Comprendre l'Infiniment Grand

Introduction to Cosmology

Part III

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Summary of Part II

FLRW metric

Homogeneous and isotropic Universe ⇒ Friedmann, Lemaitre, Robertson, Walker metric

$$ds^2 = dt^2 - R^2(t) \left[\frac{dr^2}{1 - kr^2} + r^2(d\theta^2 + \sin^2\theta d\phi^2) \right]$$

- isotropic
- scale factor R(t) due to expansion
- dimensionless scale factor : $a(t)=R(t) / R(t_0)$

$$now a(t_0) = 1$$

in the past a(t) < 1

Big Bang
$$a(t) = 0$$

Friedman equation

• Einstein Eq =>
$$\left(\frac{\dot{R}}{R}\right)^2 + \frac{k}{R^2} = \frac{8\pi\rho}{3}$$
 (Friedmann Eq.)

Critical density today

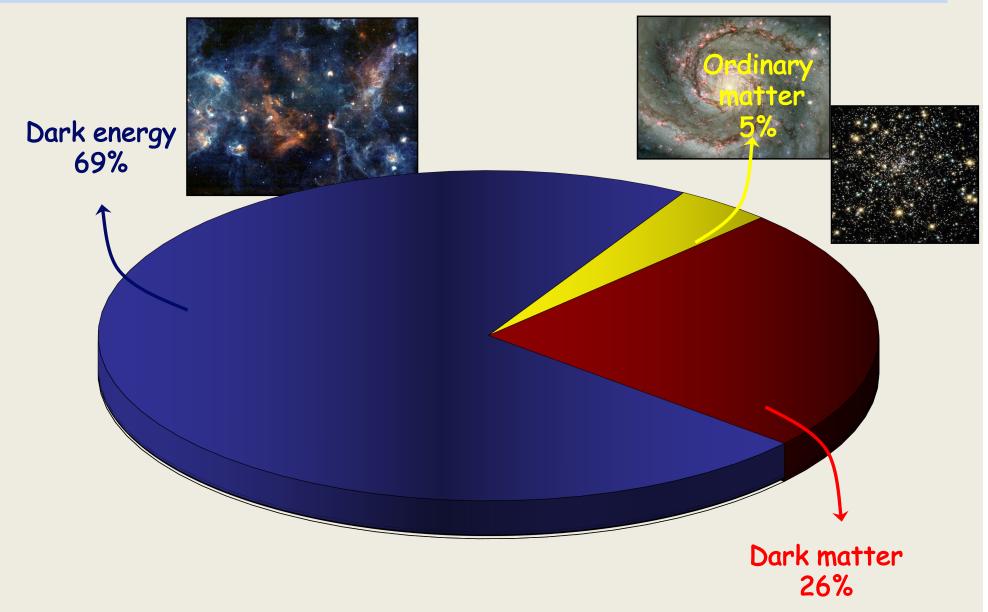
$$\rho_c = \frac{3H_0^2}{8\pi}$$
 = 1.88 × 10⁻²⁹ h^2 g/cm³ ~ 5 protons / m³

• We introduce $\Omega_m \equiv \frac{\rho_m(t_0)}{\rho_c}, \qquad \Omega_r \equiv \frac{\rho_r(t_0)}{\rho_c}, \qquad \Omega_v \equiv \frac{\rho_v(t_0)}{\rho_c}$

$$\Omega_{T} = \Omega_{m} + \Omega_{r} + \Omega_{v} = \rho_{0} / \rho_{c}$$

$$\left(rac{\dot{a}}{a}
ight)^{2} = H_{0}^{2} \left[\Omega_{m} a^{-3} + \Omega_{r} a^{-4} + \Omega_{v} + (1 - \Omega_{T}) a^{-2}\right]$$

Content of the Universe



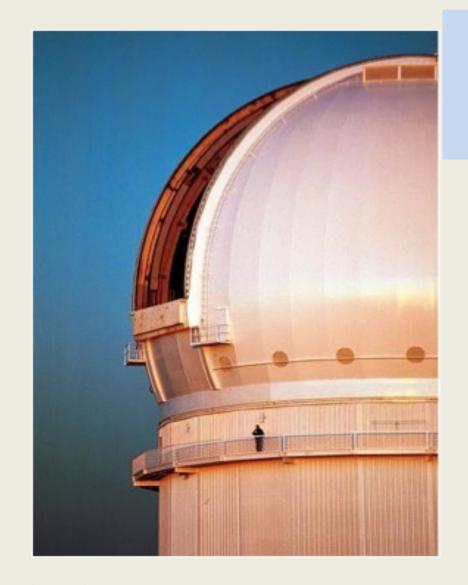
Observational Cosmology - Part III

- 1. Standard candles
 - SNLS
- 2. Cosmic Microwave Background
 - History
 - Planck Satellite
- 3. Standard ruler BAO
 - SDSS BOSS/eBOSS
 - DESI
- 4. The H_0 puzzle

Standard candles

SNI-a





SNLS:

➤ 3.6m telescope (CFHT)
at Hawaï equipped with MegaCam
➤ 400 SN Ia over 2003-2008

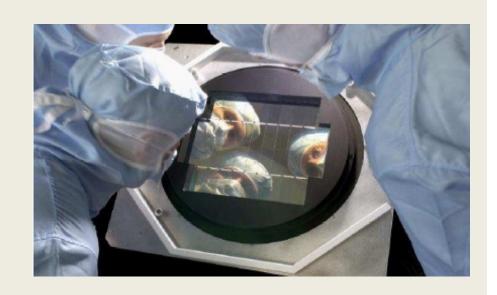
SNLS: SuperNova Legacy Survey

MegaCam:

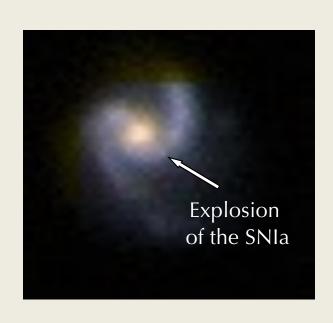
- designed and built by CEA/Irfu
- ➤ Biggest camera CCD in the world till 2010:

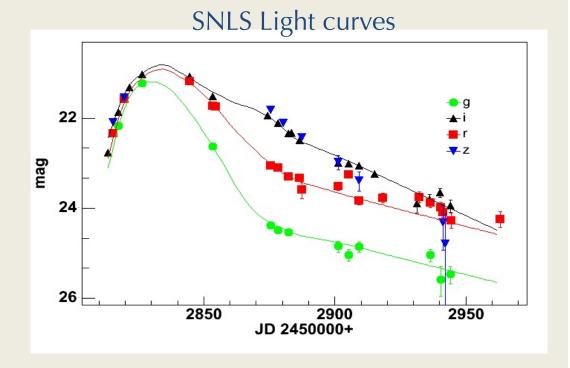
 $36 \text{ CCD } 2k \times 4.5k \text{ pixels.}$

➤ Wide field: 1 deg²



SNLS: The method

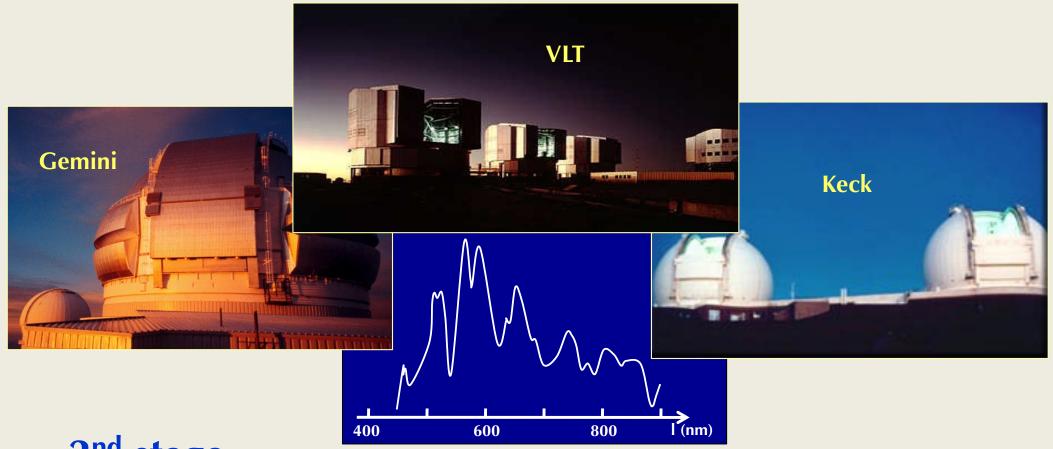




1st Stage

- ➤ Measurement of photon flux every 3-4 days
- ➤ On-the-fly detection of SN explosions

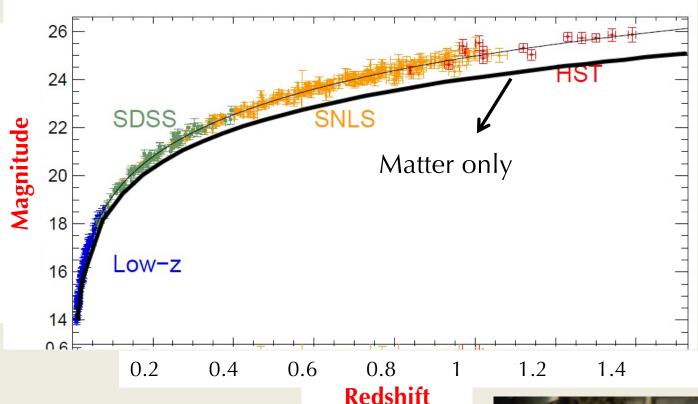
SNLS: the method



2nd stage

- ➤ Observation of SN spectra with 8m telescope (VLT, Keck, Gemini...).
- > Confirmation of SN type (Ia, Ib..).
- > Measurement of redshift.

Standard Candles - Status



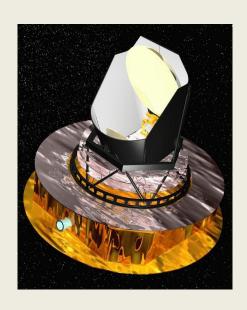
Proof of Dark Energy

- ➤ Almost one thousand SNIa used in the new Hubble diagram
- ➤ Clear demonstration since 1999
- ➤ SNIa machine in preparation with LSST (first light in 2023) in Chile



