

# The European Open Science Cloud

**First ESCAPE Progress Meeting** 

26-27 February 2020

DG RTD G.4 Open Science

DG CNECT C.1 eInfrastructure and Science Cloud The role of the European Open Science Cloud (EOSC) is to ensure that **European scientists reap the full benefits of data-driven science**, by offering:

**1.9 million** European researchers and **70 million** professionals in science and technology a **trusted open distributed environment** providing seamless access to data and interoperable services addressing the whole research data life cycle.

> The development of the EOSC realises EU policy objectives including Open Science, FAIR data implementation and the Digital Single Market











### The <u>EOSC implementation roadmap</u>, published in 2018 by the Commission, addresses the implementation of EOSC under six action lines:

Data interoperability, FAIR standards	Provision of innovative services (incl. commercial)	Access and interface EOSC portal	Governance	Rules for Participation



### **EOSC Reference Documents**





# **Governance Structure**

### a Governance Board

 Consists of Representatives from all 28 Member States , 10 associated countries and the European Commission who jointly decide the future of the EOSC and steer its implementation.

### an Executive Board

- Consists of experts from key European research and elnfrastructures communities who advise on the EOSC's implementation and the way forward.

### a Stakeholders Forum

• Gives voice to the wider community of users, service providers, industry and the public sector to contribute to the EOSC implementation.

### **EOSC portal:** a universal gateway to EOSC services





# **EOSC portal:** a universal gateway to EOSC services

RESEARCHERS	SERVICE PROVIDERS	
Discover & access resources and services from different countries and disciplines	Share services and resources to a wider user base platform	
Access and reuse resources through a secure authentication process	Get statistics, feedback and online interactions with the users	
Obtain the latest information about EOSC-related policies	Improve services through the EOSC quality standards	
Provide feedback and co-create EOSC	Check business pilots for SMEs interested in open research data and innovation	



### **EOSC next steps**



European Commission

# **EOSC Working Groups**

Designing the Rules of Partici that shall define the rights, ob governing EOSC transactions EOSC users, providers and ope

Chair

European Commission

Juan Bicarregui

#### Main Objectives:

recommending a minimal set of clear Rules Participation that shall define the rights, obl accountability governing all EOSC transactio various EOSC users, providers and operators.

Embrace the principles of openness, transpa inclusiveness, guaranteeing an open, secure effective federated EOSC with services of do quality.

Setting general principles for.

- the use of the tools, specifications, catalog standarids and applicable methodologies
- the principles for regulating transactions
- the applicable legal frameworks.

Apply differnt rules to different EOSC particip depending on their maturity and role (provic users, scientists or innovators), location (Euro global research partners), and would need to specificities of different scientific disciplines.

#### Milestones

- Q3 2019: Initial EOSC Rules of Participation
- Q3 2020: Final EOSC Rules of Participation



Defining the technical framework required to enable and sustain an evolving EOSC federation of syster

#### Chair

Jean-François Abramatic

#### Main Objectives:

Propose the technical framework required to enab sustain an evolving EOSC federation of systems.

Provide an in-depth independent review of the cur offering and the required evolution of the EOSC te architecture, its standards and best practices.

Comprise a federating core and a variety of federat research data infrastructures committed to provid services as part of the EOSC.

Federating data infrastructures at the European le offering shared services (e.g. EGI, EUDAT, ELIXIR, EI etc.).

#### Milestones

Overall Milestones:

- Q4 2019: Initial EOSC ederating core in place
- Q4 2019: Registry of data infrastructures of the I (initial)
- Q2 2020: Preliminary connection of most infrastructures and services to the EOSC Services Milestones:
- Q4 2018: Initial EOSC Catalogue of services acce
- prototype EOSC Portal accessible
- Q4 2019: Updated EOSC Catalogue of services & Portal
- Q2 2019: Initial EOSC Catalogue of datasets acce



Mapping of the existing research infrastructures in Europe which are candidates to be part of the EOSC federation

#### Chair

Jan Hrusak



#### Main Objectives:

Mapping EOSC-relevant national infrastructures highlighting the current level of spending on research data infrastructures.

