



# LPNHE neutrino group meeting

Physics Studies for ND280 Upgrade,  $t_0$  calculation

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# Introduction

## Input

- 2D histograms of Single Transverse Variables  $\delta_{\alpha T}$  and  $dp_T$  or  $\delta_{\alpha T}$  and nucleon fermi momentum (pn)

Fitter code

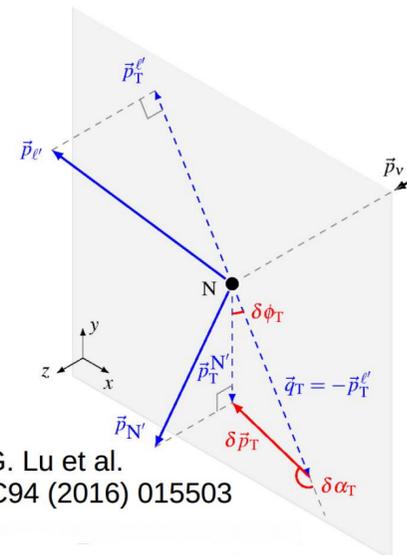
## Output

### Value and precision of

- 2p2h
- CCQE
- pion FSI norm
- norm syst
- proton FSI
- Eb/25 (for easy plot since other parameter values are 1)

$\delta_{\alpha T}$  together with pn and  $\delta_{pT}$  turn out to be suitable observables to have good precision for key parameters.

How about the other observables?



