

### The High Energy Astrophysics Group and the Athena mission





### **Scientific Council of APC**

A. Lemière, A. Goldwurm for the **AHE group** 

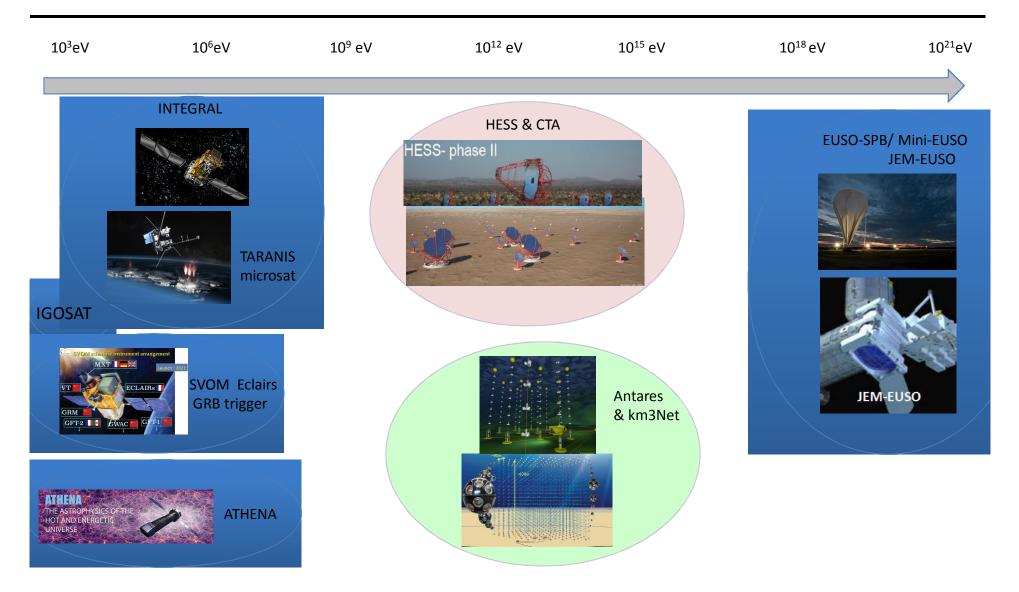
Paris, 19-20 march 2020

### The AHE group

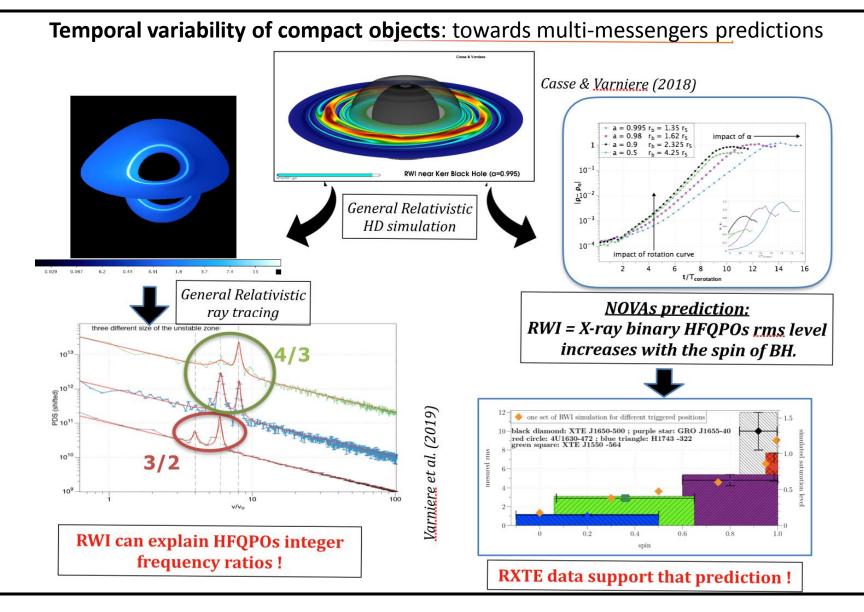
33 Group Members : larger group at APC !

- 21 permanent researchers :
  - 10 CNRS
  - 7 EC (6 Paris Diderot, 1 Paris Sud)
  - 2 CEA
- 1 EMERITE, 1 scientific associate (CEA)
- 5 Post-docs
- 6 PhDs
- 14 APC members as secondary group
- 9 associated researchers (CNRS, CEA, Observatoire,...)

### **AHE Projects**

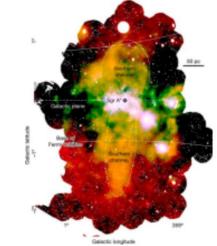


### **Numerical Simulation**



#### PeV Cosmic-rays (ANR Percora)

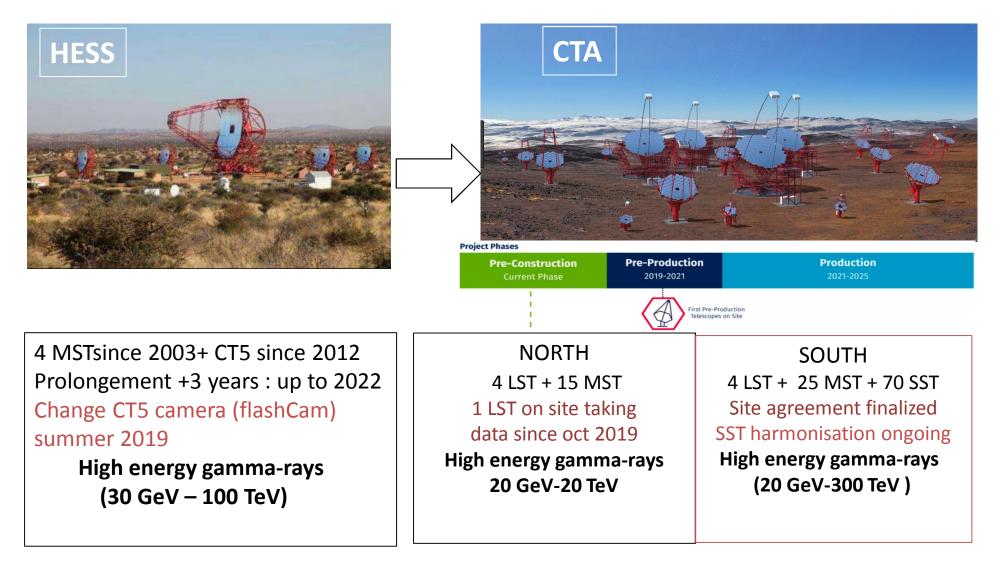
Ponti, G. et al., *An X-ray chimney extending hundreds of parsecs above and below the Galactic Centre*, Nature, 567, 347 (2019)

