

ATLAS Highlights

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On behalf of the ATLAS
Collaboration

FCPPN/L Workshop
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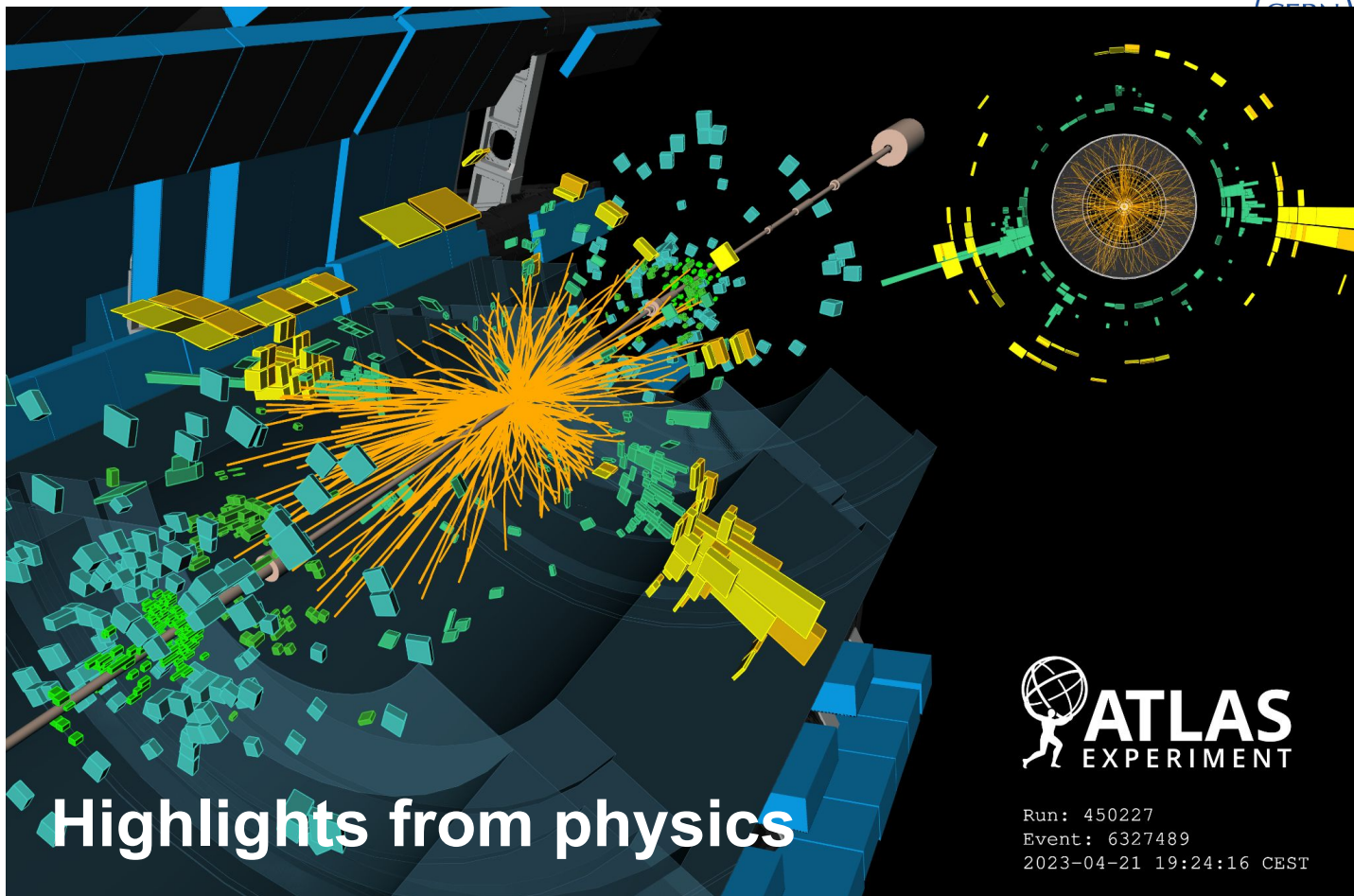


In this talk:

**A selection of new results
with data from Run 1, 2,
and 3!**

**Impressive paper output
of the collaboration:**

- **340 papers with
full Run 2 dataset**
- **9 Run 3 papers**



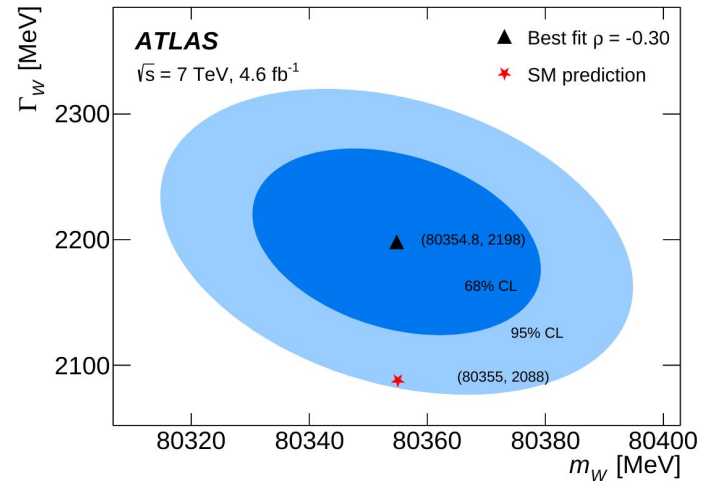
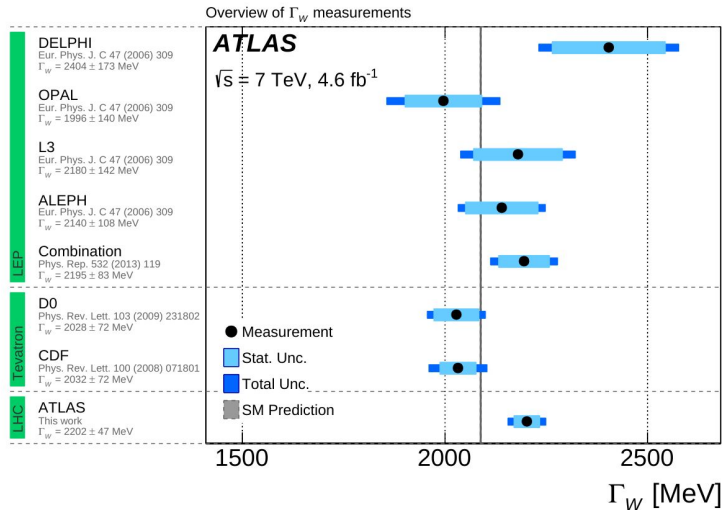
Highlights from physics



