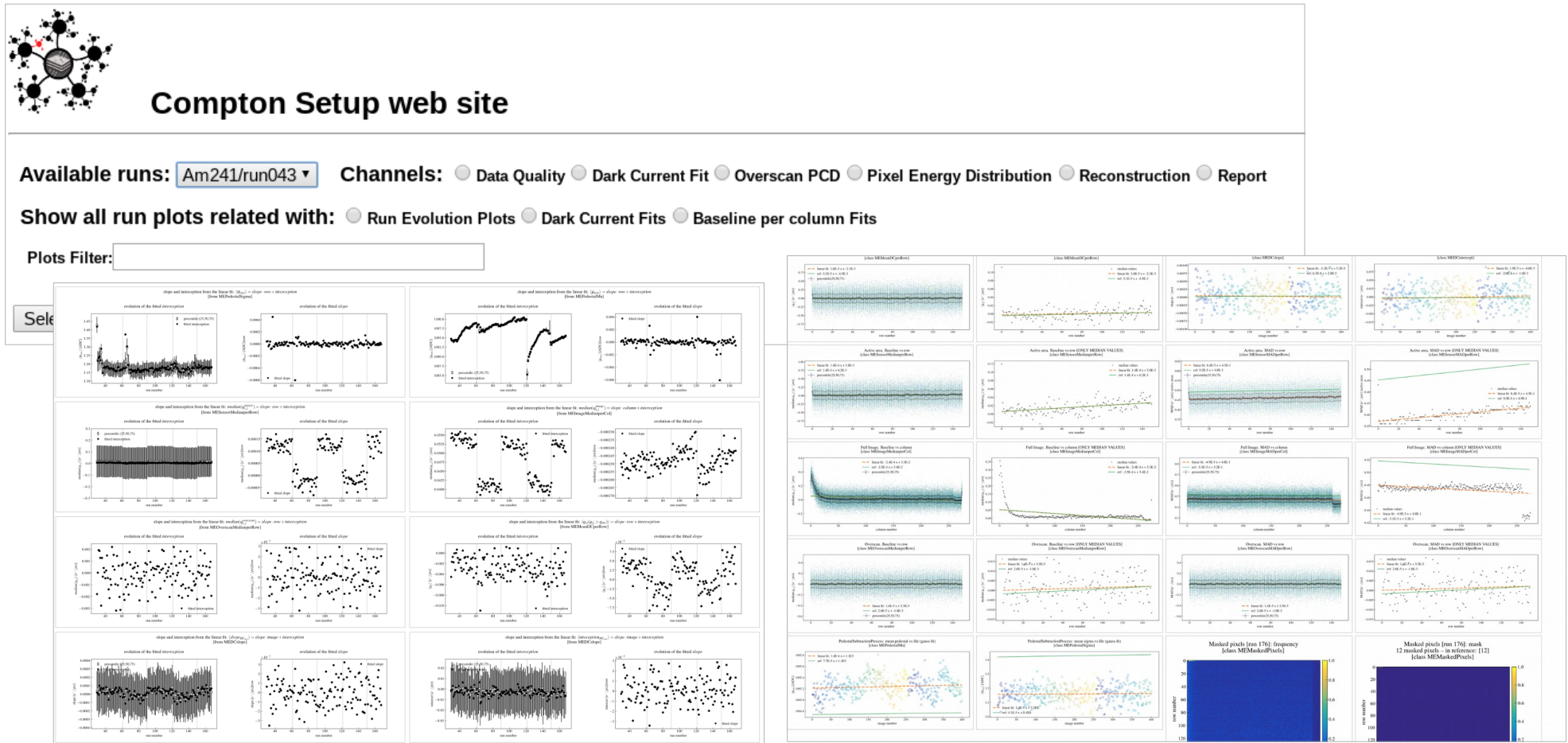
ClusterFinder:

Process to find clusters sensor

List of available processes

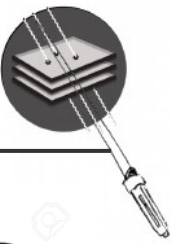


Go to https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/compton_web_site/



MEMeanDCperRow, MEDCslope, MEDCintercept, MESensorMedianperRow, MESensorMADperRow, MEImageMedianperCol, MEImageMADperCol, MEOverscanMedianperRow, MEOverscanMADperRow, MEPedestalMu, MEPedestalSigma, MEMaskedPixels, MESinglePED, MEOverscanPCDMu, MEOverscanPCDSigma, MEFitDC, MEFitDCMu0PerRow, MEFitDCSigmaPerRow, MEFitDCLambdaPerRow, MEFitDCMu0, MEFitDCSigma, MEFitDCLambda, METempShift

All processes are well documented



Dedicated documentation for each process can be found

- USING THE EXECUTABLES PROVIDED BY WADERS
- for a short description



```
[user @dm ~]$ psimulCCDimg --json
```

```
[user @dm ~]$ panaSKImg --help
```

All processes are well documented

Dedicated documentation for each process can be found

→ USING THE EXECUTABLES PROVIDED BY WADER

```
[user @dm ~]$ psimulCCDimg --json
```

```
(venv_analysis) [castello@gev pysimdamicm]$ psimulCCDimg --json
Valid options are:
"in_root":
  "in_dir_path" : Path for <in_root.root_file_name> (by default .)
  "root_file_name" : ROOT file name of the geant4-based DAMICG4 simulation
"out_root":
  "out_dir_path" : Path for the output root file (by default .)
  "prefix_root_name" : Output file name prefix, the response of the detector
  will be sotored as <dir_path>/<prefix_root_name>_<root_file_name>
"store_pixel_info" : If set, the properties of each pixel in the cluster
"save_CCDimg" : Boolean option to store the image for each cluster in a n
format with two independent arrays: 'energy' and 'noise'
for the pixel energy of the geant4 simulation and the pixel
noise distribution due to dark current and/or electronic noise. (by default)
"detector_response":
  "Diffusion":
    "model" : Use karthick to apply probability distributions to get the nu
    "A" : Coefficient for the xy dispersion measured by the
    detector as a function of the depth (by default 216.2)
    "B" : Coefficient for the xy dispersion measured by the
    detector as a function of the depth (by default 0.000886)
    "z_offset" : Starting z-position in the silicon bulk (by default 0.0)
    "alpha" : Parameter for the second term on the diffusion model, the pro
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "fanofactor" : Fano factor to model e-h pair creation
    within the silicon bulk (by default 0.12)
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
  "ContinuousReadout":
    "pixel_read_time" : Time to read a pixel in units of seconds (by default
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "ampli" : Readout: number of amplifiers used for skipper
    continuous readout: 1/2/4 (by default 4)
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
  "PixelizeSignal":
    "shift_pixel_in_x" : Skip the first `shift_pixel_in_x` pixels from the
    "shift_pixel_in_y" : skip the first `shift_pixel_in_y` pixels from the
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
  "ElectronicNoise":
    "mode" : Full-image or cropped-image for intrinsic detector noise simul
    "pedestal" : Mean value in units of electrons/pixel (by default 0.0)
    "sigma" : STD value in units of electrons/pixel (by default 0.25)
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "img_size" : x and y-axis CCD region size. Both noises, dark current an
    are simulated in a reduced CCD region for computational reas
    "min_enlarge" : Minimum extra-pixel size when the elongation of the clu
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
  "DarkCurrent":
    "mode" : Full-image or cropped-image for intrinsic detector noise simul
    "darkcurrent" : Dark current value in units of e-/pixel/day (by default
    "exp_time" : Time for the darkcurrent mesurement in units of days, bein
    the lambda parameter in the poisson distribution (by default
    "img_size" : x and y-axis CCD region size. Both noises, dark current an
    are simulated in a reduced CCD region for computational reas
    "min_enlarge" : Minimum extra-pixel size when the elongation of the clu
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
  "PixelSaturation":
    "saturation" : Number of ADC units for a saturated pixel (by default 6
    "units" : informative keyword to highlight the units of each process pa
    "active" : Include the detector response and/or reconstruction process
"reconstruction":
  "SignalPatternRecognition":
    "method" : Algorithm number for cluster finder (by default 1)
    "threshold" : Minimum pixel charge as signal (by default 15)
```

continue ...



All processes are well documente

Dedicated documentation for each process can be

→ USING THE EXECUTABLES PROVIDED BY WADEF

```
--skip-end ID_SKIP_END First skip to start with (for all processes, if a process use an specific starting point include id_skip_start in its scope in the json file). Note that -1 means last value
--row-start ID_ROW_START First row to start with (for all processes, if a process use an specific starting point include id_row_start in its scope in the json file)
--row-end ID_ROW_END First row to start with (for all processes, if a process use an specific starting point include id_row_start in its scope in the json file). Note that -1 means last value
--col-start ID_COL_START First col to start with (for all processes, if a process use an specific starting point include id_col_start in its scope in the json file)
--col-end ID_COL_END First col to start with (for all processes, if a process use an specific starting point include id_col_start in its scope in the json file). Note that -1 means last value

** Common to all PROCESS ***** :
-s SEQUENCE, --sequence SEQUENCE Coma-separated list of process names (in this case, sequence from json file will be ignored)
--list-processes List all available process names
--save-img [BOOL] Set to save intermediate images as fits files
--save-plots [BOOL] Set to save plots as eps and pdf files
--display [BOOL] Running in debug mode (all plots will be also display)
--verbose [BOOL] Report extra information/plots during execution (for all booked processes)
--cal CALIBRATION Calibration constant to start with (several process has this parameter)

** For Process CompressSkipperProcess ***** :
--func-to-compress FUNC_TO_COMPRESS [FUNC_TO_COMPRESS ...] CompressSkipperProcess. List of functions to reduce the single skipper images into a single one (functions must exist in the numpy package)

** For Process PedestalSubtractionProcess ***** :
--method METHOD Method to use to compute the pedestal
--in-overscan Set to use the full image to estimate the pedestal, instead of only the overscan region
--axis AXIS Axis in which the overscan should be computed: row/col/both/none
--n-sigma-win-fit N_SIGMA_WIN_FIT Number of sigmas to define the spectral window to fit a gaussian to single electron peaks
--n-sigma-to-mask N_SIGMA_TO_MASK Number of sigmas to define the maximum pixel charge to take into account to estimate the pedestal
--show-fit Set to show up several extra plots and information

** For Process ChargeLossPlot ***** :
--skip-id-list SKIP_ID_LIST [SKIP_ID_LIST ...] List of skip index to be display to search for charge loss/gain
--skip-id-baseline SKIP_ID_BASELINE Index of the single skip image to be used as baseline image
```

```
[user @dm ~]$ panaSKImg --help
```



continue ...

All processes are well documented



Dedicated documentation for each process can be found at

→ ONLINE

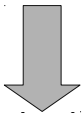
- for a more detailed explanation (params, algorithm, examples)

https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/pysimdamicm/getting_started.html

<https://gev.uchicago.edu/compton/>

A gallery of Notebooks on how to use pysimdamicm for analysis:

- **How to I:** [Install](#)
- **How to II:** [Introduction](#)
- **How to III:** [Configuration JSON file](#)
- **How to IV:** [RawData class](#)
- **How to V:** [CompressSkipperProcess class](#)
- **How to VI:** [PedestalSubtractedProcess class](#)
- **How to VII:** [FitDarkCurrentProcess class](#)



Find all notebooks (.html, .ipynb) also within the repository under the folder

`pysimdamicm/notebooks/howto/analysis`

HOW TO FOR ANALYSIS/COMMISSIONING

- ▢ What is *panaSKImg* used for?
- ▢ Process by Process
 1. CompressSkipperProcess
 2. PedestalSubtractionProcess
 3. FitDarkCurrentProcess
 3. ChargeLossPlot
 4. FFTNoisePlot
 5. RNvsNskipsPlot
 6. FitCalibrationConstant
- gev cluster: How to use it

MODULE DOCUMENTATION

▢ PySimDamicmM Introduction

- Overview
- Detector Response Tools
- Reconstruction Tools
- Process Manager
- Utilities

HOW TO INSTALL

- Requirements and/or dependences
- Download
- Install

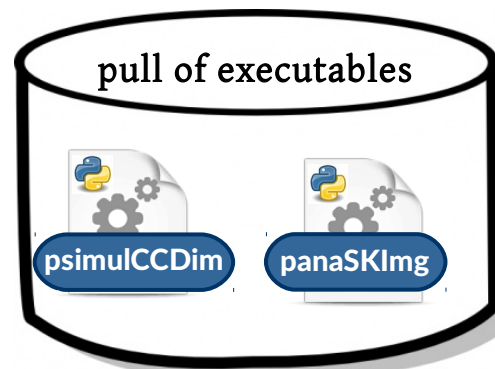
HOW TO FOR SIMULATIONS

- How to run *psimulCCDimg*
- Running modes
- Configuration JSON file
- Output ROOT file
- Modes to mimic the Intrinsic Detector Noise

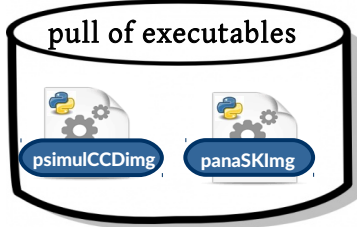
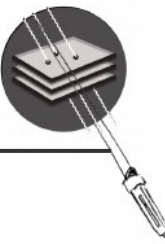
HOW TO FOR ANALYSIS/COMMISSIONING

- What is *panaSKImg* used for?
- Process by Process
- gev cluster: How to use it

How to use it?