Monitoring constraints and opportunities

at the various architectural levels, arising from national and regional structures and initiatives.

Facilitate convergence and alignment between European, national and regional structures and initiatives.

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#### Milestones

- Q4 2019: Draft of the analysis presented to the EB
- Q3 2020: Report presented to the EB

released

### https://www.eoscsecretariat.eu/sites/default/files/eoscsec\_wgs\_flye r\_v3.pdf





### <u>EOSC Strategic</u> <u>Implementation Plan</u>

EOSC Workplan





# **FAIR Digital objects**

- FAIR Digital Objects concept central to the realization of FAIR need to be in place for data to be FAIR)
- Community-led effort

#### DIGITAL OBJECT

Data, code and other research outputs At its most basic level, data or code is a bitstream or binary sequence. For this to have meaning and to be FAR, it needs to be represented in standard formats and be accompanied by Persistent Identifiers (PIDs), metadata and documentation. These layers of meaning enrich the object and enable reuse.

#### IDENTIFIERS Persistent and unique (PIDs)

Persistent and unique (PIDS) Digital Objects should be assigned a unique and persistent identifier such as a DOI or URN. This enables stable links to the object and supports citation and reuse to be tracked. Identifiers should also be applied to other related concepts such as the data authors (ORCIDS), projects (RIDS), funders and associated research resources (RRIDS).

#### STANDARDS & CODE Open, documented formats

Digital Objects should be represented in common and ideally open file formats. This enables others to reuse them as the format is in widespread use and software is available to read the files. Open and well-documented formats are easier to preserve. Data also need to be accompanied by the code use to process and analyse the data.

#### METADATA

Contextual documentation

In order for Digital Objects to be assessable and reusable, they should be accompanied by sufficient metadata and documentation. Basic metadata will enable data discovery, but much richer information and provenance is required to understand how, why, when and by whom the objects were created. To enable the broadest reuse, they should be accompanied by a plurality of relevant attributes and a clear and accessible usage license.



### https://doi.org/10.2777/1524

- <u>Timeline of developments</u> since 1995 (DO Architecture first proposed by <u>Kahn and</u> <u>Wilenski</u>): conceptualization, design and implementation (recently involving RDA <u>GEDE Working Group</u>)
- New <u>RDA Interest Group on FAIR Digital Objects</u>



# FAIR Digital objects (cont.)

- At present, Task Forces within the Architecture and FAIR Working Groups of the EOSC Executive Board are working on a PID policy, FAIR metrics, repository certification, AAI protocols, common APIs and the overall EOSC Architecture.
- EOSC Interoperability Framework is jointly being designed (Architecture and FAIR WGs) which will specify base level requirements for semantic, legal, technical and organisational interoperability.
- Draft recommendations for consultation:
  - <u>Initial Persistent Identifier (PID) policy</u> joint effort by FAIR and Architecture WGs; released in December 2019 for community feedback and comment
  - Interim recommendations for FAIR metrics and service certification to apply within EOSC: <u>FAIR metrics for EOSC</u> and <u>EOSC service certification</u>- outlining plans in terms of FAIR metrics for digital objects and certification frameworks for repositories and other services that enable FAIR.



# **Engagement with EOSC**

- Liaise with ESFRI Secretariat (managed by the Commission) in relation to EOSC and ESFRI
- Contribute with community feedback and review e.g. FAIR WG PID Policy, Metrics and Certification; <u>Rules of participation</u>; Landscape analysis (<u>Validation</u> <u>workshop</u> 23–24 March 2020, Brussels)
- Contribute to the work in the EB WGs e.g. ESCAPE participates in the Architecture WG (Kay Graf, Simone Campana)
- Public consultation on EOSC Strategic and Innovation Agenda (SRIA) summer 2020
- Apply to EOSC Secretariat.eu <u>co-creation calls</u>
- Join us at the next events E.g. EOSC Symposium 2020 (tentative October 2020)



# Thank you!

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