

ATLAS Upgrade Detector and Physics

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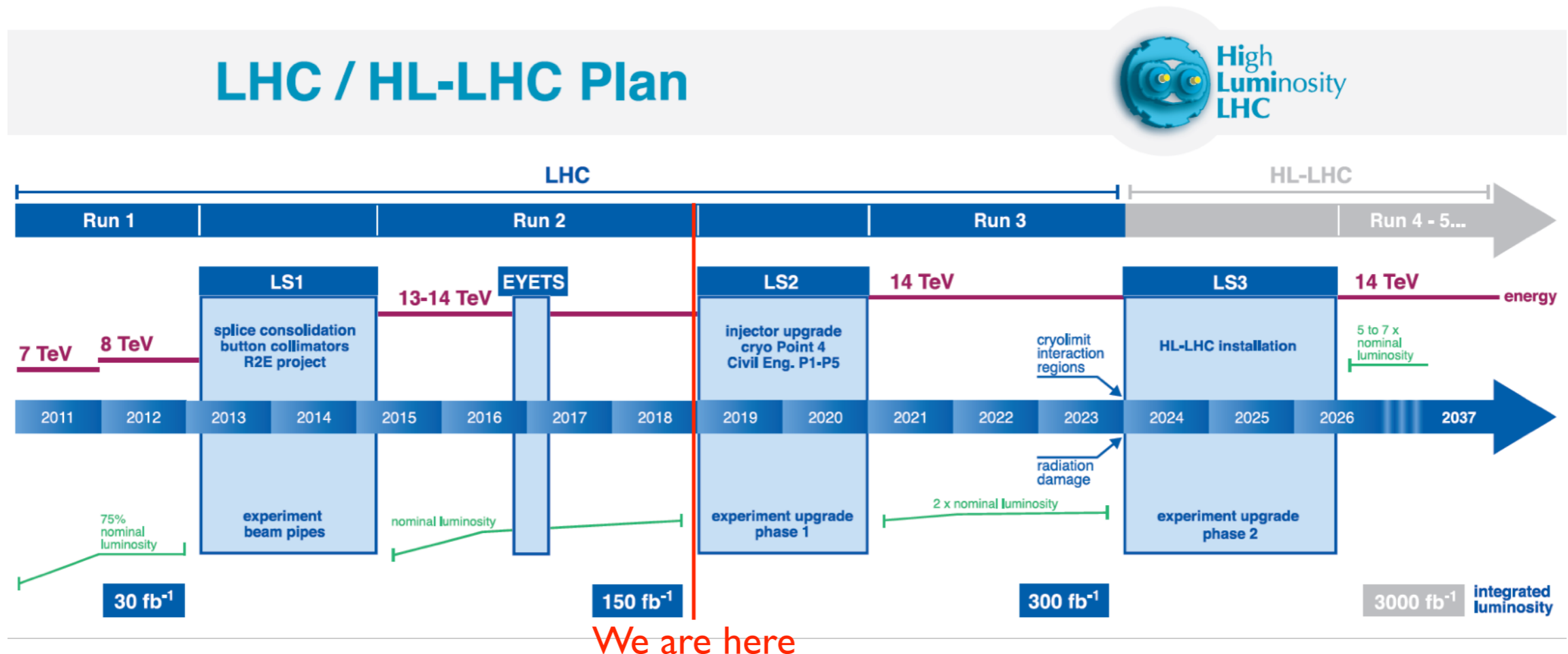
on behalf of ATLAS LPSC & LAPP Groups

28/11/18



Introduction

- Extensive work ongoing to prepare for various future upgrades to LHC and ATLAS
- Phase 1 to be implemented in next long shutdown
 - Maintenance and upgrades of collider and detectors
- Phase 2 to begin after Run 3 completed
 - Transition from LHC to High-Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC)
- HL-LHC will be first Higgs factory
 - Will allow precision measurements of Higgs couplings and differential cross-sections
 - Will provide access to rare decays
 - Will provide probes for New Physics
 - ATLAS detector will receive significant improvements and upgrades



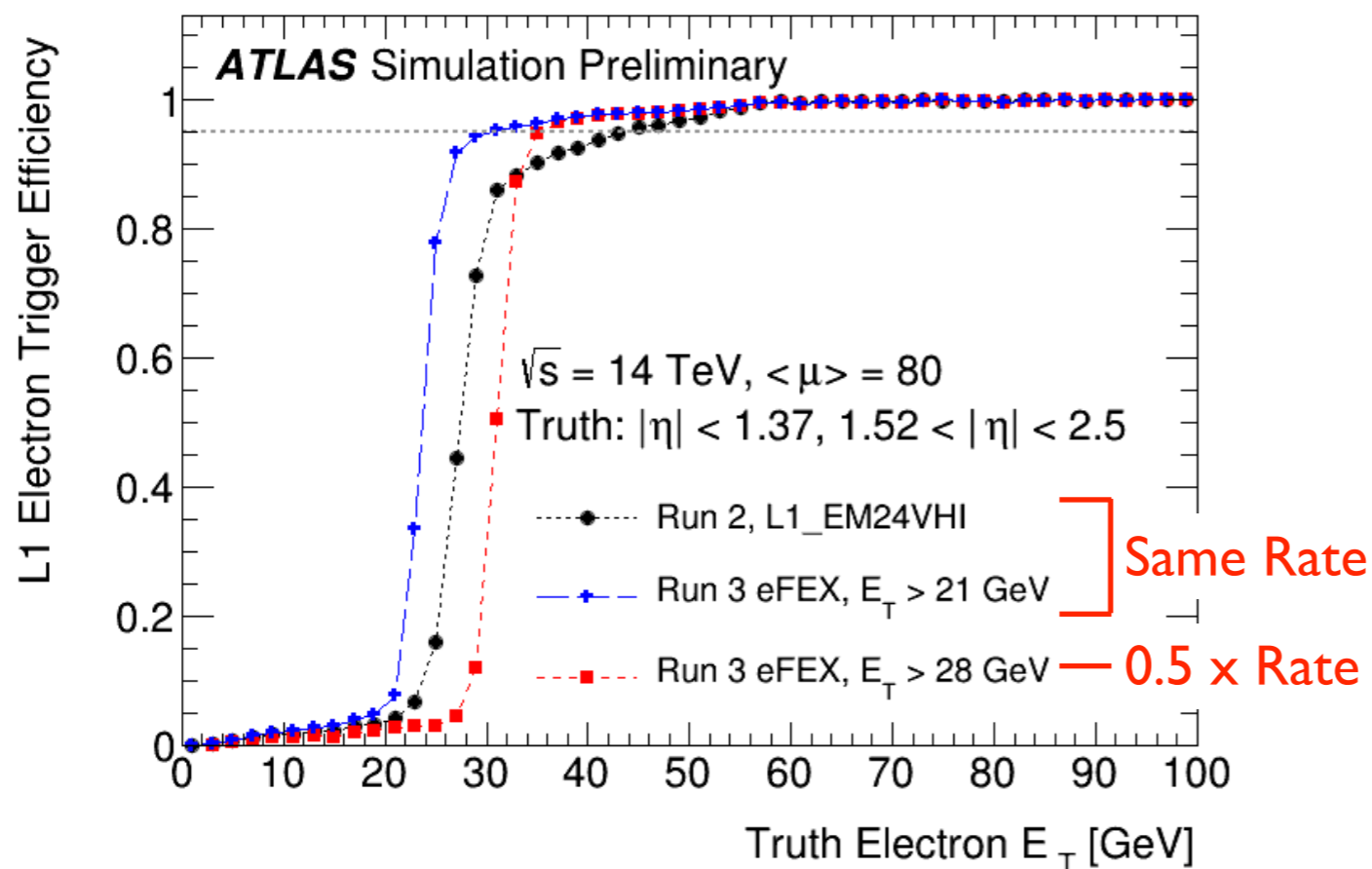
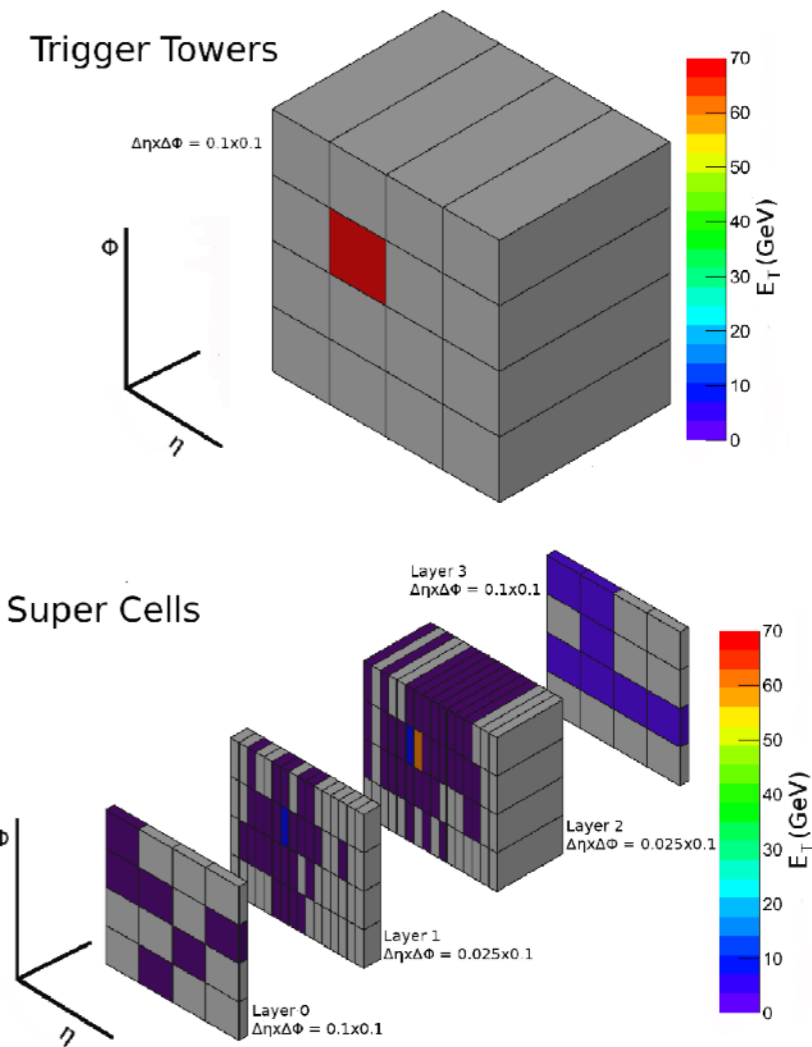
Laboratory Activities