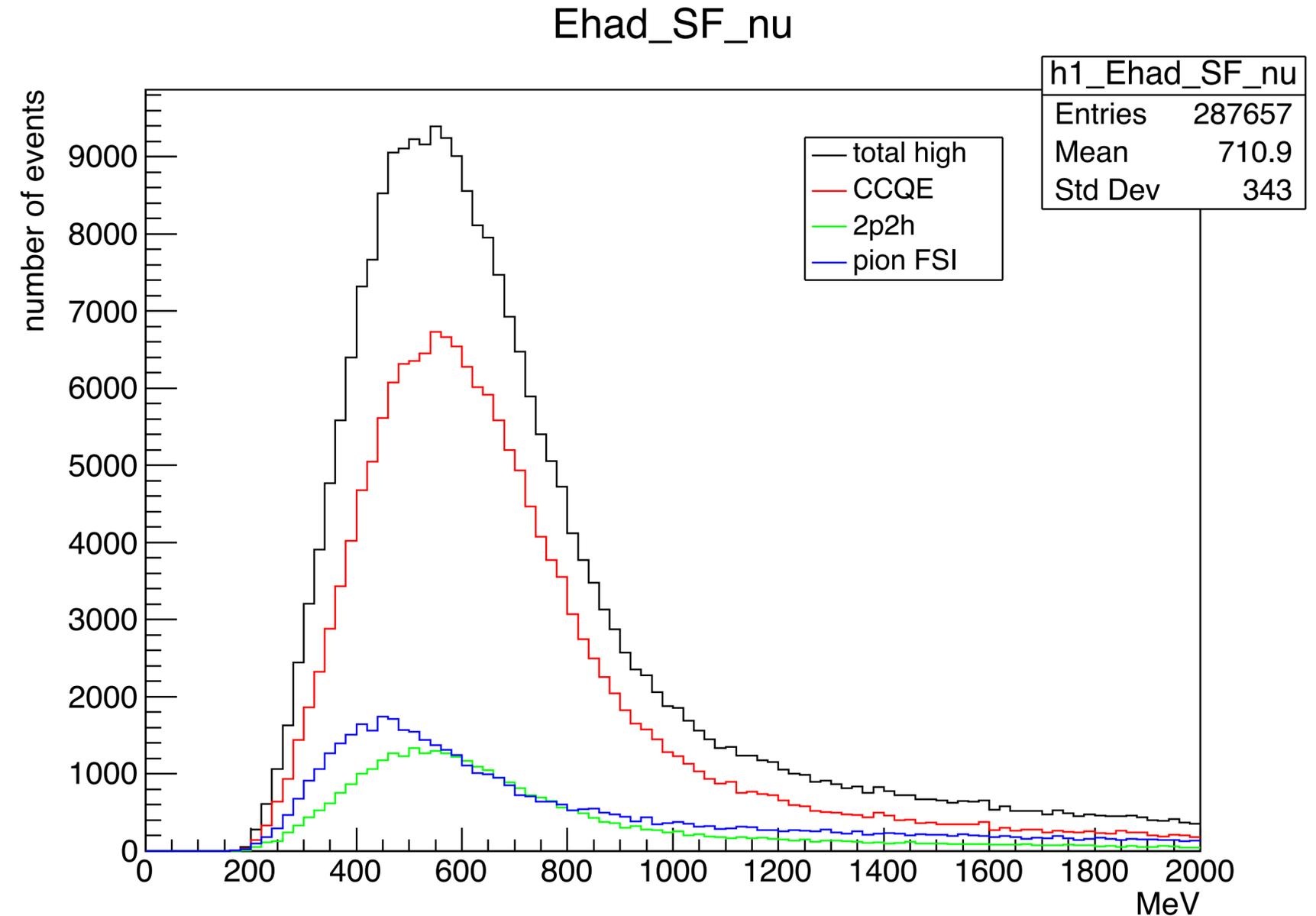
X -G. Lu et al.  
PRC94 (2016) 015503

# Ehad distribution for nu

Another kind of variable that we can use for the fitter is Ehad

