IRN Terascale @ LPC-Clermont





UV Fuzziness in Particle Physics & Braneworlds

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Introduction Part I – Why UV Nonlocality in Particle Physics?

- ullet UV nonlocal QFT's \Rightarrow Better UV behavior than local QFT's \Rightarrow Quantum gravity?
- ullet Usually: Quantum gravity/spacetime \Rightarrow Minimal length scale \Rightarrow UV nonlocality.
- String field theory (SFT) = QFT approach to string theory (strings = 1D objects).
 ⇒ UV nonlocality manifest.
- In this talk: Prototypes of UV nonlocal QFT's inspired by SFT. \Rightarrow Nonlocal scale $\geq \mathcal{O}(1)$ TeV (not necessary \sim Planck scale $\Lambda_P \sim 10^{18}$ GeV). \Rightarrow No notion of microcausality! But macrocausality seems OK...
- Difficulties: UV nonlocal field theories may have Ostrogradsky ghosts (= dof with wrong sign kinetic terms) at the classical and/or at the quantum level!
 ⇒ Instability + Nonunitarity?

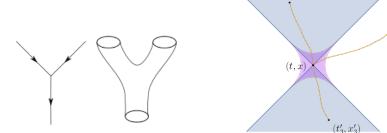


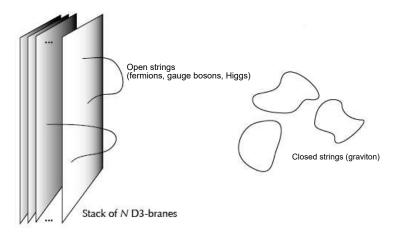
Figure: Interaction vertex & light cone: local QFT versus SFT

 (t'_2, x'_2)

Intoduction Part II – Why UV Nonlocality in Braneworlds?

String theory:

- Critical heterotic strings & superstrings I-II \Rightarrow 6 extra dimensions of space.
- Stack of D-branes \Rightarrow Gauge theories.
- \bullet Strings = 1D extended objects \Rightarrow UV nonlocality in EFT's.



Contents

- UV Nonlocality in Particle Physics
 - String-Inspired Toy Model of Fuzzy Particles
 - Stability of the Electroweak Scale
 - Asymptotic Safety

- 2 UV Nonlocality in Braneworlds
 - Effective Field Theories with an Extra Dimension of Space & Branes
 - Warp Transmutation of Scales
 - Split Fermions

Now we are going to look at...

- UV Nonlocality in Particle Physics
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String-Inspired Toy Model of Fuzzy Particles

L. Buoninfante, G. Lambiase, A. Mazumdar, Nucl. Phys. B 944 (2019) 114646

 ϕ^n -theory with a real scalar ϕ on a 4D Euclidean spacetime \mathbb{R}^4 of signature (++++):

$$\mathcal{L} = -rac{1}{2}\,\phi(\mathsf{x})\,igl(\Box - \mathsf{m}^2igr)\,\phi(\mathsf{x}) + rac{\lambda}{n!}\,\widetilde{\phi}^n(\mathsf{x})\,,\quad \Box = \partial_\mu\partial_\mu\,.$$

Delocalized scalar field defined via a smearing heat kernel K (nonlocal scale: $\Lambda=1/\ell$):

$$\widetilde{\phi}(x) = \int d^4x' \ K(x-x') \, \phi(x') \,, \quad K(x-x') = \left(\frac{1}{4\pi\ell^2}\right)^2 \exp\left[-\left(\frac{|x-x'|}{2\ell}\right)^2\right] \,,$$

related to a smearing infinite derivative operator:

$$K(x-x') = e^{f(\square)} \delta(x-x'), \quad f(\square) = \frac{\square - m^2}{\Lambda^2}.$$

Move nonlocality: interaction \rightarrow kinetic terms \Rightarrow SFT-like form factor:

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2}\,\widetilde{\phi}(x)\,e^{-2f(\Box)}\,\left(\Box - m^2\right)\widetilde{\phi}(x) + \frac{\lambda}{n!}\,\widetilde{\phi}^n(x) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \Pi(p^2) = \frac{-ie^{-2f(p^2)}}{p^2 + m^2}\,.$$

Exponential = Entire function on the complex plane \Rightarrow No ghost at tree level!

