

# Perturbative QCD Calculation Of Heavy Quarkonium-gluon/hadron Cross Sections

Hamza Berrehrah<sup>1</sup> Pol-Bernard Gossiaux<sup>2</sup> Joerg Aichelin<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>1<sup>st</sup> Year PhD Student, Subatech Laboratory, France

<sup>2</sup>Supervisors, Subatech Laboratory, France

*Rencontre " Théorie LHC France", 2009*

## Outline

### 1 Quarkonia in the QGP

- Global Project
- Propagation of Quarkonia

### 2 $\sigma_{elas}, \sigma_{inel}$ Scattering of Quarkonia: Why And How

- $\sigma_{elas}$  Scattering of Quarkonia : Why
- $\sigma_{elas}, \sigma_{inel}$  Scattering of Quarkonia : How

### 3 $\sigma_{elas}$ with Bethe-Salpeter Formalism ... our Formalism

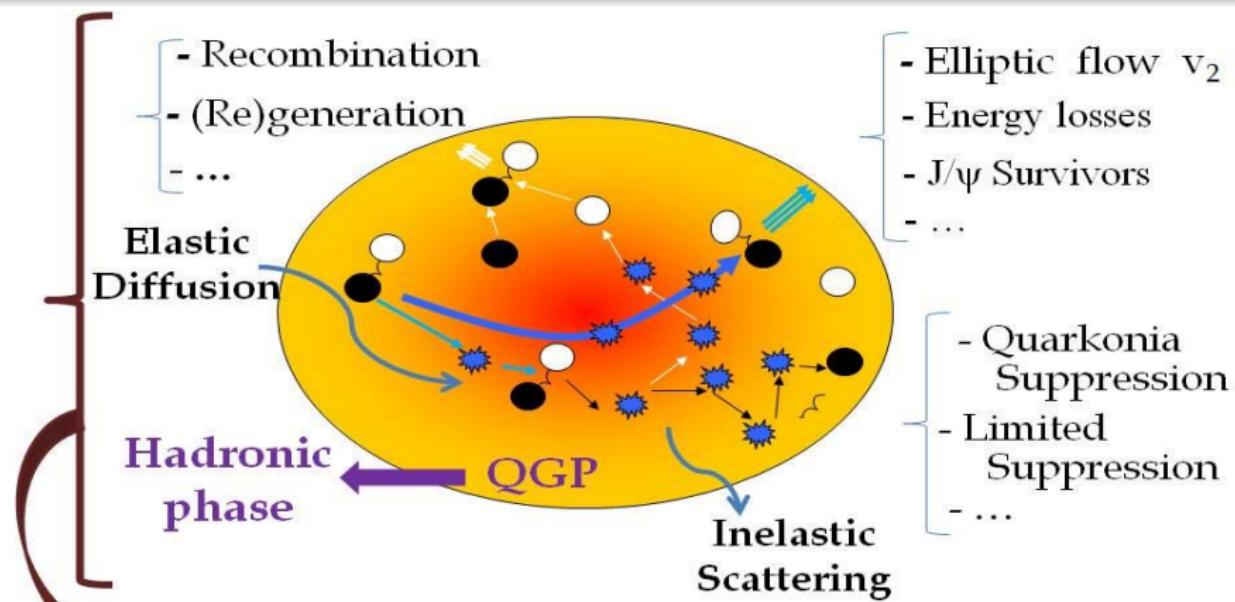
- Physical Process
- Bethe-Salpeter Formalism

### 4 $\sigma_{inel}, \sigma_{elas}$ : Results and Discussions

- $\sigma_{inel}$  : Calculations and Results
- $\sigma_{elas}$  : Calculations and Results
- $\sigma_{elas}, \sigma_{inel}$  : Results and Discussion

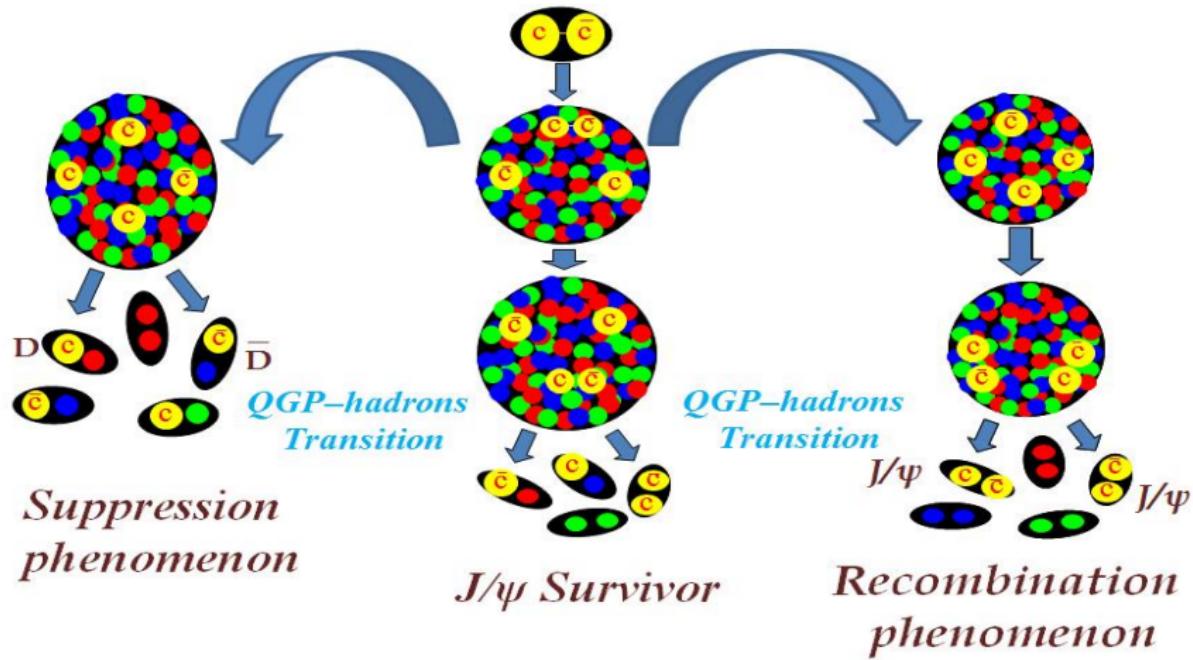
### 5 Transport Coefficient and Energy Loss

