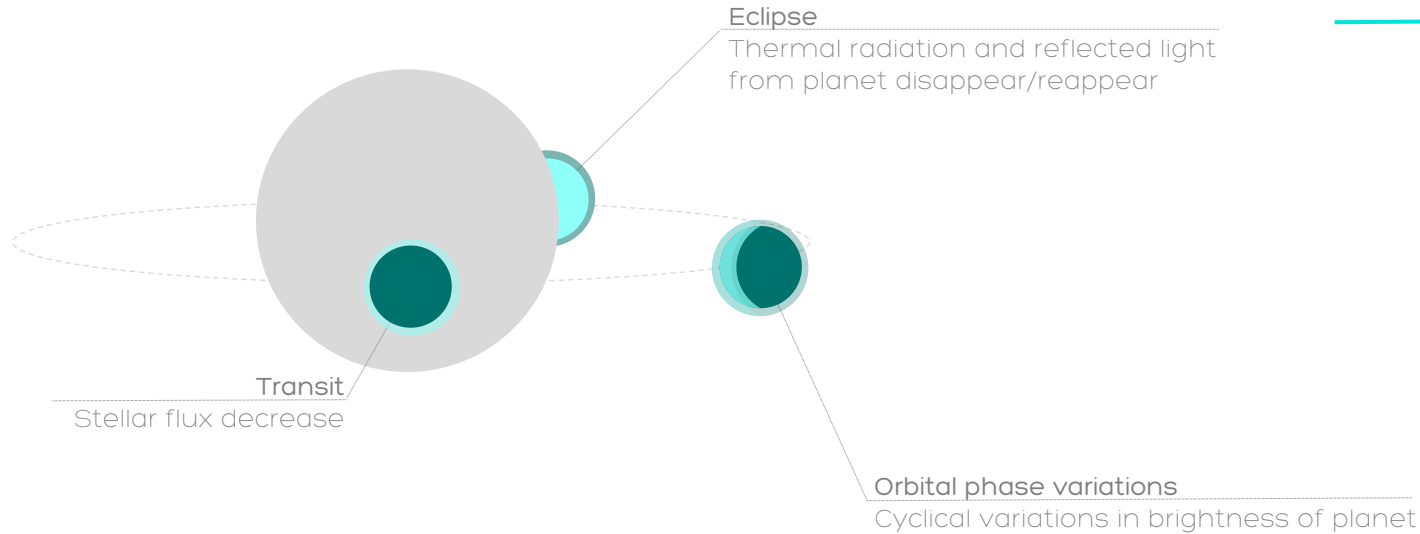


# PREPARING EXOPLANET TRANSIT SPECTROSCOPY OBSERVATIONS WITH JAMES WEBB SPACE TELESCOPE

MARINE MARTIN-LAGARDE | PIERRE-OLIVIER LAGAGE (CEA)  
| GIUSEPPE MORELLO (CEA)



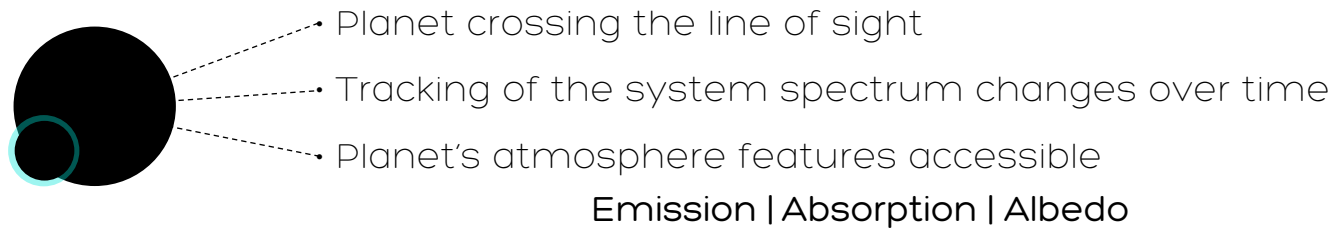
# CONTEXT



## EXOPLANETS' ATMOSPHERE

- Learn about the nature and diversity of exoplanets
- Understand the physics and chemistry at work (not present in the solar system / early solar system)
- Constraint planet formation (metallicity, C/O)
- Ultimately search for bio-signatures (eg. O<sub>3</sub>)

## TRANSIT SPECTROSCOPY



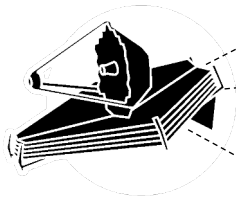
Molecule	$\Delta\nu = 2B_0$ cm <sup>-1</sup>	$\lambda$ (S <sub>max</sub> ) 2–5 μm	S <sub>max</sub> cm <sup>-2</sup> am <sup>-1</sup>	R 2–5 μm	$\lambda$ (S <sub>max</sub> ) 5–16 μm	S <sub>max</sub> cm <sup>-2</sup> am <sup>-1</sup>	R 5–16 μm
H <sub>2</sub> O	29.0	2.69 (ν <sub>1</sub> , ν <sub>3</sub> )	200	130	6.27 (ν <sub>2</sub> )	250	55
HDO	18.2	3.67 (ν <sub>1</sub> , 2ν <sub>2</sub> )	270	150	7.13 (ν <sub>2</sub> )		77
CH <sub>4</sub>	10.0	3.31 (ν <sub>3</sub> )	300	300	7.66 (ν <sub>4</sub> )	140	130
CH <sub>3</sub> D	7.8	4.54 (ν <sub>2</sub> )	25	280	8.66 (ν <sub>6</sub> )	119	150
NH <sub>3</sub>	20.0	2.90 (ν <sub>3</sub> )	13	170	10.33	600	50
		3.00 (ν <sub>1</sub> )	20		10.72 (ν <sub>2</sub> )		
PH <sub>3</sub>	8.9	4.30 (ν <sub>1</sub> , ν <sub>3</sub> )	520	260	8.94 (ν <sub>4</sub> )	102	126
					10.08 (ν <sub>2</sub> )	82	110
CO	3.8	4.67 (1-0)	241	565			
CO <sub>2</sub>	1.6	4.25 (ν <sub>1</sub> )	4100	1470	14.99 (ν <sub>2</sub> )	220	420
HCN	3.0	3.02 (ν <sub>3</sub> )	240	1100	14.04 (ν <sub>2</sub> )	204	240
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>2</sub>	2.3	3.03 (ν <sub>3</sub> )	105	1435	13.7 (ν <sub>5</sub> )	582	320
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub>	1.3	3.35 (ν <sub>7</sub> )	538	2300	12.16 (ν <sub>12</sub> )	36	635
O <sub>3</sub>	0.9				9.60 (ν <sub>3</sub> )	348	1160

