November 26, 2021 IWM-EC 2021 via zoom (GANIL)

Status of the RI accelerator in Korea and experimental preparations

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Most of the slides are from Taeksu Shin from RISP and Tony Ahn from CENS

Visited GANIL three times in 2019



1. Overview Rare Isotope Science Project (RISP)

 Goal: To build a heavy ion accelerator complex RAON, for rare isotope science research in Korea.

* RAON - Rare isotope Accelerator complex for ON-line experiments

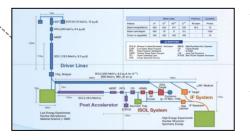
○ Budget: KRW 1,518 billion (US\$ 1.32 billion, 1\$=1,146krw)

- accelerators and experimental apparatus : 522.8 billion won
- civil engineering & conventional facilities : 996 billion won (incl. site 357 billion won)

O Period: 2011.12 ~ 2021.21 (1st Phase)

System Installation Project

Development, installation, and commissioning of the accelerator systems that provides high-energy (200MeV/u) and high-power (400kW) heavy-ion beam



- **Providing high intensity RI beams by ISOL and IF** ISOL: direct fission of ²³⁸U by 70 MeV proton IF: 200 MeV/u ²³⁸U (intensity: 8.3 pμA)
- Providing high quality neutron-rich beams e.g., ¹³²Sn with up to 250 MeV/u, up to 10⁹ particles per second
- Providing More exotic RI beam production by combination of ISOL and IF

Facility Construction Project

Construction of research and support facility to ensure the stable operation of the heavy-ion accelerator, experiment systems, and to establish a comfortable research environment

X Accelerator and experiment buildings, support facility, administrative buildings, and guest house, etc.





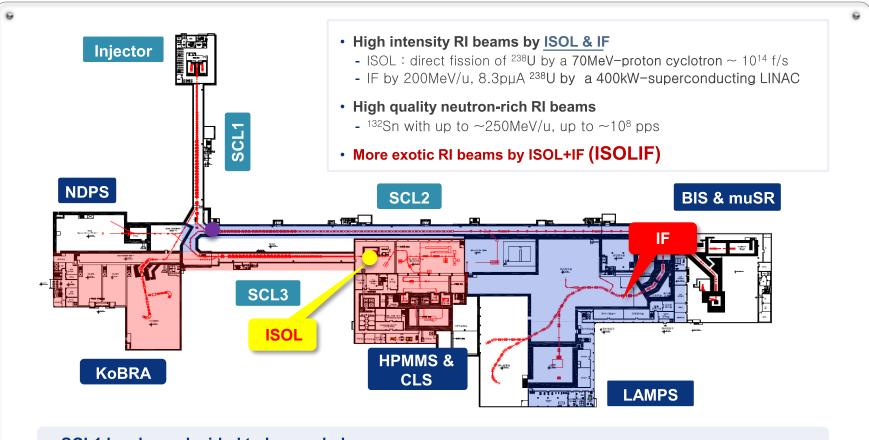
RAON Layout

Accelerator System
 Conventional Utilities
 RI producing System
 Experimental System



RAON Concept (ISOLIF)

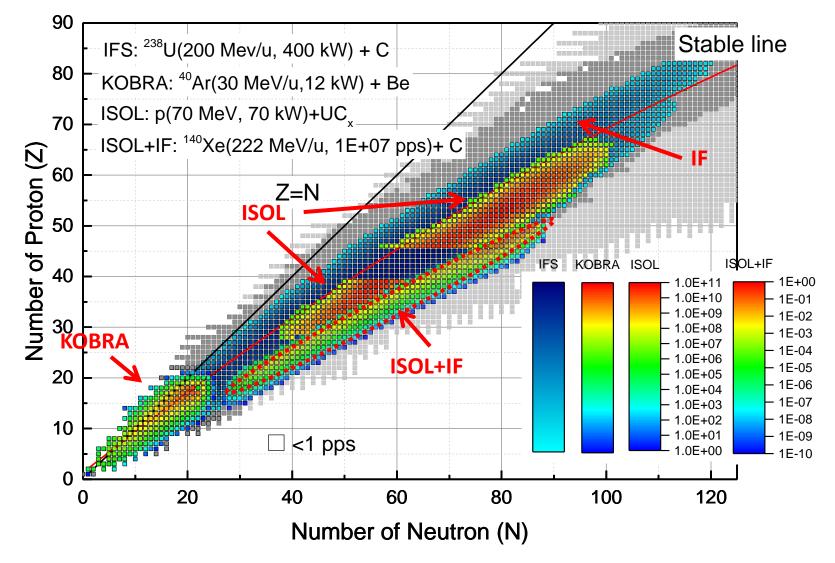
Accelerator complex for producing rare isotope beams



SCL1 has been decided to be pended SCL3 is going to be taking a role of SCL1 in the early operation

6

1. Overview RIBs at RAON

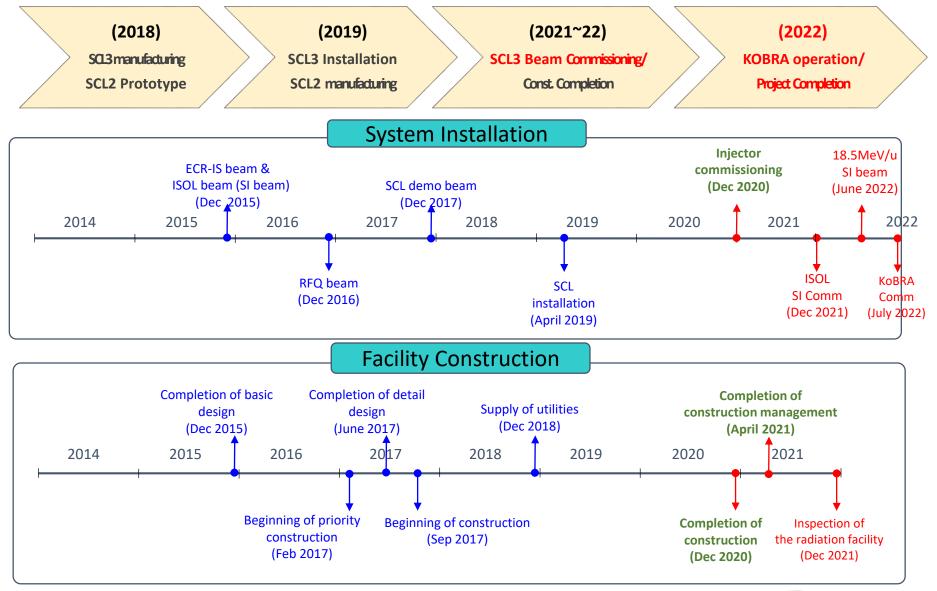


RAON will provide access to unexplored regions of the nuclear chart



1. Overview Project Milestone

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2. Construction View of Construction Place