## Global Project

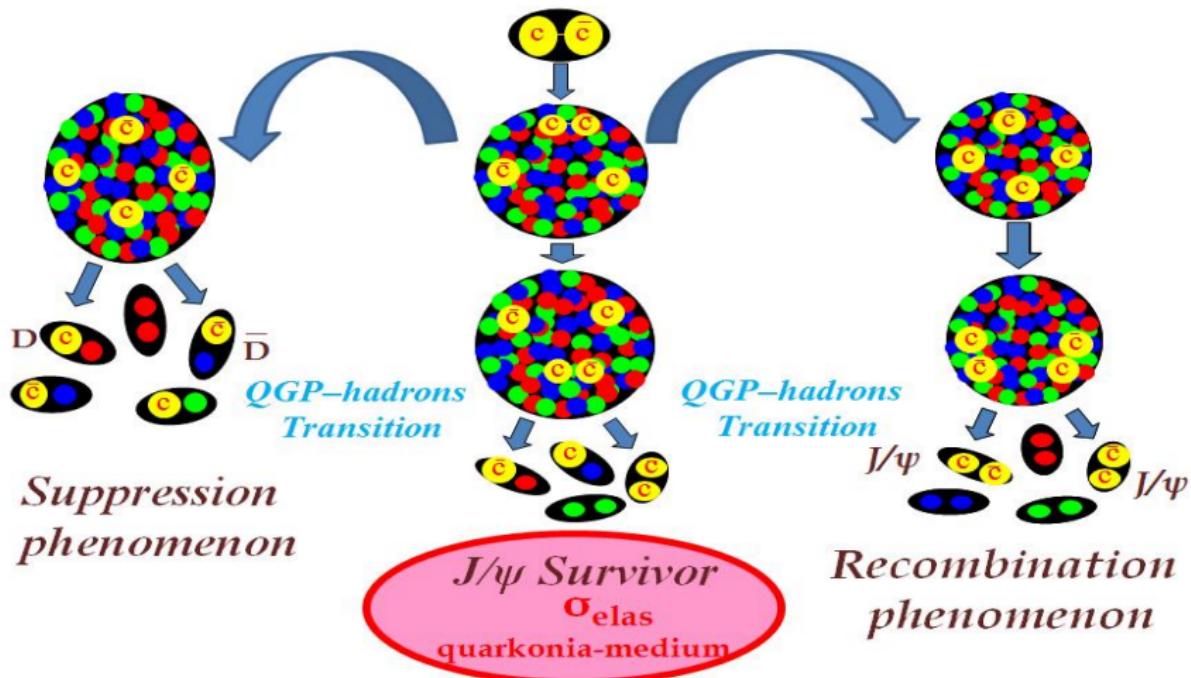


*Propagation Of Quarkonia  
in Thermalized Plasma* → *QGP  
Proprietes*

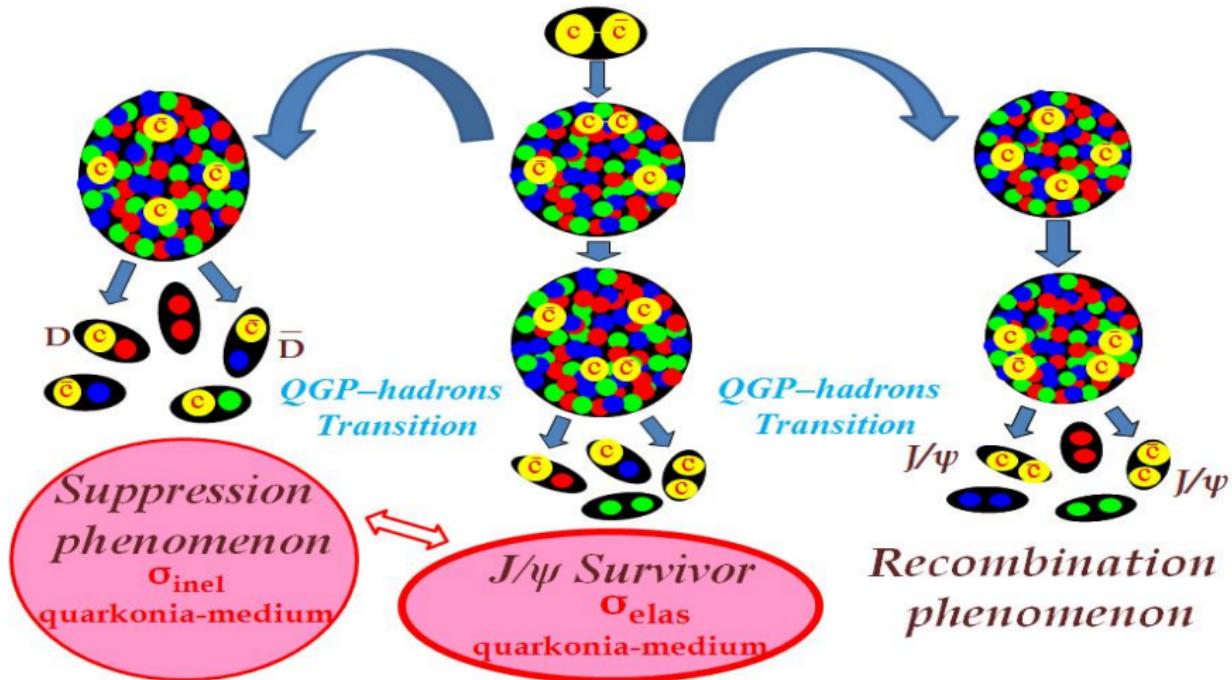
## Propagation of Quarkonia



## Propagation of Quarkonia



## Propagation of Quarkonia



## J/ $\psi$ Physics $\Leftrightarrow$ QGP physics

### \* Relevant questions and Comments on J/ $\psi$ physics

1 What are the effects of Dynamical quarks ?

2 What is the survival probability of J/ $\psi$  in QGP?

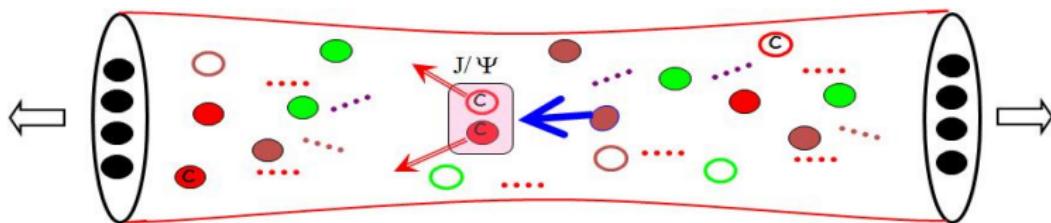
Asakawa and Hatsuda: J/ $\psi$  will survive in QGP up to 1.6 Tc ?

3 Dissociation effects until Tc ?

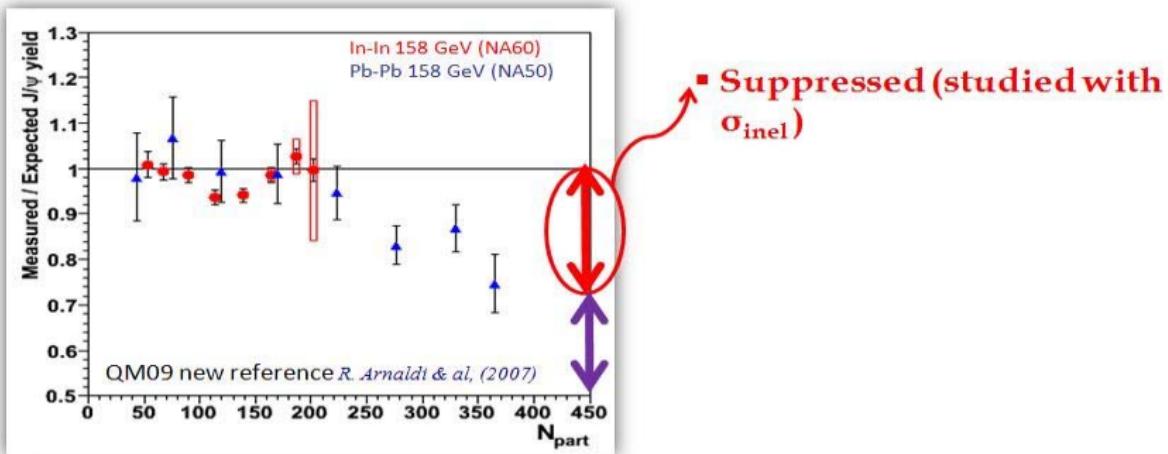
4 Suppression in hadronic phase ...

J/ $\psi$  suppression can occur through dissociation in later stages of HIC.

5 ...

