

Study of the b-hadron decays at LHCb

Dong Ao

On behalf of collaborators:

D. Decamp, O. Deschamps, L. Guerry, Y. Hou, C. Huang, J. Wang, S. Monteil, H. Sazak,
W. Qian, Y. Shang, Y. Song, S. Ricciardi, V. Tisserand, S. T'Jampens, X. Wu, Z. Wu, Z.
Wang, Z. Yang, S. Zhang, Y. Zhang, X. Zhou

Content

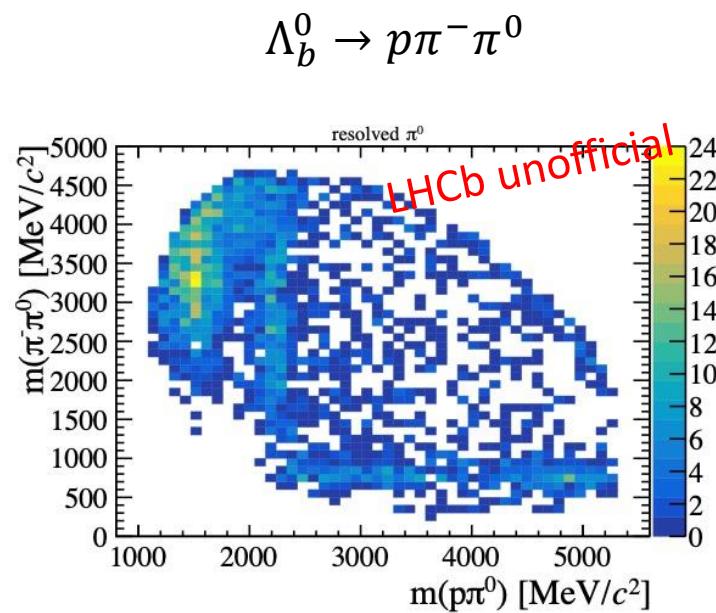
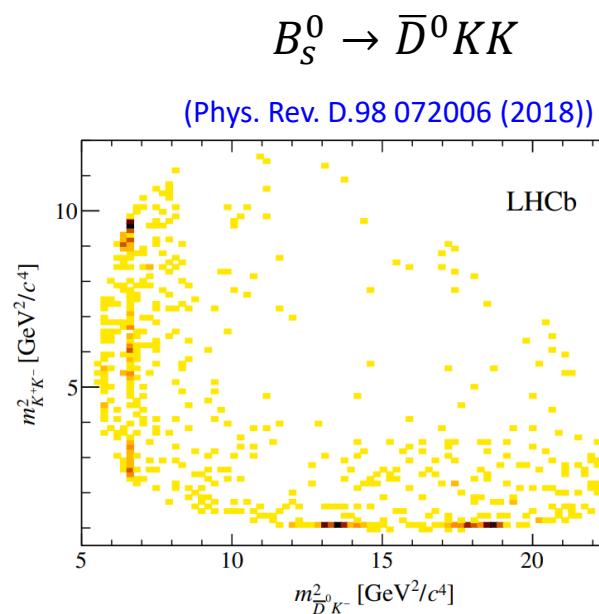
- Introduction
- Improved measurements on $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$
- CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$
- Observation of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^+ K^\pm$
- Dalitz analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 K K$
- $B_{(s)}^0/\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 h h'$ study
- Summary

Overview of the project

- Study in $\bar{D}^0 KK$ system
 - Improved measurements on $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$ (JHEP10(2023)123)
 - CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$ Ongoing Sensitivity studies (Chin. Phys. C45(2021) 023003)
 - Observation of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}$ (JHEP10(2023)106)
 - Dalitz analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$ Ongoing
 - Dalitz analysis of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$ Ongoing
- Study in $\pi^0 hh'$ system Ongoing
 - CPV measurement
 - CKM angel α measurement

Physic motivation (spectroscopy studies)

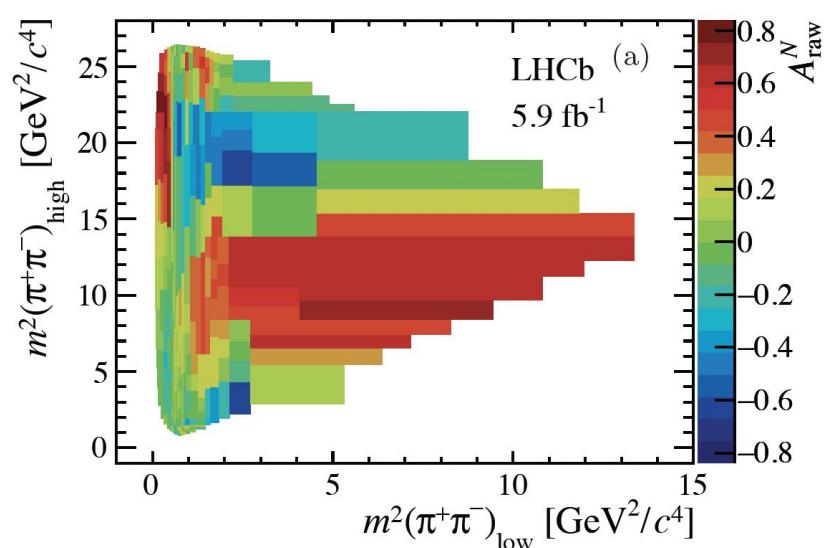
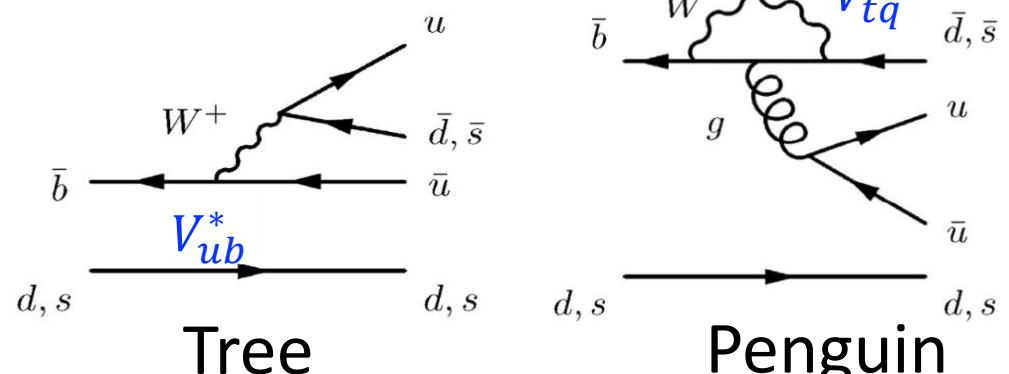
- Rich resonant structures
- $\phi, \rho, \text{exited } D_s^*$...



