

Probing gas distribution in LRG halos through the Sunyaev Zel'dovich effect

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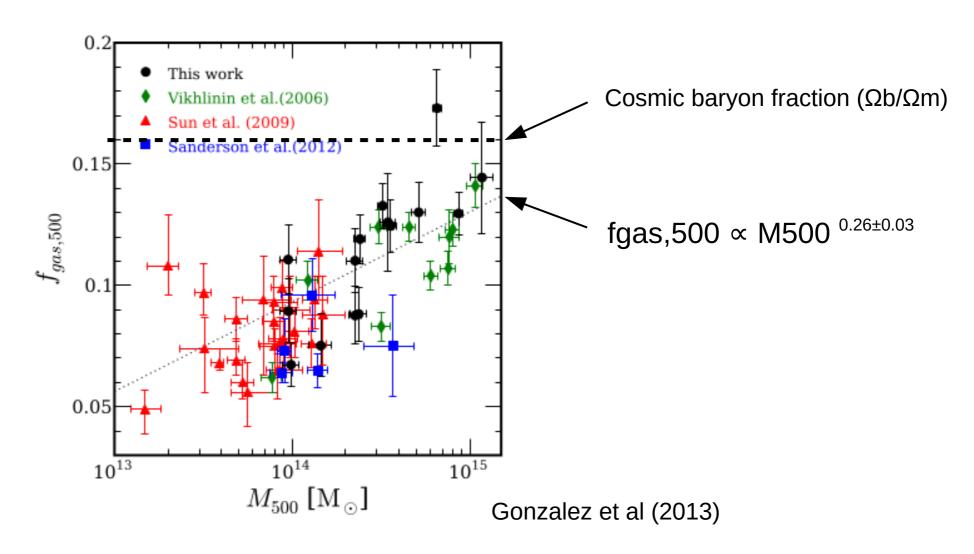


Baryonic effects with (non) self-similarity



The self-similar relation is the relation that does not depend on the scale , which is valid when the process is dominated by gravity.

The deviation from this relation implies the presence of more complex processes.

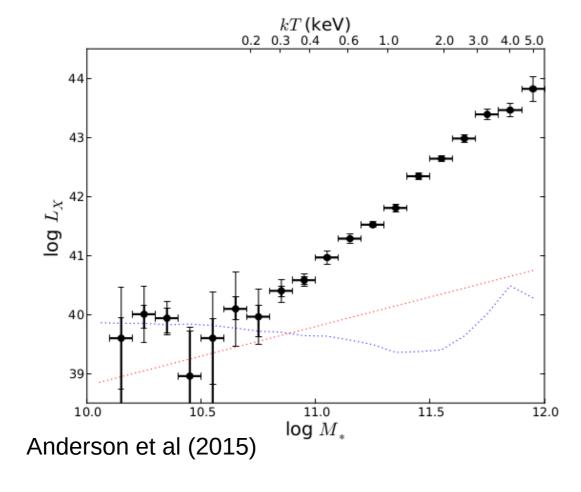


X-ray measurement of gas fraction (Mgas/M500) in galaxy clusters shows non self-similarity, which suggests that non-gravitational effect is important.

Gas fraction in galaxy cluster is not self-similar?

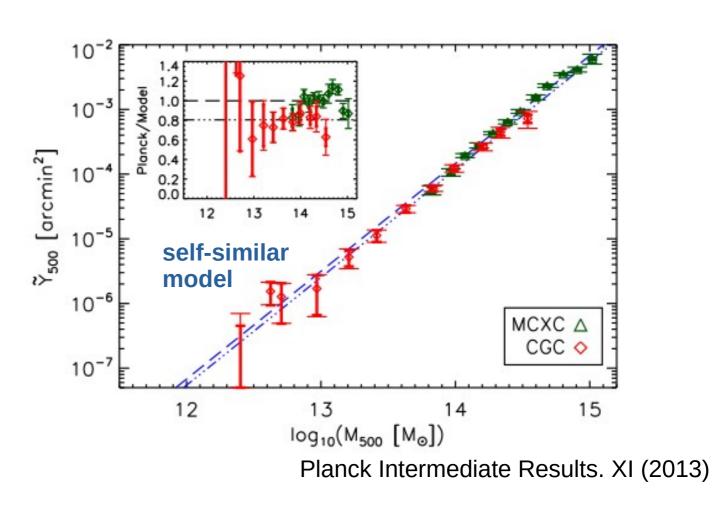


Lx-M scaling relation from X-ray measurements from ROSAT



Not self-similar
The slope is estimated to 1.85±0.15
(1.33 in case of self-similar)

