



Is Strangeness production different in the Bulk and in Jets ?

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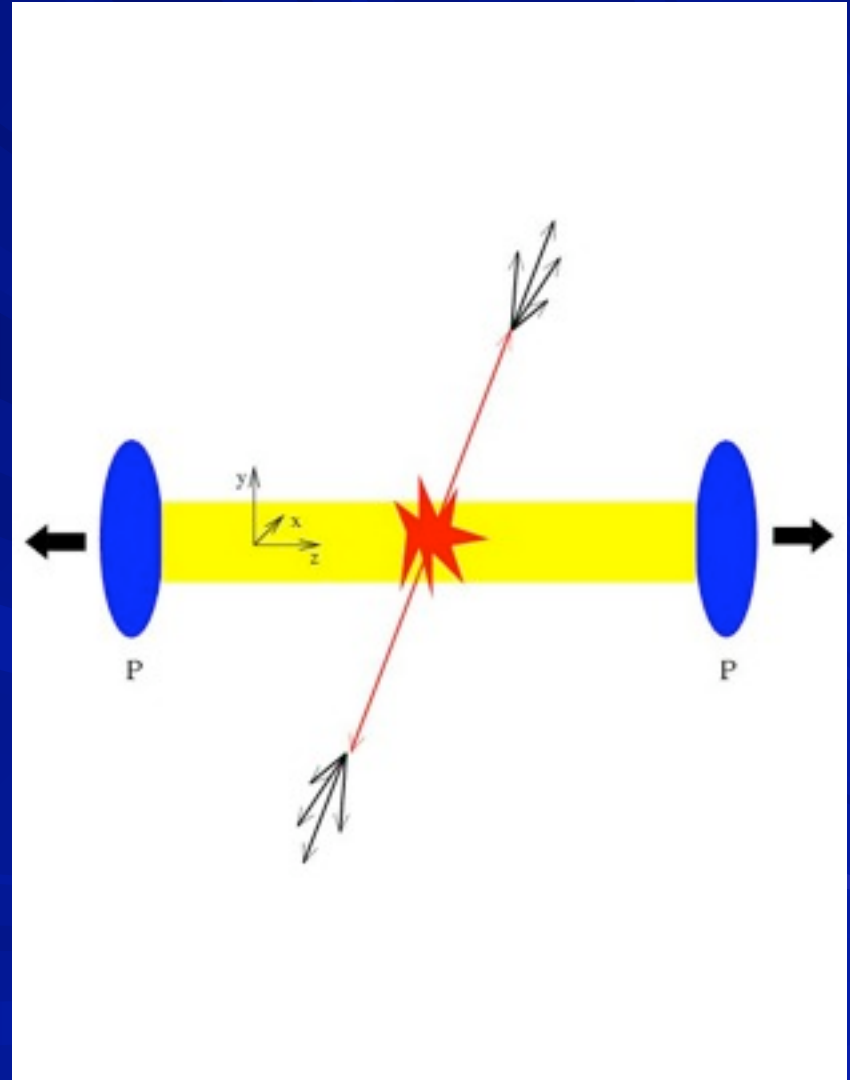
Summary

- ★ What are jets?
- ★ EPOS Event Generator
- ★ The observable of λ/k_T
- ★ Is this ratio different in the bulk and in jets ?

What are jets ?

Asked to a theoritician

A collimated flux of particle coming from the fragmentation of a hard parton

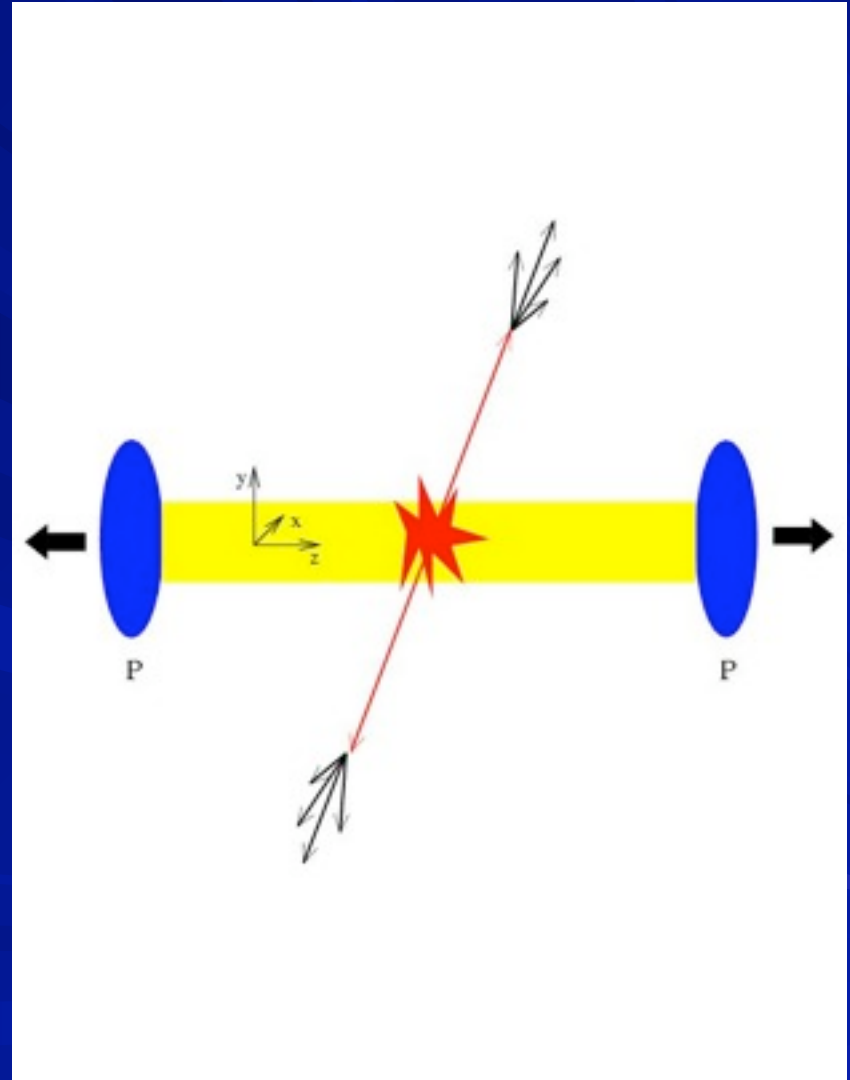
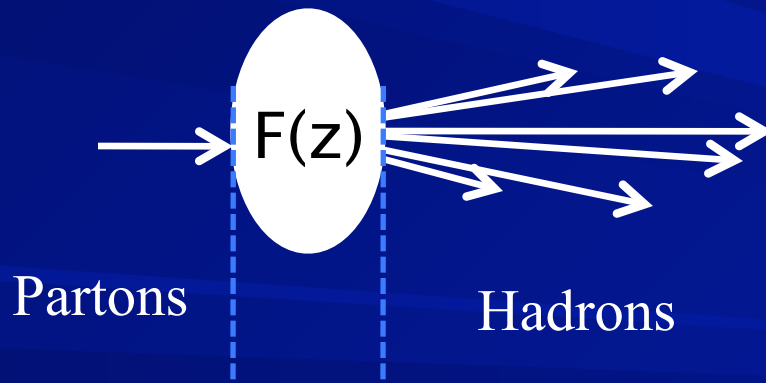