How to use WADERS



WADERS provides two executables

- configured via JSON file and/or command line options

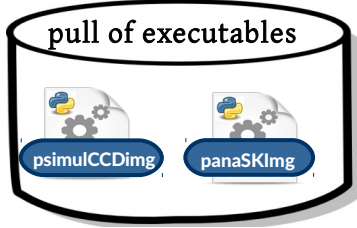
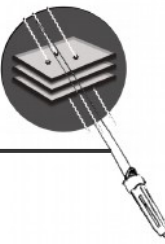
psimulCCDimg: using a Geant4-created input file (ROOT file compatible with DAMICG4's output), simulates the CCD **sensor response** and, emulates the **electronic response** and performs **cluster reconstruction**

It can also provide a CCD image (fits format) to be processed with **panaSKImg** (as if it was real data).

panaSKImg: using (n) input image file(s) (fits,ROOT,...), performs data analysis (both **commissioning/operational** and high level data **reconstruction**).

- Commissioning: study the linearity with single electron peaks, noise studies, skip-charge losses studies, ...
- Operational: Data Quality Monitor
- High level data: pedestal subtraction, dark current fit, cluster reconstruction, ...

How to use WADERS: Configuration JSON file



WADERS provides two executables

- configured via JSON file and/or command line options

psimulCCDimg: main sections for the configuration JSON file

output: mostly to define the prefix of the output ROOT file

detector_response: define the **list of processes** and its parameters

reconstruction: define the **list of processes** and its parameters

The user **has no control over the order** in which the process will be executed (these are internally sorted)

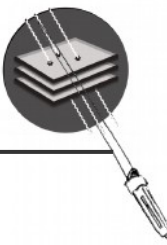
panaSKimg: main sections for the configuration JSON file

input: parameters to define the input image (overscan and prescan regions, active area, number of skip measurements, ...)

process: define the **list of ordered processes** and its parameters

The **user must define the order** of execution of the process. This is done in the JSON file, setting the parameter `sequence`.

How to use WADERS: JSON file example for psimulCCDimg



pysimdamicm/json/psimulCCDimg_config_file.json

units -> ONLY INFORMATIOVE

```
1 {
2   "in_root" :
3   {
4     "in_dir_path" : ".",
5     "root_file_name": "None"
6   },
7   "out_root":
8   {
9     "out_dir_path" : ".",
10    "prefix_root_name" : "out_simulCCDimg",
11    "store_pixel_info" : 1,
12    "save_CCDimg" : 0
13  },
14  "detector_response" :
15  {
16    "Diffusion":
17    {
18      "model" : "gauss",
19      "A" : 216.2,
20      "B" : 0.000886,
21      "z_offset" : 0.0,
22      "alpha" : 0.0000597,
23      "units" : "A:um*um;B:1/um;z_offset:um;alpha:",
24      "fanofactor" : 0.12,
25      "active" : 1
26    },
27    "ContinuousReadout":
28    {
29      "pixel_read_time" : 0.001,
30      "units" : "s/pixel",
31      "ampli" : 4,
32      "active" : 0
33    },
34    "PixelizeSignal":
35    {
36      "shift_pixel_in_x" : 0,
37      "shift_pixel_in_y" : 0,
38      "units" : "N_pixels_in_x:pixel;pixel_s",
39      "active" : 1
40    },
41    "ElectronicNoise":
42    {
43      "mode" : "cropped-image",
44      "pedestal" : 0.0,
45      "sigma" : 0.25,
46      "units" : "pedesta:e/pixel;img_size:pixel;min",
47      "img_size" : 300,
48      "min_enlarge" : 30,
49      "active" : 0
50    }
51  }
52 }
```

deprecated

PROCESS SECTION

Configurable options

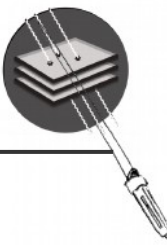
Output root file naming
out_simulCCDimg_<input_file_name>.root

```
51   "DarkCurrent":
52   {
53     "mode" : "cropped-image",
54     "darkcurrent" : 0.001,
55     "exp_time" : 0.3333333333,
56     "img_size" : 300,
57     "min_enlarge" : 30,
58     "units" : "darkcurrent:e/pixel/day;exp_t",
59     "active" : 0
60   },
61   "PixelSaturation":
62   {
63     "saturation" : 65535,
64     "units" : "ADC",
65     "active" : 1
66   }
67 },
68 "reconstruction":
69 {
70   "SignalPatternRecognition":
71   {
72     "method" : 1,
73     "threshold" : 15,
74     "units" : "ADC",
75     "active" : 0
76   },
77   "ClusterFinder":
78   {
79     "method" : 1,
80     "max_nearest_neighbor" : 2,
81     "active" : 1
82   }
83 },
84 "CF":
85 {
86   "ccd_shape": [1000, 4000],
87   "ccd_pixel_size_x": 0.015,
88   "ccd_pixel_size_y": 0.015,
89   "ccd_thickness": 0.675,
90   "ADC2eV": 0.72,
91   "e2eV": 3.77,
92   "detector_name": "CCDSensor"
93 }
94 }
95 }
```

to define

- CCD size
- pixel size (and binning)
- CCD thickness
- ADC → eV
- mean E to create eh pair
- detector name

How to use WADERS: JSON file example for psimulCCDimg



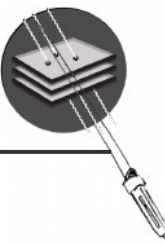
pysimdamicm/json/psimulCCDimg_config_file.json

```
1 {
2   "in_root" :
3   {
4     "in_dir_path" : ".",
5     "root_file_name": "None"
6   },
7   "out_root":
8   {
9     "out_dir_path" : ".",
10    "prefix_root_name" : "out_simulCCDimg",
11    "store_pixel_info" : 1,
12    "save_CCDimg" : 0
13  },
14  "detector_response" :
15  {
16    "Diffusion":
17    {
18      "model" : "gauss",
19      "A" : 216.2,
20      "B" : 0.000886,
21      "z_offset" : 0.0,
22      "alpha" : 0.0000597,
23      "units" : "A:um*um;B:1/um;z_offset:um;alpha:",
24      "fahofactor": 0.12,
25      "active" : 1
26    },
27    "ContinuousReadout":
28    {
29      "pixel_read_time" : 0.001,
30      "units" : "s/pixel",
31      "ampli" : 4,
32      "active" : 0
33    },
34    "PixelizeSignal":
35    {
36      "shift_pixel_in_x" : 0,
37      "shift_pixel_in_y" : 0,
38      "units" : "N_pixels_in_x:pixel;pixel_s",
39      "active" : 1
40    },
41    "ElectronicNoise":
42    {
43      "mode" : "cropped-image",
44      "pedestal" : 0.0,
45      "sigma" : 0.25,
46      "units" : "pedesta:e/pixel;img_size:pixel;min.",
47      "img_size" : 300,
48      "min_enlarge": 30,
49      "active" : 0
50    }
51  }
52 }
```

Use “active” to switch on/off a process, the process manager will executed secuentially the list of process internally sorted.

```
51   "DarkCurrent":
52   {
53     "mode" : "cropped-image",
54     "darkcurrent" : 0.001,
55     "exp_time" : 0.3333333333,
56     "img_size" : 300,
57     "min_enlarge" : 30,
58     "units" : "darkcurrent:e/pixel/day;exp_t",
59     "active" : 0
60   },
61   "PixelSaturation":
62   {
63     "saturation" : 65535,
64     "units" : "ADC",
65     "active" : 1
66   },
67 },
68 "reconstruction":
69 {
70   "SignalPatternRecognition":
71   {
72     "method" : 1,
73     "threshold" : 15,
74     "units" : "ADC",
75     "active" : 0
76   },
77   "ClusterFinder":
78   {
79     "method" : 1,
80     "max_nearest_neighbor" : 2,
81     "active" : 1
82   }
83 },
84 "CF":
85 {
86   "ccd_shape": [1000, 4000],
87   "ccd_pixel_size_x": 0.015,
88   "ccd_pixel_size_y": 0.015,
89   "ccd_thickness": 0.675,
90   "ADC2eV": 0.72,
91   "e2eV" : 3.77,
92   "detector_name": "CCDSensor"
93 }
94 }
95 }
```

How to use WADERS: JSON file example for panaSKImg



pysimdamicm/json/panaSKImg_config_file.json

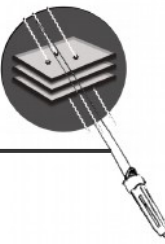
```
1  "input":
2  {
3  {
4    "image":
5    {
6      "extensions" :0,
7      "skip_image":true,
8      "axis_to_compress":1,
9      "correct_leach_bug":true,
10     "correct_polarity":false,
11     "id_skip_start":3,
12     "id_skip_end":-1,
13     "id_row_start":0,
14     "id_row_end":-1,
15     "id_col_start":0,
16     "id_col_end":-1,
17     "n_rows_overscan":0,
18     "n_rows_prescan":0,
19     "n_cols_overscan":15,
20     "n_cols_prescan":2,
21     "active_region_rows":null,
22     "active_region_cols":null
23   },
24   "scp":
25   {
26   },
27   "convention":
28   {
29     "Nskips":"NDCMS",
30     "Ncols":"NAXIS1",
31     "Nrows":"NAXIS2",
32     "Npbin":"NPBIN",
33     "Nsbin":"NSBIN",
34     "ampl":"AMPL",
35     "exposure_time":"MEXP",
36     "read_time":"MREAD"
37   }
38 },
39 "process":
40 {
41   "sequence":"CompressSkipperProcess;RNvsNskipsPlot",
42   "CompressSkipperProcess":
43   {
44     "func_to_compress":["mean"]
45   },
46   "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
47   {
48     "image":"mean_compressed",
49     "method":"gauss_fit",
50     "in_overscan":true,
51     "use_mad":false,
52     "axis":"row",
53     "n_sigma_win_fit":3,
54     "n_sigma_to_mask":-1,
55     "show_fit":false,
56     "histequ":false
57 }
```

to define
- reading skips axis
- overscan/prescan
- skip/col/row to ignore
- set setup-dependent

mandatory!

```
58 "CalibrationProcess":
59 {
60   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
61   "gain":5.3
62 },
63 "FitCalibrationConstant":
64 {
65   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
66   "n_peaks":3,
67   "calibration":5,
68   "n_sigma_win_fit":3
69 },
70 "FitDarkCurrentProcess":
71 {
72   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
73   "method":"root",
74   "do_calibration":true,
75   "n_peaks":2,
76   "n_sigma_fit":2,
77   "mu_gauss":0.0,
78   "sigma_gauss":0.2,
79   "lambda_poisson":0.05,
80   "binning_size":0.25,
81   "fit_options":"QS"
82 },
83 "ChargeLossPlot":
84 {
85   "skip_id_list":[0,1,2],
86   "skip_id_baseline":-1,
87   "histequ":false,
88   "gray_palette":false
89 },
90 "FFTNoisePlot":
91 {
92 },
93 "RNvsNskipsPlot":
94 {
95   "n_skips_per_block":10,
96   "is_blank":false
97 },
98 "SignalPatternRecognition":
99 {
100  {
101    "method" : 1,
102    "image" : "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e",
103    "isdata" : true,
104    "mask" : true,
105    "threshold" : [null,3,4]
106  },
107  "ClusterFinder":
108  {
109    "method" : 1,
110    "max_nearest_neighbor" : 1
111  }
112 }
113 }
```

