

European Summer School

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GATE Monte Carlo Simulation *An introduction*

Group 3:

DYRCZ Patrycja

KERIMBAY Rania

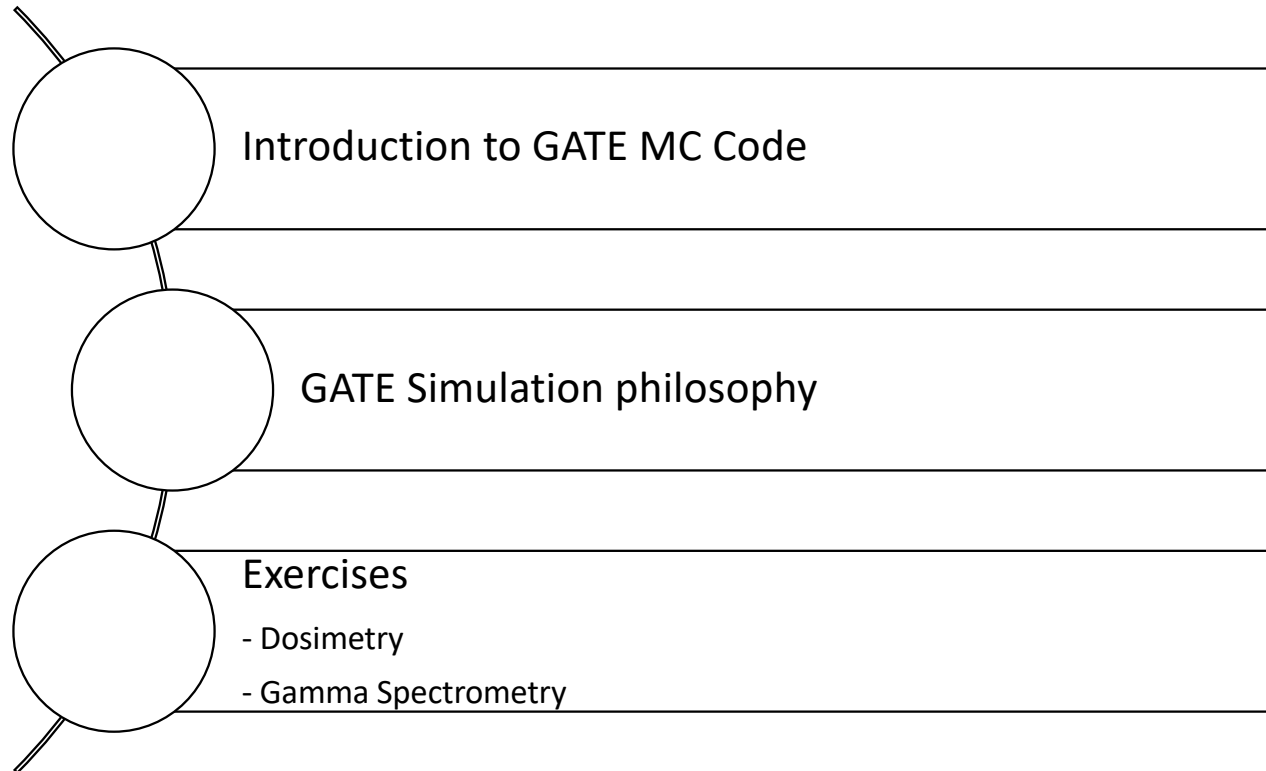
LIN Yvonne

NWADE Justice

BELAFRITES Abdelfettah

Supervisor: Nicolas Arbor (nicolas.arbor@iphc.cnrs.fr)