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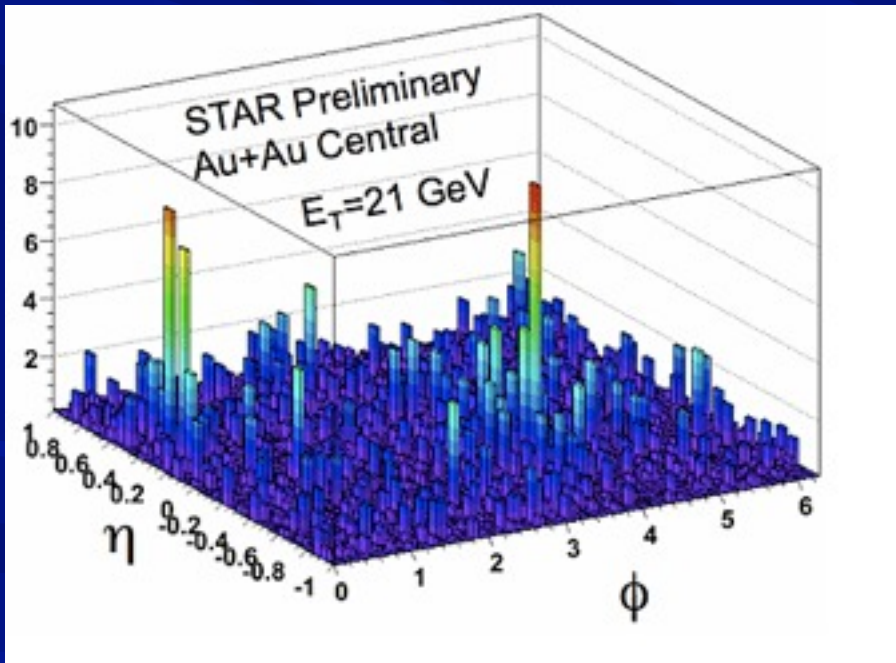
Fragmentation Function



What are jets ?

Asked to Experimentalist (from heavy ion community)

- A collimated flux of particle coming from the fragmentation of a hard parton
- Swallowed up in particles coming from the underlying event
- Identified by a jet finder algorithm for a defined Radius



21 GeV di-jet reconstructed from a central Au+Au event at $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$ GeV in the STAR detector.

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EPOS MODEL

- ✦ Quantum mechanical multiple scattering approach based on partons and strings

S.Ostapchenko, T.Pierog, K.Werner, H.J.Drescher, M.Haldik , Phys. Rep, 350, 2001.
K.Werner, Phys. Rev. Lett., 98:152301, 2007

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- ✦ Contains nuclear effects : splitting of parton ladders (screening)

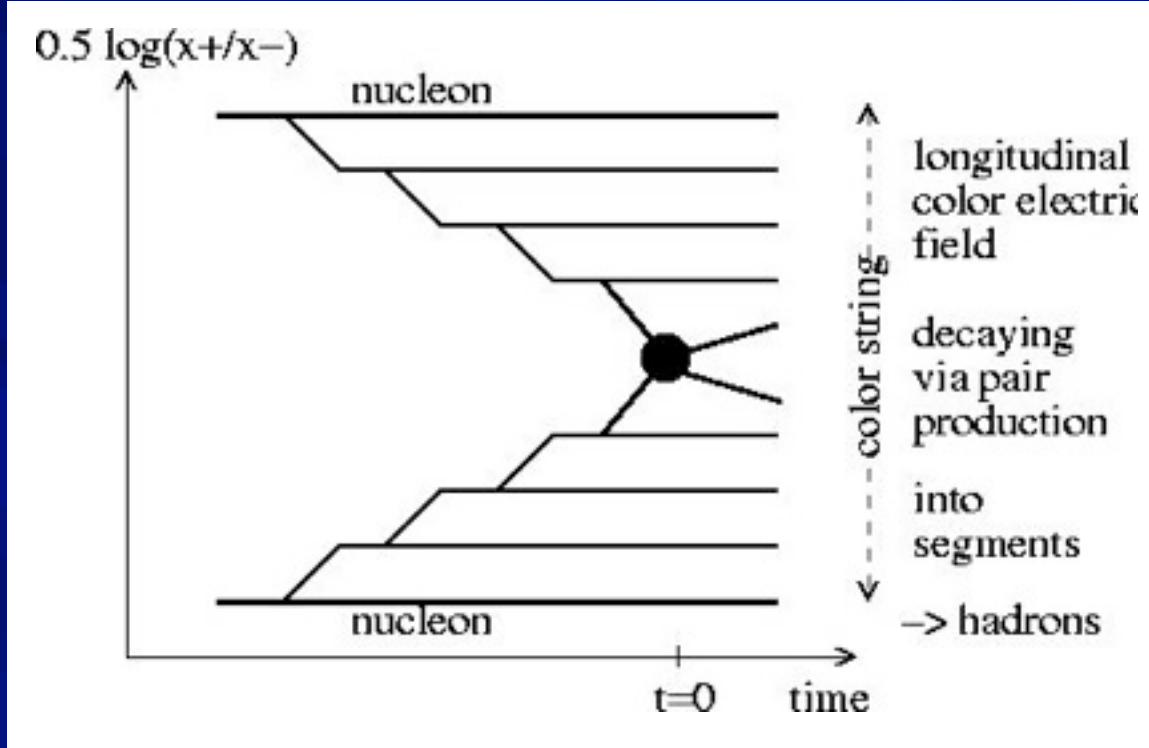
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- ✦ High density effect : treatment of collective effects of a dense core

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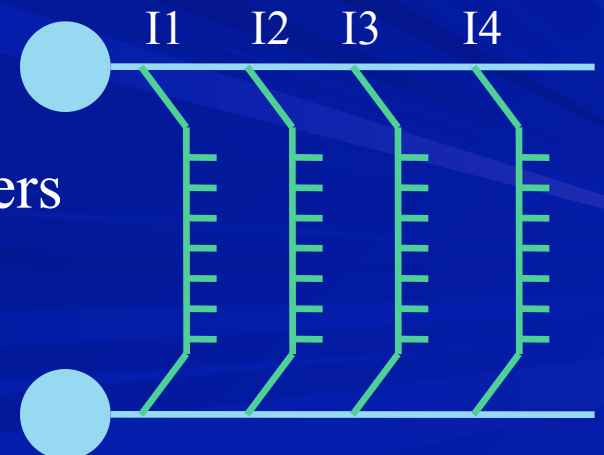
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EPOS MODEL



Parton ladders : soft or hard interaction

Multiple interaction : exchange of parton ladders in parallel with care of energy conservation



Parton Ladder

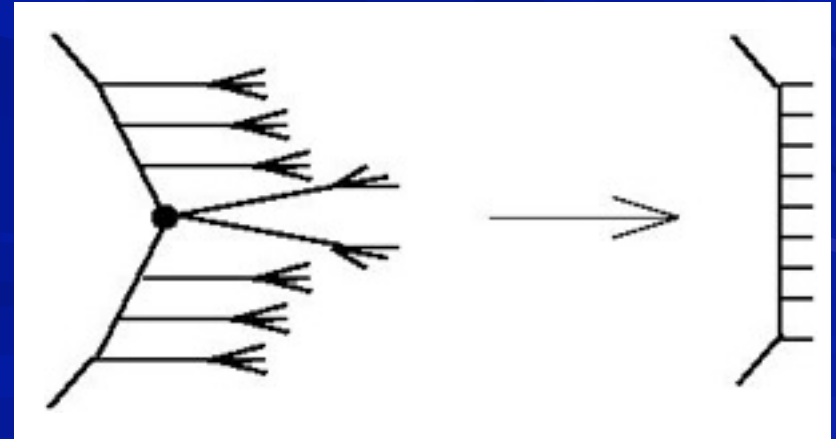
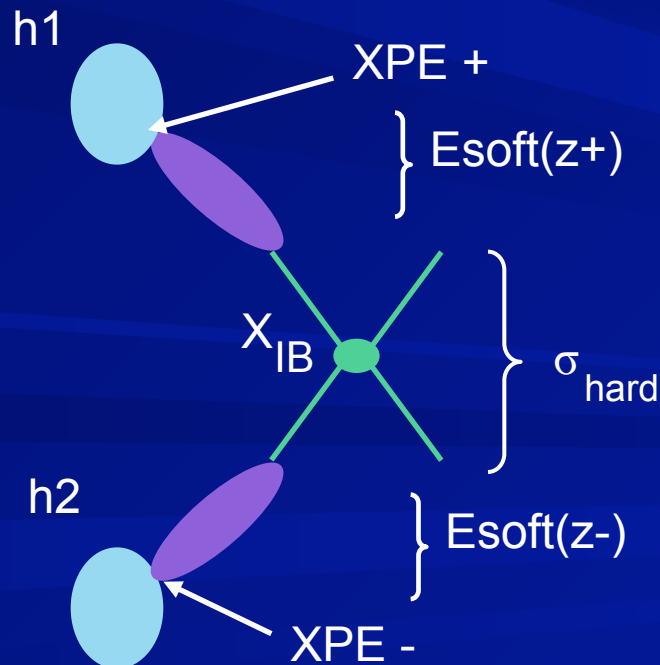
Proba of an interaction with b (impact parameter)