Y-M scaling relation from SZ measurements from Planck



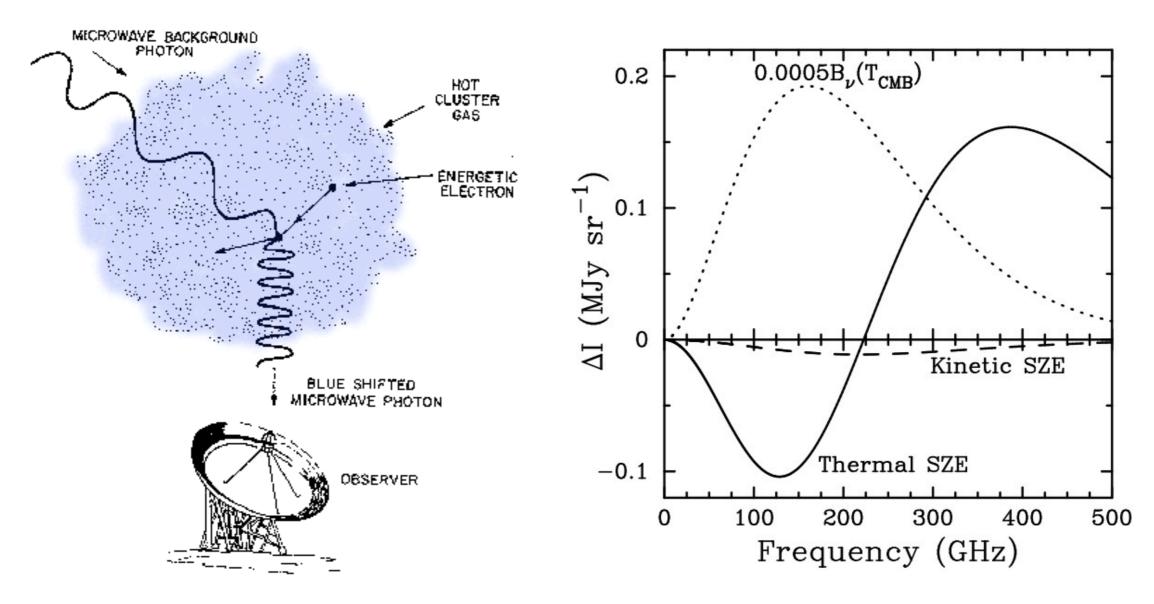
Self-similar

However, there are larger uncertainties in low-mass halos below 10¹⁴ Msun.

Sunyaev-Zel'dovich(SZ) Effect



SZ effect is the distortion of the CMB spectrum caused by high energy electrons in galaxy clusters.



Spectral distortion of the CMB by a galaxy cluster with T=10 keV, y=1e-4, Vpec=500 km/s (Carlstrom et al 2002)

Data set

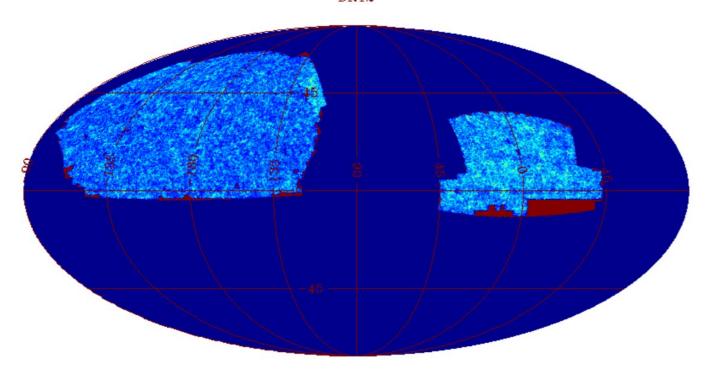


~65,000 LRGs from SDSS DR7 (LRG: Luminous red galaxies)

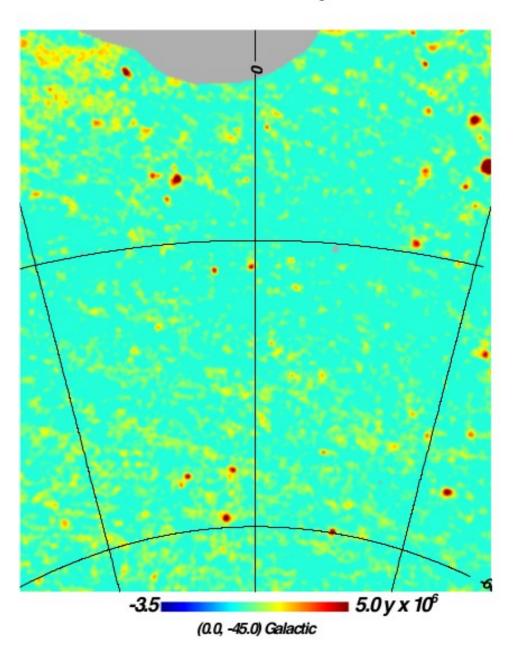
Redshift: 0.16 < z < 0.47

Stellar mass: $10^{11.2} \,\mathrm{M}\odot < \mathrm{M}^* < 10^{11.7} \,\mathrm{M}\odot$ (in Halo mass: $10^{13} \,\mathrm{M}\odot < \mathrm{M}_{500} < 10^{14} \,\mathrm{M}\odot$)