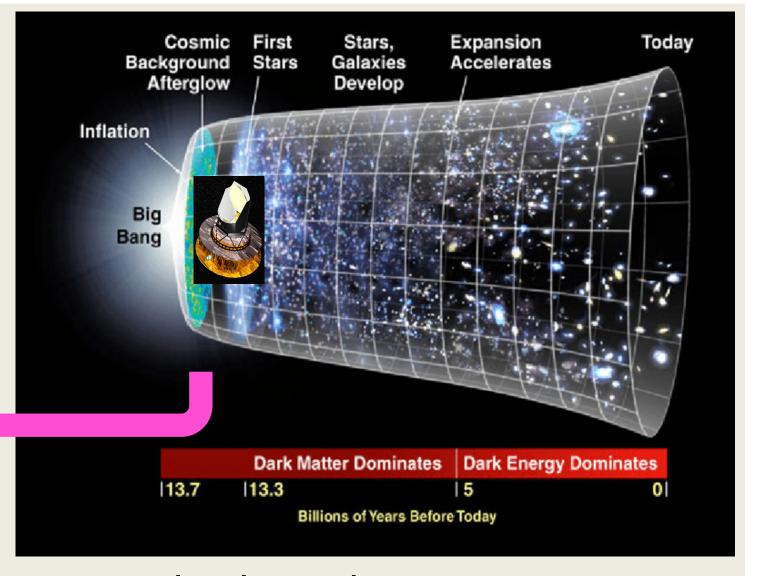
A picture of the primordial Universe

Cosmic Microwave Background



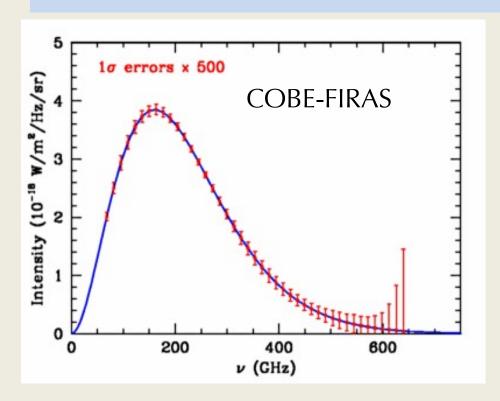
The Big-Bang

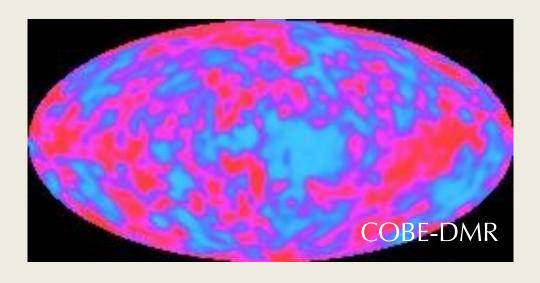
~10⁻¹⁰-10⁻⁵s
Elementary
particles
⇒ LHC



- ➤ Expanding Universe is slowly cooling
- ≥3mns: End of nucleo-synthesis
- ➤ 380 000 years: Recombination : Universe becomes transparent

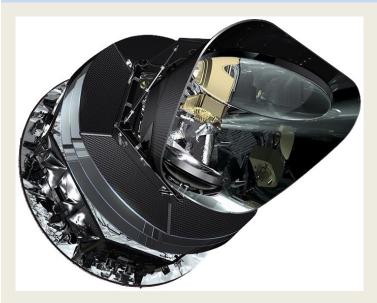
CMB discovery





- ➤ **1964:** Discovered "by chance" by Penzias and Wilson (uniform radio "noise" at 7.5 cm \rightarrow 2.7 K)
- > 1989-1992: Satellite COBE
 - ➤ Perfect black body with a temperature T=2.725K!
 - Extremely small anisotropies of 0.00001 degrees....

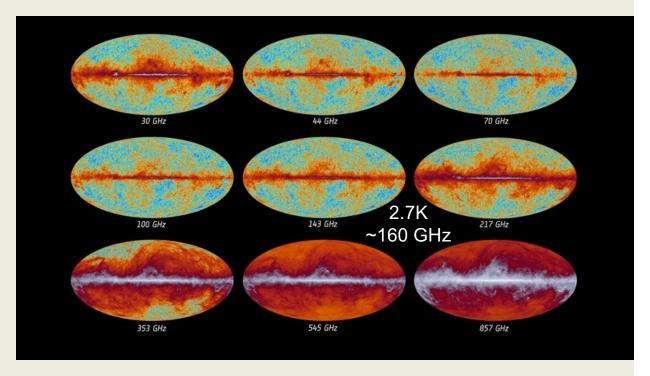
Planck more and more precise measurements



- ➤ ESA/CNES satellite launched in May 2009 toward L2 (1.5 M km from Earth)
- \triangleright Measurement of T_{FDC}=2.7K at 1/100 000
- ➤ Bolometers cooled at 0.1 K
- > ~3-year observation program

Planck maps

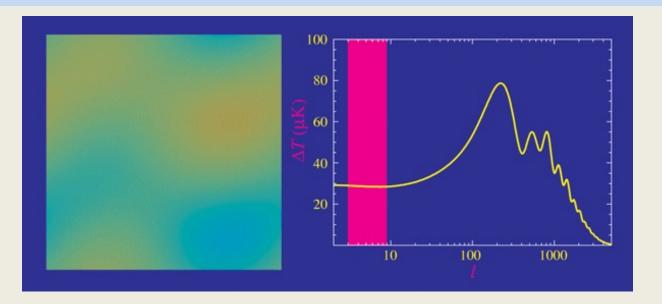
- ➤ Maps of the whole sky for 9 different frequencies
- ➤ Separation of the components (CMB, galactic dust, experimental noise...).

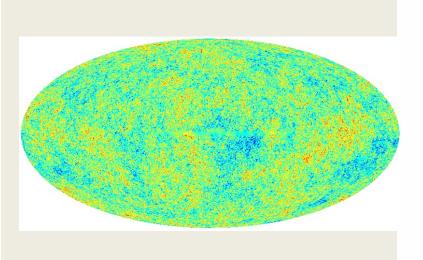


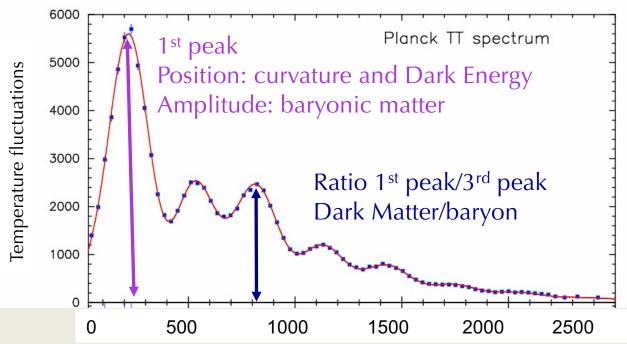
What do we learn with these maps?

CMB anisotropies

- ➤ Angular size of the fluctuations
- \triangleright Conversion : angle θ→multipole $I = 180^{O}/\theta$

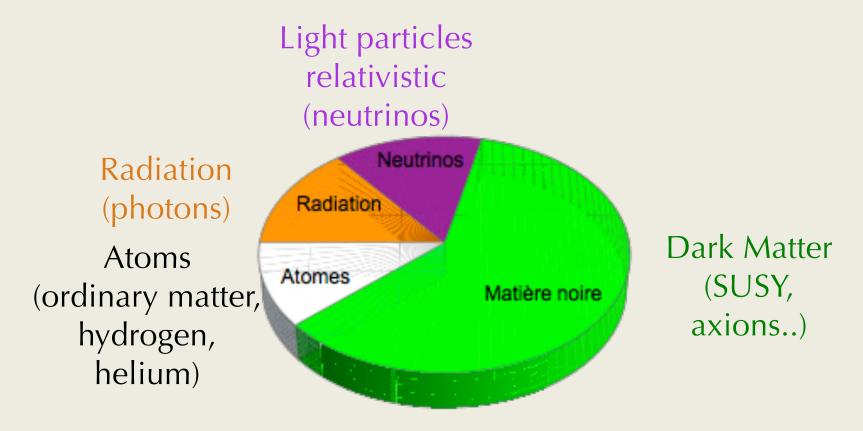






Universe content seen by Planck

Starting from power spectrum (acoustic oscillations), we derive the content of the Universe, 380 000 years ago.