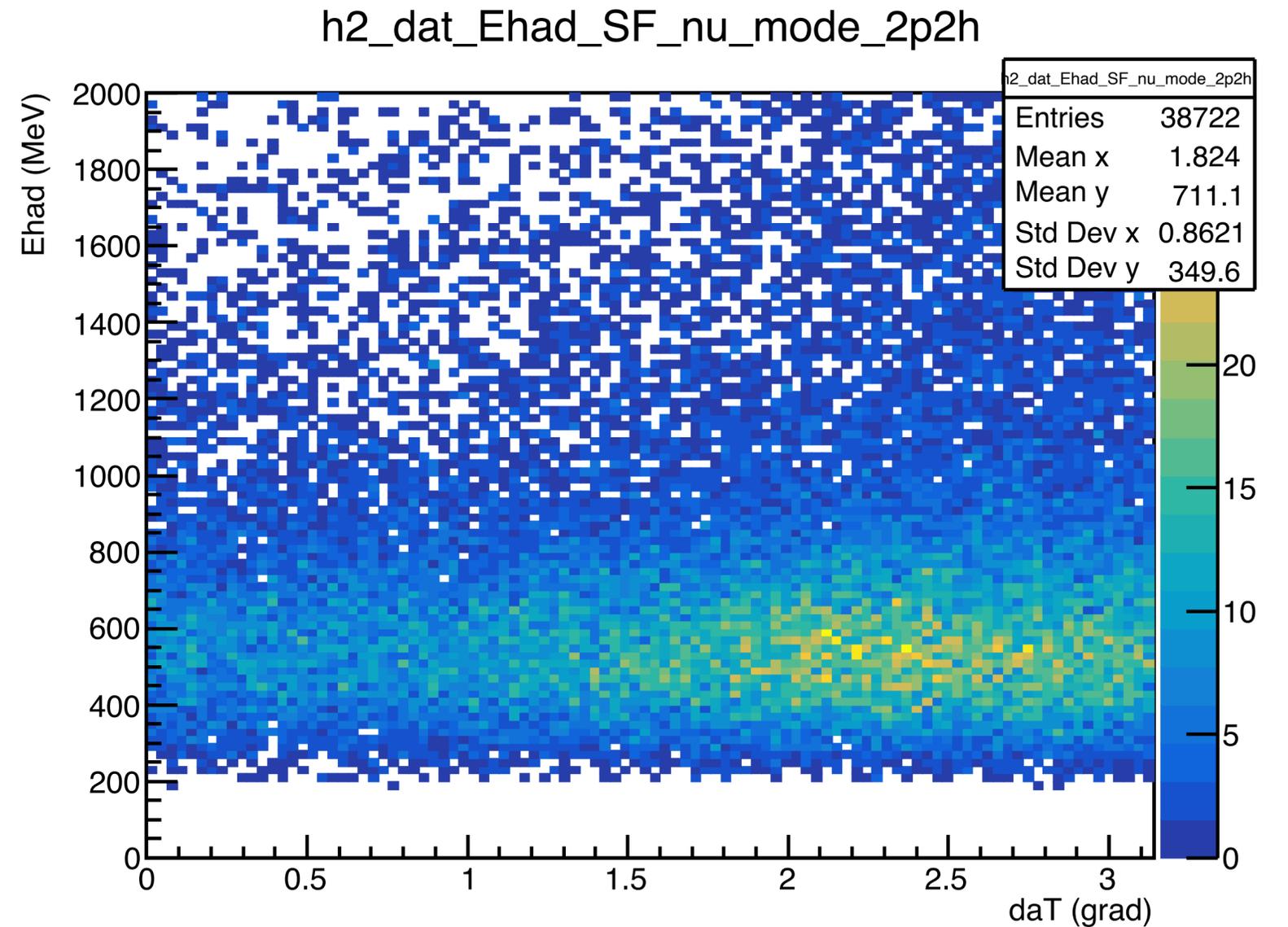
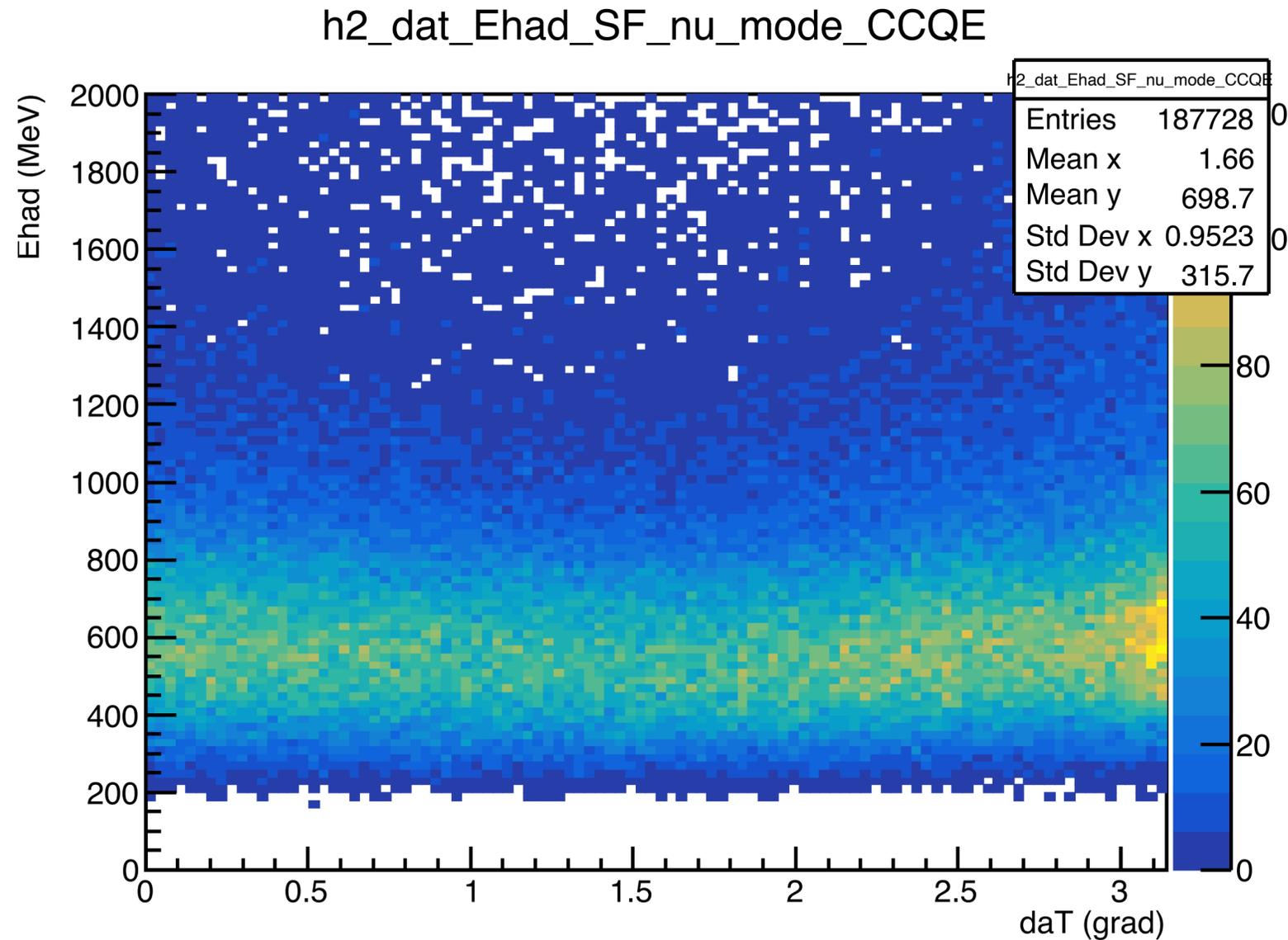
$E_{had} = E_{muon} + \text{kinetic } E \text{ of proton}$   
 $\text{kinetic } E \text{ of neutron for anti-}\nu$