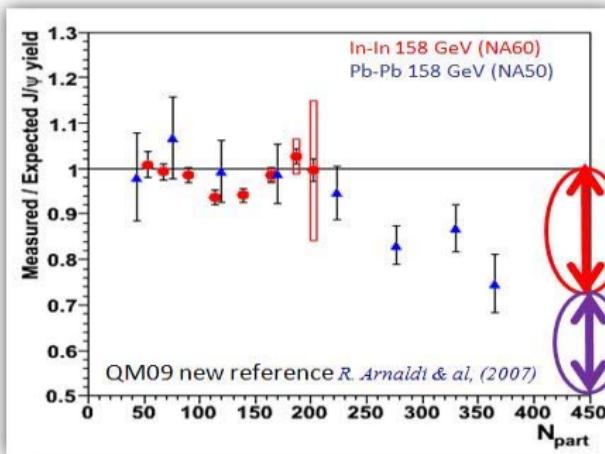


## Motivation for $\sigma_{elas}$ calculation



- + *J/ψ Suppression studied for 20 years,  
... But No consistent results ....*
- + *Recent Results of RHIC ... No significant additional suppression  
expected has been observed for J/ψ by increasing energy...*

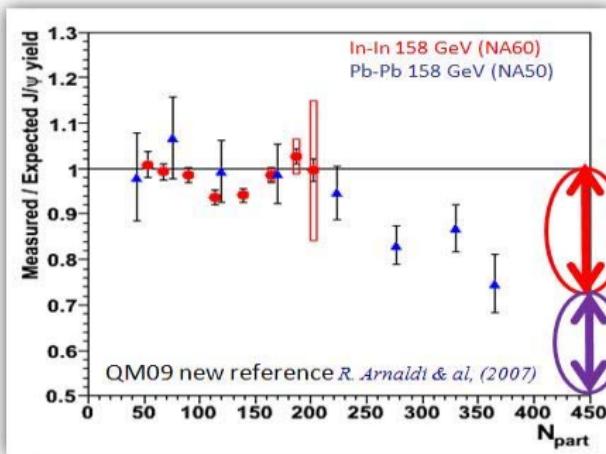
## Motivation for $\sigma_{elas}$ calculation



- Suppressed (studied with  $\sigma_{inel}$ )
- Focus on  $J/\psi$  remaining properties modified in the plasma during the scattering  $J/\psi$ -hadron,  $J/\psi$ -gluons...
- $\sigma_{elas}$  : Elliptic flow, Energy losses ...

- +  $J/\psi$  Suppression studied for 20 years,  
... But No consistent results ....
- + Recent Results of RHIC ... No significant additional suppression expected has been observed for  $J/\psi$  by increasing energy...

## Motivation for $\sigma_{elas}$ calculation

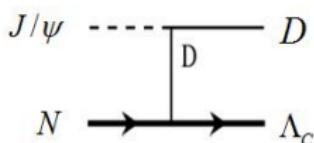


- Suppressed (studied with  $\sigma_{inel}$ )
- Focus on J/ψ remaining properties modified in the plasma during the scattering J/ψ-hadron, J/ψ-gluons...
- $\sigma_{elas}$  : Elliptic flow, Energy losses ...

- + J/ψ Suppression studied for 20 years,  
... But No consistent results ....
- + Recent Results of RHIC ... No significant additional suppression expected has been observed for J/ψ by increasing energy...
- + Large fluctuations over the value of  $\sigma_{elas}$

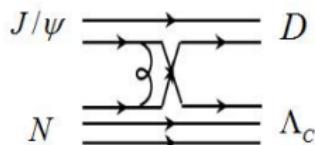
## Formalisms for $\sigma_{inel}$ calculation

### ① 1. Effective model



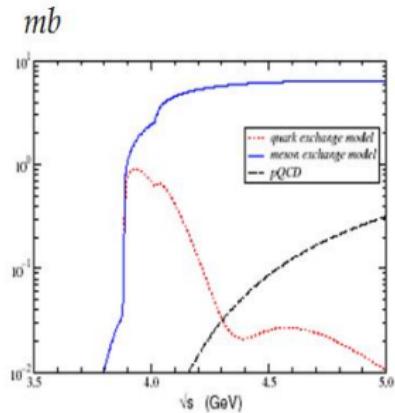
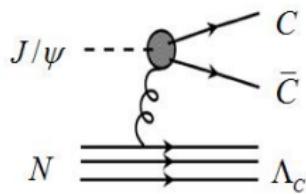
### ② 2. Quark exchange model

[Povh and Hüfner, Zi-wei Lin 02. A. Sibirtsev and al 01 ...]



### ③ 3. LO pert QCD

[Bhanot and Peskin 79]



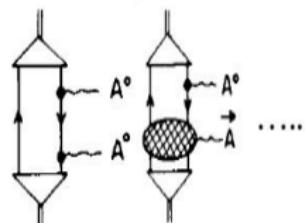
S.Lee (05), Voloshin, R. Rapp (03).

## Formalisms for $\sigma_{elas}$ calculation

### 1] ◇ Historical Calculation of Q-h $\sigma_{elas}$

- 1) - Bhanot and Peskin formalism (79)

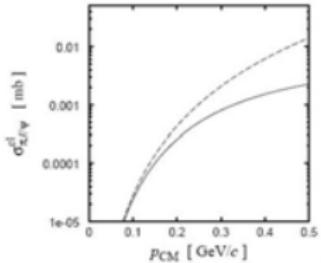
- a) From OPE (operator product expansion )
- b) Binding energy =  $\epsilon_0 \gg$  LQCD



Interaction entre champ-dipole

- 2)- Kharzeev and Fujii (99), Povh and Hüfner

- a) Short-distance QCD calculation
- b) Optic theorem ...



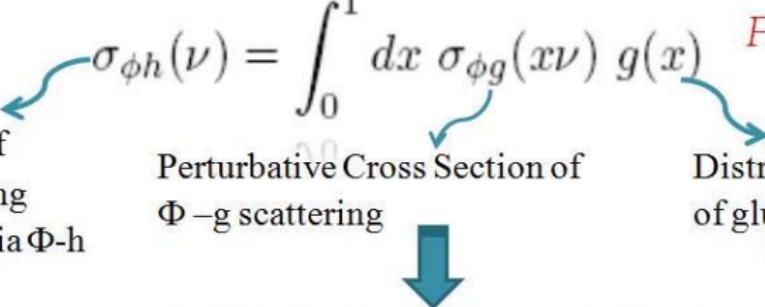
Kharzeev and Fujii (99)

## Formalisms for $\sigma_{elas}$ calculation

### 2] ◊ Rederivation of Peskin formula using Bethe-Salpeter

- 3) - Other equivalent method in pQCD 1<sup>st</sup> order based on :  
 Factorization Theorem + Bethe-Salpeter Amplitudes

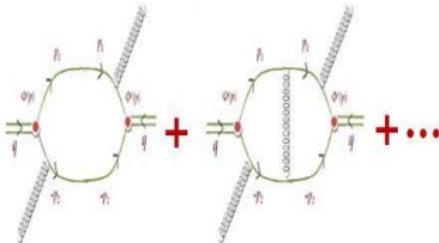
$$\sigma_{\phi h}(\nu) = \int_0^1 dx \sigma_{\phi g}(x\nu) g(x)$$


  
*Factorization Formula*      Distribution function of gluons in the hadron

$\sigma_{\text{total of scattering quarkonia } \Phi-h}$       Perturbative Cross Section of  $\Phi-g$  scattering       $\downarrow$   
*Bethe-Salpeter Formalism*