Outline

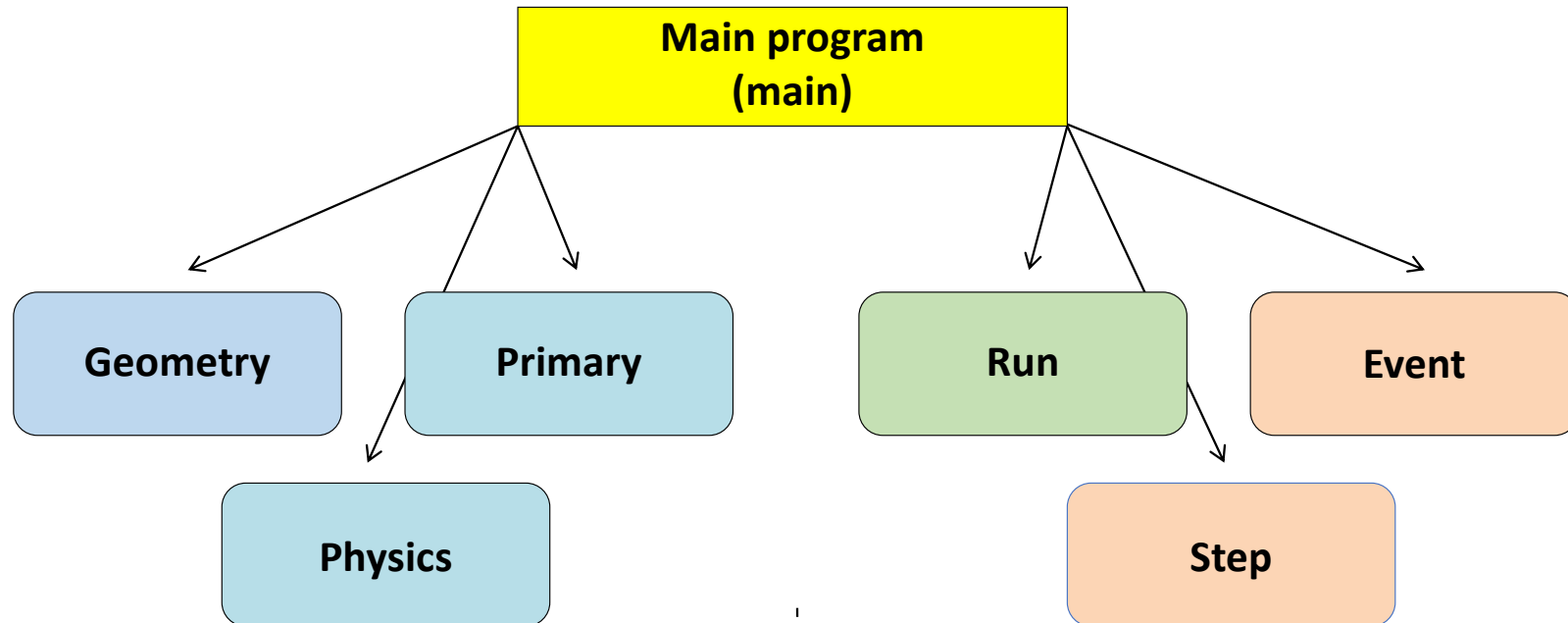


GATE MC Code

- GATE (**G**eant4 **A**pplication for **T**omography **E**mission) – developed in 2002 via international collaboration
- Open source simulation software based on GEANT4
- Provides non (computing)-experts simplified tools for applying Geant4 (C++ based) to radiation-matter simulations
- Broad range of applications
 - Detector design and calibration
 - Radiation therapy
 - Medical imaging
 - Radiation protection
 - Dosimetry, etc



GATE Simulation Philosophy



Geometry = volumes + materials

Primary = particle sources

Physics = interaction processes

Macros

Run = set of events

Event = set of primary particle interactions

Step = particle propagation step by step

Actors

Geometry

Elements / Materials/Volumes:

- Materials must be defined in the *GateMaterials.db* (directory *data*)
- Materials are based on pre-defined elements. Parameters include
 - density (d) - number of elements (n) - state (optionnal) - composition (mass fraction of each element or atomic composition)

