

Polarization measurements with GRETINA

Chris Morse

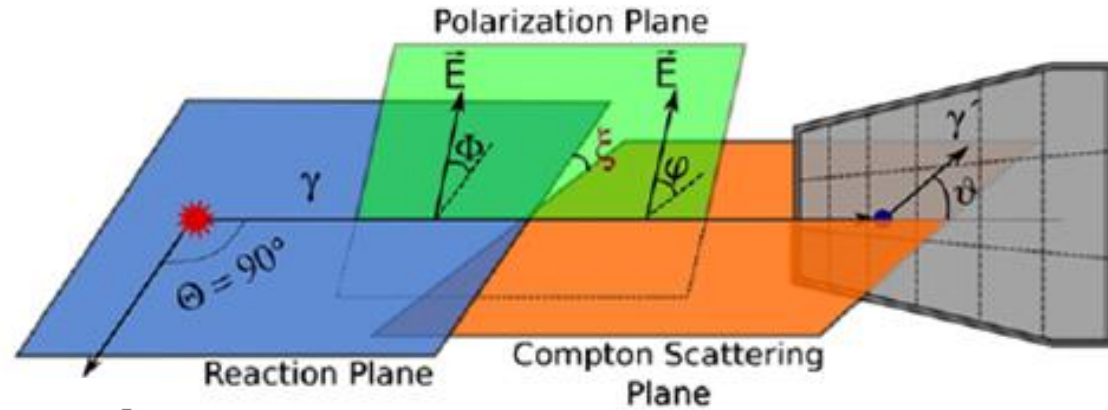
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Introduction

Compton scattering is sensitive to polarization state of photons.

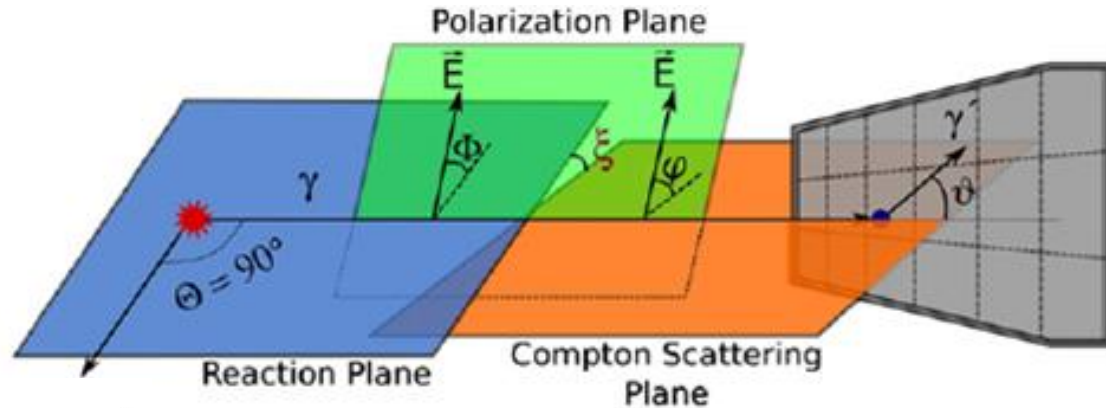


$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{r_0^2}{2} \left(\frac{E'}{E} \right)^2 \left[\frac{E'}{E} + \frac{E}{E'} + \sin^2(\theta)(1 + P \cos(2\varphi)) \right]$$