Physic motivation (CPV measurement)

$B_{(s)}^0/\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow hh\pi^0$ system

- Beauty charmless decays: $b \rightarrow q\bar{q}s, q\bar{q}d$
 Interference between tree and loop diagrams gives rise to direct CP violation
- $K\pi$ puzzle : CP asymmetries in 2-body B meson decays inconsistent with simple isospin relation
 $\text{(Phys.Rev.D 71 (2005) 057502)}$
- Large and variation of CP violation in localized phase space of B^+ 3-body decays
 $\text{(LHCb: Phys. Rev. D108 (2023) 012008)}$
- Neutral $B_{(s)}^0$ decays yet to be explored
 - Phase-space dependent CP violation expected
 - To test isospin/SU(3) relations for quasi-two-body CP violation and branching fraction



Physic motivation (CPV measurement)

***B* → *DKK* system**

- Measure γ directly using tree-level decays ([JHEP 1401\(2014\)051](#))
- Theoretically clean ($\delta\gamma/\gamma < 10^{-7}$)
- HFLAV latest: $\gamma = (65.9^{+3.3}_{-3.5})^\circ$
- LHCb dominated: $\gamma = (63.8^{+3.5}_{-3.7})^\circ$ ([LHCb-CONF-2022-003](#))
- Indirect measurement is sensitive to New Physics
- CKMFitter latest indirect: $\gamma = (66.3^{+0.7}_{-1.9})^\circ$

The diagram illustrates the geometric interpretation of the CKM matrix elements. It shows a right-angled triangle with vertices at $(0, 0)$, $(1, 0)$, and $(0, 1)$. The hypotenuse is labeled with the expression $\beta \equiv \phi_1$, $\alpha \equiv \phi_2$, and $\gamma \equiv \phi_3$. The angle γ is defined as $\gamma \equiv \arg \left[-\frac{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*} \right]$. A hand is shown pointing to the point $(\bar{\rho}, \bar{\eta})$ on the hypotenuse, which corresponds to the point (θ, ϕ) in the complex plane. A blue arrow points from the text equation to this diagram.

$$\gamma = \arg \left(-\frac{V_{ud} V_{ub}^*}{V_{cd} V_{cb}^*} \right)$$

- Best knowledge of γ comes from combination of many measurements

- Largest uncertainty for γ in B_s^0 mode:

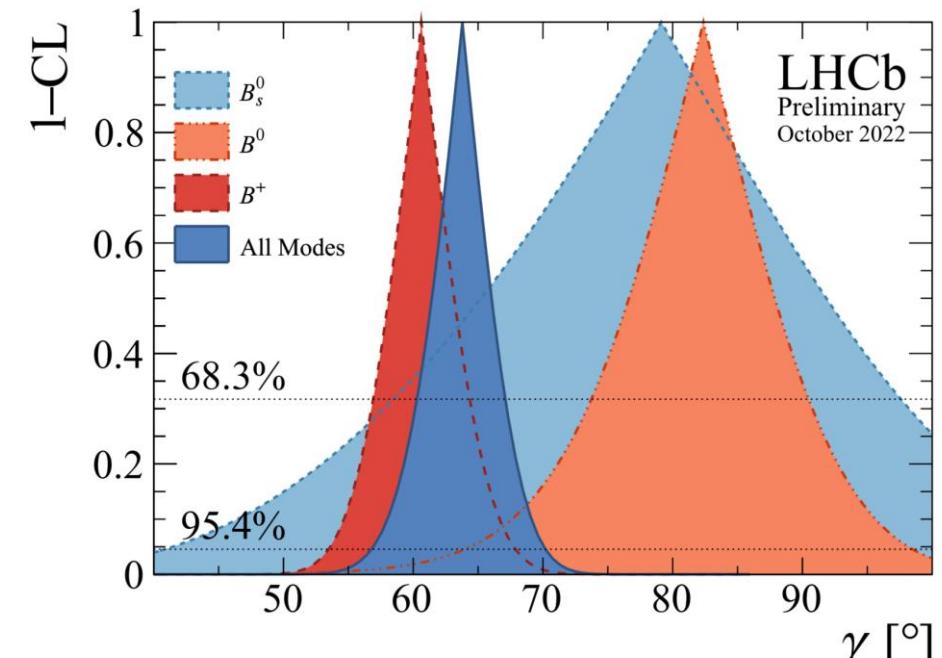
$$\gamma = (79^{+21}_{-24})^\circ$$

- $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^\mp K^\pm : \gamma = (128^{+17}_{-22})^\circ$ ([JHEP 03\(2018\)059](#))
- $B_s^0 \rightarrow D_s^\mp K^\pm \pi^+ \pi^- : \gamma = (44 \pm 12)^\circ$ ([JHEP 03\(2021\)137](#))

- Need more modes of B_s^0 to constrain the γ uncertainty

- γ sensitivity study via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$: $8^\circ - 19^\circ$ (9 fb^{-1})

