

C. Vallée, Séminaire LAPP, 25/09/2020

Séminaire LAPP, Annecy, 25 Septembre 2020

Claude Vallée (CPPM Marseille)

PHYSICS BEYOND COLLIDERS

Excerpt from the 2016 PBC mandate by CERN Management:

“Explore the opportunities offered by the CERN accelerator complex and infrastructure to address some of today’s outstanding questions in particle physics through experiments complementary to high-energy colliders and other initiatives in the world.”

Time scale: next 2 decades

pbw.web.cern.ch

PBC Summary Report: [arXiv:1902.00260](#)

PBC BSM Report: [arXiv:1901.09966](#)

PBC QCD Report: [arXiv:1901.04482](#)

PBC Accelerator Reports:

<http://cds.cern.ch/collection/PBC%20Reports?ln=en>

PBC WORKING GROUP STRUCTURE

Main coordinators: J. Jaeckel, M. Lamont, C. Vallée

BSM conveners: C. Burrage, G. Lanfranchi, S. Rozanov, G. Russo

QCD conveners: M. Diehl, J. Pawlowski, G. Schnell

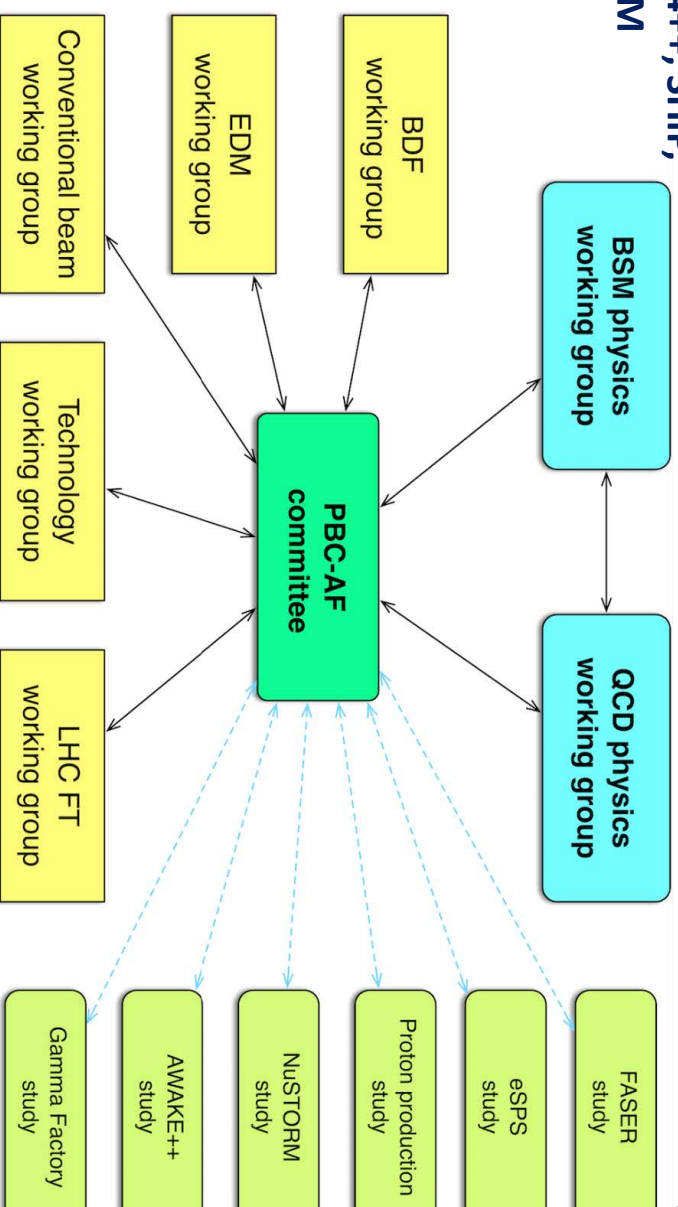
+ ext. experts + projects representatives:

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NA62++, KLEVER, NA64++, SHIP,
LDMX, IAXO, JURA, EDM

COMPASS++, MUONE, DIRAC++

AFTER, CRYSTAL,
LHcb-FT, ALICE-FT
NA61++, NA60++



~100 core members in the Working Groups > 200 WG meetings

Organisation and follow-up of activities documented on <http://pbc.web.cern.ch/>

PBC KICK-OFF WORKSHOP, CERN, September 2016

Call for abstracts → 20 selected for presentation

1st GENERAL WORKING GROUP MEETING, CERN, March 2017

Identification of main issues to be studied

2nd PBC WORKSHOP, CERN, November 2017

Working groups project reports

New call for abstracts → 7 selected for presentation

2nd GENERAL WORKING GROUP MEETING, CERN, June 2018

3rd PBC WORKSHOP: CERN, January 16-17, 2019

Summary of inputs to EPPSU and survey of future studies

3rd GENERAL WORKING GROUP MEETING, CERN, 5-6 November 2019

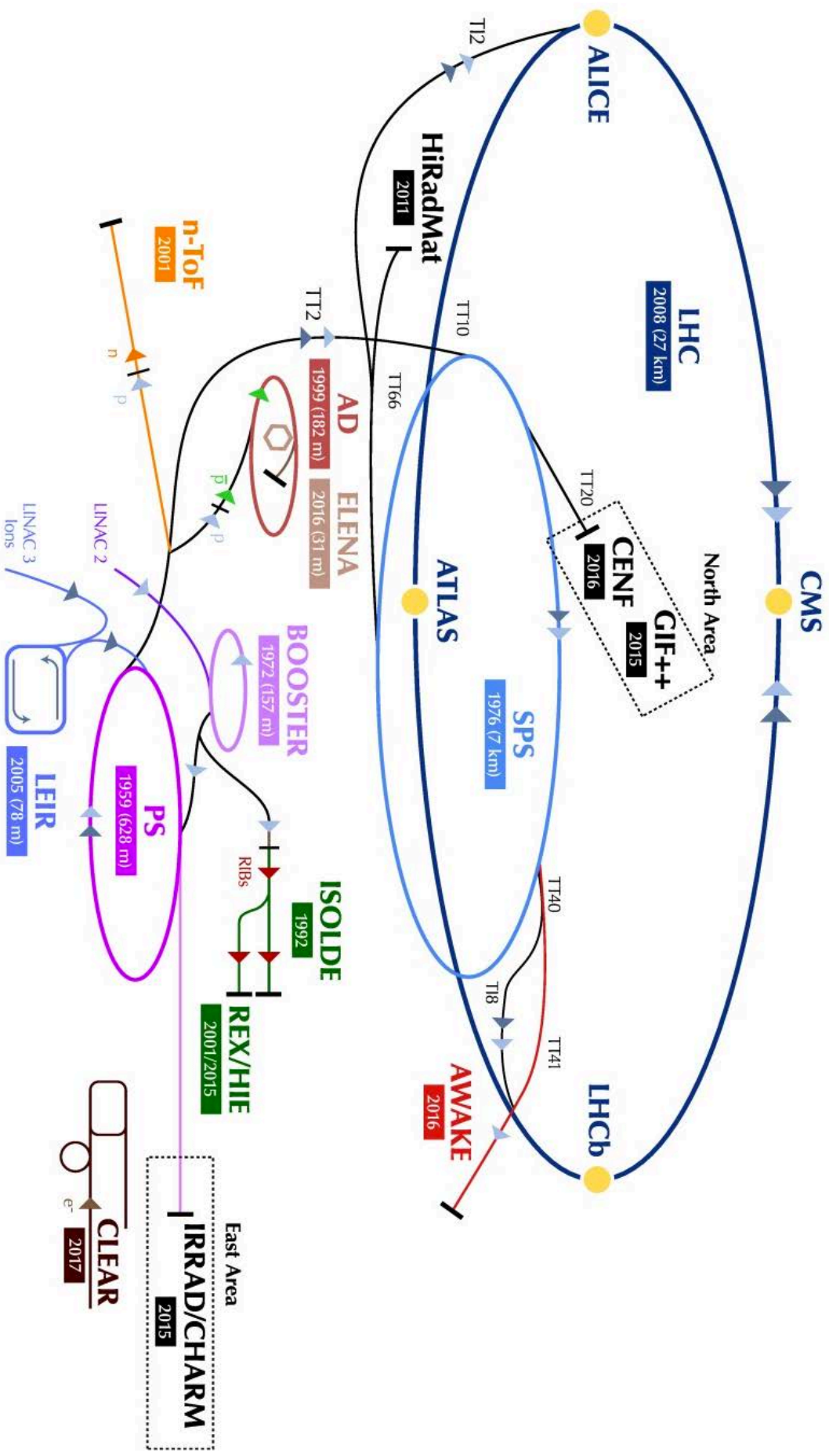
Updated status of projects before EPPSU drafting session

Post-EPPSU WORKSHOP scheduled on 13-15 January 2021

HISTORY OF PBC EVENTS

THE CERN LHC INJECTOR COMPLEX

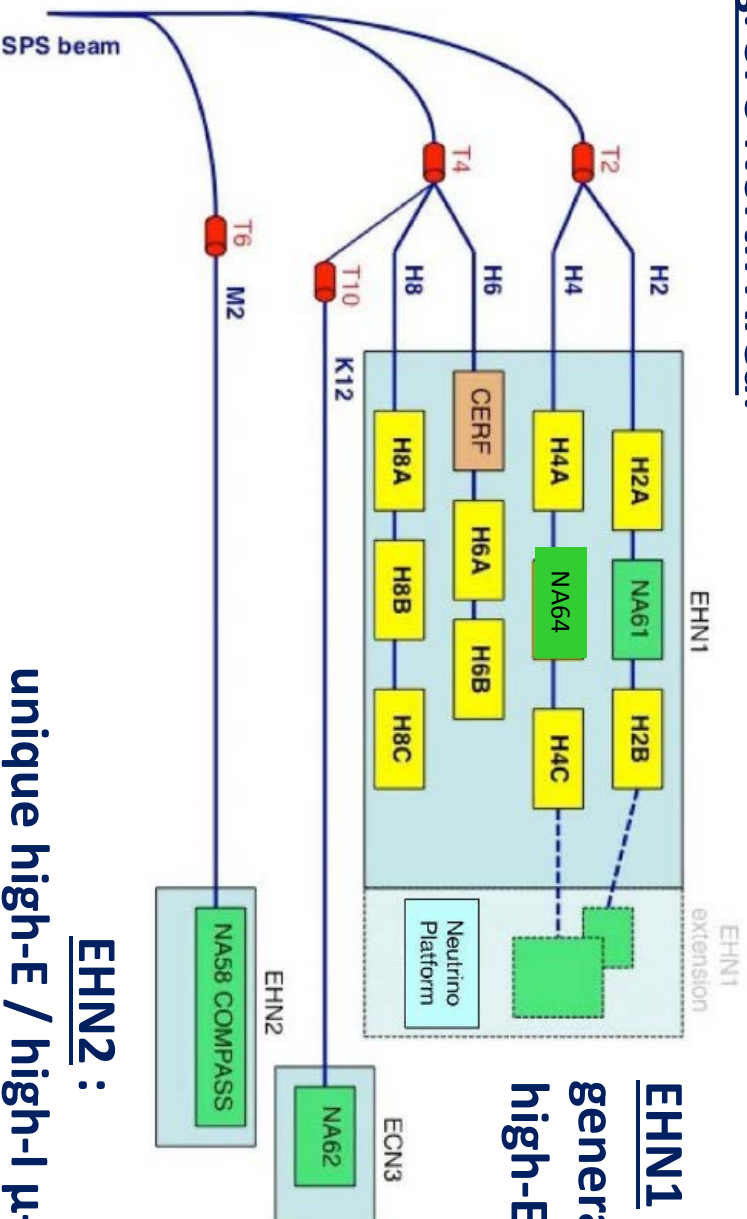
> 1000 physicists
> 20 projects



IMPLEMENTATION CONSTRAINTS OF NEW PROJECTS

Governed to a great extent by existing beamlines/halls/experiments

e.g. SPS North Area:



EHN1:
general purpose hall with unique
high-E / medium-I beams for all particles

ECN3:
unique underground hall
for high-I hadron beams

EHN2:
unique high-E / high-I μ -beam

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- Precision measurements and rare processes
- Beam dumps

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

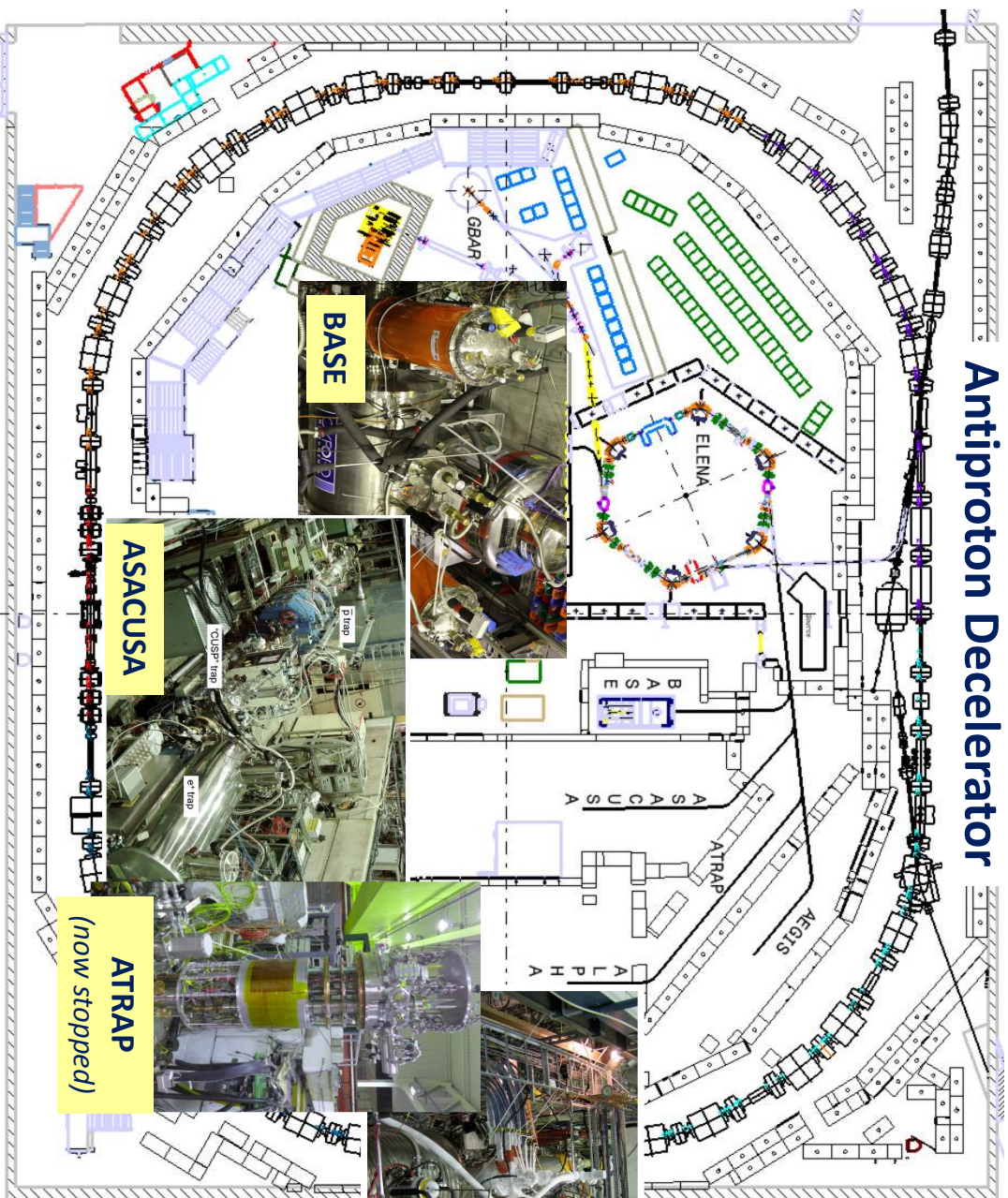
3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- Precision measurements and rare processes
- Beam dumps

(for the record)

ANTIMATTER FACTORY

Antiproton Decelerator



Up to now: 4 experiments devoted to Antiproton and Antihydrogen Properties

2.5 more in preparation to test gravity of Antihydrogen: AEGIS/GBAR/ALPHA-g



ALPHA

AFTER LS2: ELENA

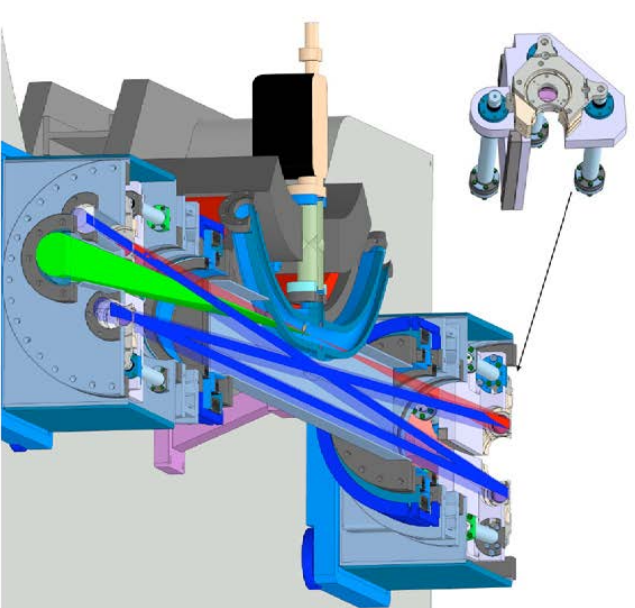
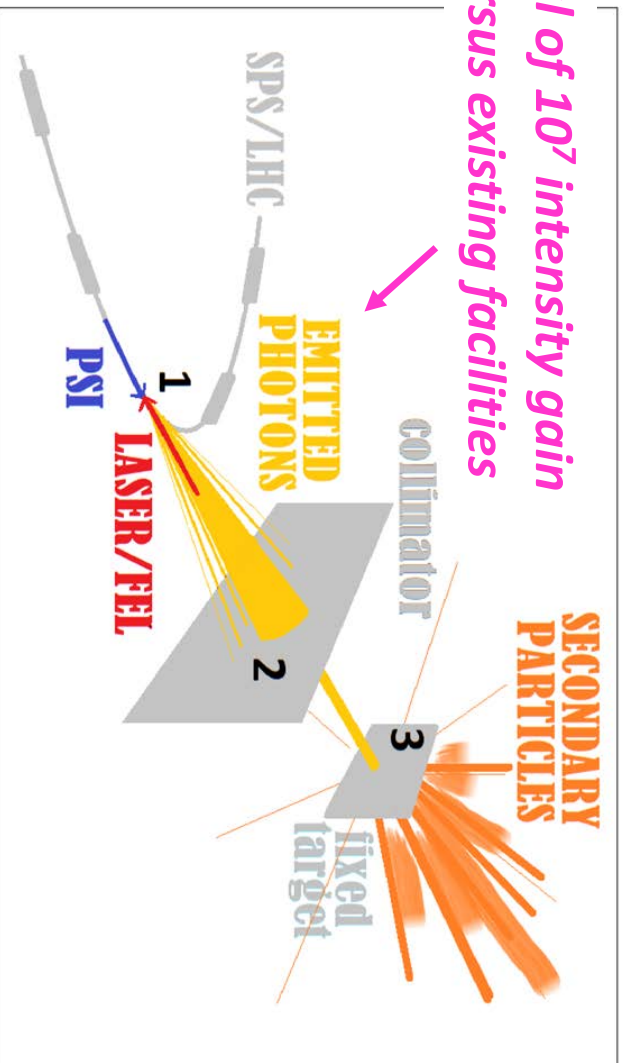
Further deceleration of pbar from 5 MeV to 100 KeV → trapping efficiency $\times \sim 100$

Secures antimatter physics for the next decade

GAMMA FACTORY

New idea introduced within PBC

*Goal of 10^7 intensity gain
versus existing facilities*

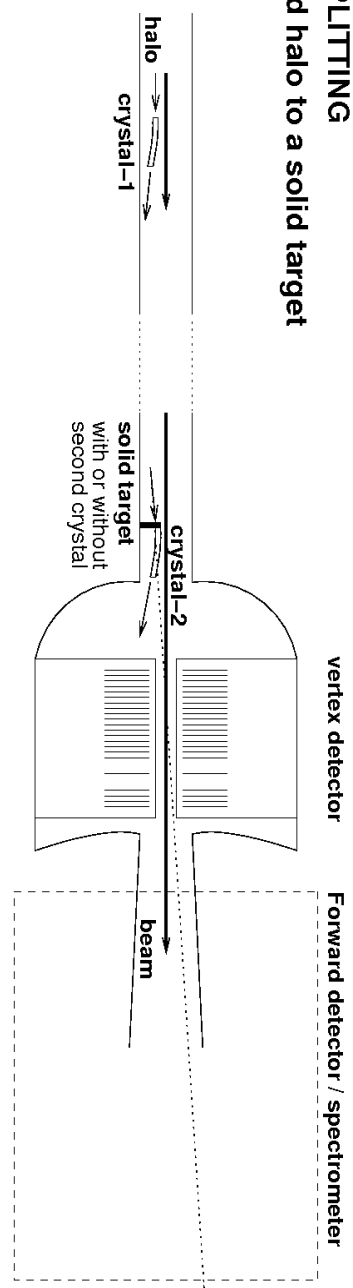


**Important milestone reached within PBC
with successful acceleration and storage
of Partially Stripped Ions in LHC**

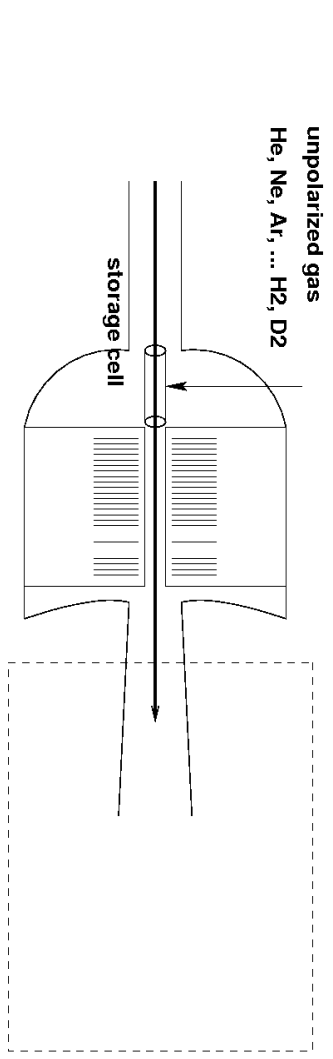
**Proof of Principle experiment with
full configuration foreseen at SPS after LS2**