- LAPP and LPSC have complete set of activities covering ATLAS hardware, software, and physics studies
- Phase 1:
 - LAr Calorimeter upgrades
- Phase 2:
 - Further LAr Calorimeter upgrades
 - New ATLAS Inner Tracker R&D
 - Pixel Detector stave design, prototype construction and testing
 - CO₂ cooling studies
 - Detector modelling and simulation
 - Preparation for ATLAS inner tracker construction
 - Documentation of ATLAS inner tracker (Pixel TDR...)
- Efforts ongoing to provide complete picture of Higgs physics at HL-LHC, with 3000 fb⁻¹ at 14 TeV
 - Preparation of upcoming CERN Yellow Report (input to the European strategy forum)
- Prospects studies being refined to take into account:
 - Effects of latest ATLAS detector upgrade geometries
 - Improved understanding of particle/object reconstruction performances
 - Improved analysis techniques developed for Run 2 (36 fb⁻¹ at 13 TeV)
 - Improved theoretical calculations
- LAPP and LPSC studying:
 - Higgs couplings
 - Vector boson scattering
 - diHiggs production (measurements of Higgs self-coupling constant)
- Also evaluating physics potential of HE-LHC, with 15 ab⁻¹ at 27 TeV

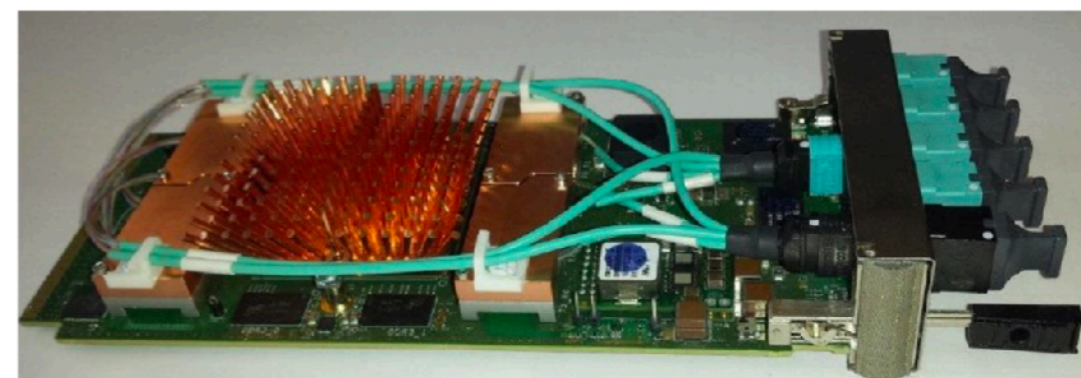
- Presentation will focus on ENIGMASS funded activities

LAr Calorimeter Upgrades: Phase I

- ATLAS currently groups LAr cells into 5.4k towers for trigger readout
- Phase I upgrade to change grouping into 34k supercells
- Use of the supercells provides:
 - Longitudinal layer information
 - Higher granularity in η (front and middle layers)
 - Shower shape information to the L1 trigger
 - Better rejection of jet background with electron triggers
 - Significant improvement in energy resolution
 - e/γ trigger performance improvements (+ jets, E_T^{miss} and τ)

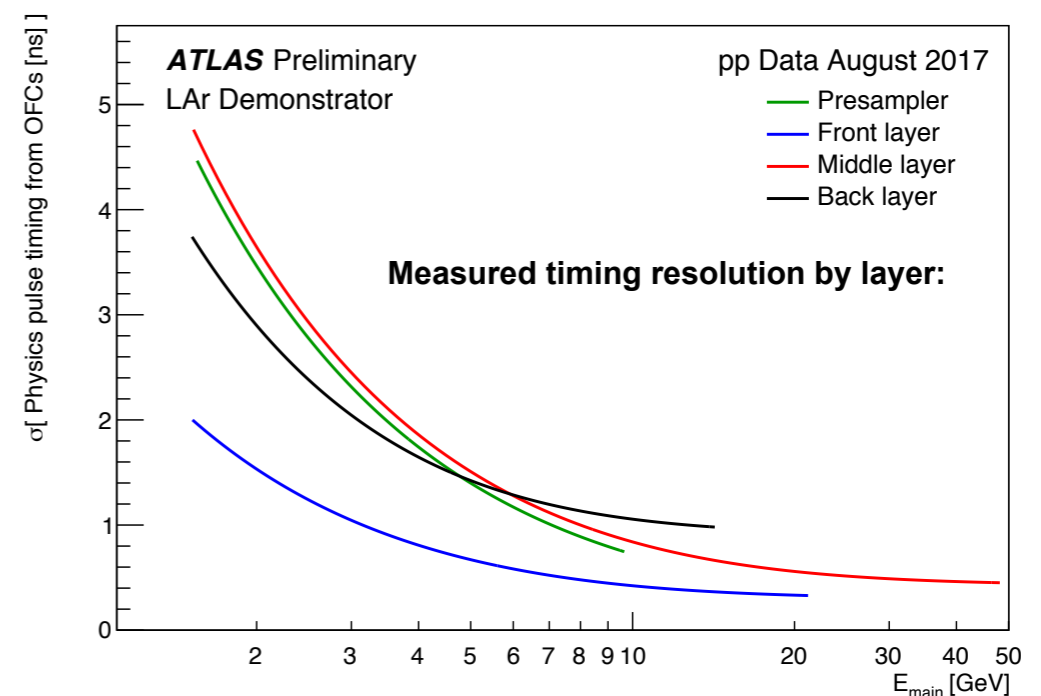
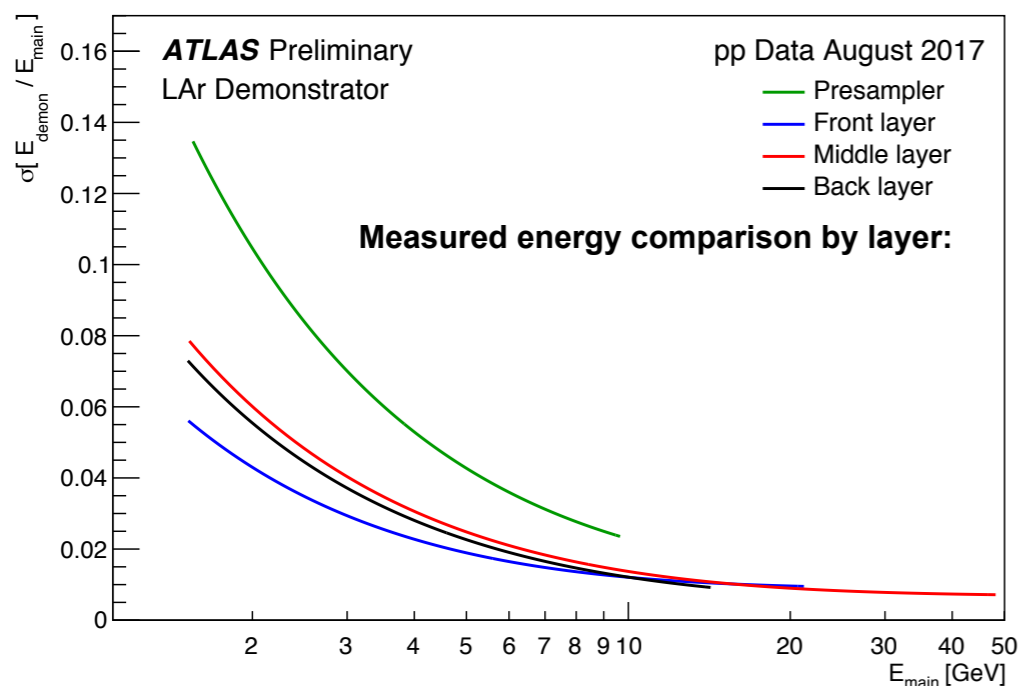


LAPP responsible for developing back-end mezzanine cards, 150 cards in progress



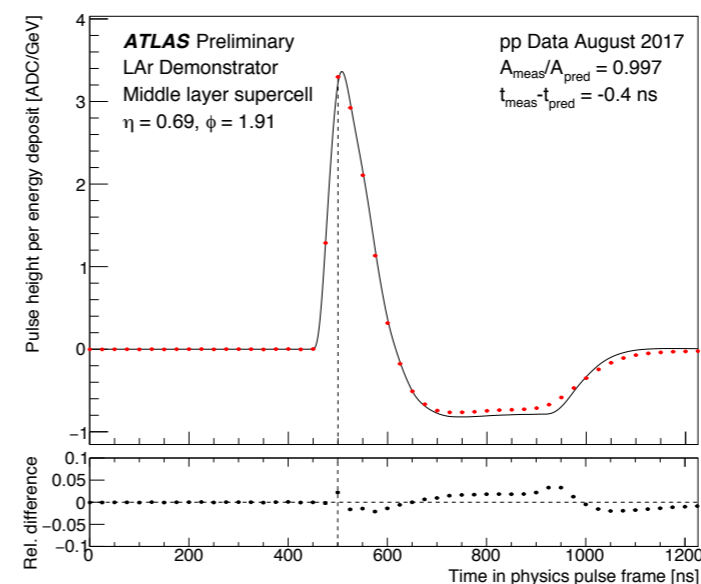
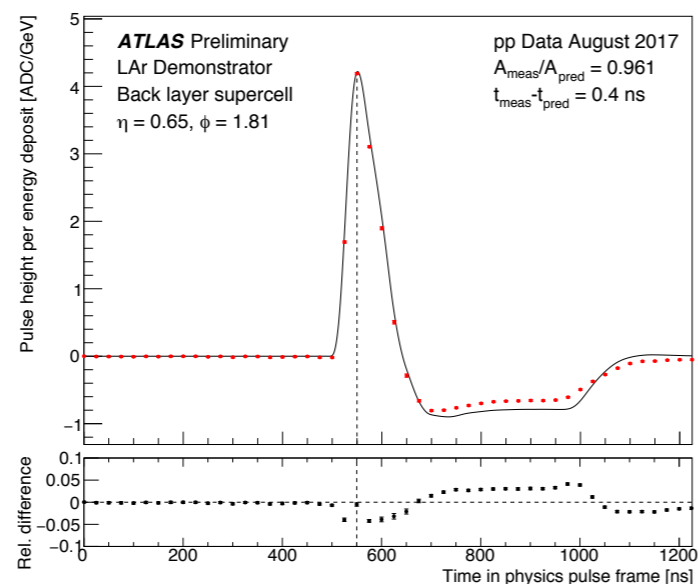
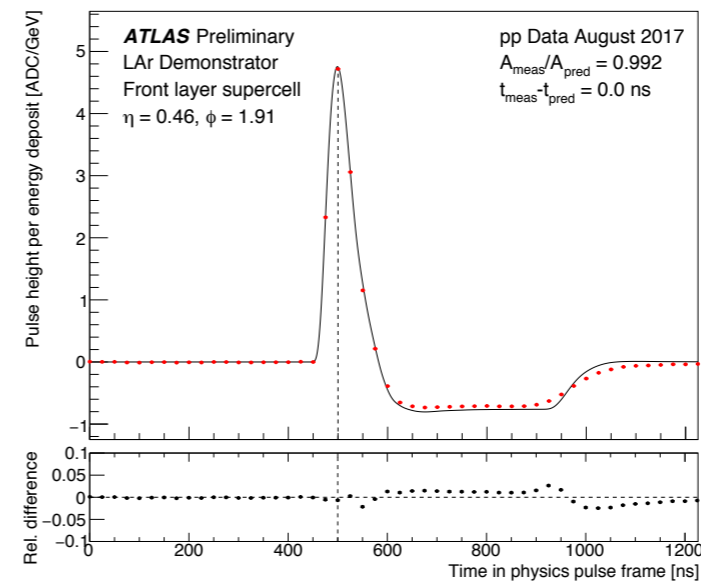
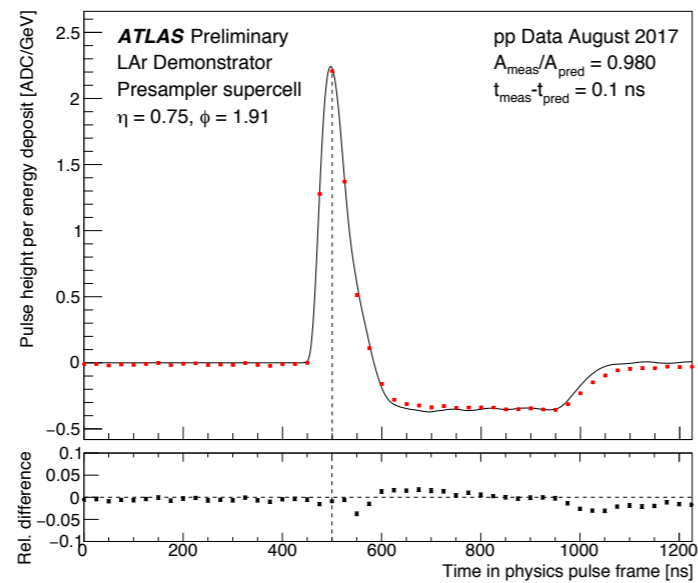
LAr Calorimeter Upgrades: First supercell results (I)