How to use WADERS: JSON file example for panaSKImg



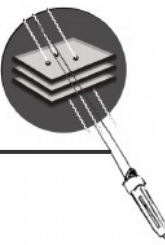
pysimdamicm/json/panaSKImg_config_file.json

```
1  |
2  | "input":
3  | {
4  |   "image":
5  |   {
6  |     "extensions" :0,
7  |     "skip_image":true,
8  |     "axis_to_compress":1,
9  |     "correct_leach_bug":true,
10 |     "correct_polarity":false,
11 |     "id_skip_start":3,
12 |     "id_skip_end":-1,
13 |     "id_row_start":0,
14 |     "id_row_end":-1,
15 |     "id_col_start":0,
16 |     "id_col_end":-1,
17 |     "n_rows_overscan":0,
18 |     "n_rows_prescan":0,
19 |     "n_cols_overscan":15,
20 |     "n_cols_prescan":2,
21 |     "active_region_rows":null,
22 |     "active_region_cols":null
23 |   },
24 |   "scp":
25 |   {
26 |   },
27 |   "convention":
28 |   {
29 |     "Nskips":"NDCMS",
30 |     "Ncols":"NAXIS1",
31 |     "Nrows":"NAXIS2",
32 |     "Npbin":"NPBIN",
33 |     "Nsbin":"NSBIN",
34 |     "ampl":"AMPL",
35 |     "exposure_time":"MEXP",
36 |     "read_time":"MREAD"
37 |   }
38 | },
39 | "process":
40 | {
41 |   "sequence":"CompressSkipperProcess;RNvsNskipsPlot",
42 |   "CompressSkipperProcess":
43 |   {
44 |     "func_to_compress":["mean"]
45 |   },
46 |   "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
47 |   {
48 |     "image":"mean_compressed",
49 |     "method":"gauss_fit",
50 |     "in_overscan":true,
51 |     "use_mad":false,
52 |     "axis":"row",
53 |     "n_sigma_win_fit":3,
54 |     "n_sigma_to_mask":-1,
55 |     "show_fit":false,
56 |     "histequ":false
57 |   },
```

Corrections to be applied to data before processing
Invert polarity: max → min
leach_bug → for COMPTON setup

```
58 | "CalibrationProcess":
59 | {
60 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
61 |   "gain":5.3
62 | },
63 | "FitCalibrationConstant":
64 | {
65 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
66 |   "n_peaks":3,
67 |   "calibration":5,
68 |   "n_sigma_win_fit":3
69 | },
70 | "FitDarkCurrentProcess":
71 | {
72 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
73 |   "method":"root",
74 |   "do_calibration":true,
75 |   "n_peaks":2,
76 |   "n_sigma_fit":2,
77 |   "mu_gauss":0.0,
78 |   "sigma_gauss":0.2,
79 |   "lambda_poisson":0.05,
80 |   "binning_size":0.25,
81 |   "fit_options":"QS"
82 | },
83 | "ChargeLossPlot":
84 | {
85 |   "skip_id_list":[0,1,2],
86 |   "skip_id_baseline":-1,
87 |   "histequ":false,
88 |   "gray_palette":false
89 | },
90 | "FFTNoisePlot":
91 | {
92 | },
93 | "RNvsNskipsPlot":
94 | {
95 |   "n_skips_per_block":10,
96 |   "is_blank":false
97 | },
98 |
99 | "SignalPatternRecognition":
100 | {
101 |   "method"      : 1,
102 |   "image"       : "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e",
103 |   "isdata"     : true,
104 |   "mask"       : true,
105 |   "threshold"  : [null,3,4]
106 | },
107 | "ClusterFinder":
108 | {
109 |   "method"      : 1,
110 |   "max_nearest_neighbor" : 1
111 | }
112 | }
113 | }
```


How to use WADERS: JSON file example for panaSKImg



pysimdamicm/json/panaSKImg_config_file.json

~~active~~

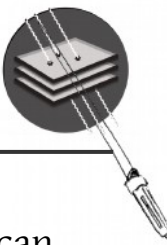
Only process listed in “**sequence**” will be sequentially executed and in order of appearance!

```
1  |
2  | "input":
3  | {
4  |   "image":
5  |   {
6  |     "extensions" :0,
7  |     "skip_image":true,
8  |     "axis_to_compress":1,
9  |     "correct_leach_bug":true,
10 |     "correct_polarity":false,
11 |     "id_skip_start":3,
12 |     "id_skip_end":-1,
13 |     "id_row_start":0,
14 |     "id_row_end":-1,
15 |     "id_col_start":0,
16 |     "id_col_end":-1,
17 |     "n_rows_overscan":0,
18 |     "n_rows_prescan":0,
19 |     "n_cols_overscan":15,
20 |     "n_cols_prescan":2,
21 |     "active_region_rows":null,
22 |     "active_region_cols":null
23 |   },
24 |   "scp":
25 |   {
26 |   },
27 |   "convention":
28 |   {
29 |     "Nskips":"NDCMS",
30 |     "Ncols":"NAXIS1",
31 |     "Nrows":"NAXIS2",
32 |     "Npbin":"NPBIN",
33 |     "Nsbin":"NSBIN",
34 |     "ampl":"AMPL",
35 |     "exposure_time":"MEXP",
36 |     "read_time":"MREAD"
37 |   }
38 | },
39 | "process":
40 | {
41 |   "sequence":"CompressSkipperProcess;RNvsNskipsPlot",
42 |   "CompressSkipperProcess":
43 |   {
44 |     "func_to_compress":["mean"]
45 |   },
46 |   "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
47 |   {
48 |     "image":"mean_compressed",
49 |     "method":"gauss_fit",
50 |     "in_overscan":true,
51 |     "use_mad":false,
52 |     "axis":"row",
53 |     "n_sigma_win_fit":3,
54 |     "n_sigma_to_mask":-1,
55 |     "show_fit":false,
56 |     "histequ":false
57 |   },
58 | }
```

```
58 | "CalibrationProcess":
59 | {
60 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
61 |   "gain":5.3
62 | },
63 | "FitCalibrationConstant":
64 | {
65 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
66 |   "n_peaks":3,
67 |   "calibration":5,
68 |   "n_sigma_win_fit":3
69 | }
70 | "FitDarkCurrentProcess":
71 | {
72 |   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
73 |   "method":"root",
74 |   "do_calibration":true,
75 |   "n_peaks":2,
76 |   "n_sigma_fit":2,
77 |   "mu_gauss":0.0,
78 |   "sigma_gauss":0.2,
79 |   "lambda_poisson":0.05,
80 |   "binning_size":0.25,
81 |   "fit_options":"OS"
82 | }
83 | "ChargeLossPlot":
84 | {
85 |   "skip_id_list":[0,1,2],
86 |   "skip_id_baseline":-1,
87 |   "histequ":false,
88 |   "gray_palette":false
89 | },
90 | "FFTNoisePlot":
91 | {
92 | }
93 | "RNvsNskipsPlot":
94 | {
95 |   "n_skips_per_block":10,
96 |   "is_blank":false
97 | },
98 | "SignalPatternRecognition":
99 | {
100 |   "method" : 1,
101 |   "image" : "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e",
102 |   "isdata" : true,
103 |   "mask" : true,
104 |   "threshold" : [null,3,4]
105 | },
106 | "ClusterFinder":
107 | {
108 |   "method" : 1,
109 |   "max_nearest_neighbor" : 1
110 | }
111 | }
112 | }
113 | }
```

PROCESS SECTION
Configurable options

How to use WADERS: JSON file example for panaSKImg



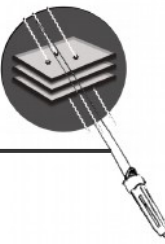
pysimdamicm/json/panaSKImg_config_file.json

```
1  "input":
2  {
3    "image":
4    {
5      "extensions":0,
6      "skip_image":true,
7      "axis_to_compress":1,
8      "correct_leach_bug":true,
9      "correct_polarity":false,
10     "id_skip_start":3,
11     "id_skip_end":-1,
12     "id_row_start":0,
13     "id_row_end":-1,
14     "id_col_start":0,
15     "id_col_end":-1,
16     "n_rows_overscan":0,
17     "n_rows_prescan":0,
18     "n_cols_overscan":15,
19     "n_cols_prescan":2,
20     "active_region_rows":null,
21     "active_region_cols":null
22   },
23   "scp":
24   {
25   },
26   "convention":
27   {
28     "Nskips":"NDCMS",
29     "Ncols":"NAXIS1",
30     "Nrows":"NAXIS2",
31     "Npbin":"NPBIN",
32     "Nsbin":"NSBIN",
33     "ampl":"AMPL",
34     "exposure_time":"MEXP",
35     "read_time":"MREAD"
36   }
37 },
38 "process":
39 {
40   "sequence":"CompressSkipperProcess;RNvsNskipsPlot",
41   "CompressSkipperProcess":
42   {
43     "func_to_compress":["mean"]
44   },
45   "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
46   {
47     "image":"mean_compressed",
48     "method":"gauss_fit",
49     "in_overscan":true,
50     "use_mad":false,
51     "axis":"row",
52     "n_sigma_win_fit":3,
53     "n_sigma_to_mask":-1,
54     "show_fit":false,
55     "histequ":false
56   }
57 }
```

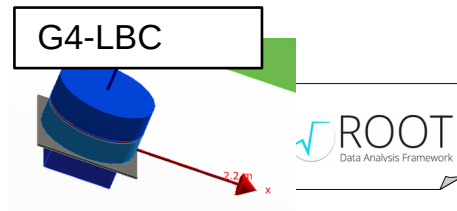
Any of these options (column, row or skips range) can be parameters of any Process
If one process requires a different region, just add the correspondent parameters into its section

```
58 "CalibrationProcess":
59 {
60   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
61   "gain":5.3
62 },
63 "FitCalibrationConstant":
64 {
65   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
66   "n_peaks":3,
67   "calibration":5,
68   "n_sigma_win_fit":3
69 },
70 "FitDarkCurrentProcess":
71 {
72   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
73   "method":"root",
74   "do_calibration":true,
75   "n_peaks":2,
76   "n_sigma_fit":2,
77   "mu_gauss":0.0,
78   "sigma_gauss":0.2,
79   "lambda_poisson":0.05,
80   "binning_size":0.25,
81   "fit_options":"QS"
82 },
83 "ChargeLossPlot":
84 {
85   "skip_id_list":[0,1,2],
86   "skip_id_baseline":-1,
87   "histequ":false,
88   "gray_palette":false
89 },
90 "FFTNoisePlot":
91 {
92 },
93 "RNvsNskipsPlot":
94 {
95   "n_skips_per_block":10,
96   "is_blank":false
97 },
98 "SignalPatternRecognition":
99 {
100  {
101    "method":1,
102    "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e",
103    "isdata":true,
104    "mask":true,
105    "threshold":[null,3,4]
106  },
107  "ClusterFinder":
108  {
109    "method":1,
110    "max_nearest_neighbor":1
111  }
112 }
113 }
```

How to use WADERS: running `psimulCCDim`



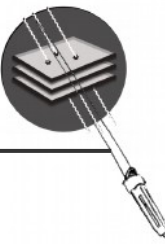
For simulations



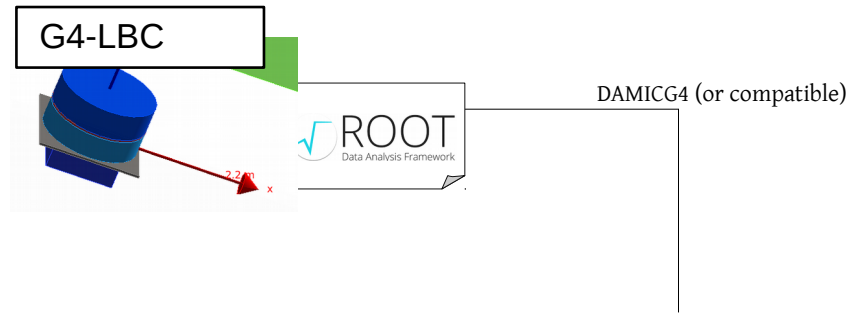
```
psimulCCDim psimulCCDim LBC config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs
```

MANDATORY Configuration JSON file

How to use WADERS: running `psimulCCDimg`



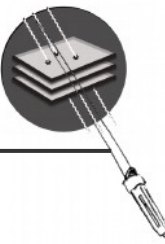
For simulations



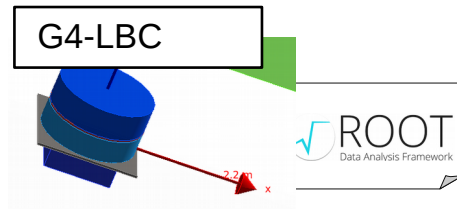
```
psimulCCDimg psimulCCDimg_LBC_config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/lablCeiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs
```

[absolute/relative path] input ROOT file

How to use WADERS: running `psimulCCDim`



For simulations



```
psimulCCDim psimulCCDim_LBC_config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs
```

absolute or relative path for the outputs
(automatic naming for the ROOT file)