Peaks around 600MeV  
which is neutrino energy



Anti-nu case in back up

# $\delta_{\alpha T}$ and Ehad 2D distribution

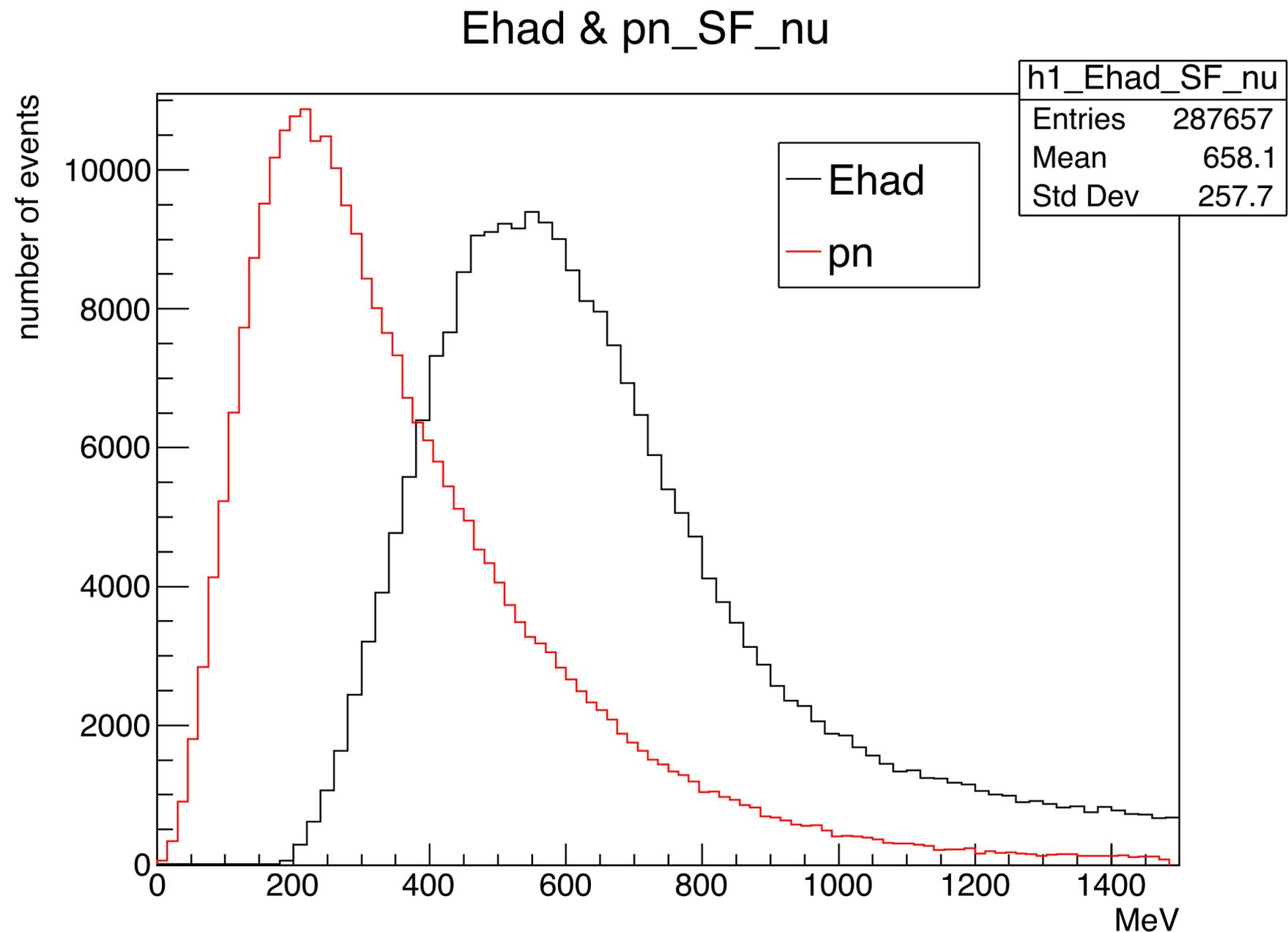


No point under 200MeV, the CCQE focus on 600 MeV while the 2p2h spreads in the area which is below 600MeV (agree with our expectation).

# Ehad vs pn distribution for nu

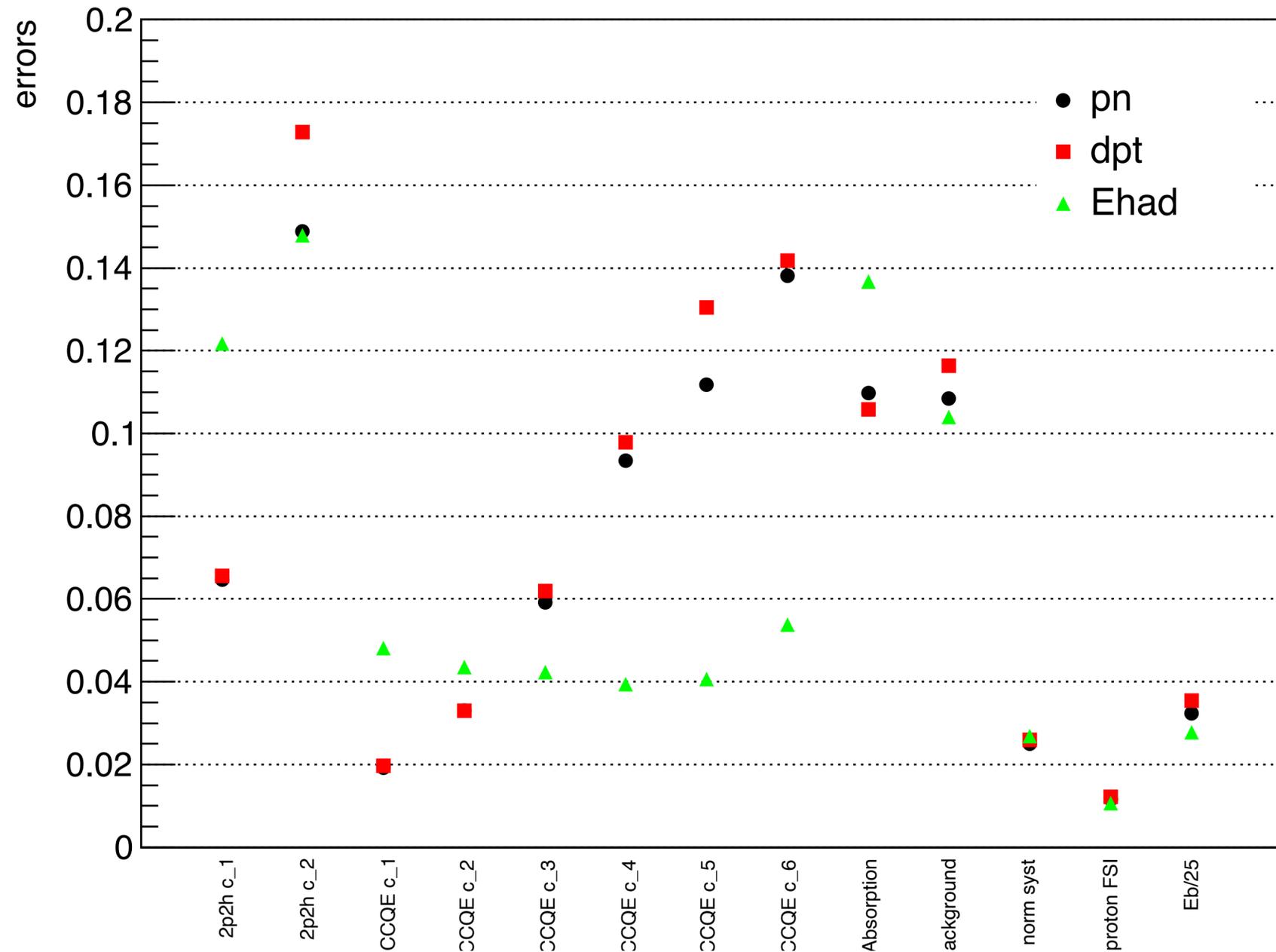
Due to the differences in Ehad and nucleon momentum (pn) distribution, we need to change the range of CCQE parameters.