**Table 5** Main molecular signatures and constraints on the spectral resolving power.  $\Delta\nu$  is the spectral interval between two adjacent J-components of a band. S<sub>max</sub> is the intensity of the strongest band available in the spectral interval. R is the spectral resolving power required to separate two adjacent J-components

Tinetti et al. AAR 2013

# CONTEXT

## THE JAMES WEBB SPACE TELESCOPE



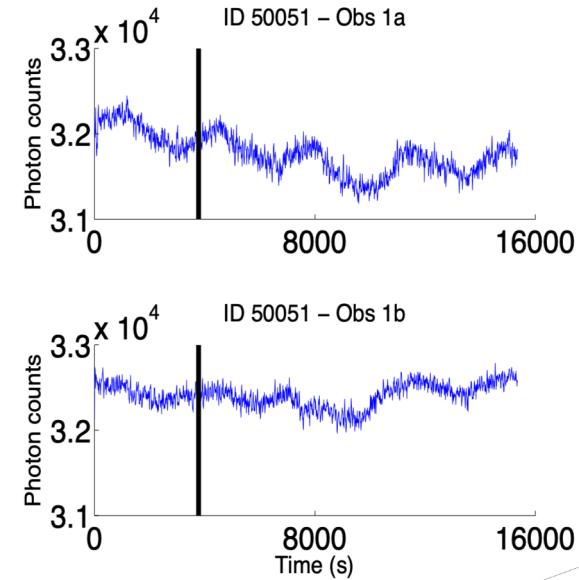
- Launch mid-2021
- 4 instruments (0.5 - 28 $\mu$ m)  
**NIRISS | NIRCAM | NIRSPEC | MIRI**
- Precision needed up to 10 ppm of signal  
*relative spectro-photometric precision  
needed over about 10 hours*

## PREPARATION FOR DATA RETRIEVAL

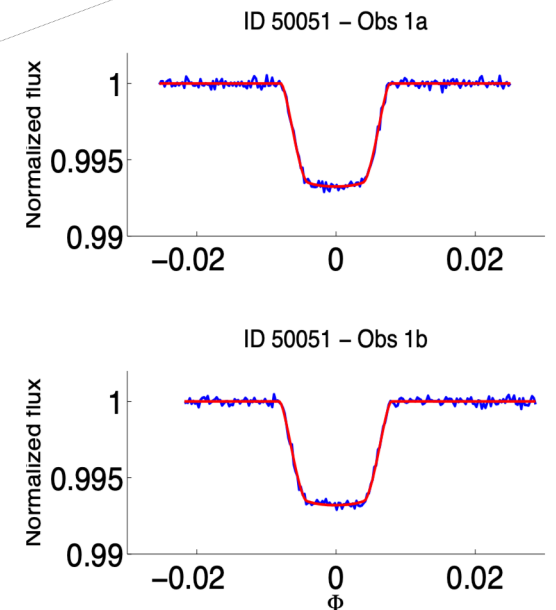


- Challenging measures
- Need new methods and preparation
- Need tests and challenges

**SYNTHETIC DATA !**



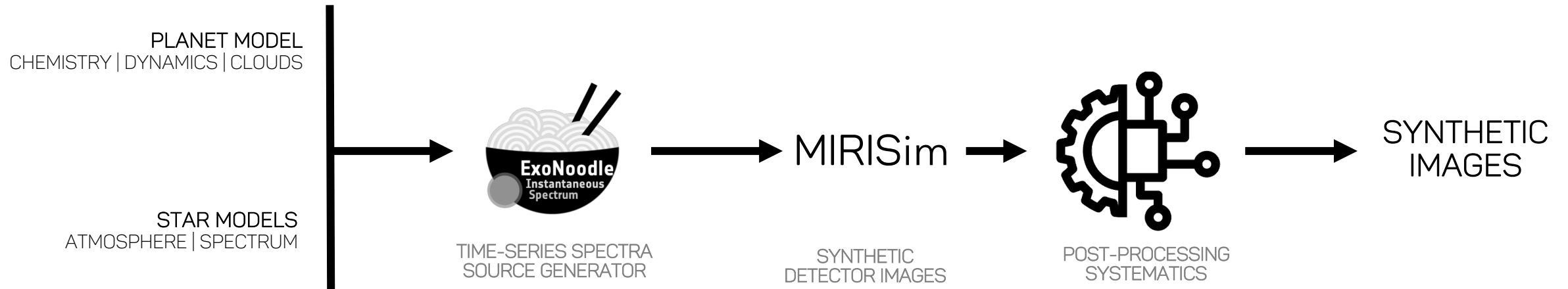
RAW  
LIGHTCURVES



DETRENDED  
LIGHTCURVES  
+  
MODELS

*Morello et al. 2015*

# METHOD



# METHOD

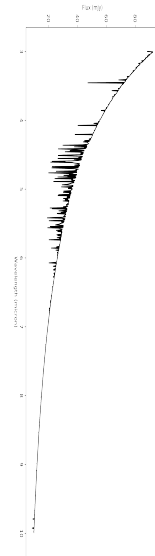
STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