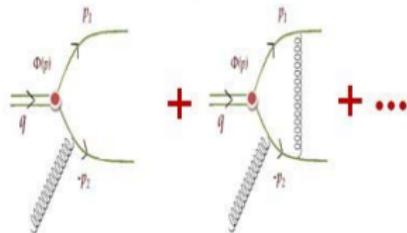
$\sigma_{inel}$  calculation : Y. Oh, S. Kim, S. H. Lee, (2002)

## Elastic Process

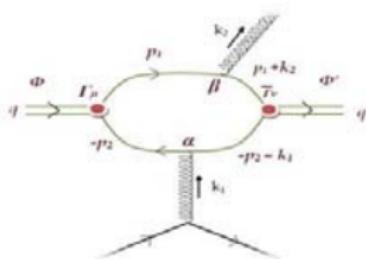


Compton diffusion ... Most important for us

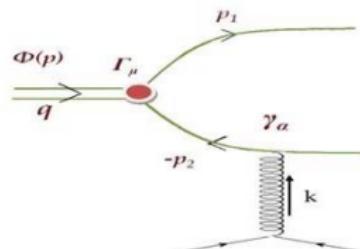
## Inelastic Process



Gluon dissociation ... well Known

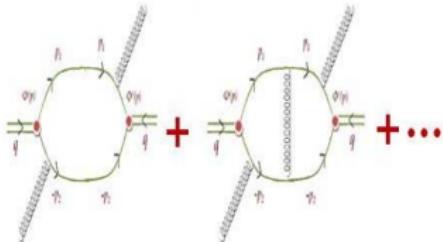


Möller scattering (el.)



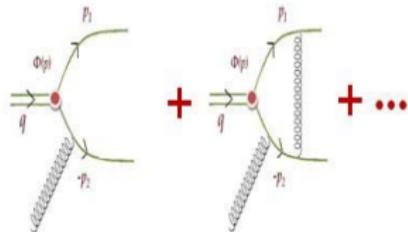
... Not well Unknown

## Elastic Process

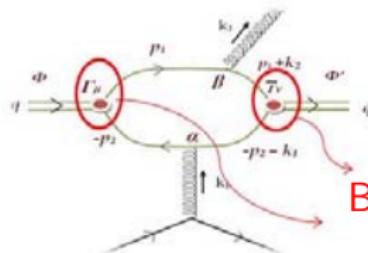


Compton diffusion ... Most important for us

## Inelastic Process

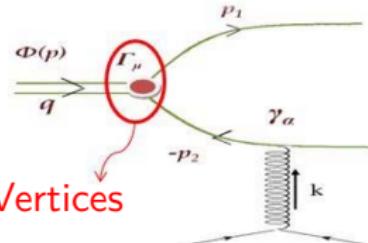


Gluon dissociation ... well Known



Möller scattering (el.)

Bethe-Salpeter Vertices

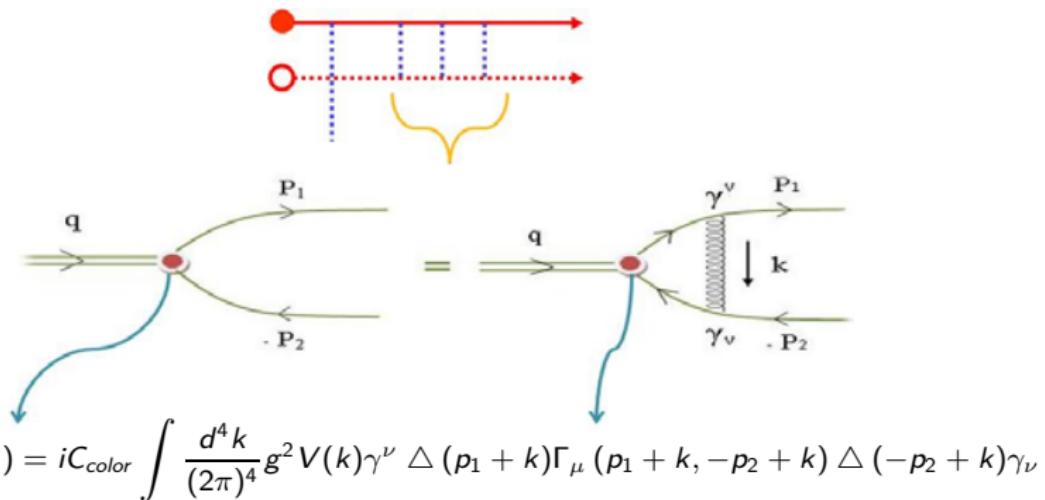


... Not well Unknown

## Bethe-Salpeter Equation

- Resume Bound state by Bethe-Salpeter Equation

$$\mathcal{M} = V + VGV + VGVG + \dots + (VG)V^n + \dots = \frac{V}{1 - VG}; \quad M: \text{amplitude}, V: \text{Kernel}, G: \text{propagator}$$



Y. Oh, S. Kim, S. H. Lee, (2002)

## Bethe-Salpeter Vertices

① Case of  $\phi$  in the rest frame: 1<sup>st</sup> order on relative velocity  $v$

$$\Gamma_\mu \left( \frac{q}{2} + p, \frac{-q}{2} + p \right) = - \left( \epsilon - \frac{\vec{p}_1^2}{m} \right) \left( \frac{M_\phi}{N_c} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(\vec{p}) \frac{I + \gamma_0 + \gamma}{2} \gamma_\mu \frac{I - \gamma_0 + \gamma}{2}$$

Normalized wave function  
 for the bound state.

Projection on positive and  
 negative energy parties

Vector vertex

## Bethe-Salpeter Vertices

- ① Case of  $\phi$  in the rest frame: 1<sup>st</sup> order on relative velocity  $v$

$$\Gamma_\mu \left( \frac{q}{2} + p, \frac{-q}{2} + p \right) = - \left( \epsilon - \frac{\vec{p}_1^2}{m} \right) \left( \frac{M_\phi}{N_c} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(\vec{p}) \frac{I + \gamma_0 + \gamma}{2} \gamma_\mu \frac{I - \gamma_0 + \gamma}{2}$$

Normalized wave function  
 for the bound state.

Projection on positive and  
 negative energy parties

Vector vertex

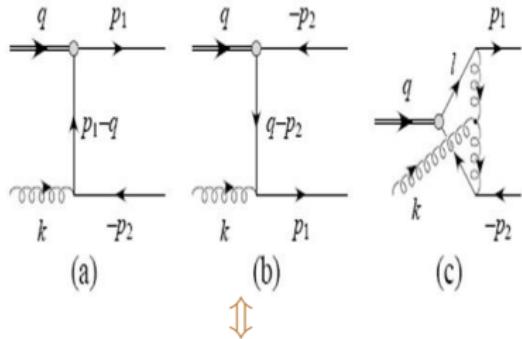
- ② Case of  $\phi$  in NR mvt, with  $v_\phi \neq 0$ :  $m^2 g^2 \ll |q|^2 \ll M_\phi^2$

$$\Gamma_\mu \left( \frac{q}{2} + p, \frac{-q}{2} + p \right) = - \left( \epsilon - \frac{\vec{p}_1^2}{m} \right) \left( \frac{M_\phi}{N_c} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \psi(\vec{p}) \frac{I + \gamma_0 - v_\phi - \gamma}{2} \gamma_\mu \frac{I - \gamma_0 + v_\phi - \gamma}{2}$$

Very Important consequences

with :  $\vec{v}_\phi$  (CM velocity) : any order,  $\vec{v}$  (relative velocity) : 1<sup>st</sup> order,  $\vec{v}_\phi \vec{v}$  : 0 order.