B. Alikhani et al. NIM A 675 (2012) 144-154

Introduction

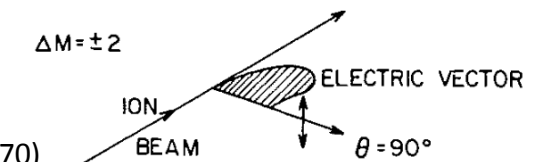
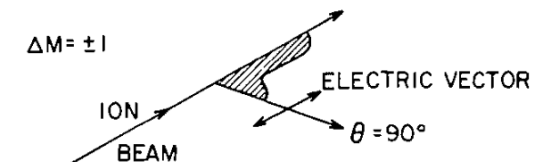
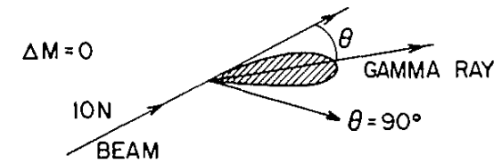
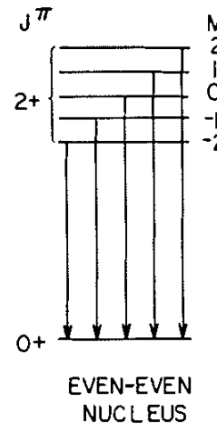
Compton scattering is sensitive to polarization state of photons.



$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{r_0^2}{2} \left(\frac{E'}{E} \right)^2 \left[\frac{E'}{E} + \frac{E}{E'} + \sin^2(\theta)(1 + P \cos(2\varphi)) \right]$$

B. Alikhani et al. NIM A 675 (2012) 144-154

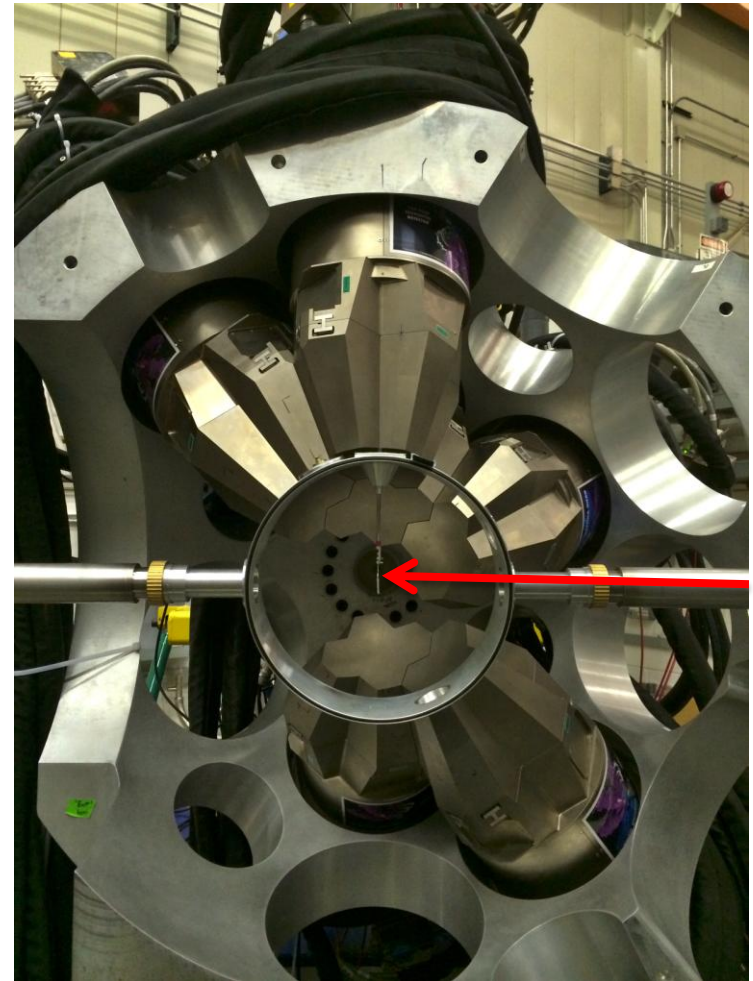
- Photons emitted from a given magnetic substate have a characteristic polarization
- If we can select which substates we populate, we can dictate the polarization state of the emitted photons