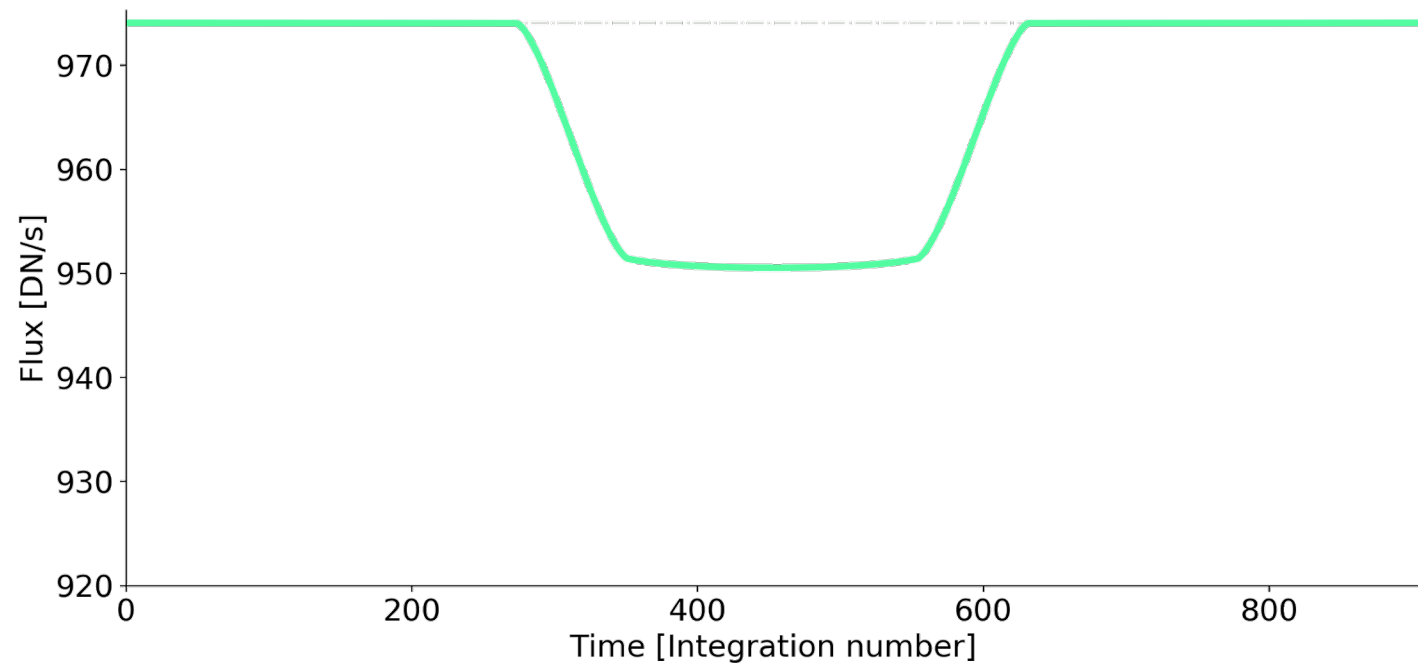
MIRISim



SYNTHETIC  
IMAGES

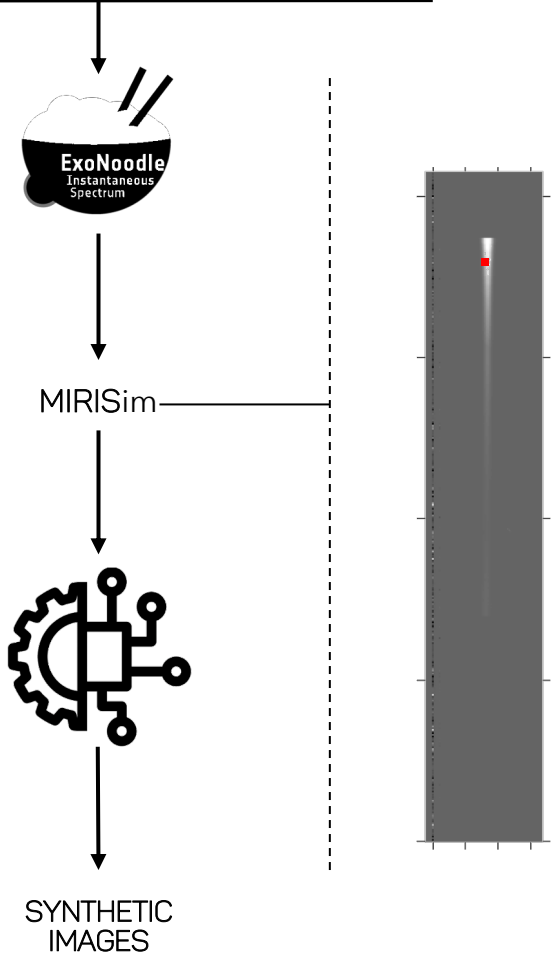


## TIME-SERIES SPECTRA SOURCE GENERATOR

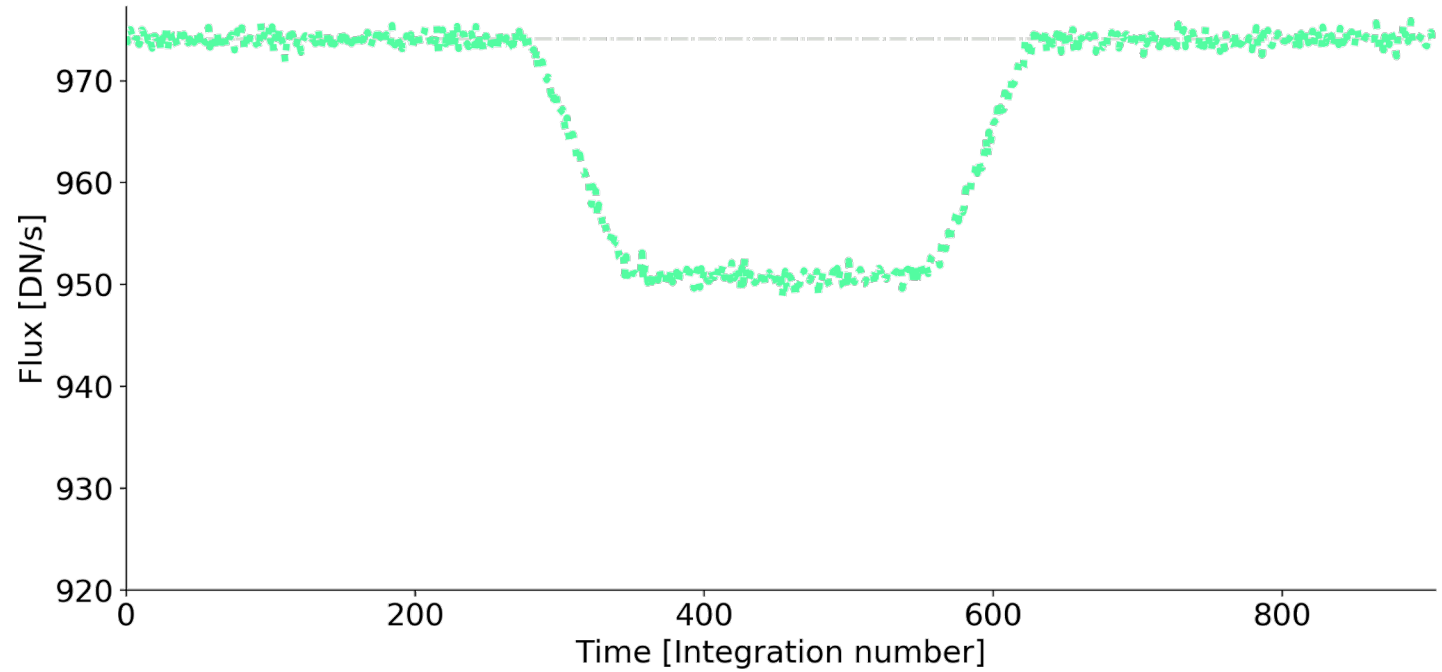


# METHOD

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



SYNTHETIC DETECTOR IMAGES



# METHOD

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM | PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



MIRISim

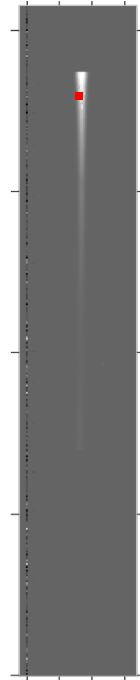


SYNTHETIC IMAGES

## POST-PROCESSING IMAGES FOR SYSTEMATICS

From ground tests on MIRI detectors, we selected the systematic effects likely to be important for transit spectroscopy observations to include in MIRISim results as post-treatment:

Response Drift | Idle Recovery | Anneal Recovery



# METHOD

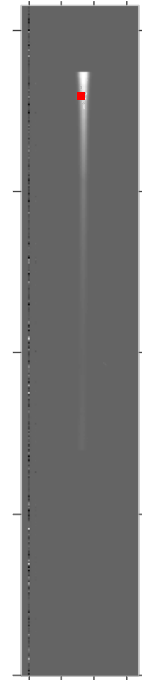
STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM | PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



MIRISim



SYNTHETIC IMAGES

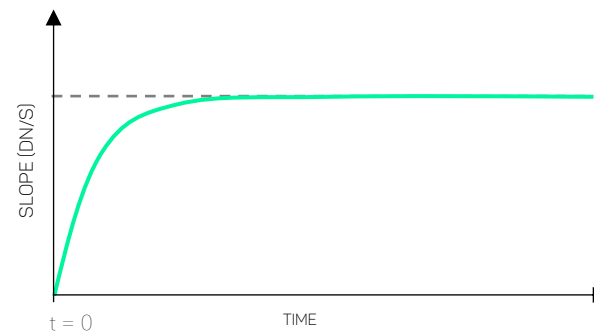


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Response Drift | Idle Recovery | Anneal Recovery

$$\dot{S}_{corrected}(t) = \dot{S}_0 + \left( a_1 \times e^{-\frac{t}{a_1}} + a_2 \times e^{-\frac{t}{a_2}} \right)$$





# METHOD

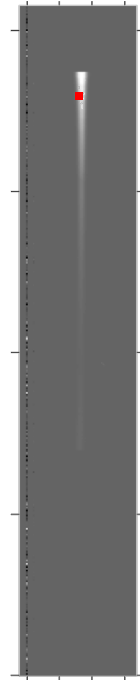
STAR MODELS | PLANET MODEL  
ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



MIRISim



SYNTHETIC IMAGES

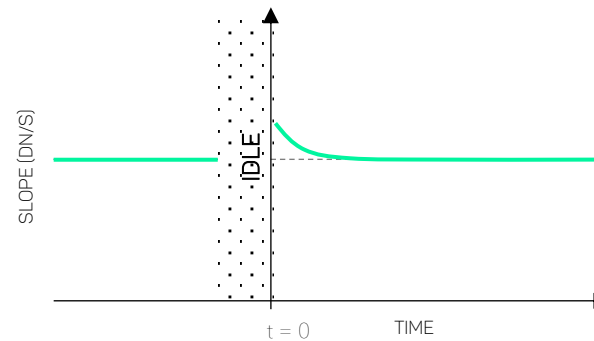


## POST-PROCESSING IMAGES FOR SYSTEMATICS

From ground tests on MIRI detectors, we selected the systematic effects likely to be important for transit spectroscopy observations to include in MIRISim results as post-treatment:

Response Drift | Idle Recovery | Anneal Recovery

$$\dot{S}_{corrected}(t) = \dot{S}_0 + \left( c \times e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right)$$



# METHOD

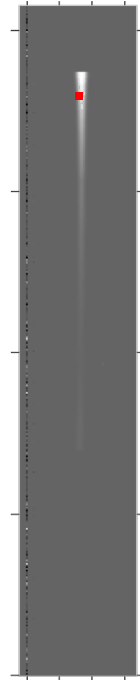
STAR MODELS | PLANET MODEL  
ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



MIRISim



SYNTHETIC IMAGES

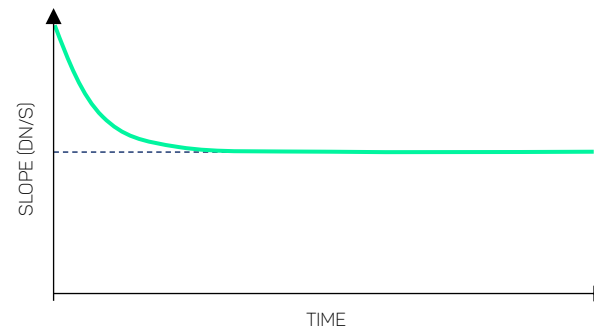


## POST-PROCESSING IMAGES FOR SYSTEMATICS

From ground tests on MIRI detectors, we selected the systematic effects likely to be important for transit spectroscopy observations to include in MIRISim results as post-treatment:

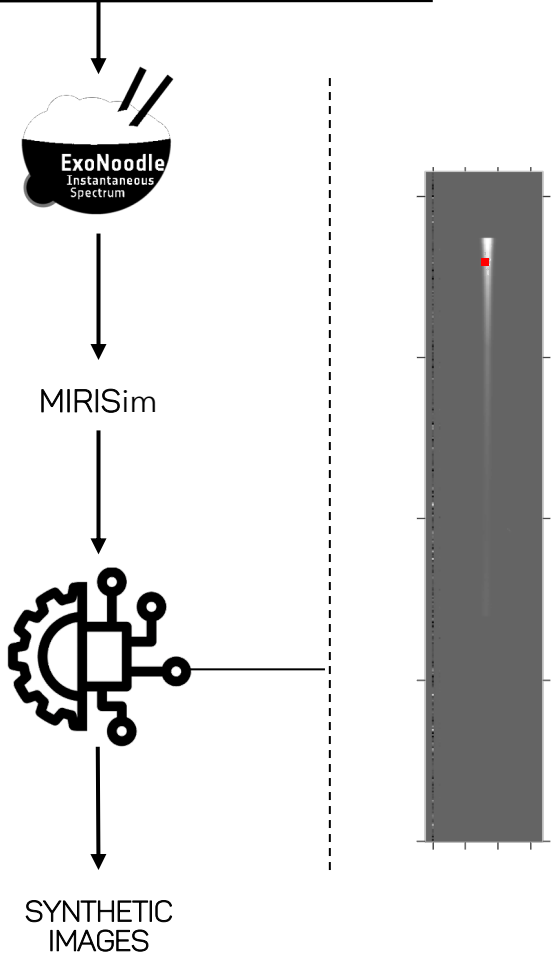
Response Drift | Idle Recovery | Anneal Recovery

$$\dot{S}_A(t) = b_1 \times e^{-\frac{t+t_A}{\beta_1}} + b_2 \times e^{-\frac{t+t_A}{\beta_2}}$$

