

# LagSHT

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# Features

- LagSHT performs Laguerre Spherical Harmonic transform over different set of 2D-sphere mappings with user choice of generalized Laguerre parameter  $\alpha$  and spin (eg. 0 for scalar, 2 for polarization).
- Code available at  
<https://gitlab.in2p3.fr/campagne/LagSHT>
- Deliverable accepted for DESC 3DDC
- Original work by J. McEwen & B. Leistedt (IEEE VOL. 60, NO. 12 (2012))

# Basics spin-0

$$K_{lmn}(r, \Omega; \tau) \equiv Y_{l,m}(\Omega) \times \mathcal{K}_n(r, \tau) \quad \text{3D ortho-basis}$$

$$\mathcal{K}_n(r, \tau) = \tau^{-3/2} \sqrt{\frac{n!}{(n + \alpha)!}} e^{-r/2\tau} \left(\frac{r}{\tau}\right)^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-1} L_n^{(\alpha)}(r/\tau) : \text{Gen. Lag. Func}$$

$$f(r, \Omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \sum_{l=0}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-l}^l f_{lmn} K_{lmn}(r, \Omega; \tau) \quad \text{Synthesis}$$

$$f_{lmn} = \int_{B^3} dr d\Omega r^2 f(r, \Omega) K_{lmn}^*(r, \Omega; \tau) \quad \text{Analysis}$$

# Basics (cont'ed)

3D-Discretization ( $f_{ijk}$ )<sup>\*</sup> and also in Spherical-Laguerre space ( $f_{lmn}$ )

**Analysis :**  $f_{ijk} \xrightarrow{SHT} a_{lmk} = a_{lm}(r_k) \xrightarrow{\text{Lag.Trans}} f_{lmn}$

**Synthesis :**  $f_{lmn} \xrightarrow{\text{Inv.Lag.Trans}} a_{lmk} = a_{lm}(r_k) \xrightarrow{\text{Inv.SHT}} f_{ijk}$

## Exact Gauss-Laguerre quadrature

$$f_{lmn} \propto \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} w_k a_{lmk} e^{-r_k/2} L_n^{(\alpha)}(r_k) r_k^{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} \quad n \in \{0, \dots, N-1\}$$



By product

Alm on each sub-shells



Tomography

New coefficients

i,j: index 2D-sphere, k: radial index

# Basics (cont'ed)

**Analysis :**

$$f_{ijk} \xrightarrow{SHT} a_{lmk} = a_{lm}(r_k) \xrightarrow{\text{Lag.Trans}} f_{lmn}$$

**Synthesis :**

$$f_{lmn} \xrightarrow{\text{Inv.Lag.Trans}} a_{lmk} = a_{lm}(r_k) \xrightarrow{\text{Inv.SHT}} f_{ijk}$$

- SHT on each sub-shells performed via [libsharps](#) (ECP/Fejer1 sum rule, Gauss, [Healpix](#), user-defined). Tomographic analysis for free
- Radial part: Laguerre Transform quadrature: [new own-made fast & accurate](#) implementation with Martin Reinecke expertise.
- Spin 0 & 2 available

# Installation

- Mac OSX/Linux with gcc OpenMP compliant
- Uses OpenBLASS on Linux if installed, on Mac uses native framework accelerator
- Libsharp
- *FFTW for the Laguerre to Bessel transform passage (experimental)*

# Exemple

- Lmax = 1024, N shells = 128 (Gauss mapping) Nphi = 2048:
  - Analysis or Synthesis in 13-15sec on Mac OSX i7 dominated by the SHT (Laguerre part < 1sec)
  - Max abs. err.  $2 \cdot 10^{-11}$

$$C_\ell(k) = \frac{1}{2\ell + 1} \sum_{m=-\ell}^{\ell} |a_{\ell mk}|^2$$

Classical Analysis

$$C_\ell(n) = \frac{1}{2\ell + 1} \sum_{m=-\ell}^{\ell} |f_{\ell mn}|^2$$

New type of analysis no yet exploited. Who want to try ?

$$C_l(n, n') = \frac{1}{2l + 1} \sum_m f_{lmn} f_{lmn'}^* = \mathbb{C}_l$$

$$F_{\alpha\beta} \propto \sum_l \frac{2l+1}{2} \text{Tr} \left[ \mathbb{C}_l^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbb{C}_l}{\partial \Theta_\alpha} \mathbb{C}_l^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbb{C}_l}{\partial \Theta_\beta} \right]$$
$$\Theta = (\Omega_m, \Omega_b, w_0, w_a, \dots)$$