`<prefix_from_json>_logab87863_input_file_name.root`

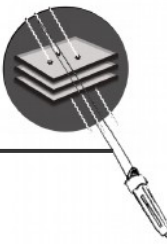
```
commit 526863b
Author: Nuria Castello Mor <nuria.castello.mor@cern.ch>
Date:   Fri Jan 8 14:20:06 2021 +0100

    Update uproot required version

commit ab87863 ←
Author: Nuria Castello Mor <nuria.castello.mor@cern.ch>
Date:   Fri Jan 8 11:54:02 2021 +0100

    Fix some requirements
```

How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg



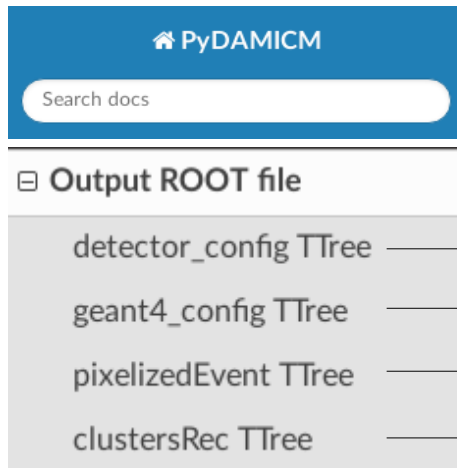
For simulations

psimulCCDimg psimul

```
>>> d.detector_config.Show(0)
=====> EVENT:0
Diffusion_A      = 0.0002162
Diffusion_B      = 0.886
Diffusion_z_offset = 0
Diffusion_fanofactor = 0.16
Diffusion_alpha = 5.97e-05
Diffusion_z_max = 0.669
PixelizeSignal_shift_pixel_in_x = 0
PixelizeSignal_N_pixels_in_x = 4000
PixelizeSignal_pixel_size_in_x = 0.015
PixelizeSignal_shift_pixel_in_y = 0
PixelizeSignal_N_pixels_in_y = 6000
PixelizeSignal_pixel_size_in_y = 0.015
DarkCurrent_full_image_counter = 0
DarkCurrent_darkcurrent = 1.15741e-08
DarkCurrent_exp_time = 28800
DarkCurrent_img_size = 300
DarkCurrent_min_enlarge = 30
ElectronicNoise_full_image_counter = 0
ElectronicNoise_nSamples = 1
ElectronicNoise_sigma = 0.25
ElectronicNoise_pedestal = 0
ElectronicNoise_img_size = 300
ElectronicNoise_min_enlarge = 30
SignalPatternRecognition_threshold = 30
SignalPatternRecognition_method = 1
ClusterFinder_method = 1
ClusterFinder_max_nearest_neighbor = 2
e2eV = 3.77
ADC2eV = 0.72
```

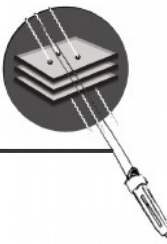
DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs

Detailed documentation for the output ROOT file at <https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/pysimdamicm/howtouse.html#>

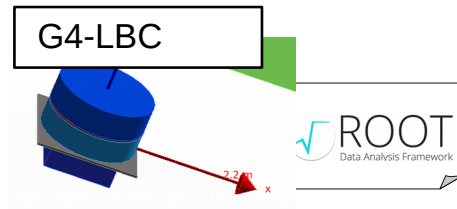


- detector_config TTree — Parameters for the simulated process with their configuration values
- geant4_config TTree — Some parameters from the geant4 ROOT file: properties of the simulated volumes, simulated SS [CCDs]
- pixelizedEvent TTree — Properties of the pixel (evt,ccd,x,y,z,pdg,Edep, ...) simulated PP, ...
- clustersRec TTree — Properties of all found clusters (evt,ccd,x,y,z,Energy,Qmax,...) 40

How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg



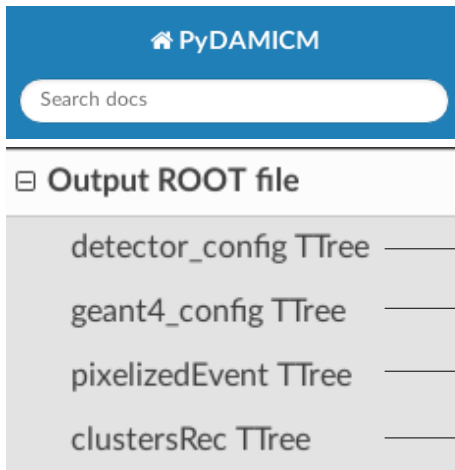
For simulations



```
psimulCCDimg psimulCCDimg >>> d.geant4_config.Show(0)
=====> EVENT:0
NEvts          = 30000
NCCDs          = 2
Seed           = 722
primary        = ion
ion            = 60a27z
ccd_mass       = 0.0169857
ccd_vol        = 7.29
ccd_density    = 2.33
ccd_surface    = 220.05
sim_vol_pvnames = KConccd_PV
n_vols         = 1
sim_vol_density = 3.27918
sim_vol_mass   = 0.00580722
sim_vol_volume = 1.77094
sim_vol_surface = 121.256
Nclusters      = 542

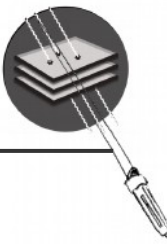
./DAMICM/G4Run/LablCeiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs
```

Detailed documentation for the output ROOT file at <https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/pysimdamicm/howtouse.html#>



- detector_config TTree — Parameters for the simulated process with their configuration values
- geant4_config TTree — Some parameters from the geant4 ROOT file: properties of the simulated volumes, simulated SS [CCDs]
- pixelizedEvent TTree — Properties of the pixel (evt,ccd,x,y,z,pdg,Edep, ...) simulated PP, ...
- clustersRec TTree — Properties of all found clusters (evt,ccd,x,y,z,Energy,Qmax,...)

How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg



For simulations

```
>>> d.pixelizedEvent.Show(0)
=====> EVENT:0
event          = 5
Npix           = (vector<int>*)0x3b45a10
ccd            = (vector<int>*)0x3b46500
pixels_Edep    = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ac4860
pixels_N_carried_charges = (vector<vector<int> >*)0x3ac5b00
pixels_pdg     = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a84290
pixels_sigma_xy = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ac6f20
pixels_time    = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ea6120
pixels_x       = (vector<vector<int> >*)0x3ea4080
pixels_y       = (vector<vector<int> >*)0x3ea3350
pixels_z       = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ecfd50
pp_energy      = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ea3f70
pp_momx        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ea0d00
pp_momy        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3b0b280
pp_momz        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x208b5b0
pp_posx        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3f560f0
pp_posy        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3e9cc70
pp_posz        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3f16e30
```

psimulCCDimg

psim

pot --g4out ../outputs

Detailed documentation for the output ROOT file at <https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/pysimdamicm/howtouse.html#>

PyDAMICM

Search docs

Output ROOT file

- detector_config TTree
- geant4_config TTree
- pixelizedEvent TTree
- clustersRec TTree

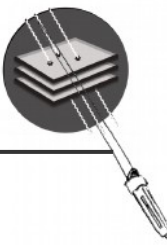
Parameters for the simulated process with their configuration values

Some parameters from the geant4 ROOT file: properties of the simulated volumes, simulated SS [CCDs] simulated PP, ...

Properties of the pixel (evt,ccd,x,y,z,pdg,Edep, ...)

Properties of all found clusters (evt,ccd,x,y,z,Energy,Qmax,...)

How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg



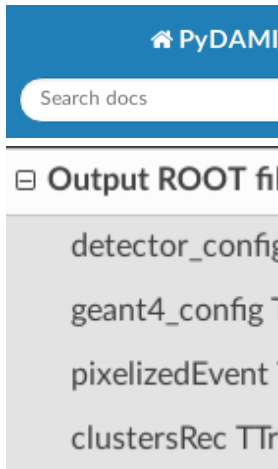
For simulations

psimulCCDimg psim

```
>>> d.clustersRec.Show(0)
=====> EVENT:0
event          = 5
Nclusters      = 1
DX             = (vector<float>*)0x3695cf0
DY             = (vector<float>*)0x36e5700
Energy         = (vector<float>*)0x2532a60
Npix           = (vector<int>*)0x367f050
PosX           = (vector<float>*)0x36f9a50
PosY           = (vector<float>*)0x36da780
Qmax           = (vector<float>*)0x36d9f90
QmaxX          = (vector<float>*)0x368c9f0
QmaxY          = (vector<float>*)0x367ef10
RMSX           = (vector<float>*)0x2531ec0
RMSY           = (vector<float>*)0x3690810
ccd            = (vector<int>*)0x36916e0
cluster_id     = (vector<int>*)0x36912c0
maxX           = (vector<float>*)0x36f6e90
maxY           = (vector<float>*)0x36e4bb0
meanX          = (vector<float>*)0x3684730
meanY          = (vector<float>*)0x3681c20
minX           = (vector<float>*)0x37e1820
minY           = (vector<float>*)0x36ea8b0
pixels_E       = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x2ecf670
pixels_time    = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a84370
pixels_x       = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a8f800
pixels_y       = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a29160
pixels_z       = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ab2370
pp_energy      = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3ab2d30
pp_momx        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a8b390
pp_momy        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3acc0c0
pp_momz        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3acb4f0
pp_posx        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3aa85d0
pp_posy        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a727c0
pp_posz        = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x3a61820
primary_part   = (vector<vector<float> >*)0x36edfb0
```

1Am.root --g4out ../outputs

Detailed documentat



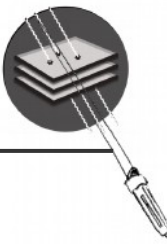
stell/pysimdamicm/howtouse.html#

uration values

s of the simulated volumes,
simulated SS [CCDs]
simulated PP, ...

Properties of all found clusters (evt,ccd,x,y,z,Energy,Qmax,...)

How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg



For simulations

expected output

```

WARNING: Parameter <PixelSaturation.units> will be ignored (Not implemented)
WARNING: Parameter <ContinuousReadout.units> will be ignored (Not implemented)
WARNING: Parameter <ccd_pixel_size_y> will be ignored (Not implemented)
Config.activate_configuration --- Add Diffusion process to the simulated process chain.
Config.activate_configuration --- Add PixelizeSignal process to the simulated process chain.
Config.activate_configuration --- Add ClusterFinder process to the simulated process chain.

-- INFO. Input root file: /pbs/home/n/ncastell/repos/pysimdamicm/notebooks/software_school_2021/...
-- INFO. Output root file: /pbs/home/n/ncastell/repos/pysimdamicm/notebooks/software_school_2021/...
Setting value of ccd_shape to [4000, 6000]
Setting value of ccd_pixel_size_x to 0.015
Setting value of ccd_pixel_size_y to 0.015
Setting value of ccd_thickness to 0.675
Setting value of e2eV to 3.77
Setting value of ADC2eV to 0.72
Setting value of detector_name to CCDSensor_PV
main INFO. Process sequence (objects):
[<pysimdamicm.processes.detector_response.Diffusion object at 0x7f890b7fae80>, <pysimdamicm.proce
onstruction.ClusterFinder object at 0x7f8957aa1b00>]

--- Loading geant4 data
* CCDOut loaded (2.3 sec),
* EventOut loaded (0.22 sec)

--- Reconstruction process starts:
* 431/30000 events to process, 1.437%

..... event 5 (0% processed)
..... event 3369 (10% processed)
..... event 5669 (20% processed)
..... event 8793 (30% processed)
..... event 11908 (40% processed)
..... event 15804 (50% processed)
..... event 17936 (60% processed)
..... event 20493 (70% processed)

.....

..... -- Not found volume CCDSensor
..... -- Found volume KConccd_PV
Time statistics:
- Reconstruction processes d
-- Found volume CCDSensor_PV
-- Found volume KConccd_PV

Output Root file: /pbs/home/n/ncastell/repos/pysimdamicm/notebooks/software_school_2021/ex2_3/60C
----- Done!

```

reading from JSON file

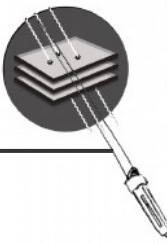
reading input ROOT

reconstruction starts

...