## J/ $\psi$ -g Gluon Dissociation Process



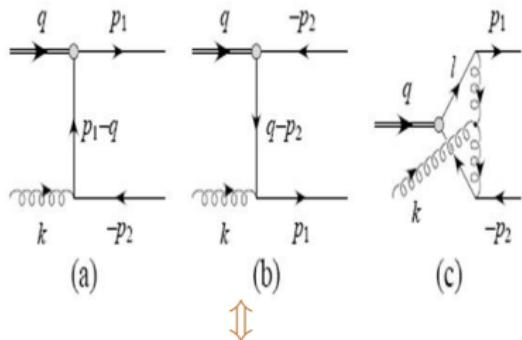
$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = \frac{4g^2 m^2 M_\phi k_0^2}{3N_c} |\vec{\nabla}\psi(\vec{p})|^2$$



$$\sigma_{\phi g} = \frac{128g^2}{3N_c} a_0^2 \frac{(\lambda/\epsilon_0 - 1)^{3/2}}{(\lambda/\epsilon_0)^5}$$

with :  $\lambda = \frac{q \cdot k}{M_\phi} = \frac{s - M_\phi^2}{2M_\phi}$

## J/ $\psi$ -g Gluon Dissociation Process

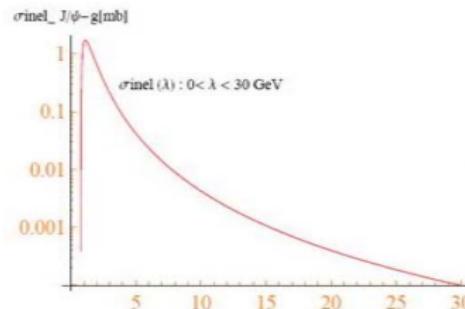
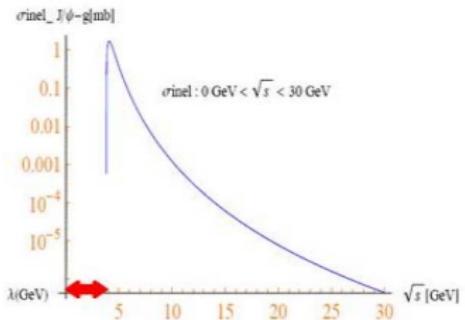


$$|\mathcal{M}|^2 = \frac{4g^2 m^2 M_\phi k_0^2}{3N_c} |\vec{\nabla} \psi(\vec{p})|^2$$



$$\sigma_{\phi g} = \frac{128g^2}{3N_c} a_0^2 \frac{(\lambda/\epsilon_0 - 1)^{3/2}}{(\lambda/\epsilon_0)^5}$$

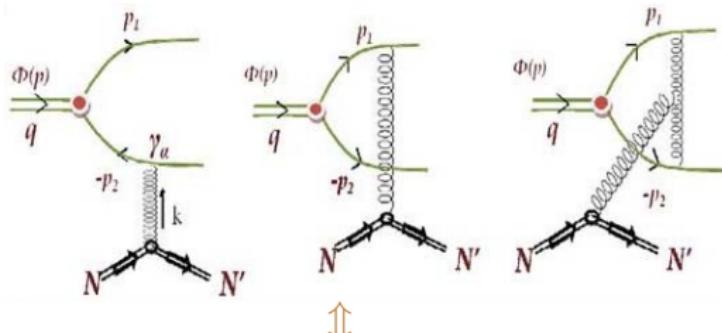
$$with : \lambda = \frac{q \cdot k}{M_\phi} = \frac{s - M_\phi^2}{2M_\phi}$$



$m = 1.95 \text{ GeV}, \epsilon_0 = 0.78 \text{ GeV.}$

Y. Oh, S. Kim, S. H. Lee, (2002)

## $J/\psi$ -N Hadron Dissociation Process



$$\sigma_{\phi N}(\nu) = \int_0^1 dx \sigma_{\phi g}(x\nu) g(x), \text{ with: } \nu = \frac{p \cdot q}{M_\phi}$$

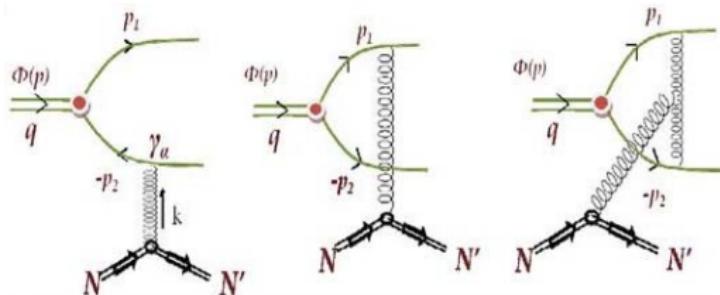
$\sigma_{\phi g}(x\nu)$  :  $J/\psi$ -g Gluon dissociation process

$$g(x) = 0.5(\eta + 1) \frac{(1-x)^\eta}{x}, \quad \eta = 5 \text{ (BP)}$$

Gluon distribution function in the proton

## ♣ Factorization Theorem

## $J/\psi$ -N Hadron Dissociation Process

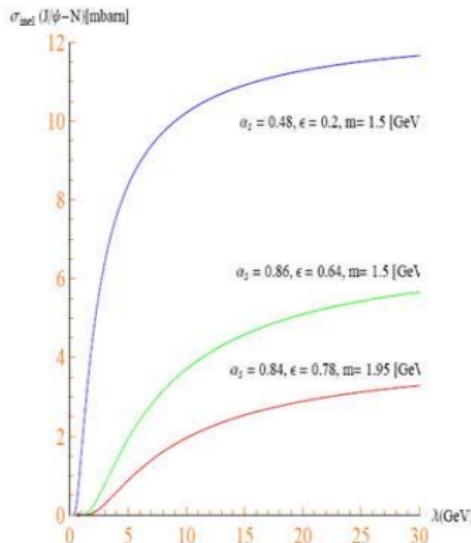


$$\sigma_{\phi N}(\nu) = \int_0^1 dx \sigma_{\phi g}(x\nu) g(x), \text{ with: } \nu = \frac{p \cdot q}{M_\phi}$$

$\sigma_{\phi g}(x\nu)$  :  $J/\psi$ -g Gluon dissociation process

$$g(x) = 0.5(\eta + 1) \frac{(1 - x)^\eta}{x}, \quad \eta = 5 \text{ (BP)}$$

Gluon distribution function in the proton

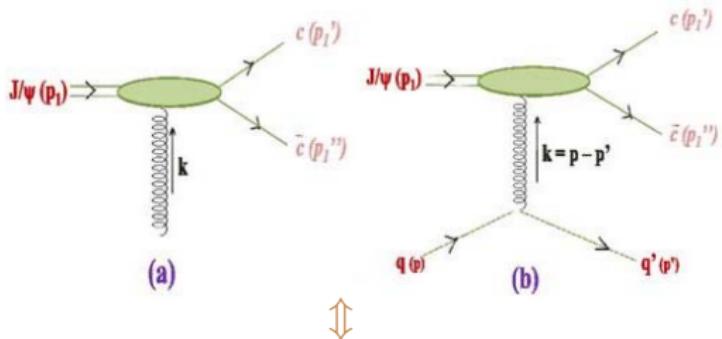


Dependence  $\sigma_{inel}$  vs  $\epsilon_0, m, g$ .

