Advances in Radioactive Isotope Science



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Cross-shell interactions at the N=28 shell closure via 47K(d,p) and 47K(d,t) with MUGAST+AGATA+VAMOS.

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Shell evolution in the region around the magic numbers N=28 and Z=20 is of great interest in nuclear structure physics. Moving away from the doubly-magic isotope ⁴⁸Ca, in the neutron-rich direction there is evidence of an emergent shell gap at N=34 [1], and in the proton-deficient direction, the onset of shape deformation suggests a weakening of the N=28 magic number [2]. The ⁴⁷K(d,p)⁴⁸K reaction is uniquely suited to investigating this region, as the ground state configuration of ⁴⁷K has an exotic proton structure, with an odd proton in the $\pi(1s_{1/2})$ orbital, below a fully occupied $\pi(0d_{3/2})$ orbital [3]. As such, the selective neutron transfer reaction (d,p) will preferentially populate states in ⁴⁸K arising from $\pi(1s_{1/2}) \otimes \nu(fp)$ cross-shell interactions. The implications of this extend both down the proton-deficient N=28 isotonic chain, where these interactions are expected to dominate the structure of the exotic, short-lived ⁴⁴P nucleus [4], and across the neutron-rich region, where the relative energies of the $\nu(fp)$ orbitals is the driving force behind shell evolution.

The first experimental study of states arising from the interaction between $\pi(1s_{1/2})$ and the orbitals $\nu(1p_{3/2})$, $\nu(1p_{1/2})$ and $\nu(0f_{5/2})$ has been conducted, by way of the 47 K(d,p) reaction in inverse kinematics. A beam of radioactive 47 K ions was delivered by the GANIL-SPIRAL1+ facility, with a beam energy of 7.7 MeV/nucleon. This beam was estimated to be > 99.99% pure, with a typical intensity of 5×10^5 pps, and was impinged upon a 0.3 mg/cm 2 CD $_2$ target. The MUGAST+AGATA+VAMOS detection setup [5] allowed for triple coincidence gating, providing a great amount of selectivity. An analysis based both on excitation and gamma-ray energy measurements has revealed a number of previously unobserved states in 48 K, and preliminary differential cross sections for the most strongly populated of these states will be presented. Spectroscopic factors for these states will be discussed in the context of shell model calculations, with regard to the N=28, 32 and 34 shell gaps. Additionally, results for positive and negative parity states in 46 K, measured simultaneously via the 47 K(d,t) reaction, will also be presented.

- [1] D. Steppenbeck et al., Nature 502, 207 (2013).
- [2] O. Sorlin and M.-G. Porquet, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 61, 602 (2008).
- [3] J. Papuga et al., Phys. Rev. C, 90 034321 (2014).
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- [5] M. Assié et al., Nucl. Instrum. Methods A 1014, 165743 (2021).

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