NB: physics reach to be quantified once all ingredients are better understood

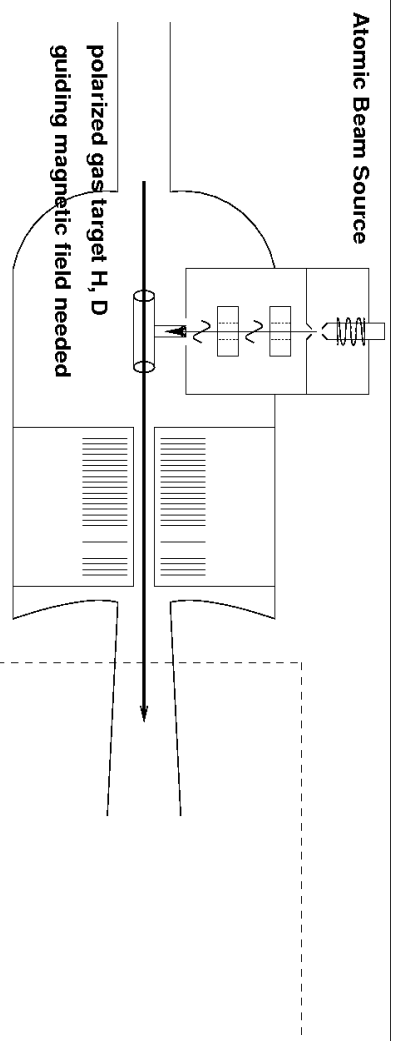
BEAM SPLITTING channeled halo to a solid target



STORAGE CELL



POLARIZED TARGETS



LHC FIXED-TARGET

*More systematic
investigation of an idea
pioneered by LHCb*

**3 options studied
by LHCb and ALICE**

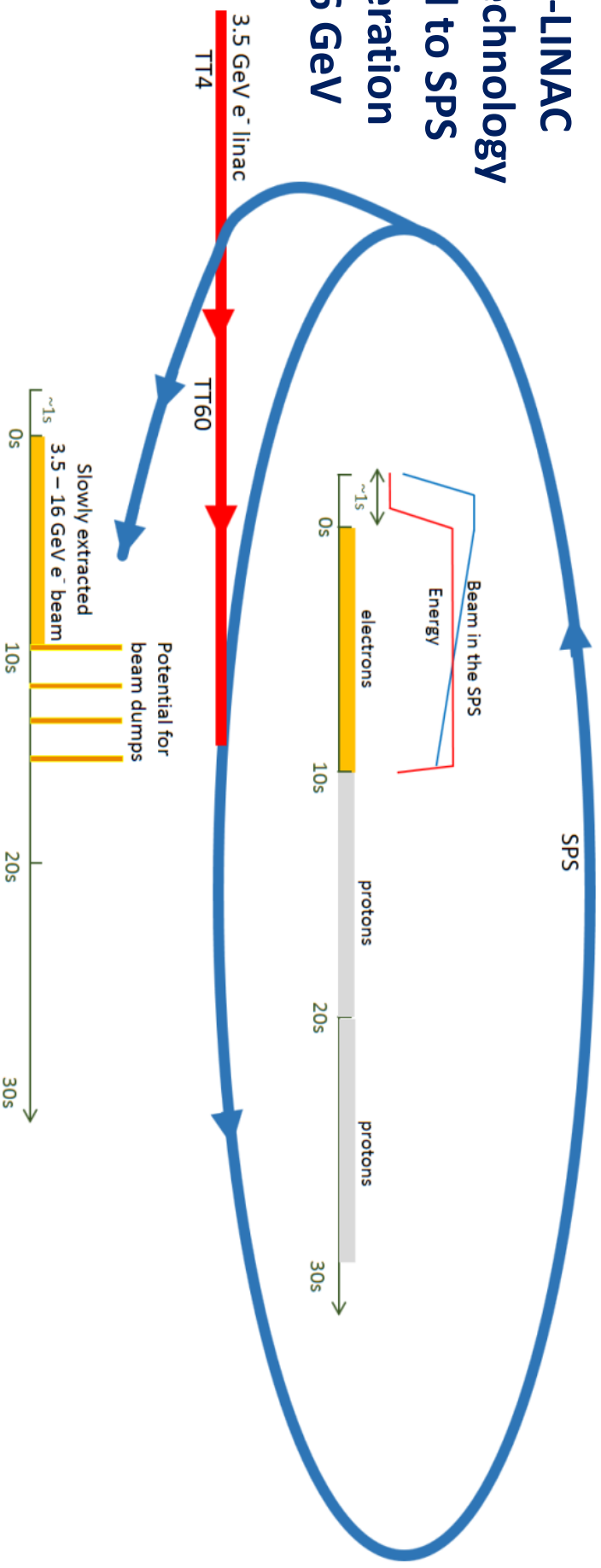
**LHC internal targets are
cost-effective compared to
LHC beam extraction to
new experimental halls**

Main issue of LHC internal fixed targets: compatibility with other LHC programs/goals

NEW e-BEAM: eSPS

New idea building on CLIC R&D

**3.5 GeV e-LINAC
with CLIC technology
connected to SPS
for acceleration
up to 16 GeV**



**Slow extraction of up to $\sim 10^{16}$ e/year
if 1/3 of SPS duty cycle reserved to facility**

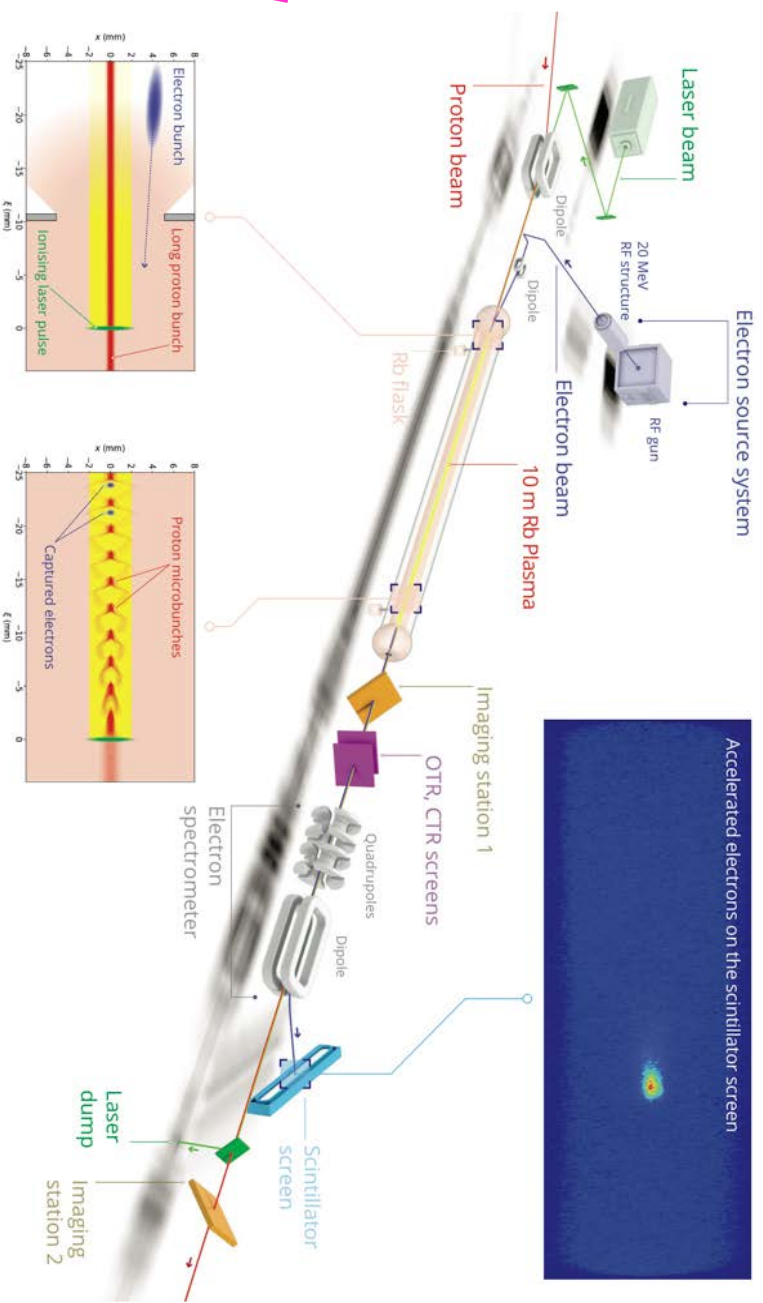
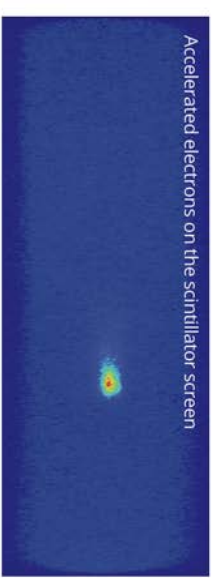
NEW e-BEAM: AWAKE++

New idea building on AWAKE R&D

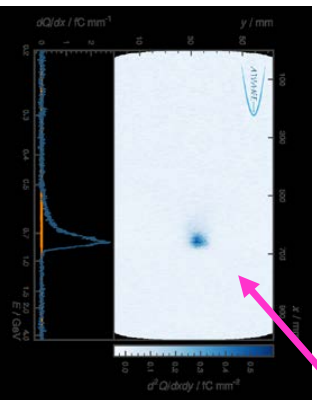
**Electron acceleration
with a plasma cell
excited by proton bunches**

Could provide $\sim 10^{15}$ ~ 50 GeV pulsed

**e's/year in the post-LS3 era
to an experiment located
in the CNGS decay tunnel**



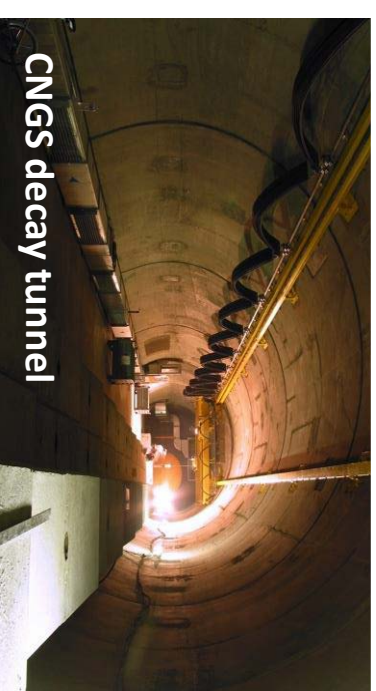
First accelerated e seen in 2018 (~ 2 GeV) - Phase 2 (~ 10 GeV) in preparation for runs3



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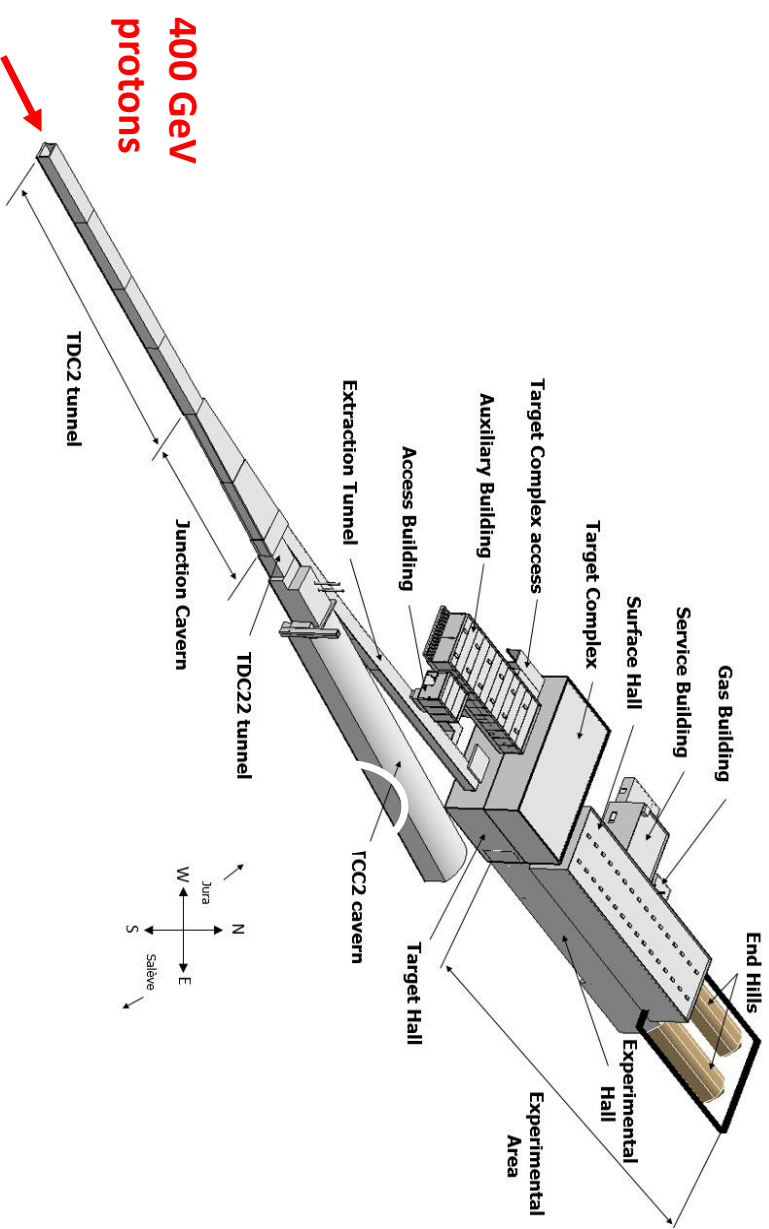
ers



CNGS decay tunnel

PROTON BEAM DUMP FACILITY

Deeper study of an EoI submitted in ~2013



Comprehensive Design Study done within PBC

including critical tests of proton beam slow extraction and target prototype

Next step: TDR

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

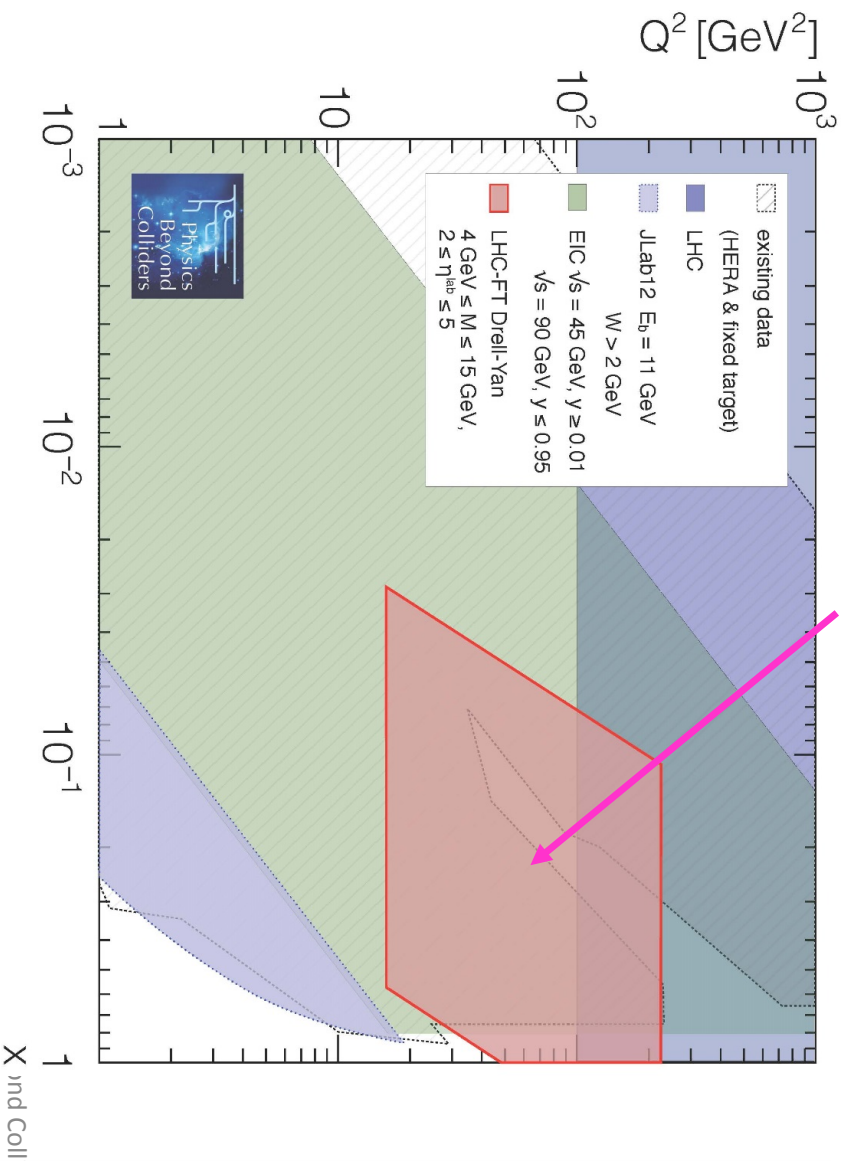
3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- Precision measurements and rare processes
- Beam dumps

PBC QCD PROJECTS IN WORLDWIDE LANDSCAPE

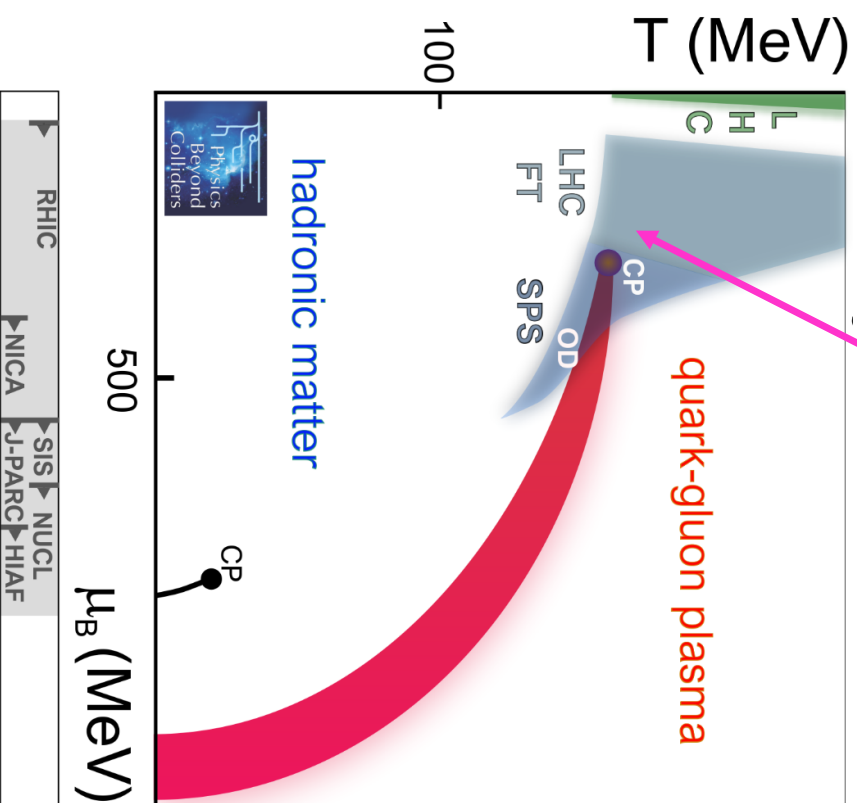
Structure Functions

Unique reach of LHC-FT with high statistics at high-x / high Q^2



QCD Phase Transition

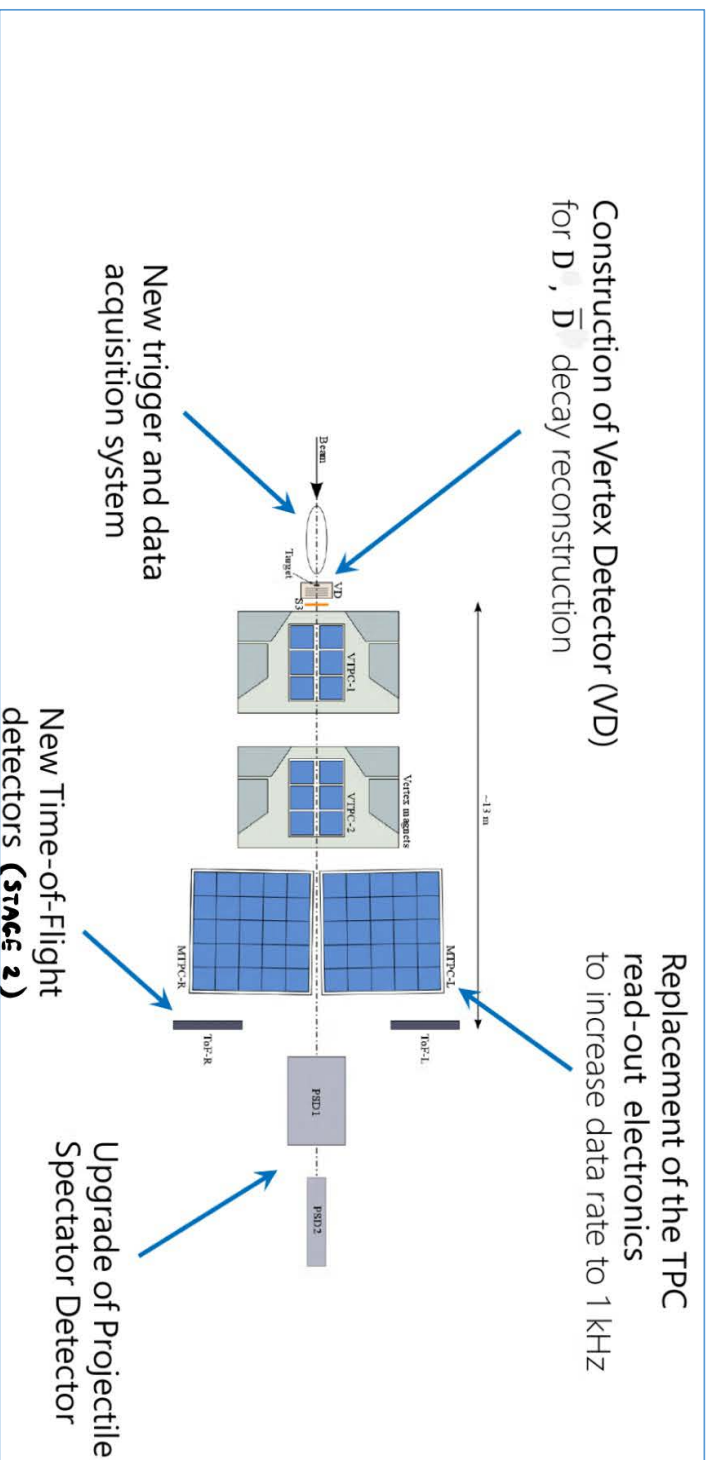
Unique reach of LHC-FT & SPS in transition region to high- μ_B



Opportunity to study open charm close to expected CP-region.