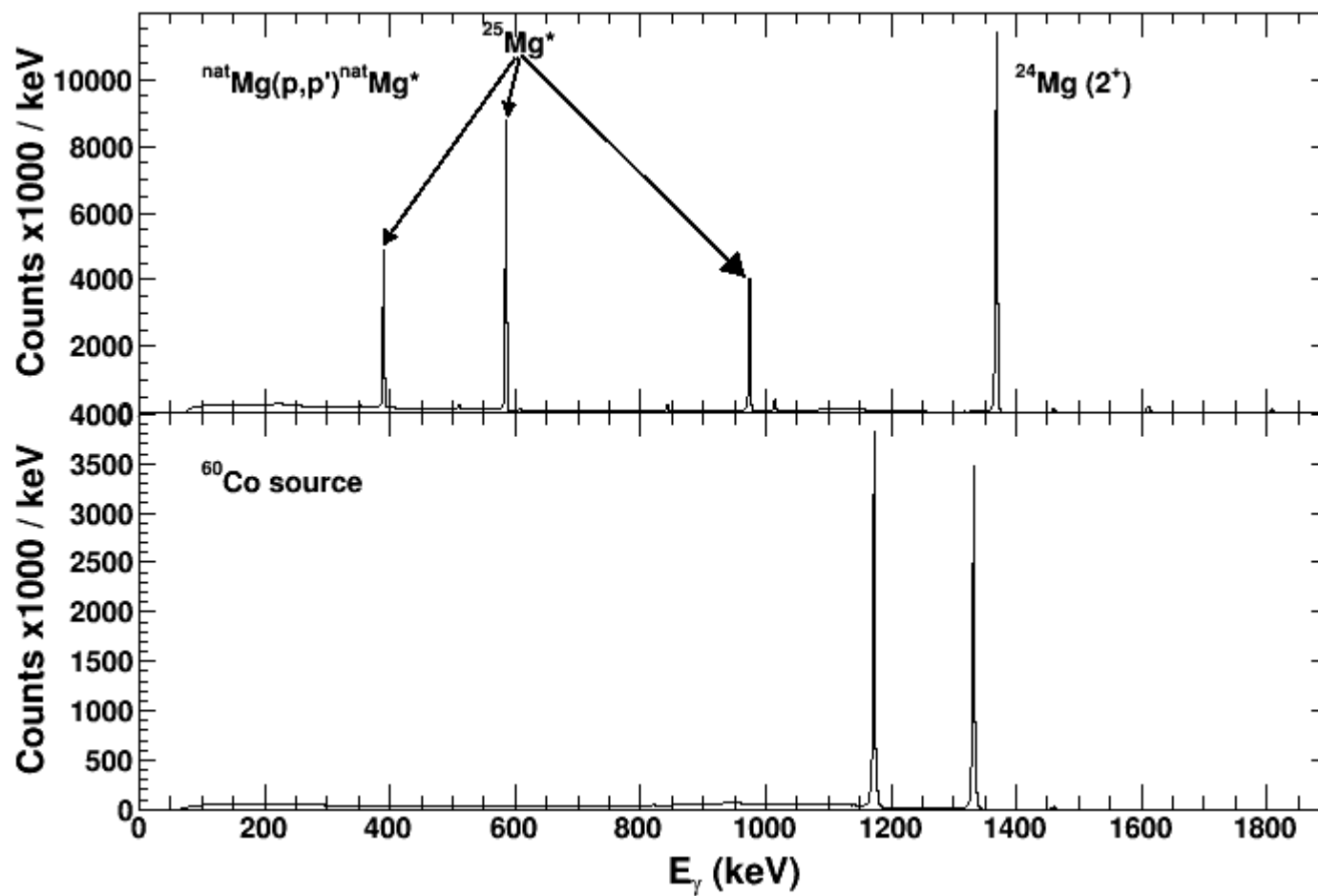
A.E. Litherland et al. Can. J. Phys 48, 2320 (1970)