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Measurement of the W boson mass and width

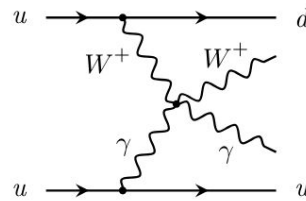
- **First measurement of the W width** at the LHC in combined fit with W mass
- Result achieved by analysing kinematic spectra of W decays into electrons and muons
- Most precise single-experiment Γ_W measurement to date!



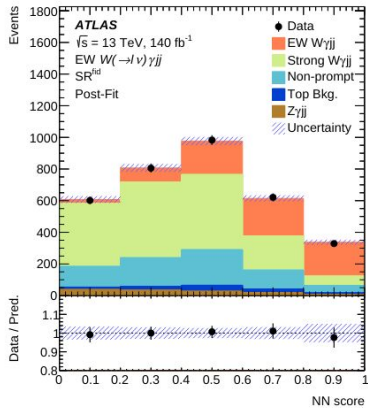
- Result consistent with SM predictions within 2σ
- $\Gamma_W = 2202 \pm 32 \pm 34$ MeV (SM: 2088 ± 1 MeV)

Electroweak $W\gamma jj$ production

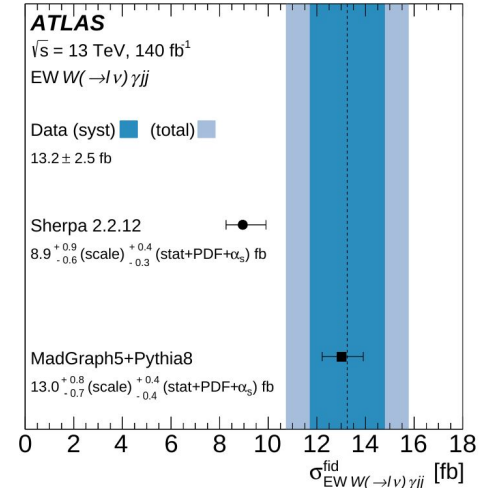
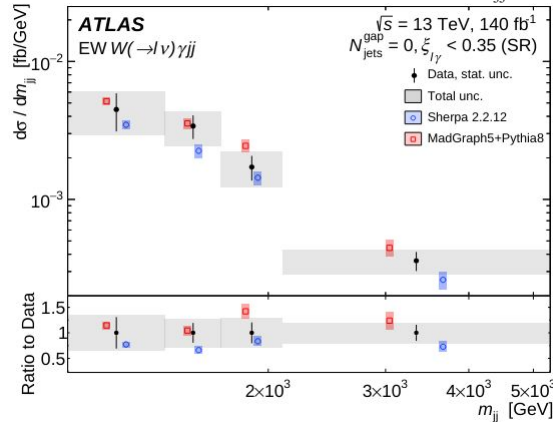
- Observation of the electroweak production of a W boson and a photon in association with two jets
 - Sensitive to the quartic gauge boson couplings via VBS!
- Fiducial and differential cross section measurement



Neural networks deployed to separate especially strong from EW $W\gamma jj$ production



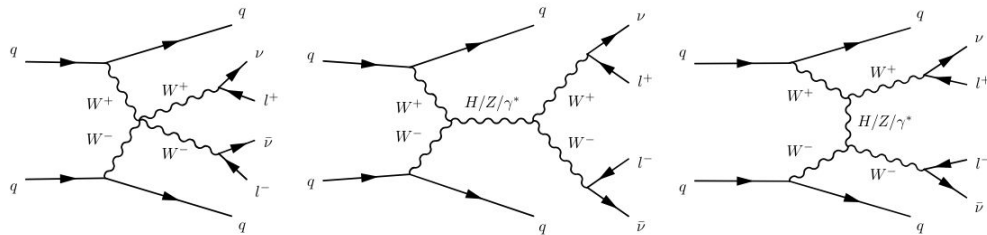
Differential cross section as function of invariant mass m_{jj}



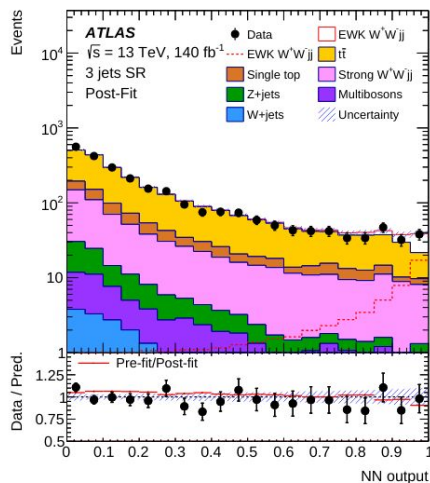
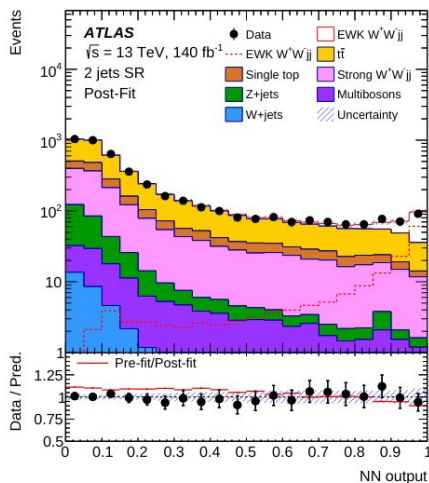
- Observed significance of the electroweak $W\gamma jj$ process $> 6\sigma$
- Measured fiducial cross section $\sigma_{EW} = 13.2 \pm 2.5$ fb consistent with LO predictions
- Differential cross sections measured as function of six kinematic variables