- Demonstrator installed and taking data since 2015 (upgraded in 2018 to the latest readout version)
- Two different prototypes of LAr Trigger Digitizer boards (LTDBs):
 - One for region $\varphi = 1.81$ and $\varphi = 1.91$
 - One for region $\varphi = 2.01$ and $\varphi = 2.11$
 - Results in different calibration, slightly different results for those regions
- Data obtained from pp collisions, physics run 334487, recorded on August 30, 2017
- Events from LAr demonstrator matched to events collected in main read-out
 - Using bunch-crossing ID and bunch-crossing time (alternative method matches LI ID of events)
- Dedicated calibration coefficients obtained for supercells
 - Based on calibration scheme for LAr cells, using adapted code framework
- First supercell results:
 - Energy-dependence of energy comparison and timing resolution:
 - Width of energy ratio approaches 1-2%
 - Timing resolution approaches 0.5-1.0 ns, possible to identify bunch crossing



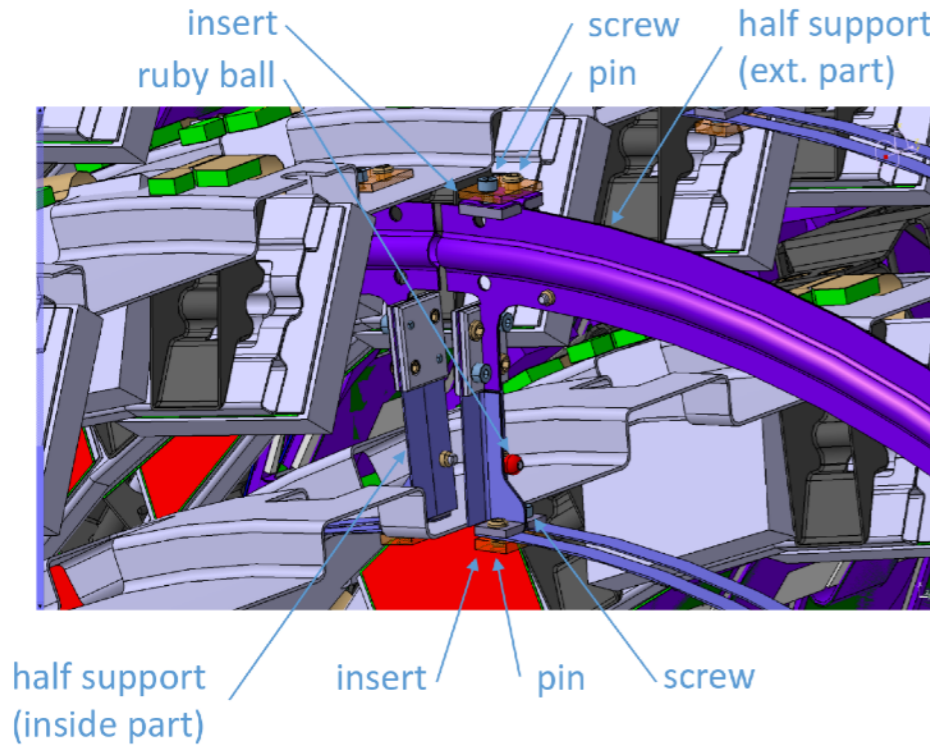
LAr Calorimeter Upgrades: First supercell results (2)

- Measured pulse shapes for each layer:
 - Measured pulse shapes (red) of supercells in the LAr Phase I demonstrator
 - Independently obtained, predicted pulse shapes (black)
- Good agreement is observed between measurement and prediction
 - Remaining small normalisation offsets are due to the preliminary calibration of the supercells.

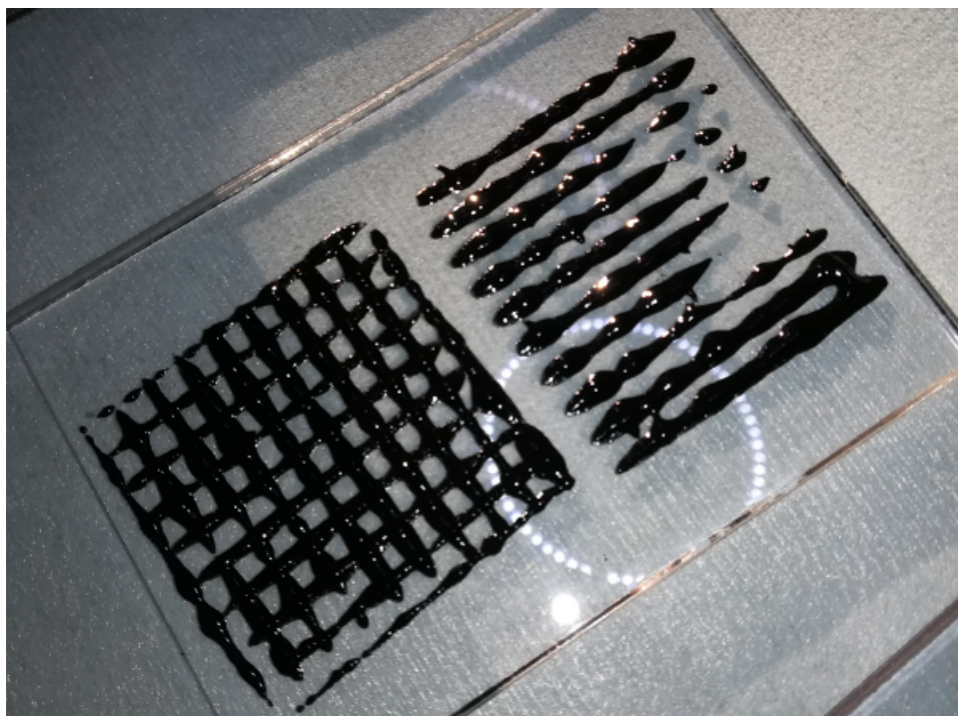


Detector Upgrade: Mechanical Activities

- LPSC responsible for design and production of intermediate flanges
- LAPP performing extensive work on simulation models



- Studies on glue deposit for module-on-mechanical structures loading
 - Choice of glue (radiation hardness, viscosity, etc)
 - Test of deposits with stamps



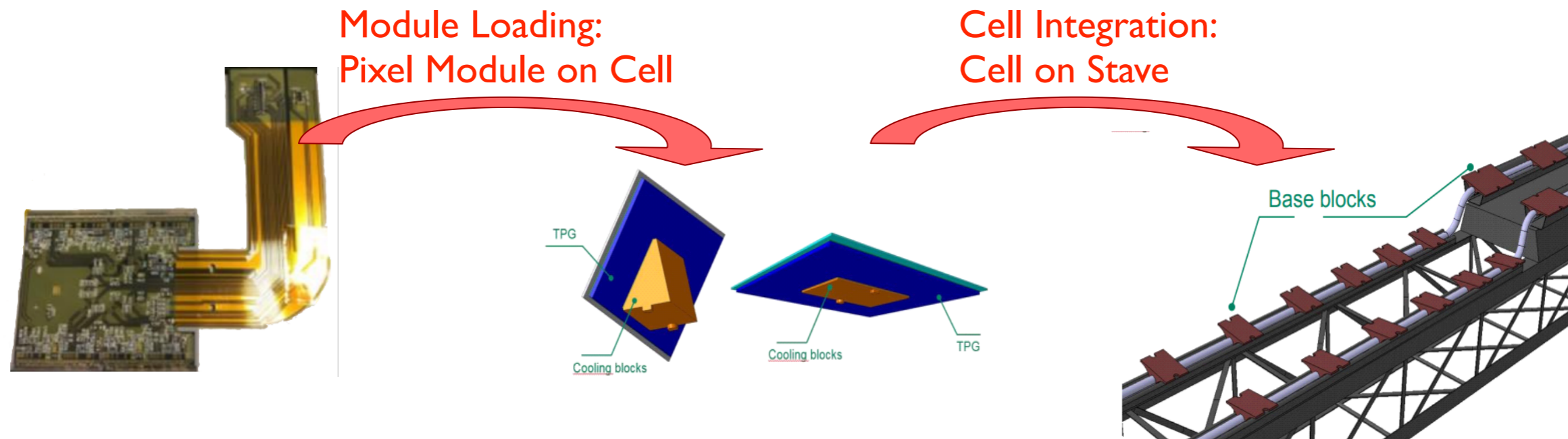
- Clean room at LPSC ready last spring
- MMT (metrology machine for loading) installed last week!