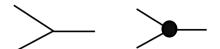


Figure: Local versus nonlocal vertex (ϕ^3 -theory)

• 1-loop radiative correction to the scalar mass m in ϕ^4 -theory:

$$\Lambda \gg m \quad \Rightarrow \quad \delta m^2 \simeq \frac{\lambda}{64\pi^2} \, \Lambda^2 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \Lambda = {\rm smooth \; cutoff \; (\sim Lee-Wick \; SM)}.$$

- \Rightarrow Stabilized against radiative corrections if $\Lambda \sim 1$ TeV! But why $\Lambda \ll \Lambda_P$?
- Nonlocal Yang-Mills theory, with $\nabla_{\mu}=\partial_{\mu}-igA_{\mu}^{a}T_{a}$ and $F_{\mu\nu}^{a}=\partial_{[\mu}A_{\nu]}^{a}+g\,f^{abc}A_{\mu}^{b}A_{\nu}^{c}$:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{YM}} = \frac{1}{4} F^{\text{a}}_{\mu\nu} \, \mathrm{e}^{-2\nabla^2/\Lambda^2} F^{\text{a}}_{\mu\nu} - i \overline{\psi} \mathrm{e}^{-2\nabla^2/\Lambda^2} \gamma_{\mu} \nabla_{\mu} \psi \, .$$

ullet UV nonlocality signatures at LHC? \Rightarrow ex: Drell-Yan dilepton cross section:

$$q\overline{q} \to Z/\gamma^* \to e^+e^- \ \Rightarrow \ \sigma_{NLSM} = e^{-2s/\Lambda^2}\sigma_{SM} \,, \ \ {\rm dev.} = \left(\frac{d\sigma_{NLSM}}{dM_{ee}}/\frac{d\sigma_{SM}}{dM_{ee}}\right) - 1 \,. \label{eq:sigma}$$

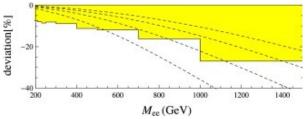


Figure: LHC Run 1; ATLAS uncertainties; $\sqrt{s}=8$ TeV; $\Lambda/\sqrt{2}=1.5, 2, 2.5$ and 3 TeV (bottom \to top)

Asymptotic Safety – Stability of the Higgs Potential

A. Ghoshal, A. Mazumdar, N. Okada, D. Villalba, Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018), 076011

Nonlocal Yukawa theory:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\varphi} = -\frac{1}{2}\,\varphi e^{-2\Box/\Lambda^2}\Box\varphi - i\overline{\psi}e^{-2\Box/\Lambda^2}\gamma_{\mu}\partial_{\mu}\psi + \frac{\lambda}{4!}\,\varphi^4 + y\,\varphi\overline{\psi}\psi\,.$$

 β -function for $\lambda \Rightarrow$ Conformal behavior above $\Lambda \Rightarrow$ Stability of the scalar potential!

$$\beta_{\lambda}^{(1)}(\mu^2 \gg \Lambda^2) \sim \frac{3\lambda^2 + 8\lambda y^2}{16\pi^2} e^{-4\mu^2/\Lambda^2}$$

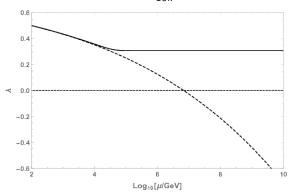


Figure: $\Lambda/\sqrt{2}=10^5$ GeV; initial conditions: $\lambda=0.5$ & y=0.6 at $\mu=100$ GeV