• View of Construction Place (`21.11)

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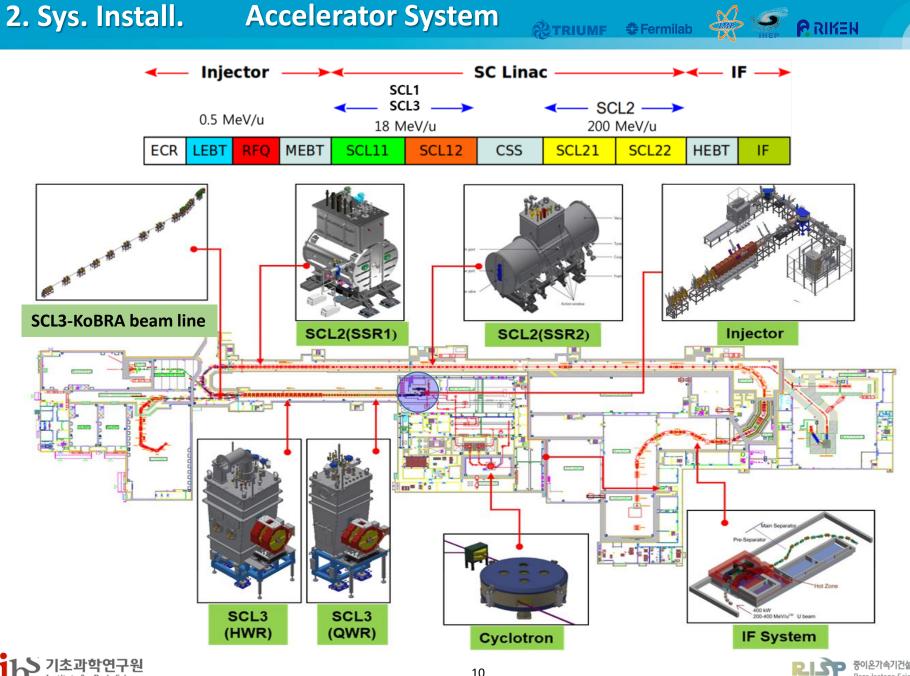
Part 2.

Accelerator Systems



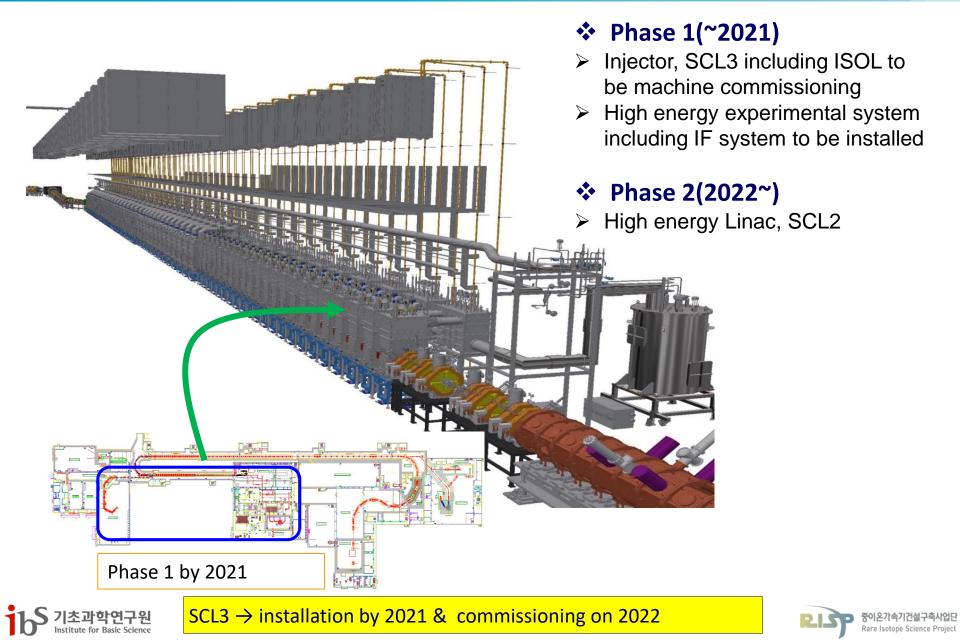






Institute for Basic Science

2. Sys. Install. Accelerator System



2. Sys. Install.

RAON Injector System

Two ECR-IS on high voltage platforms

- 14.5 GHz ECR ion source
- 28 GHz superconducting ECR ion source
- LEBT (E = 10 keV/u)
 - 10 keV/u, Dual bending magnet
 - Chopper & Electrostatic quads, Instrumentation
- RFQ (E = 500 keV/u)
 - 81.25 MHz, Transmission Eff. ~98%
 - CW RF Power 94 kW (SSPA: 150 kW)
- MEBT (E = 500 keV/u)
 - Four RF bunchers (SSPA: 20, 15, 4×2 kW)
 - Simple quadrupole magnets, Instrumentation





Installation completed and beam commissioning from October, 2020





RAON Injector Instrumentation



I XHX

• Wire scanner - 5 sets (4 installed)

I¥.