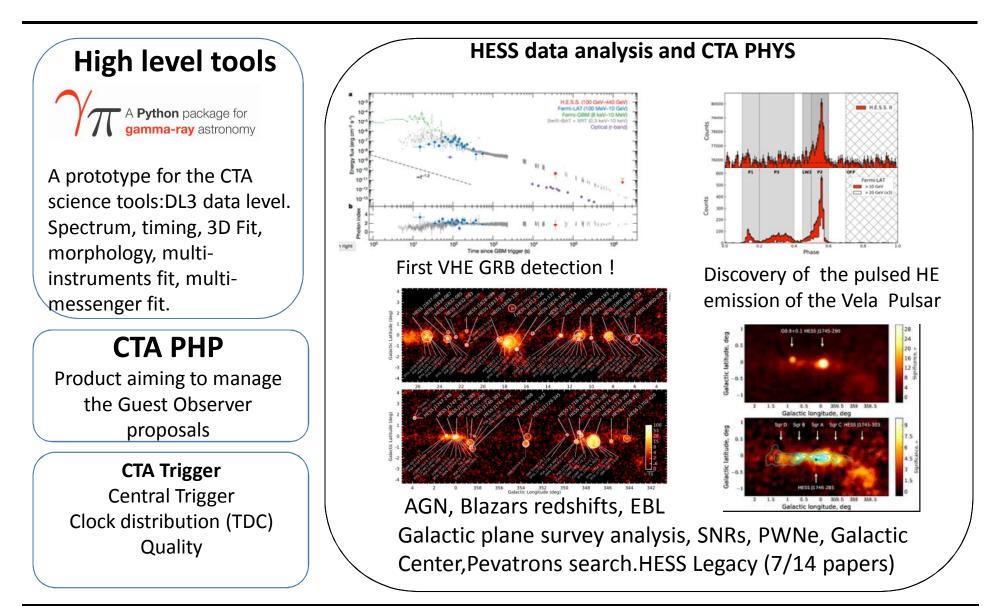


- Jaupart, E., Parizot, E., Allard, D., Contribution of the Galactic centre to the local cosmic-ray flux, A&A, 619, A12 (2018)
- **Recchia, S.**, Phan, V. H. M., Biswas, S., **Gabici, S.**, Can a cosmic ray carrot explain the ionization level in diffuse molecular clouds?, MNRAS, 485, 2276 (2019)
- Nava, L., Recchia, S., Gabici, S., Marcowith, A., Brahimi, L., Ptuskin, V., Non-linear diffusion of cosmic rays escaping from supernova remnants - II. Hot ionized media, MNRAS, 484, 2684 (2019)
- Tatischeff, V., Gabici, S., Particle Acceleration by Supernova Shocks and Spallogenic Nucleosynthesis of Light Elements, Ann. Rev. Nucl. Part. Sci., 68, 377 (2018)
- Cristofari, P., Gabici, S., Terrier, R., Humensky, T.B., On the search for Galactic supernova remnant PeVatrons with current TeV instruments, MNRAS, 479, 3415 (2018)

#### Gamma-ray Astronomy: HESS & CTA

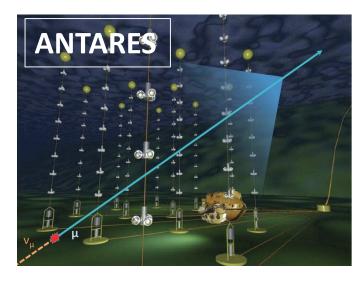
#### Array of Tcherenkov telescopes

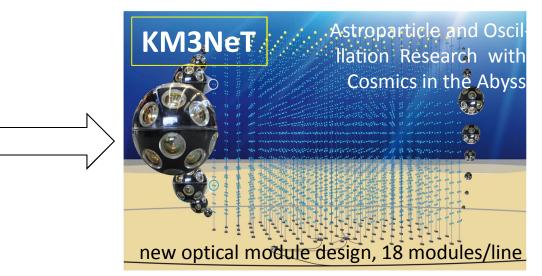




#### Neutrino Astronomy

Neutrino telescopes in the Mediterranean Sea:





2500 m depth, off Toulon 12 lines.Operating since 2008 First undersea neutrino telescope High energy neutrino astronomy (TeV - PeV) + neutrino physics (oscillations)

ARCA

3500 m depth, Sicily 2 x 115 lines, **1 Gton** 1 line operating

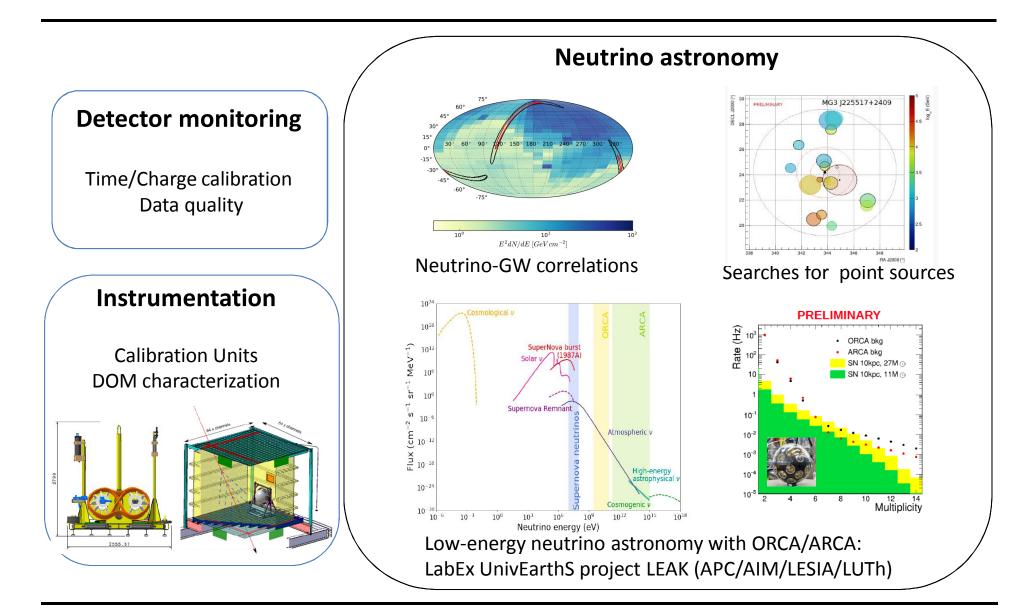
High energy neutrino astronomy (TeV-PeV)

#### ORCA

2500 m depth, Toulon 1 x 115 lines, **5.7 Mton 6 lines operating since January 2020!** 

Low energy neutrino astronomy (MeV-GeV)

#### Neutrino astronomy at APC



### The TARANIS/XGRE instrument

CNES microsatellite is dedicated to the study of transient radio, optical and gamma-ray phenomena observed in association with **thunderstorms**.

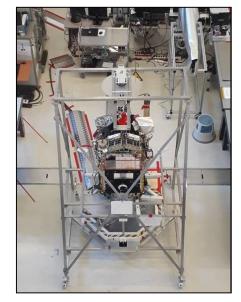
Among the payload, the XGRE instrument, developed at APC, is optimized to study terrestrial gamma-ray flashes (TGF) and terrestrial electrons beams (TEB). With an averaged effective area of 425 cm<sup>2</sup>, XGRE should detect about 200 TGFs per year.