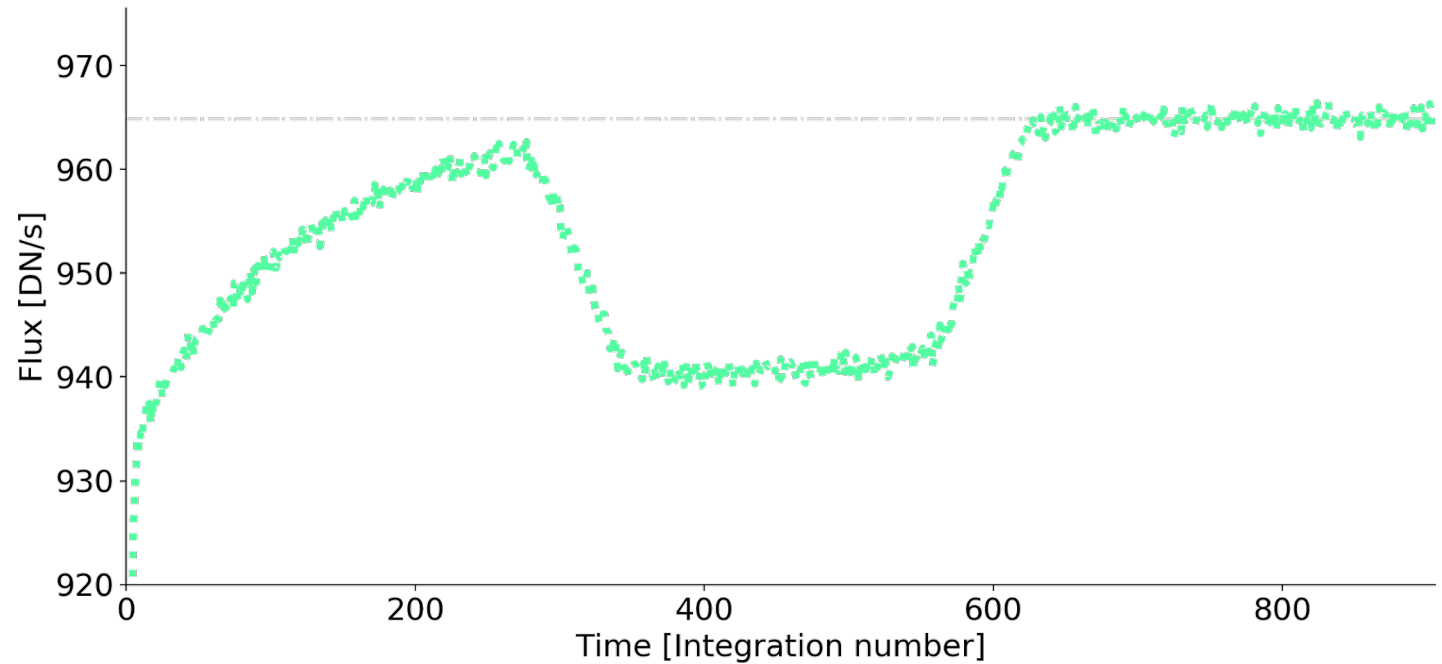


# RESULTS

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS

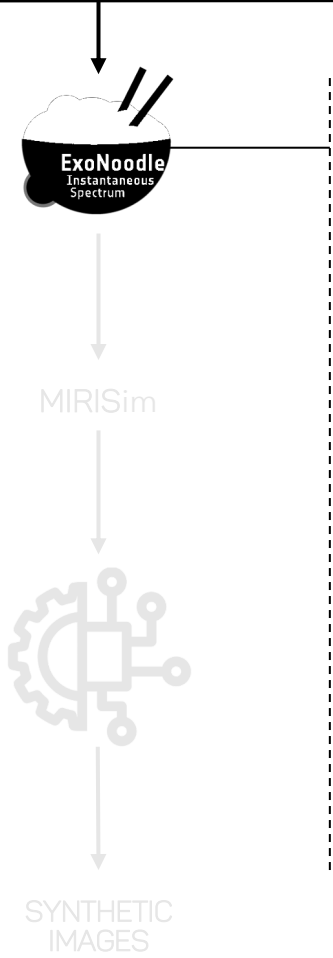


## POST-PROCESSING IMAGES FOR SYSTEMATICS

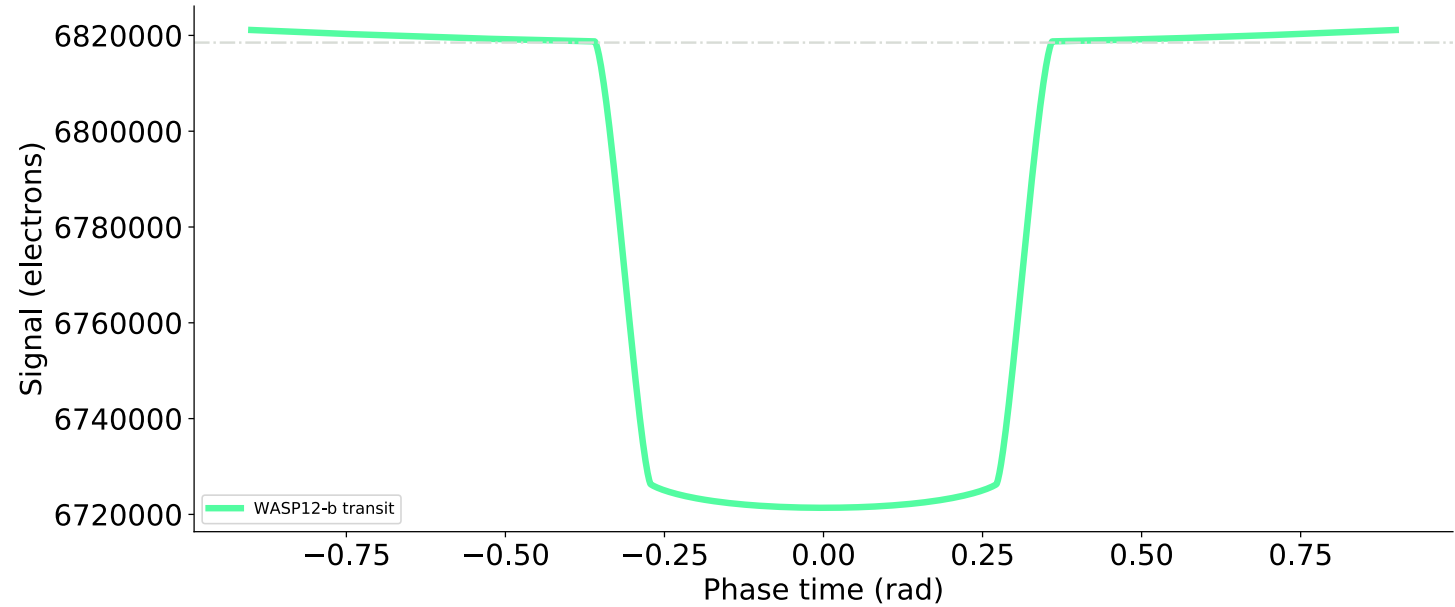


# RESULTS

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
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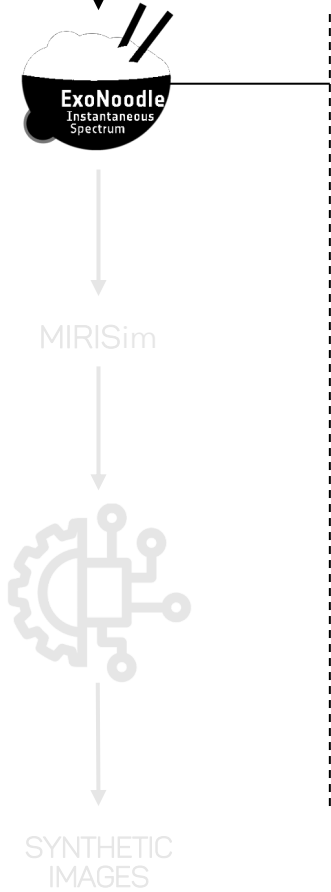