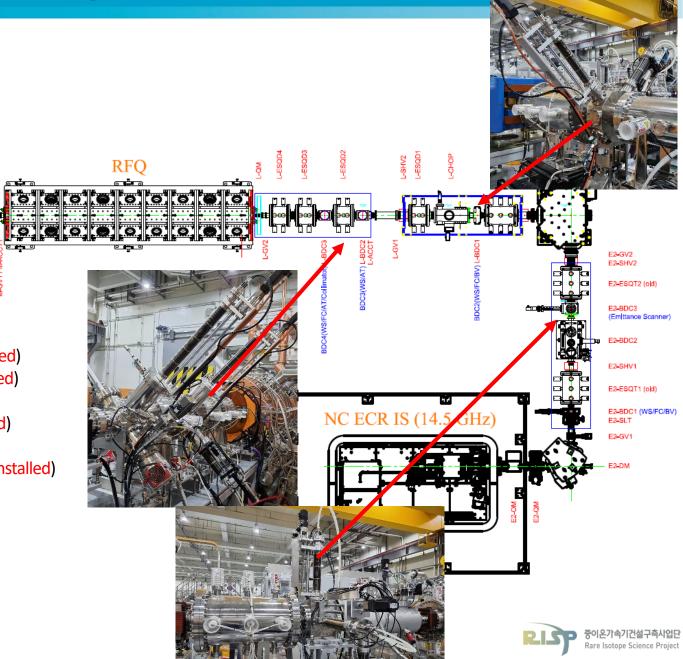
- Beam Viewer 3 sets (2 installed)
- Bergoz ACCT 1 set

ys. Install.

- Faraday Cup 5 sets (4 installed)
- beam Attenuator 2 sets
- 2-D Allison Scanner 2sets (1 installed)

MEBT (Installed)

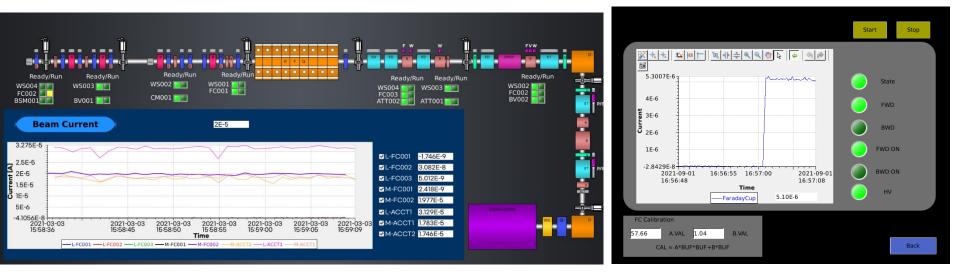
- Wire scanner 4 sets
- Beam Viewer 1 set
- Bergoz ACCT 2 sets
- Faraday Cup 2 sets
- Stripline FFC 1 set
- BPM 6 sets



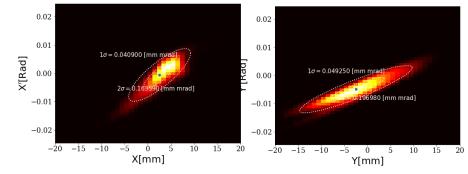
2. Sys. Install. Injector Beam Commissioning – Diagnostics Control

Injector beam commissioning

- ✓ EPICS basis control system
- ✓ Reference beam: 40 Ar⁹⁺ (100 µs pulse beam, 1Hz repetition rate)



- WS/FC/BV operation GUI(Sequence, Interlock)
- WS/FC DAQ calibration and auto setting/saving
- Analysis(fitting) WS measurements using py-epics
- Energy measurements with BPM pairs(TOF)





2. Sys. Install. Control System

Control Center



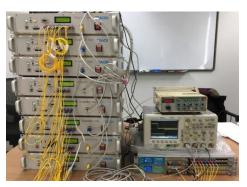
Main Control Room



Data Storage System

Timing System

Integrated Control System



Fast Protection System

Local Control System



EPICS IOC Controllers



SCL3 Control System(43)

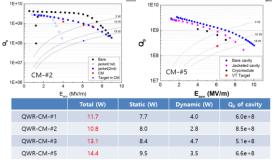
Beam Diagnostics Control System

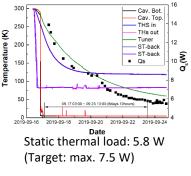


2. Sys. Install. **Accelerator System – SCL3**

SCL31(QWR)

- Design performance was achieved with prototypes(2017.5)
- · Oxygen beam was accelerated with injector and one QWR module(2017.10) 500 keV/u \rightarrow ~700 keV/u, Successful long-tem operation of cryomdoule
- Mass production was contracted with domestic vendor(2017.12) Pre-production cavities and cryomodules passed qualification, mass production is on-going Total thermal load <20W@6.1MV/m, 4.2 K
- · QWR Cryomodule installation done at SCL3 tunnel(2020.5)





SCL32(HWR)

Design performance was achieved with prototypes(2017.10) Thermal load <14.1W@6.6MV/m, 2.1 K (HWR type A)

Dynamic

thermal load

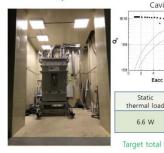
1.4 W (cavity#1

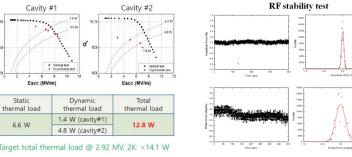
4.8 W (cavity#2)

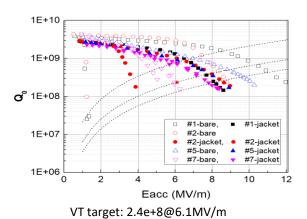
- · Mass production was contracted with domestic vendor(2018.5)
- HWR Cryomodule installation to be done(2021.12) Cavity #