## ♣ Factorization Theorem

Y. Oh, S. Kim, S. H. Lee, (2002)

## $J/\psi$ -q Quark Dissociation Process



$$d\sigma_{J/\psi q}^{(b)} = d\sigma_{J/\psi g}^{(a)} n(\omega) d\omega, \text{ with } n(\omega) = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \ln \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 M_\phi c^2}{m_q \hbar \omega} \right) \frac{d\omega}{\omega}$$

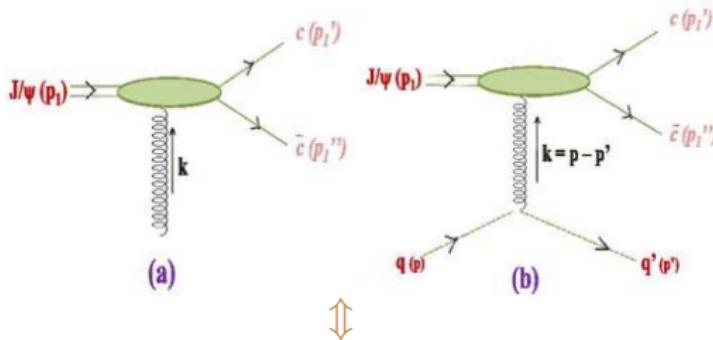
$n(\omega)$  : Spectral distribution of equivalent gluons.

$\omega$  : energy of gluon in the rest frame of  $J/\psi$ .

$$\sigma_{J/\psi q}^{(b)} = \frac{2731 \alpha_s a_0}{M - \epsilon_0} \int_{\epsilon_0}^{\epsilon} \frac{(\omega/\epsilon_0 - 1)^{3/2}}{(\omega/\epsilon_0)^5} \ln \left( \frac{\epsilon M}{m_q \omega} \right) \frac{d\omega}{\omega}$$

♣ Weizsäcker-Williams method of g equivalent

## $J/\psi$ -q Quark Dissociation Process



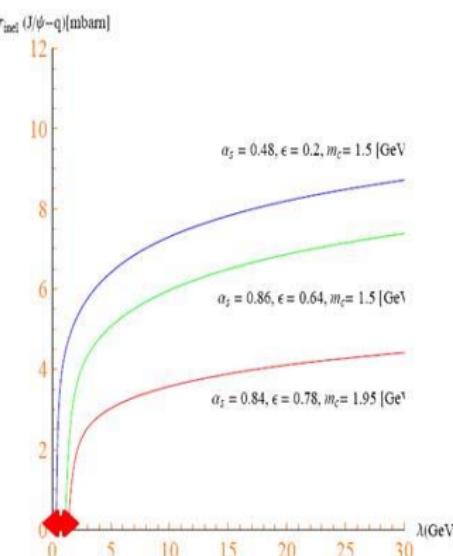
$$d\sigma_{J/\psi q}^{(b)} = d\sigma_{J/\psi g}^{(a)} n(\omega) d\omega, \text{ with } n(\omega) = \frac{2\alpha}{\pi} \ln \left( \frac{\epsilon_0 M_\phi c^2}{m_q \hbar \omega} \right) \frac{d\omega}{\omega}$$

$n(\omega)$  : Spectral distribution of equivalent gluons.

$\omega$  : energy of gluon in the rest frame of  $J/\psi$ .

$$\downarrow$$

$$\sigma_{J/\psi q}^{(b)} = \frac{2731 \alpha_s a_0}{M - \epsilon_0} \int_{\epsilon_0}^{\epsilon} \frac{(\omega/\epsilon_0 - 1)^{3/2}}{(\omega/\epsilon_0)^5} \ln \left( \frac{\epsilon M}{m_q \omega} \right) \frac{d\omega}{\omega}$$



$$\implies \sigma_{J/\psi-q}^{(b)} \propto \alpha^2 a_0^2.$$

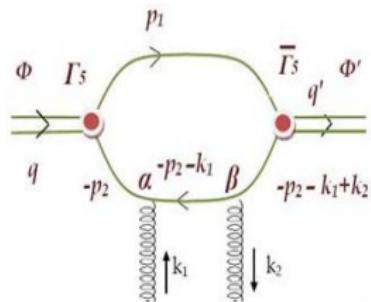
♣ Weizsäcker-Williams method of g equivalent

## $J/\psi(\eta_c)$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

♠ Case of pseudo-scalar  $\eta_c$  and vector  $J/\psi$  vertex

♡ 2 gluons exchanged "LO"

⇒ 6 diagrams (bb||, bbx, tt||, ttx, tb, bt)



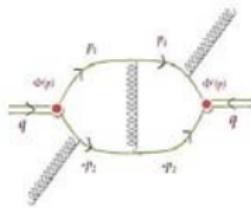
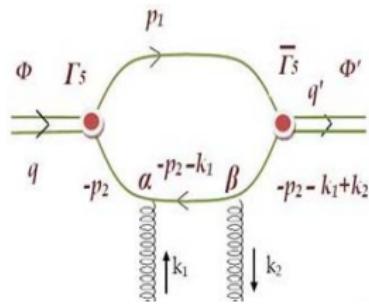
## $J/\psi(\eta_c)$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

### ♠ Case of pseudo-scalar $\eta_c$ and vector $J/\psi$ vertex

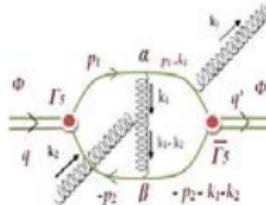
♡ 2 gluons exchanged "LO"

⇒ 6 diagrams (bb||, bbx, tt||, ttx, tb, bt)

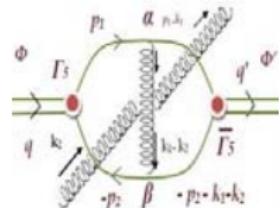
♡ 3, ... gluons exchanged "SNLO"



⇒ 4 diagrams (bt $\bar{x}$ , bb||, tt||, tb $\bar{x}$ )



⇒ 7 diagrams (gluon emitted in each fermionic and gluonic line).



⇒ 1 diagram

## $\eta_c$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

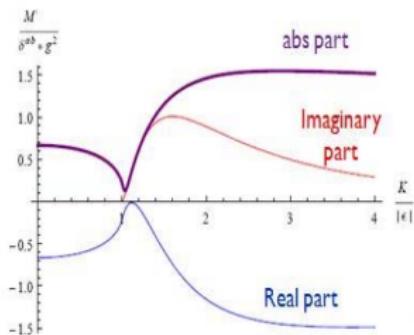
### ♠ Case of pseudo-scalar vertex $\eta_c$

♡ 2 gluons exchanged Diagrams "LO"

◆ Soft gluons ( $k \approx mg^4$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx 2\alpha g^2 \frac{\delta^{ab}}{2N_c} \varepsilon_{\lambda 1}(k 1) \cdot \varepsilon_{\lambda 2}(k 2)$$

- ✓ Opening of the imaginary part for  $K > |\epsilon|$
- ✓ Opening of the inelastic channel for  $K = |\epsilon|$



## $\eta_c$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

### ♠ Case of pseudo-scalar vertex $\eta_c$

♡ 2 gluons exchanged Diagrams "LO"

◆ Soft gluons ( $k \approx mg^4$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx 2\alpha g^2 \frac{\delta^{ab}}{2N_c} \varepsilon_{\lambda 1}(\mathbf{k} 1) \cdot \varepsilon_{\lambda 2}(\mathbf{k} 2)$$