Setup

- Commissioning experiment @ ANL
- 6 GRETINA modules
 - 1 module at 58 degrees
 - 3 modules at 90 degrees
 - 2 modules at 122 degrees
- Reaction: $^{24}\text{Mg}(p,p')^{24}\text{Mg}^*$
 - Proton energy: 2.45 MeV
 - Populates 2^+ state at 1.386 MeV
 - $L = |\vec{r} \times \vec{p}| \approx 1\hbar$
 - Selects only $M = 0, \pm 1$ substates
- Normalization: 1.332 MeV γ ray from ^{60}Co as source of unpolarized photons

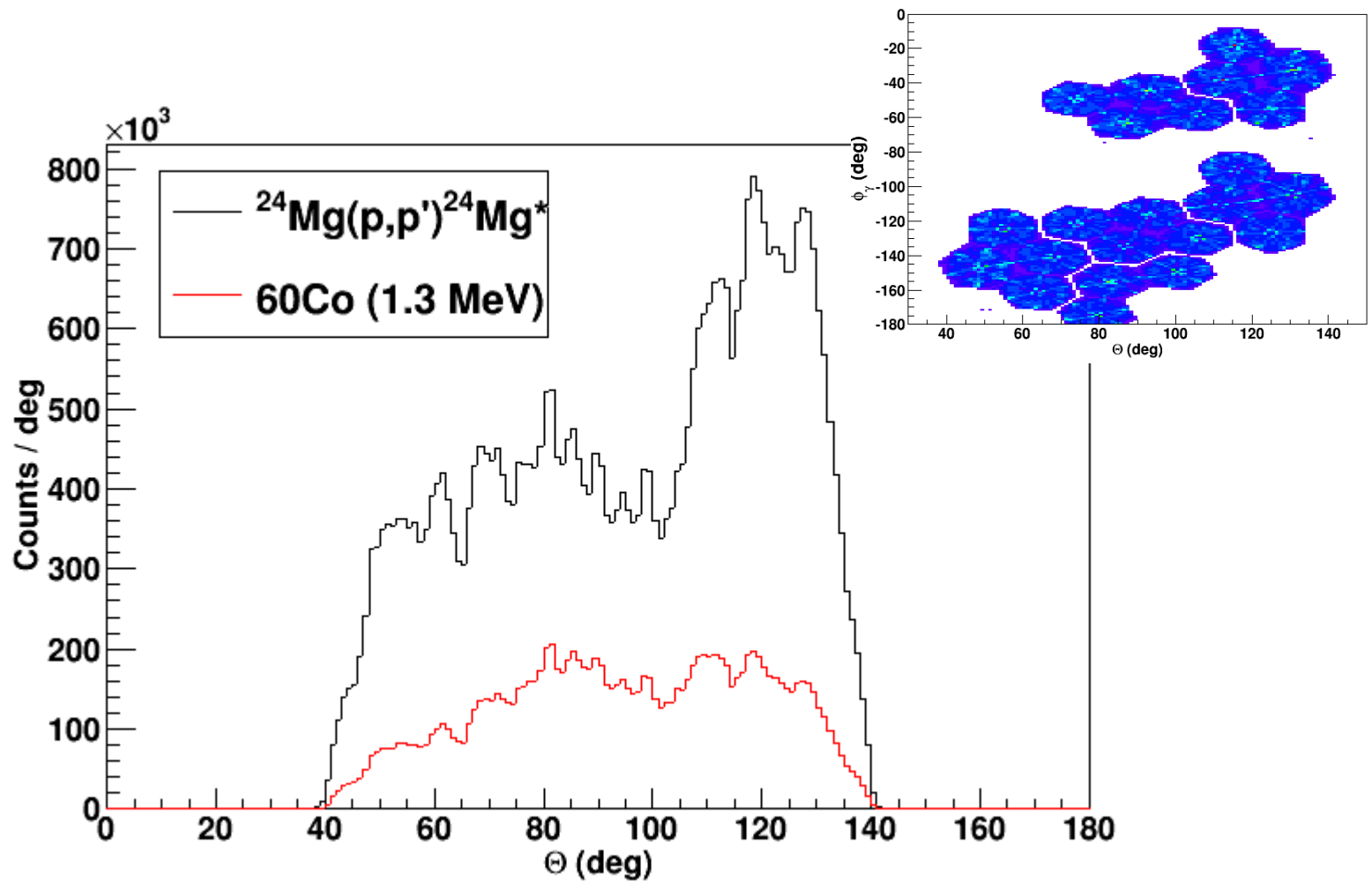