([Chin. Phys. C45\(2021\) 023003](#))

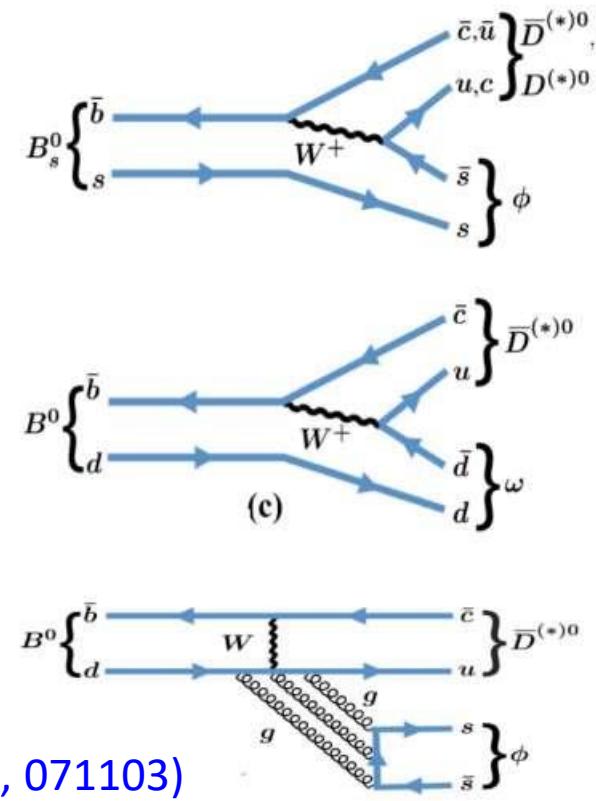


Improved branching ratio measurements on $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$

arXiv: 2306.02768
JHEP10(2023)123

Introduction of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$

- $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$ can proceed by $b \rightarrow c$ or $b \rightarrow u$ process:
 - Measuring longitudinal polarization (f_L) is particularly interesting
 - Can be used to determine γ
- $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$ can be proceeded by:
 - OZI suppressed decay
 - $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \omega$ with $\omega - \phi$ mixing
 - Theoretical prediction $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \phi \sim 1.6 \times 10^{-6}$ ([Phys. Lett. B 666\(2008\) 185](#))
 - $B(B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \phi) < 2.0(2.3) \times 10^{-6}$ at 90%(95%) CL
 - Help to extract $\omega - \phi$ mixing angle
[\(Phys. Rev. D98\(2018\)072006, 071103\)](#)



Results of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$

- Evidence of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$ is reported

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \phi) = (7.7 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-7}, \quad 3.6\sigma$$

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0} \phi) = (2.2 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.2) \times 10^{-6}, \quad 4.3\sigma$$

$$B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \phi) = (2.30 \pm 0.10 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.20) \times 10^{-5},$$

$$B(B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0} \phi) = (3.17 \pm 0.16 \pm 0.17 \pm 0.27) \times 10^{-5},$$

- Fraction of longitudinal polarization

$$f_L(B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0} \phi) = (53.1 \pm 6.0 \pm 1.9)\%$$

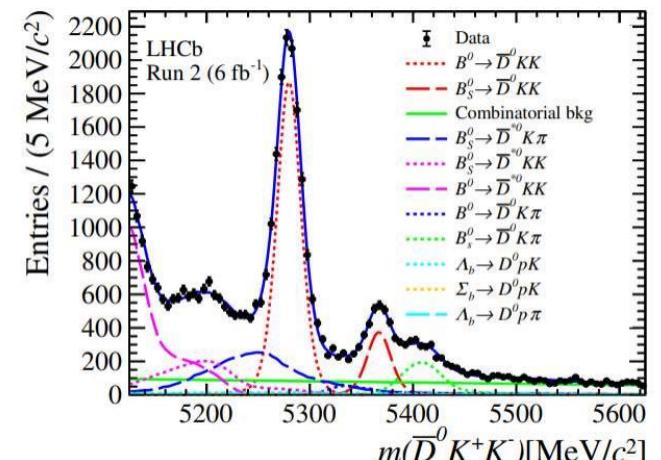
- Combining the branching fractions of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \omega$, $\omega - \phi$ mixing angle determined:

$$\tan^2 \delta = (3.6 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.4) \times 10^{-3}$$

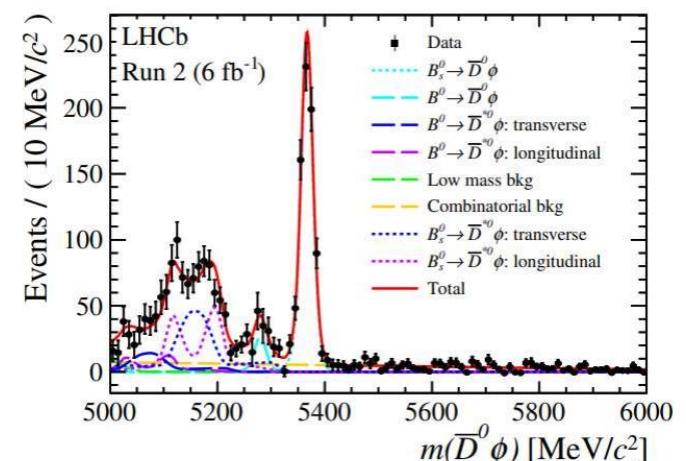
Consistent with the theoretical prediction

(*Phys. Lett. B* 666(2008) 185)