Electroweak W^+W^-jj production

- Observation of W^+W^- in association with jets
- Fiducial cross section measurement
- Different lepton flavor final states selected

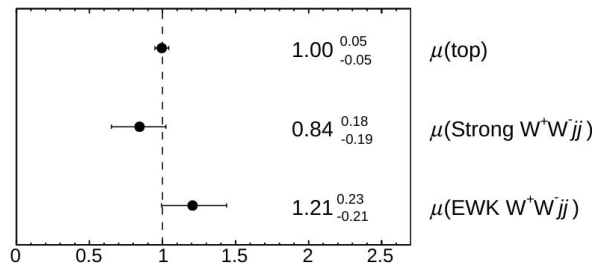


A neural network is used to separate the signal from top quark and strong W^+W^-jj production



ATLAS

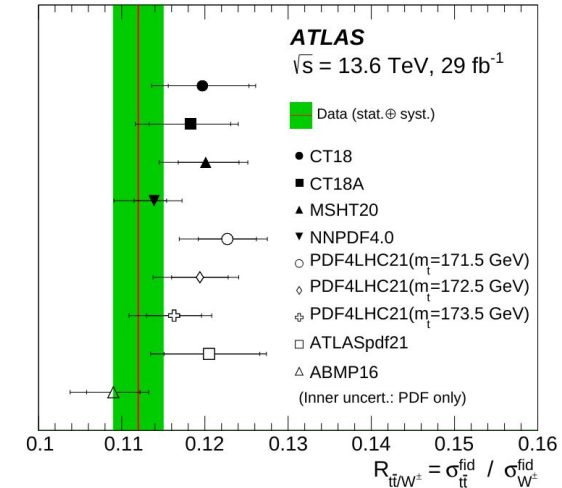
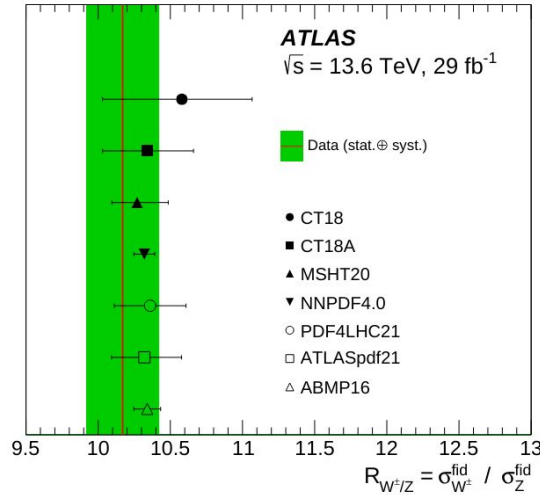
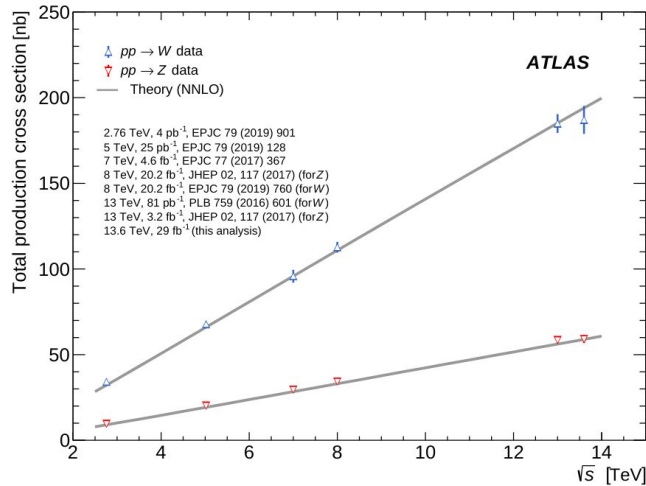
$\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 140 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



- Significance of 7.1σ observed
- Measured cross section $2.7 \pm 0.5 \text{ fb}$ consistent with theoretical prediction
- Dominant uncertainty from limited data sample

W and Z production cross section measurement (Run 3 data!)

- Fiducial and total W^\pm and Z boson cross sections measurement
- ...and their ratios and the ratio of top-antitop pair and W boson fiducial cross sections



- W and Z boson cross sections are **in good agreement with the SM predictions**
- top-antitop over W boson fiducial cross section ratios slightly overestimated by some theoretical predictions
 - Consistent with [Run 3 top-antitop cross-section measurement](#)

Measured fiducial cross section values

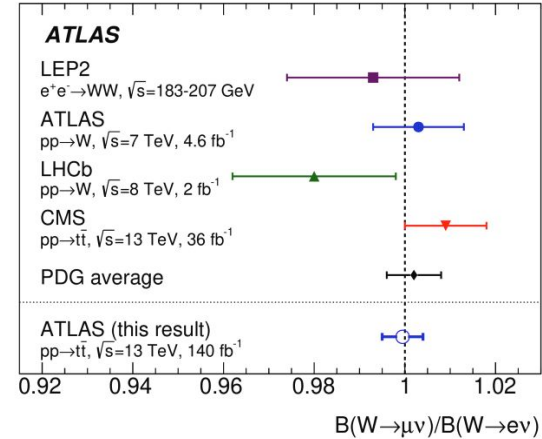
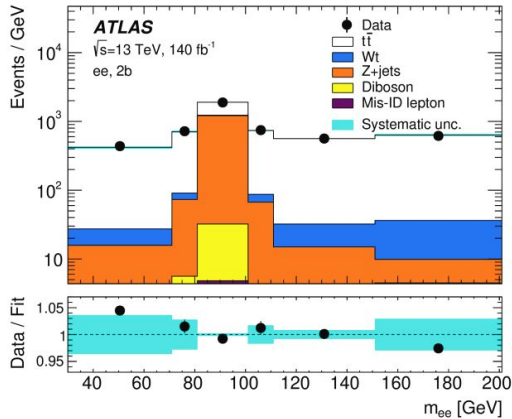
- $W^+ \rightarrow \ell^+ \nu = 4250 \pm 150 \text{ pb}$
- $W^- \rightarrow \ell^- \bar{\nu} = 3310 \pm 120 \text{ pb}$
- $Z \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- = 744 \pm 20 \text{ pb}$