Asymptotic Safety – No UV Landau Pole for the Weak Hypercharge

A. Ghoshal, A. Mazumdar, N. Okada, D. Villalba, Phys. Rev. D 97 (2018), 076011

Nonlocal QED, with $\nabla_{\mu} = \partial_{\mu} - igA_{\mu}$ and $F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_{[\mu}A_{\nu]}$:

$$\mathcal{L}_{\textit{QED}} = \frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} e^{-2\Box/\Lambda^2} F_{\mu\nu} - i \overline{\psi} e^{-2\nabla^2/\Lambda^2} \gamma_{\mu} \nabla_{\mu} \psi \,,$$

 β -function for $g \Rightarrow \mathsf{Conformal}$ behavior above $\Lambda \Rightarrow \mathsf{No} \ \mathsf{UV} \ \mathsf{Landau}$ pole!

$$\beta_g^{(1)}(\mu^2 \gg \Lambda^2) \sim \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \left(\frac{4}{3}\right) e^{-4\mu^2/\Lambda^2}$$

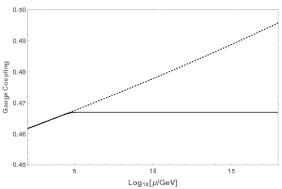


Figure: $\Lambda/\sqrt{2} = 10^5$ GeV

Conclusion Part I – UV Nonlocality in Particle Physics

Summary:

- Motivated to include gravity in a UV complete quantum theory of Nature.
- Has a smearing effect on interaction vertices & poinlike sources.
- Potential new path to stabilize the electroweak scale?
- Potential path towards asymptotic safety?
 - \Rightarrow Stability of the Higgs potential? + No Landau pole for the weak hypercharge?
- \Rightarrow New model building issues for the energy frontier!

Potential problems:

- UV nonlocal QFT's usually defined on Euclidean spacetime (Wick rotation not defined: essential singularity at ∞ on the complex plane):
 - \Rightarrow Artificial analytic continuation (S-matrix: only real momenta of asymptotic states).
 - ⇒ Lorentzian starting point? UV change of signature? (ex: LQG)
- Simplest nonlocal theories ⇒ Ghosts may reappear in dressed propagators or at tree level with a shift of vacuum (Higgs mechanism)...

Outlook:

- Building a consistent nonlocal UV completion of the SM ⇒ Collider phenomenology?
- Interplay with quantum spacetime constructions?
 ex: stochastic spacetimes, κ-Minkowski spacetime, ...
- Interplay with noncommutative QFT's?
 - ⇒ Other UV nonlocal features (Lorentz symmetry breaking, UV/IR mixing, ...).
 - \Rightarrow Constraining gauge groups: only U(N) in θ -Poincaré noncommutative QFT's.

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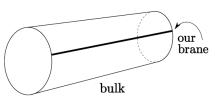
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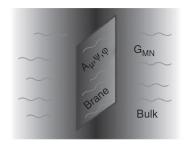
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Effective Field Theories with an Extra Dimension of Space & Branes

Local EFT's with an extra dimension of space & δ -like branes.

- δ -like brane = Hypersurface where fields and/or interactions can be localized.
- Bulk = Whole spacetime outside the branes.





5D action with multibranes:

$$S_{5D} = \int d^4x \ dy \left[\mathcal{L}_{bulk} + \sum_{i=1}^N \delta(y-y_i) \, \mathcal{L}_{brane}^{(i)} \right] \, .$$

Kaluza-Klein (KK) dimensional reduction (5D \rightarrow 4D). \Rightarrow 4D KK-modes ϕ_n & bulk wave functions f_n :

$$\Phi(x,y) = \sum_{n}^{\infty} f_n(y) \, \phi_n(x) \, .$$

Warp Transmutation of Scales – Electroweak Scale

L. Randall, R. Sundrum, Phys. Rev. Lett. 83 (1999) 3370-3373

RS model:

• Spacetime = Slice of AdS₅ (proper length ρ), signature (+ - - - -):

$$ds^2 = g_{MN} dx^M dx^N = e^{-2ky} \eta_{\mu\nu} dx^{\mu} dx^{\nu} - dy^2$$
.