It will also detect **short Gamma-Ray Bursts** and monitor **bright X-ray sources**, such as Crab and Cygnus X-1 on a 3,7 sr field of view with a few degrees position accuracy.

From February 24<sup>th</sup> to March 3<sup>rd</sup> 2020, the XGRE FM instrument has been **fully calibrated** on the satellite at CNES Toulouse. These measurement will be cross-checked with GEANT4 Monte Carlo simulations to compute **XGRE sensitive area and energy response**.

Launch expected on June 19th 2020





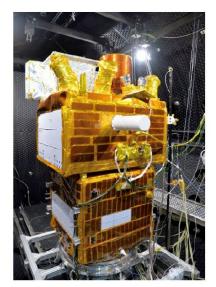
The TARANIS satellite during the FM calibration at CNES: Two XGRE detectors can be seen at the front.

### The SVOM Mission

Tests on Satellite Qualification Model (QFM) in Shanghai



Vibrational tests



Thermal tests

Network of VHF antennas under deployment

GRBs in the distant Universe

Launch date : end 2021

CDR (Concurrent Design Review) ECLAIRs and MXT was successful (feb 2020)

SVOM Burst Advocate school in les Houches in March 2020 canceled.

### SVOM @ APC : Coded Mask & Pipeline for ECLAIRs

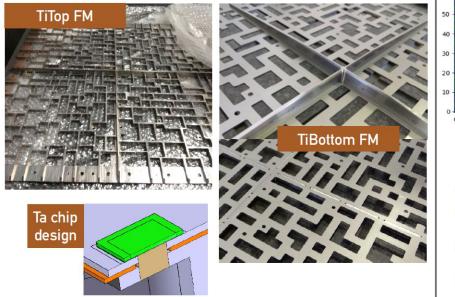
#### Coded Mask

### Coded mask ar ECLAIRs CDR was a success Flight Model in preparation

TiBottom requires laser welding to weld the cross.

Tantalum mask : a titanium one has been made to measure the precision of the process before the production of the tantalum one.

Tantalum chips have been produced (clean room).



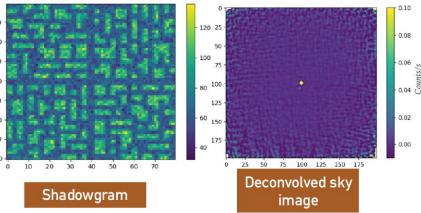
#### **ECLAIRs** pipeline

APC responsability with CEA Saclay and IRAP

Data Challenge 1 passed successfully : validate software architecture and interfaces + data processing of Crab FOV dataset

Simulation of the dataset

Deconvolution (imaging)



Imaging module + preliminary data preparation and correction ready

Background correction with Earth occultation ongoing

Spectra + lightcurves production in 2021

#### Future of UHECRS : JEM-EUSO

Space based detection of UHECRs and high-energy neutrinos through the fluorescence light of the induced showers. Wide field UV telescope operating from the ISS

#### K-EUSO reviewed by ROSCOSMOS approved to go into

Phase B (April 2019)

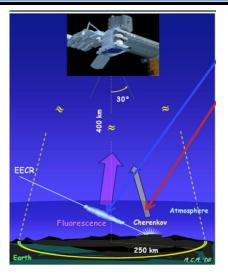
Detector units of the prototype developed and tested at APC

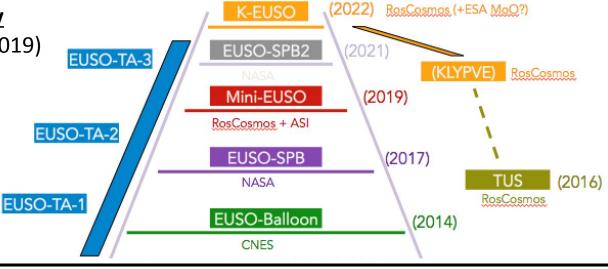
#### Mini-EUSO launched successfully

#### to the ISS last summer (August 2019)

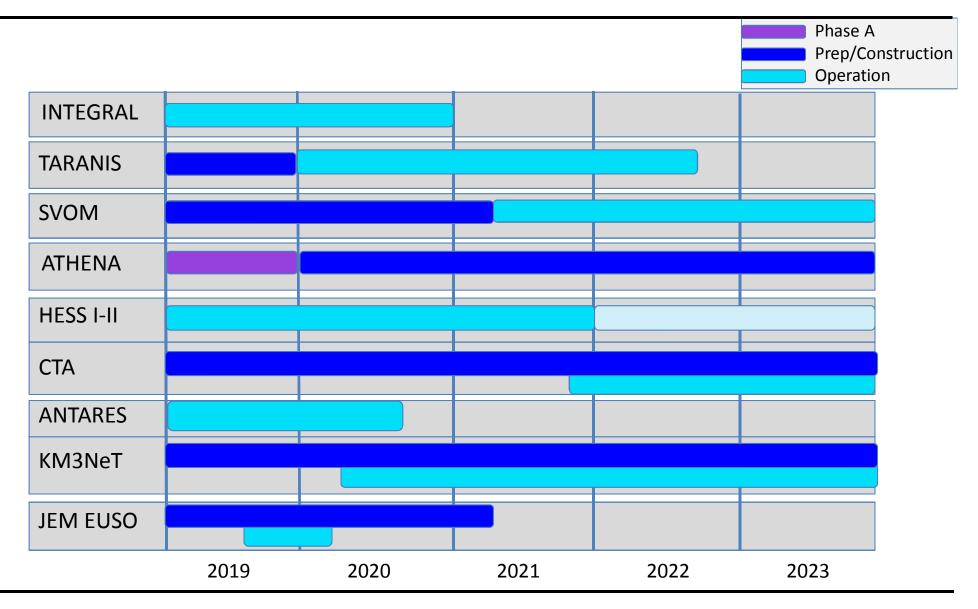
Detector units developed, produced & characterized by the APC team

#### **EUSO-SPB2 is** approved by NASA and funded **for a flight in 2022** Detection units developed, produced and calibrated by the APC team