Old		New	
CCQE_c1	0-100MeV	CCQE_c1	200-400MeV
CCQE_c2	100-200MeV	CCQE_c2	400-600MeV
CCQE_c3	200-300MeV	CCQE_c3	600-800MeV
CCQE_c4	300-500MeV	CCQE_c4	800-1000MeV
CCQE_c5	500-700MeV	CCQE_c5	1000-1200MeV
CCQE_c6	700-1000MeV	CCQE_c6	1200-1400MeV

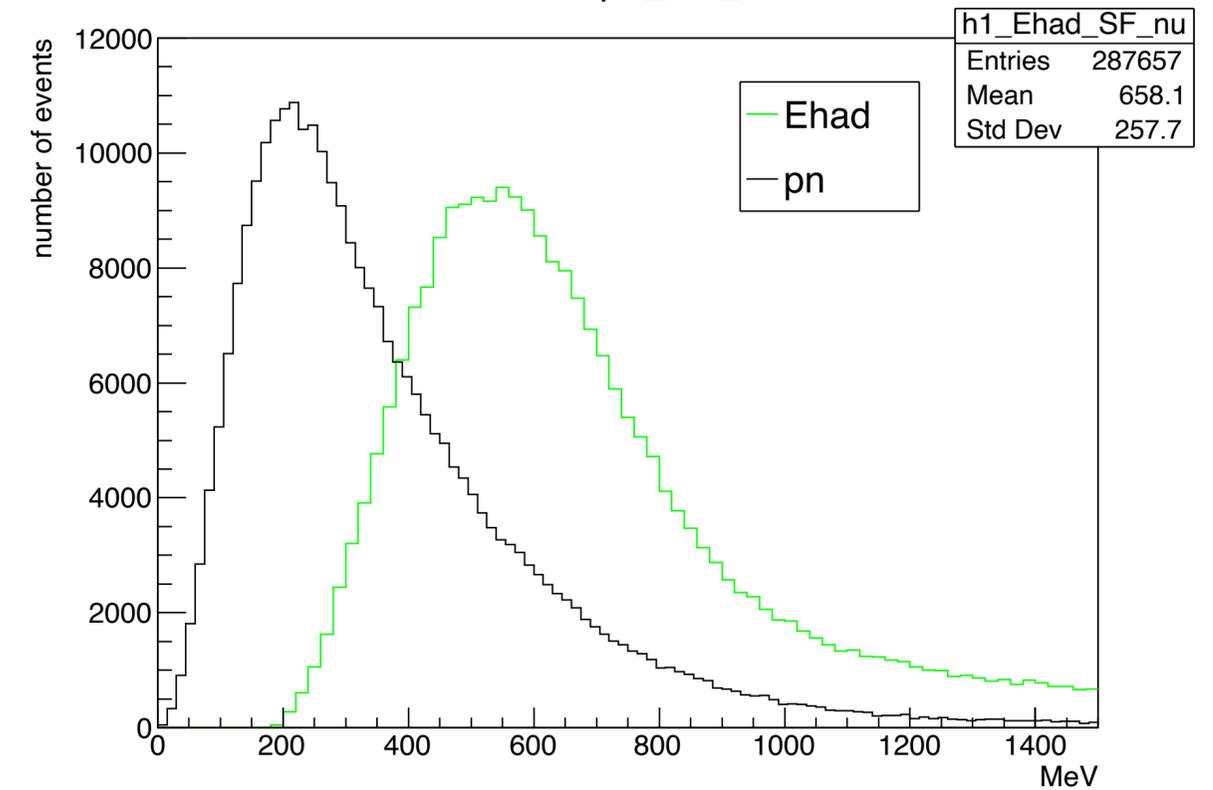