Moment distribution of parton (i,j) in soft part

pQCD, parton-parton cross-section (parton model)

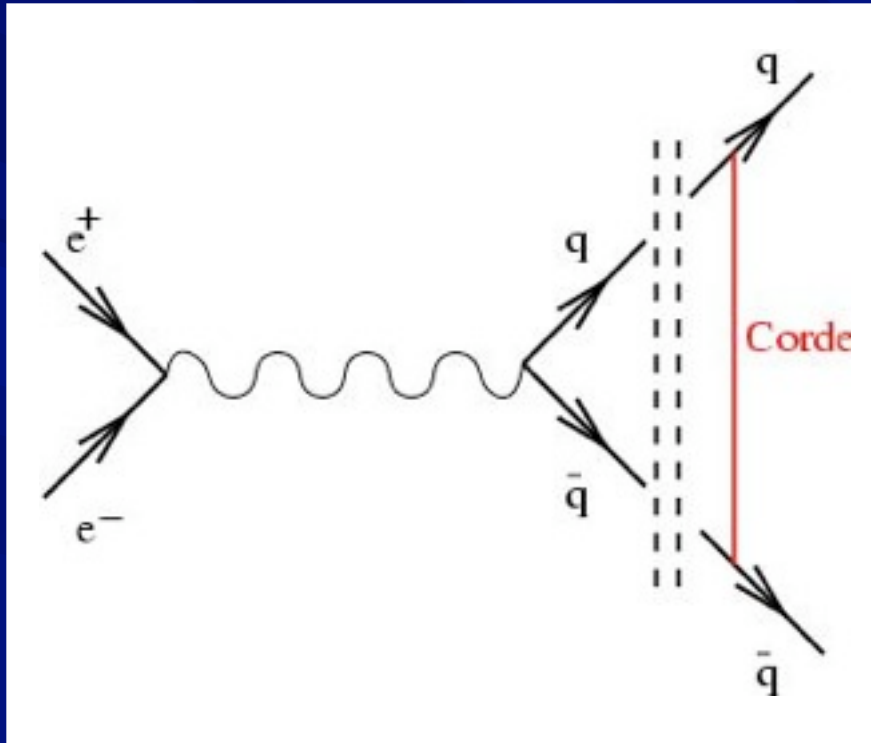
Entering the ladder, proba of a parton with x^+

$$G_{sea-sea}^{h1h2}(x^+, x^-, s, b) \propto \int_0^1 dz^+ \int_0^1 dz^- \sum_{i,j} E_{soft}^i(z^+) E_{soft}^j(z^-) \sigma_{hard}^{ij}(z^+ z^- \hat{s}, Q_0^2) F_{part}^{h1}(x^+) F_{part}^{h2}(x^-)$$



Particle Production : String Model

Phenomenological model to describe hadronisation



The basic feature of the String Model :

Existence of a color field between the 2 outgoing quarks

A string is formed with the string tension

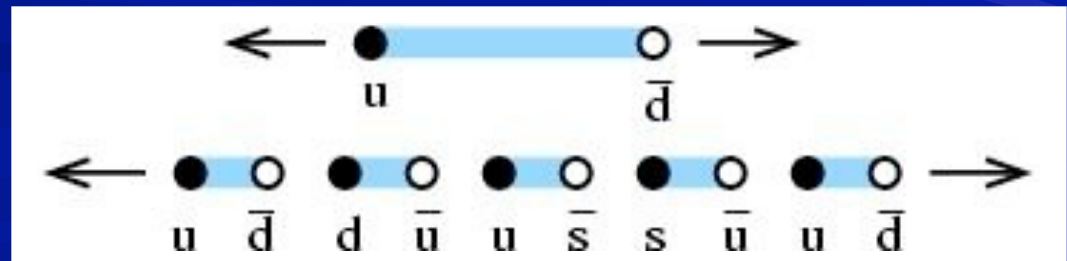
$$k \approx 1 \text{ GeV} / \text{fm}$$

the quantity of energy per unit length

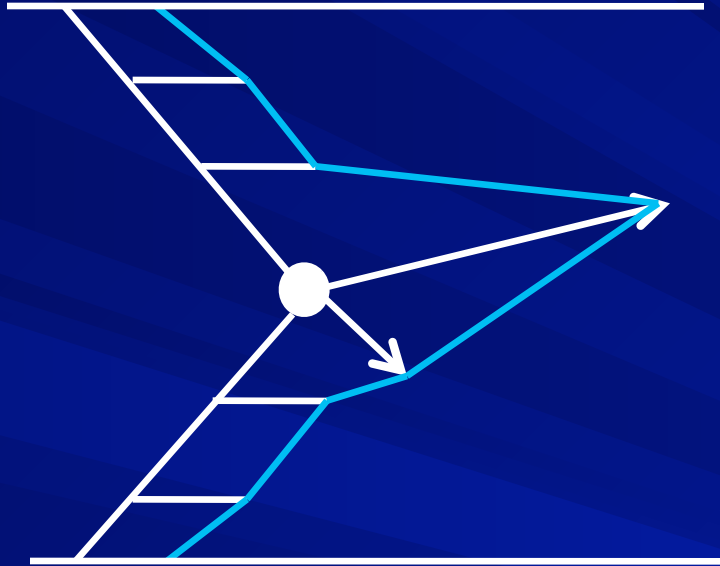
String fragmentation :

String breaks up via color singlets

Segments identified as hadrons



String Model in EPOS



Strings are formed between quarks,
Gluons act as a kink

➡ Kinky strings produce hadrons with p_t

- ★ Particles produced all along the string
For semi-hard ladders : no reason that they all belongs to a jet
- ★ As for an experiment, needs a definition : leading particles, Radius of the cone