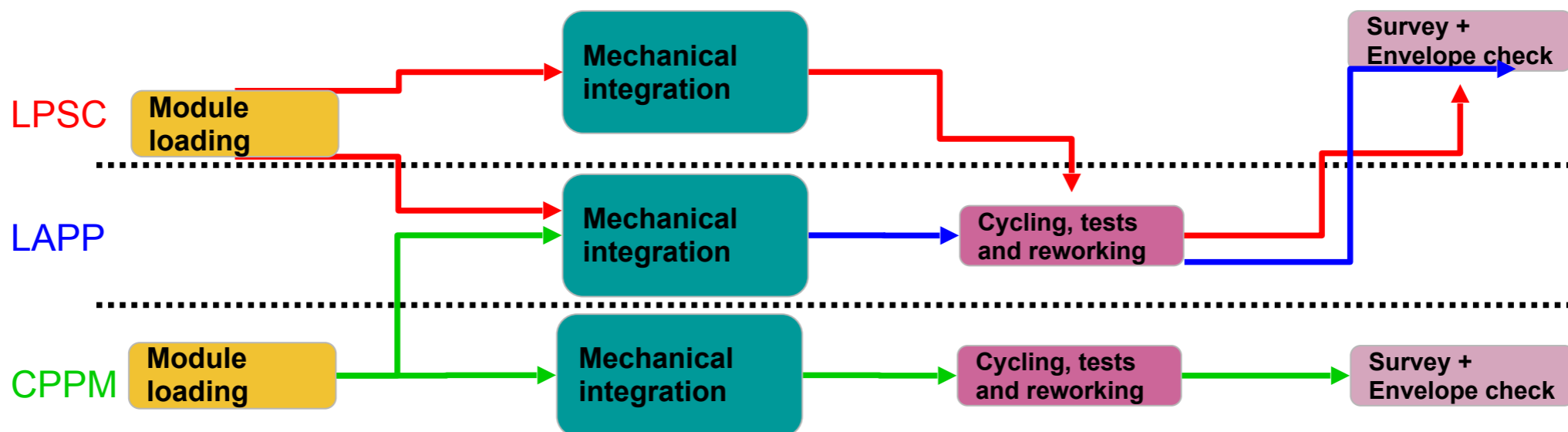
Construction: Alpaca Cluster (CPPM-LAPP-LPSC)



- Simplified sketch of module loading/integration in two steps:



- New organisation for production:
- Module loading: task sharing between LPSC and CPPM
- Cell integration: task sharing between LAPP, LPSC and CPPM



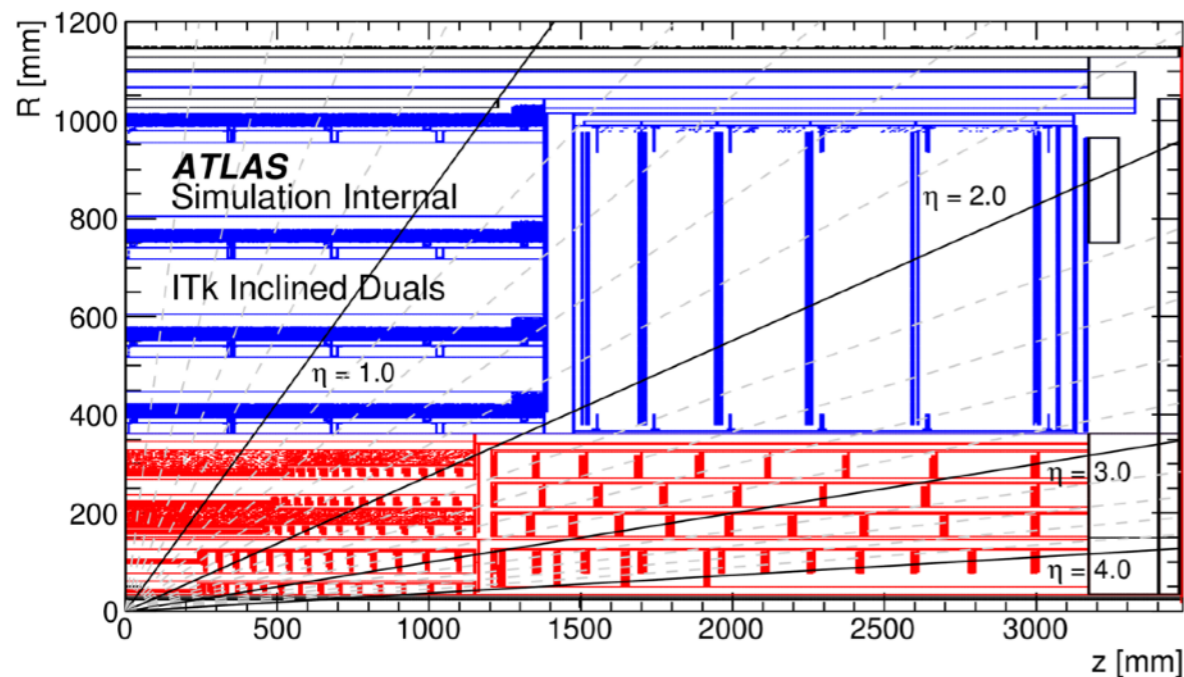
Detector Upgrade: CO₂ Cooling

- MARTA is first portable CO₂ cooling plant in France
 - Installed at LAPP
 - Funded by ENIGMASS
 - System performance being evaluated
 - Will be used for assembly and testing of staves at LAPP
- Test bench installed at LAPP
 - Used to test prototypes in collaboration with:
 - LPSC, Geneva, CERN
- LAPP has recognised expertise with CO₂ cooling simulations
 - Testing CO₂ diphasic model of new, unexplored condition regions
 - Publication in progress
- Surface storage necessary for CO₂ cooling
- LPSC committed to design and production of accumulators
 - Regulate pressure of return line, hence detector temperature
 - Surface storage vessel used to limit accumulator volume
- Plans for 2019:
 - Design full-scale accumulator for DEMO
 - Design surface storage vessel
 - Test interplay between local accumulator and surface vessel
 - Use Baby-demonstrator installed at CERN
 - Tests funded by ENIGMASS

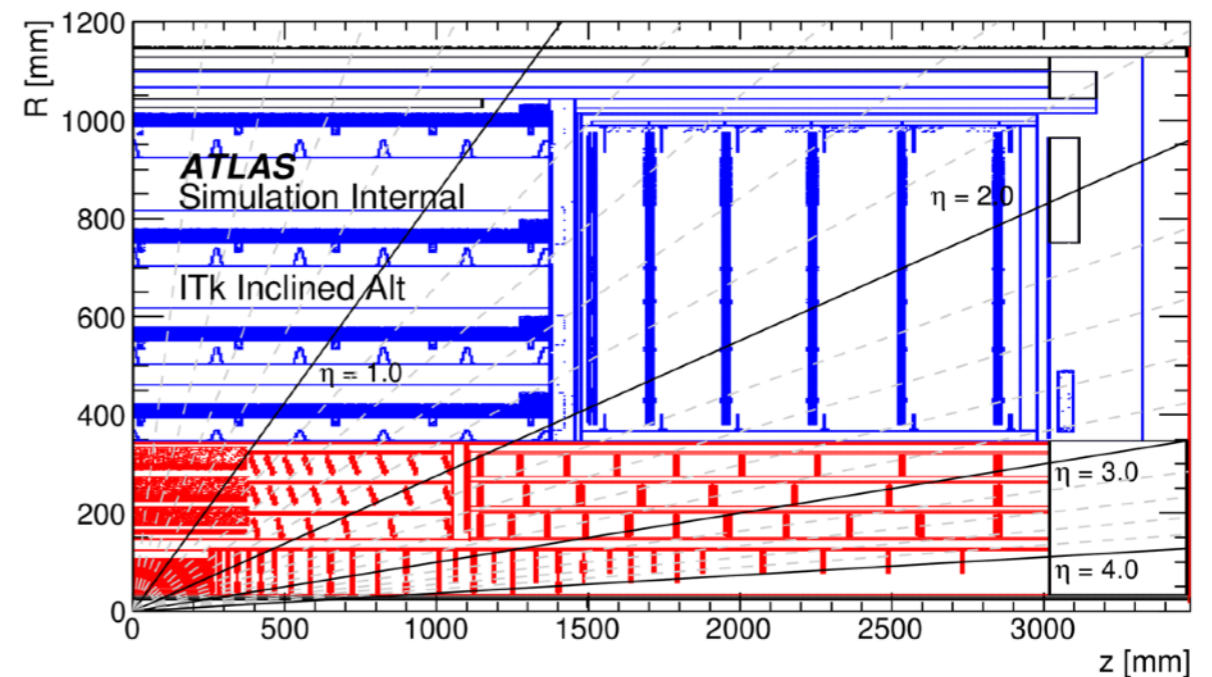


Detector Upgrade: Pixel Simulation (I)

- Extensive work to create accurate computer simulations of new detector
- LAPP and LPSC focus on ITk pixel detector
- Pixel TDR published earlier this year
 - Some changes needed to be made to the design:
 - High-Granularity Timing Detector (HGTD) requires more space along ATLAS z-axis
 - Services at each end of ATLAS ITk required additional space
- ITk design modified to reduce impact of services material
 - Design changes to be published in upcoming Layout Task Force Report