# Different observables

Parameters' errors with different obser



Ehad & pn\_SF\_nu



The CCQE parameters range:  
200-1400MeV

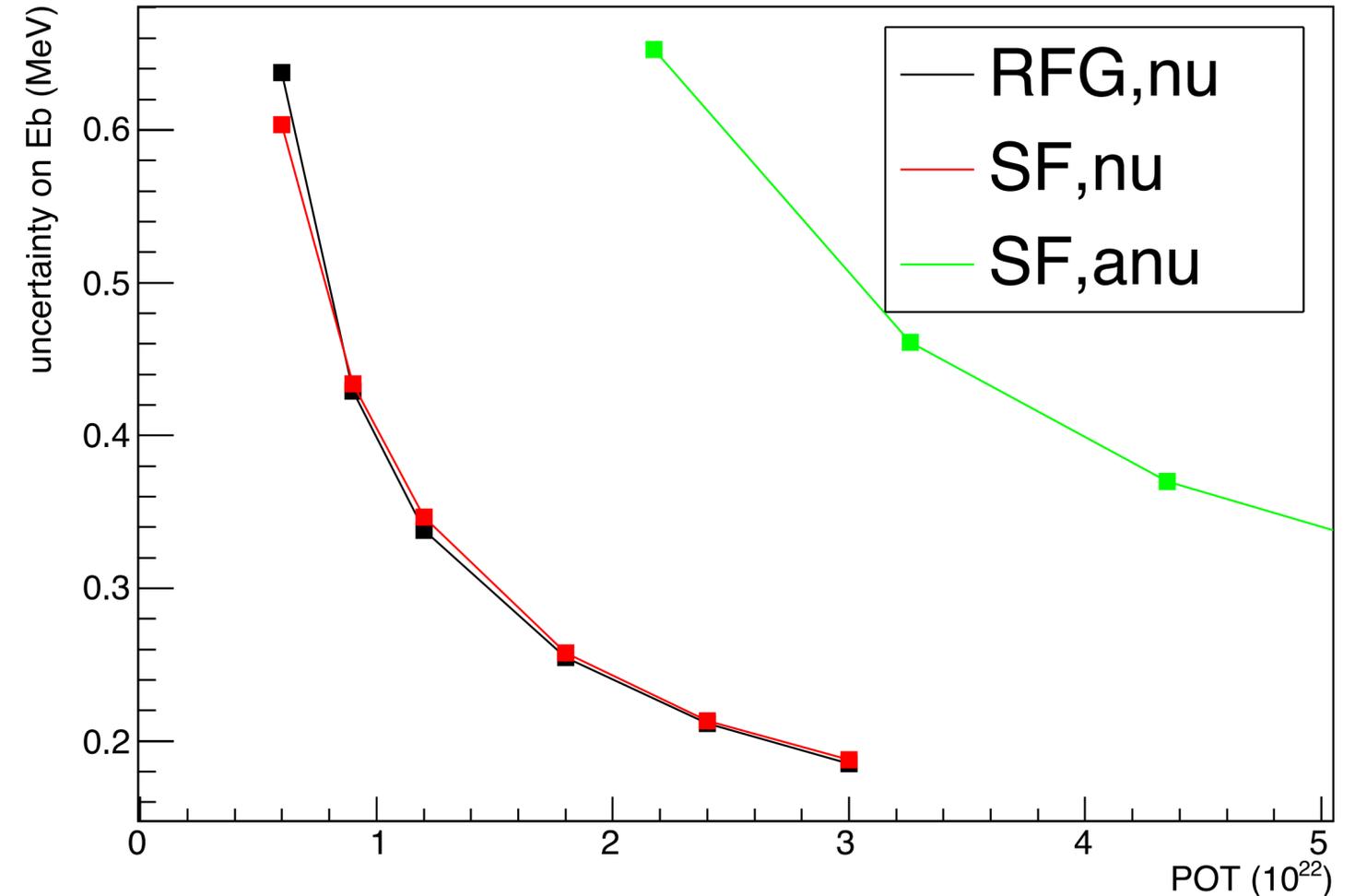
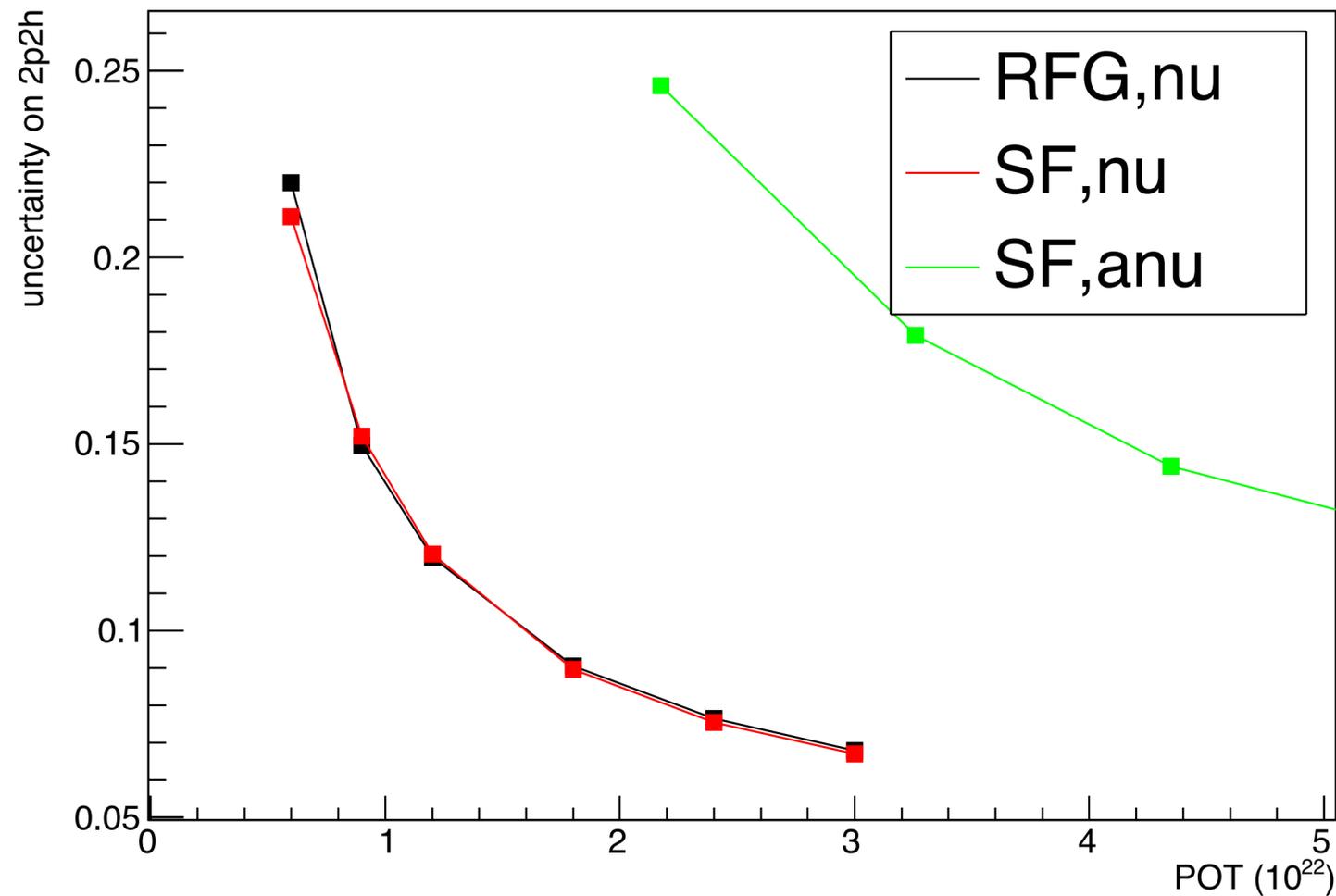
CCQE errors with Ehad are stably good while it increases in pn and dpt case since we are moving to its tail