Control channel $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$



Signal mode $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$



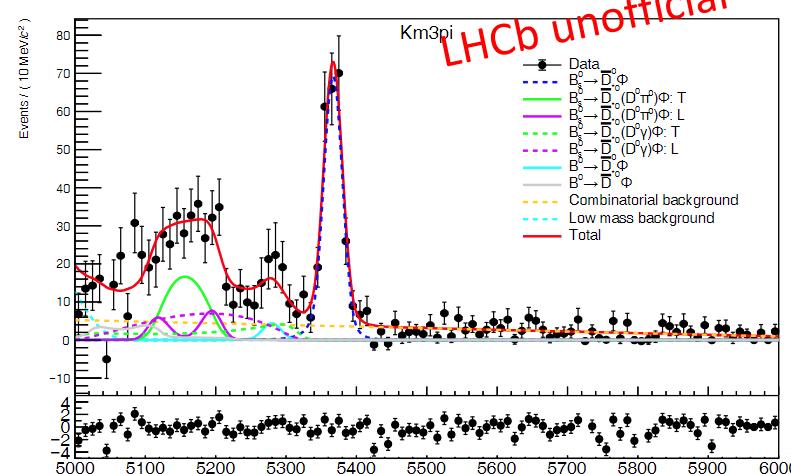
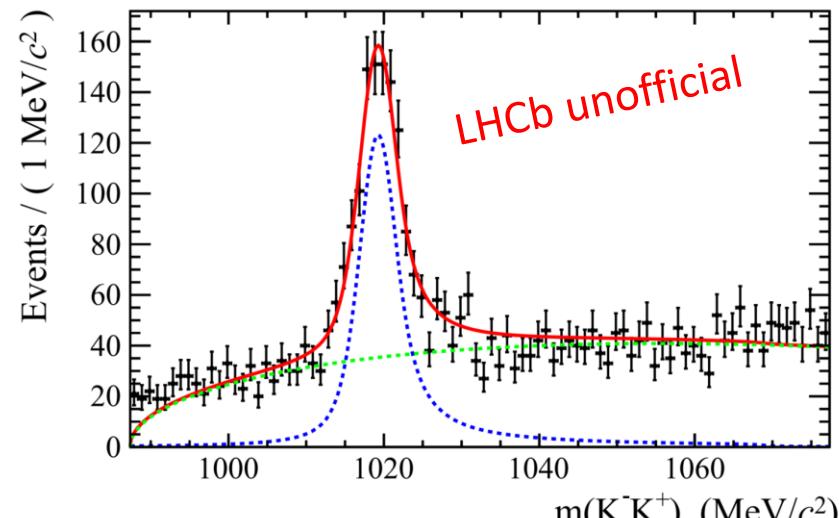
CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$

Ongoing

CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0} \phi$

LHCb
FCPPN

- Time-integrated and flavour-untagged method
 - (Phys. Rev. D 69, 113003-2004)
 - (Phys. Lett. B 649 (2007) 61)
 - (LHCb-PUB-2010-005)
- Using various neutral D meson sub-decays
 - Flavour specific modes: $K\pi, K\pi\pi\pi, K\pi\pi^0$
 - CP eigenstates modes: $KK, \pi\pi$ ($K_S^0 hh$ not include due to lack of statistics)
- Use sPlot technique to extract pure ϕ signal



CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$

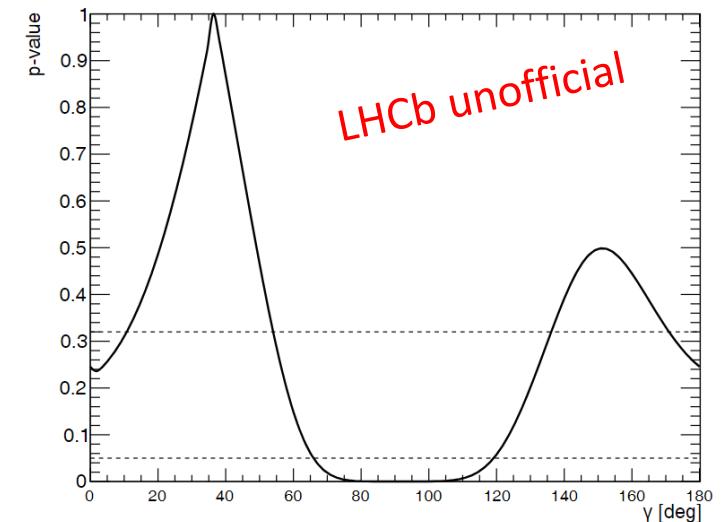
LHCb
FCPPN

- Analysis ongoing, preliminary result gives:

$$\gamma = (37^{+17}_{-26})^\circ$$

- Compatible with sensitivity study ($8^\circ - 19^\circ$)

(*Chin. Phys. C45(2021) 023003*)