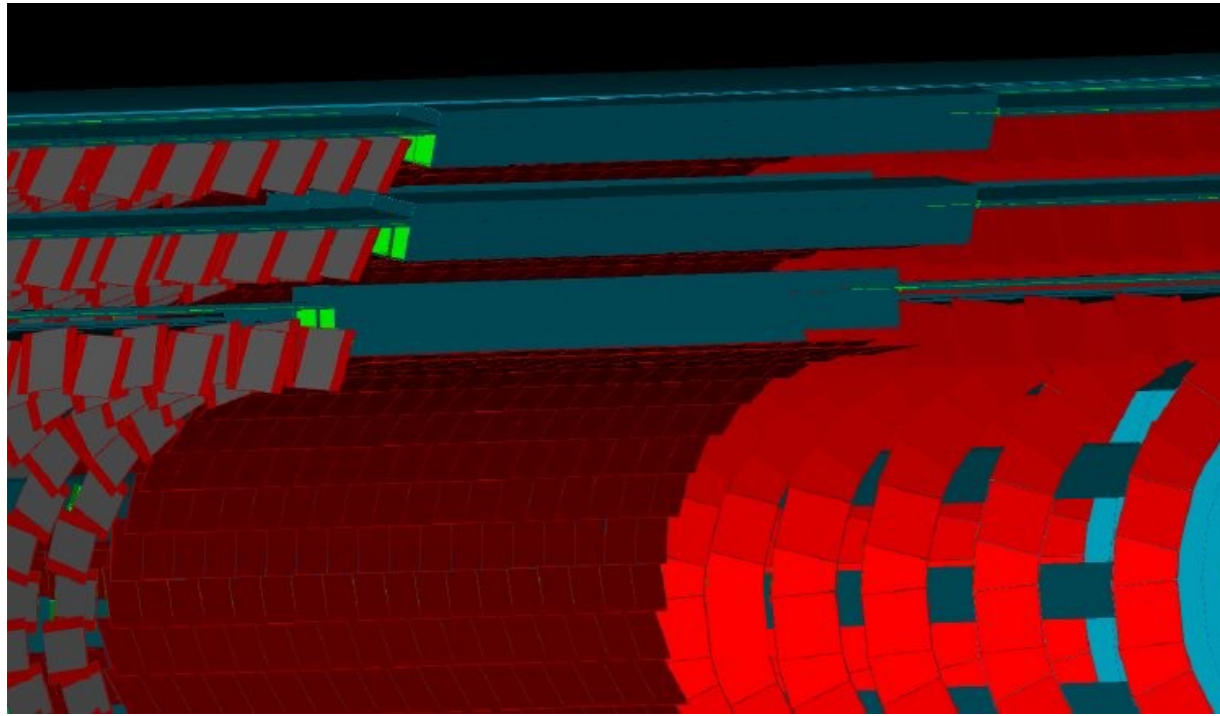
Pixel TDR layout



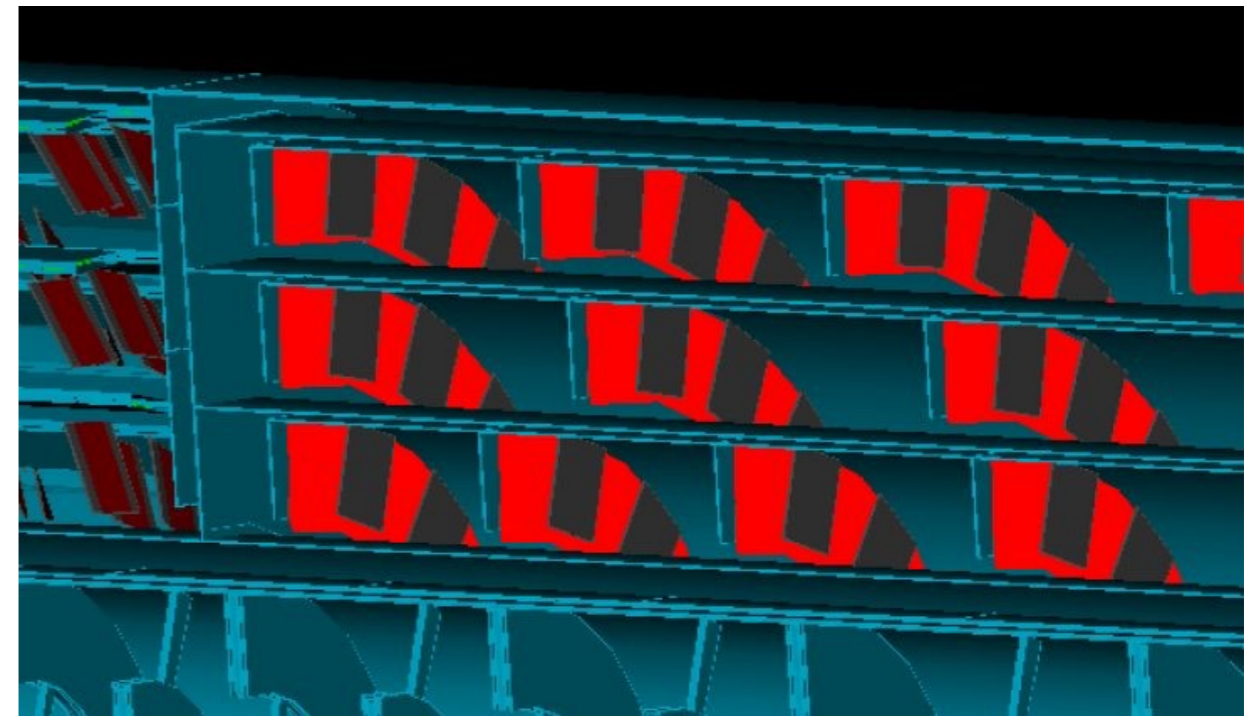
Latest Phase 2 ITk layout

Detector Upgrade: Pixel Simulation (2)

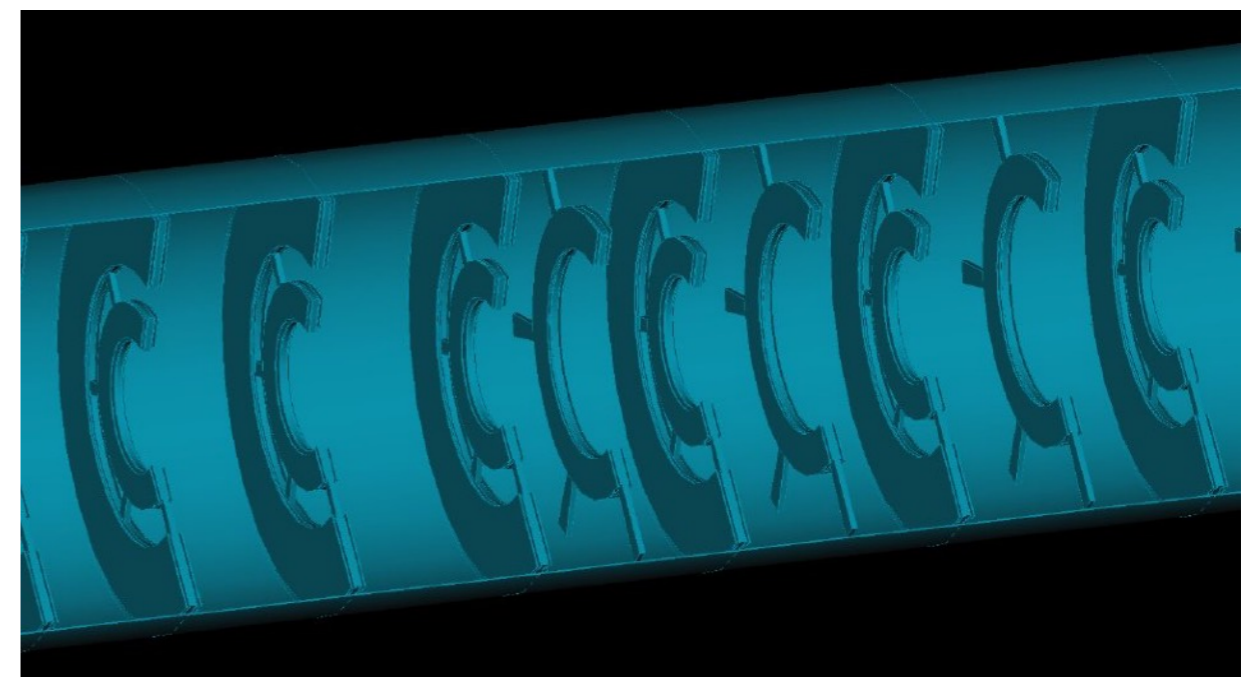
- Simulation constantly refined with latest engineering inputs
- Material is evolving and has strong impact on the design
- Tremendous effort by LPSC and LAPP to ensure accurate description of materials in simulation



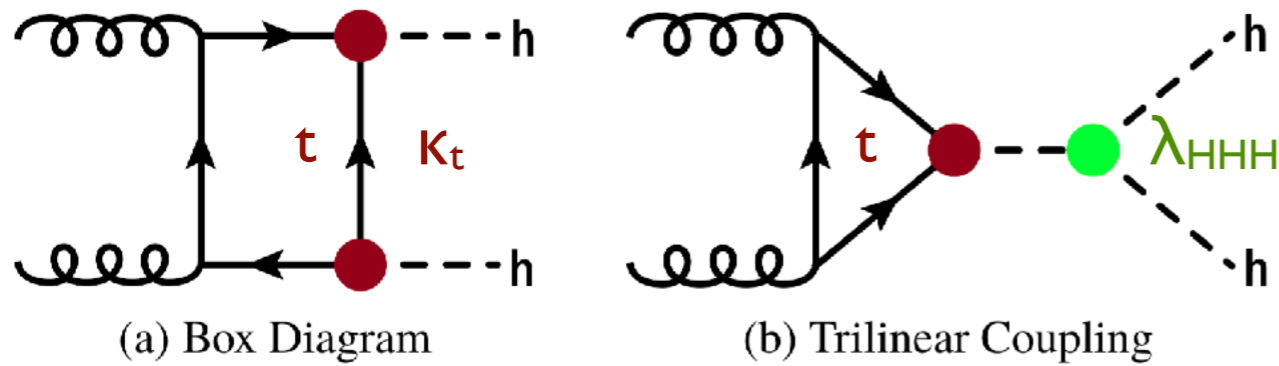
Outer barrel longerons accurately modelled
Plans to migrate conical rings to corrugated shell:



Endcaps follow pixel-ring half-shell design
Detailed models of inner barrel support structures

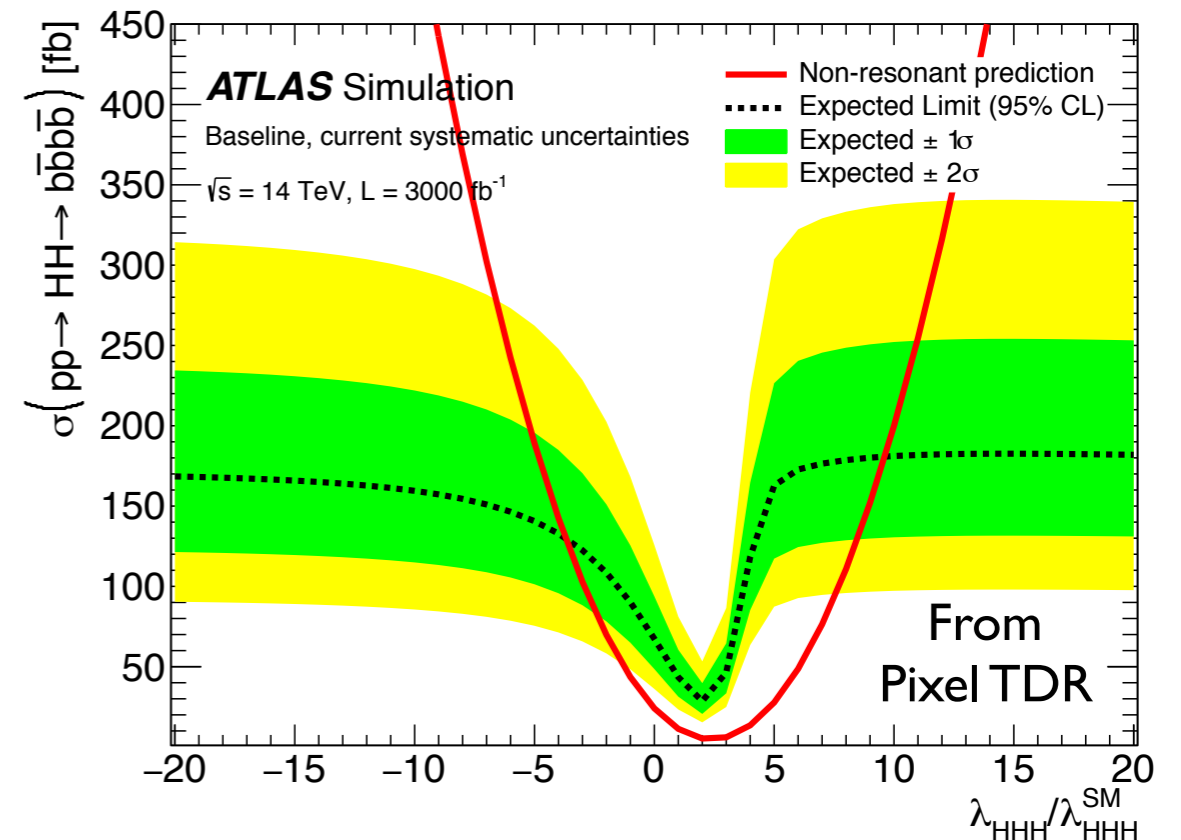
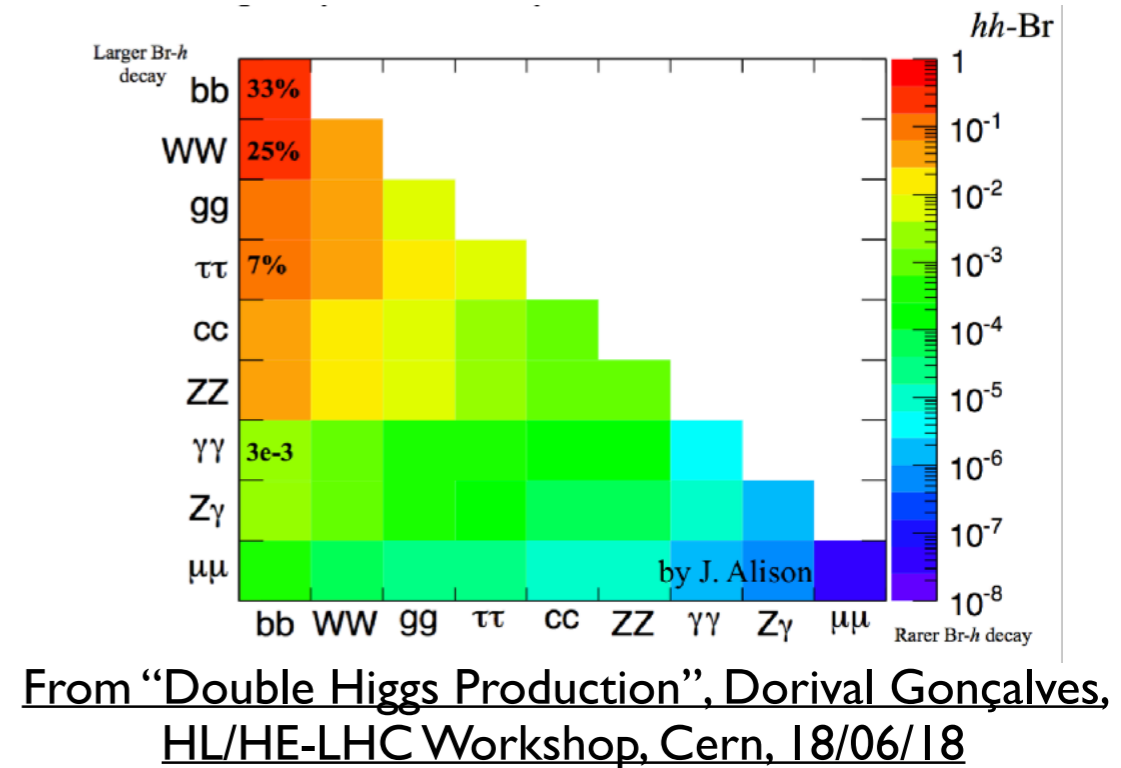