### Timeline of the projects









### High Energy Astronomy Science with the Athena Mission A. Goldwurm APC / AHE group











**KIFU** 

Y-rau Integral Field Lin

ATHENA

APC/AHE ATHENA – APC CS 2020/03



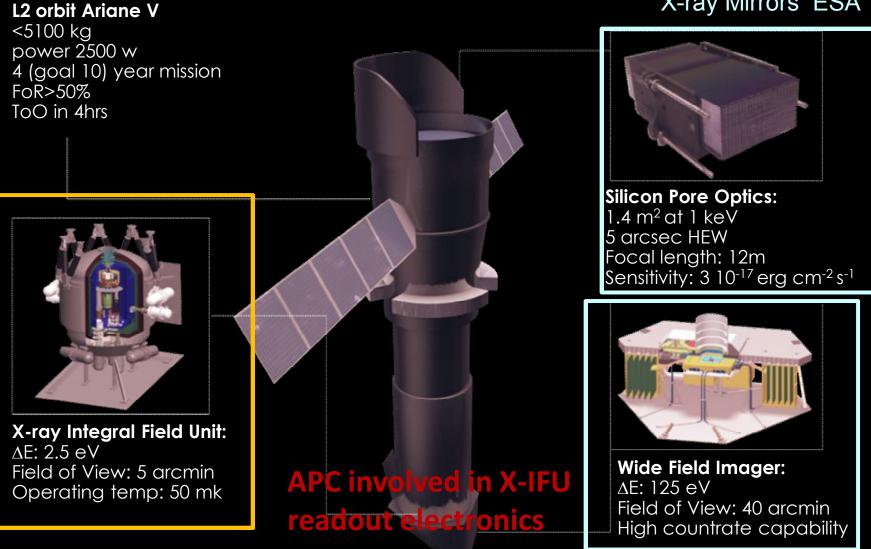
# **The Mission**



- Athena is the large X-ray (0.1-15 keV) Space Observatory of the approved ESA CV L2 mission for the study of the Hot & Energetic Universe
- Science:
  - Hot Universe: structure & formation of Galaxy Clusters
  - Energetic Universe: growth & evolution of Massive Black Holes (AGN)
  - **Observatory Science**: HE astrophysics, astro-particles & cosmology topics
  - Multi-Messenger/Time Domain Astronomy: X-rays from Gravitational Wave, Neutrino sources
- **Observatory:** Large X-ray mirror 12 m from 2 focal plane instruments, wide field imager (WFI), X-ray Integral Field Unit (X-IFU)
- X-ray Integral Field Unit: high resolution spectral-imager based on new technology for X-ray bolometers will have un-precedent spectral resolution (2.5 eV) over 7' FoV
- Launch 2031, 5 (nominal) 10 (goal) yr operations: long term project structuring Xray community and science of next 20+ yr. France deeply involved with INSU (X-IFU PI-ship), CNES (X-IFU Syst-Team), CEA (Sac, Grenoble) and IN2P3 (APC)



#### The Advanced Telescope for High Energy Astrophysics CV L2 ESA mission 2031 X-Rays (0.1-15 keV) X-ray Mirrors ESA



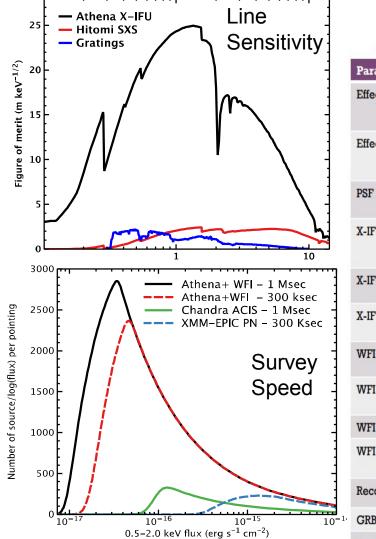
PI IRAP / Project Team CNES France

PI MPE Garching Germany



### **ATHENA Performances**

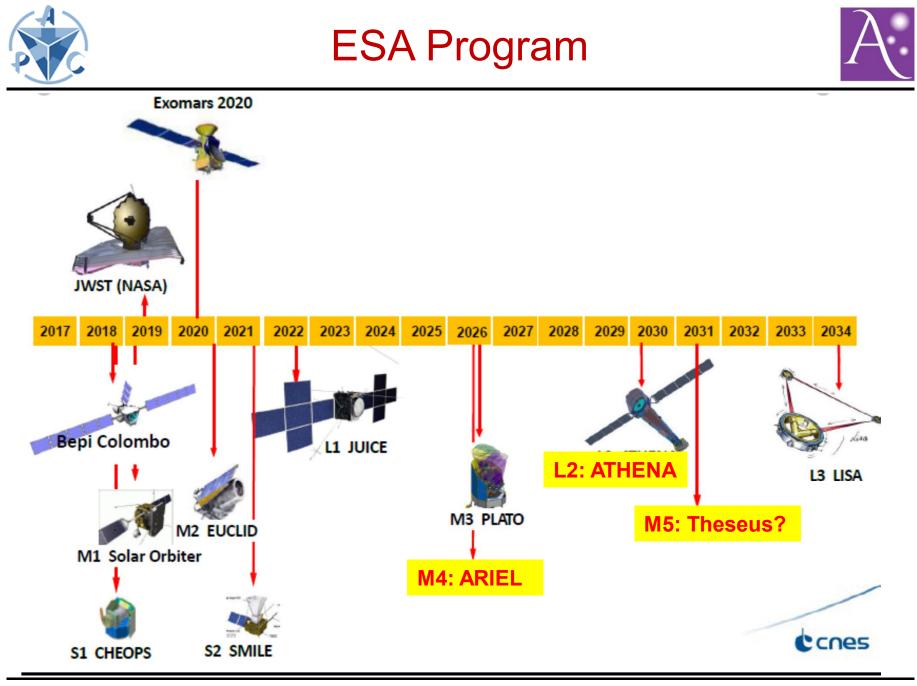




#### Athena Science Requirements

Parameter	value	enables (driving science goals)	
Effective area at 1 keV	≥1.4 m <sup>2</sup>	Early groups, cluster entropy and metal evolution, WHIM, high redshift AGN, census AGN, first generation of stars	
Effective area at 6 keV	0.25 m <sup>2</sup>	Cluster energetics (gas bulk motions and turbulence), AGN winds & outflows, SMBH & GBH spins	
PSF HEW ( $\leq 7 \text{ keV}$ )	5" on axis, 10" off axis	High z AGN, census of AGN, early groups, AGN feedback on cluster scales	
X-IFU spectral resolution	2.5 eV 0.2-12 keV	WHIM, cluster hot gas energetics and AGN feedback on cluster scales, energetics of AGN outflows at $z{\sim}1{-}4$	
X-IFU FoV	5' effective diameter	Metal production & dispersal, cluster energetics, WHIM	
X-IFU background	< 5 10 <sup>-3</sup> counts/s/cm <sup>2</sup> /keV 2-10keV	Cluster energetics & AGN feedback on cluster scales, metal production & dispersal	
WFI spectral resolution	<80eV (1keV) & <170eV (7keV) GBH spin, reverberation mapping		
WFI FoV	40' x 40'	High-z AGN, census AGN, early groups, cluster entropy evolution, jet-induced cluster ripples	
WFI count rate	1 Crab > 80%	GBH spin, reverberation mapping, accretion physics	
WFI background	< 5 10 <sup>-3</sup> counts/s/cm <sup>2</sup> /keV 2-7keV	Cluster entropy, cluster feedback, census AGN at $z{\sim}1{\text -}4$	
Recons. astrometric error	1" (3s)	High z AGNs	
GRB trigger efficiency	50%	WHIM	
ToO reaction time	$\leq$ 4 hours	WHIM, first generation of stars	