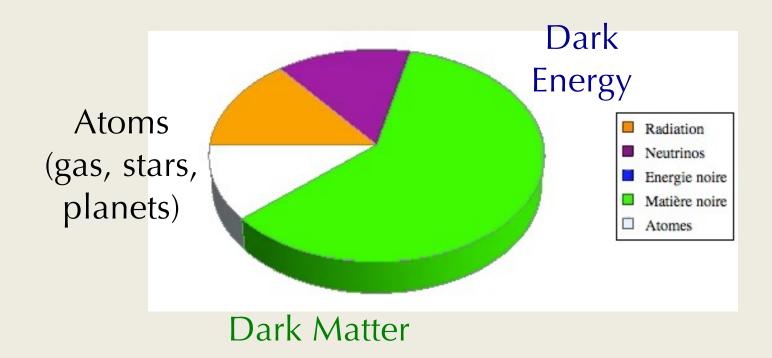


From CMB to today

> From Friedmann equation, we can predict the evolution of Universe components

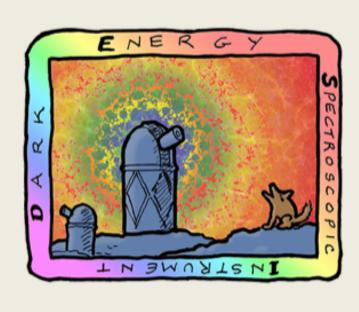
$$H^{2} = \left(\frac{\dot{a}}{a}\right)^{2} = \frac{8\pi G}{3}\rho - \frac{kc^{2}}{a^{2}} + \frac{\Lambda c^{2}}{3} \qquad a \propto \frac{1}{1+z}$$

> Consistent with Universe observed by supernovae

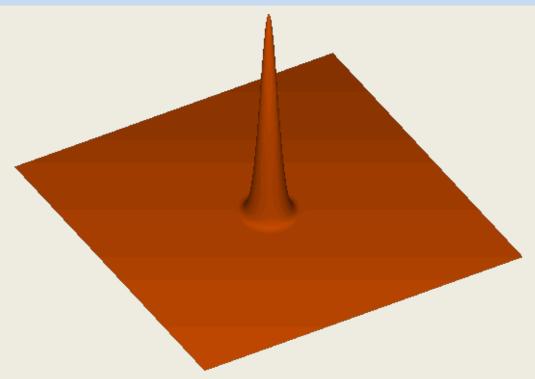


Standard Ruler Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations See DESI





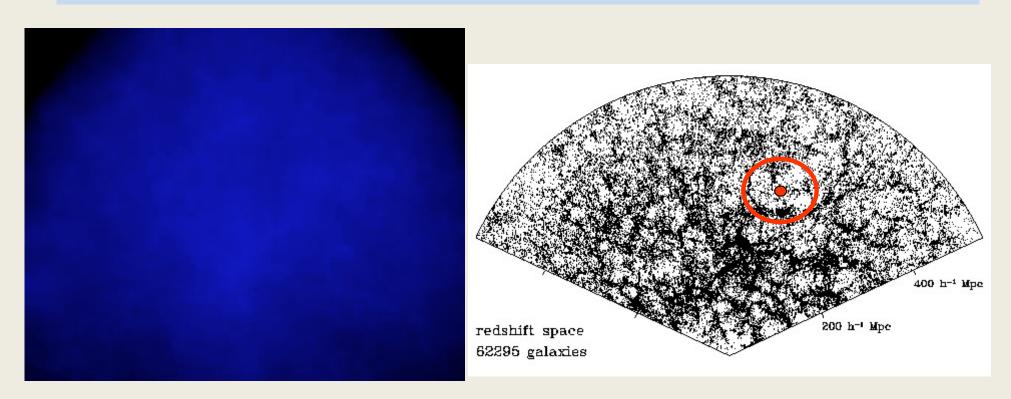
A probe for Dark Energy: Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations



Acoustic propagation of an overdensity:

- ➤ Sound wave through relativistic plasma (baryons, electrons, photons).
- ➤ Baryon and photon perturbations travel together till recombination (z~1100).
- ➤ Then, the radius of the baryonic overdensity is frozen at 150 Mpc.

Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations



A special distance:

- ➤ Galaxies form in the overdense shells about 150 Mpc in radius.
- For all z, small excess of galaxies 150 Mpc (in comoving coordinates) away from other galaxies.

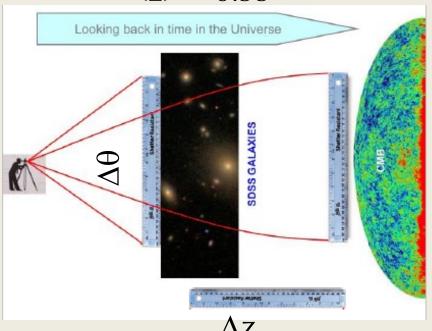
⇒ Standard Ruler

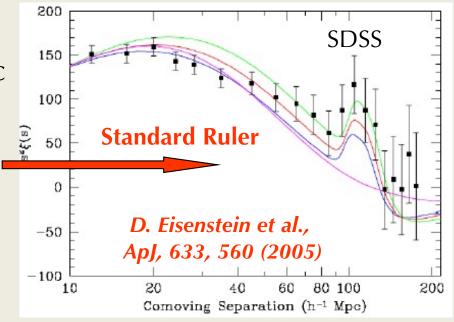
Observation of baryonic acoustic peak

First observation:

- ➤ In 2005: First observations of baryonic oscillations by 2 teams (2dFGRS and SDSS)
- ➤ SDSS observe a peak at ~150 Mpc
- ➤ SDSS: ~50 000 LRGs "Luminous Red Galaxies"