Collective Effect of a dense core

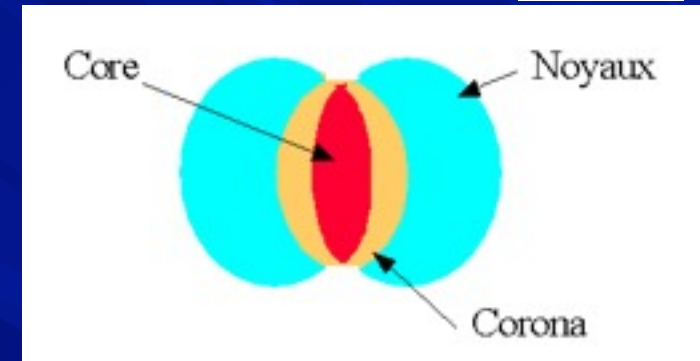


Here : not the hydro klaus talked about, the previous toy model

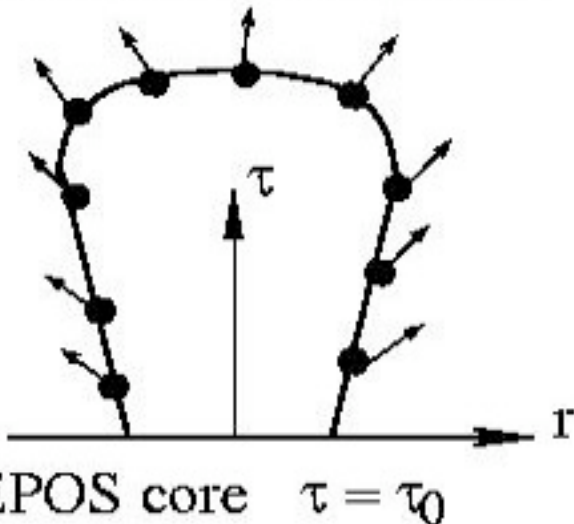
Nuclei

Modification of the string procedure :

- Corona = low density, classical EPOS particle production
- Core = high density, hydro expansion



freeze out hypersurface



One define a freeze-out surface : transition from strongly interacting matter to free hadrons.

Parametrisation of the freeze out hypersurface.

Already available in pp interactions.

Summary

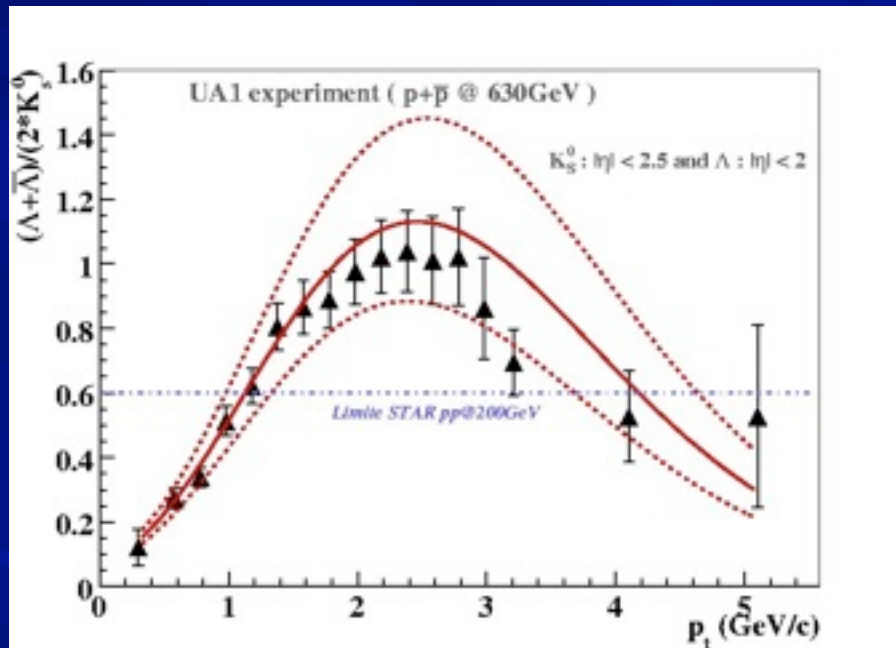
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Ratio λ/κ_0 s

A signature of the Quark Gluon Plasma in heavy ion collisions

In pp collisions at $\sqrt{s}=200$ GeV : flat ratio and remained below unity

With increasing energy : the behaviour changes!



See talk by Hélène

Is this ratio the same if we look at the bulk, if we look at jets ?

Ratio λ/k_0 s

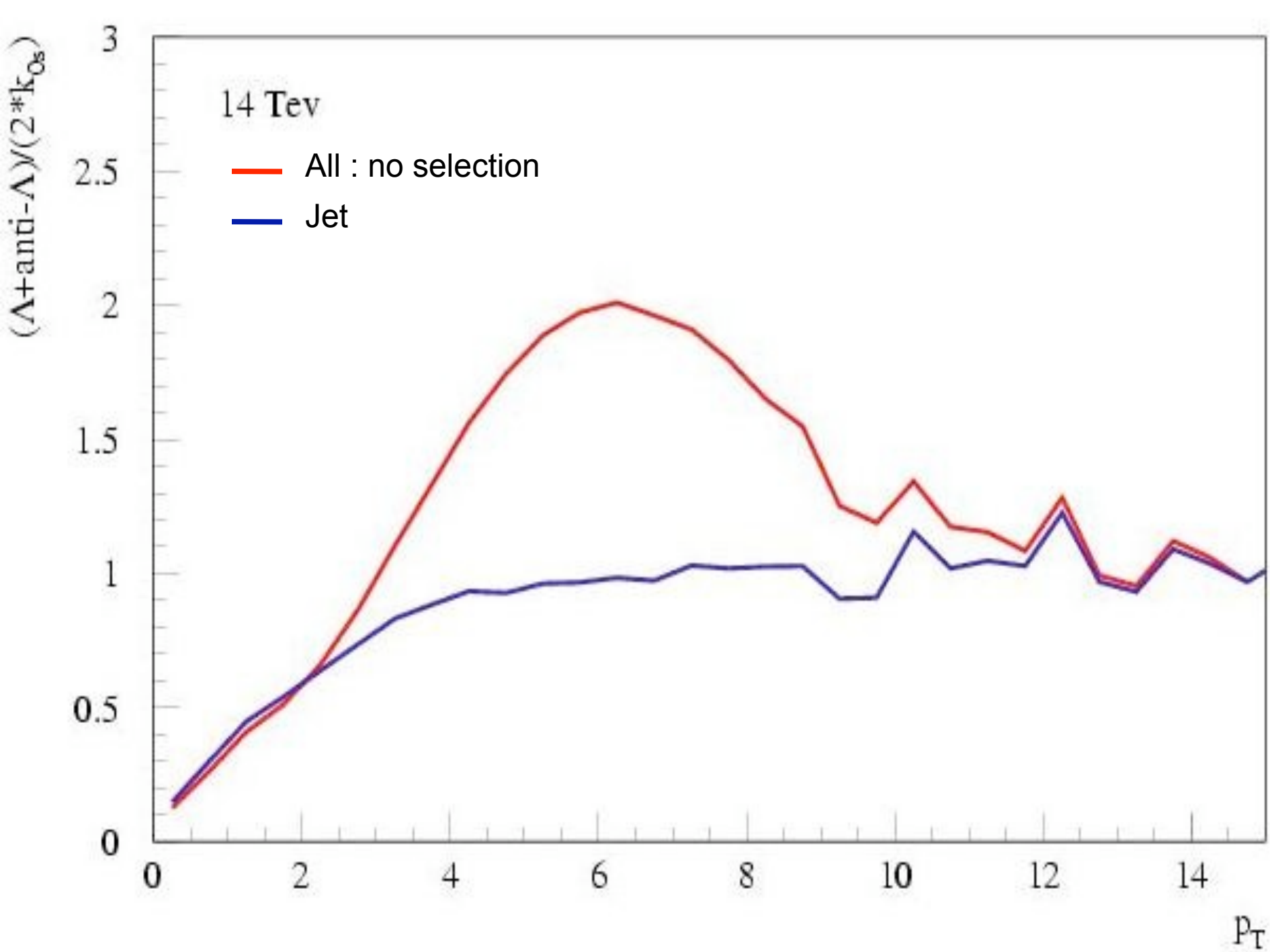
In EPOS, look at this ratio in pp collisions for :