Probing lepton universality

- Lepton universality from W bosons from top-antitop pair decays measured by evaluating ratio $R_W^{\mu/e}$
- **Challenge:** Collect unbiased W sample
 - Systematic uncertainty be reduced by making a simultaneous measurement of the analogous ratio $R_Z^{\mu\mu/ee}$

$$R_{WZ}^{\mu/e} = \frac{R_W^{\mu/e}}{\sqrt{R_Z^{\mu\mu/ee}}} = \frac{\mathcal{B}(W \rightarrow \mu\nu)}{\mathcal{B}(W \rightarrow e\nu)} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow ee)}{\mathcal{B}(Z \rightarrow \mu\mu)}}$$

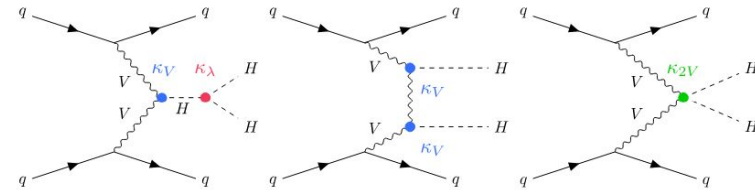
Fit performed using double ratio. Uncertainties on electron and muon efficiencies cancel!



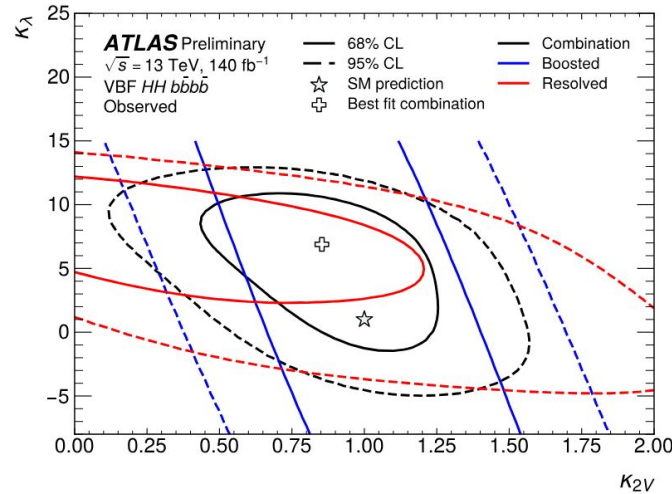
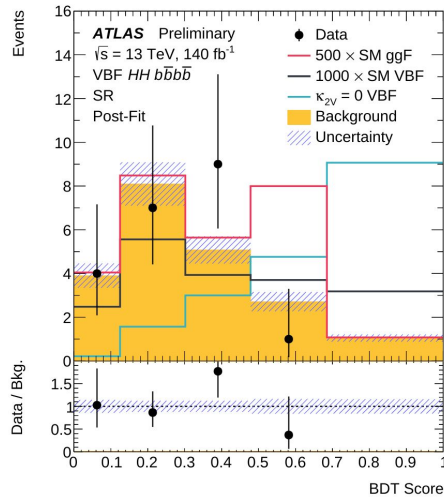
$$R(\mu/e) = 0.9995 \pm 0.0045$$

- Confirming SM at 0.5% level!
 - Improves single-experiment precision by factor of two!
- Adds to previous ATLAS $R(W \rightarrow \tau/\mu)$ result ([Nature Physics 17, 813 \(2021\)](#))

- Search for boosted Higgs pair production via VBF in the $bbbb$ final state
- Search sensitive to the **anomalous quartic couplings** κ_{2V} between two vector bosons and two Higgs bosons



BDT score used to separate signal from background

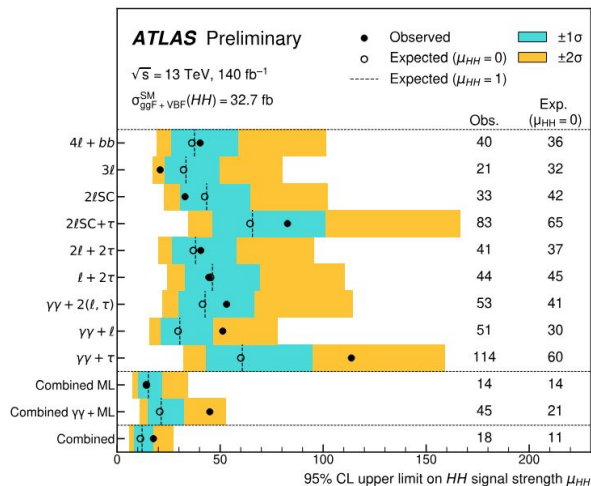
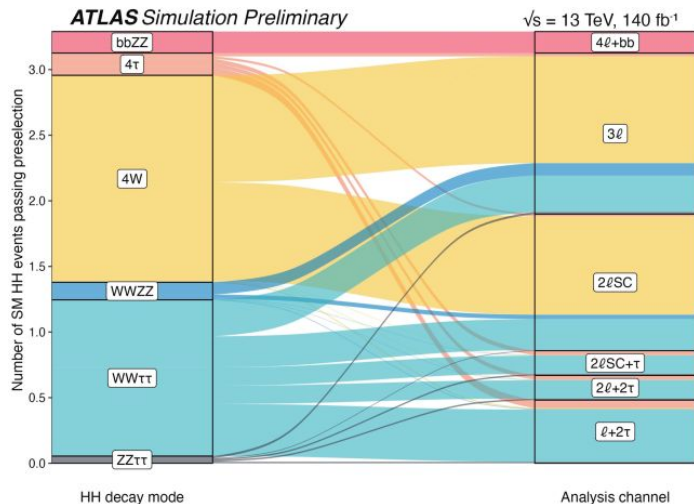
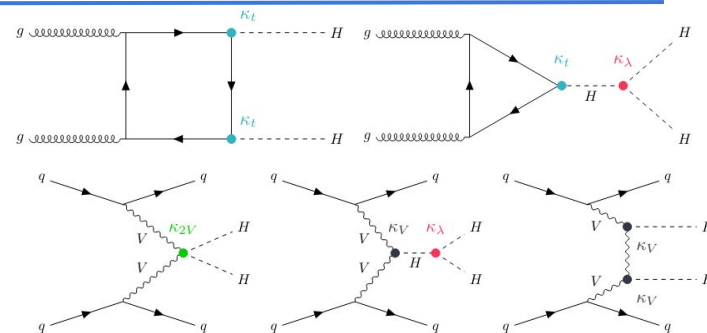