Physics

- The Physics describes a physical process which corresponds to:
 - a physical model
 - an effective cross-section

Eg. `/gate/physics/addPhysicsList emstandard_opt3`

Actors

- Pre-defined actors (otherwise Tallies) register useful information from the simulation:
 - energy / dose deposited in a given volume
 - Fluence (number of particles crossing a volume)

Example: main.mac

```
#=====
# World
#=====

/gate/geometry/setMaterialDatabase data/GateMaterials.db
/gate/world/setMaterial      Air
/gate/world/geometry/setXLength  5. m
/gate/world/geometry/setYLength  5. m
/gate/world/geometry/setZLength  5. m

#=====
# Geometry
#=====

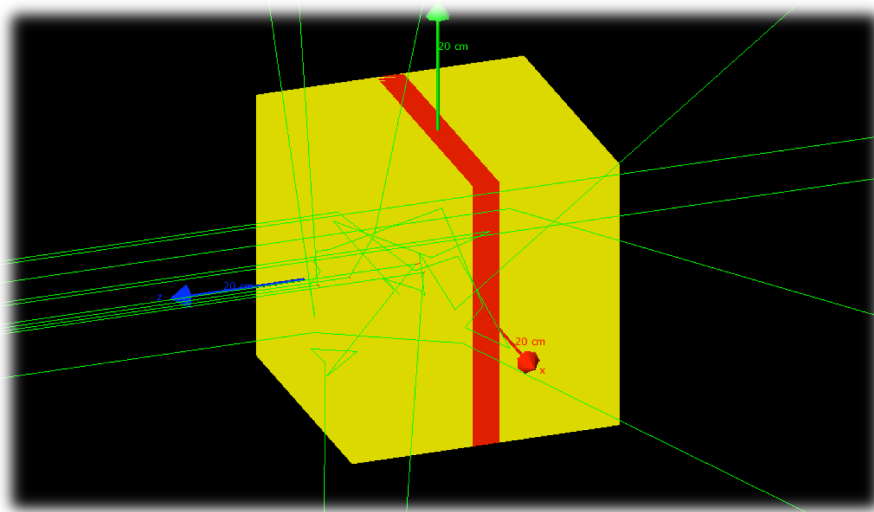
/gate/world/daughters/name      WaterCube
/gate/world/daughters/insert    box
/gate/WaterCube/geometry/setXLength  20. cm
/gate/WaterCube/geometry/setYLength  20. cm
/gate/WaterCube/geometry/setZLength  20. cm
/gate/WaterCube/setMaterial      Water
/gate/WaterCube/placement/setTranslation  0. 0. 0. cm
/gate/WaterCube/vis/setVisible    1
/gate/WaterCube/vis/setColor      yellow
/gate/WaterCube/vis/forceSolid

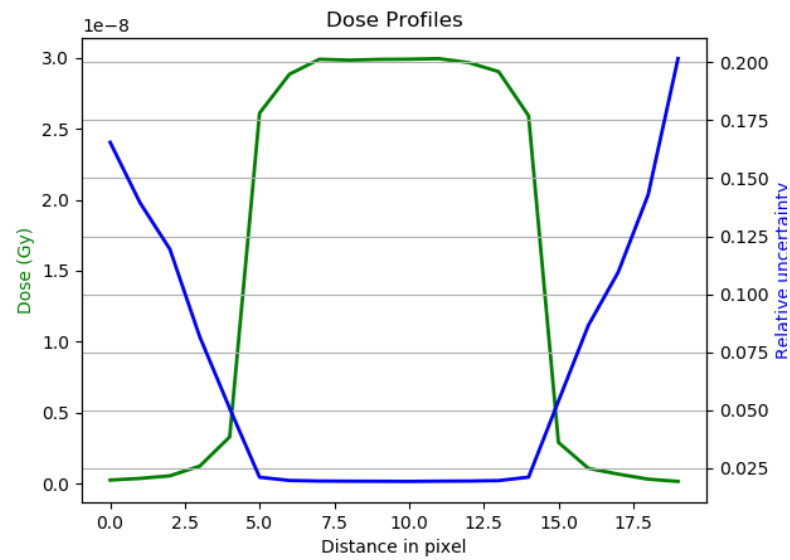
#=====
# INITIALIZATION
#=====

/gate/run/initialize
```