- ✓ Opening of the imaginary part for  $K > |\epsilon|$
- ✓ Opening of the inelastic channel for  $K = |\epsilon|$

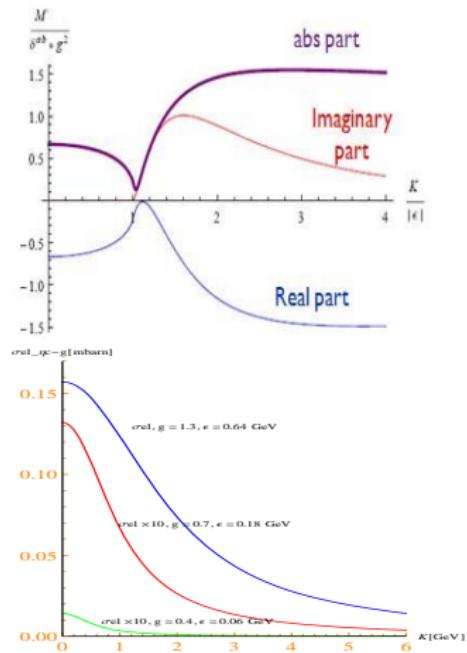
◆ Hard gluons ( $k \approx mg^2$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx \frac{4g^2 \delta_{ij} \delta^{ab}}{N_c} \frac{1}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{a_0 |k - k'|}{4}\right)^2\right)^2}$$



Form Factor

$$\sigma_{elas} \approx \frac{g^4}{\pi m^2 N_c^2} \times \frac{1 + \frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|}\right)^2}{\left(1 + \frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|}\right)^3}$$



## J/ $\psi$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

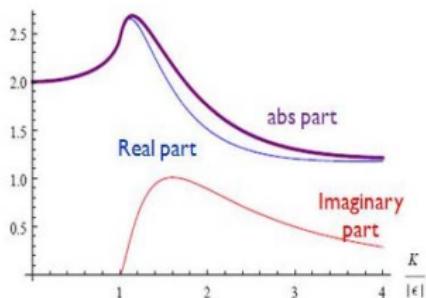
### ♠ Case of vector vertex J/ $\psi$

♡ 2 gluons exchanged Diagrams "LO"

◆ Soft gluons ( $k \approx mg^4$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx 4\alpha \frac{g^2}{N_c} \delta^{ab} g^{km} g^{\mu\nu} \varepsilon_{\lambda 1}(\mathbf{k} 1) \cdot \varepsilon_{\lambda 2}(\mathbf{k} 2)$$

- ✓ Opening of the imaginary part for  $K > |\epsilon|$
- ✓ Opening of the inelastic channel for  $K = |\epsilon|$



## J/ $\psi$ -g Compton Diffusion Process

### ♠ Case of vector vertex J/ $\psi$

♡ 2 gluons exchanged Diagrams "LO"

◆ Soft gluons ( $k \approx mg^4$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx 4\alpha \frac{g^2}{N_c} \delta^{ab} g^{km} g^{\mu\nu} \varepsilon_{\lambda 1}(\mathbf{k} 1) \cdot \varepsilon_{\lambda 2}(\mathbf{k} 2)$$

- ✓ Opening of the imaginary part for  $K > |\epsilon|$
- ✓ Opening of the inelastic channel for  $K = |\epsilon|$

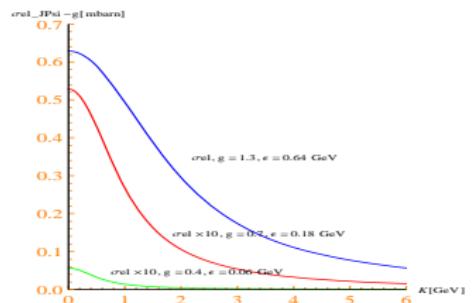
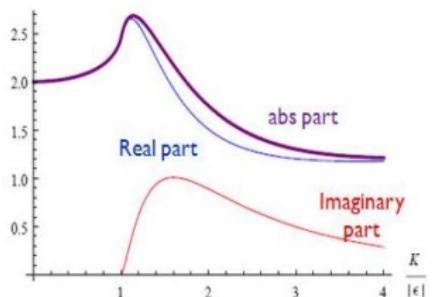
◆ Hard gluons ( $k \approx mg^2$ ) • coulombic state

$$|\mathcal{M}(k, k' \approx mg^4)| \approx -4 \frac{g^2}{N_c} \delta^{ab} g^{km} g^{\mu\nu} \frac{1}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{a_0 |k-k'|}{4}\right)^2\right)^2}$$

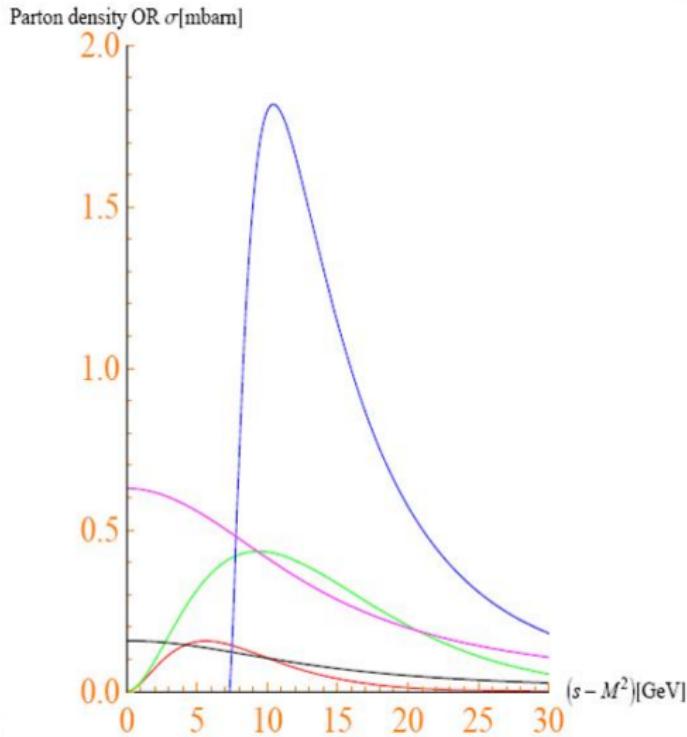


Form Factor

$$\sigma_{elas} \approx \frac{12g^4}{\pi m^2 N_c^2} \times \frac{1 + \frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|}\right)^2}{\left(1 + \frac{K^2}{8m|\epsilon|}\right)^3}$$



## $J/\psi - g$ : Gluon Dissociation vs Compton Diffusion . . . "LO" Diagrams

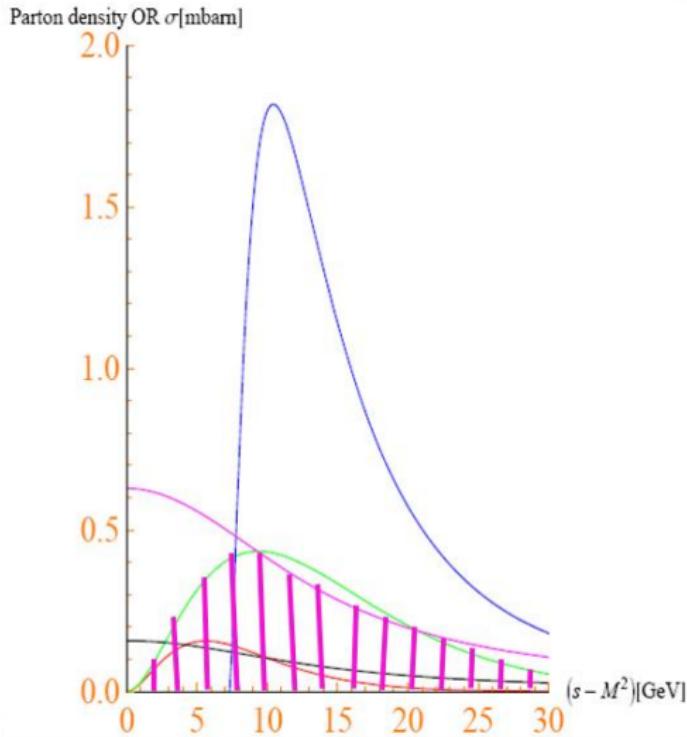


$$R = \int d^3k \ n_{mb}(k) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s(k))$$

$$\hookrightarrow R = \int_{M^2}^{+\infty} ds \ \tilde{n}_{mb}(s) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s)$$