(was not done by 1st generation SPS QGP-experiments)

Also unique measurements for v-beams and cosmic rays

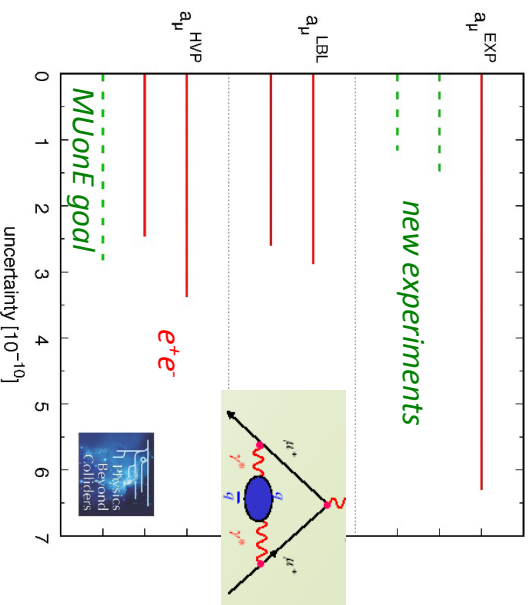


Moderate detector upgrades required, well under control in collaboration with ALICE

Unique physics reach

No new competition on beamline

(g-2)_μ uncertainties



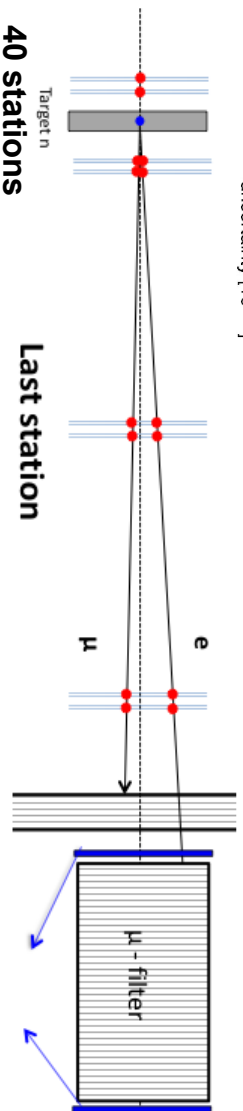
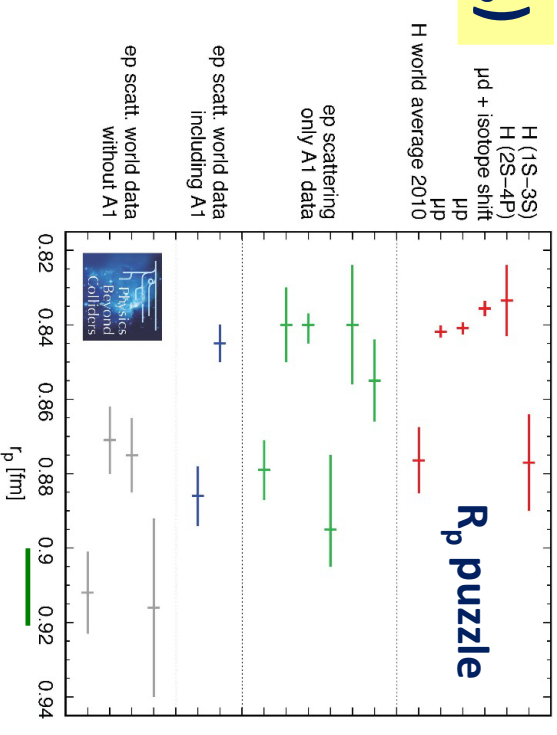
MUONE ↔ COMPASS(R_p)

μ-e ↔ μ-p

elastic scattering

In competition on

same μ-beam in EHN2



Suitable MUONE position identified upstream of COMPASS

new COMPASS TPC

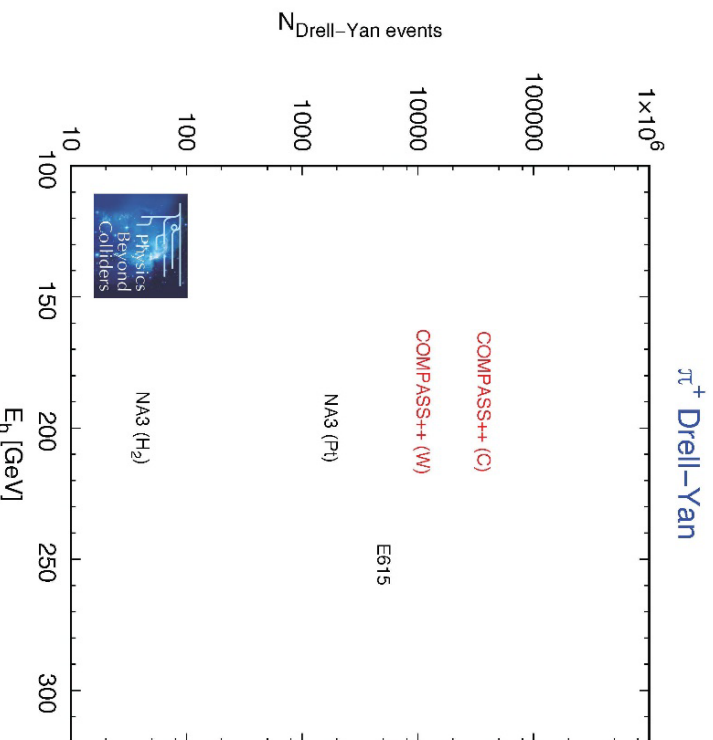
→ COMPASS spectro

Convincing physics motivation

Both projects still need better quantification of feasibility and precision as well as studies for common siting and/or operation

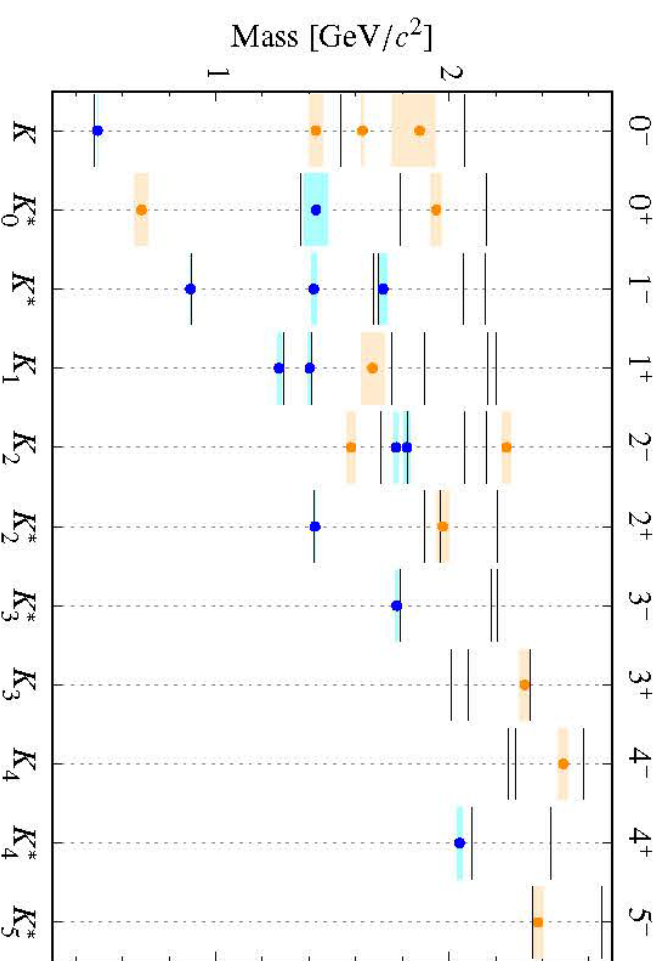
COMPASS++/AMBER “QCD FACILITY”

Competition from growing number of QCD facilities worldwide
Some highlights identified by PBC



With existing beams:

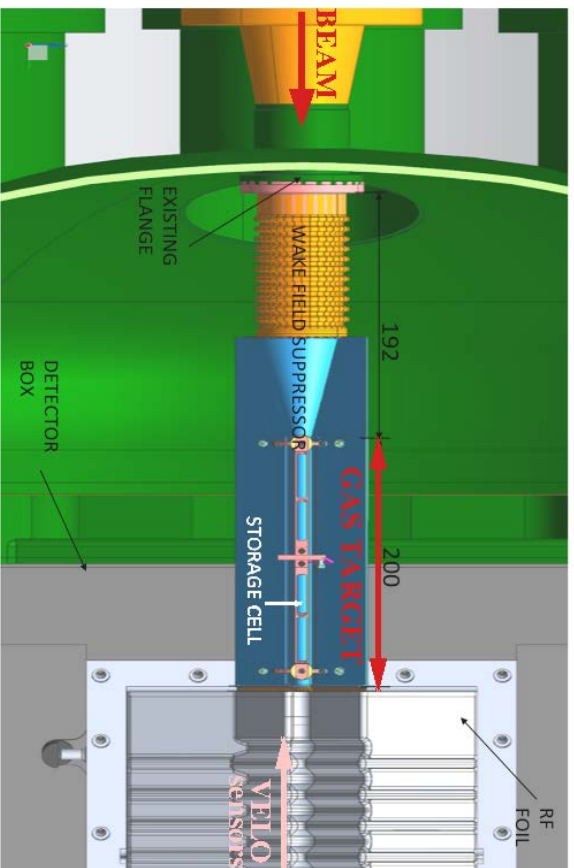
Unique opportunity for higher precision pion structure measurements



With new RF-separated K-beam:

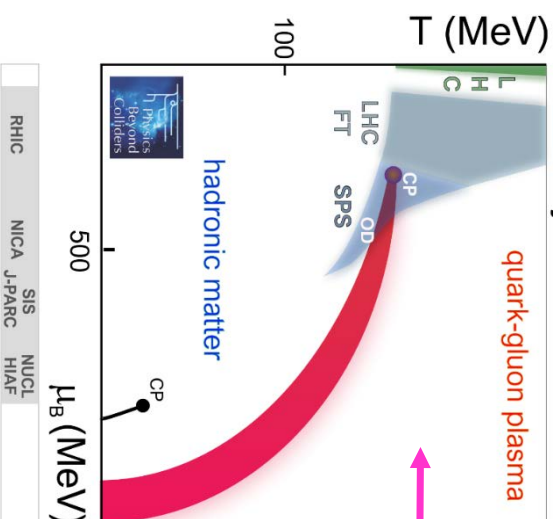
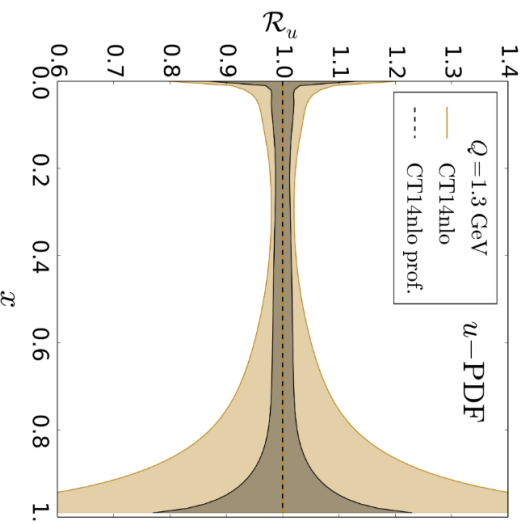
(significant investment possible for post-LS3): Comprehensive measurement of strange spectroscopy

LHC FIXED TARGET



Already started by LHcb in run 2 with SMOG.
 Promising SMOG2 storage cell development:
 FT lumi $\times \sim 100$ in run 3

R&D ongoing on polarized gas targets
 and double-crystal set-ups
 ALICE also interested



“Simple” storage cells already open
 unique opportunities in both
 hadron and QGP physics
 Optimization of FT- and collider-operation
 required to maximize LHC-FT physics reach

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

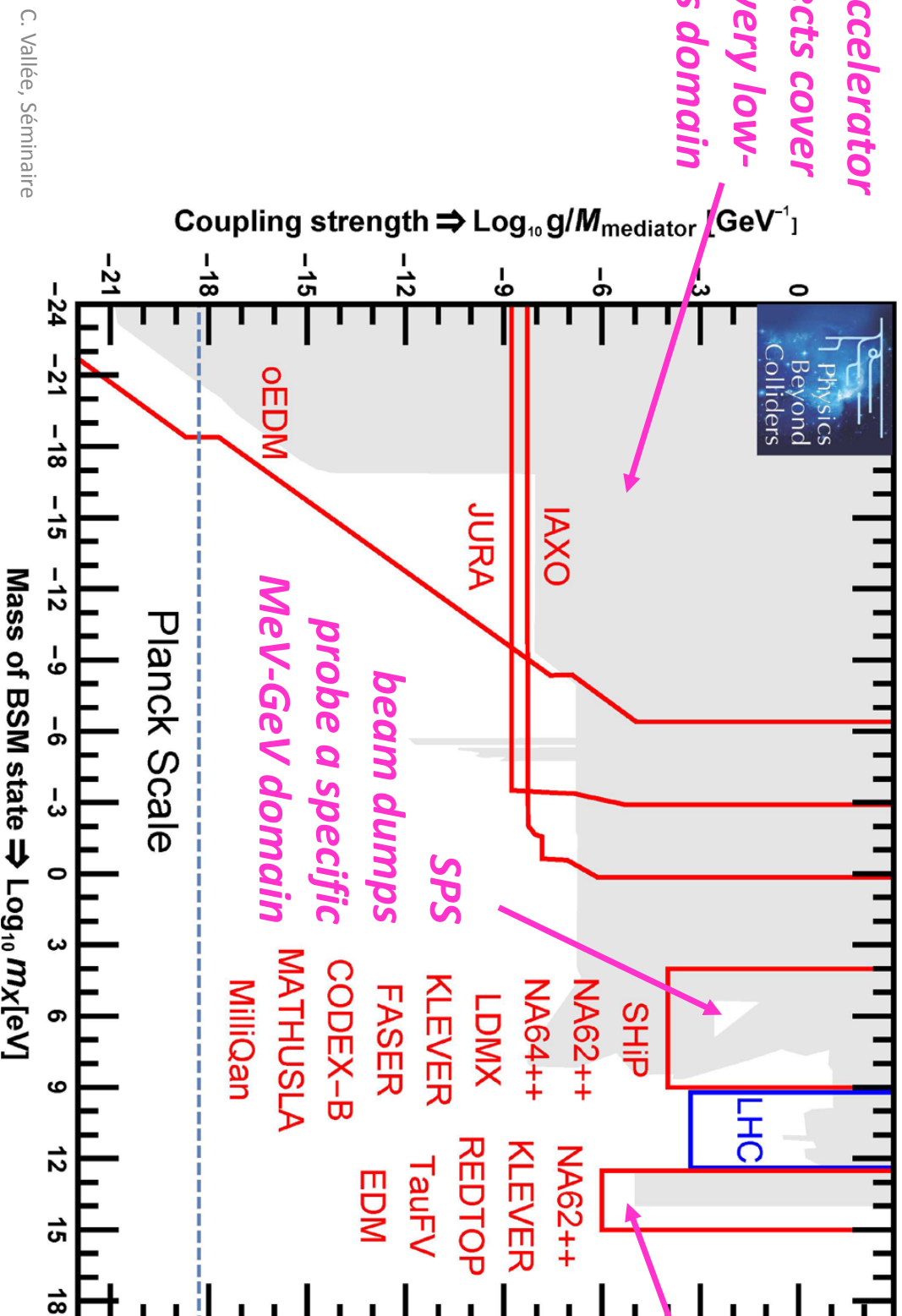
3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- Precision measurements and rare processes
- Beam dumps

PBC BSM PROJECTS IN WORLDWIDE LANDSCAPE

EDM &

non-accelerator projects cover the very low-mass domain



Precision & rare processes extend reach of high-E colliders

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- **Precision measurements and rare processes**
- **Beam dumps**

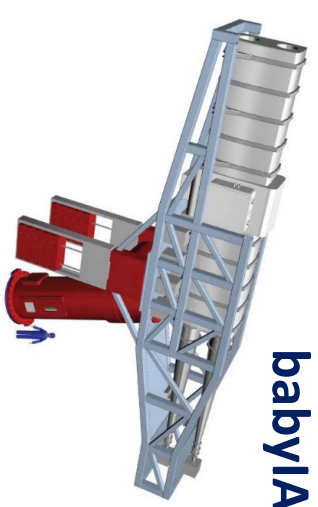
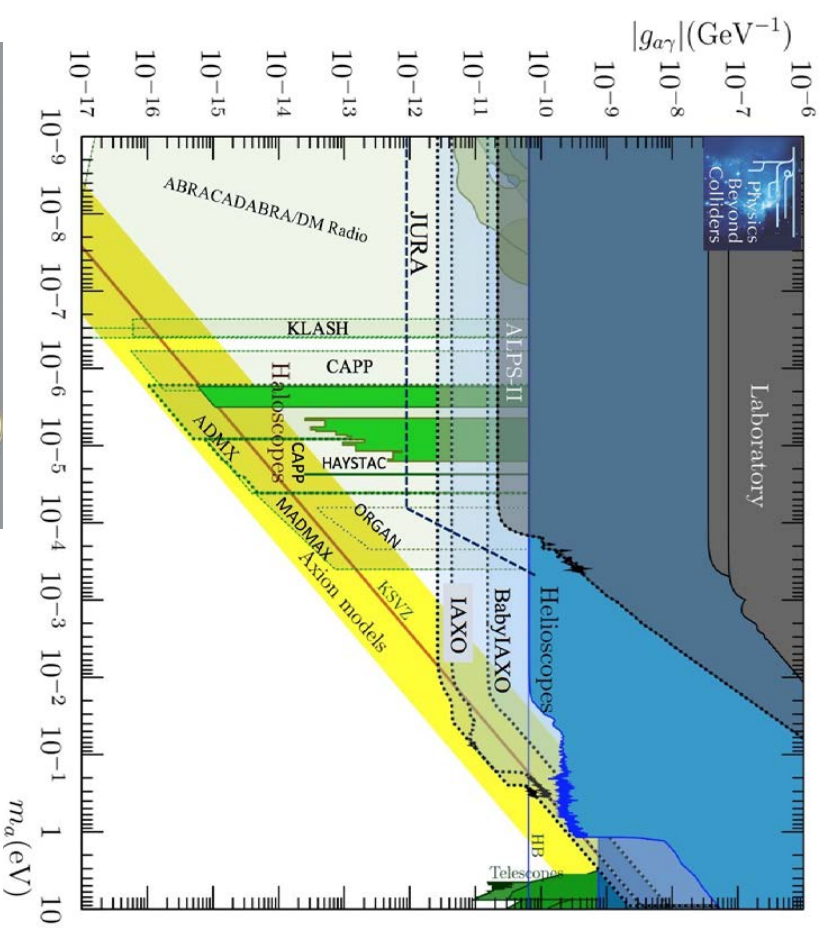
NON-ACCELERATOR PROJECTS

(Baby)IAXO (axion helioscope successor of CAST): consolidation of the project within PBC thanks to CERN support to magnet design.

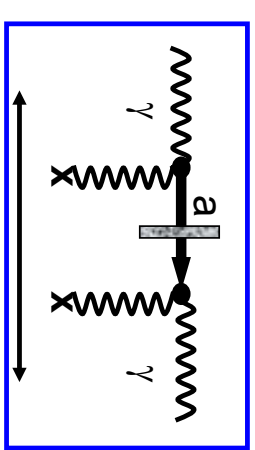
In approval stage at DESY

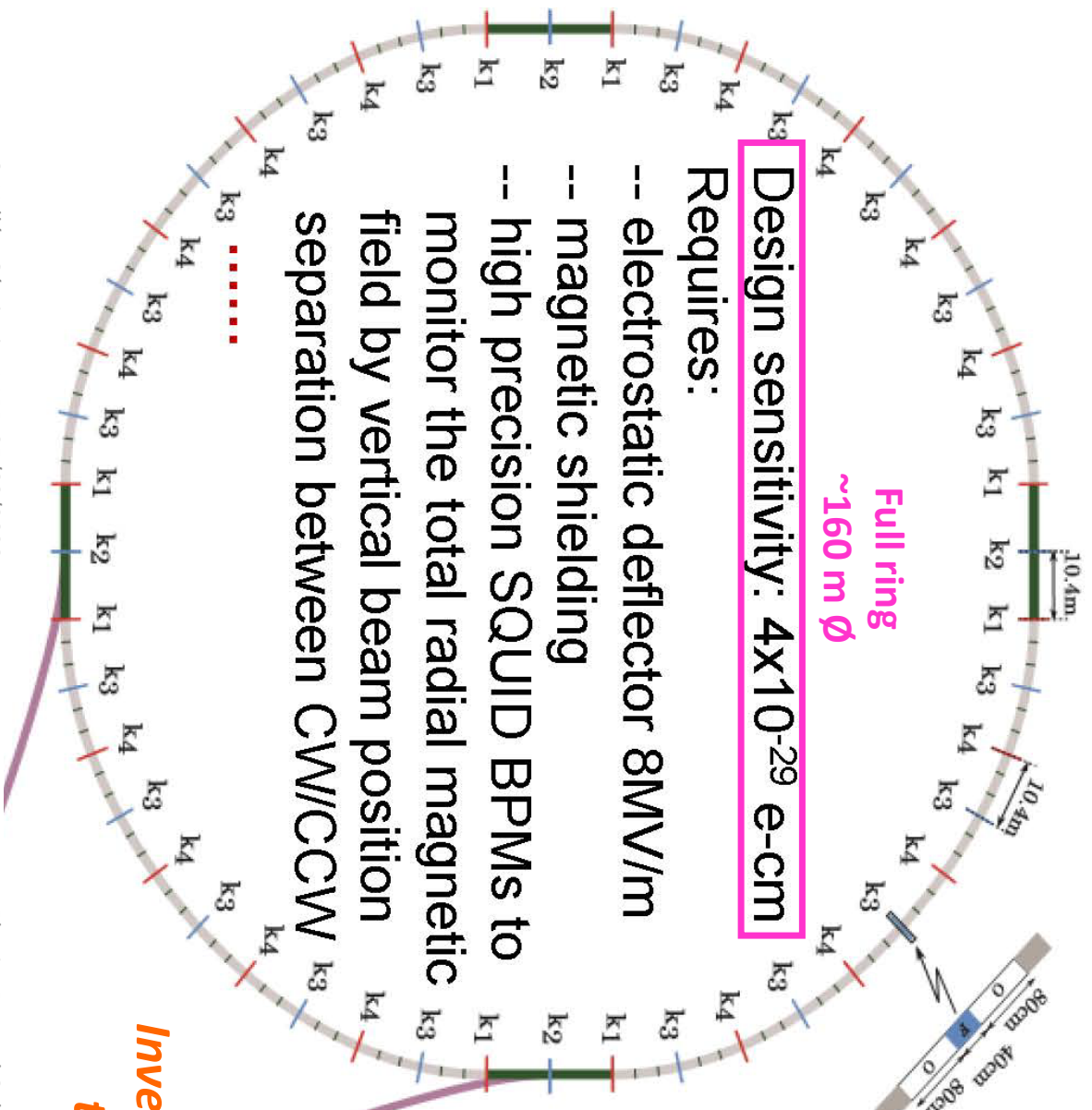
JURA possible long term

“Light-Shining-through the Wall” experiment combining state-of-the-art ALPS II optics and CERN high-field magnets



Physics Beyond Colliders





Design sensitivity: 4×10^{-29} e-cm

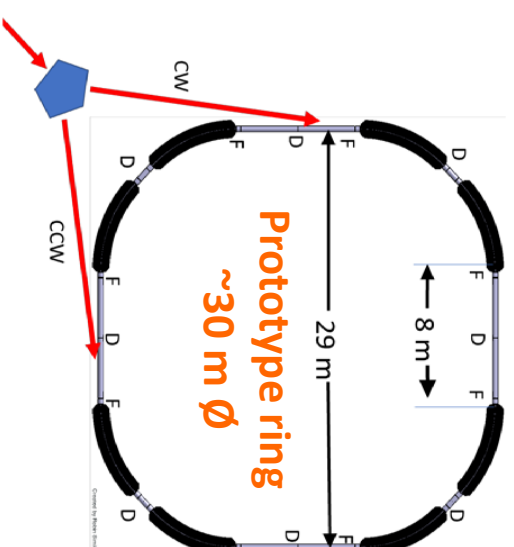
Requires:

- electrostatic deflector 8MV/m
- magnetic shielding
- high precision SQUID BPMs to monitor the total radial magnetic field by vertical beam position separation between CW/CCW

.....