Eacc (MV/ Static

6.6 W

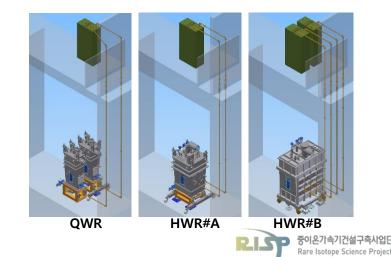






RF System

- SSPA (4kW) : 2018.07~2020.05
- Pre-production performance test(2019.11)
- HPRF transmission line (1-5/8")
 - Installation vertical parts (2019.10)
- LLRF control system (2019.07~2020.06)
- RF reference line (81.25MHz) : ~2019.12



On-site (Shin-Dong) test facility

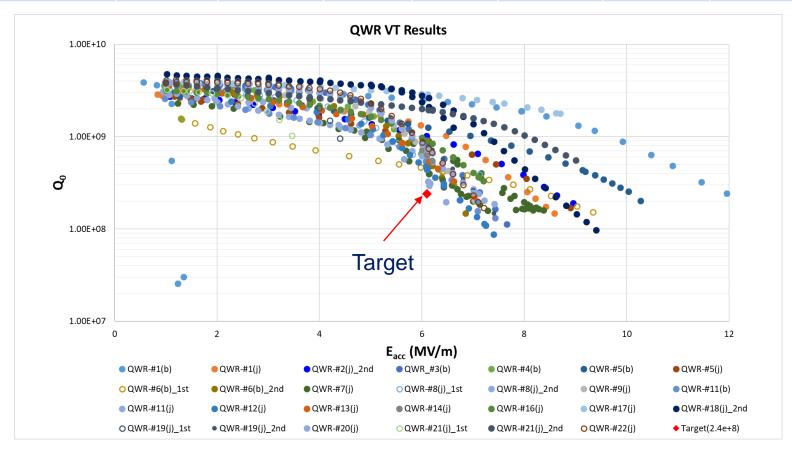


- 1 onsite 3 VT pits and 3 cavities per pit, 3 HT bunkers
- 1 offsite (15 Km from site) 2 VT pits and 2 cavities per pit
- Cover all RAON cavities QWR (82.125 MHz), HWR (162.5 MHz) and SSR1 & 2 (325 MHz)





| Frequency (MHz) | Optimum β | Eacc (MV/m) | Vacc (MV) | Q0 | # of cavity | # of module | Op. temp (K) | |
|--------------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------|-------------|----------------|-----------------|--|
| 81.25 | 0.047 | 6.1 | 1.06 | 1.3e+8 | 22 | 22 | 4.5 | |







2. Sys. Install. Installation Procedure

(Cryomodule + Warm section) + (Cryomodule + Warm section)

- Cryomodule & Warm section are clean assembled in the clean booth@tunnel
- Total Particle counts(size=0.5um above/10 mins) were less than 30 counts

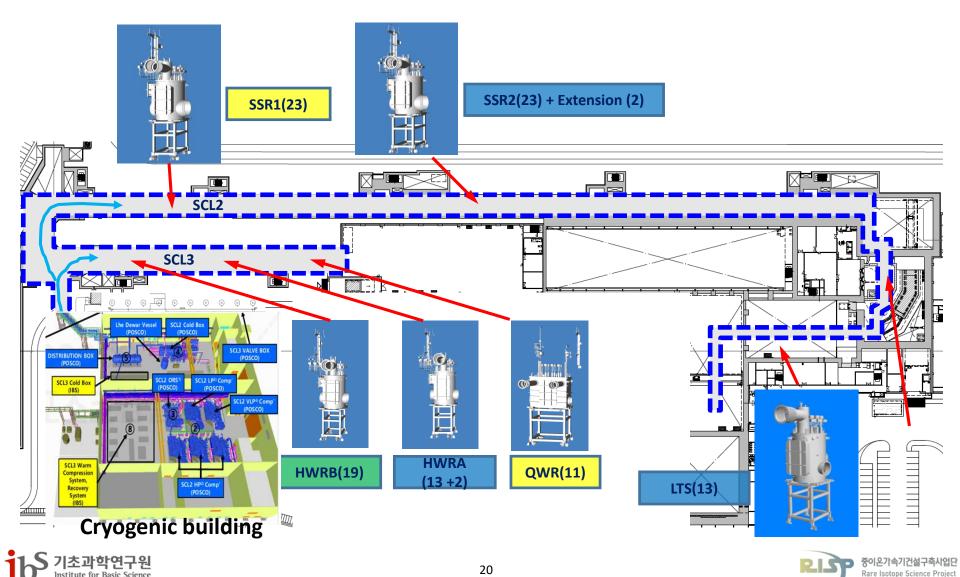






2. Sys. Install. Layout Cryogenic Distribution Systems

Layout of cryogenic distribution system @ SCL3 and SCL2



2. Sys. Install. Cryoplant

SCL3 cryoplant (4.2 kW @ 4.5 K)



Compressors and Oil Removal System (WCS)



Cold Box(CB)

SCL2 cryoplant (13.5 kW @ 4.5 K)



Compressors and Oil Removal System (WCS)



Cold Box (CB) (Left warm side, right – cold side)

SCL3 & SCL2 cryoplant are underway pre-commissioning, cool down ready by Feb 2022





Part 3.