 $\langle z \rangle \sim 0.35$





A 3D measurements:

- ➤ Position of acoustic peak
- > Transverse direction:

$$\Delta\theta = r_s/(1+z)/D_A(z)$$

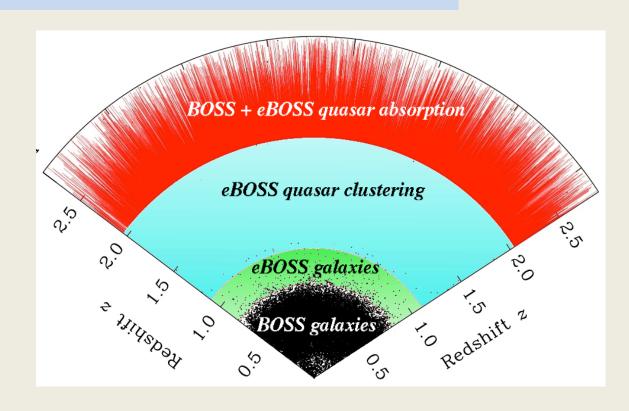
- \Rightarrow Sensitive to angular distance $D_A(z)$
- **Radial direction** (along the line of sight):

$$\Delta z = r_s \cdot H(z)/c$$

 \Rightarrow Sensitive to Hubble parameter H(z).

SDSS: 2009-2019





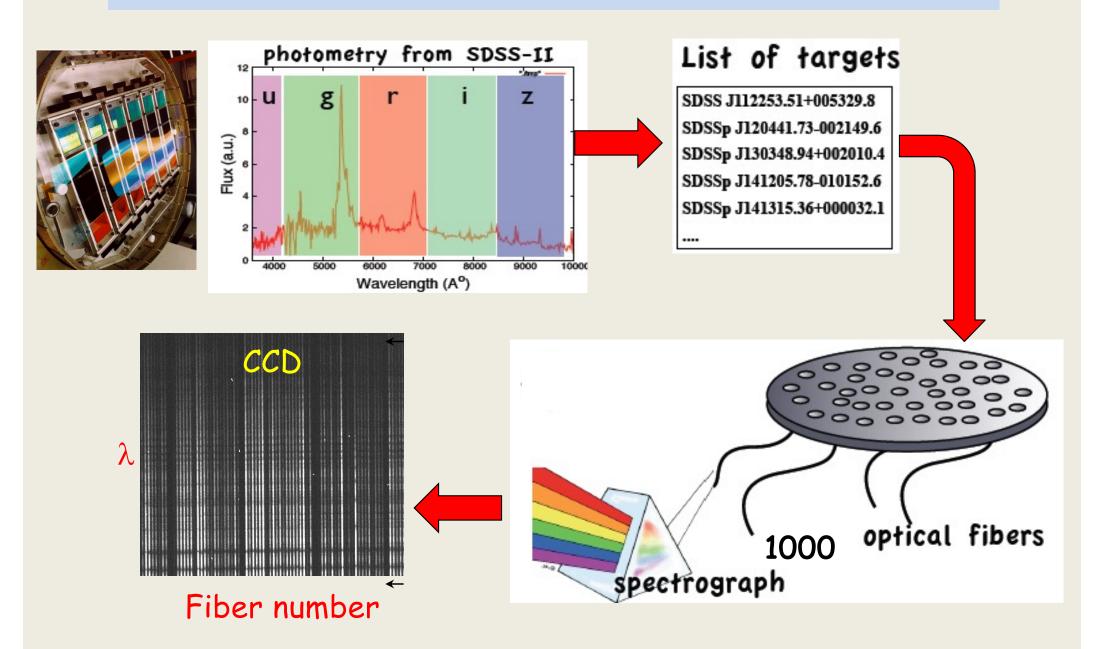
BOSS (2009→2014)

- ➤ 1.2 millions of Luminous Red Galaxies (LRG)
 - -0.15 < z < 0.7
- > 170 000 quasars
 - z>2.1, HI absorption)

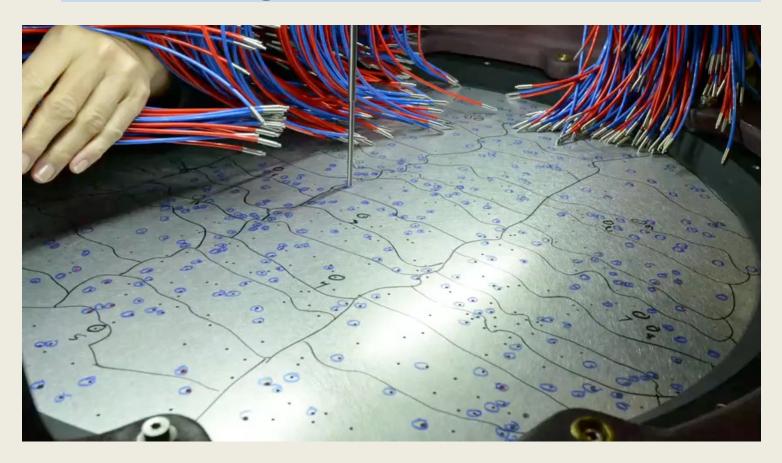
eBOSS (2014→2019)

- > Redshift of LRG extended to 0.8
- ➤ Emission Line Galaxies (ELG): star forming galaxies, z~0.85
- Quasars direct tracers
 - -0.9 < z < 2.2

SDSS Observation Strategy



Plug and Observe



Several steps (~3 months)

- > Target selections
- Drill plates (1000 holes per plate)
- Plug plates on cartridges during day
- ➤ Observation of 5-9 cartridges per night.