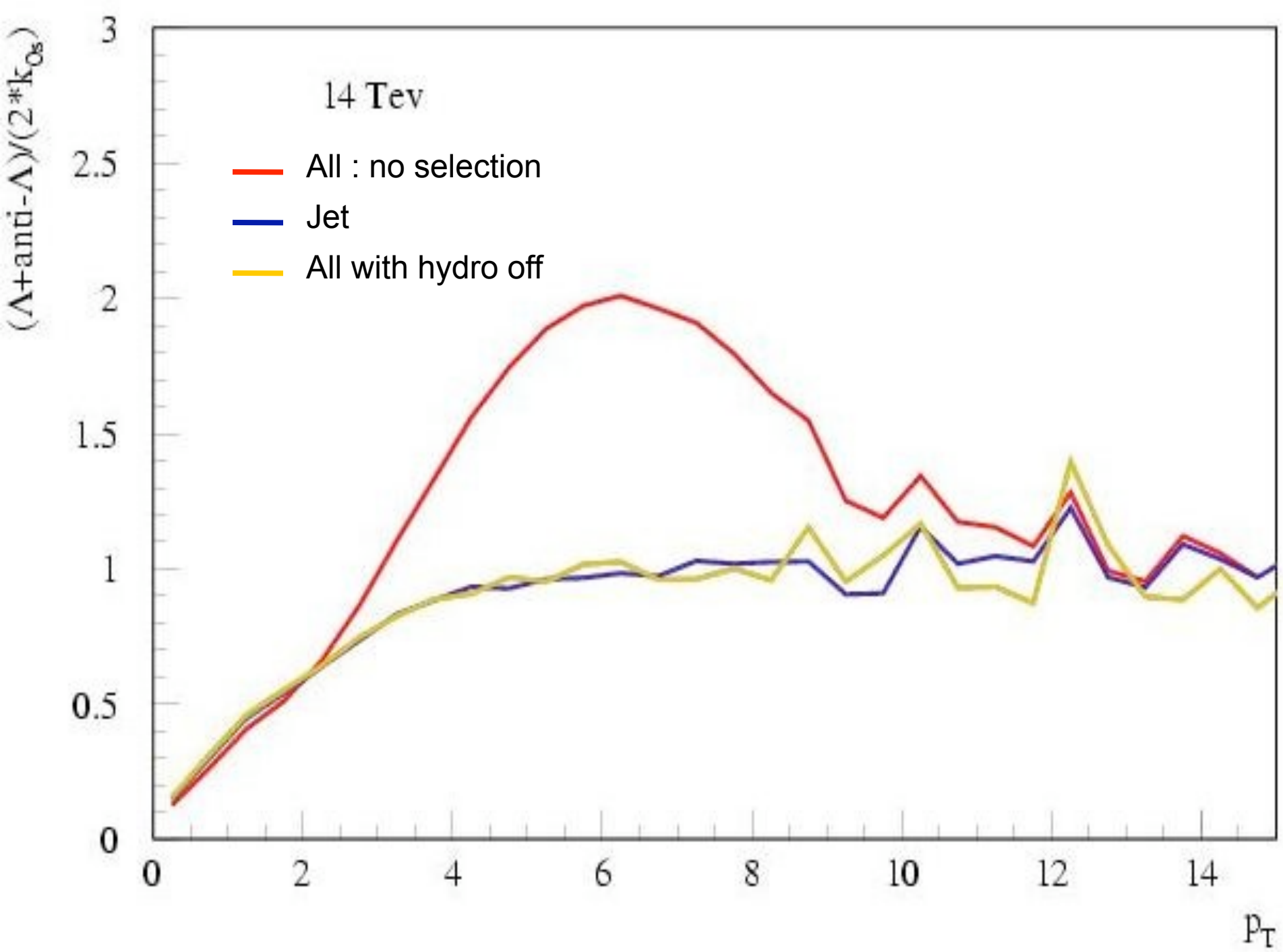
- “The Bulk” : here everything, no trigger on particles origin, effects from collectivity
- “Jets” : all particles coming from semi-hard ladders jet disconnected from the medium

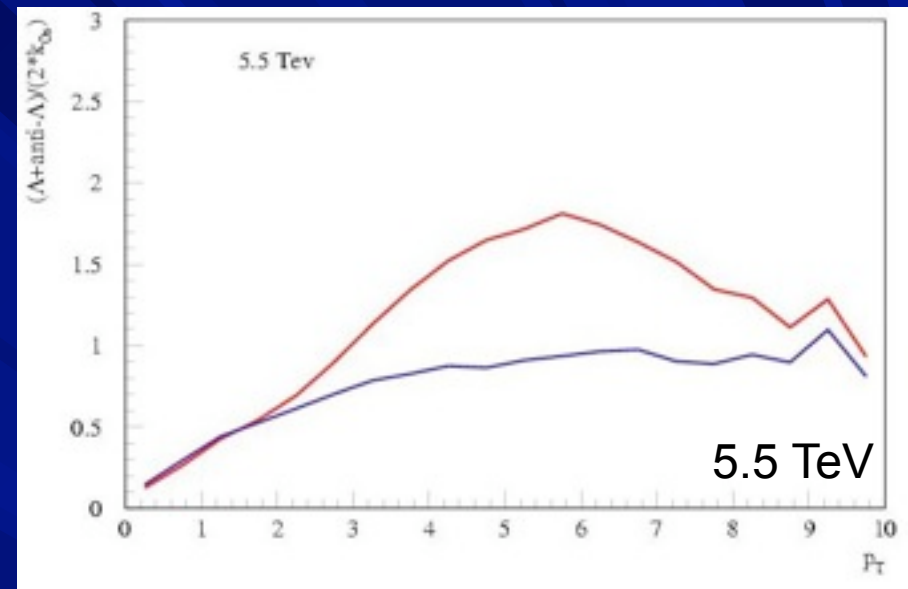
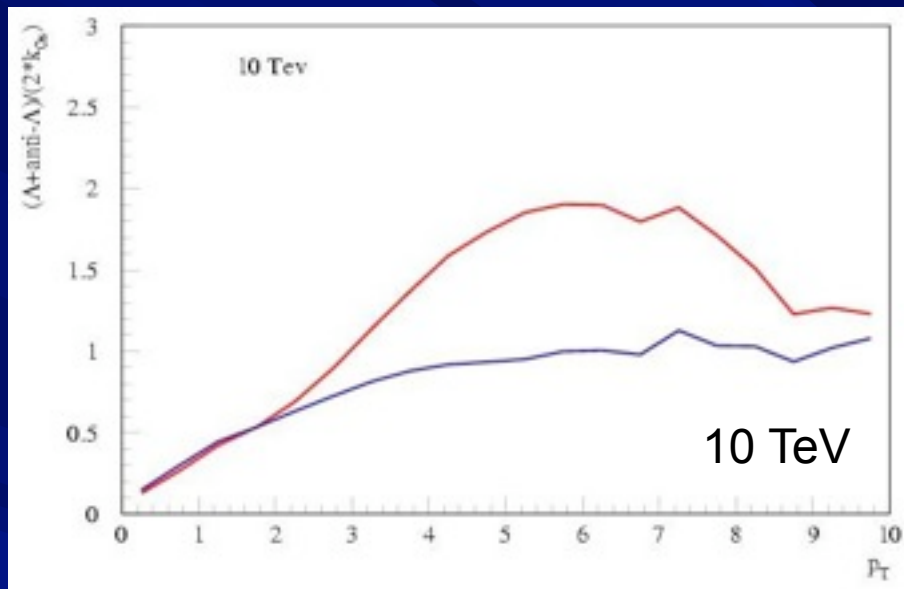
Preliminary study to see what could be done at LHC