Extracting info from:
Sensitive detector
where PP were placed (if used)

How to use WADERS: running `psimulCCDimg`



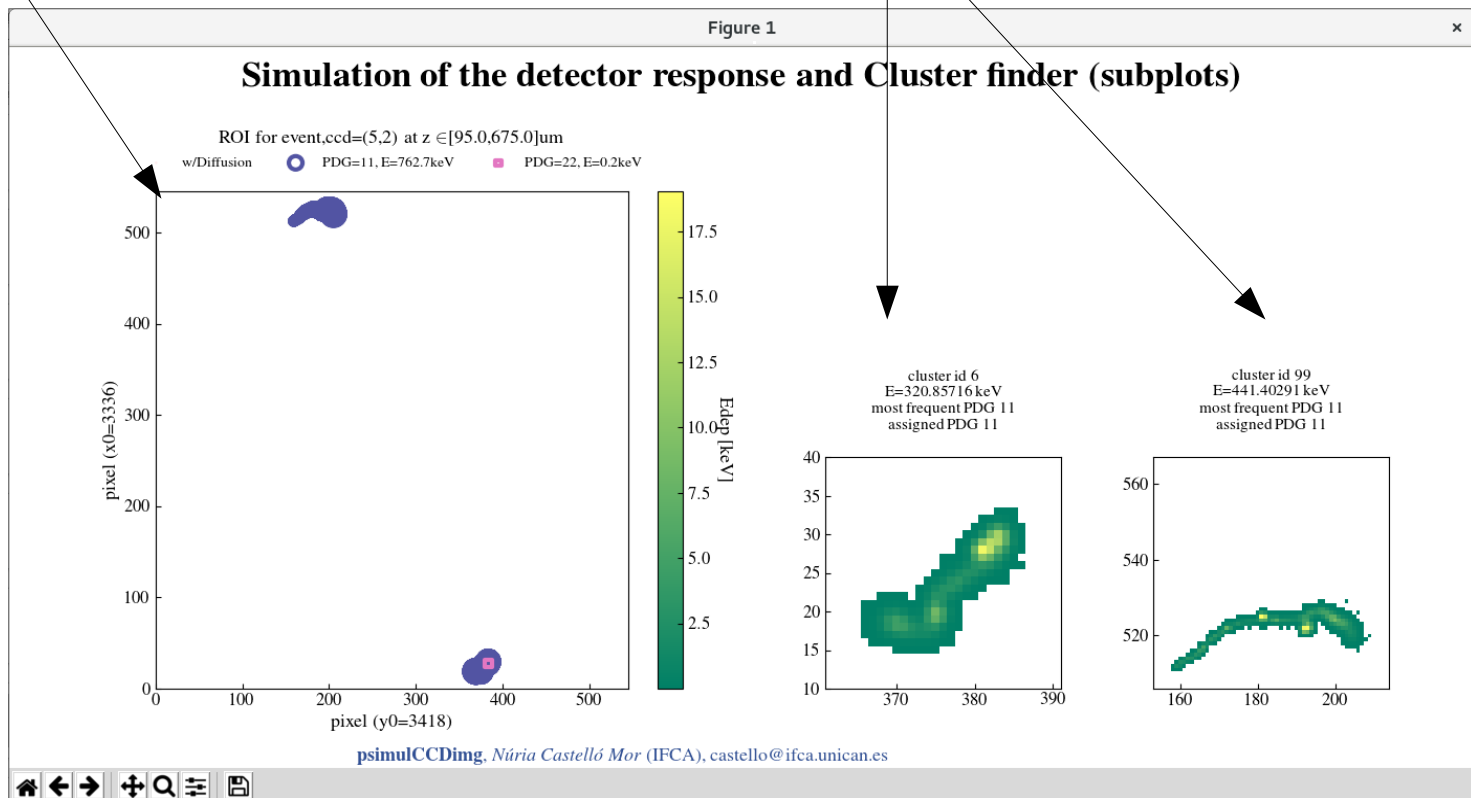
For simulations

debug mode

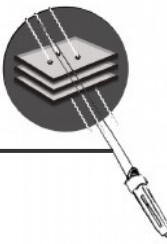
```
psimulCCDimg psimulCCDimg_LBC_config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs  
--debug --event 5 --cls-pix-min 3
```

all energy depositions in CCD id 2
event with id number 5

zoom into
clusters found with $N_{\text{pix}} > 3$



How to use WADERS: running psimulCCDimg

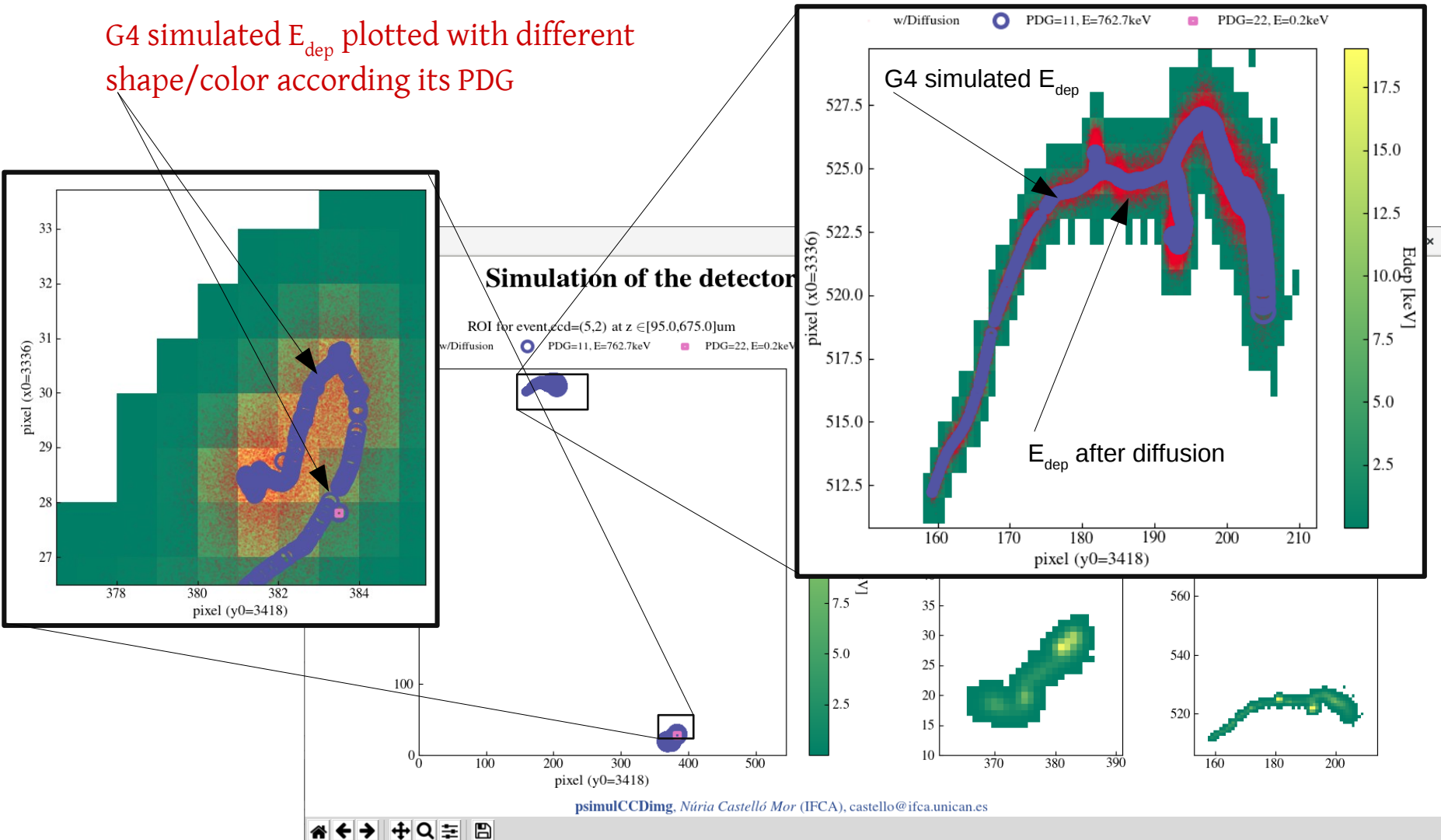


For simulations

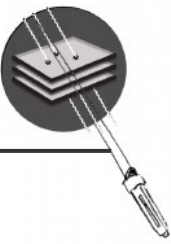
debug mode

```
psimulCCDimg psimulCCDimg_LBC_config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs  
--debug --event 5 --cls-pix-min 3
```

G4 simulated E_{dep} plotted with different shape/color according its PDG

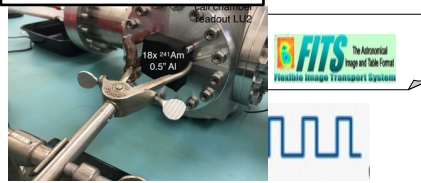


How to use WADERS: running panaSKImg



For skipper CCD images

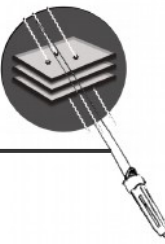
Compton setup



```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_config_compton.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" --skip _598 full_1.fits -o .
```

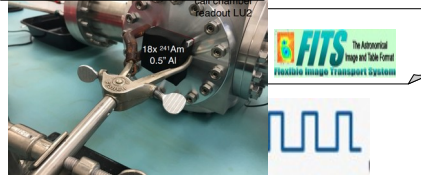
configuration JSON file

How to use WADERS: running panaSKImg



For skipper CCD images

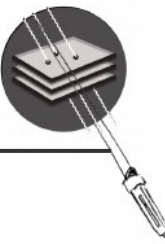
Compton setup



```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_config_compton.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" --skip _598 full_1.fits -o .
```

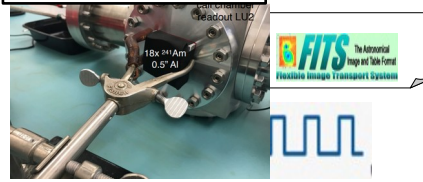
mandatory input file(s)
(accept wildcards, you need “”)

How to use WADERS: running panaSKImg



For skipper CCD images

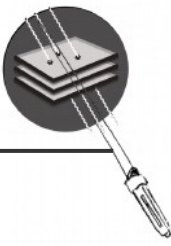
Compton setup



```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_config_compton.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" --skip _598 full_1.fits -o .
```

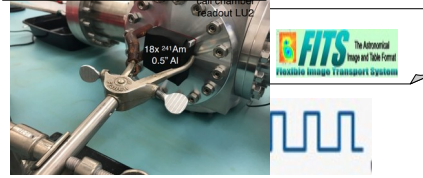
Image(s) to be ignore
(those containing this pattern)

How to use WADERS: running panaSKImg



For skipper CCD images

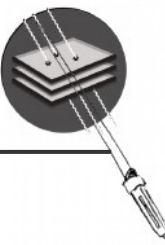
Compton setup



```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_config_compton.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" --skip _598 full_1.fits -o .
```

output directory
automatic naming for output plots and images
(using input file name, process class, sub-string if needed)

How to use WADERS: running panaSKImg



For skipper CCD images

```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_config_compton.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" --skip _598 full_1.fits -o .  
--save-plots --save-img --display --verbose  
-s ChargeLossPlot,CompressSkipperProcess,PedestalSubtractionProcess,SignalPatternRecognition,ClusterFinder  
...
```

```
(venv_software_school) /(@)>panaSKImg --help  
usage: panaSKImg [-h] [--skip SKIP [SKIP ...]] [-o OUTPUT] [-e EXTENSION]  
                [-j JSONFILE] [--mask MASK] [--dqm]   
                [--dqm-data-dir DQM_DATA_DIR] [--image-HR IMAGE_HR]  
                [--run RUN] [--me-ref ME_REF] [--all-me] [--invert]  
                [--skip-start ID_SKIP_START] [--skip-end ID_SKIP_END]  
                [--row-start ID_ROW_START] [--row-end ID_ROW_END]  
                [--col-start ID_COL_START] [--col-end ID_COL_END]  
                [-s SEQUENCE] [--list-processes] [--save-img] [--save-plots]  
                [--display] [--verbose] [--cal CALIBRATION]  
                [--func-to-compress FUNC_TO_COMPRESS [FUNC_TO_COMPRESS ...]]  
                [--method METHOD] [--in-overscan] [--axis AXIS]  
                [--n-sigma-win-fit N_SIGMA_WIN_FIT]  
                [--n-sigma-to-mask N_SIGMA_TO_MASK] [--show-fit]  
                [--skip-id-list SKIP_ID_LIST [SKIP_ID_LIST ...]]  
                [--skip-id-baseline SKIP_ID_BASELINE] [--histequ]  
                [--gray-palette] [--n-skips N_SKIPS_PER_BLOCK] [--is-blank]  
                [--n-peaks N_PEAKEs] [--calibration CALIBRATION]  
                [--dc-axis DC_AXIS] [--n-elec N_ELEC]  
                [--n-sigma-fit N_SIGMA_FIT] [--mu-gauss MU_GAUSS]  
                [--sigma-gauss SIGMA_GAUSS] [--lambda-poisson LAMBDA_POISSON]  
                [--fit-options FIT_OPTIONS] [--do-calibration]  
infile
```

positional arguments:

```
infile          Input CCD Image or a pattern file name for multiple  
                inputs, in this case use "" to quote the expression.  
                If extension is not 0, see -e
```