- Data agree with background only hypothesis
- Constraints when combining boosted and resolved results
 $0.55 < \kappa_{2V} < 1.49$
- $\kappa_{2V} = 0$ excluded with an observed significance of 3.8σ
- Statistically limited analysis

DiHiggs searches

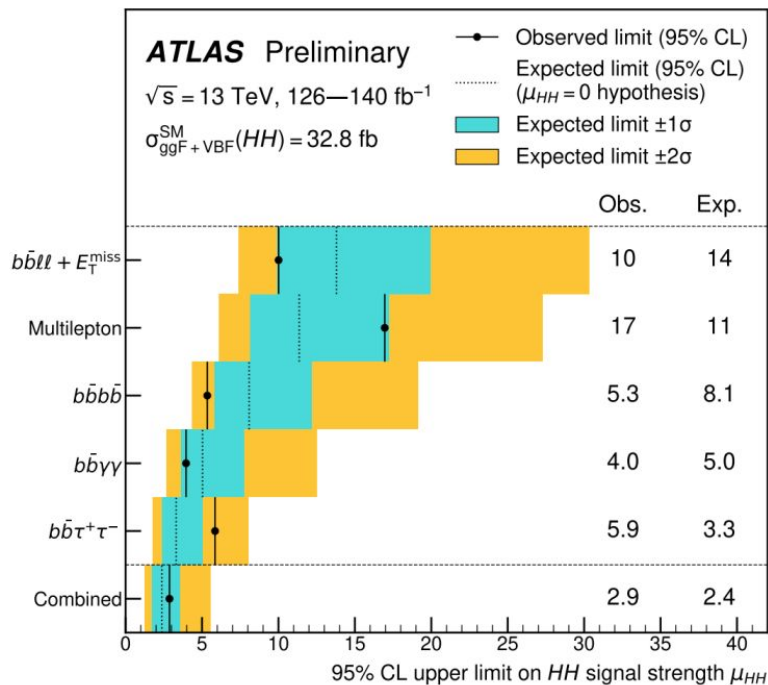


- Search for Higgs pair production in final states with leptons, taus and photons
 $HH \rightarrow bbZZ, 4V, VV\tau\tau, 4\tau, \gamma\gamma VV, \gamma\gamma\tau\tau$
 - **Explored for the first time in ATLAS!**
- BDT scores are used to separate signal from background

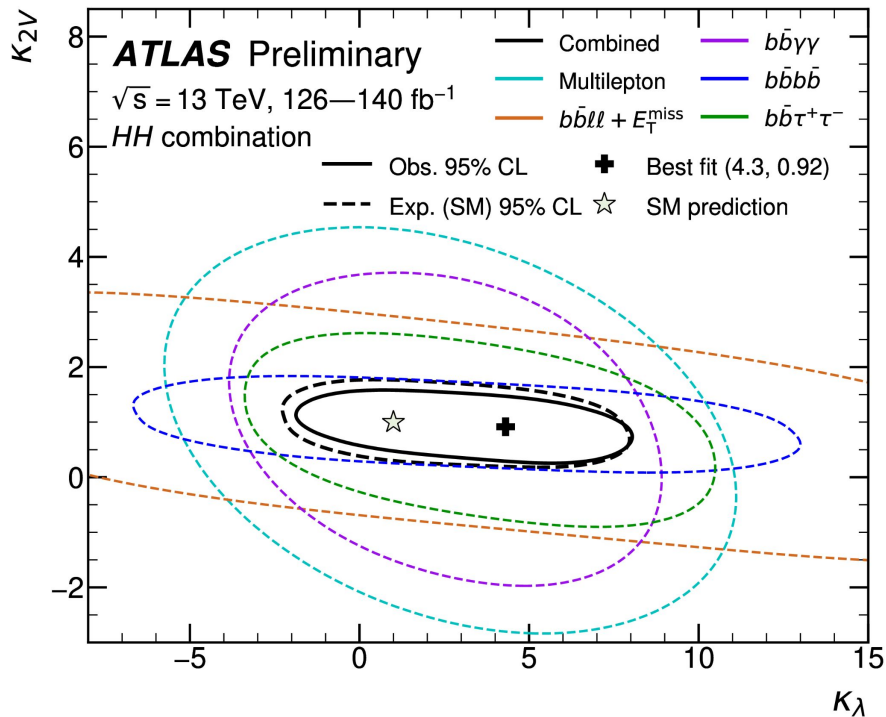


- Observed limits of 18 times the SM prediction are set on the HH signal strength μ
- Statistically limited analysis

Legacy Run 2 HH combination



New combination of updated **diHiggs** searches using full Run 2 dataset



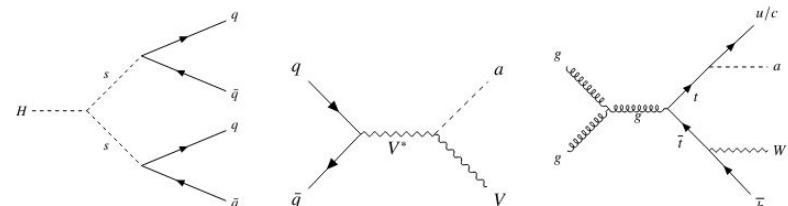
Constraints on Higgs coupling modifiers set at 95% CL