$\sigma$  Inelastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 Parton density at LHC energy  
 Parton density at RHIC energy  
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $\eta_c - g$

## $J/\psi - g$ : Gluon Dissociation vs Compton Diffusion . . . "LO" Diagrams

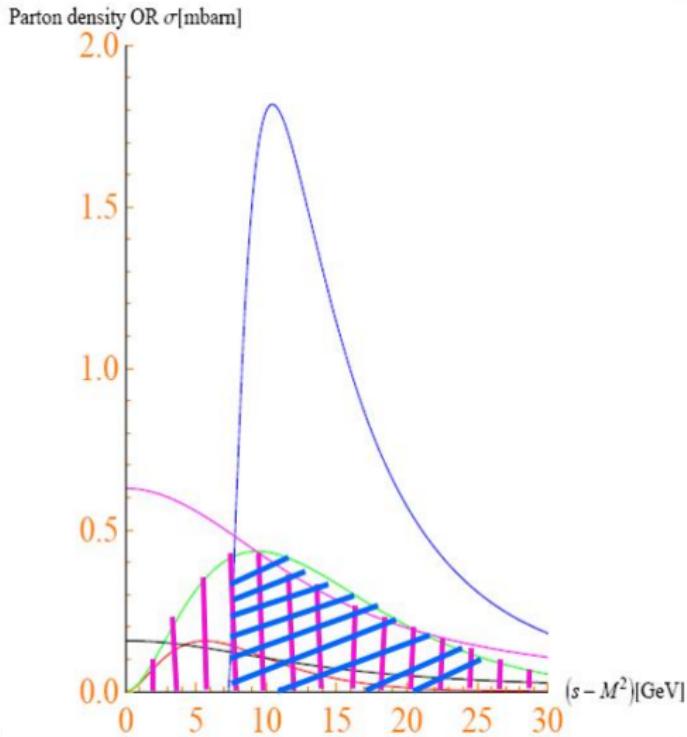


$$R = \int d^3k \ n_{mb}(k) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s(k))$$

$$\hookrightarrow R = \int_{M^2}^{+\infty} ds \ \tilde{n}_{mb}(s) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s)$$

$\sigma$  Inelastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 Parton density at LHC energy  
 Parton density at RHIC energy  
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $\eta_c - g$

## $J/\psi - g$ : Gluon Dissociation vs Compton Diffusion . . . "LO" Diagrams



$$R = \int d^3k \ n_{mb}(k) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s(k))$$

$$\hookrightarrow R = \int_{M^2}^{+\infty} ds \ \tilde{n}_{mb}(s) \ \sigma_{inel/elas}(s)$$

$\sigma$  Inelastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 Parton density at LHC energy  
 Parton density at RHIC energy  
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $J/\psi - g$   
 $\sigma$  Elastic  $\eta_c - g$

## Energy loss and Transport Coefficient

### ♠ Energy loss given by Bjorken

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \int d^3q \ n_{mb}(\vec{q}) [\text{flux}] \int dt \frac{\sigma_{elas}}{dt} (\underbrace{E' - E}_{\text{Energy loss term}}), \text{ with : } [\text{flux}] := \frac{\sqrt{(p \cdot q)^2 - M^2 m^2}}{Ee}$$

$$\frac{\frac{t}{2M_\phi}}{\frac{E_{cell}}{M_\phi}} + \underbrace{\frac{\vec{p}_{cell} \cdot \vec{q}}{\|\vec{q}\|^2}}$$

*Energy loss term*

## Energy loss and Transport Coefficient

### ♠ Energy loss given by Bjorken

$$\frac{dE}{dt} = \int d^3q n_{mb}(\vec{q}) [flux] \int dt \frac{\sigma_{elas}}{dt} \underbrace{(E' - E)}_{\frac{t}{2M_\phi} \left( \frac{E_{cell}}{M_\phi} + \underbrace{\frac{\vec{p}_{cell} \cdot \vec{q}}{\|\vec{q}\|^2}}_{\text{Energy loss term}} \right)}, \text{ with : } [flux] := \frac{\sqrt{(p \cdot q)^2 - M^2 m^2}}{E e}$$

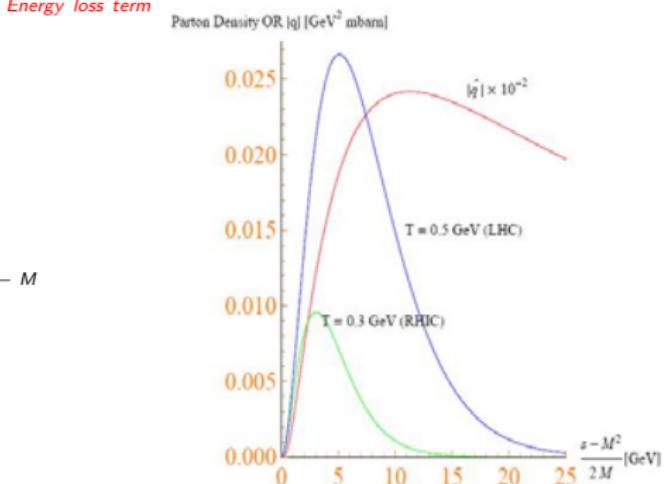
### ♠ Transport Coefficient

$$\hat{q}(s) = \int \frac{d\sigma_{elas}}{dt} t \, dt$$

⇓

$$\hat{q}(s) \propto -\frac{32\pi\alpha^2}{3} \left( \frac{\sqrt{s} - M}{\sqrt{s} + M} \right)^2, \mu < \frac{1}{a_0} \text{ and } \frac{1}{a_0} > \sqrt{s} - M$$

$$\hat{q}(s) \propto -\frac{64\pi\alpha^2}{3a_0^2(\sqrt{s} + M)^2}, \mu < \frac{1}{a_0} < \sqrt{s} - M$$



## Summary and Outlook

### ♣ Summary

- ❶ Global project : revisiting quarkonium cross sections
- ❷ Develop a calculating method of elastic cross section of bound state in the plasma.
- ❸ Interests of the study of elastic cross section ...

## Summary and Outlook

### ♣ Summary

- ① Global project : revisiting quarkonium cross sections
- ② Develop a calculating method of elastic cross section of bound state in the plasma.
- ③ Interests of the study of elastic cross section ...

### ♣ Outlook

- ① Implement this  $\sigma$  elastic in hydrodynamic model to study the propagation of quarkonia in the plasma.
- ② Extract information from studying quarkonia during their "travel" in the plasma : elliptic flow, energy losses ...
- ③ Finish our calculation for "SNLO" ...

## Summary and Outlook