First 2p2h <800MeV

second 2p2h >800MeV

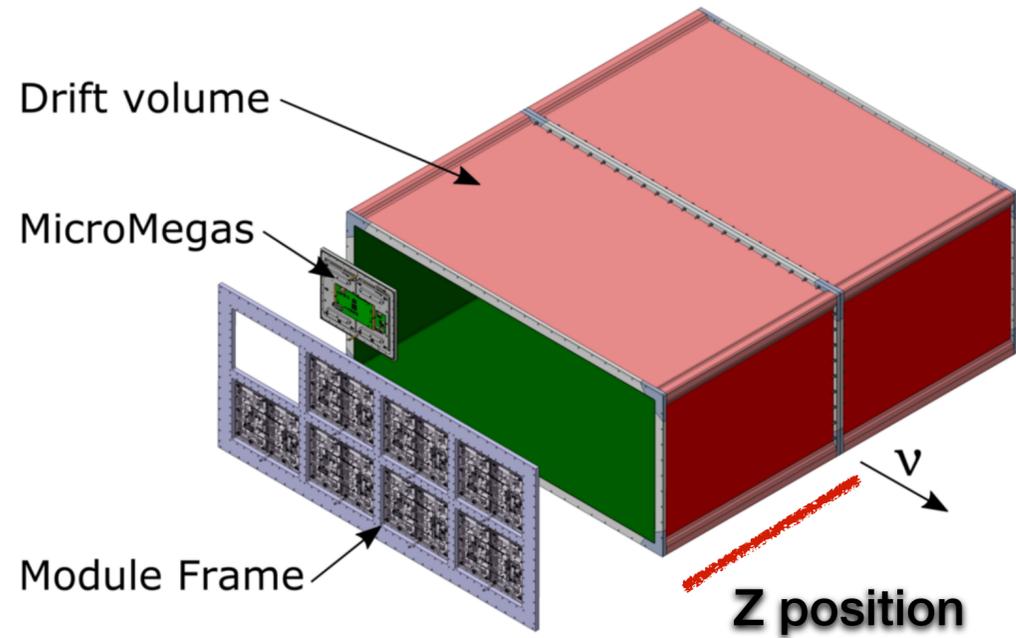
=>The first one is better since 2p2h bias our reconstructed E<sub>nu</sub> at low energy.

# 2p2h and Eb precision (Ehad as input) for more POT



The input Ehad can be a good observable to have a good precision in both 2p2h and binding energy Eb

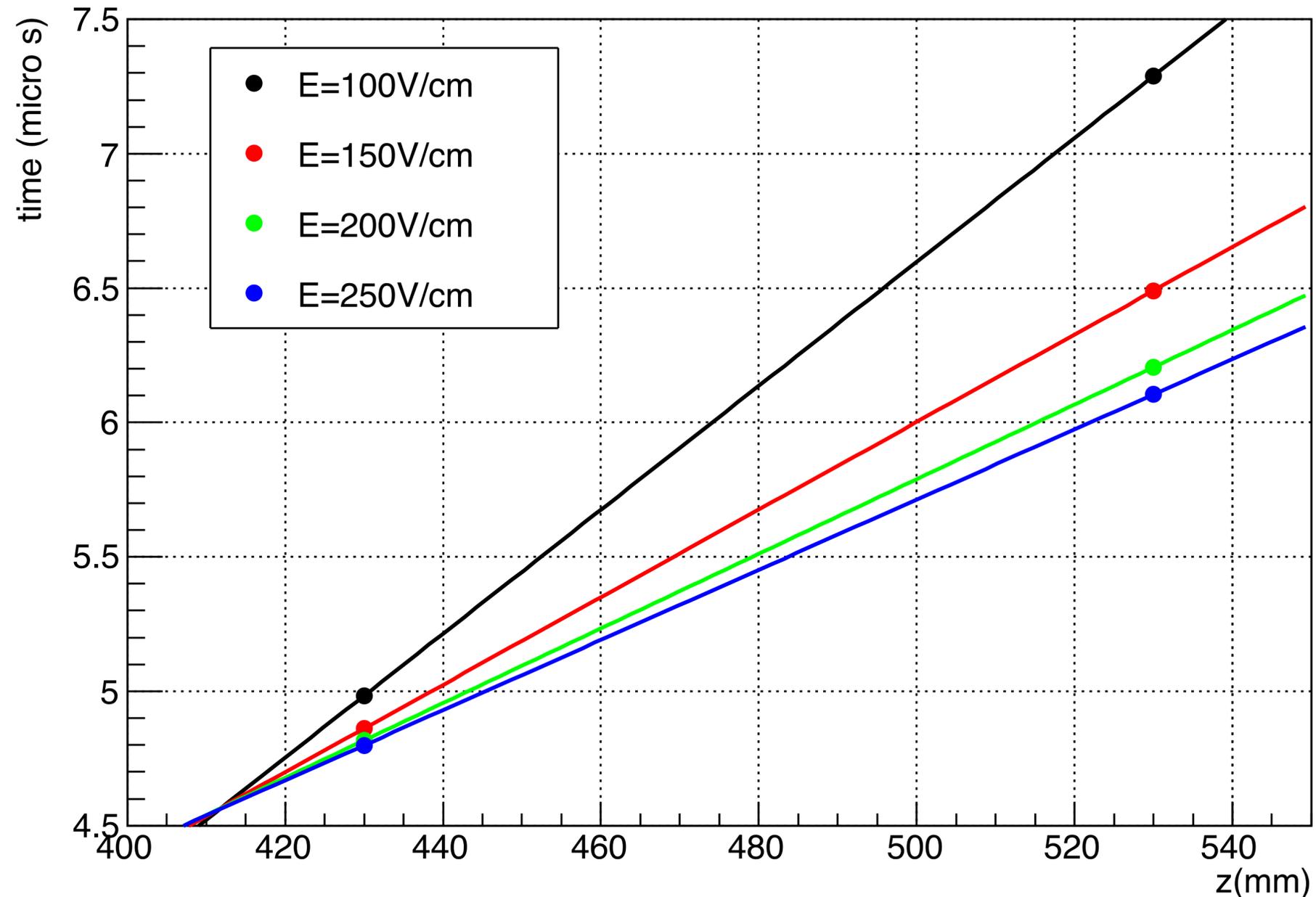
# T0 calculation for resistive Micromegas of High Angle TPC