Summary

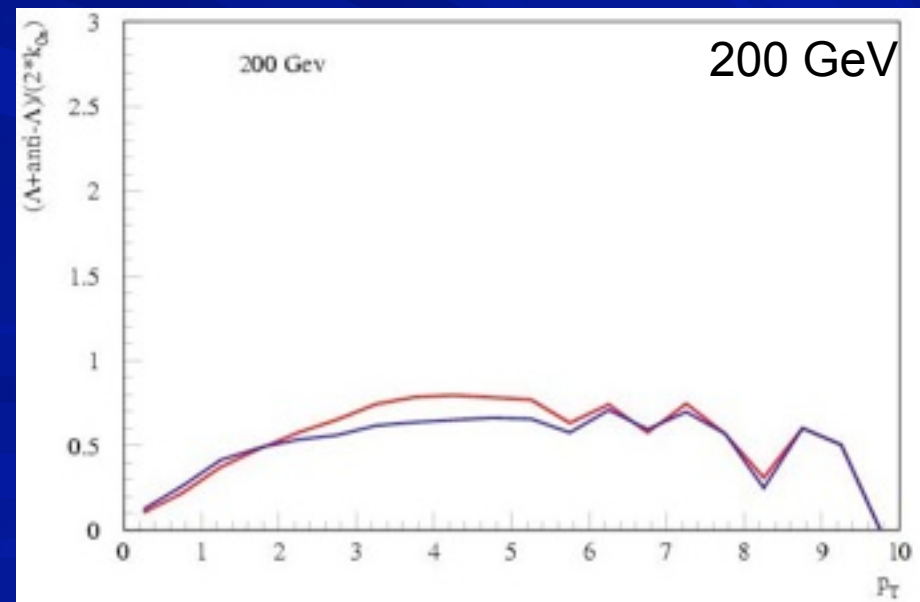
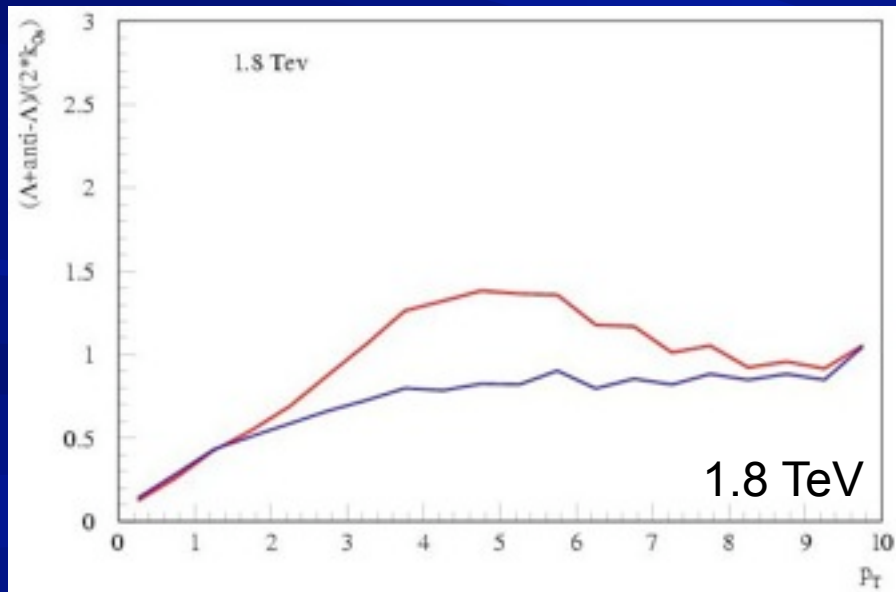
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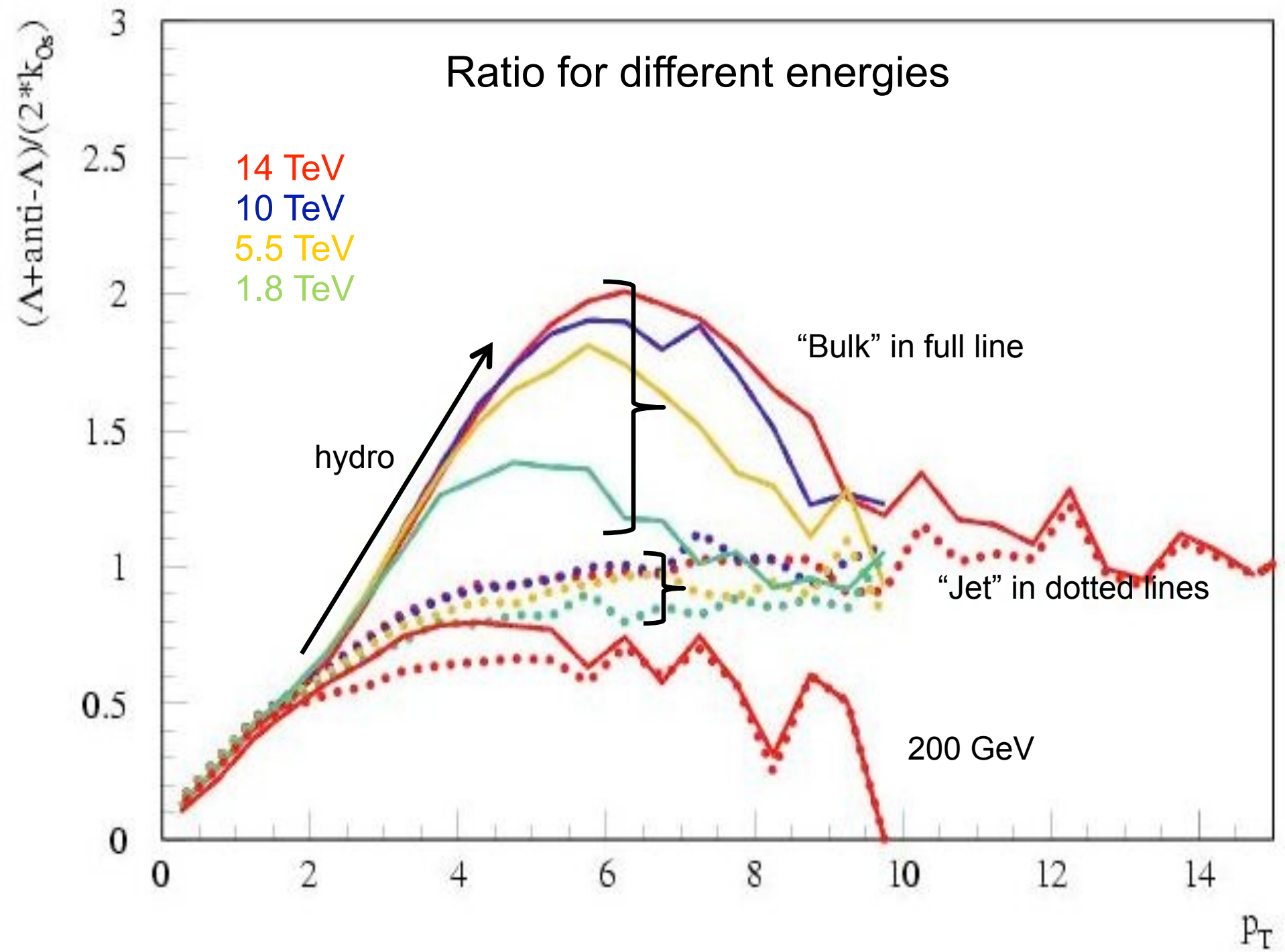