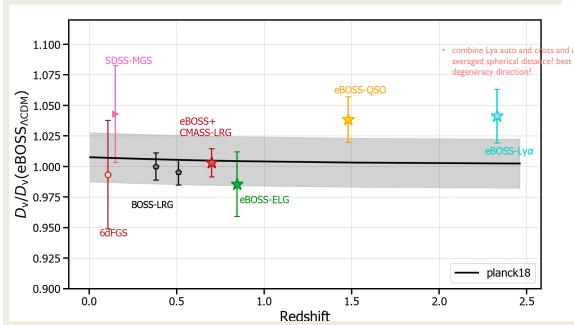
BAO with galaxies and quasars

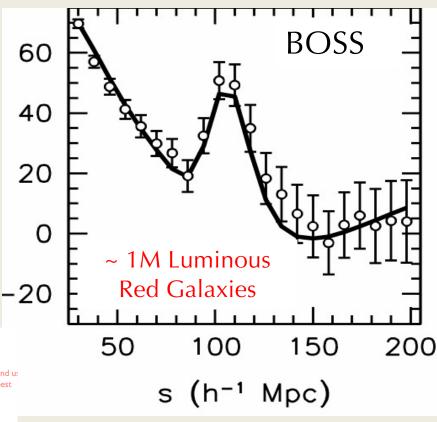
Confirmation with BOSS in 2012

- ➤ Redshift range 0.15<z<0.7
- ➤ BOSS-only 8-σ observation of BAO

Even better with eBOSS in 2O20

➤ Redshift range 0.15<z<2.5





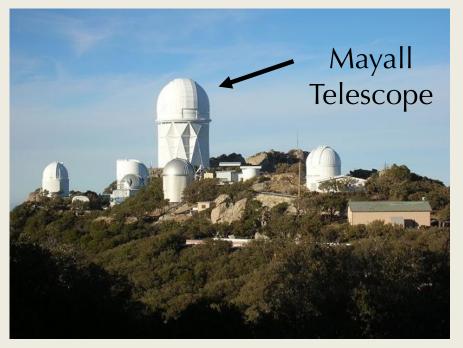
Agreement with Planck

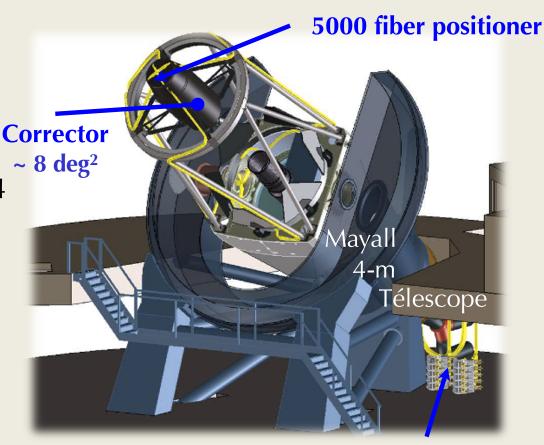
- ➤ BAO scales consistent with Planck
- ➤ Consistency of cosmological measurements

DESI Project

Scientific project

- $14000 \text{ deg}^2 3D \text{ survey for } 0 < z < 4$
- International collaboration
- 74 institutions (46 non-US)
- 650 members





10 spectrographs

Instrument

- 4-m telescope at Kitt Peak (Arizona)
- Wide FoV ($\sim 8 \text{ deg}^2$)
- Robotic positioner with 5000 fibers
- 10 spectrographs x 3 bands (blue, visible, red-NIR) →360-1020 nm

DESI tracers of the Matter

Five target classes

~40 million redshifts

in 5 years

3 million QSOs

Ly-a z > 2.1

Tracers 0.9 < z < 2.7

16 million ELGs

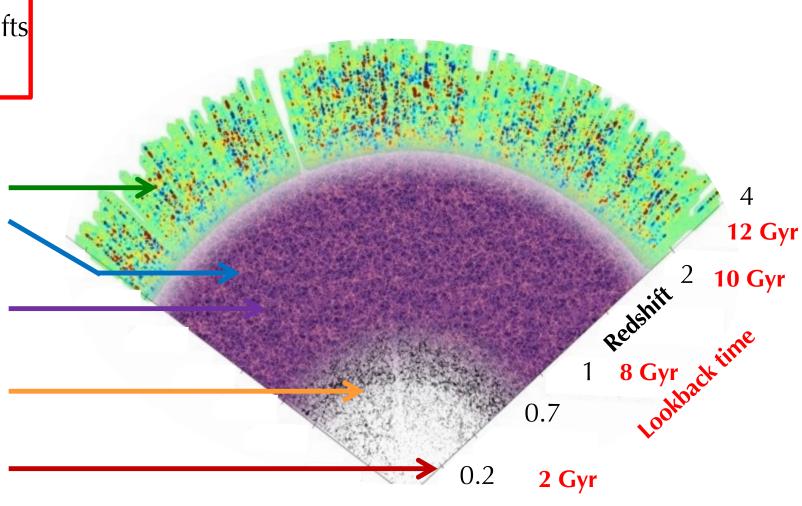
0.6 < z < 1.6

8 million LRGs

0.4 < z < 1.0

13.5 million **Brightest galaxies**

0.0 < z < 0.4



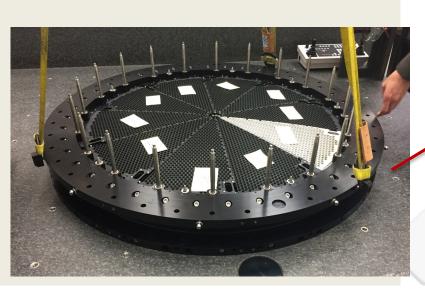
5000 robotic fiber positioners

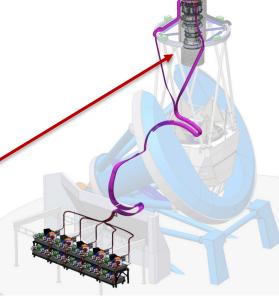


Configuration

- 10 petals in focal plane
- 500 fibers each petal
- 5000 total
- 10.4 mm pitch
 - 2 motors per positioner







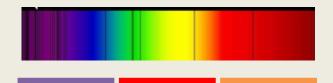
Challenge

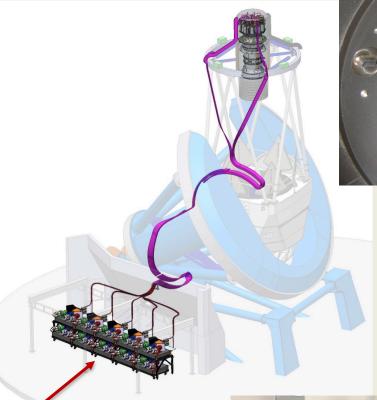
- Reposition the 5000 fibers in less than 2mns
- Position of each fiber better than 15 mm