HL-LHC: DiHiggs



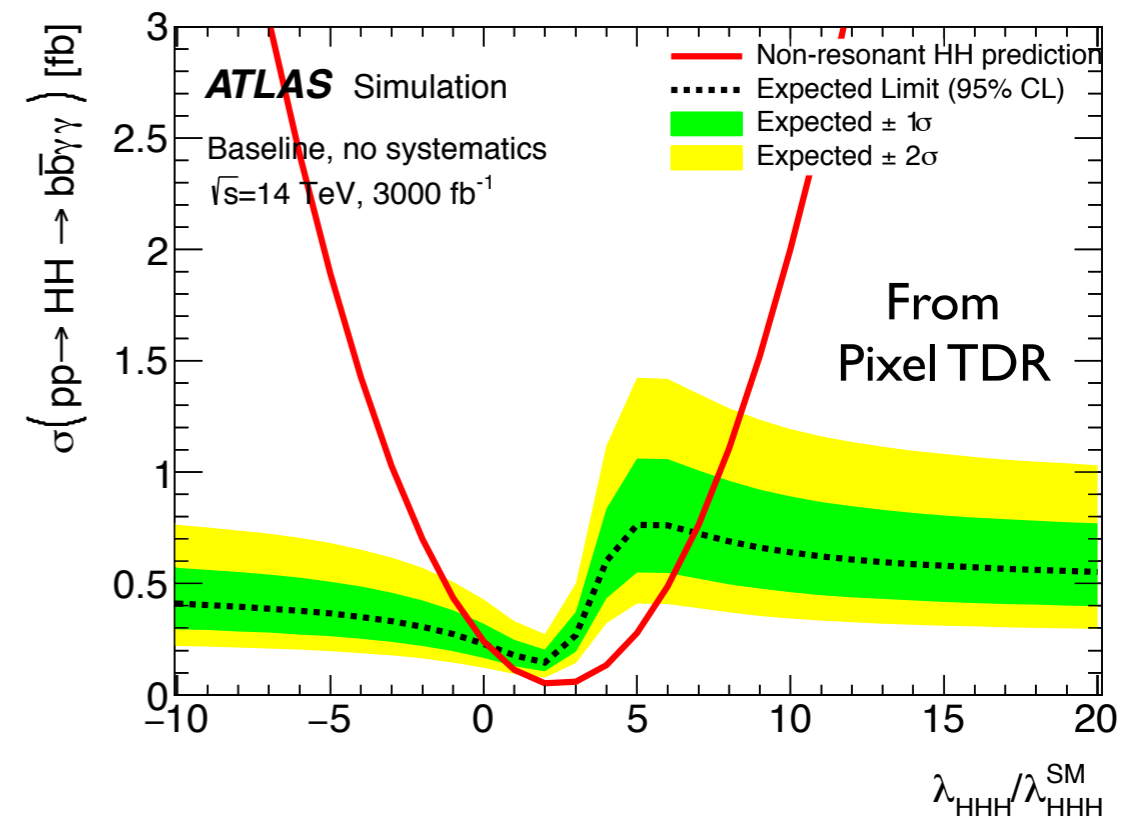
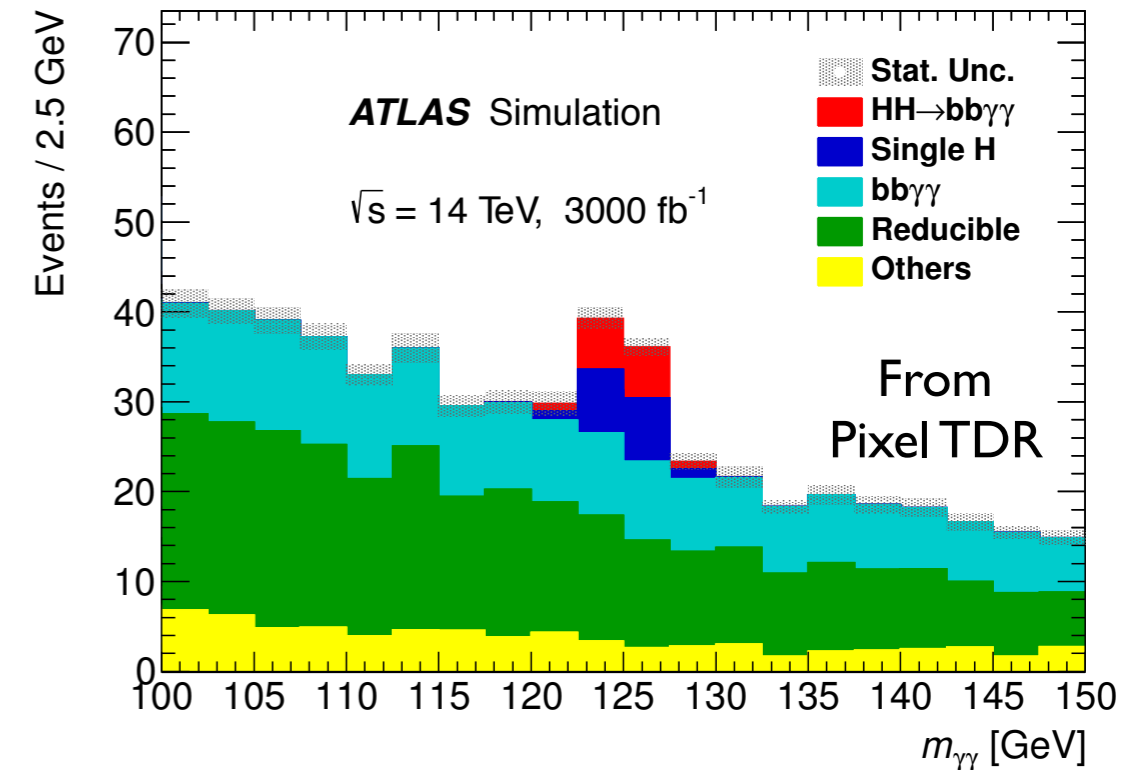
- Aim to make first observation of HH production
- Measure λ_{HHH} and κ_t (top-Yukawa coupling)
- HH Production has rich variety of final states
 - $bb\gamma\gamma$ has low branching ratio
 - $bb\tau\tau$, $bbbb$ have high background

- Various institutes working on $bb\tau\tau$, $bbbb$
- Analyses performed as extrapolations of Run 2 data
- For $bbbb$:
 - 95 % C.L. (stat only): $4.1 < \lambda_{HHH}/\lambda_{HHH}^{SM} < 8.7$
 - 0.6σ significance
- For $bb\tau\tau$:
 - 95 % C.L. (stat only): $-4.0 < \lambda_{HHH}/\lambda_{HHH}^{SM} < 12.0$
 - 0.6σ significance



HL-LHC: $HH \rightarrow bb\gamma\gamma$

- LAPP+LPSC focus on $bb\gamma\gamma$ channel
- Latest public HL-LHC projections in Pixel TDR
- Analysis uses truth level MC samples
- Smearing functions approximate detector response
- Cut-based analysis
- Without systematic uncertainties:
 - 95 % C.L. (stat only): $0.2 < \lambda_{HHH} / \lambda_{HHH}^{SM} < 6.9$
 - 1.5σ significance
- 2018 has seen exciting developments in $bb\gamma\gamma$ analysis
- Analysis method refinements:
 - Improved b-tagging algorithm (better c-jet rejection)
 - Improved photon energy resolution
 - Boosted Decision Tree for event selection
 - Results not public yet :(
- Note summarising new results in preparation for YR
 - Currently being circulated round ATLAS
 - [ATL-COM-PHYS-2018-1364](#)
 - Presents updated $bb\tau\tau$ results
 - Presents combination of $bbbb$, $bb\tau\tau$, $bb\gamma\gamma$
 - Presents first extrapolations of $bb\tau\tau$, $bb\gamma\gamma$ to HE-LHC



Summary

- LAPP and LPSC are engaged in a complete set of activities
 - ATLAS hardware,
 - ATLAS software and simulation
 - Physics prospects studies
- Tremendous progress on all fronts!