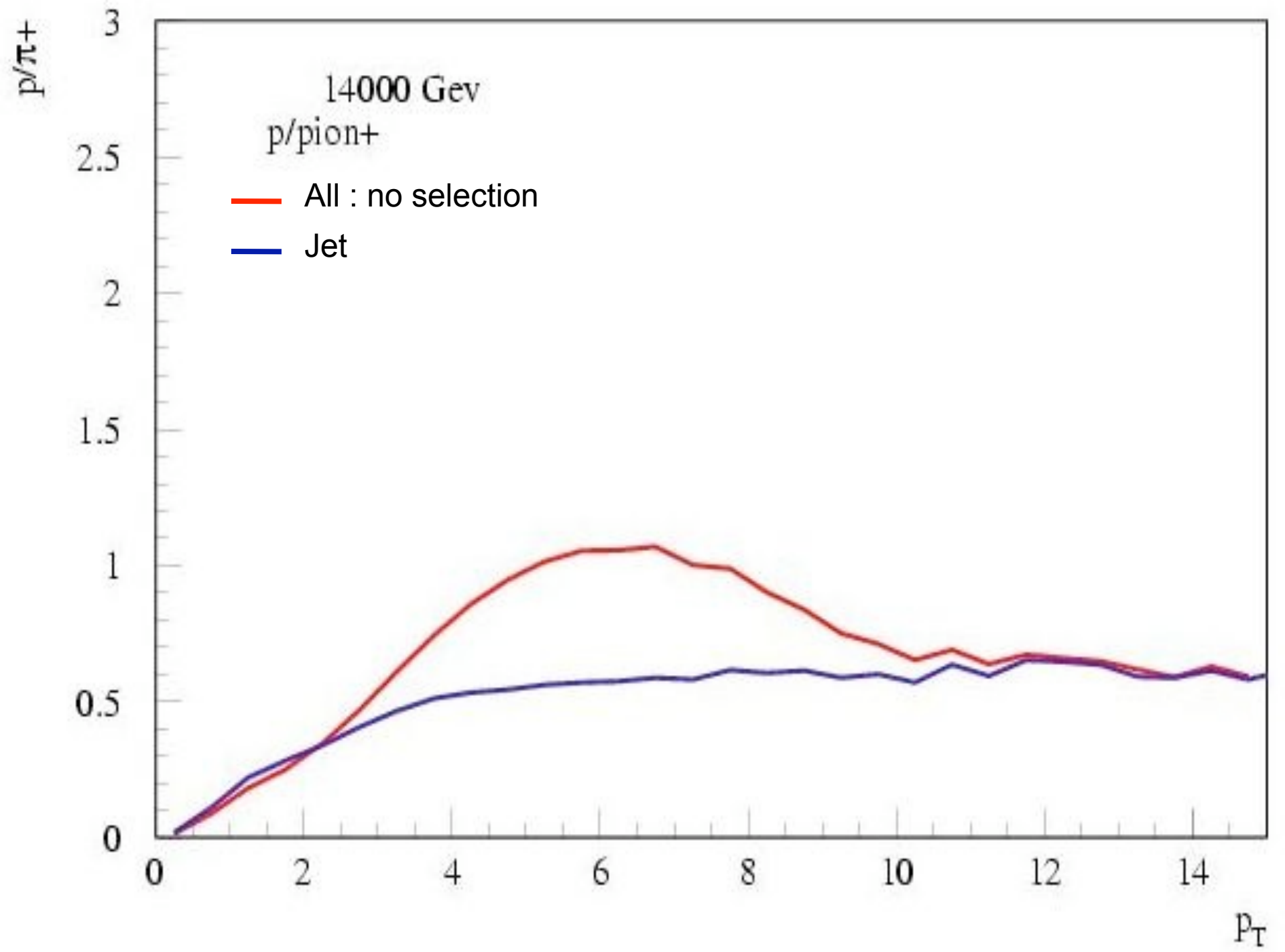


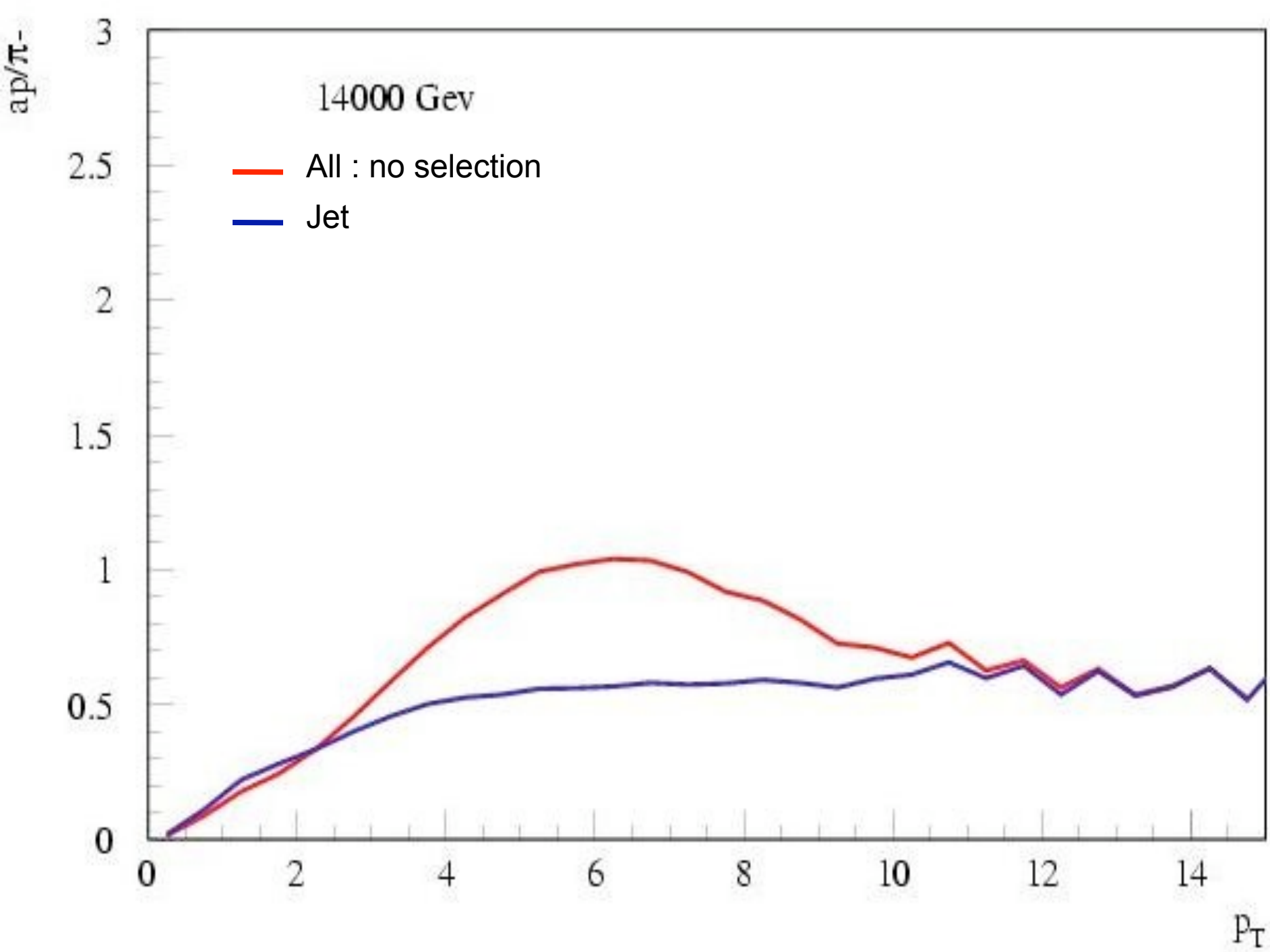


For different energies : from RHIC to LHC









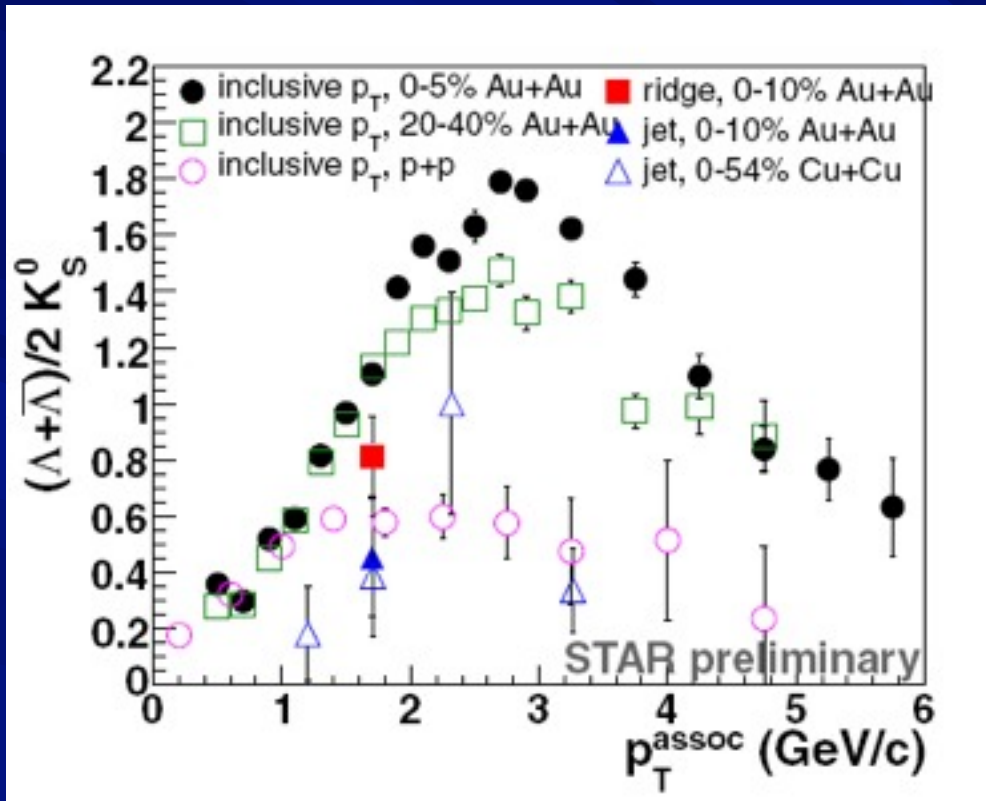
Informations we get

- Ratio Λ/k_0 s different in the “bulk” and in “jets”
- Difference of fragmentation in jet and the bulk
 - ➔ In jets : the usual string model
 - ➔ In the bulk : collectivity
- This difference grows with energy : collectivity more and more important
- Relative difference between bulk and jet different with p/π
- In pp : should clearly see this effect
- A way to understand
 - ➔ Hydro part/ Jet part, Soft/Hard
 - ➔ Difference between medium and jet fragmentation
 - ➔ Difference with Strangeness production

Conclusions

- ★ Epos : goal to be a generator of complete event
 - ➡ One experimental event = one generator event
 - ➡ Soft, hard, multiple interactions and collective effects in the same event
- ★ Ratio λ/k_0 s