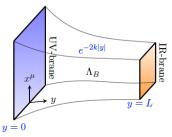
• 4D electroweak Higgs field H localized on the IR-brane:

$$S_{IR} = \int d^4x \int_0^{
ho} dy \, \sqrt{g_5} \, \delta(y-
ho) \left[g^{\mu
u} \left(\partial_\mu H\right)^\dagger \, \partial_
u H - \lambda \left(H^\dagger H - v_5^2\right)^2 + \cdots
ight]$$

 \bullet 4D Higgs field canonically normalized \Rightarrow Redshifted Higgs VEV on the IR-brane:

$$v_4 \sim e^{-k\rho} v_5 \sim 100 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow \text{Warp transmutation of the electroweak scale!}$$

+ Stability against radiative corrections.



Warp Transmutation of Scales – Nonlocal Scale

F. Nortier, Working paper, DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4898023

 String-inspired nonlocality ⇒ Delocalized Higgs field with a nonlocal form factor, signature (+++++):

$$\widetilde{H}(x) = e^{f\left(g^{\mu\nu}\partial_{\mu}\partial_{\nu}\right)}H(x), \quad f\left(g^{\mu\nu}\partial_{\mu}\partial_{\nu}\right) = \frac{g^{\mu\nu}\partial_{\mu}\partial_{\nu} + \mu^{2}}{\Lambda_{5}}.$$

 $\Rightarrow \Lambda_4 = e^{-k\rho}\Lambda_5 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Warp transmutation of the nonlocal scale! (smooth cutoff)}$

• If $\Lambda_5 \sim \Lambda_s$, the string scale \Rightarrow Recover the redshift of Λ_s in warped throat models. ex: Klebanov-Strassler (KS) throat (Superstring IIB).

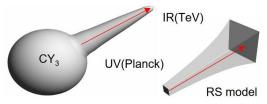


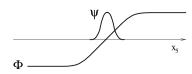
Figure: KS throat versus RS model

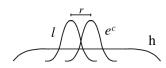
Split Fermions - Domain Wall

N. Arkani-Hamed, M. Schmaltz, Phys. Rev. D 61 (2000) 033005

AS model:

- Goal: Generate natural small interaction couplings.
 ⇒ flavor physics, neutrino physics, dark matter, suppressing proton decay, ...
- Domain wall from a bulk scalar field Φ in a flat extra dimension of space.
- Bulk Yukawa coupling $\mathcal{O}(1)$ between Φ & a bulk fermion field Ψ . \Rightarrow 1 zero mode: 4D chiral fermion trapped in the domain wall with a Gaussian bulk wave function.
- 2 bulk fermions $\Psi^{(1)}$ & $\Psi^{(2)}$ with \neq bulk masses $\mathcal{O}(1)$. \Rightarrow 4D chiral zero modes: left-handed $\psi_L^{(1)}$ & right-handed $\psi_R^{(2)}$. \Rightarrow Gaussian wave functions peaked at \neq positions along the extra dimension.
- Bulk Higgs field: 4D zero mode h with a flat bulk wave function. + Bulk Yukawa coupling $\mathcal{O}(1)$ to $\Psi^{(1)}$ & $\Psi^{(2)}$. \Rightarrow 4D Yukawa coupling between the zero modes h, $\psi_L^{(1)}$ & $\psi_R^{(2)}$ naturally $\ll 1$.

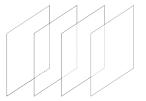


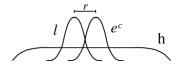


Split Fermions – Multiple Fuzzy Branes (1/2)

F. Nortier, Working paper, DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4898023

Goal: Reproduce AS model of split fermions: domain wall \rightarrow multiple fuzzy branes.