PROTON EDM RING

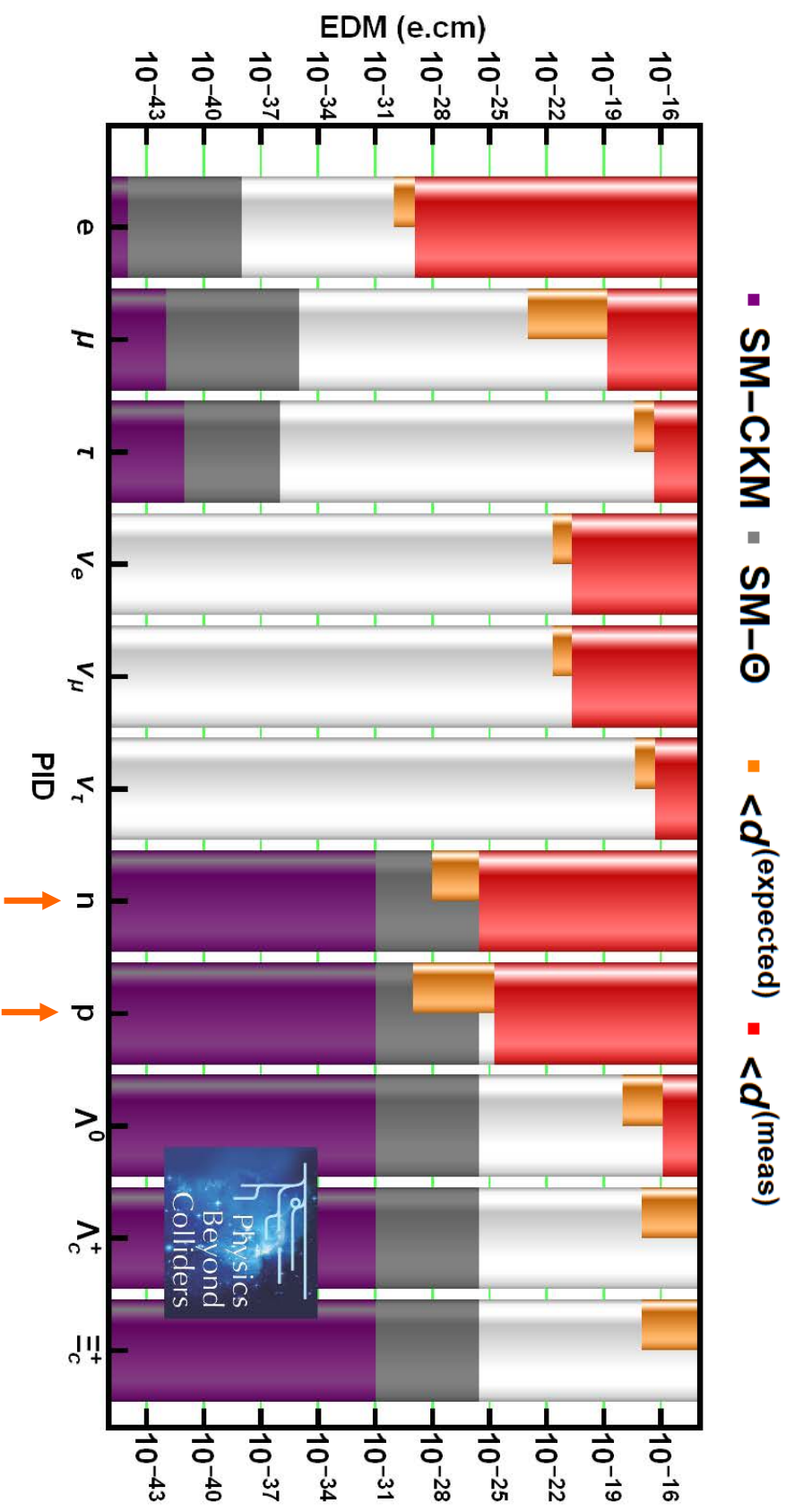
Deeper study by PBC of a new method initially introduced in the US, aiming at a breakthrough on proton EDM



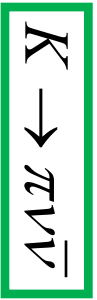
CPEDM Collaboration built within PBC

Investigations revealed need of a prototype ring to test and finalize control of systematics. Possible prototype site: COSY in Jülich

EDM LANDSCAPE



Neutron EDM is leading the field for hadrons
Catching up in precision is a challenge for the proton



(BR ~ 10⁻¹⁰)

NA62

Ultra-rare K⁺ decays

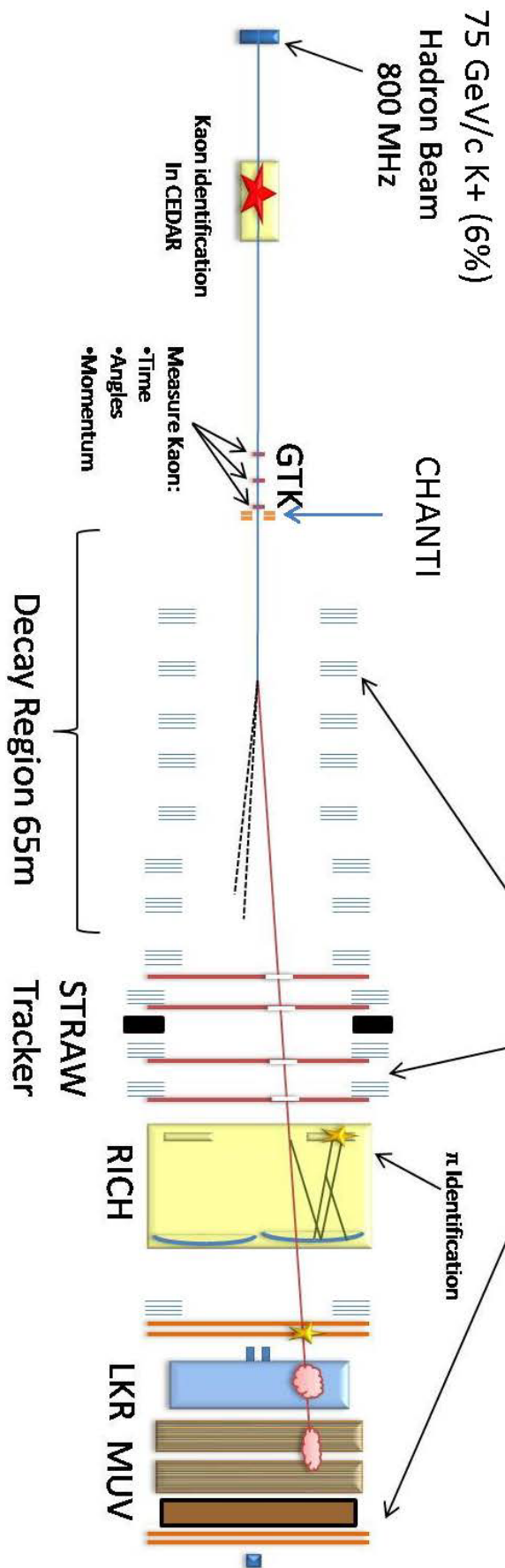
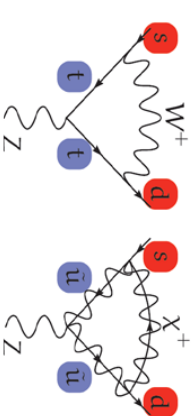
Regular data taking started in 2016

20 candidates released in run 2

in agreement with SM

aim at ~100 signal events in run 3

Photons and Muons Vetos



C.V

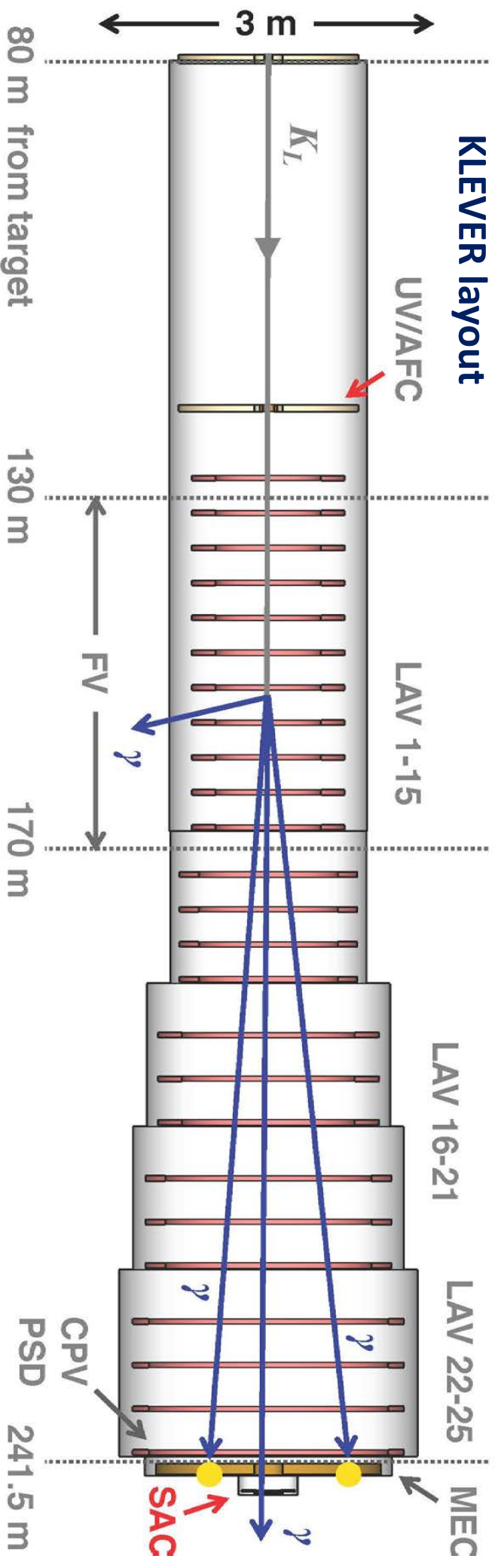
KLEVER: $K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$ rare decay

New idea introduced within PBC

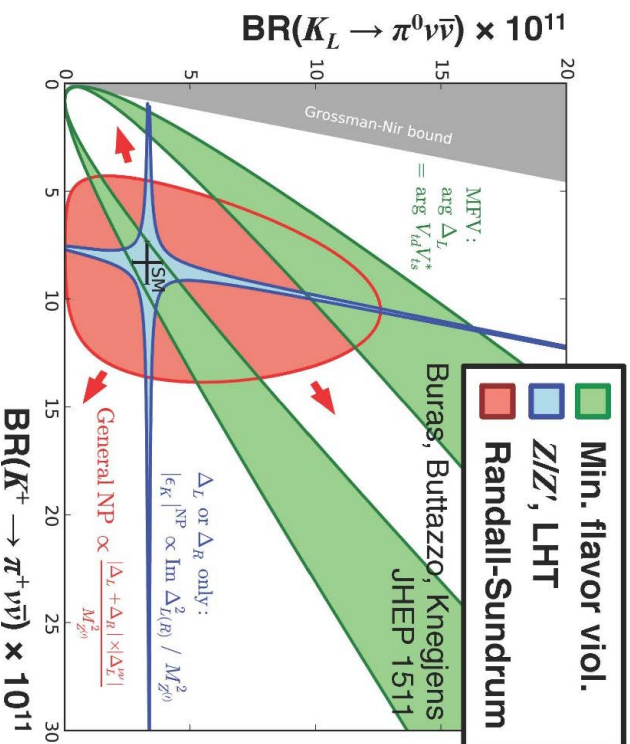
K^0 decays complementary to K^+ decays for the CKM matrix and BSM searches.

Would require a new high intensity K^0 beam.

~50 events could be collected with a new detector similar to NA62



ULTRA-RARE KAON DECAYS: K^+ \leftrightarrow KLEVER (K^0)



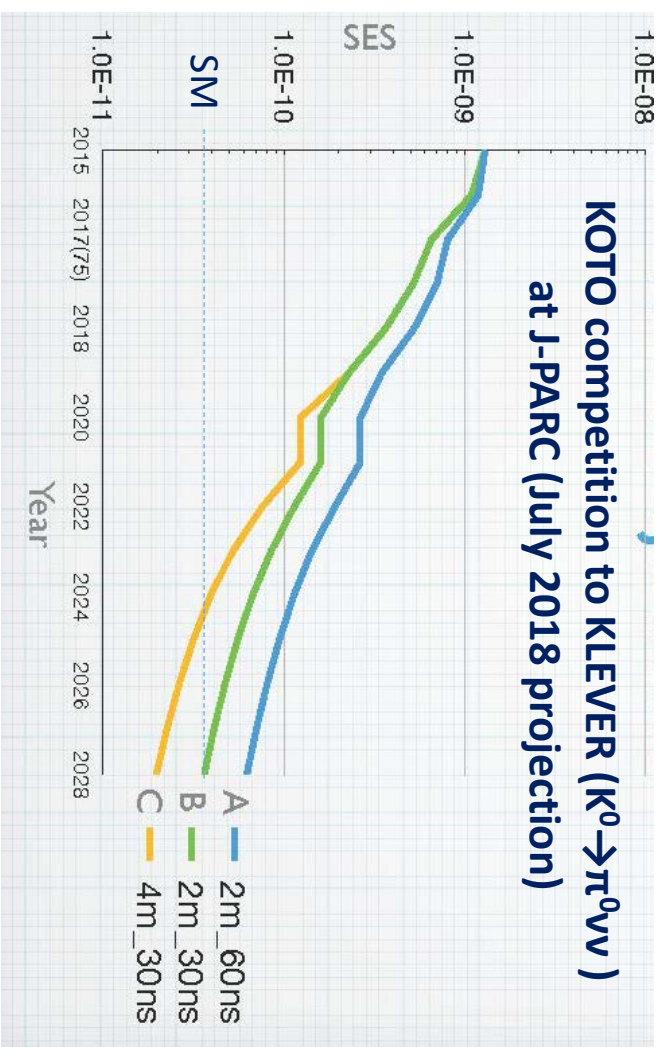
complementary sensitivity

to BSM models

Phasing of KLEVER in NA62 hall is a multi-parameter issue:

K^+ results \leftrightarrow K^+/K^0 sensitivity \leftrightarrow B-anomalies \leftrightarrow KOTO

Option for adiabatic upgrades of NA62 to a combined K^+/K^0 experiment ?



Strong improvement of KOTO performance

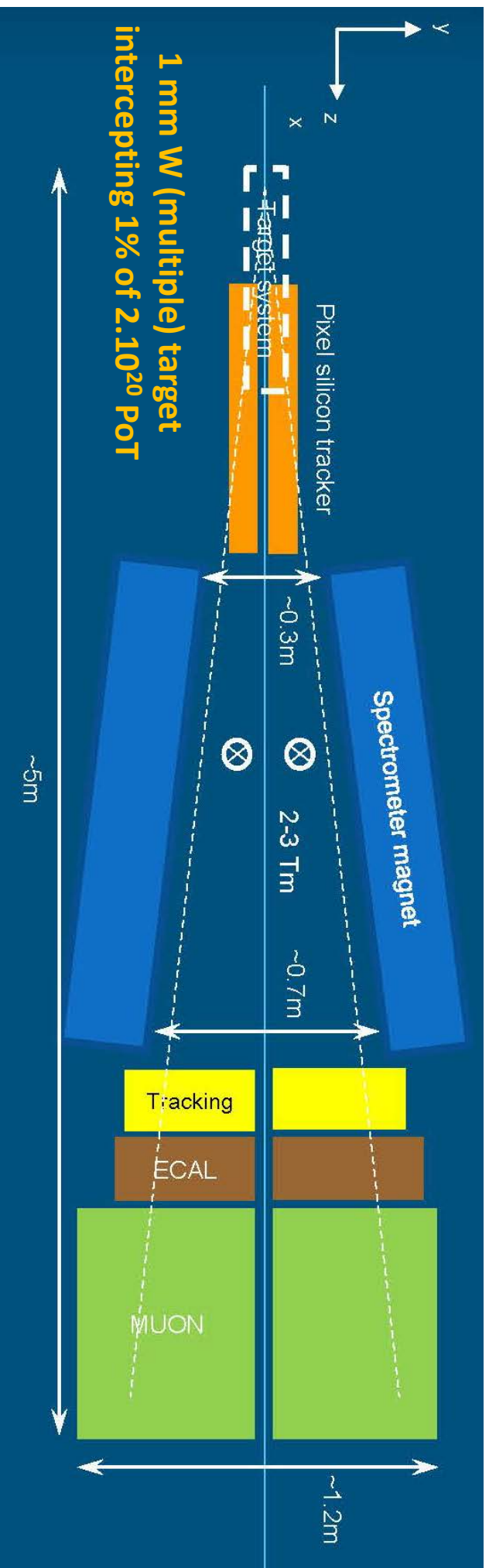
expected in the coming decade... and possibly later.

TauFV

New idea introduced within PBC

Interception of small BDF beam fraction to look for $\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$ decays

Could set limits on branching ratio better than 10^{-10} level targeted by BELLE-II



Implementation layout under study

A small experimental hall upstream of BDF target could trigger a unique rare decay facility

PBC PROJECTS SPECIFICITIES

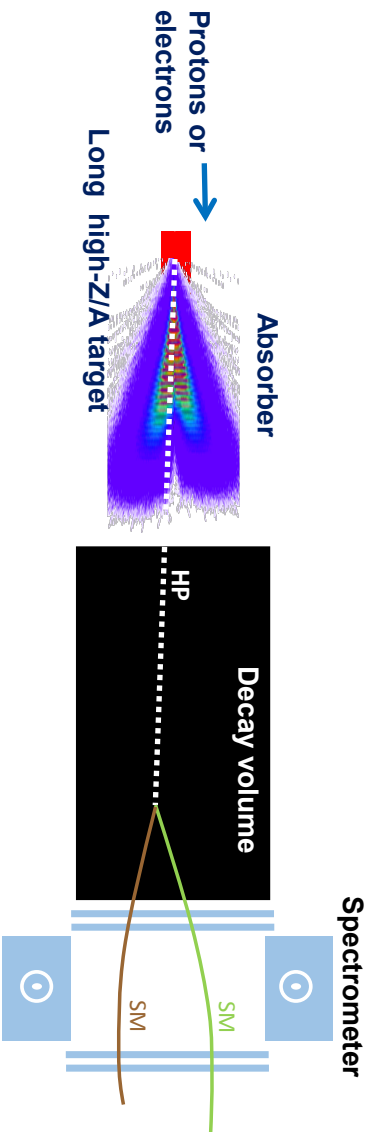
1) FACILITIES

2) QCD EXPERIMENTS

3) BSM EXPERIMENTS

- Precision measurements and rare processes
- **Beam dumps**

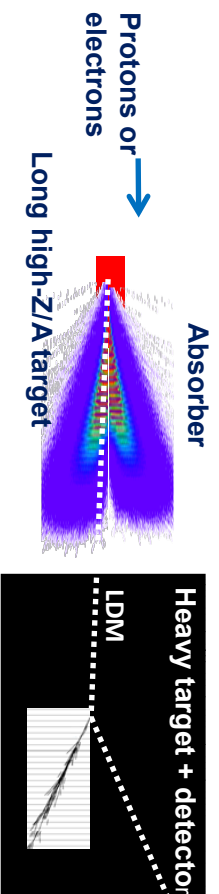
BEAM DUMP EXPERIMENTAL METHODS



Visible decay to SM particles

signal $\propto \epsilon^4$

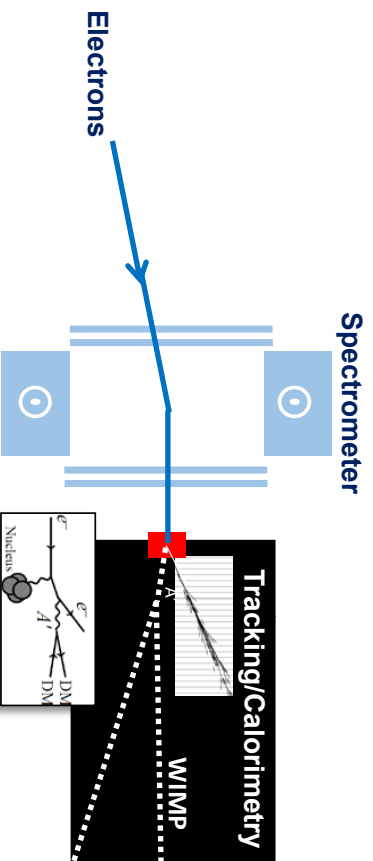
Critical: BG control



Recoil e/N from rescattering

signal $\propto \epsilon^4$

Critical: BG control



Missing energy from invisible decays

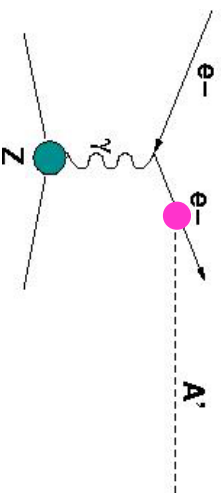
signal $\propto \epsilon^2$

Critical: initial particle and pileup control

NB: reach in (m,ε) depends on many parameters:

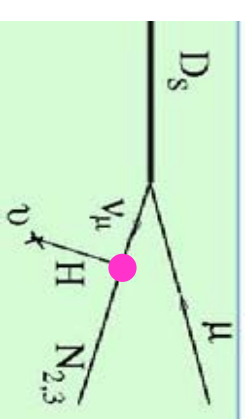
beam energy & intensity, decay length, signatures, background ...