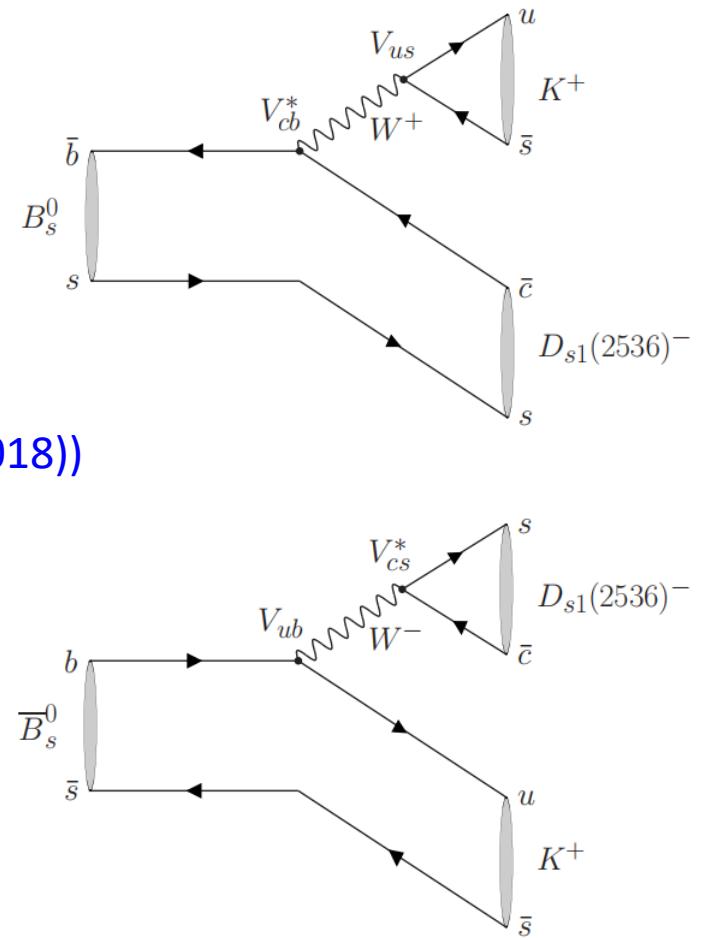
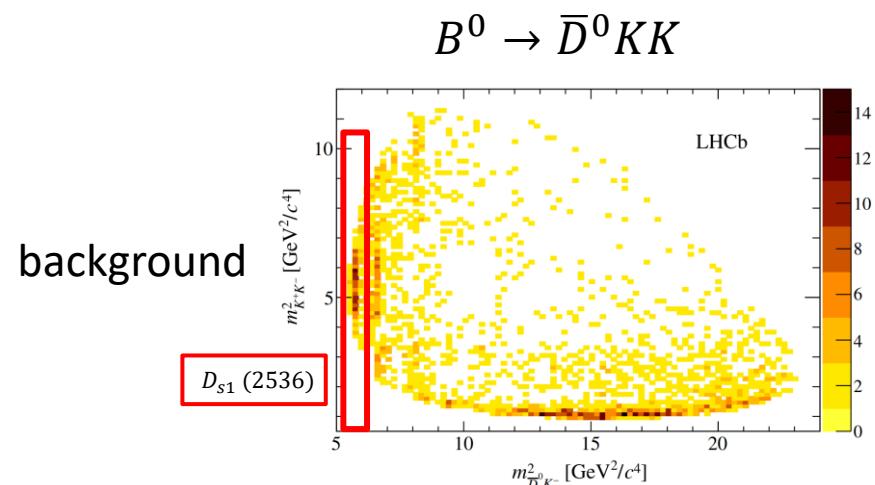
- Worse $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{*0}\phi$ uncertainty than prediction (large background contamination), dominated by $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0\phi$

Observation of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^\mp K^\pm$

arXiv: 2308.00587
JHEP10(2023)106

Search for of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^\mp K^\pm$

- Can proceed by $b \rightarrow c$ or $b \rightarrow u$ process
 - Sensitive to CKM angle γ
- An extension of previous $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$ work
 - A significant peak corresponding to $D_{s1}(2536)$ ([Phys. Rev. D.98 072006 \(2018\)](#))
 - $D_{s1}(2536)^\mp K^\pm$ not observed in $B_{(s)}^0$ in previous study



Observation of the decay $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}$

LHCb
FCPPN

- sPlot technique is used to extract $D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp}$ signal

- Observation of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}$

$$B(B_s^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}) \times B(D_{s1}(2536)^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^*(2007)^0 K^-) \\ = (2.49 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.12 \pm 0.25 \pm 0.06) \times 10^{-5}$$

$$B(B^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}) \times B(D_{s1}(2536)^- \rightarrow \bar{D}^*(2007)^0 K^-) \\ = (0.510 \pm 0.021 \pm 0.036 \pm 0.050) \times 10^{-5}$$

$> 10\sigma$

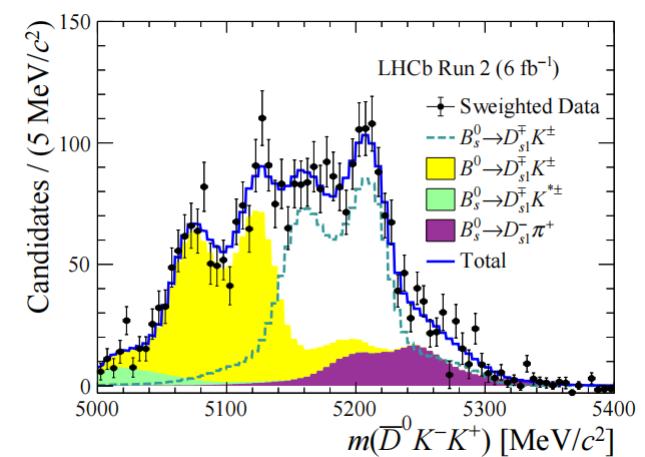
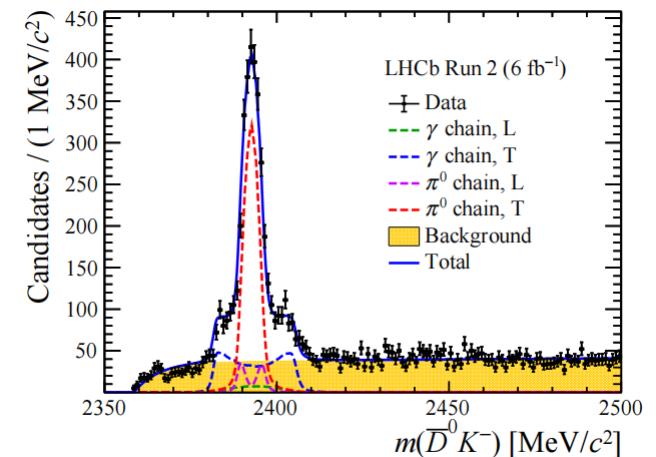
- Helicity-related parameters also determined