Useful command lines

to store plots

to store images

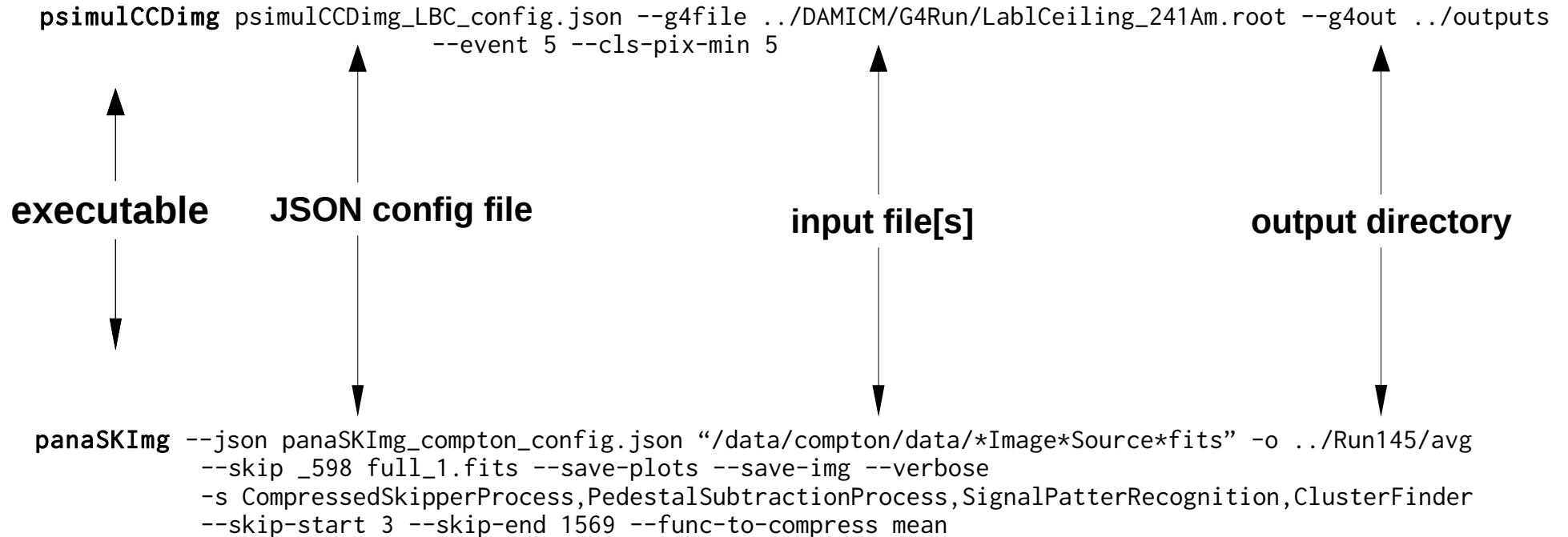
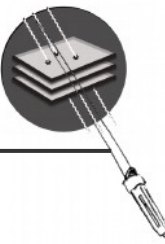
to display the final plots before ending

to display intermediate plots
and print more msm

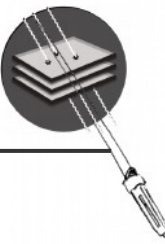
to set the sequence of process

*All command lines has preference over
the JSON file values*

How to use WADERS: summary



How to use WADERS: summary



```
psimulCCDimg psimulCCDimg_LBC_config.json --g4file ../DAMICM/G4Run/Lab1Ceiling_241Am.root --g4out ../outputs  
--debug --event 5 --cls-pix-min 5
```

Optional command lines related to debug mode

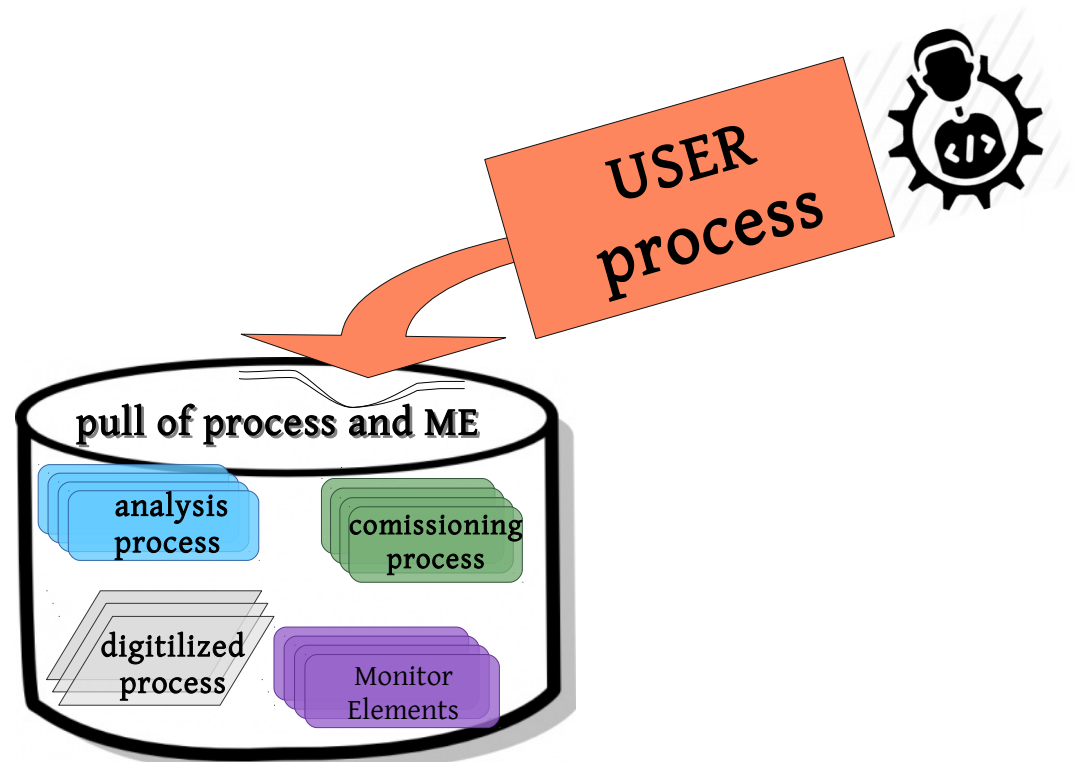
```
panaSKImg --json panaSKImg_compton_config.json "/data/compton/data/*Image*Source*fits" -o ../Run145/avg  
--skip _598 full_1.fits --save-plots --save-img --verbose  
-s CompressedSkipperProcess,PedestalSubtractionProcess,SignalPatterRecognition,ClusterFinder  
--skip-start 3 --skip-end 1569 --func-to-compress mean  
...
```

A lot of optional command lines

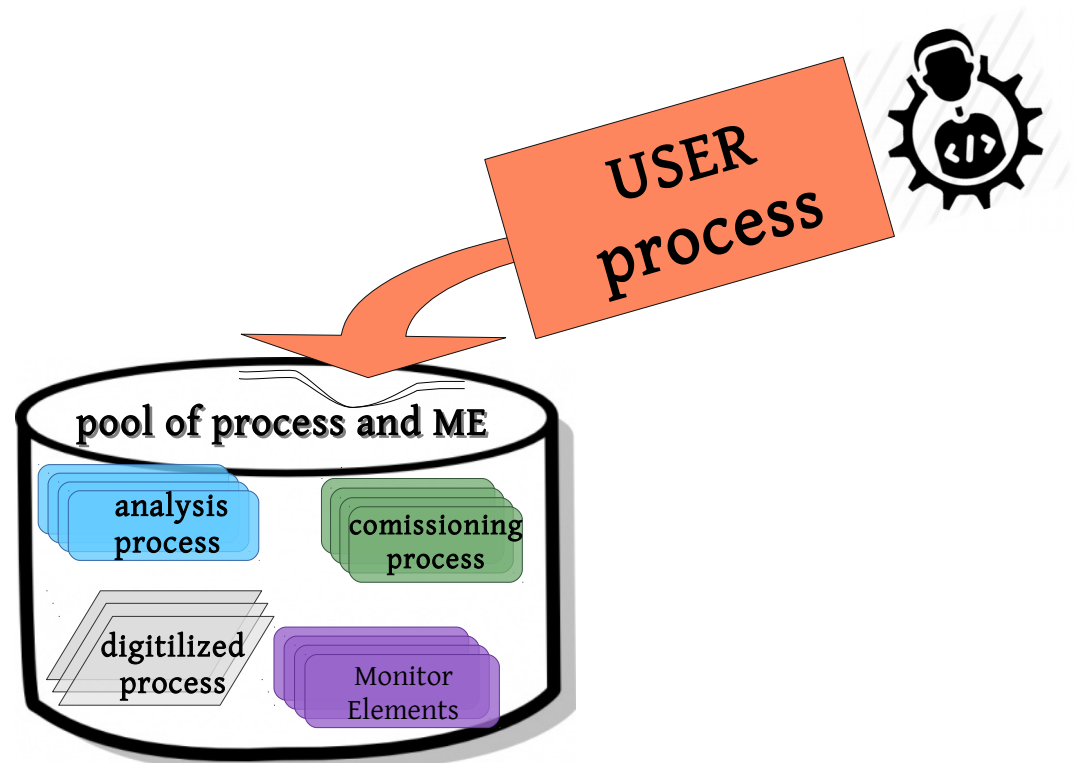
→ mostly to launch without changing the JSON file

So far, all configurable parameters have a command line which has preference over the json file one

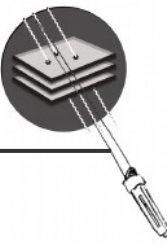
For developers only



Do you need a process that is not available?



Extending the library of process

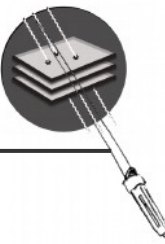


Do you need a process that is not available?

WADERS allows any new algorithm to be added as a new process

But before

A few words on the operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

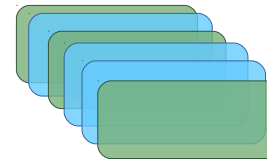
.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep



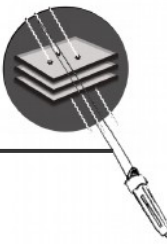
the data we want to manipulate



sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the **Process Manager**

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

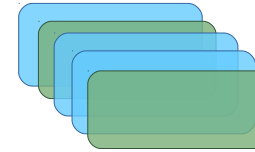
.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

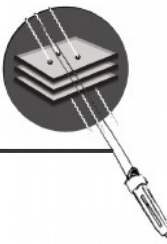
| | |
|-------------------------------|-------|
| .image_mean_compressed | .Edep |
| create plot | .x |
| .A | .y |
| | .z |



sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

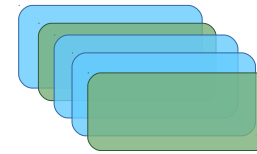
.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep



the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process



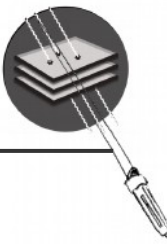
sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

or manipulate existing ones

create new data members
from existing ones [or news]

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep

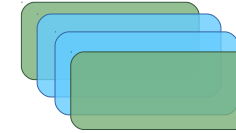
the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

.image_mean_compressed
.gain

.Edep
.x
.y
.z



sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

process2
execute_process

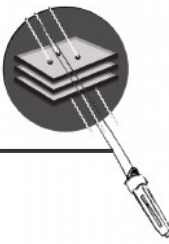
create some
plots(rawdata.gain)

.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...



Goes to plots container to be displayed at the end (if booked)

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep



the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

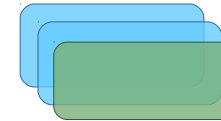
process1
execute_process



process2
execute_process



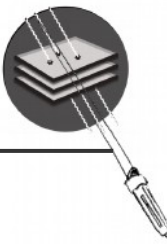
....



sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

.image_mean_compressed
.gain
.Edep
.x
.y
.z

process2
execute_process

create some
plots(rawdata.gain)
.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...

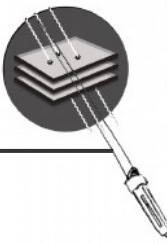
....



sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

.image_mean_compressed
.gain
.Edep
.x
.y
.z

process2
execute_process

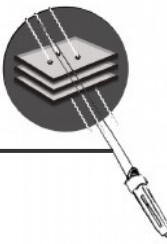
create some
plots(rawdata.gain)
.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...

....

sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image

G4HitCollection

.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

.image_mean_compressed .Edep
.x
.gain .y
.z

process2
execute_process

create some
plots(rawdata.gain) .pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...