$$-1.2 < \kappa_{\lambda} < 7.2$$

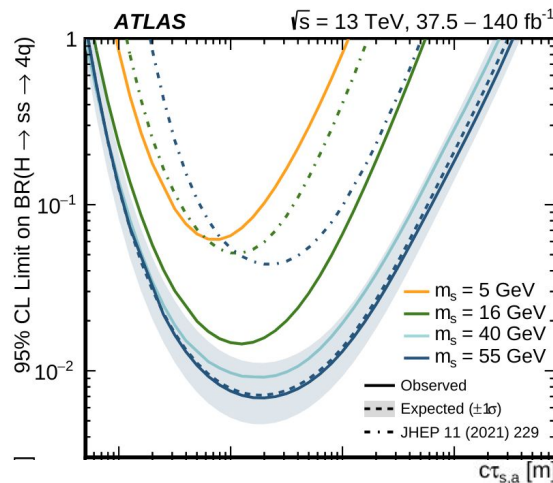
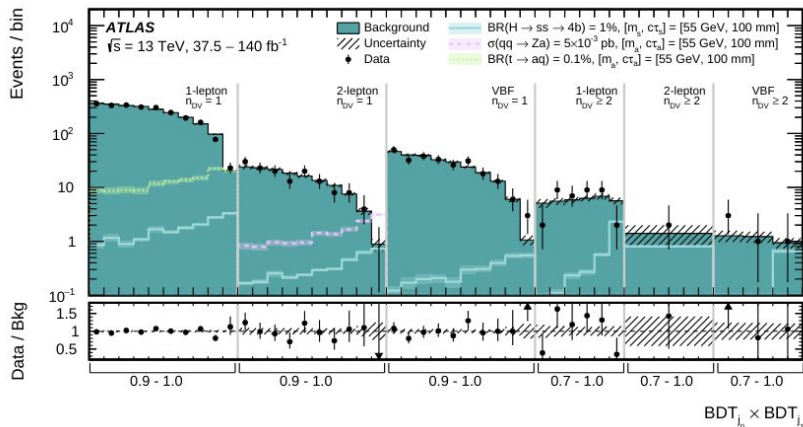
$$0.57 < \kappa_{2V} < 1.48$$

Light long-lived particles (LLPs) using displaced vertices

- LLPs ($c\tau \gtrsim 100 \mu\text{m}$) with $5 \text{ GeV} < m_s < 55 \text{ GeV}$ that decay hadronically targeted
 - Possible with **improved track reconstruction pass** for large impact parameter tracks!
- All Higgs production modes included!
- Benchmark models from exotic Higgs decays to axion-like particles (ALPs) considered



Product of two BDT discriminants used to distinguish events with displaced from those with prompt jets



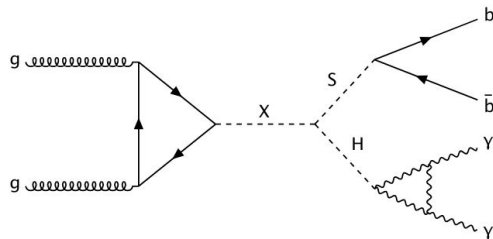
• No significant excess beyond the SM is observed

• Most stringent constraints to date on Higgs BR for $m_s < 40 \text{ GeV}$ and $1 < c\tau_s < 100 \text{ mm}$!

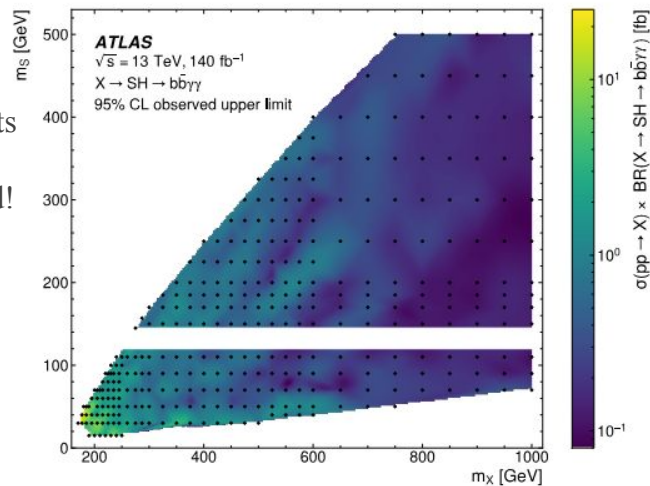
Heavy Higgs



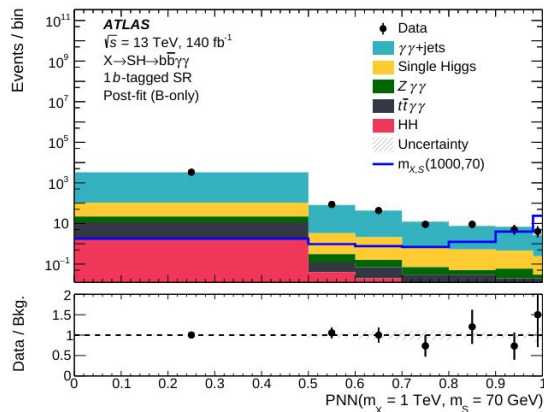
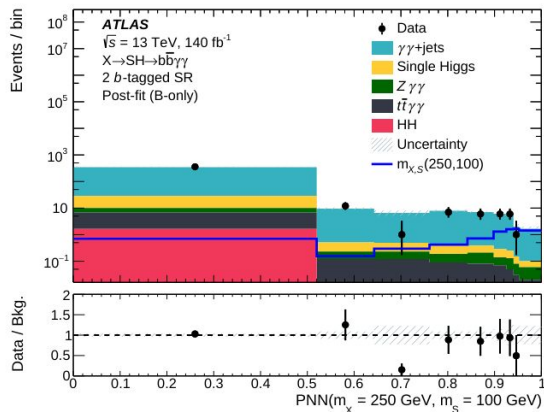
Search for a heavy scalar X decaying into another scalar S and a Higgs boson H
 $X \rightarrow S(\rightarrow bb)H(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$



For setting limits
 $359 (m_x, m_s)$
 pairs are probed!