## EXONOODLE – ASTROPHYSICAL SIMULATIONS

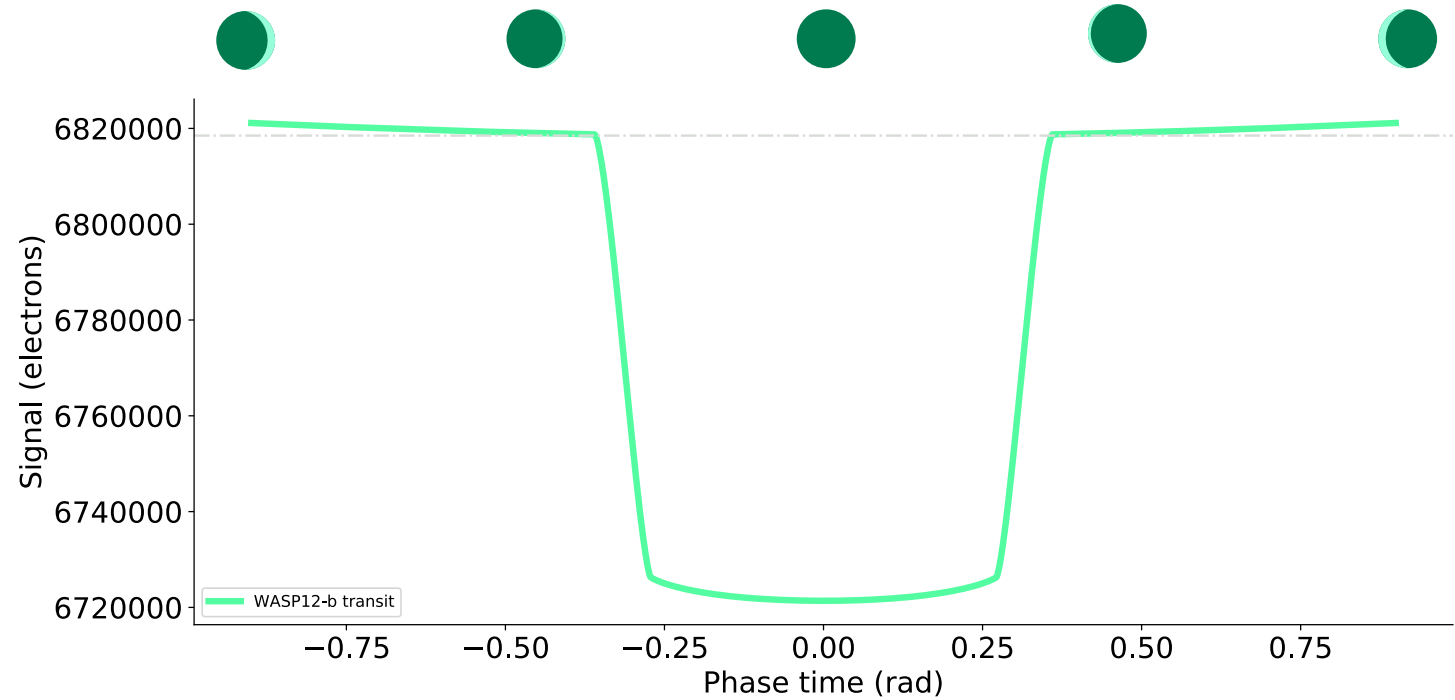


# METHOD

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
PLANET MODEL | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS

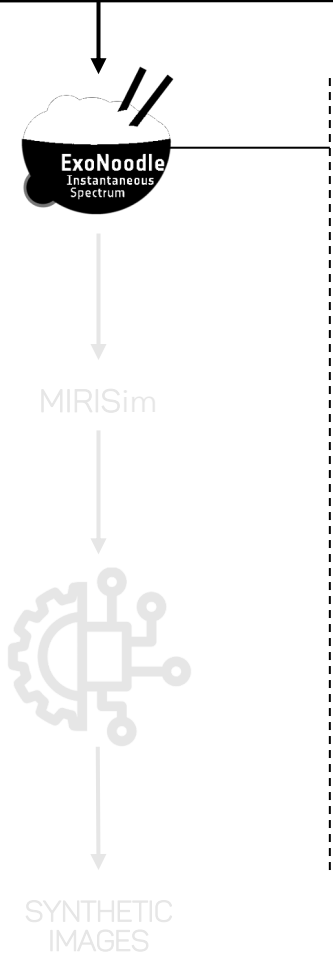


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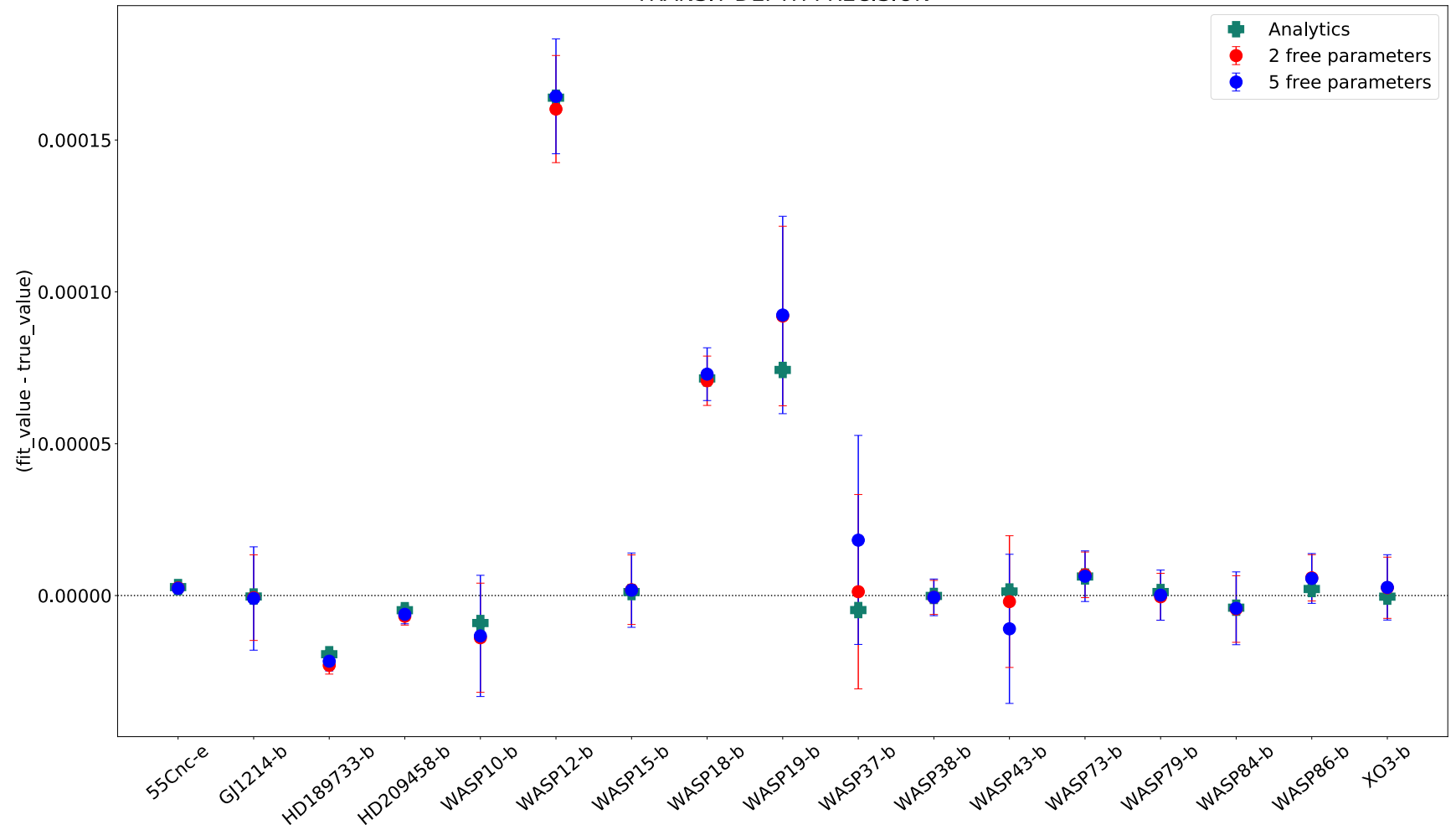
# METHOD

STAR MODELS | ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM  
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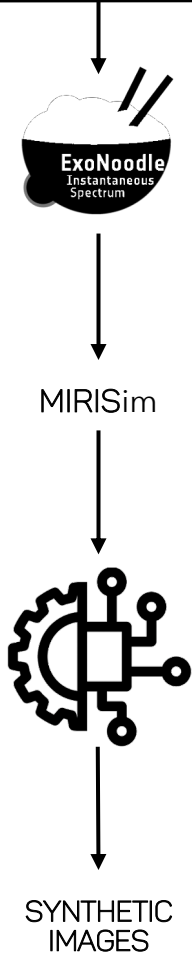
## EXONOODLE – ASTROPHYSICAL SIMULATIONS

TRANSIT DEPTH PRECISION



# WRAP-UP

STAR MODELS | PLANET MODEL  
ATMOSPHERE | SPECTRUM | CHEMISTRY | DYNAMICS | CLOUDS



Generate detailed synthetic time-series observations of transiting exoplanets with MIRI-LRS.

## · EXONOODLE

- Create time-series of exoplanetary system spectrum.
- Test of out-of-transit hypothesis induced biases in transit depth measurement.
- Release early 2020, ongoing beta-tests - Martin-Lagarde et al. *in prep*

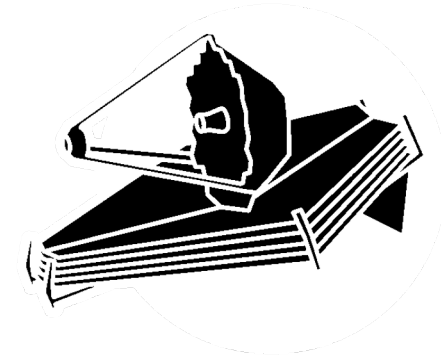
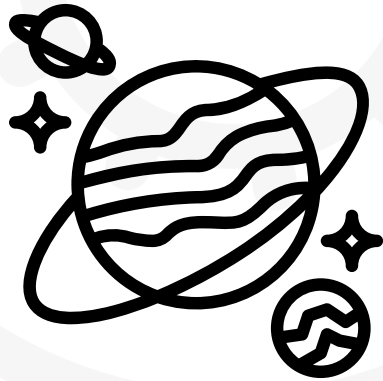
## · INTRODUCTION OF SYSTEMATICS IN MIRI TSO SIMULATIONS

- Modelling with MIRI-JPL ground tests and heritage of Spitzer.
- Release 2020 - Martin-Lagarde et al. *in prep*

## · PERSPECTIVE

- JWST MIRI-ERS data challenge
- New effects (Latency, Detector temperature variations)

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