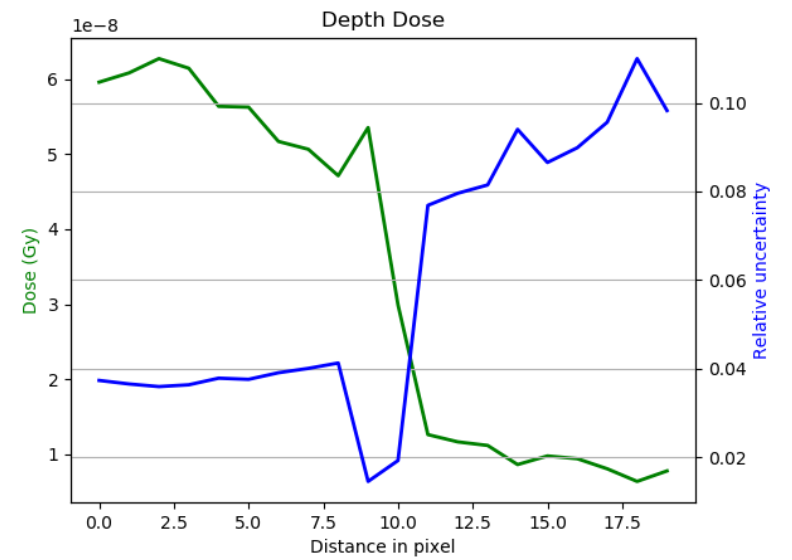
Exercise 1: Dosimetry

- Add a 2 cm layer of lead at the center of the water phantom
- Cs-137 point source
- Plot the effect on the depth-dose distribution