Amplitudes ratio of S- and D-wave:

$$k = 1.11 \pm 0.15 \pm 0.06$$

Amplitudes phase difference of S- and D-wave:

$$|\psi| = 0.70 \pm 0.09 \pm 0.04$$

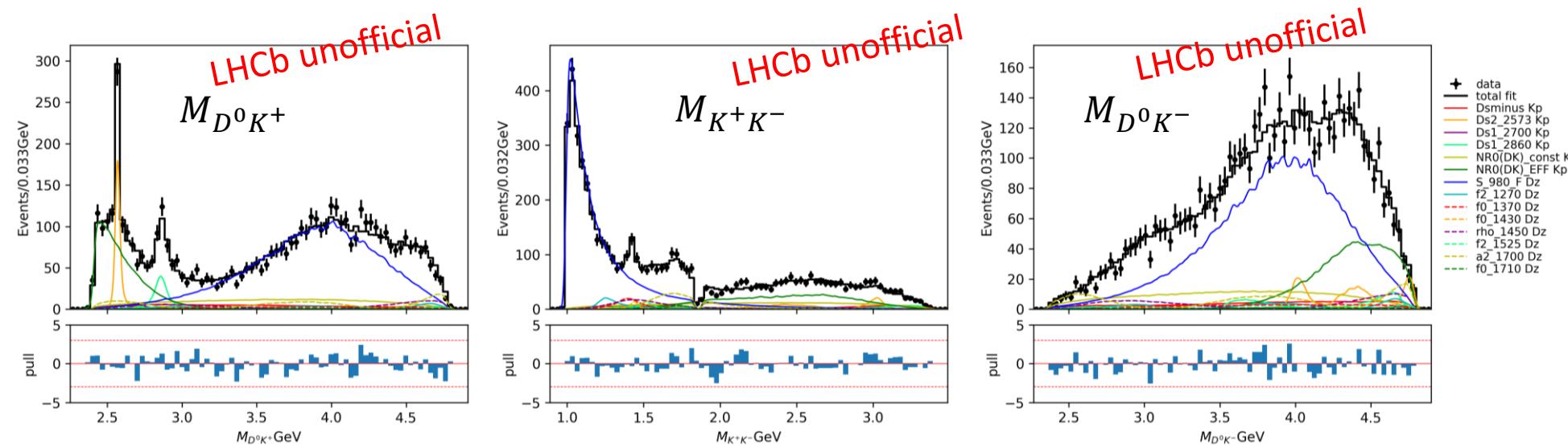
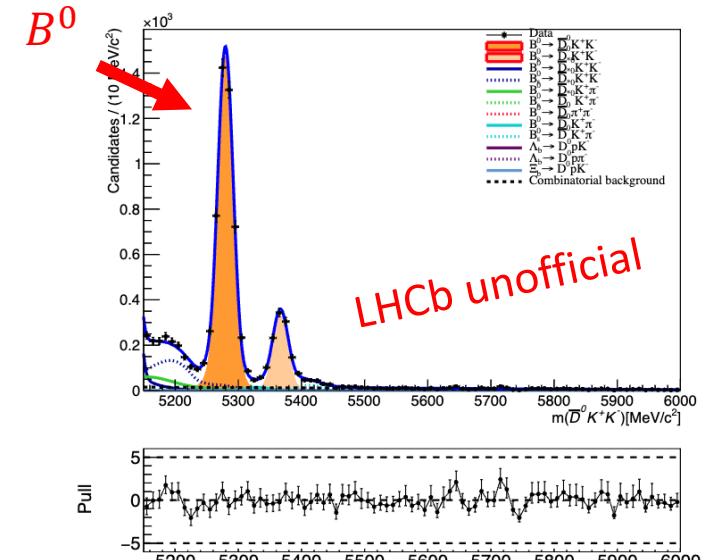


Dalitz analysis of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$

Ongoing

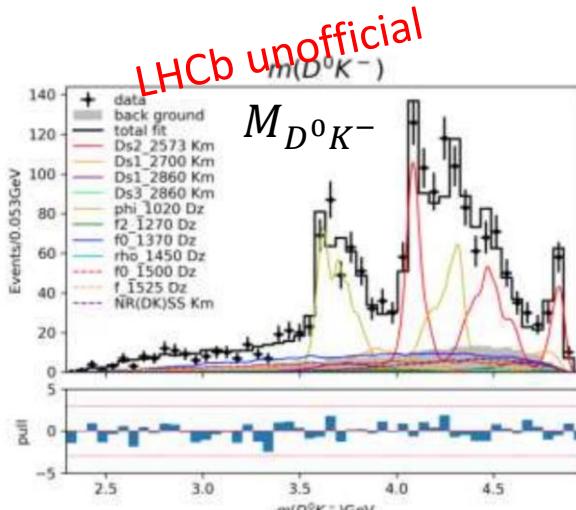
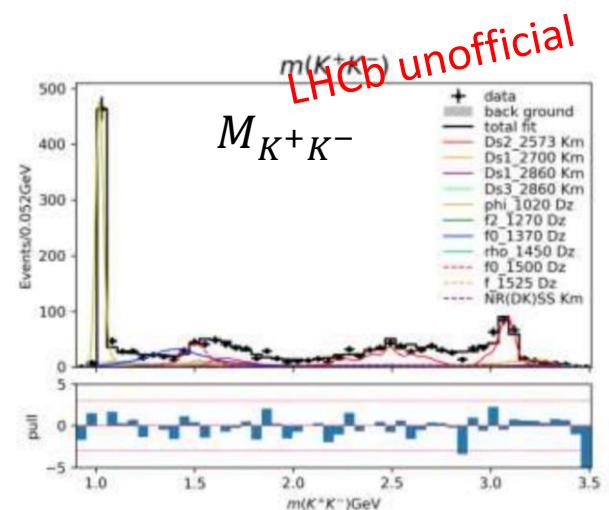
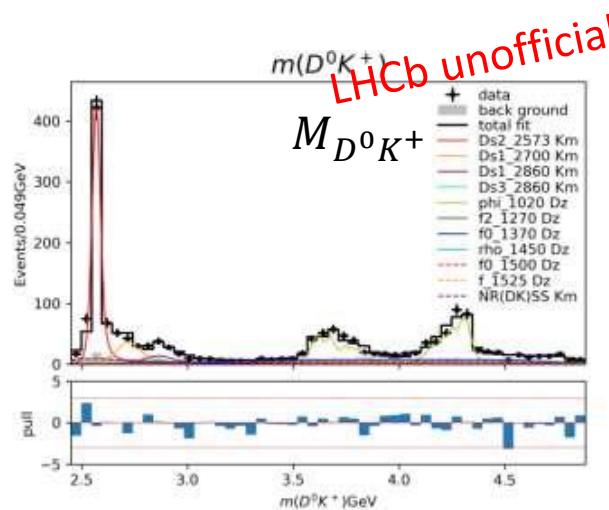
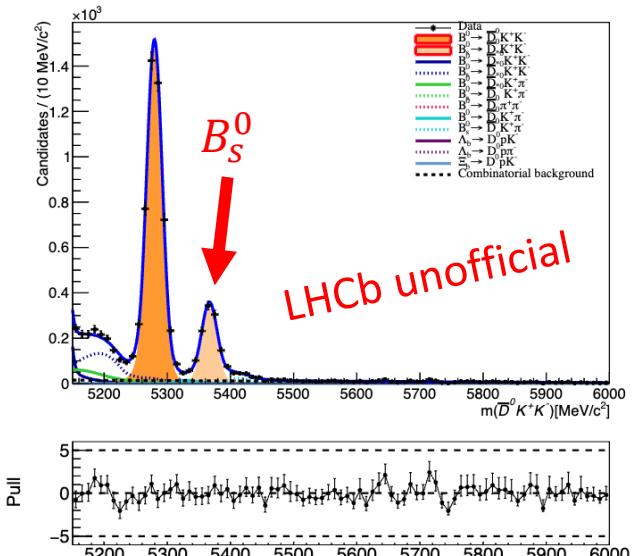
Dalitz analysis of $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$