Model:

- 1 flat extra dimension of space: interval of length $\rho \Rightarrow M_{KK} = 1/\rho$ (KK-scale).
- 1 bulk Higgs field H + 4D Weyl fermions $\psi_L^{(1)}$ & $\psi_R^{(2)}$ on 2 different δ -like branes.
- 2 nonlocal scales: $\Lambda_H = 1/\ell_H \ \& \ \Lambda_\Psi = 1/\ell_\Psi + \text{hierarchy:} \ \Lambda_H \to \infty \ggg \Lambda_\Psi \gg M_{KK}.$ \Rightarrow 5D EFT: local bulk Higgs field $(\ell_H \to 0) + \text{delocalized brane-fermions} \ \psi_L^{(1)} \ \& \ \psi_R^{(2)}.$
- Delocalized fields $\widetilde{\Psi}_L^{(1)}(x,y)$ & $\widetilde{\Psi}_R^{(2)}(x,y)$ associated to $\psi_L^{(1)}(x)$ & $\psi_R^{(2)}(x)$ respectively.
- \bullet 5D action with Yukawa interaction between $H,\,\widetilde{\Psi}_L^{(1)}$ & $\widetilde{\Psi}_R^{(2)}.$

$$S_{5D} = \int d^4x \int_0^\rho dy \left[\mathcal{L}_H - \sum_{i=1}^2 \delta(y-y_i) \, \psi_{L/R}^{(i)\dagger} \left(i \! \not\! \partial \right) \psi_{L/R}^{(i)} + Y \, \widetilde{\Psi}_L^{(1)\dagger} H \, \widetilde{\Psi}_R^{(2)} + \text{H.c.} \right] \, .$$

Split Fermions – Multiple Fuzzy Branes (2/2)

F. Nortier, Working paper, DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4898023

Delocalized brane-fermion fields:

$$\begin{split} \widetilde{\Psi}_{L/R}^{(1/2)}(x,y) &= e^{\Box_5/\Lambda_{\Psi}^2} \, \psi_{L/R}^{(1/2)}(x) \, \delta(y-y_{1/2}) \,, \quad \Box_5 = \partial_{\mu} \partial_{\mu} + \partial_y^2 \,, \\ &= e^{\Box_4/\Lambda_{\Psi}^2} \, \psi_{L/R}^{(1/2)}(x) \, g(y-y_{1/2}) \,, \quad \Box_4 = \partial_{\mu} \partial_{\mu} \,. \end{split}$$

Transverse smearing function (Gaussian):

$$g(y-y_{1/2}) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4\pi\ell_{\Psi}^2}} \exp\left[-\left(\frac{y-y_{1/2}}{2\ell_{\Psi}}\right)^2\right].$$

KK decomposition of the 5D Higgs field with a VEV:

$$H(x,y) = \frac{v}{\sqrt{\rho}} + \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} f_n(y) h_n(x), \quad f_0(y) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\rho}}.$$

Natural 5D Yukawa coupling $Y \sim \ell_{\Psi}^{3/2} + \text{interbrane distance } r = |y_2 - y_1| \gg \ell_{\Psi}.$ \Rightarrow Effective 4D Yukawa coupling:

$$y_0 = Y \int_0^{
ho} dy \ g(y-y_1) \, f_0(y) \, g(y-y_2) \sim \sqrt{rac{\ell_\Psi}{8\pi
ho}} \exp\left(-rac{r^2}{8\ell_\Psi^2}
ight) \ll 1 \, !$$

 \Rightarrow Nonlocal length scale ℓ_Ψ plays the same role as the domain wall width in AS model.

Conclusion Part II – UV Nonlocality in Braneworlds

Summary:

- Motivated by string theory.
- Warped extra dimension ⇒ Warp transmutation of both electroweak & nonlocal scales.
- Fuzzy branes ⇒ Brane-fields can interact with naturally suppressed effective 4D couplings.
- ⇒ New model building issues for both energy & intensity frontiers!

Outlook:

- Reinvestigate well known braneworld models with these new ingredients.
- Interplay with noncommutative QFT's?
 ex: New results on κ-Minkowski spacetime (J.-C. Wallet).
 ⇒ U(N) gauge theories consistent only in 5D ⇒ extra dimension of space!

Last words...

You have enjoyed the MSSM, the MCHM, the MUED, ..., the M(thingummy)... Sorry, I am not sure I have any consistent MNLSM (Minimal NonLocal Standard Model) for you today, but wait... maybe it is not a so long way off...

Thank you for your attention!