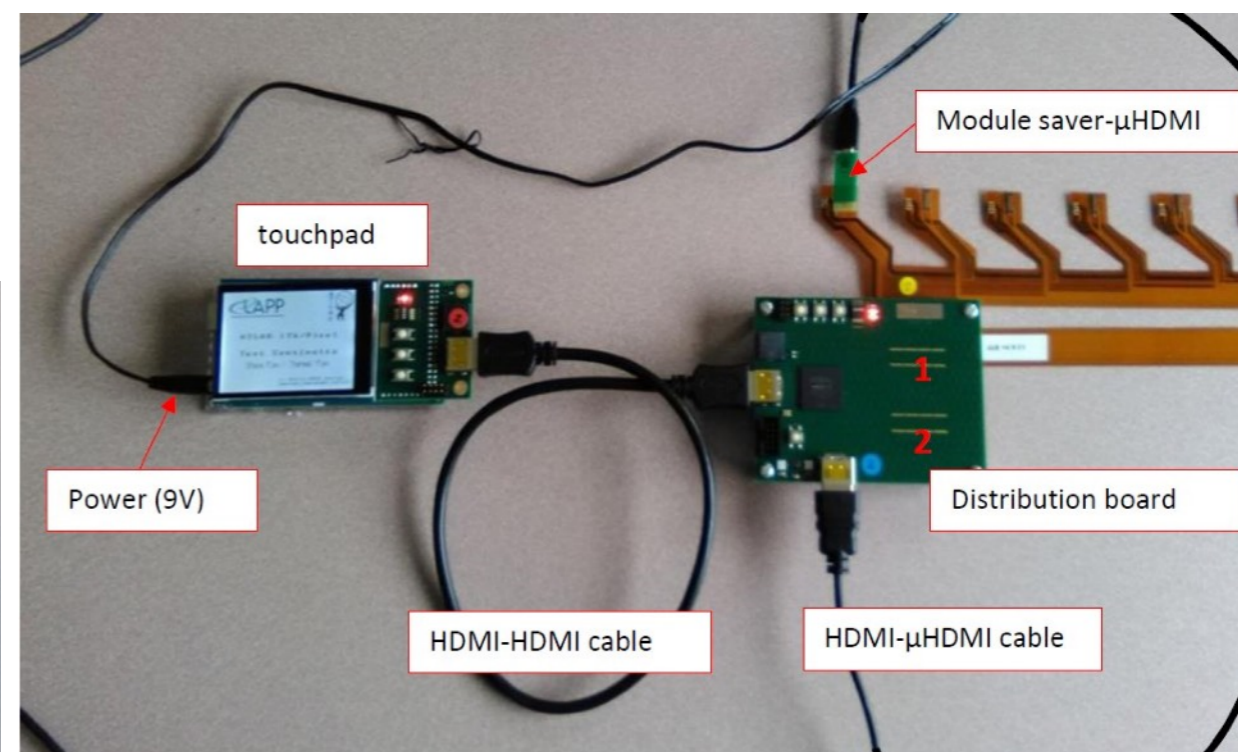
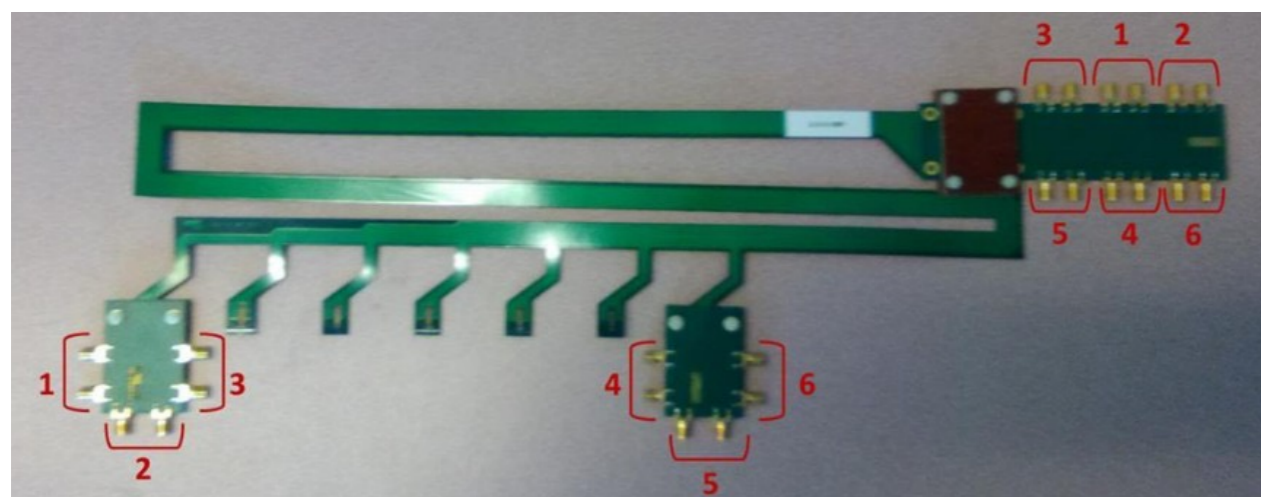
Thank you for your attention!

Detector Upgrade: Demonstrator Stave

- Upgraded outer pixel barrel will have sensors and services mounted on longerons
- Construction of a full scale prototype launched beginning of 2017
 - IN2P3, CERN, Geneva, Germany, Japan collaboration

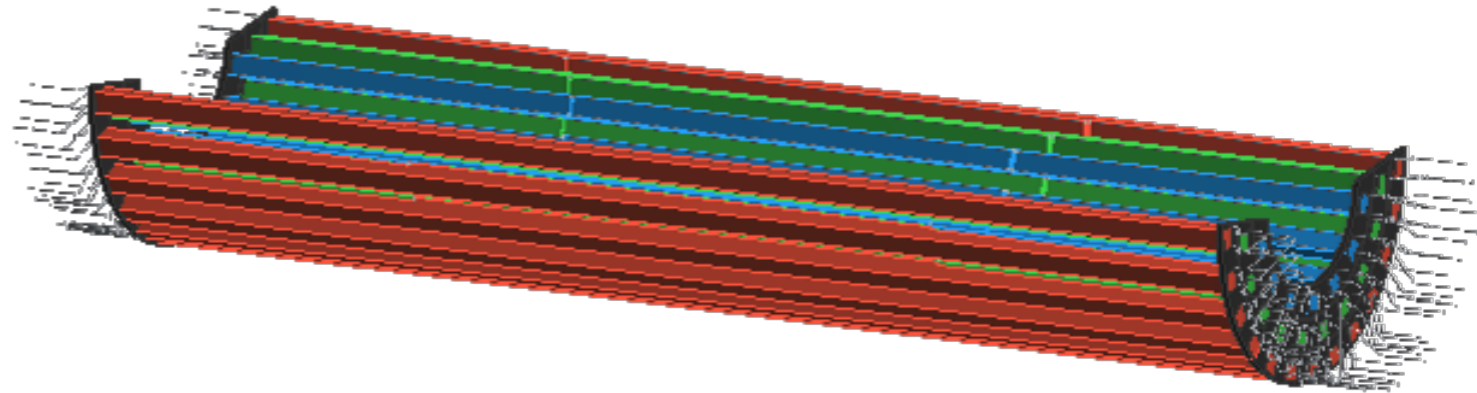
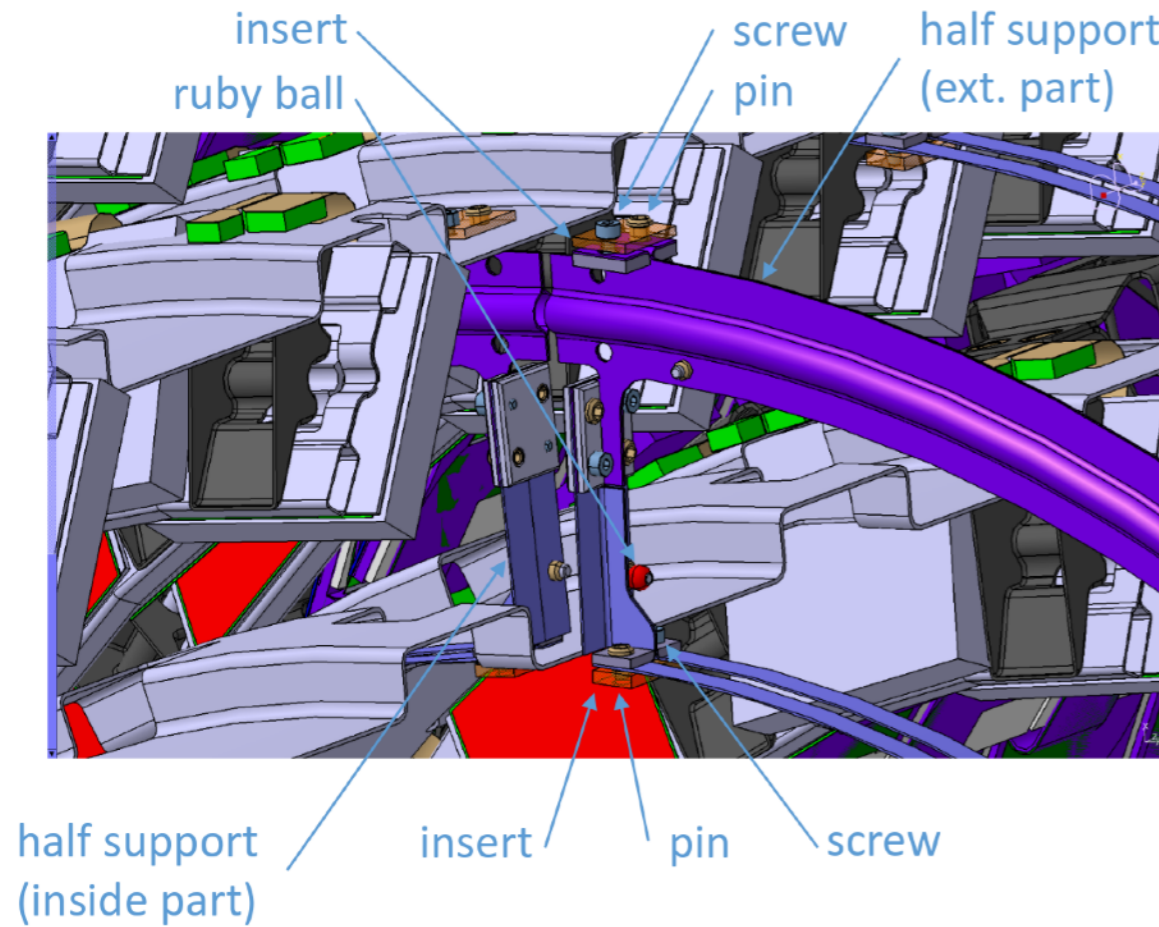


- Data and power routed via stave flexes
 - Design and production by LAPP
 - Design to be finalised in 2019



Detector Upgrade: Mechanical Activities

- LPSC responsible for design and production of intermediate flanges
- LAPP performed extensive work creating accurate models for simulation



- LPSC involved in several activities
- Calibration of heaters for OuterBarrel Pixel Layers