RI & Experimental Systems







3. Sys. Install.

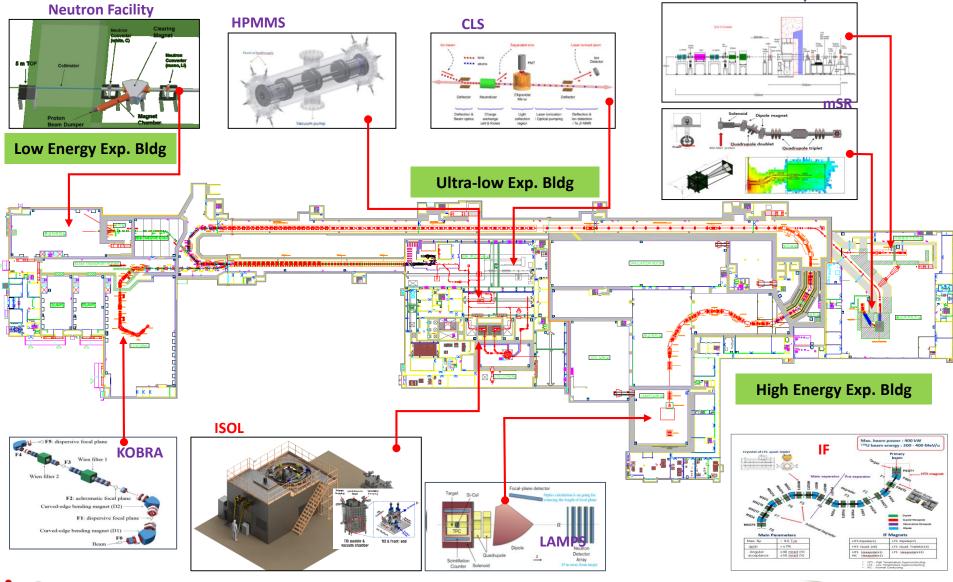
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RI & Experimental System

GSI GANU

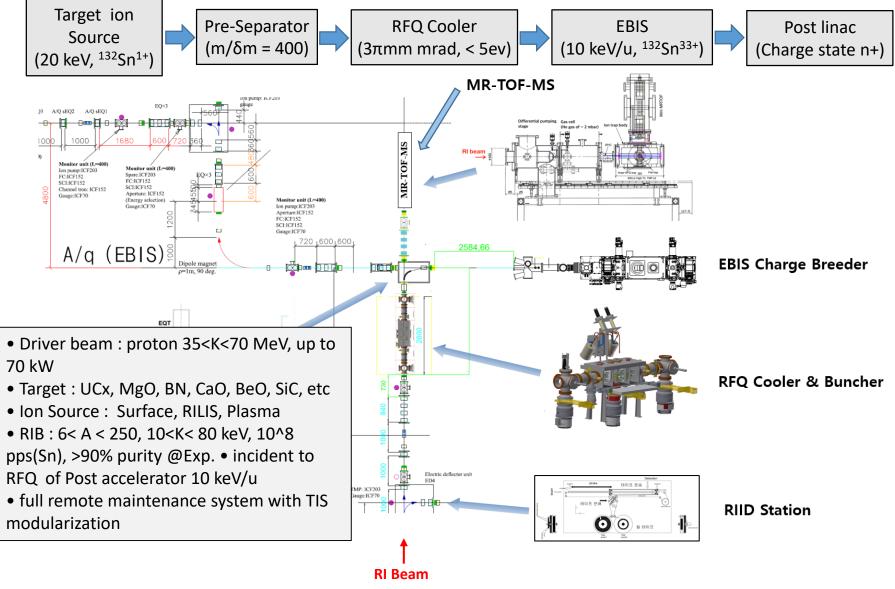


Bio-medical facility





3. Sys. Install. ISOL system



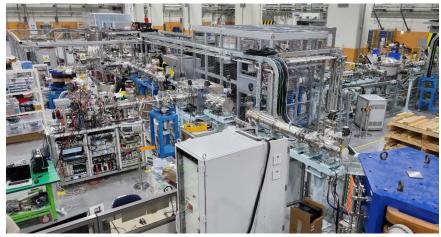
Rare Isotope Science Project



3. Sys. Install.

ISOL System

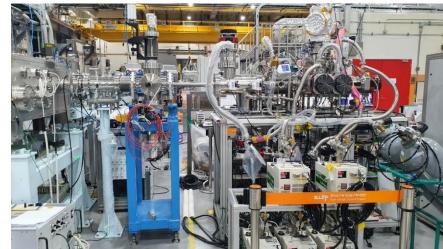




ISOL Target Room

ISOL Beam Line





MMS/MR-TOF

EBIS Charge Breeder

TIS, EBIS, RFQ-CB, beam line is being tested with SI(Cs) beam, completed in 2021

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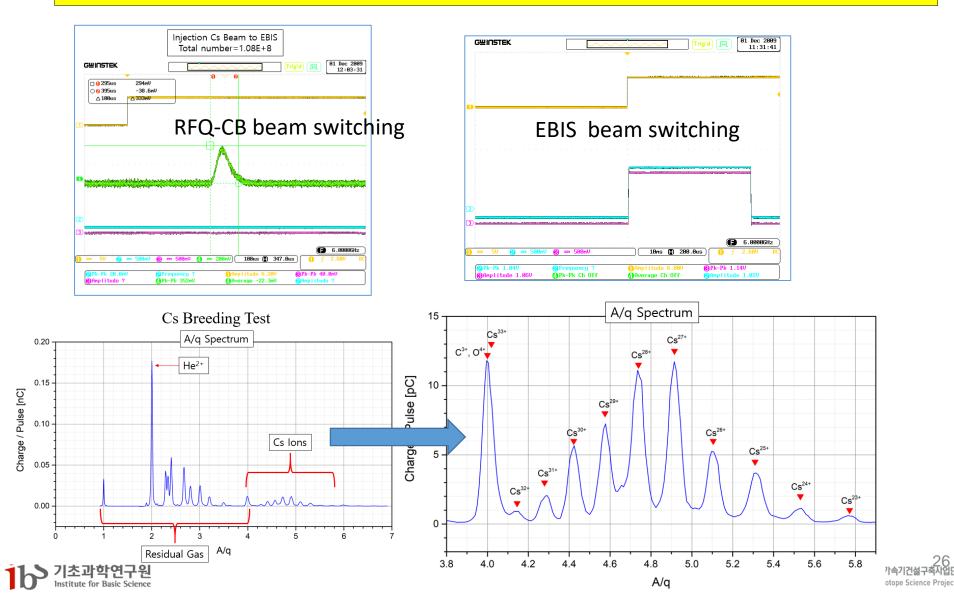
중이온가속기거