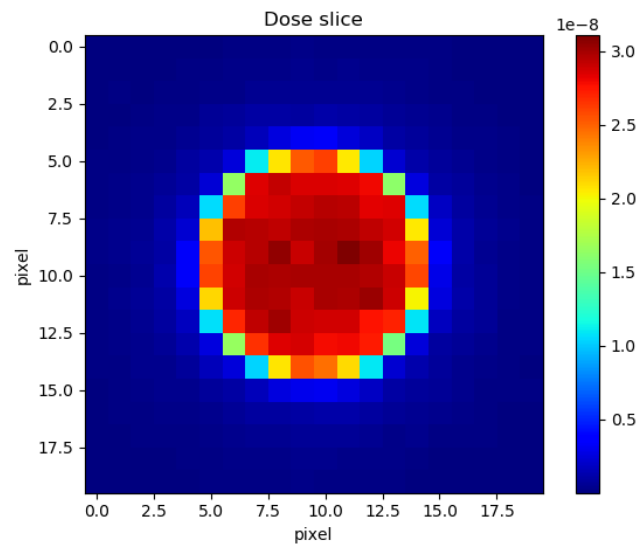




Without lead block

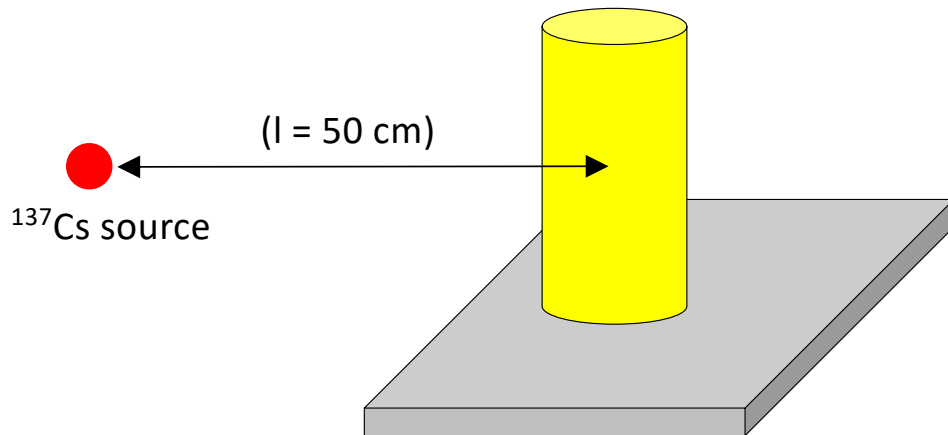


With lead block

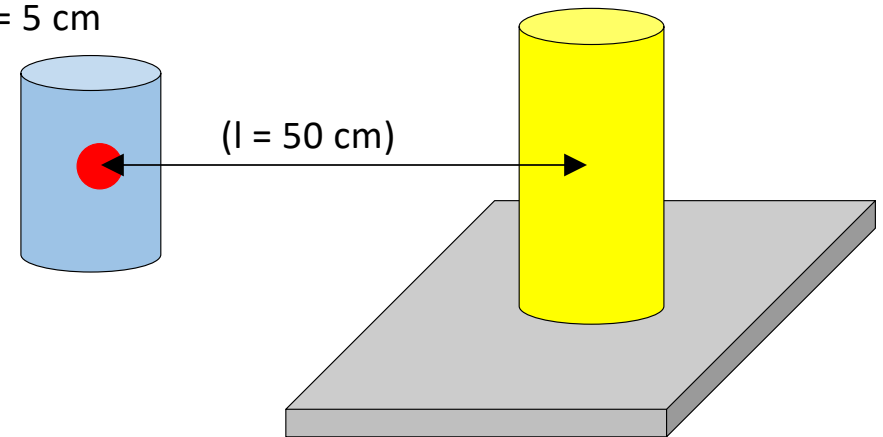


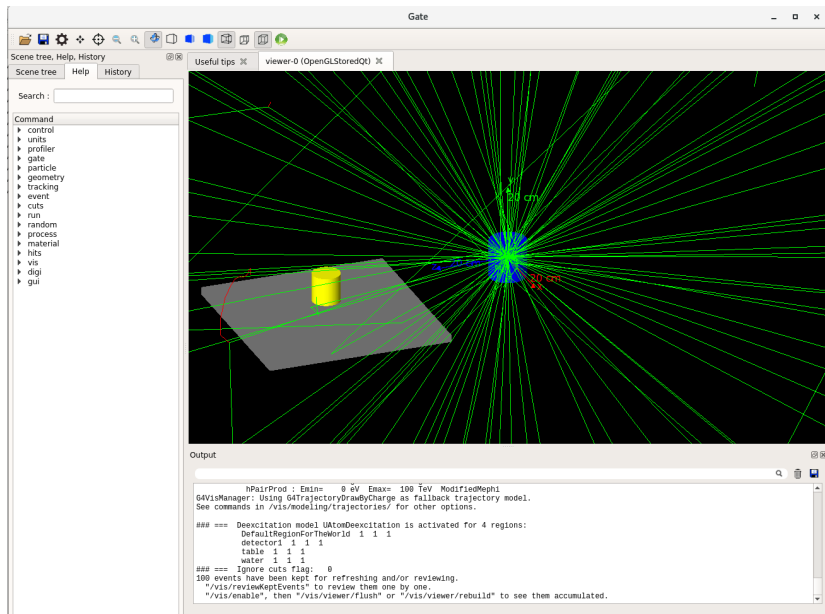
Exercise 2: Gamma Spectrometry

- Scintillating detector (3 " x 3 " NaI)
 - *EnergySpectrum* actor (spectrum of deposited energy per incident particle) text file with counts per bin
 - Point source of ^{137}Cs (isotopic photon source with $E = 662 \text{ keV}$)
- (1) Estimate the detection efficiency for the configuration below
 - (2) Calculate for the same conditions the spectrum for a source in a water cylinder