DR12



MILCA tSZ map

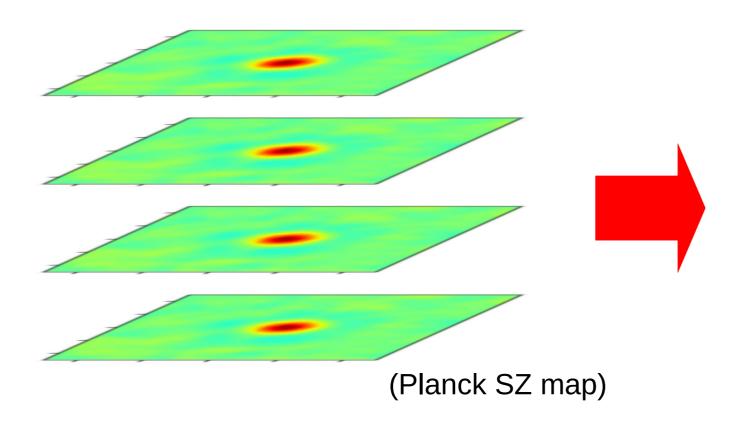


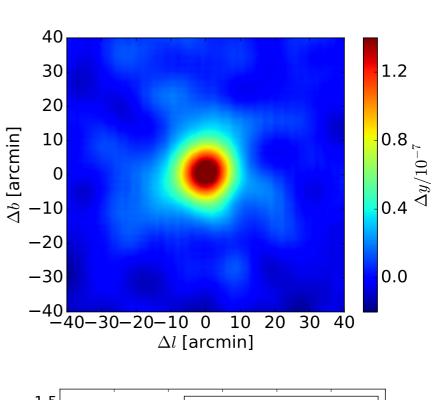
- The LRGs can be used to point the center of galaxy groups and clusters.
- The Planck SZ map probes the hot gas in dark matter halos.

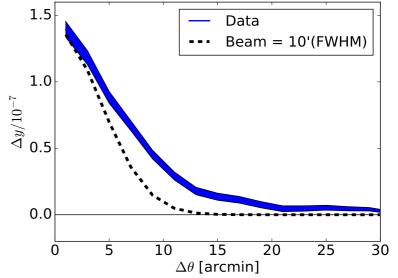
Methodology (Stacking)



We stack the Planck SZ map at the positions of ~65,000 LRGs.







The SZ emission is extended out to \sim 30', well beyond the extent of the 10' resolution of the Planck SZ map.

cosmo-OWLS hydrodynamical Simulation



- cosmo-OWLS is an extension of the OverWhelmingly Large Simulation project (Schaye et al. 2010). Designed to study cluster cosmology and large scale-structure.
- Suite consists of box-periodic hydrodynamical simulations, with volumes of (400 h⁻¹ Mpc)³ and 1024³ baryon and dark matter particles each. See Brun et al. (2014); Van Daalen et al. (2014); McCarthy et al. (2014).
- McCarthy et al. (2014) extract ten $5^{\circ} \times 5^{\circ}$ light-cones with simulated SZ signal out to z=3, with $\sim 10^{6}$ galaxies in each cone.
- Each simulation was run with 5 different models of baryon sub-grid physics. Earlier studies demonstrate that the "AGN 8.0" model reproduces a variety of observed gas features in local groups and clusters of galaxies, selected by optical or X-ray data.

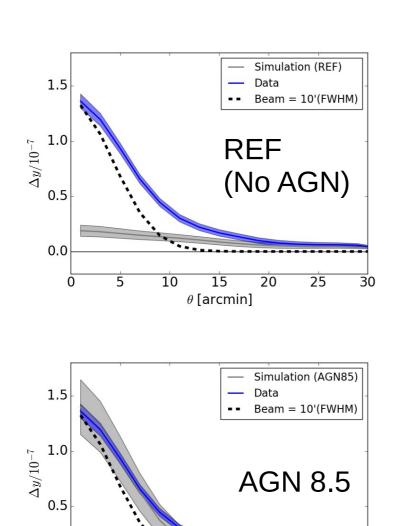
Simulation	UV/X-ray background	Cooling	Star formation	SN feedback	AGN feedback	$\Delta T_{ m heat}$
NOCOOL	Yes	No	No	No	No	
REF	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
AGN 8.0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	$10^{8.0} \text{ K}$
AGN 8.5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	$10^{8.5} \; { m K}$
AGN 8.7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	$10^{8.7} \text{ K}$