Rare Isotope Science Project

3. Sys. Install.

ISOL System

Success for charge breeding from RFQ-CB \rightarrow pathway to RI SCL3 reacceleration to be ready on 2021



3. Sys. Install. Cyclotron

Specs

- : 35~70 MeV proton, 0.75mA max with two beam lines connecting to ISOL TIS bunker(Target Ion Source)
- Schedule
 - : Contract('19.6), pre-survey('19.11), Design finalized('20.4),

FAT ('21.6) , Shipping('21.8), Installation('21.11.11~22.4.28)





Rigging will be done on Nov. of 2021, Installation/SAT on July of 2022

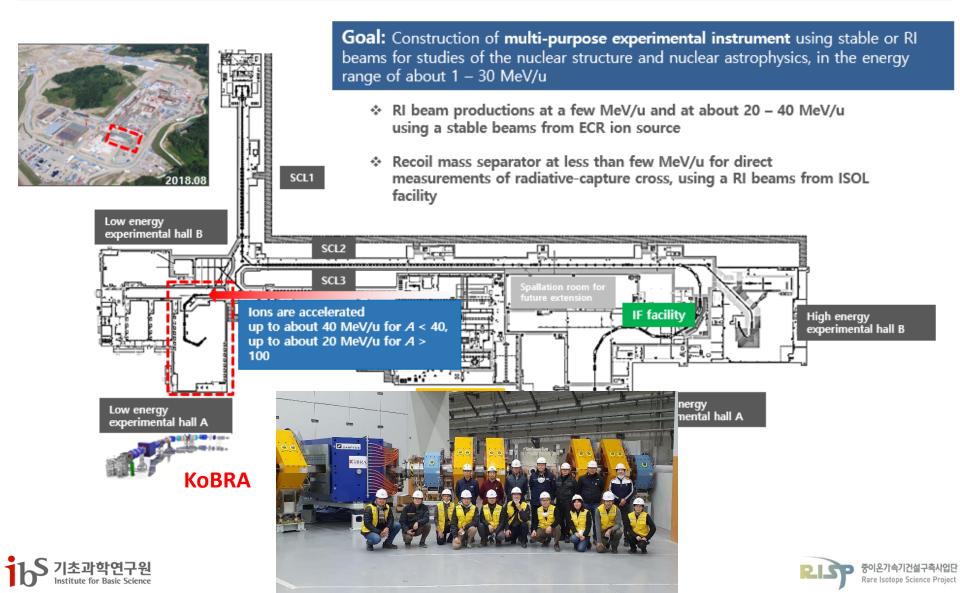


3. Sys. Install.

Kobra

Korea Broad acceptance Recoil spectrometer and Apparatus



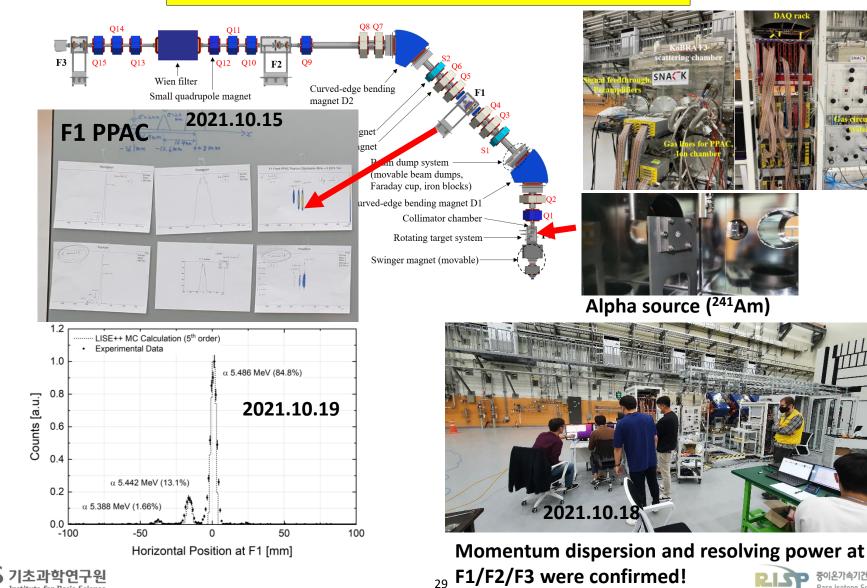


3. Sys. Install.

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Kobra

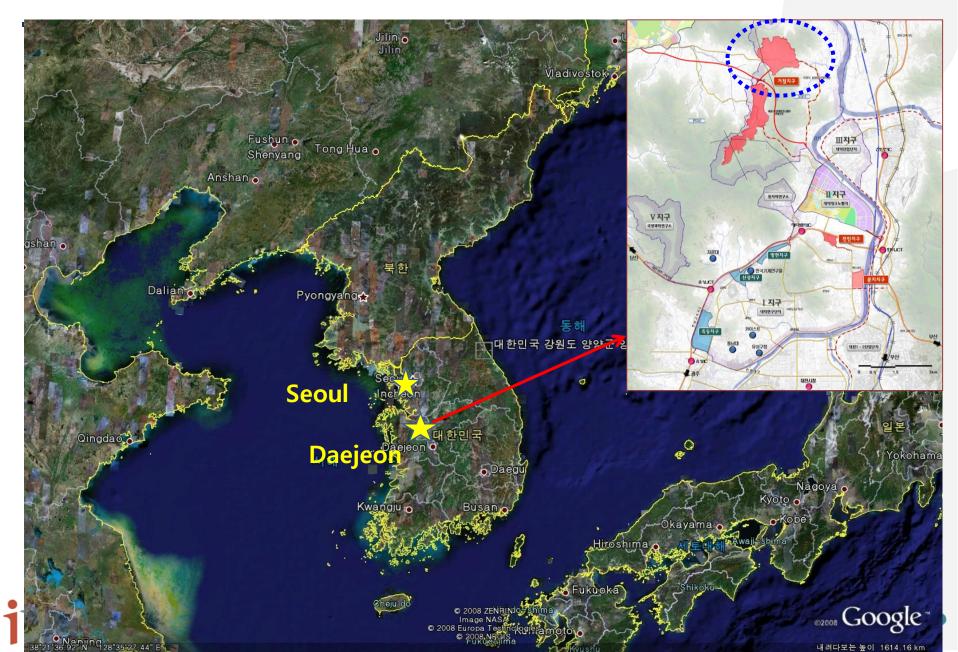
KoBRA machine commissioning completed on 2021.10