#### **APC/AHE ATHENA**



**APC/AHE ATHENA** 



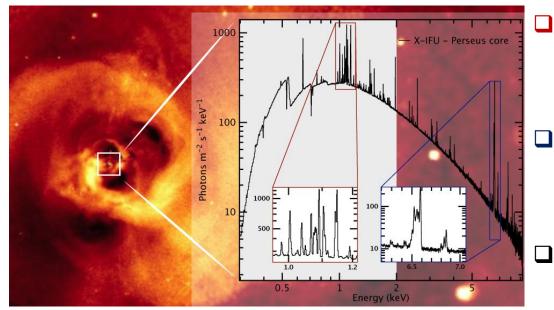


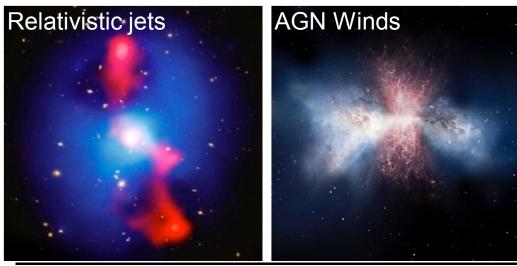
- 28/11/13 ESA Selection of the Hot and Violent Universe theme for the ESA L2 mission of C.V.
- 17/01/14 ESA Call for Mission Concept
- 2014-2015 WFI and X-IFU Consortia established: Submission & Selection of Mission Concept
- June 2015 Start Phase A
- 2015-2019 Assessment + Feasibility Phase A
- **2019**-2021 Preliminary Definition Phase Phase B1
- 2021 Mission selection by ESA Start Phase B2 C D
- 2026 Delivery of subsystems
- 2031 Launch => 5 / 10 yr operations



### **ATHENA Science**







- HOT UNIVERSE: Galaxy Clusters and the Large Scale Structures of the Universe
  - ENERGETIC UNIVERSE: AGN, how Black Holes Grow and Shape the Universe (spins, outflows, ..)
  - TRANSIENT and MULTI-MESSENGER Astronomy: GRBs, GW ev., v ev., CR
- OBSERVATORY SCIENCE: Galactic CO, SNR, SN, Stars, Solar System
- SYNERGIES:
  - □ aLIGO/aVIRGO, LISA, (ET)
  - CTA, KM3NeT
  - JWST, ELT, SKA, ALMA
  - □ (THESEUS, ...)



## **APC Scientific Interests**



- **Science themes** of Athena intersects the science domains of APC (AHE and Cosmo)
- Science topics (APC scientists, in bold core team members) :
  - **Galactic Center physics**
  - AGN variability and spectroscopy
  - **Galactic Compact Objects**
  - **Deep Extragalactic Surveys for dark matter/energy**
  - Particle acceleration and interaction (GC, SNR, GRB)
  - Transient Events(GRB) and Multi-messenger Astronomy
  - > 10 permanent scientists interested in specific science topics of Athena

- (A. Goldwurm, R. Terrier, A. Lemière)
  - (P. Goldoni, S. Pita, V. Beckmann)
  - (P. Varnière, P. Laurent, A. Djannati)
    - (J. Bartlett, J. Delabrouille)
    - (S. Gabici, E. Parizot)
    - (A. Coleiro, C. Lachaud)
- High-Level Technological dev. on Cryo Microelectronics for Bolometers (D.Prêle, M.Piat, F. Voisin)
- APC Missions and Projects of Astroparticle Physics (=> synergies with Athena): •
  - X-Rays / Soft Gamma Rays: INTEGRAL, Taranis, SVOM, (eAstrogam, Theseus)
  - **VHE gamma Rays: CTA**
  - Gravitational Waves : aVIRGO, LISA, (Einstein Telescope)
  - **Particle experiments (**neutrinos, Cosmic-Rays): **KM3NeT**, (JEM-EUSO)
  - Cosmology : LSST, Euclid





#### **Contributions:**

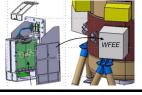
- Participation to X-IFU Instrument
- Responsibility for the Warm Front End Electronic (WFEE) Sub-System of the X-IFU read out chain
- Participation to science ground segment in the contest of the X-IFU instrument center.
- Contribution to **simulations for the evaluation of background** in X-IFU

#### **Responsibilities within the X-IFU Consortium**:

- A. Goldwurm science Co-I, member of Science Advisory Team
- D. Prêle Instrument Co-I, member of Instrument-Detection Chain Team
- D. Prêle / F. Ardellier, WFEE Project Manager, member of Subsystem Project Manager Team

#### Responsibility Level: 2 Co-I out of 10 from France and 38 total













#### **APC / AHE Science**

- Focus on Astroparticle science: Particle acc.-prop.-inter., High energy (nonthermal) emission, energetic outflows, relativistic jets, extreme G/B fields
- Multi-wavelength / Multi-Messenger Astronomy / Time Domain : X-ray counterparts of Hard-X / Gamma-rays, CR, Neutrinos, GW sources

#### Non-standard Observation strategies

- 1. Extended large deep surveys of weak (diffuse) sources. Planned Coordinated Multi-Wave / M-Messenger campaigns. Comparison with large amount (archives) of other data (hard-X, TeV, MeV, CR, ..)
- 2. Fast (MW-MM) observations (ToO) of transient events => Time domain Astronomy

#### **Direct Project implication**

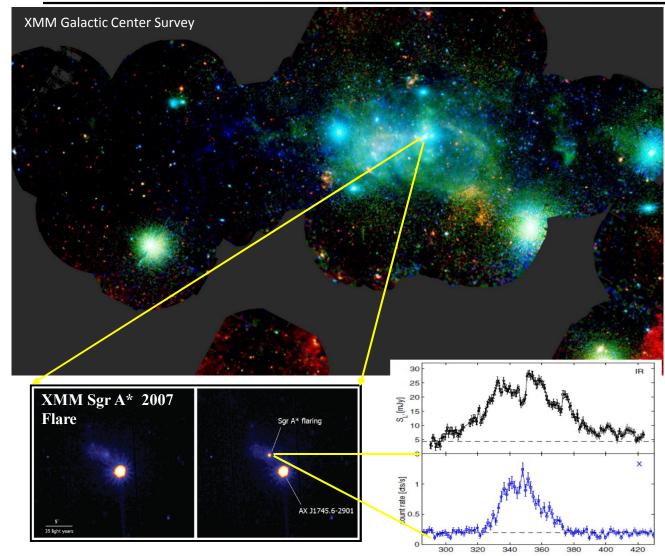
- Instrument knowledge, data analysis expertise, planning capabilities
- Competitive objectives (core science): Guarantee time rather than GO
- Large / deep surveys: large observation programs, planned M- $\lambda$  M-M
- Fast reaction: ToO, preplanned M- $\lambda$  M-M, triggering from M- $\lambda$  M-M obs.