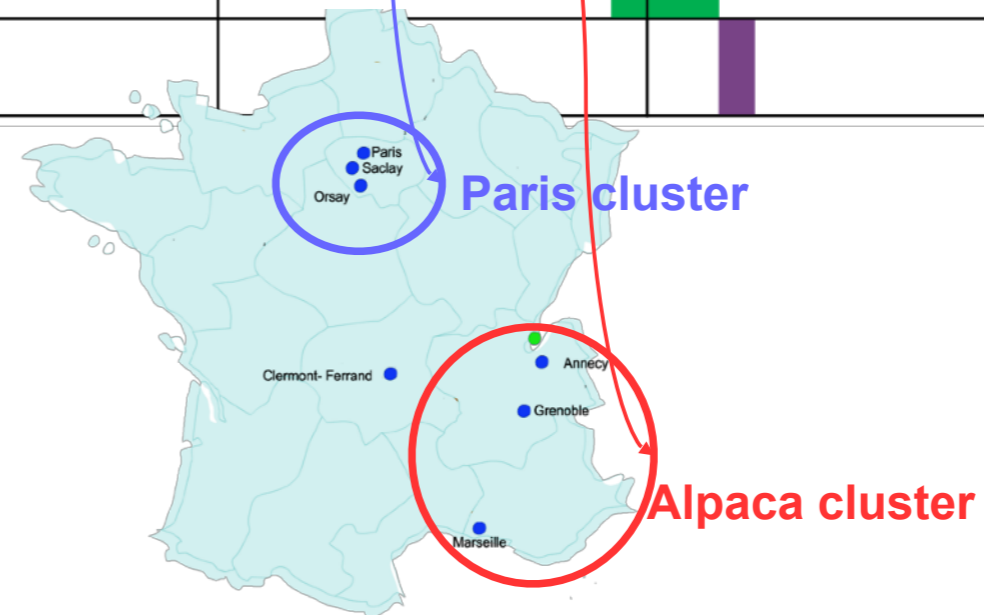


Construction of the Pixel Outer Barrel

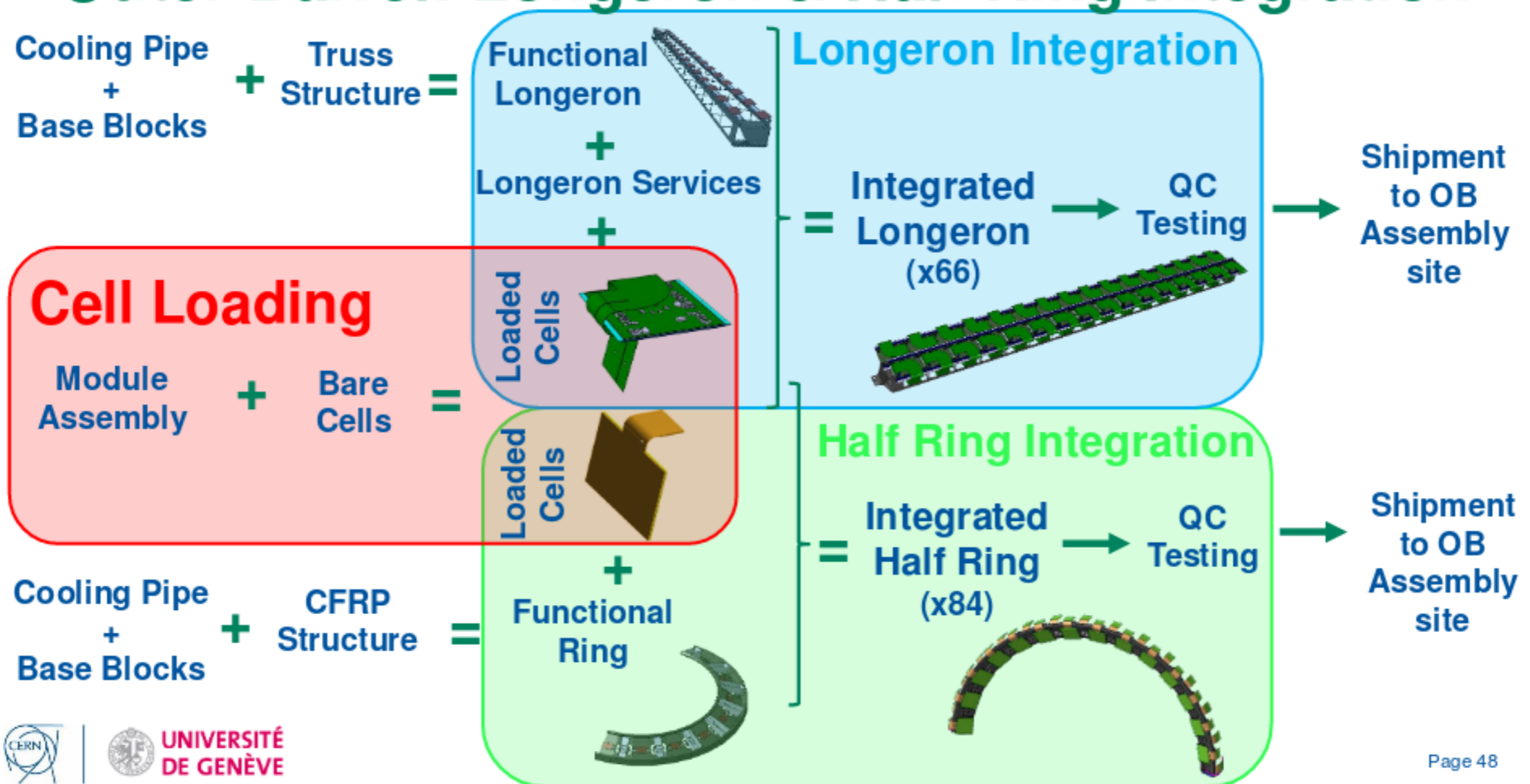
- R&D : 2014-2018
- Preparation of production : 2019-2020
- Production : 2021-2024

	2021												2022												2023												2024																																									
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec																														
Module Assembly & Testing	[Blue bar]												[Blue bar]												[Blue bar]																																																					
Cell Loading; Ring & Longeron Integration				[Red bar]												[Red bar]												[Red bar]																																																		
Outer Barrel Integration and testing (OBH1 & OBH2)						[Yellow bar]												[Yellow bar]												[Yellow bar]																																																
OB Integration with ECs																																					[Green bar]																																									
Outer System Insertion and Testing																																					[Purple bar]																																									

- Other labs :
 - Suisse : CERN, Genève, Bern
 - Allemagne : Bonn, Wuppertal, Gottingen, Siegen, MPI Munich, Dortmund
 - Japon : KEK
 - Norvège : Oslo



Outer Barrel: Longeron & Half Ring Integration



Cell loading/integration (2)

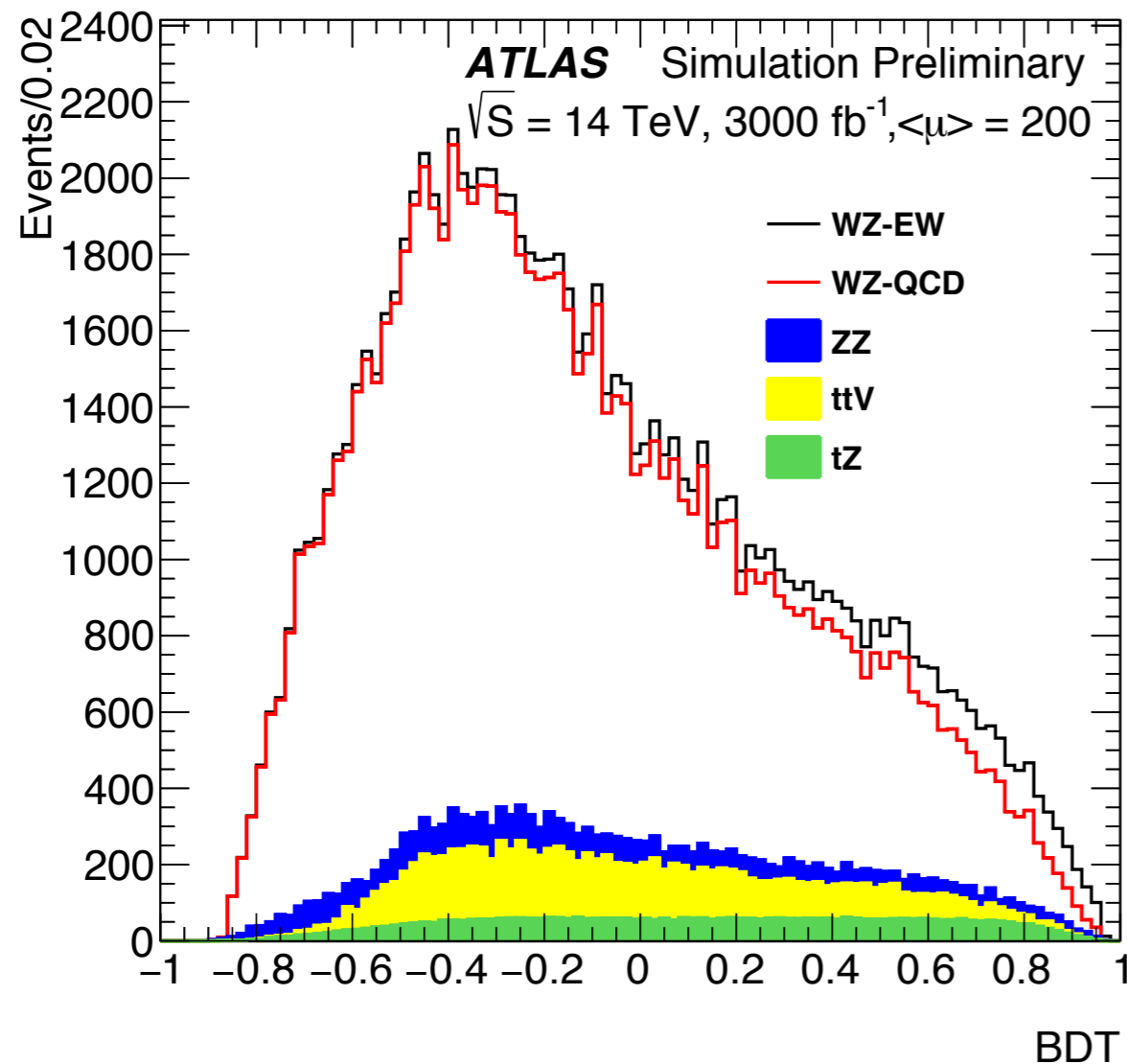
- Number of modules and mechanical supports

Layer	# Module rows in Φ	#Longerons	#Modules per Longeron	#Half Rings	#Modules per Half Ring	# Spare Longerons	# Spare Half Rings	# Modules including spare CLs	# Modules including spares and loading & integration yield
2	32	16	40	24	16	1	1	1080	1200
3	44	22	40	28	22	1	1	1558	1732
4	56	28	40	32	28	1	1	2084	2316
Total		66		84		3	3	4722	5249

- Scheduled sites:
 - 4 sites for cell loading
 - 4 sites for integration of longerons
 - 3 sites for integration of half-rings
- Total time to integrate a longeron: 5 weeks
- Total time to integrate a half-ring: 4 weeks

HL-LHC: Vector boson scattering with WZ

- Vector boson scattering provides probe for electroweak symmetry breaking
- Provides Benchmark for forward detector optimisation
- New note presents prospects for measuring VBS with WZ in fully leptonic final state



- Improvements with extended tracker, timing detector (HGTD)
- Using multivariate techniques
- Polarisation studies

Higgs couplings

- ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-010
- HL-LHC aims allow precision measurements of Higgs boson properties
- Investigations performed on most critical theory uncertainties on Higgs production mechanism
- Presented in June HL/HE-LHC workshop
- Based on extrapolations from Run 2 analysis