....

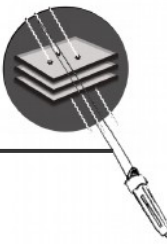
processN
execute_process

.image_mean_compressed_e .image_noise

sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

```
.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image
```

G4HitCollection

```
.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep
```

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

```
.image_mean_compressed
.gain
```

```
.Edep
.x
.y
.z
```

process2
execute_process

```
create some
plots(rawdata.gain)
```

```
.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...
```

....

processN
execute_process

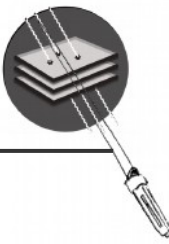
```
.image_mean_compressed_e
```

```
.image_noise
```

sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

```
.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image
```

G4HitCollection

```
.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep
```

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

```
.image_mean_compressed
.gain
```

```
.Edep
.x
.y
.z
```

process2
execute_process

```
create some
plots(rawdata.gain)
```

```
.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...
```

....

processN
execute_process

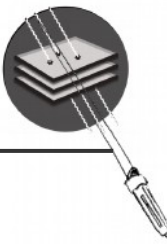
```
.image_mean_compressed_e
```

```
.clusters
```

sequence, set of processes
→ sorted and
→ configured
by the Process Manager

[JSON]
configuration

WADERS: operational outline



Input file encapsulated into runtime containers

RawData

```
.header
.ncols
.nskips
.image
...
.image
```

G4HitCollection

```
.x
.y
.z
.pdg
...
.Edep
```

the data we want to manipulate

Process Manager

process1
execute_process

```
.image_mean_compressed
.gain
```

```
.Edep
.x
.y
.z
```

process2
execute_process

```
create some
plots(rawdata.gain)
dc = FitDarkCurrentProcess()
```

```
.pixel_Edep
.pixel_x
.pixel_y
.pixel_z
...
```

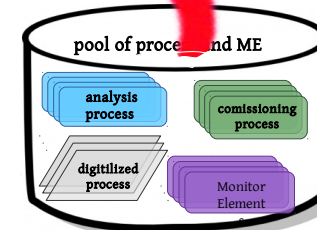
within any process
another process can be invoked
(if required)

....

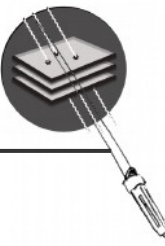
processN
execute_process

```
.image_mean_compressed_e
```

```
.clusters
```



Be very careful: a process is an algorithm with a single objective, If this objective is the product of a two-process sequence means your process is not well define within this framework!!!

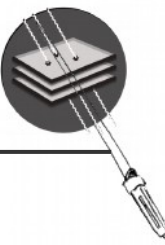


Do you need a process that is not available?

WADERS allows any new algorithm to be added as a new process

How to

Extending the library of process



Do you need a process that is not available?

WADERS allows any new algorithm to be added as a new process

An extension of an available process? Or new?

Abstract class

In the working scope, the **processes** are grouped

DigitizeProcess

detector response: to digitize the geant4 monte carlo simulations (which have to be compatible with the one from DAMICG4)
`pysimdamicm/processes/detector_response.py`

SKImageProcess

comissioning: for any [skipper] CCD image
`pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_comissioning.py`

SKImageProcess

analysis: for any [skipper] CCD image
`pysimdamicm/processes/reconstruction.py`
`pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py`

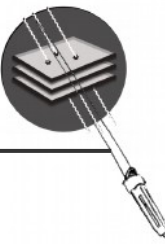
MEabs

Monitor Element: a plot or quantity as data quality of your data taking
`pysimdamicm/dqm/me.py`

Visit the *Compton Setup web site* https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/compton_web_site/ to see the full set of available ME



Extending the library of process: how to



Building a new process

It has **mandatory ingredients**

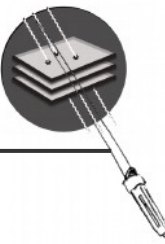
- (class attribute name) string uniquely identifying the process
- (class attribute sequence id) integer defining the per default order in the sequence of the process to be executed
- any parameter to be configured from the json file must be added to the object dictionary `__units__`
- the algorithm must be implemented in the method `execute_process(self, rawdata)`
- The process does not return nothing:
 - any needed parameter must be appended into the rawdata object
- The *automatic plug-in mechanism* is still work in progress. So far, the process manager must be informed ad hoc
 - add the process in the `ProcessManager.__valid_processes__` class attribute

must inherit from **abstract class**
DigitizeProcess, SKImageProcess or MEabs

```
421 class NameOfThePROCESS (ABSTRACTCLASSNAME):
422     """DOCUMENT IS REALLY IMPORTANT!!
423
424     blablabla blablalbalbalbla
425
426     xx = j
427
428
429
430     Attributes
431     -----
432     A :: int
433         blab
434
435     """
436     __sequence_id__ = 1111
437     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
438
439     def __init__(self):
440         """
441         """
442         super().__init__()
443
444         self.A
445
446         ###
447         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
448
449     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
450         """
451         """
452         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
453         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
454
455         #### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
456         #####
457
458         # get image
459
460         # create blab bla bla
461
462         #####
463
464         #### if required, add attribute to RawData object
465         setattr(rawdata, "attr_name", obj_attr_name)
466
```

Documentation is really important!!

Extending the library of process: how to



Building a new process

It has **mandatory ingredients**

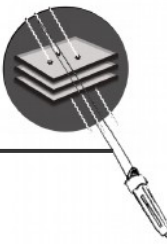
- (class attribute name) string uniquely identifying the process
- (class attribute sequence id) integer defining the per default order in the sequence of the process to be executed
- any parameter to be configured from the json file must be added to the object dictionary `__units__`
- the algorithm must be implemented in the method `execute_process(self, rawdata)`
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437     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
438
439     def __init__(self):
440         """
441         """
442         super().__init__()
443
444         self.A
445
446         ###
447         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
448
449     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
450         """
451         """
452         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
453         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
454
455         #### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
456         #####
457
458         # get image
459
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461
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464         #### if required, add attribute to RawData object
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```

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Extending the library of process: how to



Building a new process

It has **mandatory ingredients**

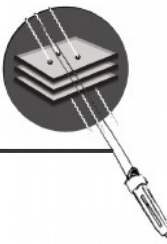
- (class attribute name) string uniquely identifying the process
- (class attribute sequence id) integer defining the per default order in the sequence of the process to be executed
- any parameter to be configured from the json file must be added to the object dictionary `__units__`
- the algorithm must be implemented in the method `execute_process(self, rawdata)`
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DigitizeProcess, SKImageProcess or MEabs

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423
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425
426     xx = j
427
428
429
430     Attributes
431     -----
432     A :: int
433         blab
434
435     """
436     __sequence_id__ = 1111
437     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
438
439     def __init__(self):
440         """
441         """
442         super().__init__()
443
444         self.A
445
446         ###
447         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
448
449     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
450         """
451         """
452         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
453         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
454
455         ##### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
456         #####
457
458         # get image
459
460         # create blab bla bla
461
462         #####
463
464         ##### if required, add attribute to RawData object
465         setattr(rawdata, "attr_name", obj_attr_name)
466
```

Documentation is really important!!

Extending the library of process: how to



Building a new process

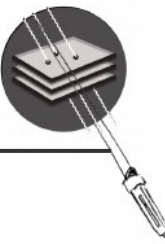
It has **mandatory ingredients**

- (class attribute name) string uniquely identifying the process
- (class attribute sequence id) integer defining the per default order in the sequence of the process to be executed
- any parameter to be configured from the json file must be added to the object dictionary `__units__`
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must inherit from **abstract class**
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```
421 class NameOfThePROCESS(ABSTRACTCLASSNAME):
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423
424     blablabla blablalbalbalbla
425
426     xx = j
427
428
429     Attributes
430     -----
431     A :: int
432         blab
433
434
435     """
436     __sequence_id__ = 1111
437     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
438
439     def __init__(self):
440         """
441         """
442         super().__init__()
443
444         self.A
445
446         """
447         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
448
449     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
450         """
451         """
452         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
453         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
454
455         ##### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
456         #####
457
458         # get image
459
460         # create blab bla bla
461
462         #####
463
464         """ if required, add attribute to RawData object
465         setattr(rawdata, "attr_name", obj_attr_name)
466
```


Extending the library of process: how to



Building a new process

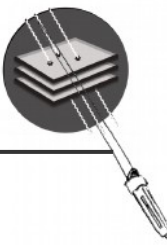
It has **mandatory ingredients**

- (class attribute name) string uniquely identifying the process
- (class attribute sequence id) integer defining the per default order in the sequence of the process to be executed
- any parameter to be configured from the json file must be added to the object dictionary `__units__`
- the algorithm must be implemented in the method `execute_process(self, rawdata)`
- The process does not return nothing:
 - any needed parameter must be appended into the rawdata object
- The *automatic plug-in mechanism* is still work in progress. So far, the process manager must be informed ad hoc
 - add the process in the `ProcessManager.__valid_processes__` class attribute

must inherit from **abstract class**
DigitizeProcess, SKImageProcess or MEabs

```
421 class NameOfThePROCESS(ABSTRACTCLASSNAME):
422     """DOCUMENT IS REALLY IMPORTANT!!
423
424     blablabla blablalbalbalbla
425
426     ..math:
427         xx = y + x
428
429     Attributes
430     -----
431         A :: int
432            blab
433
434     """
435     __sequence_id__ = 1111
436     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
437
438     def __init__(self):
439         """
440         """
441         super().__init__()
442         self.A = 1
443
444         ###
445         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
446
447     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
448         """
449         """
450
451         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
452         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
453
454         ##### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
455         #####
456
457         # get image
458
459         # create blab bla bla
460
461         #####
462
463         ##### if required, add attribute to RawData object
464         setattr(rawdata, "attr_name", obj_attr_name)
465
466
```


Extending the library of process: how to

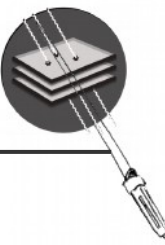


```
25 class SKImageProcess(metaclass=ABCMeta):
26     """Abstract Class for the digitize process.
27
28     Each process involved in the response of the DAMIC-M detector (based on CCD
29     be created from this abstract class.
30
31     """
32     __axis_cartesian__ = {'x':0, 'y':1}
33     __axis_name__ = {1:'col',0:'row'}
34     __axis_id__ = {'col':1,'row':0,'both':[0,1]}
35     __verbose__ = False
36     __use_mad__ = True
37     __fig_num__ = 5000
38     def __init__(self):
39         """
40         """
41         ### Add some attributes common for all process
42
43         self.image = "raw"
44         self.save_image = False
45         self.save_plots = False
46
47         ### define range for the 3 axis
48         self.id_skip_start = np.nan
49         self.id_skip_end = np.nan
50
51         self.id_col_start = np.nan
52         self.id_col_end = np.nan
53
54         self.id_row_start = np.nan
55         self.id_row_end = np.nan
56
57         self.exit = 0
58
59         self.__units__ = {"__verbose__":1,
60                          "image":1,"__sequence_id__":1,
61                          "save_image":1,"save_plots":1,
62                          "id_skip_start":1,"id_skip_end":1,
63                          "id_row_start":1,"id_row_end":1,
64                          "id_col_start":1,"id_col_end":1}
65
66     def info(self):
67         """ Show all attributes of the process
68         """
69         print("<{}> with sequence id {}. \n List of public data members: ".format(self.__name__, self.__sequence_id__))
70         for attr in sorted(self.__units__.keys()):
71             print("\t * {} = {}".format(attr, getattr(self,attr)))
72
73     def print_warning(self, msm):
74         print("\x1b[93m     WARNING. {} \x1b[m".format(msm))
75
76     @staticmethod
77     def find_peak_position(image,n_moving_avg=50, min_distance=1,in_ADCs=True,
78         """
79         """
```

Each abstract class
(DigitizeProcess, SKImageProcess or Meabs)
has already a pre-defined configuration parameters.
Use the **super mechanism** to call the constructor

```
421 class NameOfThePROCESS(ABSTRACTCLASSNAME):
422     """DOCUMENT IS REALLY IMPORTANT!!
423
424     blablabla blablabalbalblabla
425
426     ..math:
427         xx = y + x
428
429     Attributes
430     -----
431         A :: int
432         blab
433
434     """
435     __sequence_id__ = 1111
436     __name__ = 'NameOfThePROCESS'
437
438     def __init__(self):
439         """
440         """
441         super().__init__()
442
443         self.A = 0
444
445         ###
446         self.__units__.update({'A':u.ADC/u.pixel})
447
448     def execute_process(self,rawdata):
449         """
450         """
451         print("Process <NameOfThePROCESS> INFO. Bla bla bla bla usin ")
452         print(" using {} ADC/pix".format(self.A))
453
454         ### CODE HERE YOUR ALGORITHM
455         #####
456
457         # get image
458
459         # create blab bla bla
460
461         #####
462
463         ### if required, add attribute to RawData object
464         setattr(rawdata,"attr_name",obj_attr_name)
465
466
```