#### => PARTICIPATION TO THE MISSION PROJECT MANDATORY



### AHE Athena-Science: Galactic Center





#### **Galactic Center:**

- Astroparticle Physics Laboratory
- Large Concentration of HE sources phenomena
- Nearest SMBH (Sgr A\*), \* clusters, CMZ ..

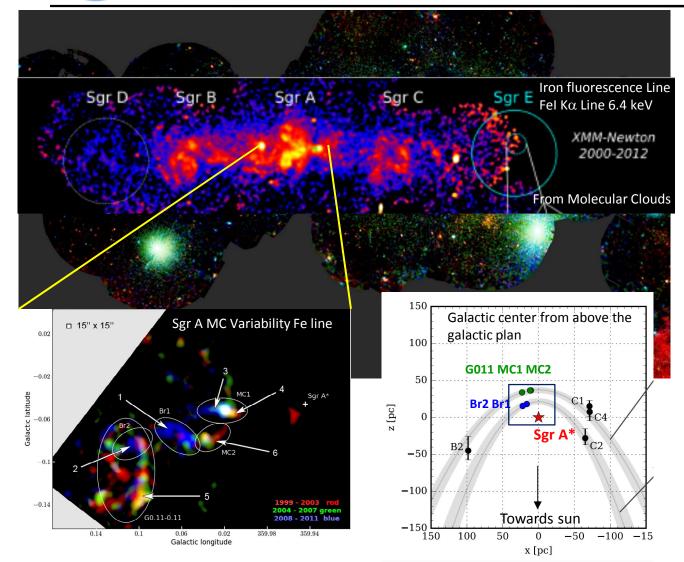
#### AHE researches: Sgr A\* flares in X-rays (XMM, Multi-wl)

ATHENA will study in detail the accretion flow and the X-ray flares of Sgr A\*



### Sgr A\* past activity from GC Obs.





#### **Galactic Center:**

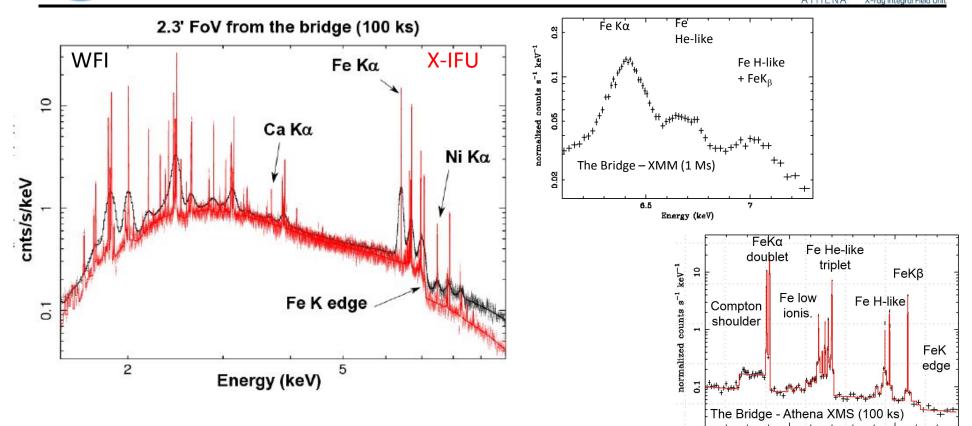
- Astroparticle Physics Laboratory
- □ Large Concentration of HE sources & phenomena
- Nearest SMBH (Sgr A\*), \* clusters, CMZ ..

#### **AHE researches:**

Diffuse variable X-ray/γray reflection emission from Molecular Clouds reveals BH past activity (Integral, XMM, Chandra)

ATHENA will observe with unprecedented energy resolution the Fe lines from the GC MC and will allow to reconstruct Sgr A\* light curve in the past 1000 yr

ATHENA Expected Performances for GC



• Line position known at ~ 2.5 eV accuracy

=> cloud velocity ( $\Delta v \approx 100$  km/s) determine the 3D position of echoes

- Geometry constraints from detailed spectral modelling (K-edge and continuum)
- GC cloud metallicity measurements
- Athena will distinguish XRN and LECRE contributions in GC clouds

(credit Terrier & Ponti)

Energy (keV)

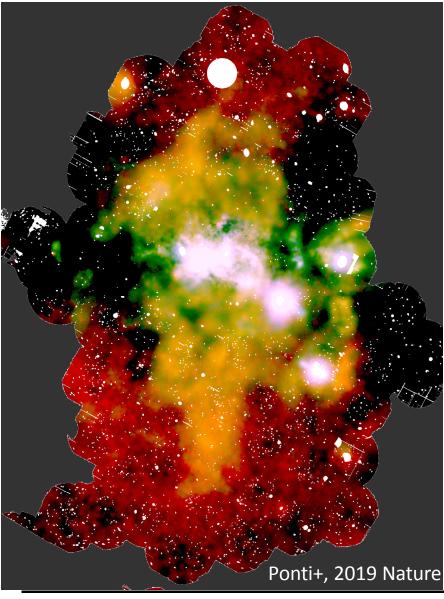
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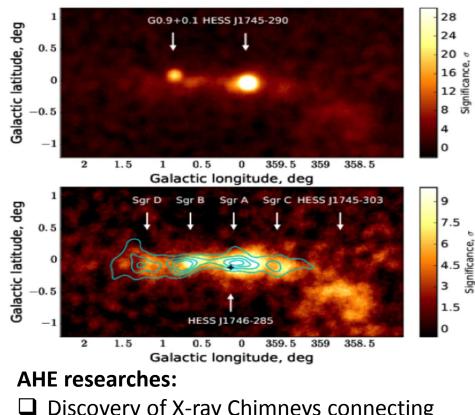
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### X-Ray Surveys of the Galactic Center





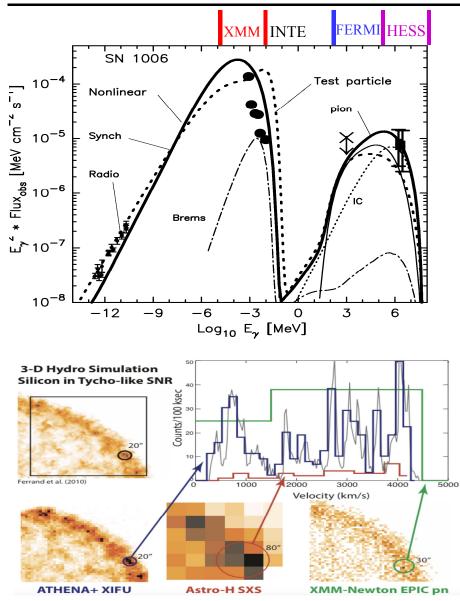


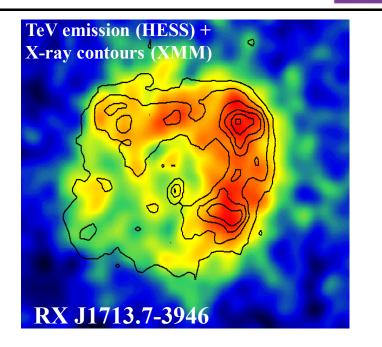
- Discovery of X-ray Chimneys connecting central regions to the Fermi Bubbles
- A PeVatron in GC produces TeV Diffuse emission (Hess coll. Nat 2016)
- □ Links with Central TeV source, GeV Excess