AGN-8.x:

 $T_{heat} = 10^{8.x} \text{ K}$

Comparison with simulations





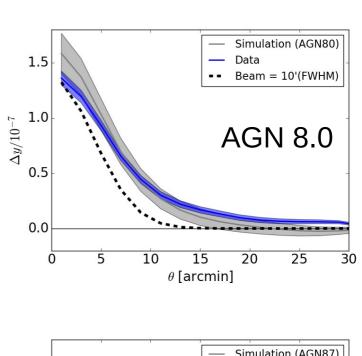
15

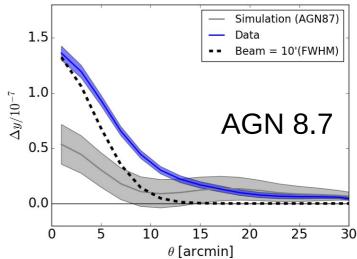
 θ [arcmin]

10

20

25

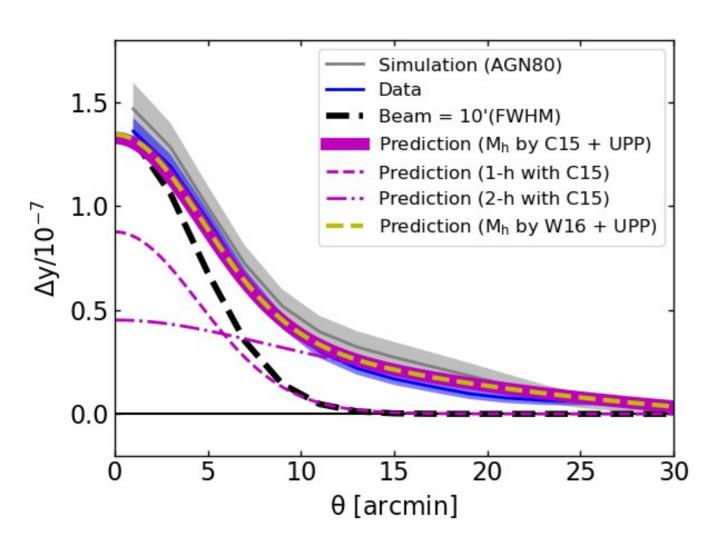




The data agree well with hydro simulations that include AGN feedback, but not without it or bursty AGN model such as AGN 8.7.

Comparison with model prediction





- Halo mass is estimated using the stellar-to-halo mass relation.

C15: Coupon et al. (2015)

W16: Wang et al. (2016)

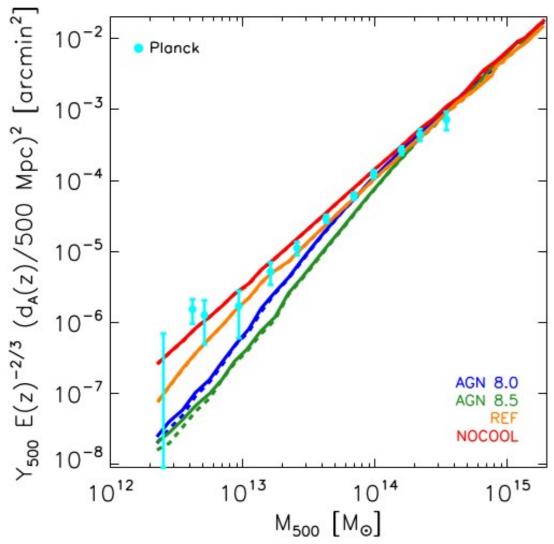
- UPP is the Universal Pressure Profile, measured with galaxy clusters (10^{14.4}-10^{15.3} M☉) in Planck intermediate results V (2013)

The data agree well with predictions of the halo model using the UPP, scaled with the self-similar relation.

Interpretation



- * Data agree with model prediction using UPP, scaled with self-similar relation.
- * Data agree with AGN 8.0 model of the cosmo-OWLS simulations.



Le Brun et al 2015.

The deviation starts to appear below 3*10¹³ Msun, Which is the average mass of the LRG halos.

The angular resolution of the Planck y-map is 10', while the average angular size of the LRG halos is ~5'.

→ Need better sensitivity to probe lower-mass haloes as well as higher angular resolution

Summary



• We detect a significant SZ signal around the LRG halos (M500~10^{13.5}Msun) out to ~30', well beyond the extent of the 10' beam of the Planck SZ map.

• The measured SZ profile agrees best with the AGN 8.0 model, not without it or bursty AGN model (such as AGN 8.7).

• The measured SZ profile agree with predictions using the halo model and UPP, and we did not find a significant deviation from the UPP, scaled with self-similar relation. But we need a further study with lower-mass halos to confirm it.