Extending the library of process: example



Building a new process

Let's see a very simple example

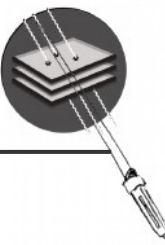


pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py

```
389 class CalibrationProcess(SKImageProcess):
390     """The image will be calibrated: from ADC to electrons using the gain parameter
391
392     """
393     __sequence_id__ = 25
394     __name__ = 'CalibrationProcess'
395
396     def __init__(self):
397         """
398         """
399         super().__init__()
400
401         self.image = "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted"
402         self.gain = 5.3*u.ADC
403
404         ###
405         self.__units__.update({'gain':u.ADC})
406
407     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
408         """
409         """
410         print("Process <CalibrationProcess> INFO. The image will be calibrated using a gain of {} ADC/e-".format(self.gain))
411
412         ##### GET IMAGE
413         #####
414         itype = rawdata.get_image_attribute_name(self.image)
415         image = getattr(rawdata, itype)
416
417         setattr(rawdata, "{}_e".format(itype), image/self.gain)
418
```

← mandatory

Extending the library of process: example



Building a new process

Let's see a very simple example

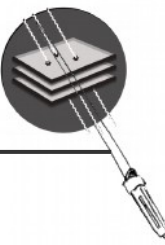
pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py

```
389 class CalibrationProcess(SKImageProcess):
390     """The image will be calibrated: from ADC to electrons using the gain parameter
391
392     """
393     __sequence_id__ = 25
394     __name__ = 'CalibrationProcess'
395
396     def __init__(self):
397         """
398         """
399         super().__init__()
400
401         self.image = "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted"
402         self.gain = 5.3*u.ADC
403
404         ###
405         self.__units__.update({'gain':u.ADC})
406
407     def execute_process(self,rawdata):
408         """
409         """
410         print("Process <CalibrationProcess> INFO. The image will be calibrated using a gain of {} ADC/e-".format(self.gain))
411
412         ##### GET IMAGE
413         #####
414         itype = rawdata.get_image_attribute_name(self.image)
415         image = getattr(rawdata,itype)
416
417         setattr(rawdata,"{}_e".format(itype),image/self.gain)
418
```



Any JSON configurable param
must be defined here

Extending the library of process: example



Building a new process

Let's see a very simple example

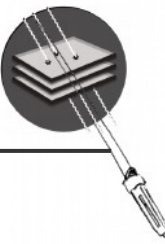
pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py

```
389 class CalibrationProcess(SKImageProcess):
390     """The image will be calibrated: from ADC to electrons using the gain parameter
391
392     """
393     __sequence_id__ = 25
394     __name__ = 'CalibrationProcess'
395
396     def __init__(self):
397         """
398         """
399         super().__init__()
400
401         self.image = "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted"
402         self.gain = 5.3*u.ADC
403
404         ###
405         self.__units__.update({'gain':u.ADC})
406
407     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
408         """
409         """
410         print("Process <CalibrationProcess> INFO. The image will be calibrated using a gain of {} ADC/e-".format(self.gain))
411
412         ##### GET IMAGE
413         #####
414         itype = rawdata.get_image_attribute(name(self.image))
415         image = getattr(rawdata, itype)
416
417         setattr(rawdata, "{}_e".format(itype), image/self.gain)
418
```

This is the pure virtual method
were your algorithm must be
implemented



The configuration parameter: image

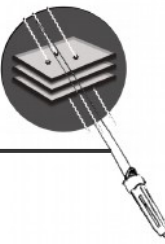


The **'image'** in the JSON file [only for panaSKImg]

- is the name of the image to be manipulated
- some processes (as this one) append a new image into the RawData object as a data member, which can be used for any further process


```
389 class CalibrationProcess(SKImageProcess):
390     """The image will be calibrated: from ADC to electrons using the gain parameter
391     """
392     """
393     __sequence_id__ = 25
394     __name__ = 'CalibrationProcess'
395
396     def __init__(self):
397         """
398         """
399         super().__init__()
400         self.image = "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted"
401         self.gain = 5.3*u.ADC
402
403     ###
404     self.__units__.update({'gain':u.ADC})
405
```

The configuration parameter: image




The **'image'** in the JSON file [only for panaSKImg]

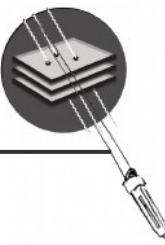
- is the name of the image to be manipulated
- some processes (as this one) append a new image into the RawData object as a data member, which can be used for any further process



| process name | image param | RawData attribute | appended RawData attribute |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| CompressSkipperProcess | raw | image | image_mean_compressed |
| PedestalSubtractionProcess | mean_compressed | image_mean_compressed | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted |
| CalibrationProcess | mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e |



The configuration parameter: image



The **'image'** in the JSON file [only for panaSKImg]

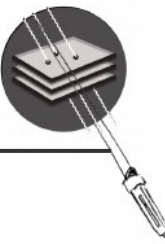
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| process name | image param | RawData attribute | appended RawData attribute |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| CompressSkipperProcess | raw | image | image_mean_compressed |
| PedestalSubtractionProcess | mean_compressed | image_mean_compressed | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted |
| CalibrationProcess | mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted | image_mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e |

```
42 "CompressSkipperProcess":
43 {
44   "func_to_compress":["mean"]
45 },
46 "PedestalSubtractionProcess":
47 {
48   "image":"mean_compressed",
49   "method":"gauss_fit",
50   "in_overscan":true,
51   "use_mad":false,
52   "axis":"row",
53   "n_sigma_win_fit":3,
54   "n_sigma_to_mask":-1,
55   "show_fit":false,
56   "histequ":false
57 },
58 "CalibrationProcess":
59 {
60   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted_e",
61   "gain":5.3
62 }
```

```
63 "FitCalibrationConstant":
64 {
65   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
66   "n_peaks":3,
67   "calibration":5,
68   "n_sigma_win_fit":3
69 },
70 "FitDarkCurrentProcess":
71 {
72   "image":"mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted",
73   "method":"root",
```


The Units Class

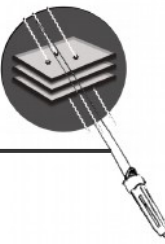


pysimdamicm/processes/skipper_analysis.py

```
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396     def __init__(self):
397         """
398         """
399         super().__init__()
400
401         self.image = "mean_compressed_pedestal_subtracted"
402         self.gain = 5.3*u.ADC
403
404         ###
405         self.__units__.update({'gain':u.ADC})
406
407     def execute_process(self, rawdata):
408         """
409         """
410         print("Process <CalibrationProcess> INFO. The image will be calibrated using a gain of {} ADC/e-".format(self.gain))
411
412         ##### GET IMAGE
413         #####
414         itype = rawdata.get_image_attribute_name(self.image)
415         image = getattr(rawdata, itype)
416
417         setattr(rawdata, "{}_e".format(itype), image/self.gain)
418
```



The Units Class



Plug-in ability



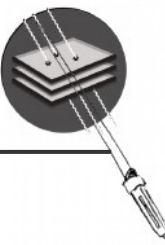
The singleton class `Units` defines *the unit system and its default*

- Any configurable parameter has units
 - 1: for strings, boolean and addimensional
- `execute_process`: the algorithm implementation must be done in the default units
- Be careful with the units when adding an attribute to `RawData` object. For instance, if you just want to have something in units of keV
 - `something_keV = something/u.keV`

pysimdamicm/utills/units.py

```
8 @Singleton
9 class Units(object):
10     """Define the system units by default and its conversion factors
11
12
13     Attributes
14     -----
15     mm : float
16         millimeter, default unit for coordinates
17
18     ...
19
20     ADC2eV : float
21         Value to convert ADC (analog-to-digital converter) units to keV,
22         default is 2.6E-4.
23
24     """
25
26     def __init__(self):
27
28         ### default units as the ones from geant4 simulations
29         self.mm = float(1.0)
30         self.eV = float(1.0)
31         self.s = float(1.0)
32         self.pixel = int(1)
33         self.e = int(1)
34         self.eVee = float(1.0)
35
36         ### ADCu
37         self.ADC = 1
38
39         ##### Conversion factors
40         self.e2ADC = 14.5*self.ADC
41         self.e2eV = 3.77*self.eV
42         self.eV2ADC = 1/self.e2eV * self.e2ADC
43         self.ADC2eV = 1/self.e2ADC * self.e2eV
44         ##### added for comissioning
45         self.ADC2e = 5.3
46
```

```
47
48     ##### CCD dimensions
49     self.ccd_shape=(int(4000),int(6000))*self.pixel
50     self.ccd_pixel_size_x=float(15./1000.)*self.mm
51     self.ccd_pixel_size_y=float(15.0/1000.)*self.m
52     self.ccd_thickness=0.675*self.mm
53     ### overscan region
54     self.n_rows_overscan = 0
55     self.n_rows_prescan = 0
56     self.n_cols_overscan = 0
57     self.n_cols_prescan = 0
58
59     self.pix2mm=self.ccd_pixel_size_x
60     self.mm2pix=1/self.ccd_pixel_size_x
61
62     ##### define conversions for all the others
63     ### long
64     self.um = 1e-3 * self.mm
65     self.cm = 10 * self.mm
66     self.m = 1e3 * self.mm
67     ### energy
68     self.keV = 1e3 *self.eV
69     self.MeV = 1e6 *self.eV
70     self.GeV = 1e9 *self.eV
71     ### time
72     self.us = 1e-6*self.s
73     self.ms = 1/1000*self.s
74     self.minute = 60.0*self.s
75     self.hour = 60.0*self.minute
76     self.day = 24.0*self.hour
77
78     ### pixel saturation
79     self.pix_saturation = 0.0*self.ADC*self.ADC2eV
80
81     ### add sensitive detector name
82     self.detector_name = "CCDSensor_PV"
83
84     ### non related with units
85     self.n_figure = 1
```



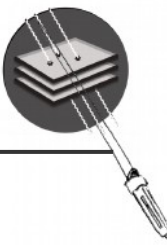
- WADERS is a framework for both simulations and reconstruction of skipper images
 - defines and provides the infrastructure
 - provides an extense library of processes
 - and can be extended
 - the latest version v3.0.1 is functional and stable
 - extensively used for simulations, Compton setup, ...
- Can be used
 - for comissioning purposes
 - for high level analysis
 - as a data quality monitor
 - as a plotter
 - ...
- Extensively documented
 - Implementation details (design, classes, definitions, interfaces, ...)
 - *howto* notebooks (algorithm description, running examples, ...)
 - Huge effort, *but still needs to be improved, feedback will be welcome*

<https://ncastell.web.cern.ch/ncastell/pysimdamicm/>

<https://gev.uchicago.edu/compton/>



But in continuous development



Working on

- In the Simulations Scope
 - allow Saturation process to be applied even when noise is not booked [Nuria]
 - paste clusters into blank image (coming soon, needed now for Compton) [Nuria/Nick]
 - Karthik Diffusion model [Nick]
 - allow to record clusterTrue and clusterRec (now goes all into clusterRec) [Nuria]
 - add library of plots for background mitigation studies (the one I have is part of another module) [Nuria]
 - link to a data base for contamination materials
- In the analysis scope
 - still to premature to plan improvements ... we just started to use it!
- DQM
 - set/unset ME via JSON [Agustin]
 - write documentation for each ME process [Agustin]
 - output as a pickle object → migrate to mongoDB [Alvaro/Jordi/Nuria]
 - create an interactive web [Jordi/Nuria]
 - include automatic publication to a web [Jordi/Nuria]
- [general] Framework
 - process library on runtime to avoid to add the process into the process_manages [Nuria]
 - analysis code documentation [Agustin/Nuria]
 - integrate all documentation into the official web [Nuria]
 - clean code from deprecated options [Nuria]

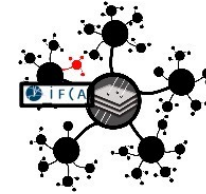
The code will improve as the people start to use it!



softWAre for Dark matter ExpeRiments with Skippers

WADERS Framework

pronounced [v Al d e r s]



Questions?



The code will improve as the people start to use it!

Any bug? Any suggestion?

contact me on slack, by e-mail

or **preferently open an issue** on gitlab.in2p3.fr

<https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/damicm/pysimdamicm/-/issues>