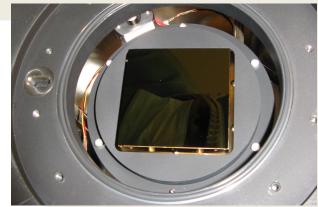
Ten spectrographs

Ten 3-channel spectrographs

I = 360 nm to 980 nm





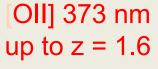


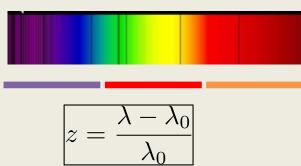


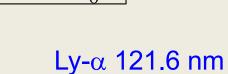
Ten spectrographs

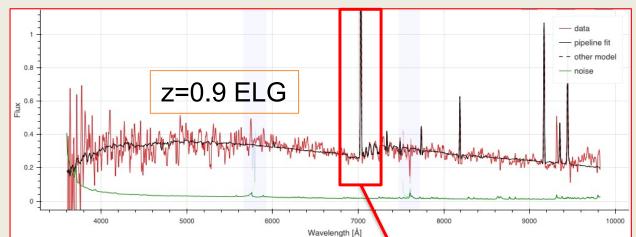
Ten 3-channel spectrographs

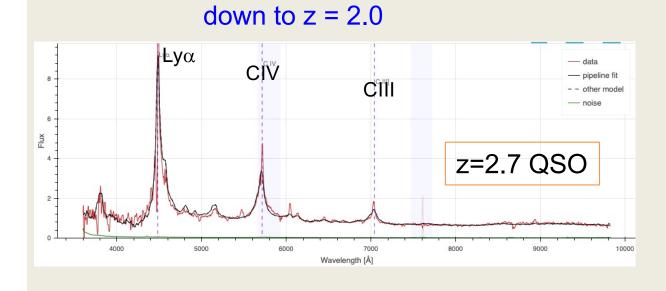
 $\lambda = 360 \text{ nm to } 980 \text{ nm}$

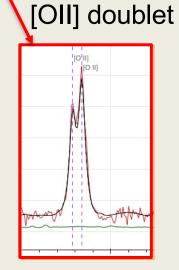




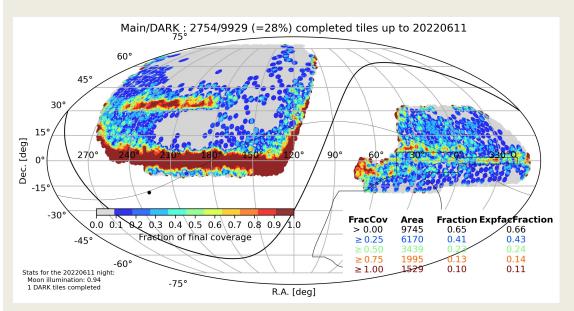


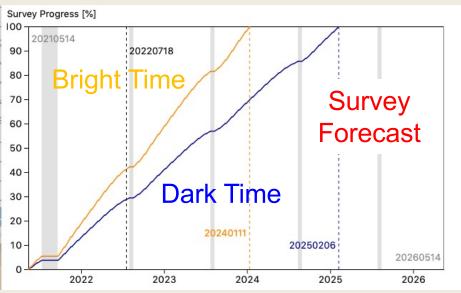


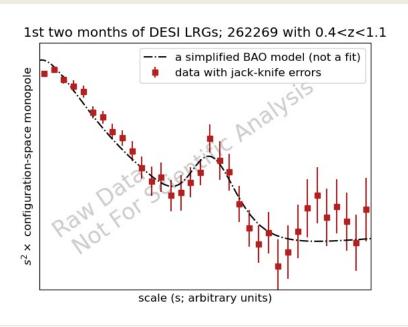




Current status of DESI





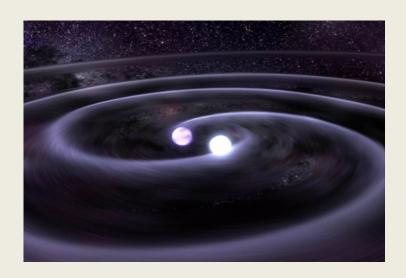


Very promising start

- ~30% already observed in only one year
- But it has been stopped since the end of June (fire at Kitt peak)
- Nice BAO peak observed with only the first two months (LRGs)

The H₀ puzzle

Future standard sirens



Local measurement of H₀

Distance ladder

- > Parallaxes
- > Cepheids
- > SN-la

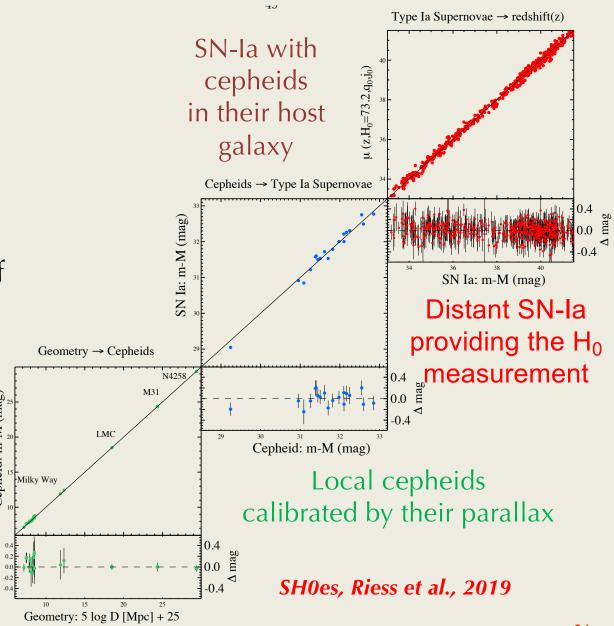
Comparison to CMB

➤ Indirect measurement of H₀ through the evolution of the Univers assuming LCDM since CMB (z=1100)