#### Athena will explore GC hot gaz outflows



### Particle Acceleration in Shocks of SNR

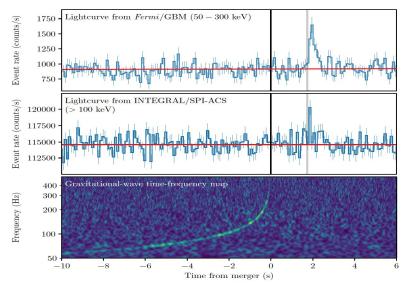




- RX1713.7 SNR in TeV and in X-Rays
- X-γ correlation: constraints on magnetic field & hadronic/leptonic models
- ATHENA/X-IFU, ASTRO-H and XMM images and silicon velocity profiles from a 3D hydrodynamic simulation of Tycho's SNR
  Synergies with CTA and KM3NeT

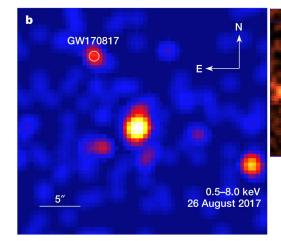






Chandra (Troja et al., 2017)

XMM (D'Avanzo et al., 2018)

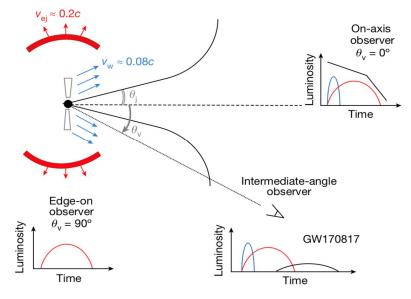


→ X-ray counterpart consistent with a short GRB viewed off-axis.

**GW170817**: First Detection of a GW event coincident with short GRB => NS-NS coalescence, relativistic jet, kilo-nova

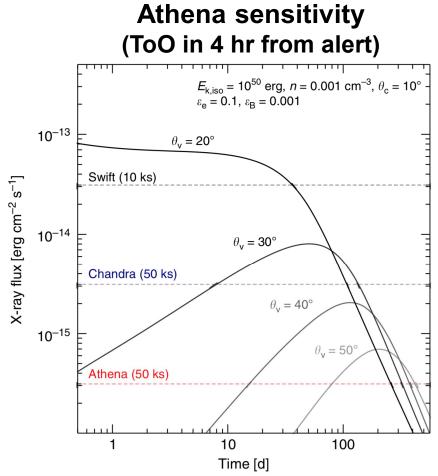
- LIGO/Virgo detection => narrow location box
- INTEGRAL & Fermi detection in gamma-rays
- Large Multi-wavelength Campaigns
- A weak counterpart in X-rays detected with Chandra => excellent science topic for Athena (ToO within 4 hr)
- X-ray obs. revealed view off-axis angle ~ 20°-25°

X-rays: unveil dynamics and geometry of the ejecta and are crucial for modelling the systems









Predicted X-ray light curves of GW counterparts for different viewing angles, assuming a standard afterglow at 100 Mpc. (Troja et al 2018)

- Detections expected for viewing angles of as high as 50°: Athena needed for viewing angles ≥ 50° for most distant mergers
- Future X-ray observations will probe a variety of viewing angles (pop. studies, jet structures, constraint on H<sub>0</sub>, ...)
- Map the geometry of NS mergers and impact of different outflows (relativistic / sub-relativistic)
- Probe the relation between jet's orientation (EM) and binary's inclination (GW)
- Break the NS/BH remnant degeneracy (a long-lived NS might affect the X-ray emission either through X-ray flares or long-lasting X-ray plateau)



Multi-messenger astronomy combining low-freq gravitational wave obs. by LISA, and contemporary or follow-up X-ray Athena obs. of the same source

Detection of X-ray counterpart of coalescing SMBH of  $10^{5}$ - $10^{7}$  M<sub> $\odot$ </sub> that LISA will detect to large z: Athena be able to detect X-ray emission from sources at z < 2

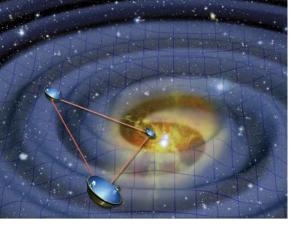
#### **Pre-Merger Inspiral Phase**

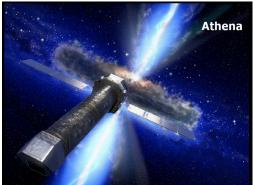
- **Environment of the SMBH-B**
- Speed of gravity •
- => probing for 1<sup>st</sup> time behavior of matter in S-T merging

#### **Post-Merger Phase**

- Cosmic distance scale
- AGN Physics: AGN rebirth ۲
- Jet Launching and ISM-interaction •
- => Exploring origin of most powerful objects

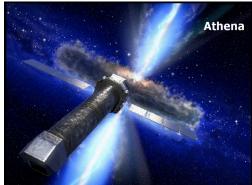
















#### X-ray emission during the late stages of the inspiral (days to hours before final merger) from:

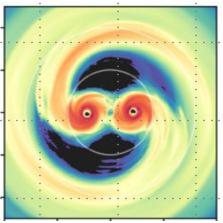
Circum-binary disc: X-ray emission in soft x-rays (≤ 1keV) Minidisks around BH: Hard X-ray emission (≥ 10 keV) from accretion coronae Interaction of circumbinary and minidisks:

- Accretion of circumbinary disk onto minidisks via streams
- Thermal radiation by inner edge of the circumbinary disk
- Thermal Emission from shocks in cavity walls of streams

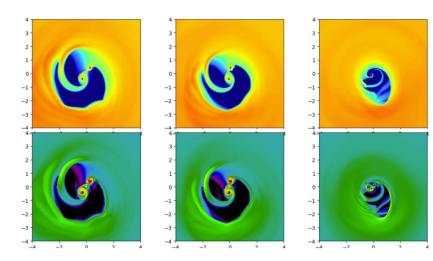
#### X-ray emission shows clear modulation on timescales as short as a few hours

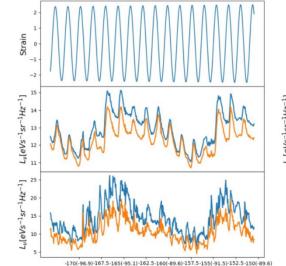
- Linked to orbital period and in-spiral (late) phases
- EM variability linked to the GW period up to merger