- High purity after selection:
 - ~5000 signals with purity 93% for $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$
- Dalitz analysis ongoing
 - $D_{s2}^*(2573)^-, D_{s1}^*(2700)^-, f_0(980), f_2(1270)$ peaks observed in projection plots



Dalitz analysis of $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$

- High purity after selection:
 - ~1200 signals with purity 83% for $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$
- Dalitz analysis ongoing
 - $D_{s2}^*(2573)^-, D_{s1}^*(2700)^-, \phi(1020), f_2(1270)$ peaks observed in projection plots



$B_{(s)}^0/\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 h^+ h^-$ studies

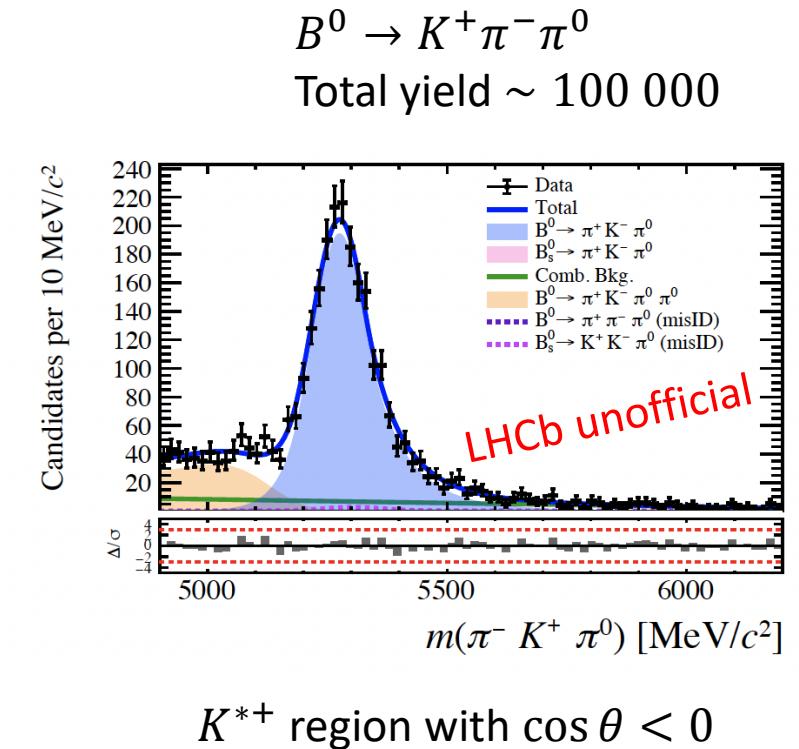
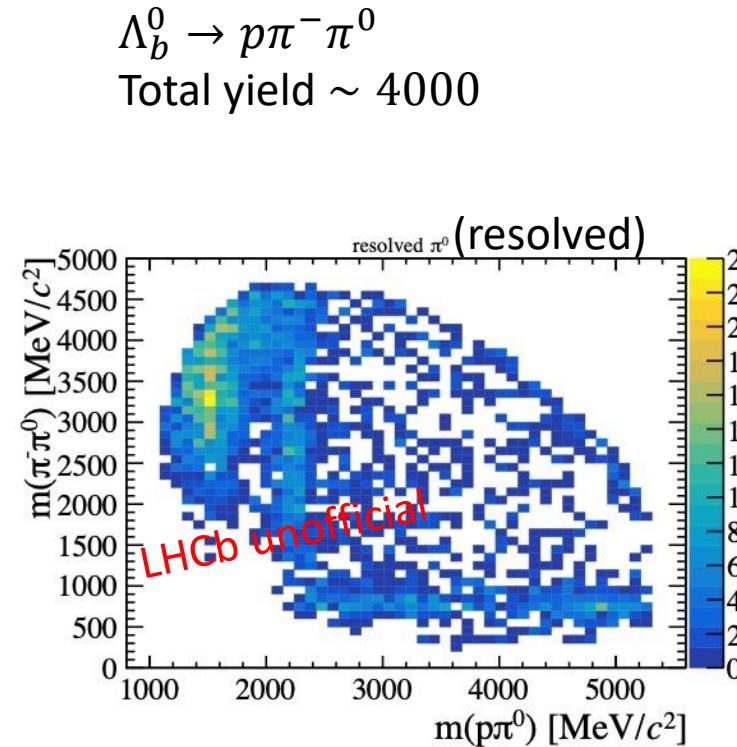
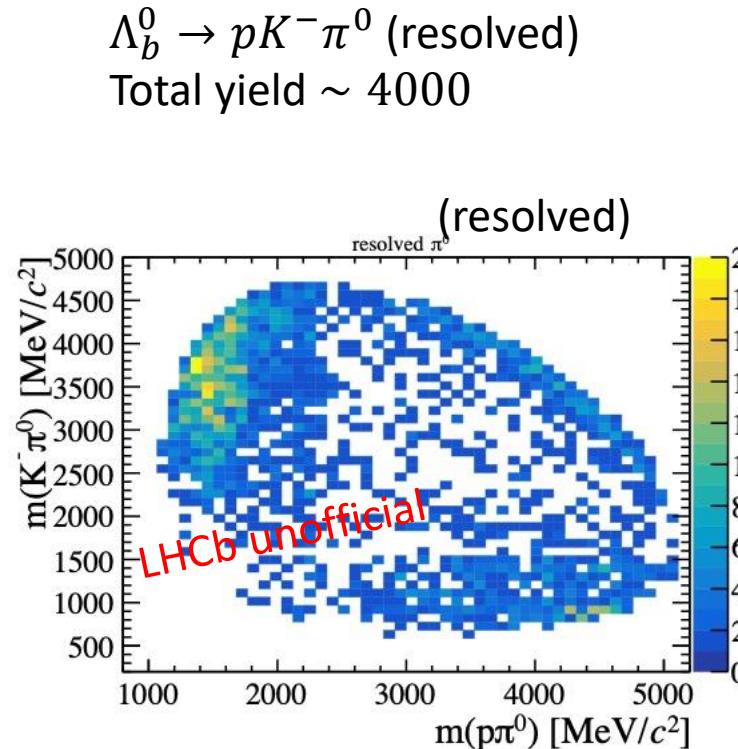
Ongoing