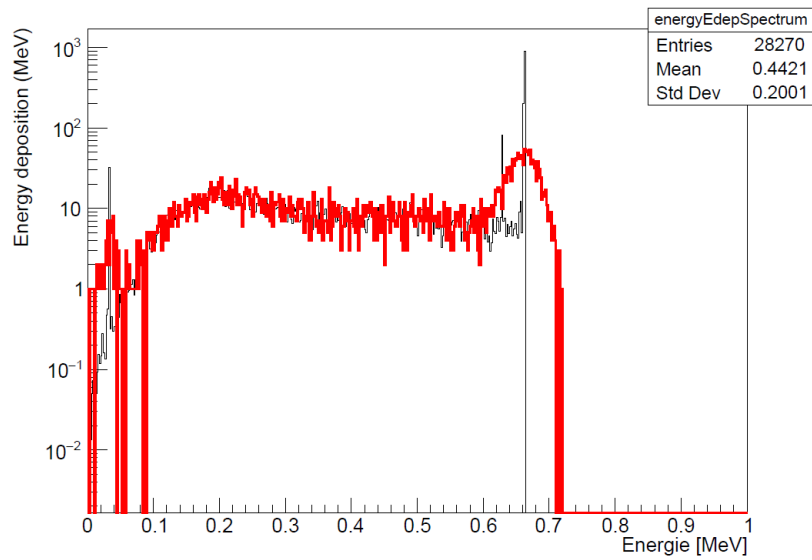
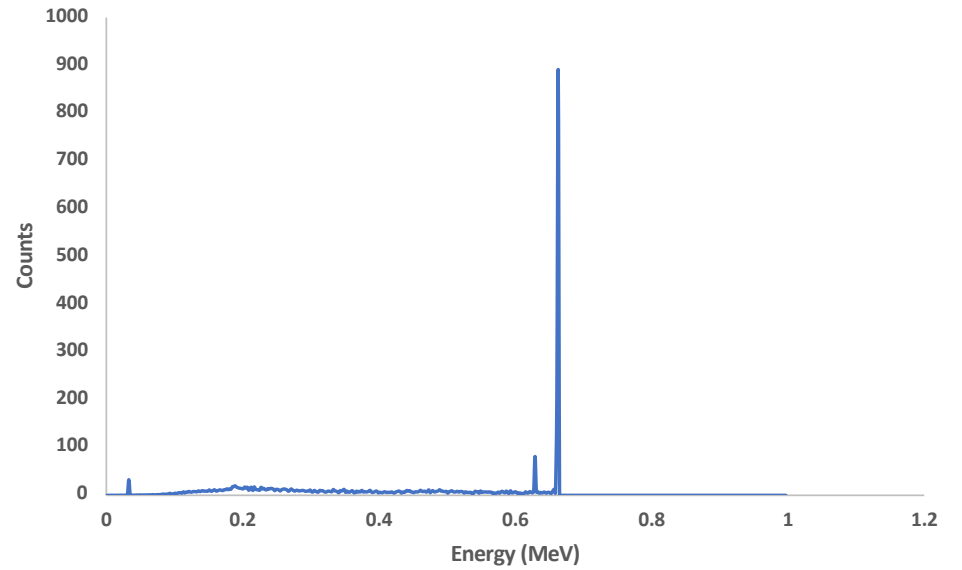


Water cylinder ($d = 1.0$)
 $h = 10 \text{ cm}$
 $\emptyset = 5 \text{ cm}$





Spectra - Cs137 in water



Case 1: Detector efficiency ~ 35%

Case 2: Detector efficiency ~ 22%

Vielen Dank!

Merci!

*thank
you*