#### Smoking gun of the Merger !

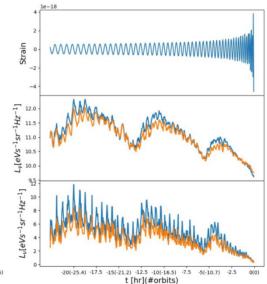


(Tang+ 18, d'Ascoli+ 18)





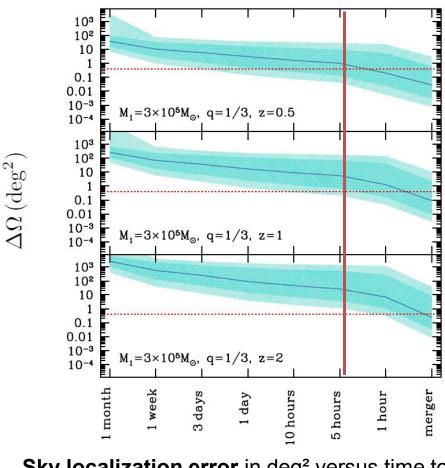
t [hr](#orbits)



**APC/AHE ATHENA** 







**Sky localization error** in deg<sup>2</sup> versus time to merger for non-spinning black hole binaries (----- = WFI FoV size 0.4 deg<sup>2</sup>, \_\_\_\_ = 5hr) LISA expected to detect SMBHB M of  $10^3$ - $10^7 M_{\odot}$ to z = 20 with uncertain rate of 10-300 in 4 yr. Majority of low S/N but several/yr will be high S/N of > 3  $10^5 M_{\odot}$  at z < 2 => small error boxes

GW signal increases with time, from in-spiral to merger => best localization derived postmerging, with best cases down to arcminutes

### Fraction that LISA can detect within WFI FoV (0.4 deg<sup>2</sup>) at diff times from Merging :

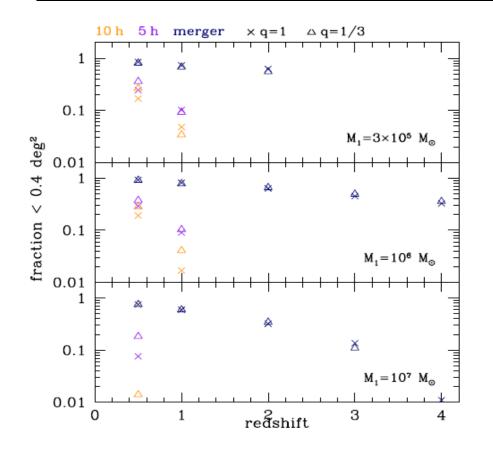
- $3 \ 10^5 10^6 M_{\odot}$  (indep of q) in 5 hr b. m.
  - 20-40 % at z < 0.5</p>
  - 10 % at z = 1
- 10 % of  $10^7 M_{\odot}$  at z=0.5 in 5 hr b. m.
- > 60 % of 3  $10^5$  M $_{\odot}$  at z=2 and 50 % of  $10^6$  M $_{\odot}$  at z=4 at merging

#### **Results:**

- 1. Localizing within WFI FoV during late GW in-spiral possible only for low-z  $10^5\text{--}10^6\,M_\odot$
- 2. At merger all systems even  $10^7 M_{\odot}$  at z < 2; can be localized within fractions of a deg<sup>2</sup>







# SMBH-B Fraction with localization by LISA within the WFI FoV (0.4 deg<sup>2</sup>) vs. redshifts for different Total Masses, times before merger and mass ratios

LISA expected to detect SMBHB M of  $10^3$ - $10^7 M_{\odot}$ to z = 20 with uncertain rate of 10-300 in 4 yr. Majority of low S/N but several/yr will be high S/N of > 3  $10^5 M_{\odot}$  at z < 2 => small error boxes

GW signal increases with time, from in-spiral to merger => best localization derived postmerging, with best cases down to arcminutes

### Fraction that LISA can detect within WFI FoV (0.4 deg<sup>2</sup>) at diff times from Merging :

- $3 \ 10^5 10^6 \,\mathrm{M}_{\odot}$  (indep of q) in 5 hr b. m.
  - 20-40 % at z < 0.5</p>
  - 10 % at z = 1
- 10 % of  $10^7 M_{\odot}$  at z=0.5 in 5 hr b. m.
- > 60 % of 3  $10^5$  M $_{\odot}$  at z=2 and 50 % of  $10^6$  M $_{\odot}$  at z=4 at merging

#### **Results:**

- 1. Localizing within WFI FoV during late GW in-spiral possible only for low-z  $10^5\text{--}10^6\,M_\odot$
- 2. At merger all systems even  $10^7 M_{\odot}$  at z < 2; can be localized within fractions of a deg<sup>2</sup>





Expected Fluxes (cgs) & exposure (ks) for L-A detection at Bol. Eddington Luminosity

Unobscured AGN

Obscured AGN ( $N_{\rm H} = 10^{23} \, \rm cm^{-2}$ )

	$M=10^6 M_{\odot}$	$M=10^7 M_{\odot}$		U U	$M=10^7 M_{\odot}$
z = 1	$8 \times 10^{-16}$ (5)	$8 \times 10^{-15}$ (<1)		$8 \times 10^{-17} (200)$	
z = 2	$1.5 \times 10^{-16}$ (70)	$1.5 \times 10^{-15}$ (2)	z = 2	$5 \times 10^{-17}$ (400)	$5 \times 10^{-16}$ (10)

#### SMBHB Mergers – premerger phase

- SMBH-B with Error Boxes < 10 deg<sup>2</sup> few days before M. => covered by 3-d WFI scan (23 obs. x 9 ks)
- Estimates of Athena Detection Fluxes for these events  $(L_x / L_{bol} \sim 2-10 \%) =>$  Large exposure needed
- Identification of the counterpart in the FoV => use the model predicted specific temporal variability
- ToO (4 hr Athena reaction time) only not sufficient for obs. of inspiral, need observation strategy:
- Strategy: cover these events with scans of tiled obs. then a direct pointed obs. when small EB obtained
- => Measurement of the X-ray counterpart of a SMBH binary merging during the premerging phase an **extremely challenging**, **albeit exciting**, possibility





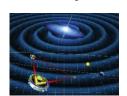
- Athena Mission fully in the line with AstroParticle topics and long-term Multi-Messenger scientific strategy of APC and the AHE group
- Two type of X-Ray AstroParticle sources / Observation strategies:
  - Persistent Localised (Weak) Sources => Large / Deep MM programs (GC, SNR)
  - Fast Unlocalised (Bright) Events => Time Domain MM Astro (sGRB/GW, SMBH-B)
- Large Synergies with the MM projects of APC: excellent (risky but rewarding) prospect for LISA-Athena science Today in few years 10 yr+
- => Participation to the project







aVirgo+



LISA

APC Participation in **Athena/X-IFU** well established since 2014 with resp. of **WFEE** read-out subsystem



**INTEGRAL** 





**APC/AHE ATHENA**