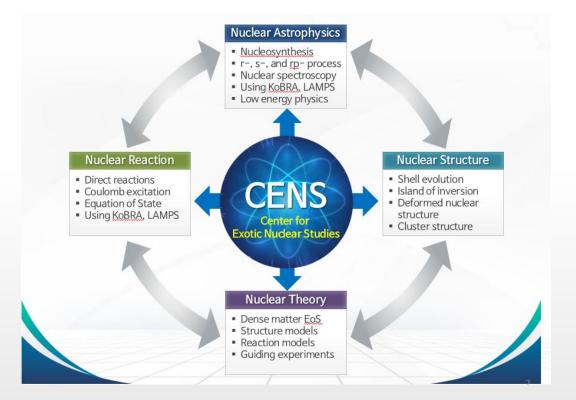
RAON Site



Introduction of IBS CENS

Origin of elements in the universe and properties of exotic nuclei

- The Center for Exotic Nuclear Studies (CENS) was launched in December 2019.
- It is located at the IBS HQ building in Daejeon, ~20 minutes to the RAON site by car.
- We currently have 18 researchers as of November 21, 2021.





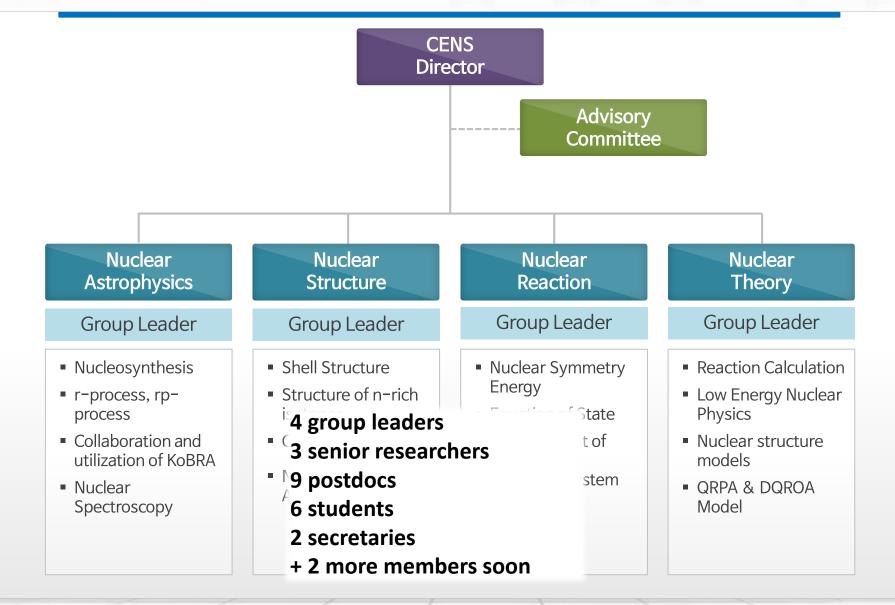
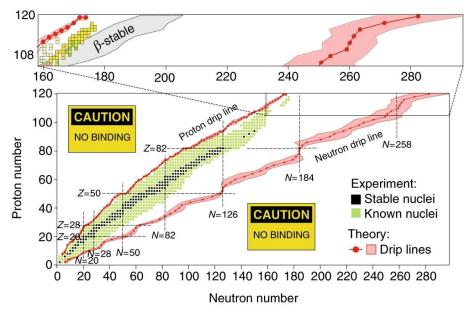


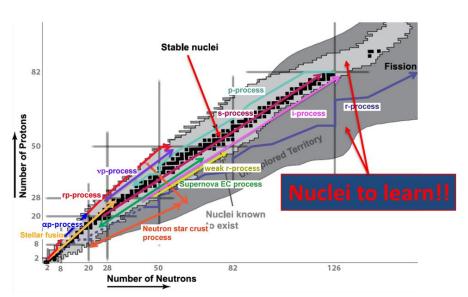


Chart of Nuclei

• Properties of Nuclei: mass, Q-value, $T_{1/2}$, P_n , level densities, reaction rates, level structure, magic number and drip line



Landscape of nucleon-bound nuclei as a function of Z and N. W. Nazarewicz, 2018



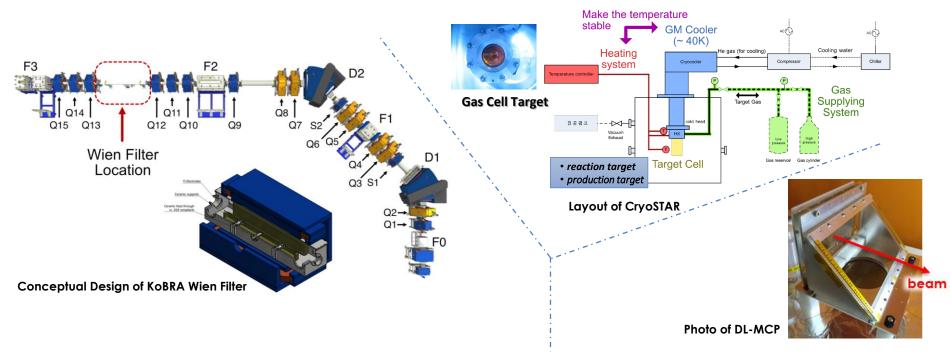
Schematic overview of the nuclear processes on nuclear chart H. Schatz, 2016