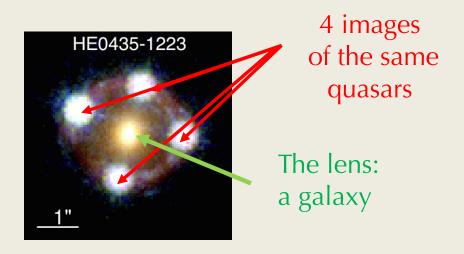
4.4σ tension

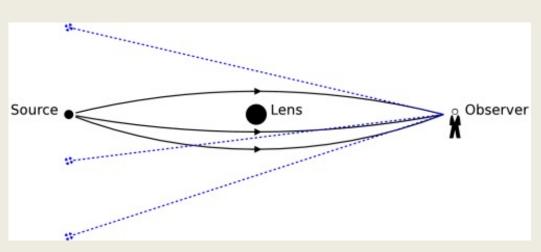
 \rightarrow CMB: $H_0 = 67.4 \pm 0.5$

ightharpoonup SNIa: $H_0 = 74.0 \pm 1.4$



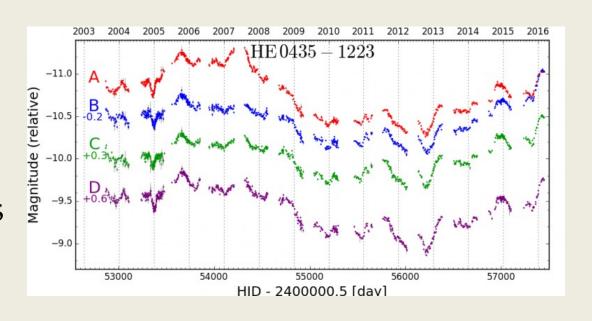
H0licow – lensed quasars





Principles

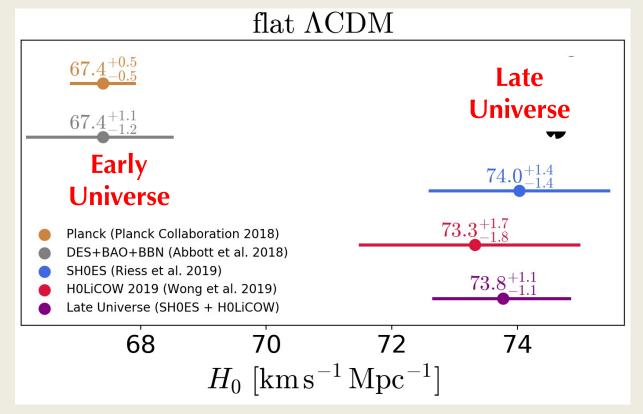
- ➤ Study of the time-delay for each image
- > Several lensed quasars
- Quasar variability makes time delays measurable
- ➤ Time delays: ~10 days



Comparison late/early Universe

CMB-Planck

BAO+BBN



SNIa

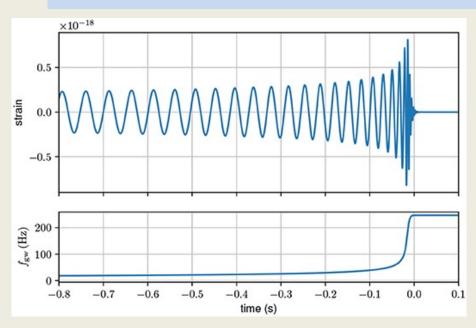
Quasar Lensing

Combined

Interpretation

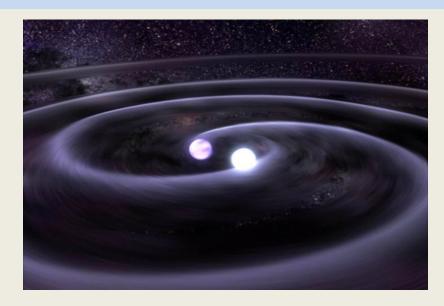
- \triangleright Significant discrepancy >5 σ , so-called the "H₀ tension"
- Underestimate of systematic uncertainties
- New models to describe cosmology, typically with evolving Dark Energy model... Early Dark Energy

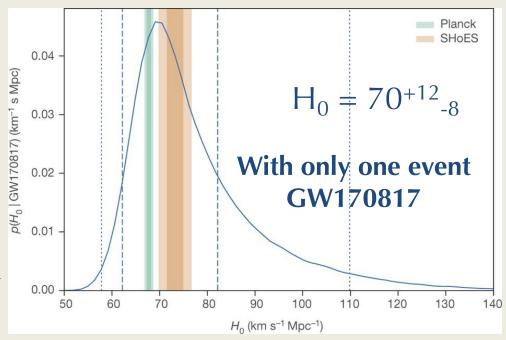
H₀ and Gravitational Waves?



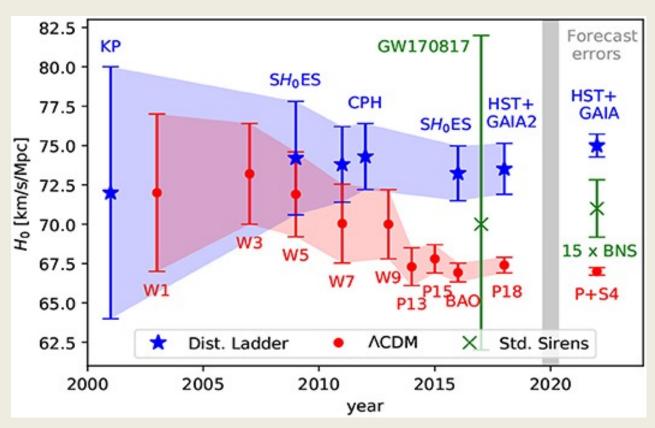
Principles

- Binary neutron star merger
- ➤ Measurement of distance with the GW amplitude (strain)
- ➤ Measurement of the redshift with the optical counterpart (host galaxy)
- > Standard sirens





Future with standard sirens



Prospects

- ➤ Measurement at 10% with one BNS (GW170817)
- > Several BNS merger expected by year
- > Expect a few % of accuracy within a few years
- ➤ But, in O3: April 2019-March 2020 only 2-3 BNS alerts
- ➤ None with EM counterpart