HIDDEN SECTOR MAIN PRODUCTION MODES



Primakov/Bremsstrahlung:

Mass reach mainly in sub-GeV domain,
weakly dependent on beam energy



Meson decays:

Mass reach in multi-GeV domain dependent
on accessible meson mass thresholds (K,D,B)

EXPERIMENTAL SIGNATURES

Models	Final states
HNL, SUSY neutralino	$l^+\pi^-, l^+K^-, l^+\rho^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^0$
Vector, scalar, axion portals, SUSY sgoldstino	l^+l^-
HNL, SUSY neutralino, axino	$l^+l\nu$
Axion portal, SUSY sgoldstino	$\gamma\gamma$

+ recoil particles or missing energy for rescattering / missing energy methods

MAIN PAST BEAM DUMP PROJECTS

DP = Dark Photon
 DS = Dark Scalar
 HNL = Heavy Neutral Lepton
 ALP = Axion-Like Particle

EXPERIMENT	PERIOD	BEAM	PARTICLES ON TARGET	SIGNATURE	MODELS
E137 @SLAC	80's	e 20 GeV	$2 \cdot 10^{20}$	recoil e	DP, ALPs
E141 @SLAC	80's	e 9 GeV	$2 \cdot 10^{15}$	visible e^+e^-	DP, ALPs
E774 @FNAL	80's	e 275 GeV	$5.2 \cdot 10^9$	visible e^+e^-	DP
NuTeV @FNAL	90's	p 800 GeV	$2 \cdot 10^{18}$	visible μ	HNL
NUCAL @Serpukhov	80's	p 70 GeV	$1.7 \cdot 10^{18}$	visible $\gamma\gamma, e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$	DP, DS, ALPs
PS191 @CERN	80's	p 19 GeV	$0.8 \cdot 10^{19}$	visible	HNL
CHARM @CERN	80's	p 400 GeV	$2.4 \cdot 10^{18}$	visible $\gamma\gamma, e^+e^-, \mu^+\mu^-$	DP, DS, HNL

NB: most past beam dumps were “cheap” by-products of other experiments

MAIN CURRENT BEAM DUMP PROJECTS OUTSIDE CERN

DP = Dark Photon
 DS = Dark Scalar
 HNL = Heavy Neutral Lepton
 ALP = Axion-Like Particle

EXPERIMENT	PERIOD	BEAM	PARTICLES ON TARGET	SIGNATURE	MODELS
HPS @JLAB	2016-20	e 2-6 GeV	$\sim 10^{20}$	visible e^+e^-	DP, ALPS
APEX @JLAB	2018-19	e 1-4.5 GeV	$\sim 10^{20}$	visible e^+e^-	DP, ALPS
BDX @JLAB	~ 2022	e 12 GeV	$\sim 10^{22}$	recoil e	DP, ALPS
LDMX @SLAC	> 2022	e 4-8 GeV	$2 \cdot 10^{16}$	invisible	DP, ALPS
MiniBoone @FNAL	2013-14	p 8 GeV	$1.8 \cdot 10^{20}$	recoil e, N	DP
SBND @FNAL	>2020	p 8 GeV	$6 \cdot 10^{20}$	recoil Ar	DP
SEAQUEST @FNAL	2021-30	p 120 GeV	$10^{18} \rightarrow 10^{20}$	visible e^+e^-	DP, DS, HNL
LBND @FNAL	>2025	p 120 GeV	$\sim 10^{21}$	recoil e, N	DP, DS, HNL

Recent dedicated experiments demonstrate a regain of interest for beam dumps

Flavour factories (BELLE II, ...) have also some sensitivity from exotic decays

BEAM DUMP PROJECTS AT CERN

DP = Dark Photon
 DS = Dark Scalar
 HNL = Heavy Neutral Lepton
 ALP = Axion-Like Particle

EXPERIMENT	PERIOD	BEAM	PARTICLES ON TARGET	SIGNATURE	MODELS
NA64++(e)	2015-24	e 100 GeV	$\sim 5 \cdot 10^{12}$	invisible & visible e^+e^-	DP, ALPs
eSPS/LDMX	> 2026	e 16 GeV	10^{16}	invisible	DP, ALPs
AWAKE++	> 2026	e ~ 50 GeV	$\sim 10^{15}$	visible e^+e^-	DP, ALPs
NA62++	> 2022	p 400 GeV	10^{18}	visible	DP, DS, HNL, ALPs
SHIP	> 2026	p 400 GeV	$2 \cdot 10^{20}$	recoil & visible	DP, DS, HNL, ALPs
NA64++(μ)	> 2022	μ 160 GeV	$5 \cdot 10^{13}$	invisible	DZ $_{\mu}$, ALPs

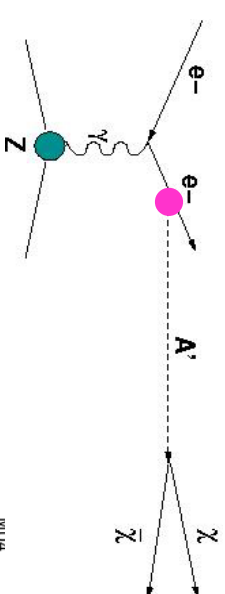
NB: CERN offers unique opportunities with both lepton and hadron beams
LHCb and LHC-LLP dedicated projects (FASER, milliQan, CODEX-b, MATHUSLA)
have also sensitivity in similar mass range



“Cheap” setup implemented in 2015 on H4 e test beam

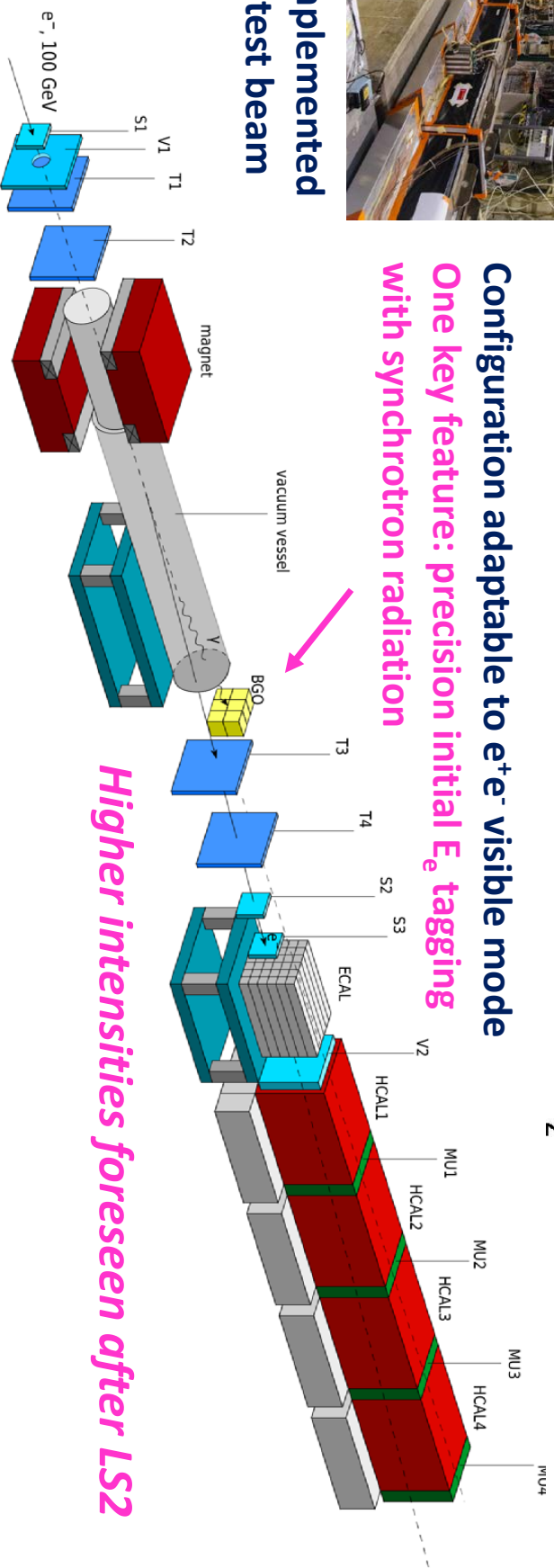
NA64++

Dark Photon search from invisible decays with missing energy



Configuration adaptable to e^+e^- visible mode

One key feature: precision initial E_e tagging with synchrotron radiation

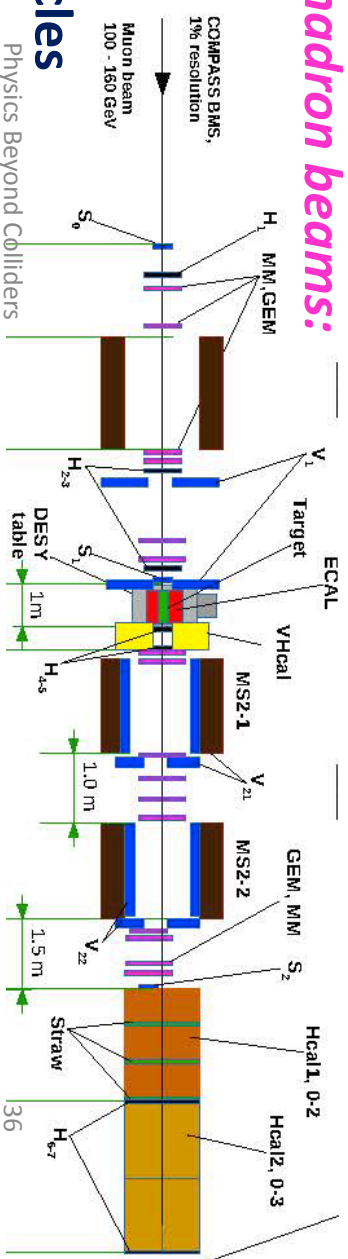


Higher intensities foreseen after LS2

Wish also to extend the method to μ / hadron beams:

- Few months of μ beam would test a $(g-2)_\mu$ interpretation
- Few years of μ beam would improve limits on millicharged particles

C. Vallée, Séminaire LAPP, 25/09/2020



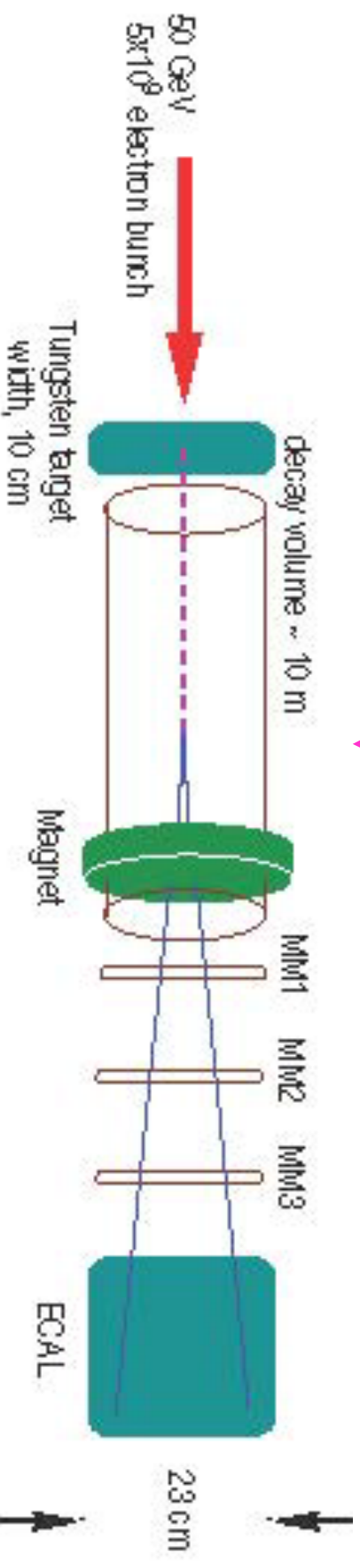
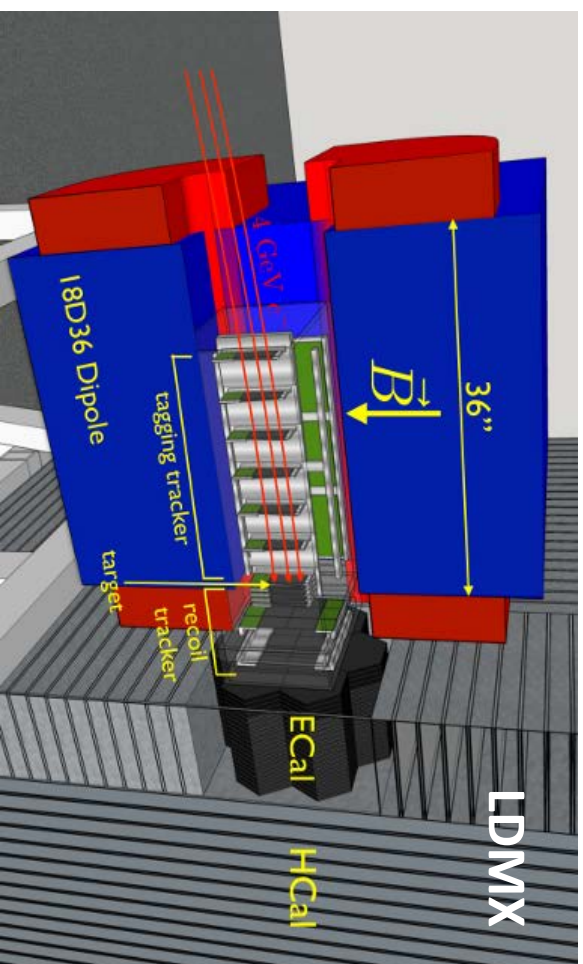
Physics Beyond Colliders

EXPERIMENTS ON NEW e-BEAMS

Dark Photon and Axion-Like Particle searches with:

- a LDMX-like detector on eSPS (invisible mode)

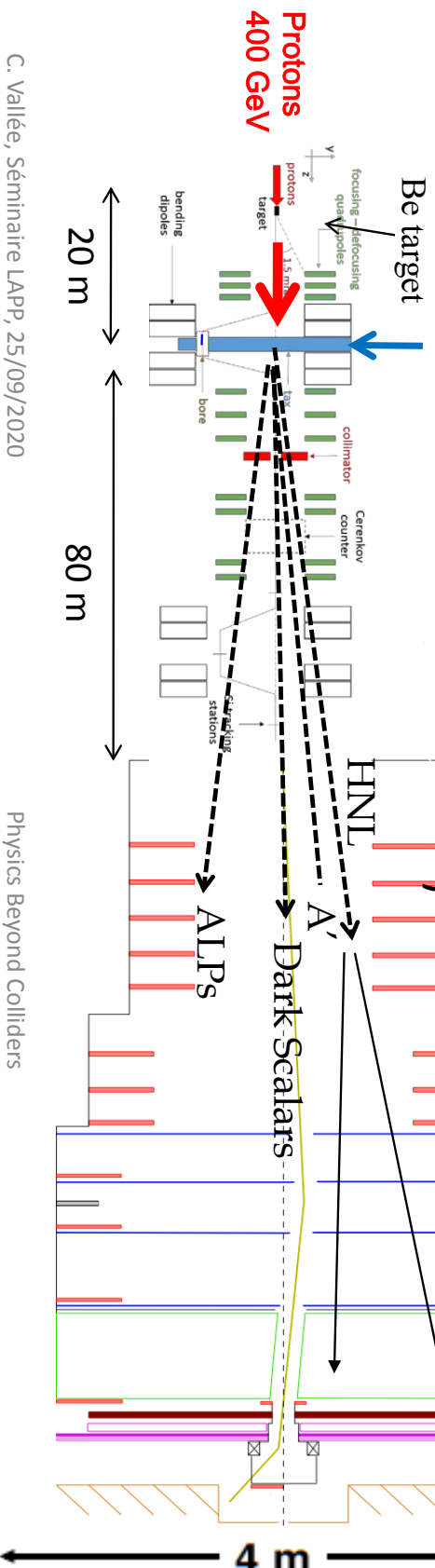
- An experiment on AWAKE++ in the CNGS decay tunnel (e⁺e⁻ visible decay mode)



NA62 PROTON BEAM DUMP

Some NA62 data taking in beam dump mode under consideration for run 3

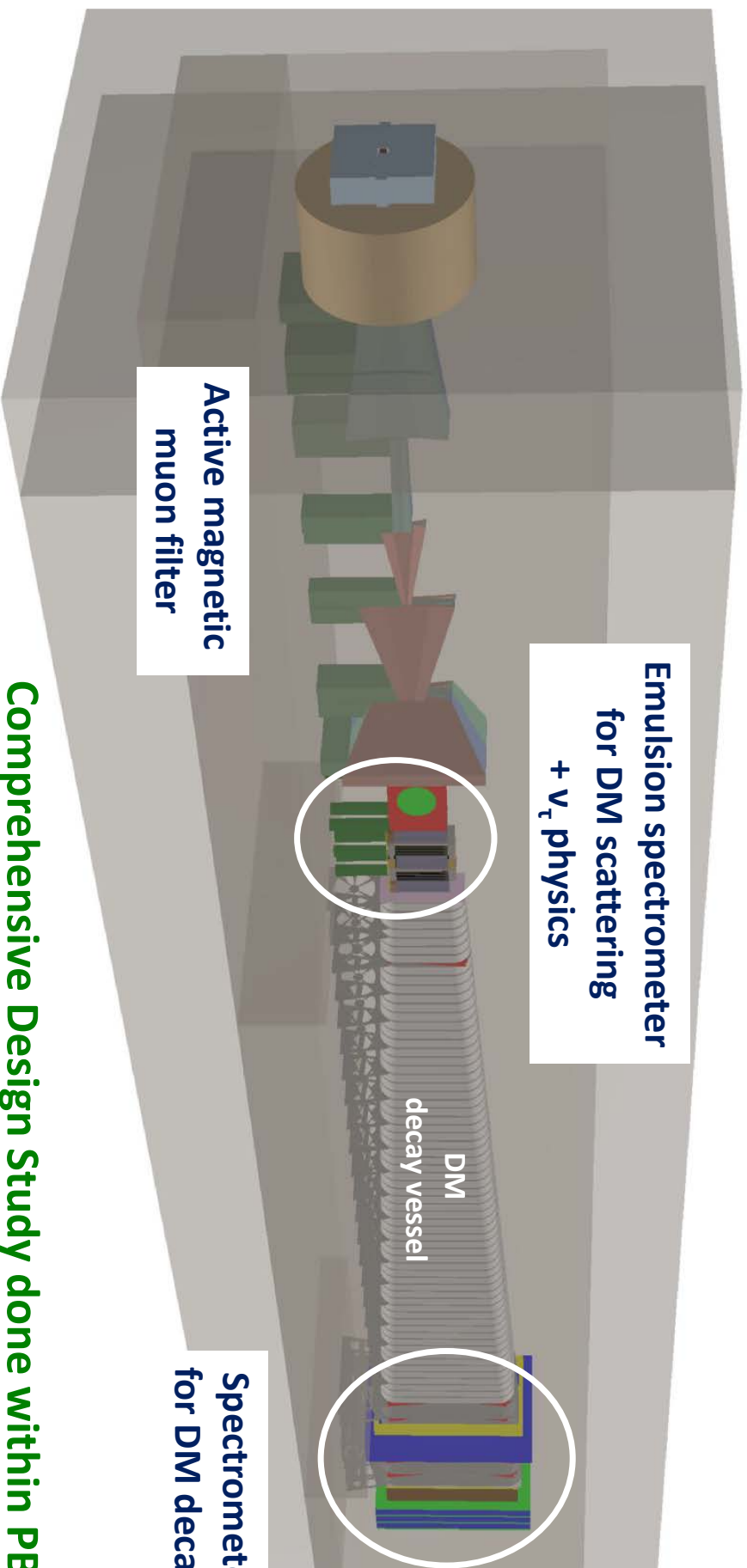
Achieved by closing the TAX collimator
1 year would correspond to $\sim 10^{18}$ POT



Instrumentation of NA62 decay vessel well adapted to searches in visible mode
A potential precious source of information to final SHiP optimization

SHIP ON THE BEAM DUMP FACILITY

State-of-the-Art Dual Spectrometer
for hidden particle searches



Active magnetic
muon filter

Emulsion spectrometer
for DM scattering
+ ν_τ physics

DM
decay vessel

Spectrometer
for DM decays

Comprehensive Design Study done within PBC

including μ filter optimization + flux measurements, and subdetector prototyping

Next step: TDR

LHC-LLP DEDICATED PROJECTS

MilliQan, MATHUSLA, FASER, Codex-b @ the LHC IPs

MilliQan @ CMS IP
 MilliQan: 1607.04669

Codex-b @ LHCB IP
 Codex-b @ LHCB IP
 1708.09395

MATHUSLA @ ATLAS or CMS IPs
 MATHUSLA: 1606.06298

FASER @ ATLAS IP
 FASER: 1708.09389

Phase I approved for run 3

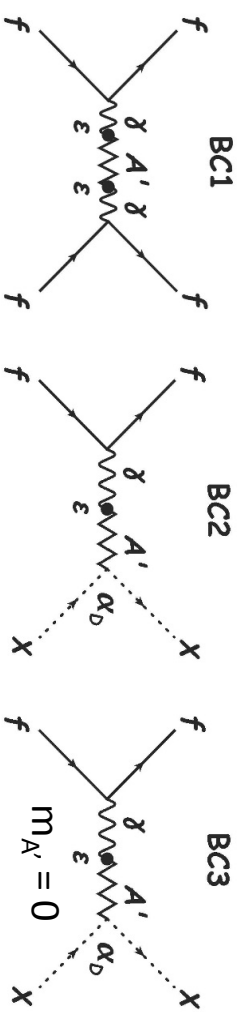
CMS
LHCb
ATLAS
SPS
LHC

NB: all are "small scale" projects except MATHUSLA

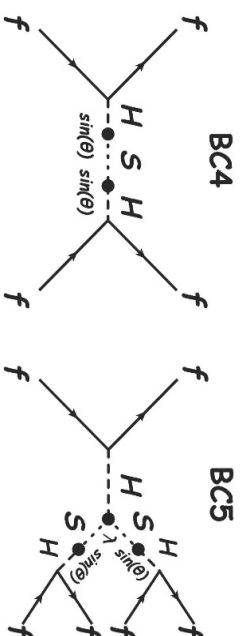
PBC BENCHMARK MODELS FOR HIDDEN SECTOR

defined to cover most signatures and compare reach of projects under same assumptions

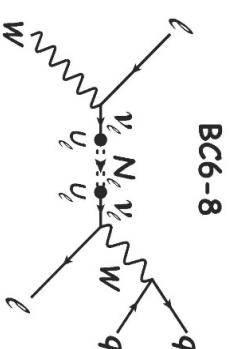
Dark Photons, Dark Matter & millicharged particles