New Major Apparatus Developments

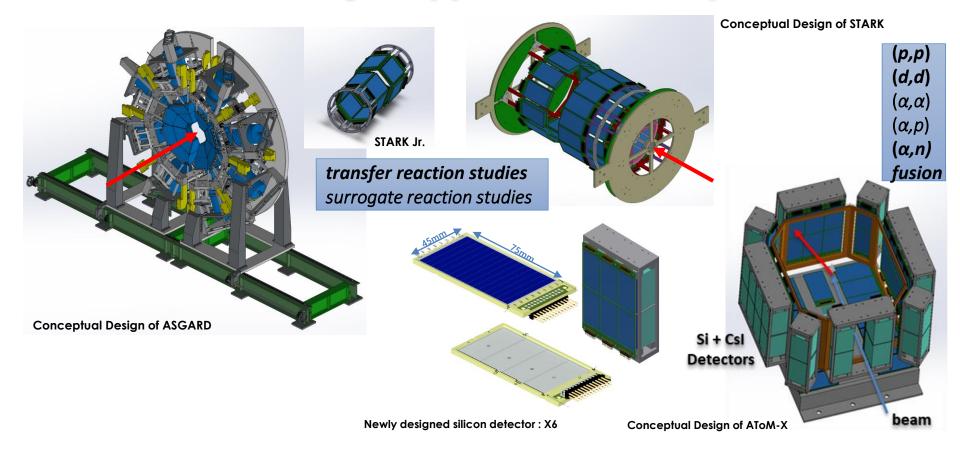
Devices for Rare Isotope Science!

Low Beam Intensity, Efficiency, Energy/Angle Resolution, Fast Timing, Low Threshold and so on..



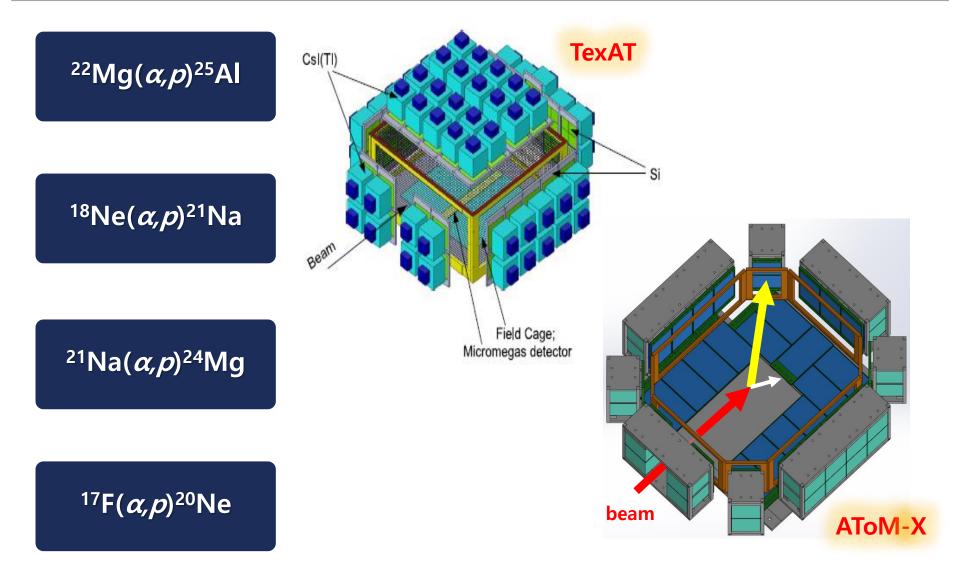


New Major Apparatus Developments



Plan for the future experiment







CENS Project Timeline

| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2 | 2023 | | 3 | 2024 | 2025 |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------|------|
| Wien Filter | | Purchase & | KWF se & installation at | | Test & RAON Commissioning | | | g Operation | l |
| HPGe Detector Array | | detector R&D hase & installation 0 | | Test & Commissioning | | | Operation | | |
| Silicon Detector Array | | tector R&D k installation Test | | | Purchase installation | | Test | Operation | |
| CENS AT-TPC | ENS AT-TPC R&D Purchase & installation | | ion | Test | | | | | |
| CENS Cryo Gas Cell Target | | Cryo Gas Cell R&D Purchase & installation | | Test | est | | Operation | | |
| RAON Schedule | SCL3 Commissioning | | | SCL3 Test | | | | | |
| FRIB@MSU Schedule Completion by 20 | | | y 2022 | | | | | | |
| FAIR@GSI Schedule | Completion b (Phase 0 for R&D and core detector) | | | | | | | 019) | |

plus

- ✓ Beam PID and
 Diagnostics System
- Detector System for Internal Conversion
 Electrons
- ✓ A New Plunger✓ Device
- and more.....

Summary & Outlook

Accelerator & RI, Exp systems

- Beam commissioning for the injector is a success and continued to the end of 2021.
- Installation for SCL3 will be completed by at the end of 2021, followed by cool down and beam commissioning on 2022
- ISOL will finish SI beam commissioning by 2021 and KoBRA is ready for beam commissioning on 2022

By the end of 2022, we will achieve

- SI beams: Stable ion beams (¹⁶O, ⁴⁰Ar) from ECRIS \rightarrow SCL3 \rightarrow KoBRA low E exp hall
- **RI beams:** RIBs extraction from ISOL \rightarrow re-acceleration through SLC3 \rightarrow low E exp hall
- Stable / RI beams will be delivered to low-E experimental hall
- Early phase experiments are going to be performed using KOBRA
 - \rightarrow RIBs production at KOBRA (A<~50, beam energy < 20 MeV/u) using SI beams from SCL3
- Preparation for the 2nd stage of construction begins for SCL2
- Installation and independent commissioning for IF, LAMPS, Neutron, bio-medical and μSR
 - → Collaborative works with RUA (RAON Users Association) via RULC (RAON Users Liason Center)

Beyond 2022,

- Beam commissioning for ISOL \rightarrow SCL3 \rightarrow SCL2 \rightarrow IF
- Stable operation with 200MeV/u beams up to 80kW
- Science program starts with both ISOL and IF systems
- UCx target and U-beam operation