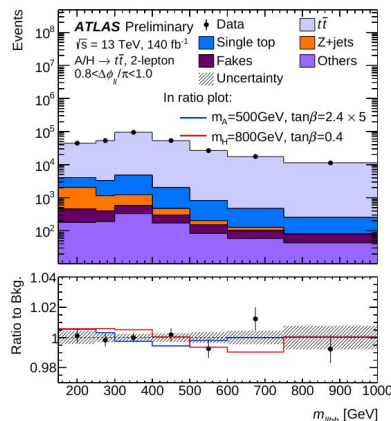
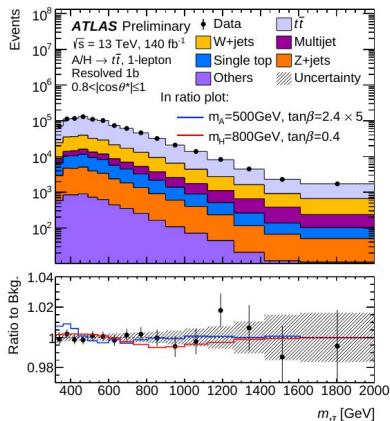
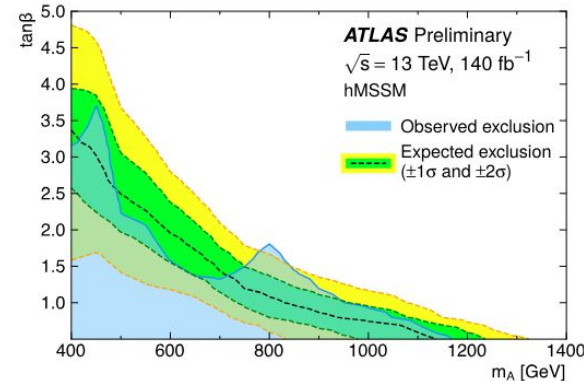
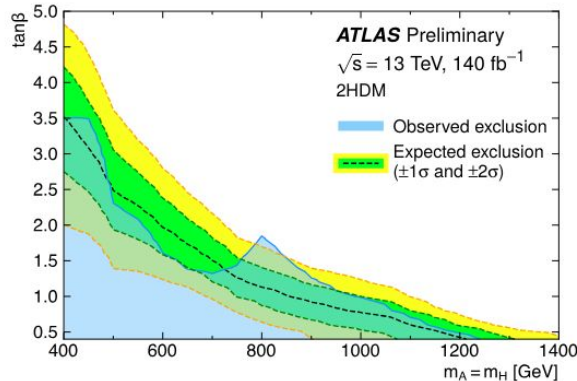
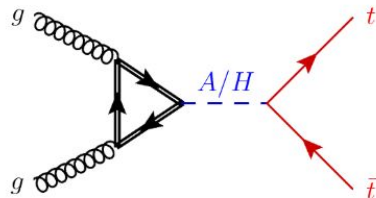


Parameterised neural networks for signal discrimination in resolved and boosted decays



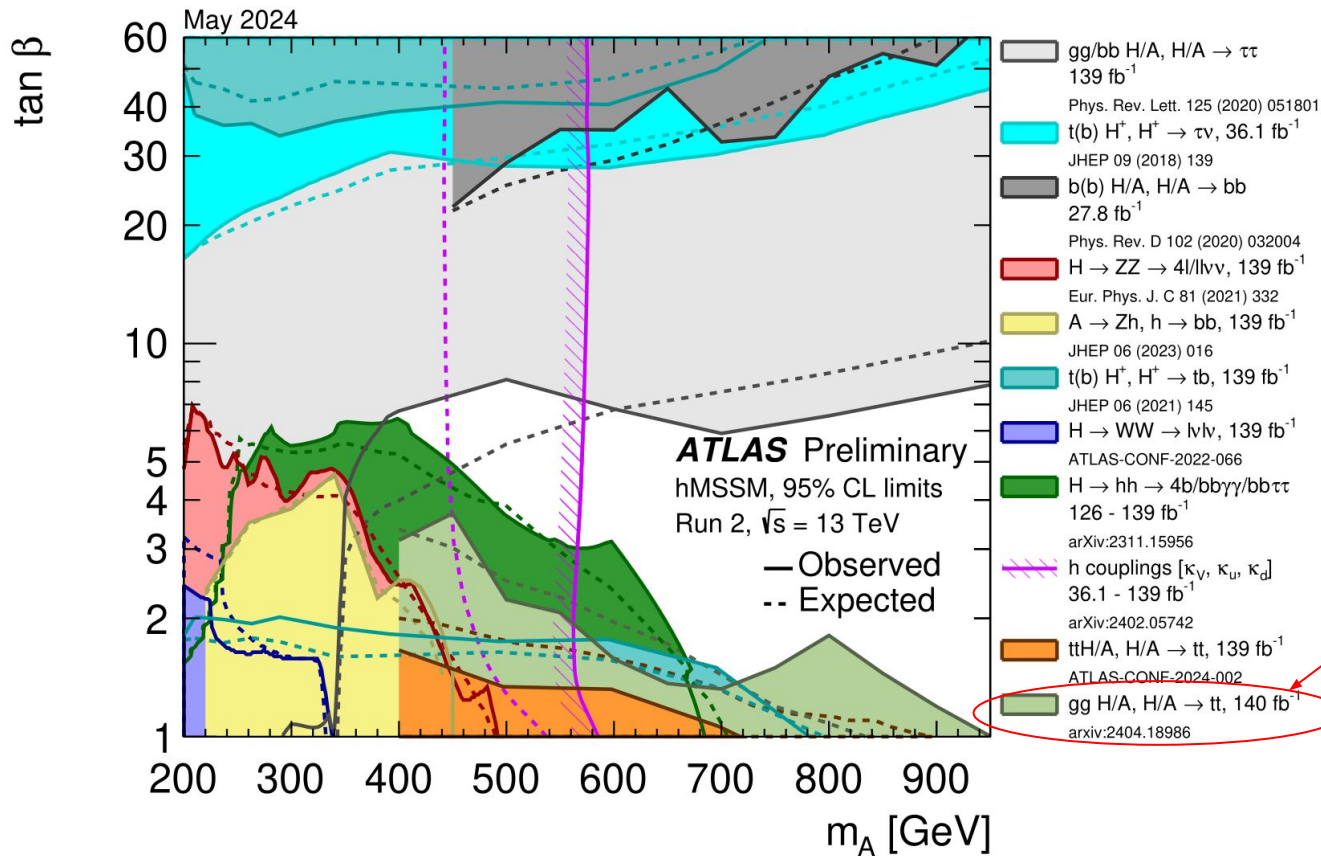
- No significant excess above the expected background is found
- Earlier LHC searches expanded to lower masses m_s and m_x
- Upper limits range from 39 fb to 0.09 fb
 - Excluding small [CMS excess](#) at $(m_x, m_s) = (650, 90) \text{ GeV}$