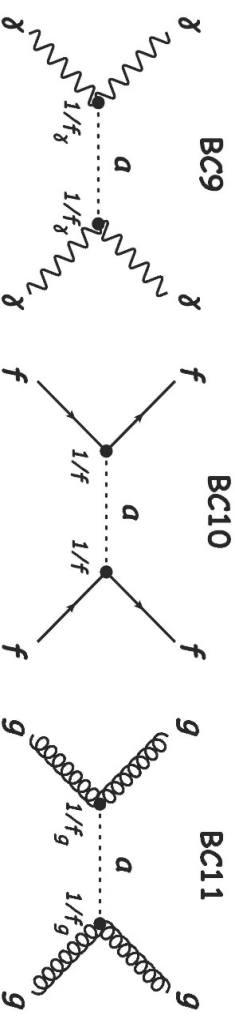
Dark Scalars



Heavy Neutral Leptons

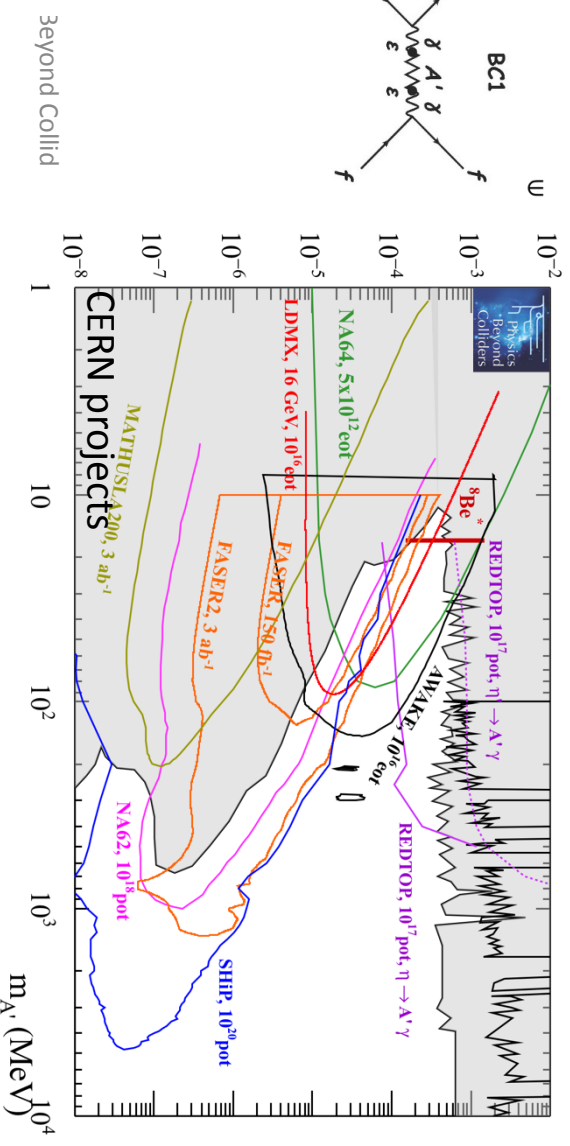
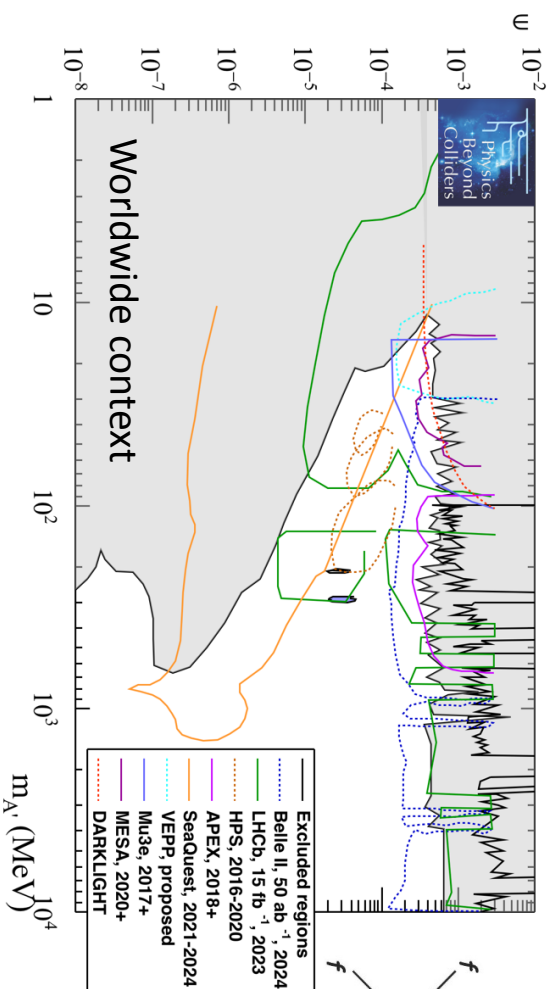
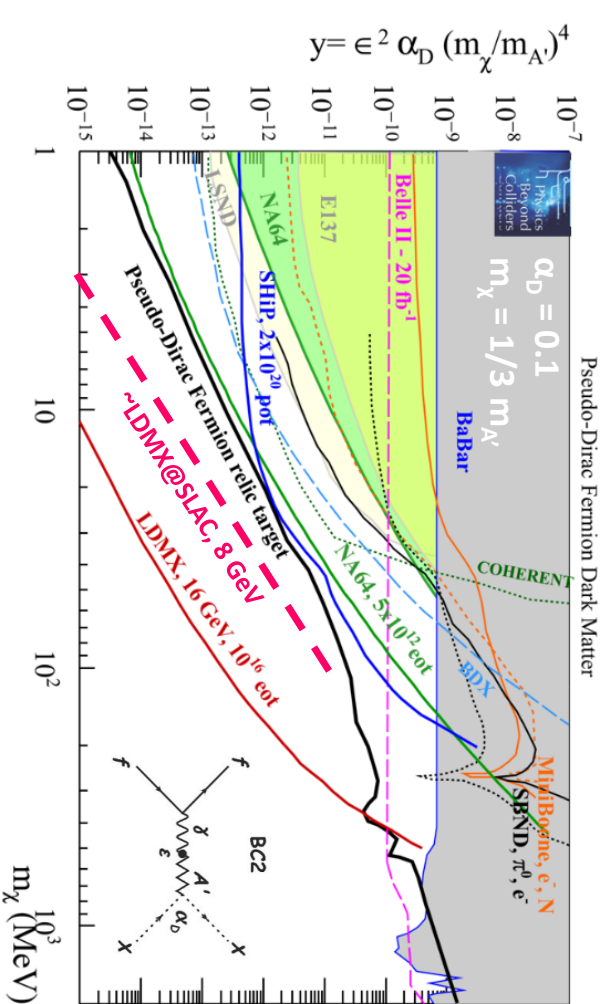


Axion-Like Particles

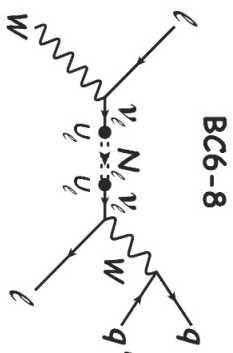


SENSITIVITIES TO DARK PHOTONS

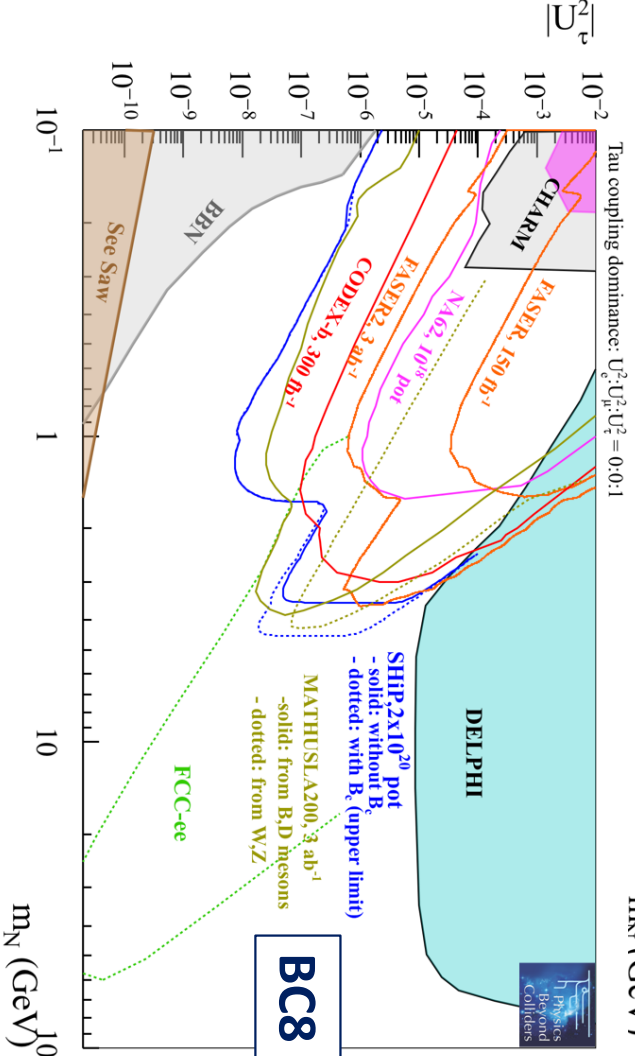
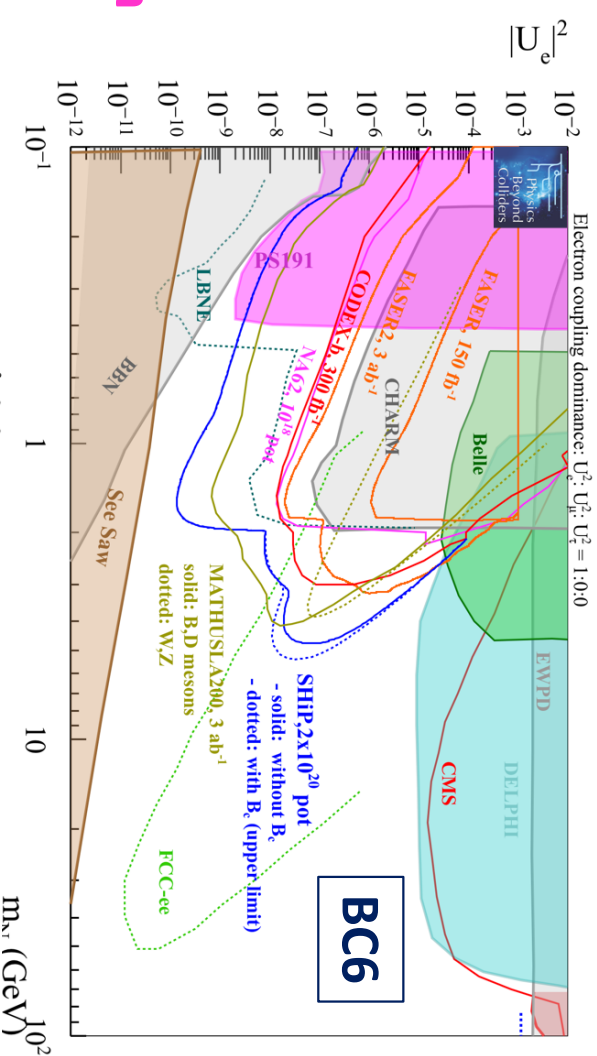
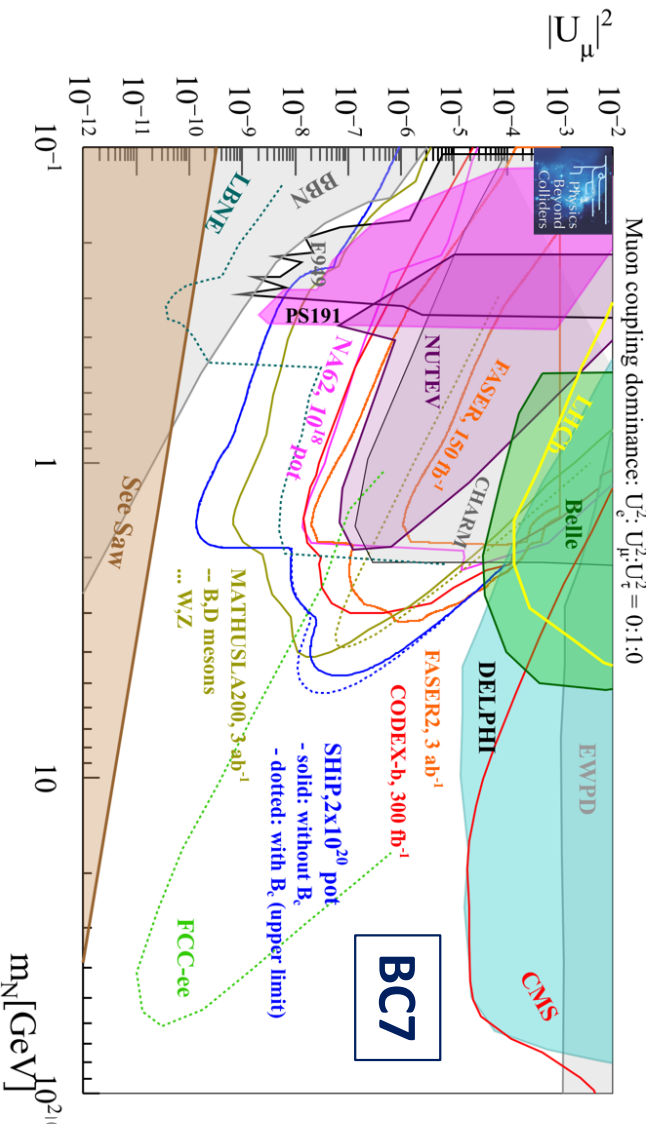
- Most of the LDMX potential will be covered at SLAC
- AWAKE++ domain expected to be covered by the competition in the coming decade
- NA64++ has a unique short term potential
- SHIP has the highest long term potential at high mass / low couplings



SENSITIVITIES TO DARK FERMIONS (HNL'S)

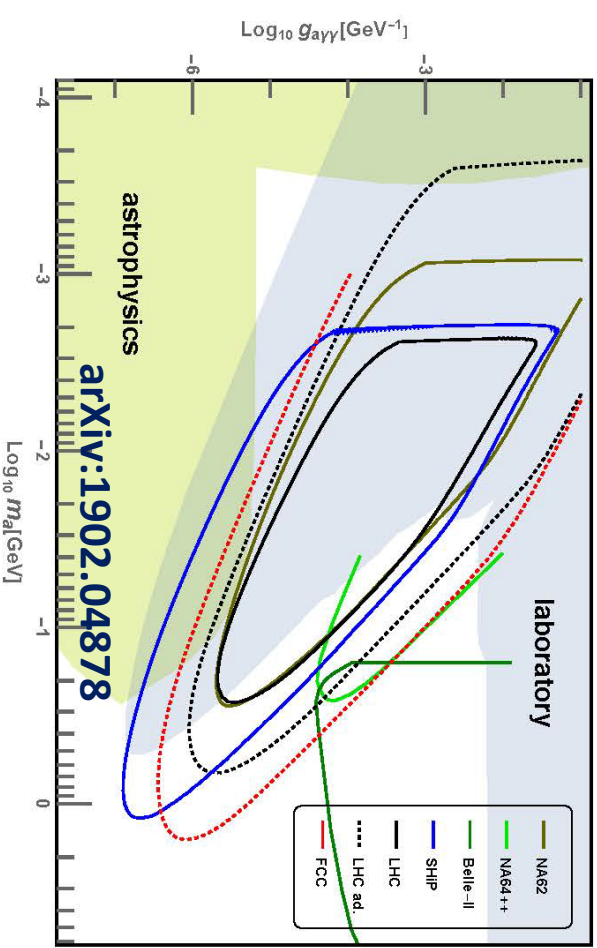
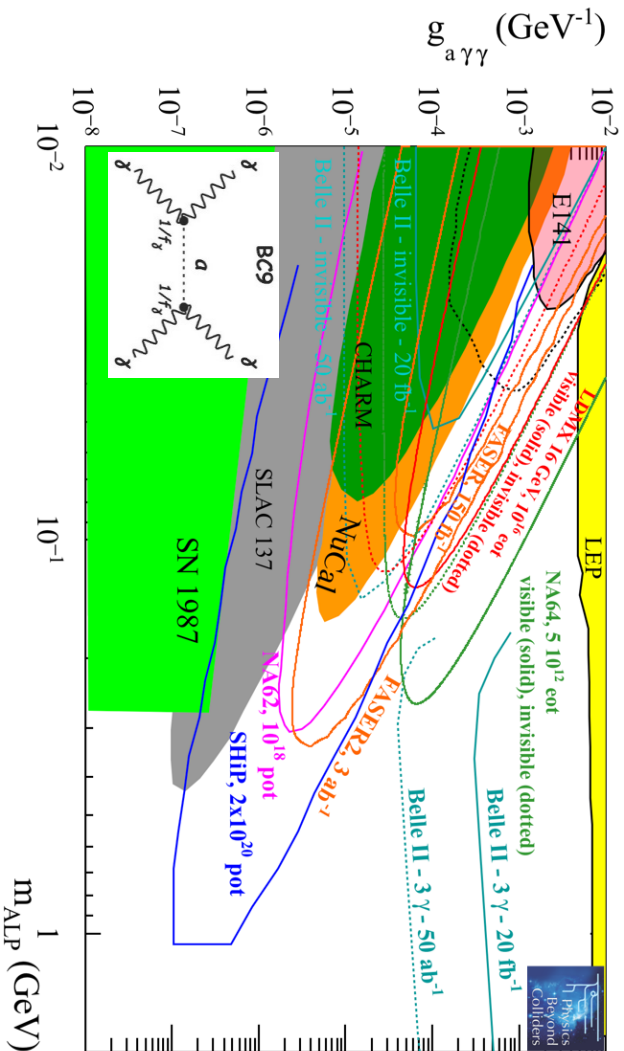


- Unique short term opportunities with NA62 Beam Dump and FASER
- SHIP has the highest reach on the long term



EXPLORATORY STUDY OF HIGHER-ENERGY BEAM DUMPS POTENTIAL

the example of ALPs



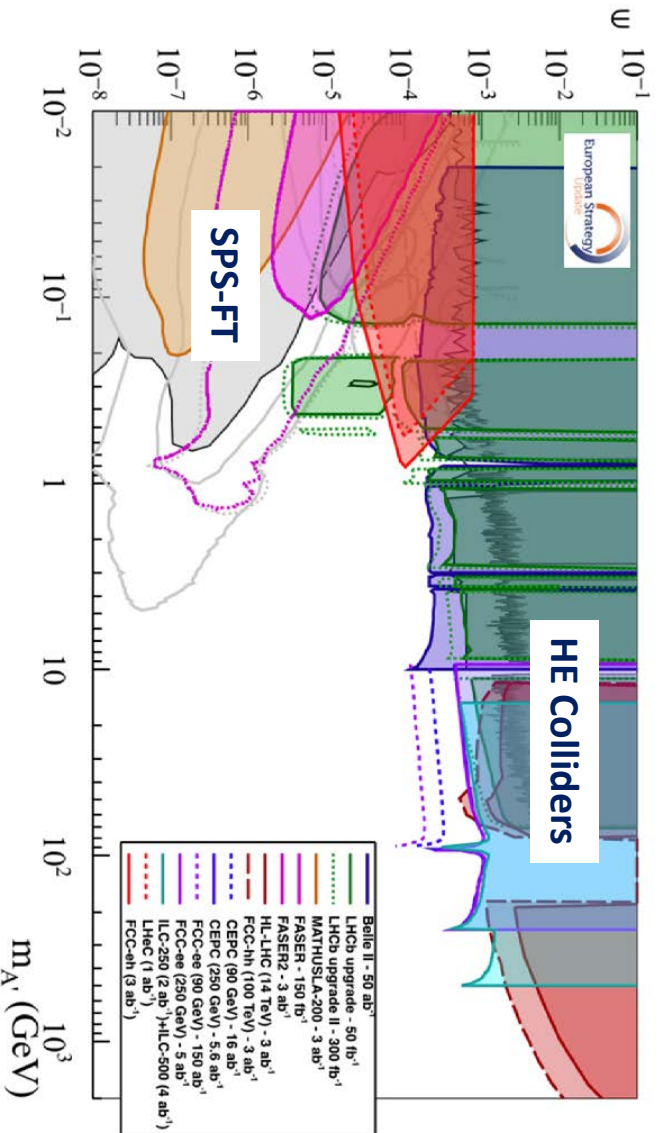
PBC projects have a similar reach as for visible A' (similar signatures $\gamma\gamma$ and e^+e^-)

No real breakthrough of LHC/FCC beam dumps:
SPS seems to offer a quite optimal energy-intensity mix in the present context

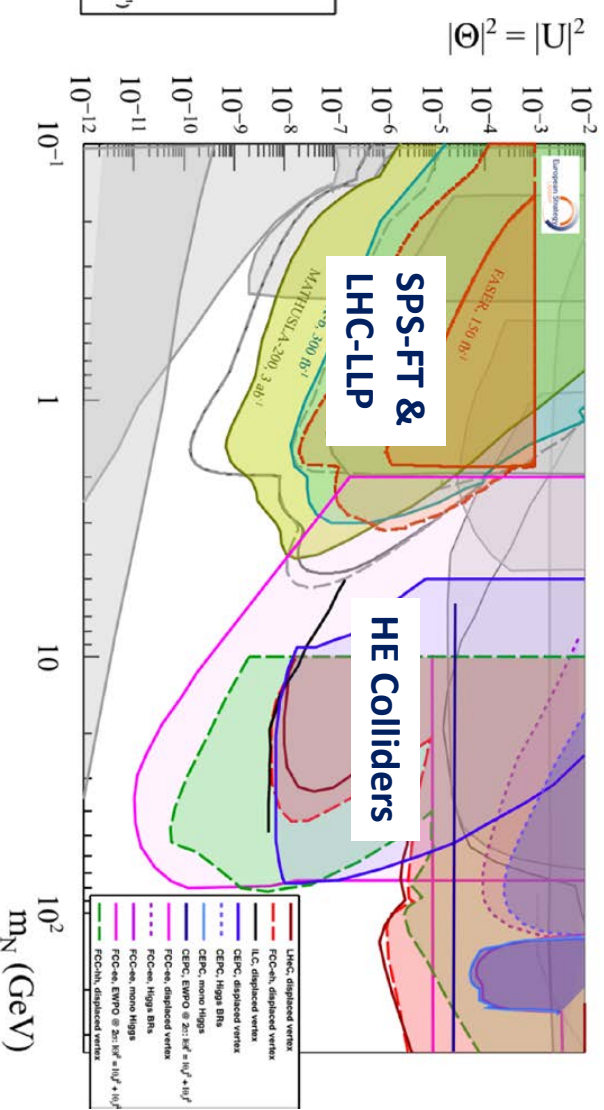
Comparison of SPS FT and HIGH-ENERGY COLLIDERS for hidden searches

(courtesy Gaia Lanfranchi, see EPPSU Briefing Book)

Dark Photons



HNLs



Different domains of similar “sizes” explored by the various facilities
 → all approaches needed to cover the full landscape

OUTLOOK: EPPSU IMPACT ON PBC PROJECTS

EPPSU strong support to PBC-like projects in national laboratories, e.g: DESY (axion searches), PSI (μ rare decays), Frascati (dark photons), COSY (EDM prototype ring), etc...

with a recommendation to enhance CERN cooperation with these Laboratories

CERN PBC projects supported at a similar level as before EPPSU: K rare decays, dark photons, QCD measurements, with current or new experiments requiring limited accelerator investments

New large PBC facilities at CERN in tension with other priorities within CERN budget: how to fit the future of proposed facilities within financial constraints is now in the hands of the CERN Management. Main trends expected from the post-EPPSU PBC workshop scheduled at CERN on 13-15 January 2021