$B_{(s)}^0/\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 h^+ h'^-$ decays

- No data available at hadron colliders
 - $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 h^+ h'^-$ only measured by B-factories, much more statistics at LHCb
 - $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$ via ρ resonances golden channel for CKM angle α measurement
 - $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 p h^-$ only accessible by LHCb
- Included decays: $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$, $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0$, $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow K^+ K^- \pi^0$, $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p K^- \pi^0$, $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p \pi^- \pi^0$
 - Similar decay topology, permitting simultaneous event selection
 - Relative branching fraction measurements cancel systematic uncertainties
 - Self flavor-tagged decays make possible direct CP violation measurement
- Key analysis
 - π^0 reconstruction/calibration: merged $\pi^0 (\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$, resolved π^0 (two γ forming a single big cluster)
 - Huge combinatorial background: due to lack of vertexing information for π^0
 - π^0 - γ separation for resolved π^0

Promising measurements

- Huge statistics already with LHCb Run1+Run2 data
- Rich Dalitz/resonance structures
- Reasonable purity achieved in localized resonance regions



Summary

- Papers published

- Study of the CKM angle γ sensitivity using flavor untagged $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$ decays ([Chin. Phys. C45\(2021\) 023003](#))
- Evidence for the decays $B^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$ and updated measurement of the branching fractions of the $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$ decays ([JHEP10\(2023\)123](#))
- Observation of the decay $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow D_{s1}(2536)^{\mp} K^{\pm}$ ([JHEP10\(2023\)106](#))

- Work ongoing

- CKM angle γ measurement via $B_s^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^{(*)0}\phi$
- Dalitz analysis of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 KK$
- Studies with $B_{(s)}^0/\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 h^+ h'^-$

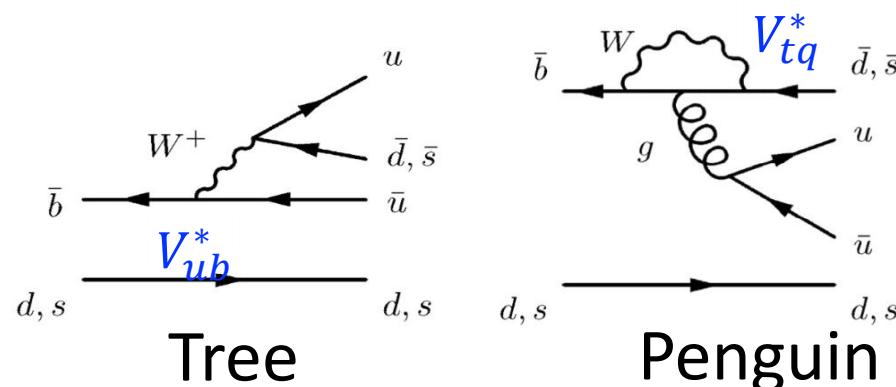
Thank you for your attention

Backups

Physic motivation (CPV measurement)

$b \rightarrow hh\pi^0$ system

- Interference between tree/penguin diagrams
 - Direct CPV



- $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow ph\pi^0$: yet no baryon CPV observed

(Phys. Lett. B, 2018, 787 : 124 – 133)

- $B^0 \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^+\pi^-$ via ρ resonances: CKM angle α measurement

$$\alpha = \arg \left(-\frac{V_{td}V_{tb}^*}{V_{ud}V_{ub}^*} \right)$$