 - ➡ Different behavior of this observable in “jets” and in the “bulk”
 - ➡ In EPOS due to collectivity : difference in fragmentation : string vs. hydro
- ★ Preliminary study
 - Interesting for the complete understanding of an event
 - Should be done with same criteria as in experiment : jet finder, R , ...

Open Questions to Experimentalist !



C.E.Nattrass, J. Phys.G 35 104110, 2008

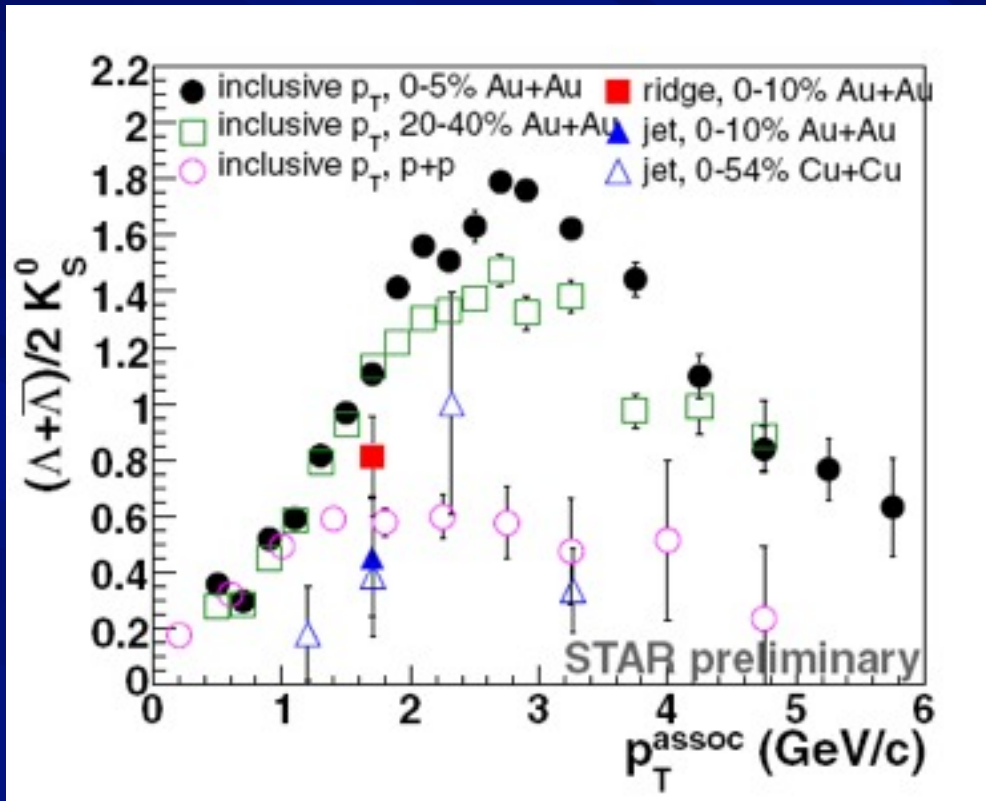
Already some arguments in this sense at RHIC for Heavy ion

Leading hadrons?, full jet reconstruction?, jet finder?, R? : WICH CONDITIONS?

Importance of the underlying event : definitions?

R. D. Field, Studying the underlying event at CDF, 2006

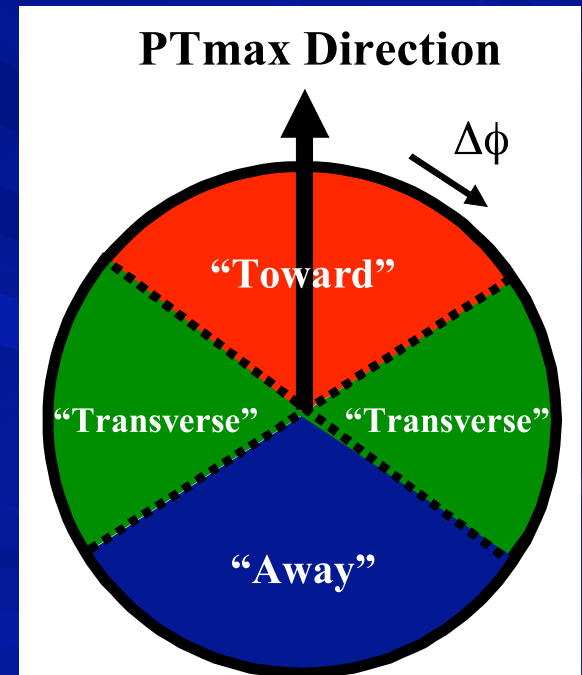
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Thanks

EPOS

Energy conserving quantum mechanical multiple scattering approach

Based on

→ Partons, parton ladders, strings

→ Off-shell remnants

→ Splitting of parton ladder