EXTRA SLIDES

PBC DELIVERABLES: ACCELERATOR WGS

Working group	10 pager for ESPP for 18th December - WG dependent	Possible proponents/clients submitting 10 pager to ESPP	PBC deliverable for 18th December * (referenced by 10 pager)
AWAKE++	Y	Proposed client experiment	Exploratory study
BDF	Y	SHIP, tauFV	Comprehensive Design Study - tauFV as appendix
Conventional beams	Y	NA61, NA62++, KLEVER etc.	Description of the conventional beam upgrades associated to the proposed projects
EDM	Y		3 appendices: COSY; prototype; full ring (feasibility study).
eSPS	Y	LDMX,BD	Technical report on possible implementation at CERN
FASER acc.	N	FASER	Technical report on possible implementation in LHC
Gamma factory	Y		Exploratory study
LHC FT	N	AFTER@LHC, LHCspin, MDM/EDM	Technical study of feasibility
nuSTORM	Y		Broad outline of a possible nuSTORM implementation at CERN
Perf post-LIU	N		Injector complex performance after LIU
Technology	Y	IAXO et al	Exploration and evaluation of possible technological contributions of CERN to non-accelerator projects possibly hosted elsewhere

Reports publicly available on CERN CDS: <http://cds.cern.ch/collection/PBC%20Reports?ln=en>

EXPERIMENTS READINESS

Summarized in a semi-quantitative table

Project	Physics highlight	Beam requirement		Detector maturity		Collaboration		Cost beam+det	Earliest operation
		ready	need upgrade to be built	ready	under design need R&D	adequate	to strengthen to be built		
NA61++	QGP Charm	B	B	B	A	A	A	A	Run 3
COMPASS+	R_p & QCD	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	Run 4
COMPASS++	QCD	B	B	B	B	B	B	B	Run 5
MUonE	HVP($g-2$) $_{\mu}$	A	A	B	B	B	A	A	
LHC-FT	QCD	A	A	B	B	B	A	A	
LHC-FT++	spin/MM/EDM	A	A	C	B	B	A	A	
NA60++	QGP phase	C	C	B	C	C	B	B	
DIRAC++	chiral QCD	C	C	B	C	C	B	B	
NA62++	dark sector	B	B	A	A	A	A	A	
KLEVER	$K^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \nu \bar{\nu}$	B	B	C	B	B	B	B	
NA64++	dark photon	A	A	B	A	A	A	A	
SHIP	dark sector & ν_{τ}	C	C	B	A	A	C	C	
TaufV	$\tau \rightarrow 3\mu$	C	C	C	B	B	C	C	
REDTOP	η decays	B	B	C	B	B	B	B	
EDM ring	p EDM	C	C	C	B	B	C	C	
eSPS	dark photon	C	C	B	B	B	C	C	
AWAKE++	dark photon	C	C	B	A	A	B	B	
nuSTORM	$\sigma(\nu)$	C	C	C	B	B	C	C	
γ -Factory	high rate γ	C	C	C	C	C	-	-	

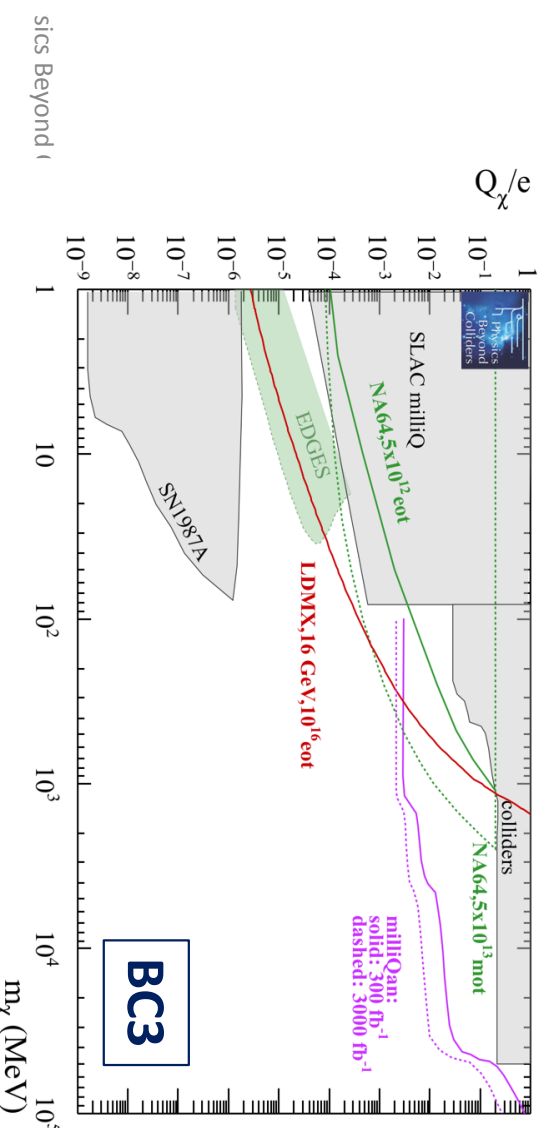
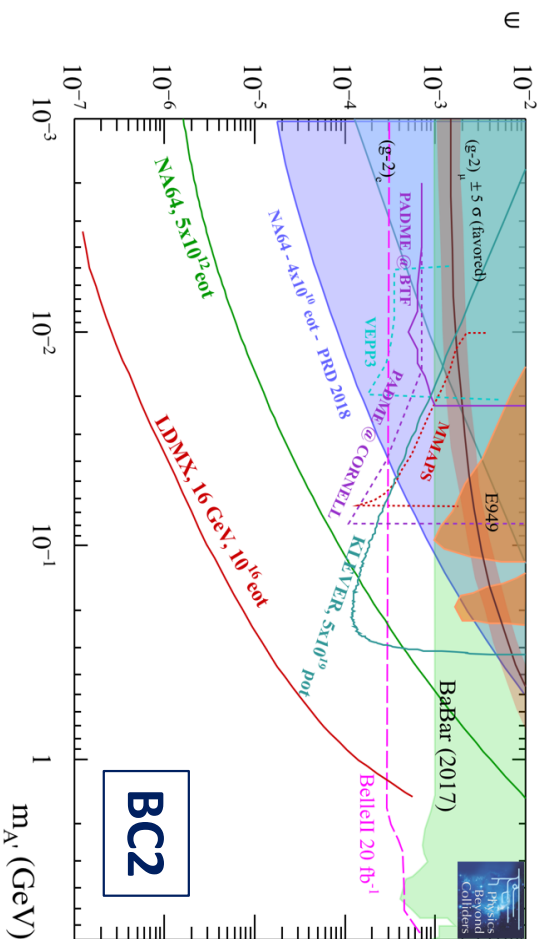
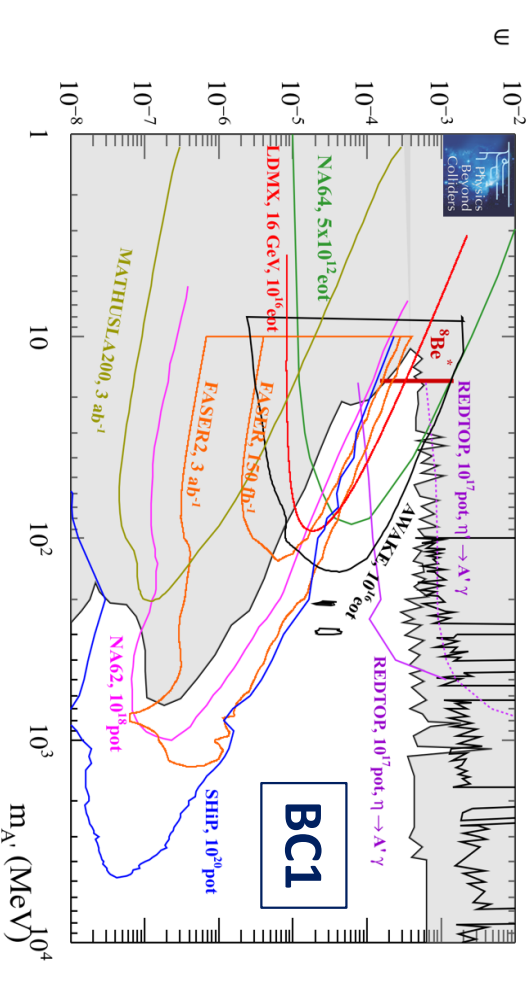
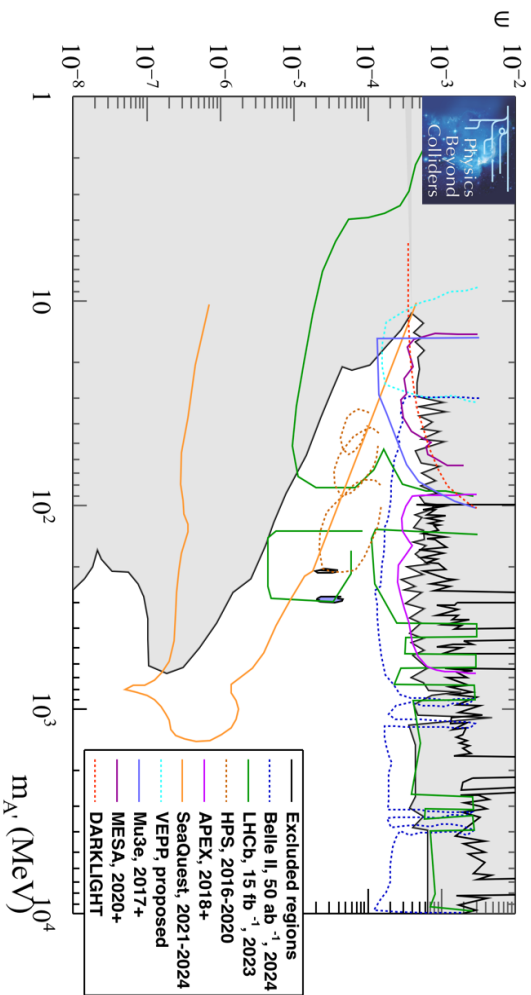
C. Vallé **New projects also constrained by existing beamlines/halls/experiments**

LEVEL OF MATURITY OF SENSITIVITY ESTIMATIONS

Project	Background	Efficiency	Inputs
NA62++	0-BG assumed	partly included	10^{16} PoT run in BD mode
KLEVER	partly included	included	fast simulation
REDTOP	included	included	full simulation
NA64++(e)	included	included	real data
NA64++(μ)	0-BG assumed	100 % assumed	M2 μ beamtest
eSPS/LDMX	included	included	full simulation at 4 GeV
AWAKE++	0-BG assumed	100 % assumed	toy model
SHiP	0-BG assumed	included	full simulation
CODEX-b	0-BG assumed	included	full simulation
FASER	0-BG assumed	100 % assumed	BG simulations & in situ measurements
MATHUSLA200	0-BG assumed	100 % assumed	cosmic & LHC BG fluxes
milliQan	included	included	full simulation

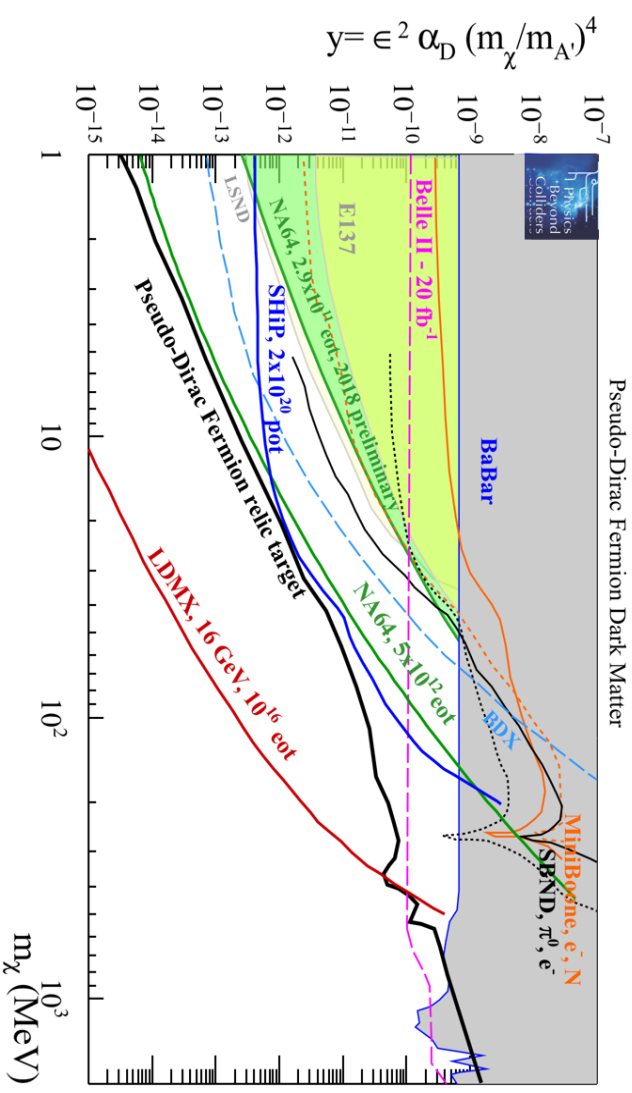
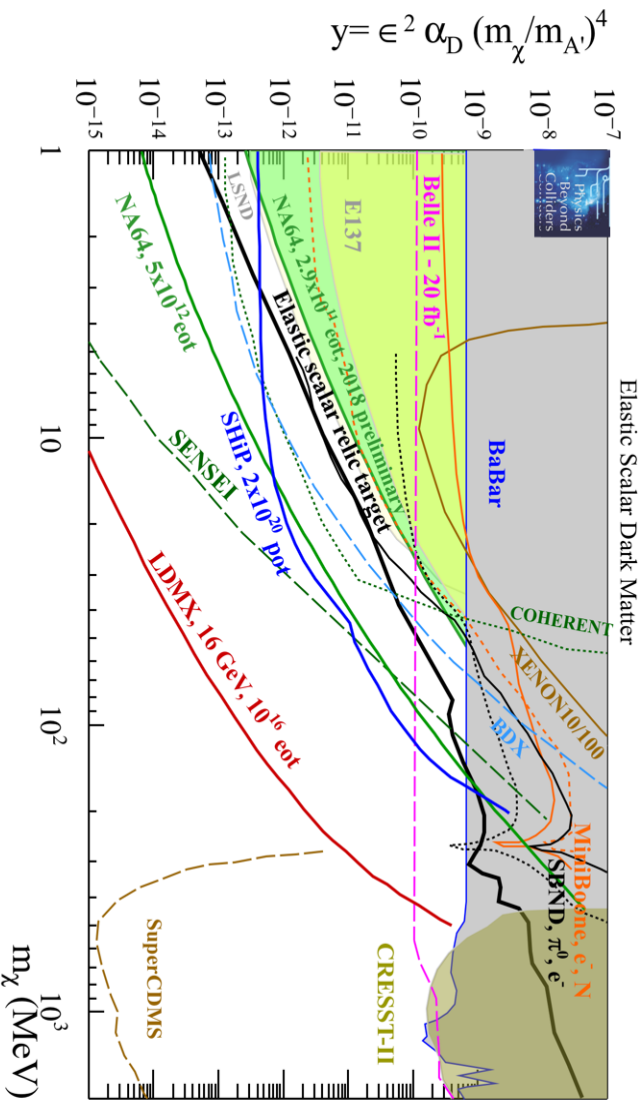
DARK VECTORS

BC1 worldwide context

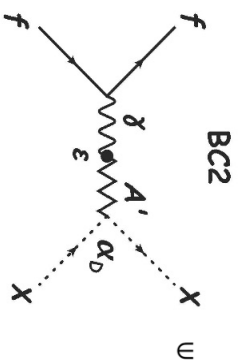


DARK VECTORS IN DM PARAMETER SPACE (BC2)

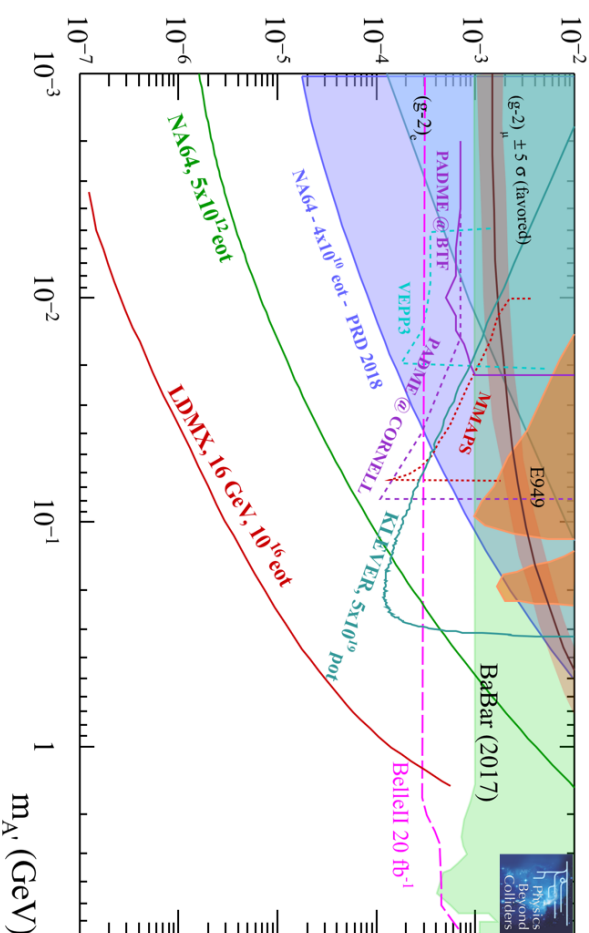
$$\alpha_D = 0.1 \quad m_\chi = 1/3 m_{A'}$$



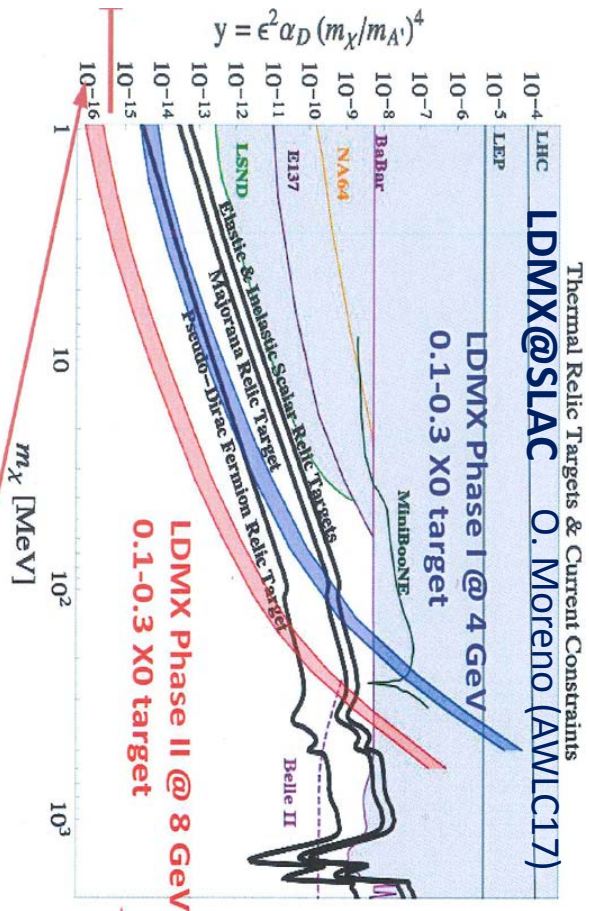
Dark Photon invisible mode



- Unique NA64++(e) short term opportunity to explore the relevant DM parameter space
 - Significantly higher reach of LDMX@eSPS, to be put in regard with a possible faster&cheaper implementation of LDMX at SLAC
- (pending approval of LCLS-II beam extraction)*

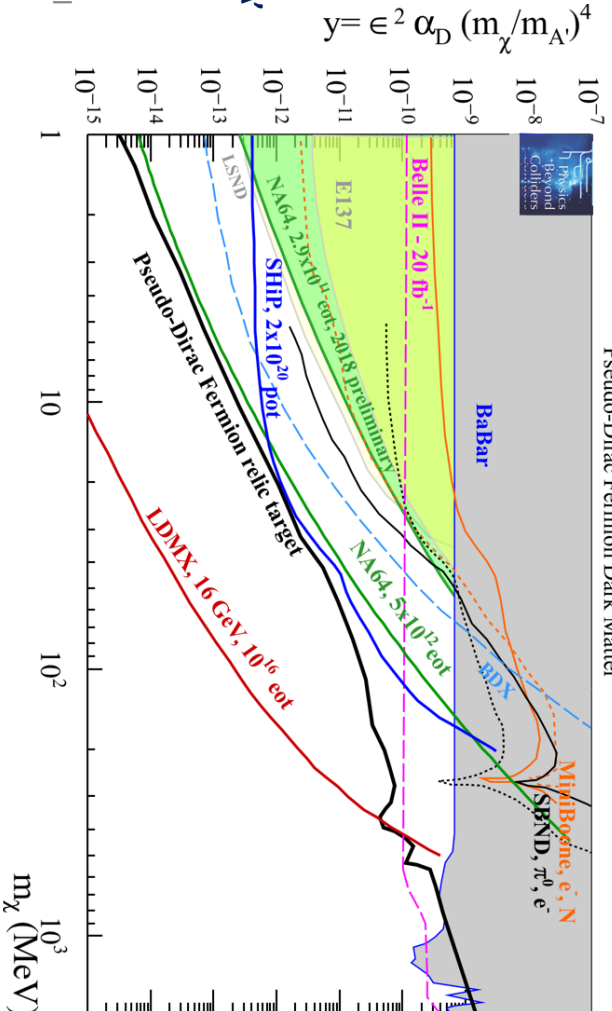


Pseudo-Dirac Fermion Dark Matter



Thermal Relic Targets & Current Constraints
LDMX@SLAC O. Moreno (AWLCL17)