Search for heavy scalar H or pseudo-scalar A decaying into a top pair in a semi- or fully leptonic final state



- No significant deviation from SM is observed
- **Most stringent constraints on the 2HDM and hMSSM parameter space for high m_A and low $\tan\beta$ to date**

Heavy Higgs summary plot



Excluded regions of $[m_A, \tan\beta]$ plane excluded in the hMSSM via direct searches for heavy Higgs bosons

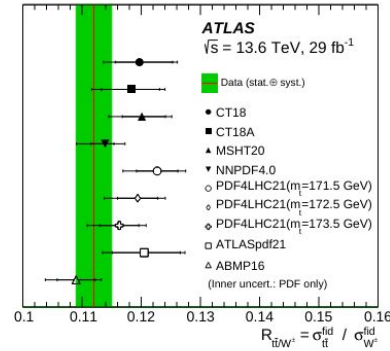
- $gg H/A, H/A \rightarrow tt$ adds to exclusion at low $\tan\beta$!

We try to keep up the sustained rich physics production and high profile results!

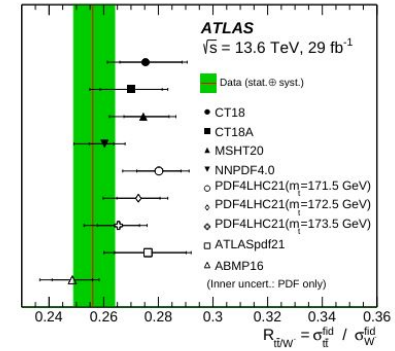
Thank you!

W and Z production cross section measurement (2022 data!)

- Fiducial and total W^\pm and Z boson cross sections, their ratios and the ratio of top-antitop quark pair and W -boson fiducial cross sections are measured in proton-proton collisions

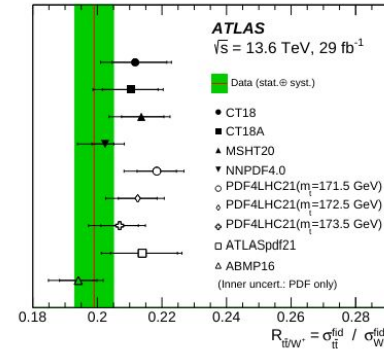


(d)



(c)

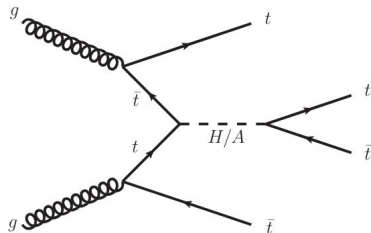
- $t\bar{t}$ over W -boson fiducial cross-section ratios are slightly overestimated by some of the theoretical predictions



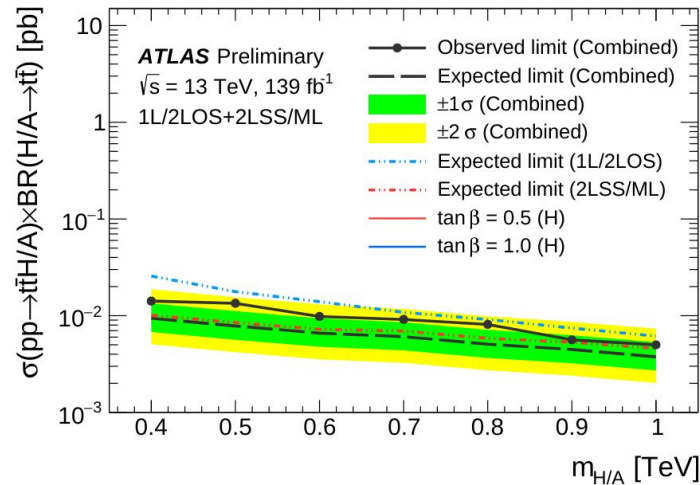
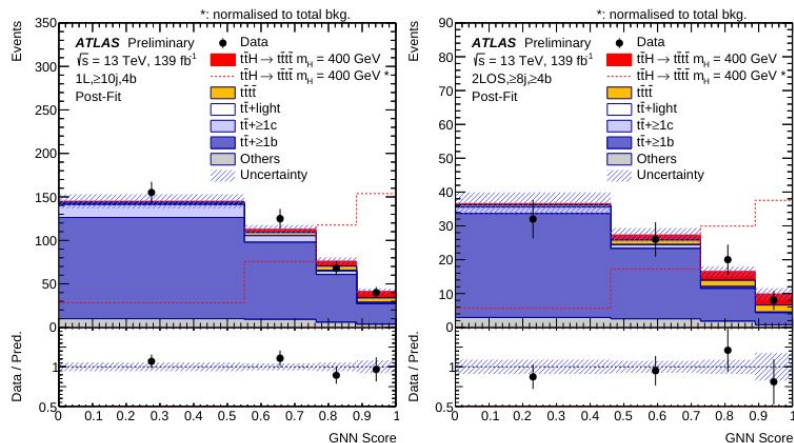
Heavy Higgs



Search for a heavy scalar H or pseudo-scalar A predicted by 2HDM in association with a top pair, with the H/A decaying to a top pair and opposite sign leptons in the final state



GNN is used to optimise the signal-background discrimination



- Results combined with previous search from ATLAS with multilepton final states
- Combined observed limit ranges from 14.2 fb at $m_{A/H}$ of 400 GeV and 5.0 fb at 1000 GeV