I calculated the average time of leading pads for all clusters (except for the first and last clusters due to its low charged-gain)

t0: from 4.55-4.57(micro second)

drift velocity using test beam



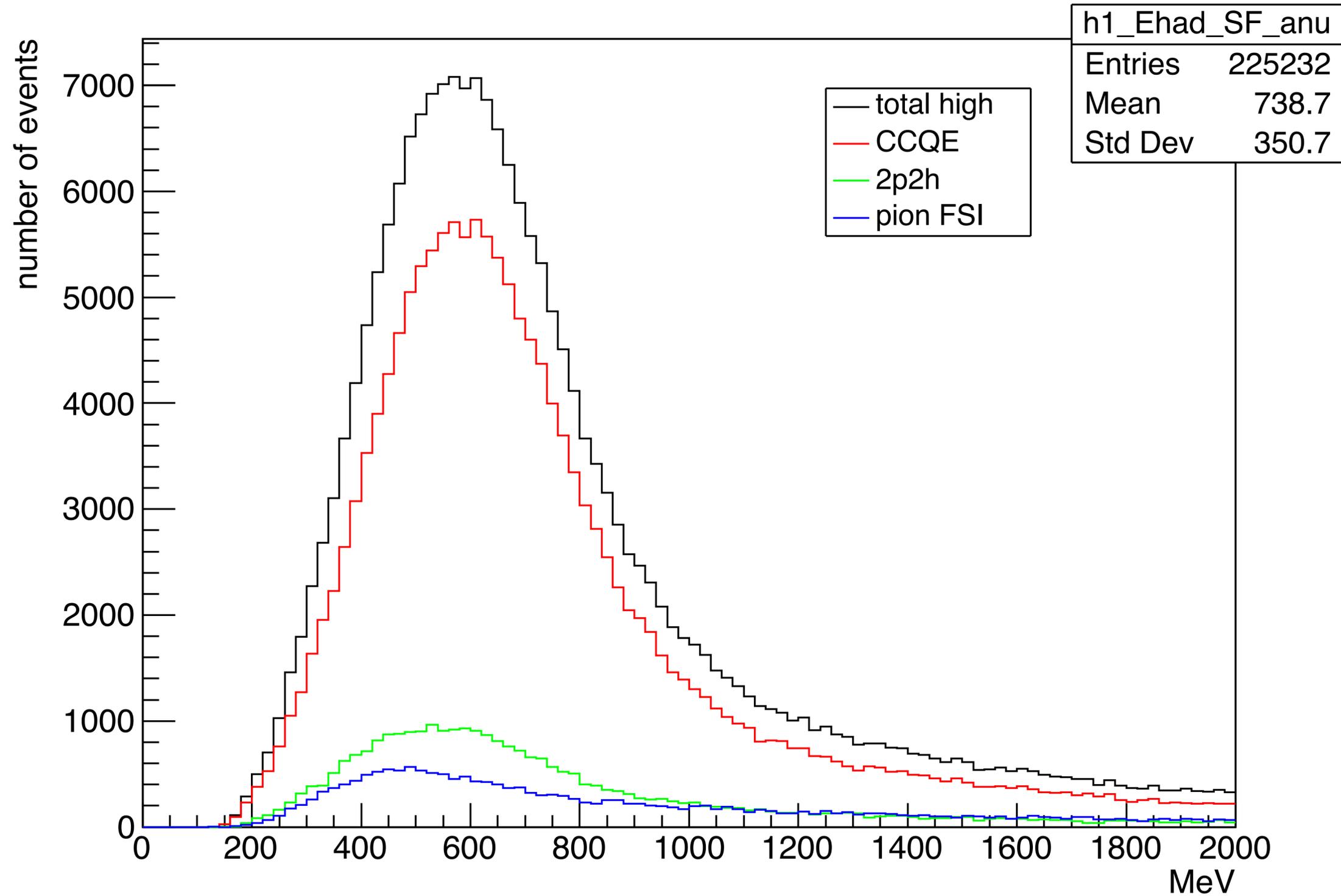
# Summary

- We need to use the range of parameters flexibly with different observables.
- The Ehad turn out to be a promising observable to provide a good precision in 2p2h and Eb eventually.
- Next step:
  - adding flux covariance matrix to the fitter.
  - look at the correlation between parameters after fit.
  - Use Ehad and dpt for fitter input.
  - Compare Ehad and pn as input for different POT.

**Back up**

# Ehad distribution for anti-nu

Ehad\_SF\_anu



# Results after fit for Ehad as input

Parameters' errors with different model