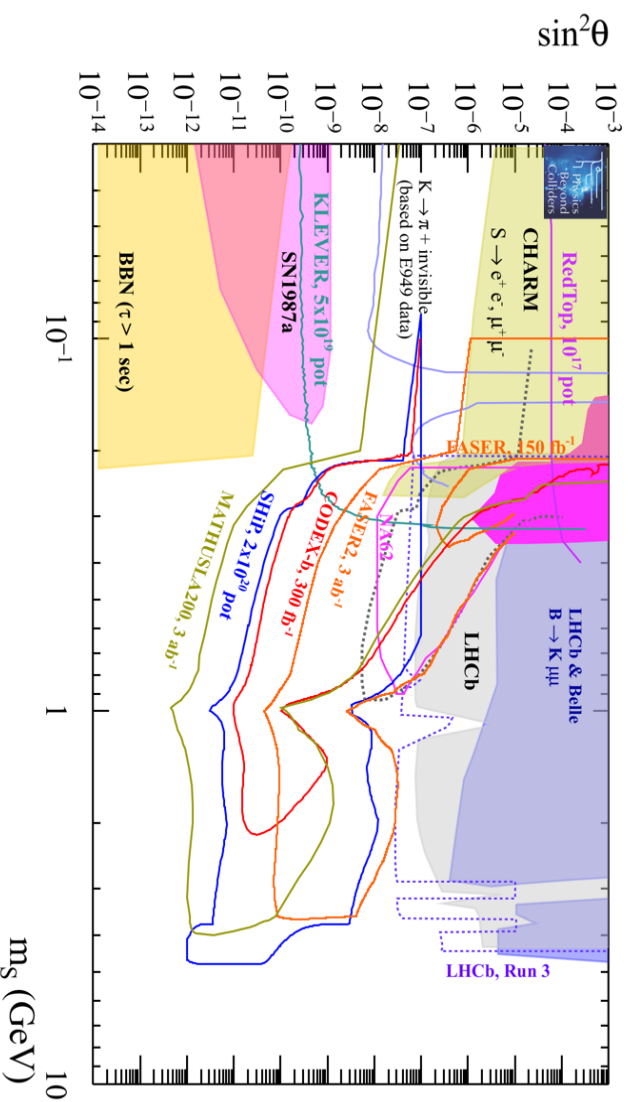
$\alpha_D = 0.1$
 $m_\chi = 1/3 m_{A'}$



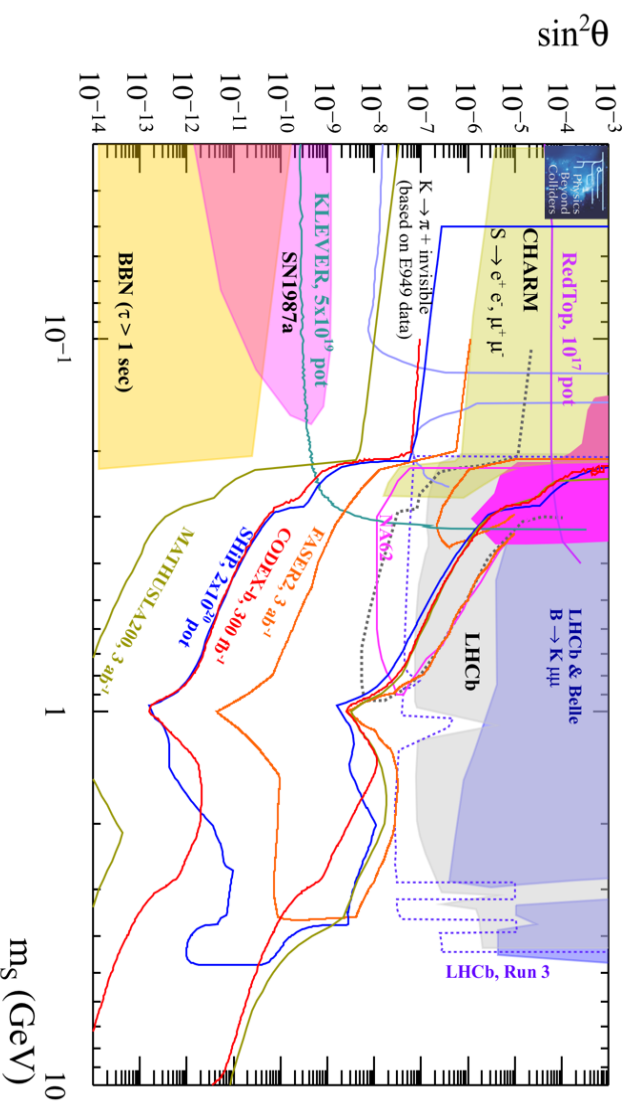
Physics Beyond Coll

DARK SCALARS

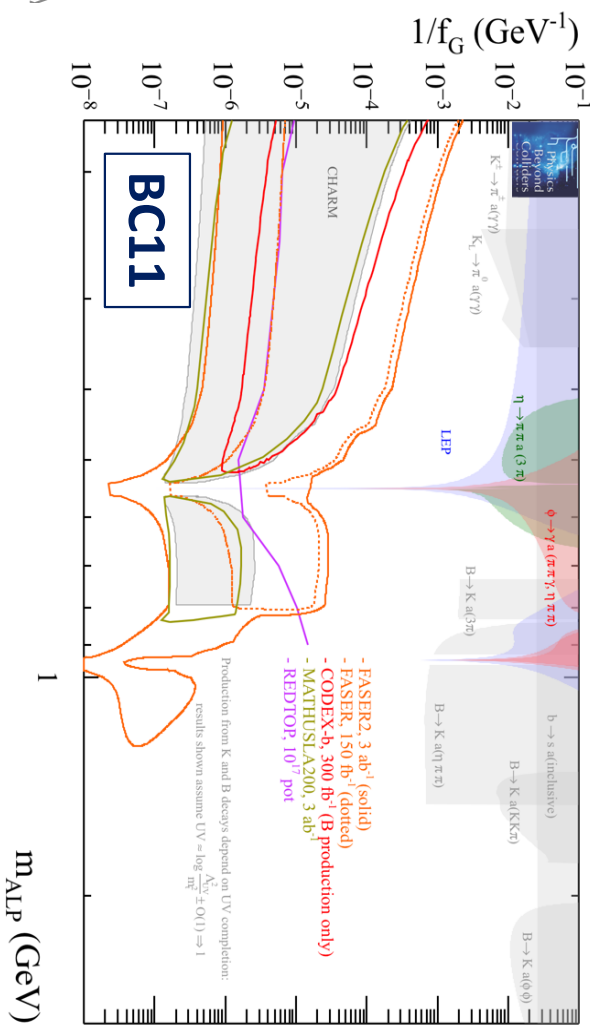
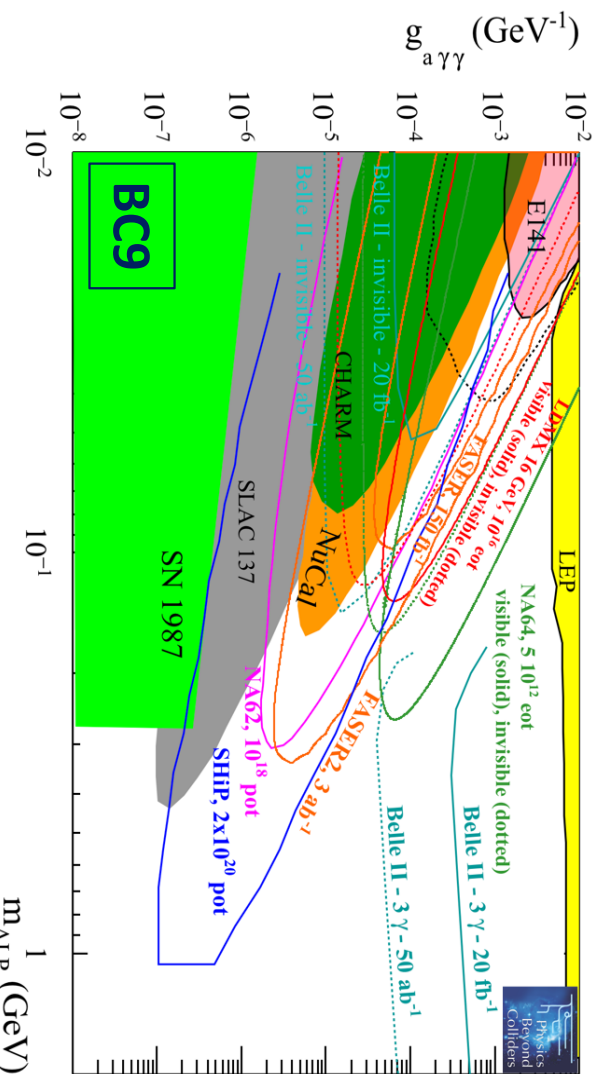
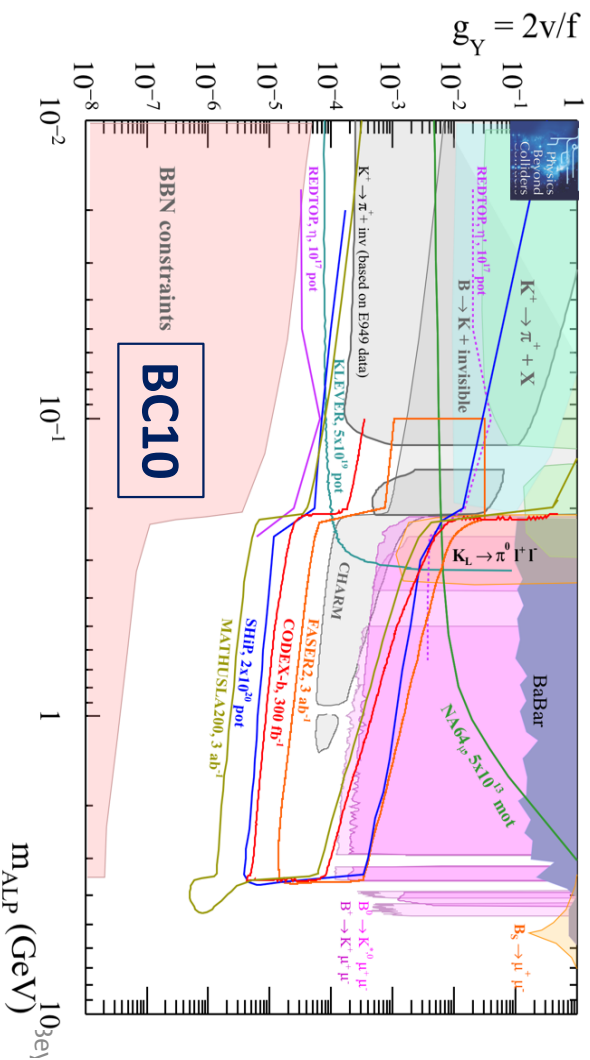
BC4



BC5



ALPS IN BEAMDUMPS

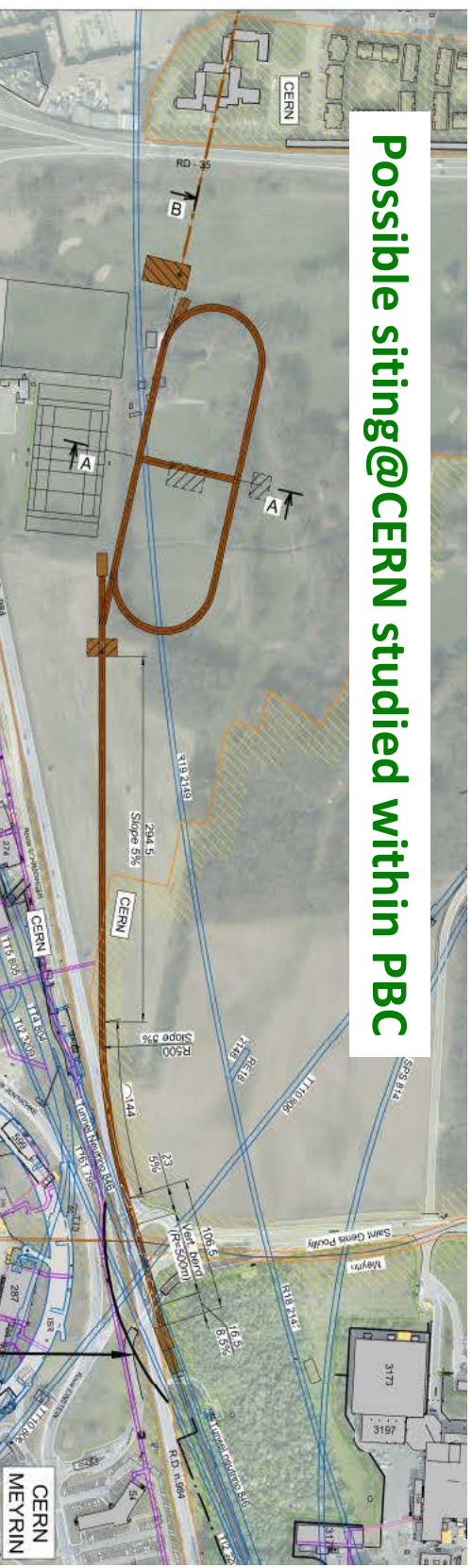
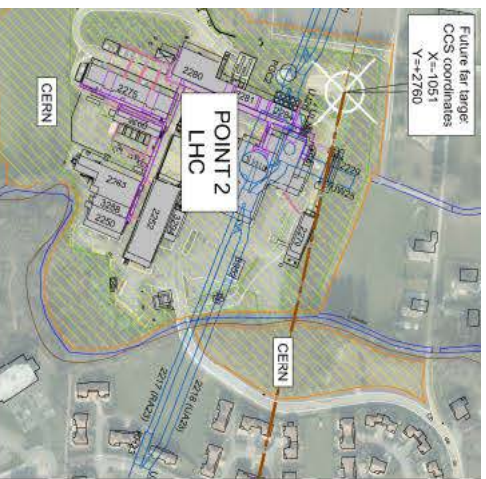
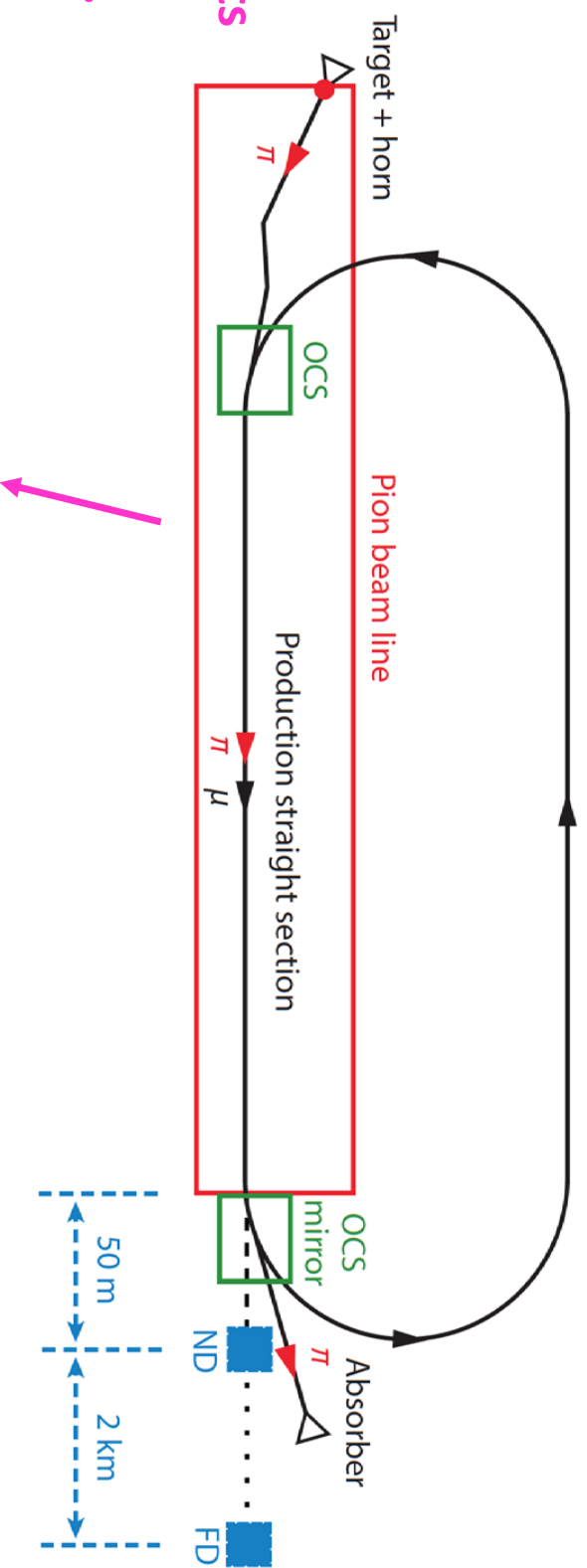


- FASER2, 3 ab^{-1} (solid)
 - FASER, 150 fb^{-1} (dotted)
 - CODEX-b, 300 fb^{-1} (B production only)
 - MATHUSLA200, 3 ab^{-1}
 - REDTOP, 10^{17} pot
- Production from K and B decays depend on UV completion:
 results shown assume $\text{UV} \approx \log \frac{\Lambda_{UV}^2}{m_{ALP}^2} \approx 0 \Rightarrow 1$

NuSTORM

*Well controlled ν beam
from a μ storage ring*

**Precise $\sigma(\nu)$ measurements
and a path towards
a ν factory or a μ collider.**



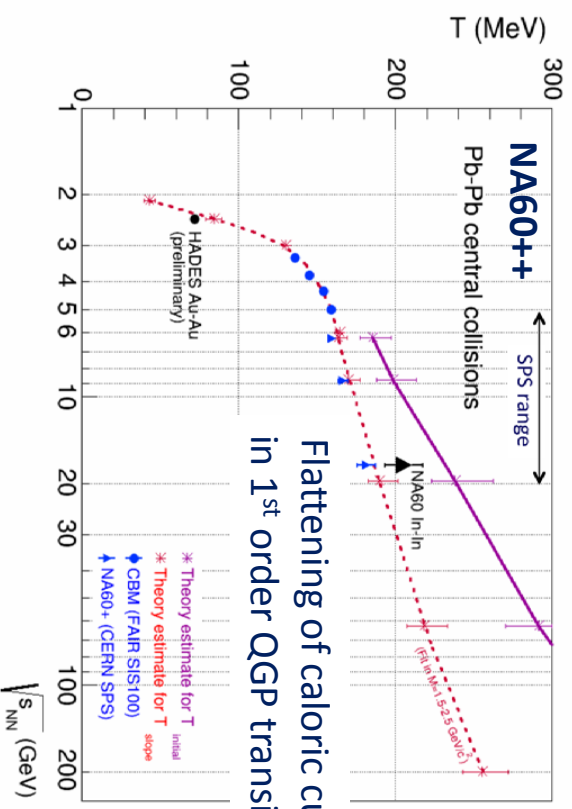
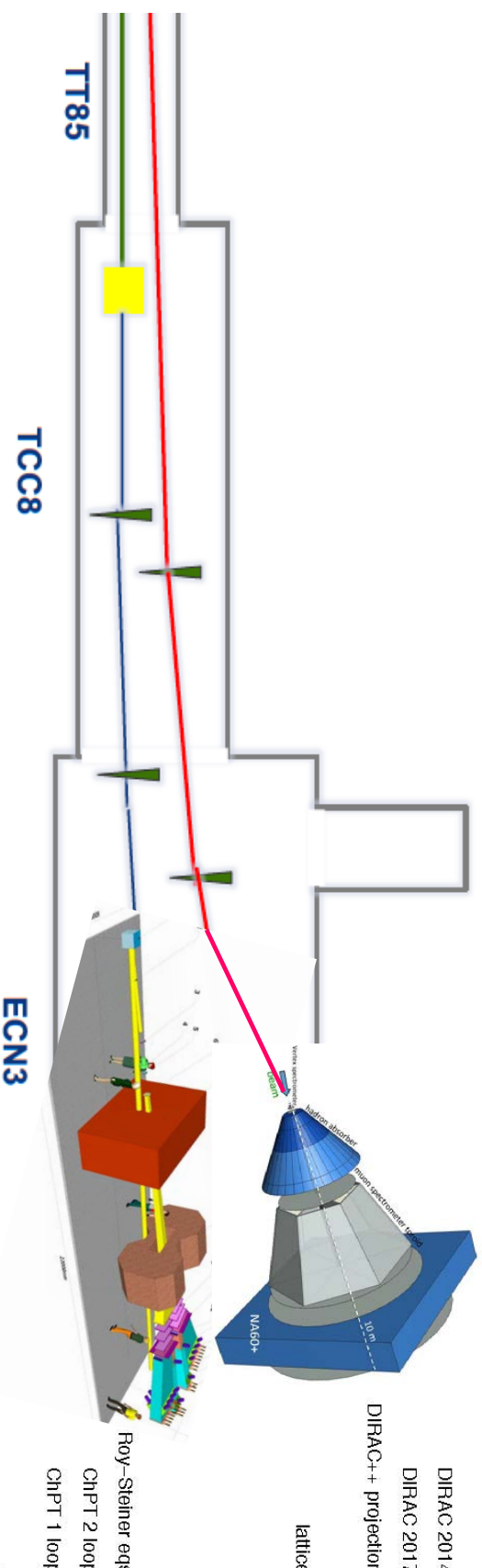
NA60++ and DIRAC++

Unique physics reach for both

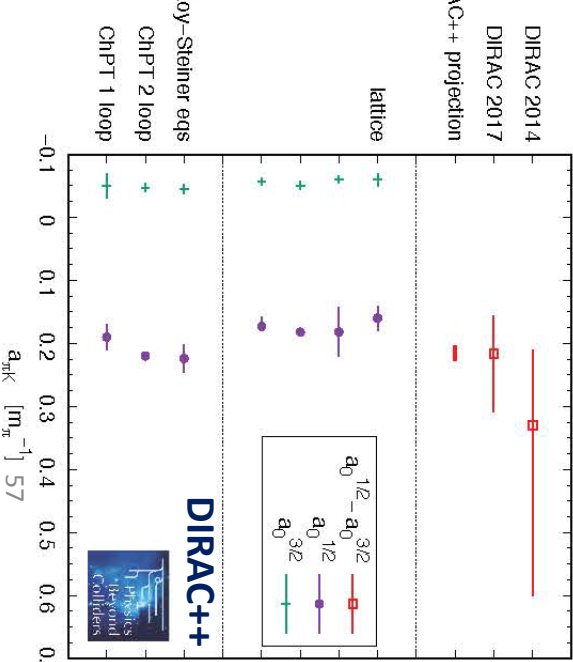
High hadron beam intensities

→ only reasonable implementation is in ECN3

Both beams could fit together in ECN3
 But implementation can be done only
 once NA62 has freed the hall



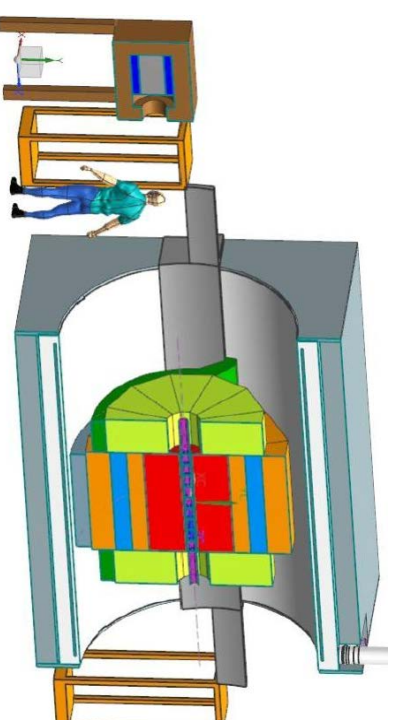
Flattening of caloric curve
 in 1st order QGP transition



REDTOP

$\eta - \eta'$ factory

Also in discussion at FNAL



It is a Goldstone boson

Symmetry constrains its QCD dynamics

It is an eigenstate of the C, P, CP and G operators
(Very rare in nature): $|G\rangle_{J^{PC}} = |0^{+} 0^{-+}\rangle$

It can be used to test C and CP invariance.

All its additive quantum numbers are zero (Very clean state)

$$Q = I = j = S = B = L = 0$$

Its decays are not influenced by a change of flavor (as in K decays) and violations are "pure"

It is a very narrow state ($\Gamma_{\eta} = 1.3 \text{ KeV}$ vs $\Gamma_{\rho} = 149 \text{ MeV}$)

Contributions from higher orders are enhanced by a factor of $\sim 100,000$

Excellent for testing invariances

All its possible strong decays are forbidden in the lowest order by P and CP invariance, G-parity conservation and isospin and charge symmetry invariance.

EM decays are forbidden in lowest order by C invariance and angular momentum conservation

Main issues:

- **2 GeV continuous proton beam (PS best option but non-nominal for REDTOP)**
- **Demanding detector technology (Optical TPC and dual readout calorimetry)**