Data



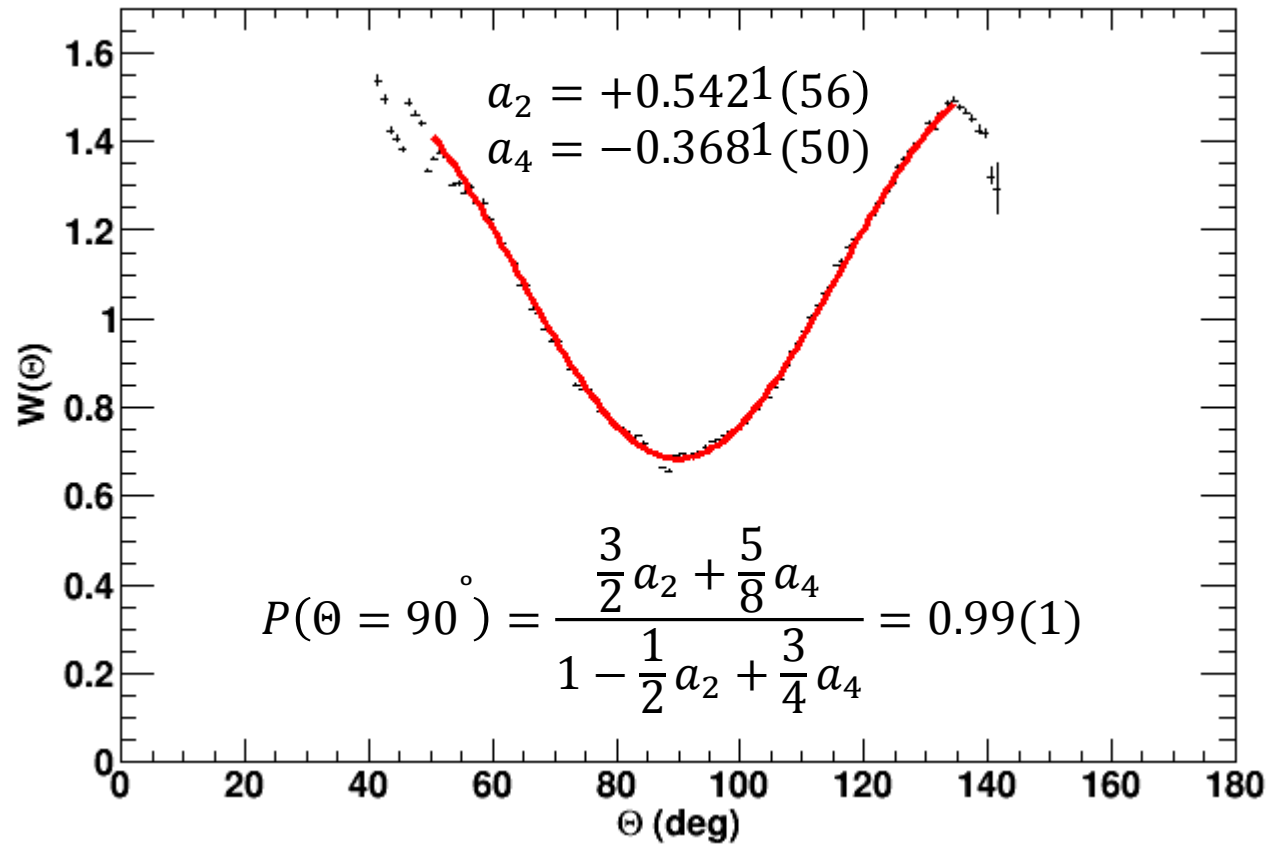
N.B. Tracked data

First interaction point



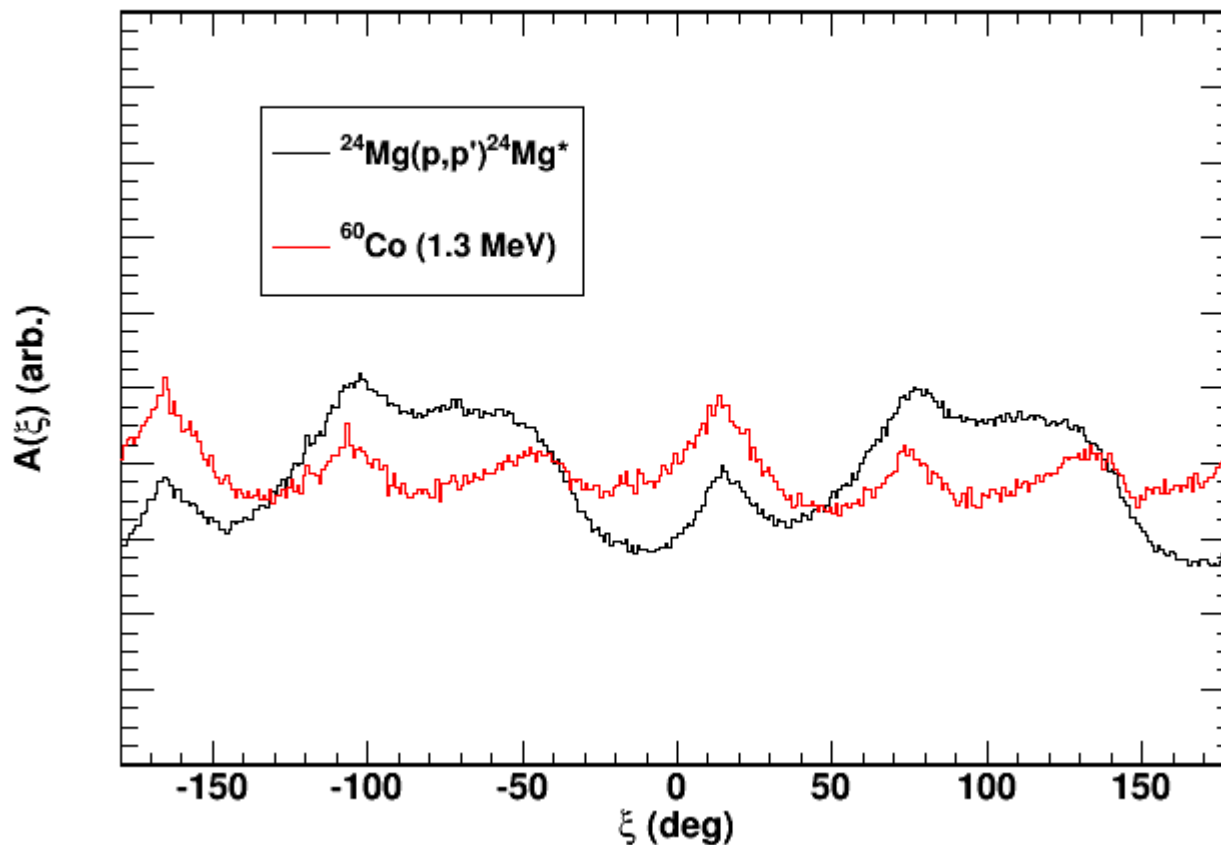
Angular distribution

$$W(\Theta) = \sum_{\substack{k=0 \\ \text{even}}}^4 a_k P_k(\cos \Theta)$$



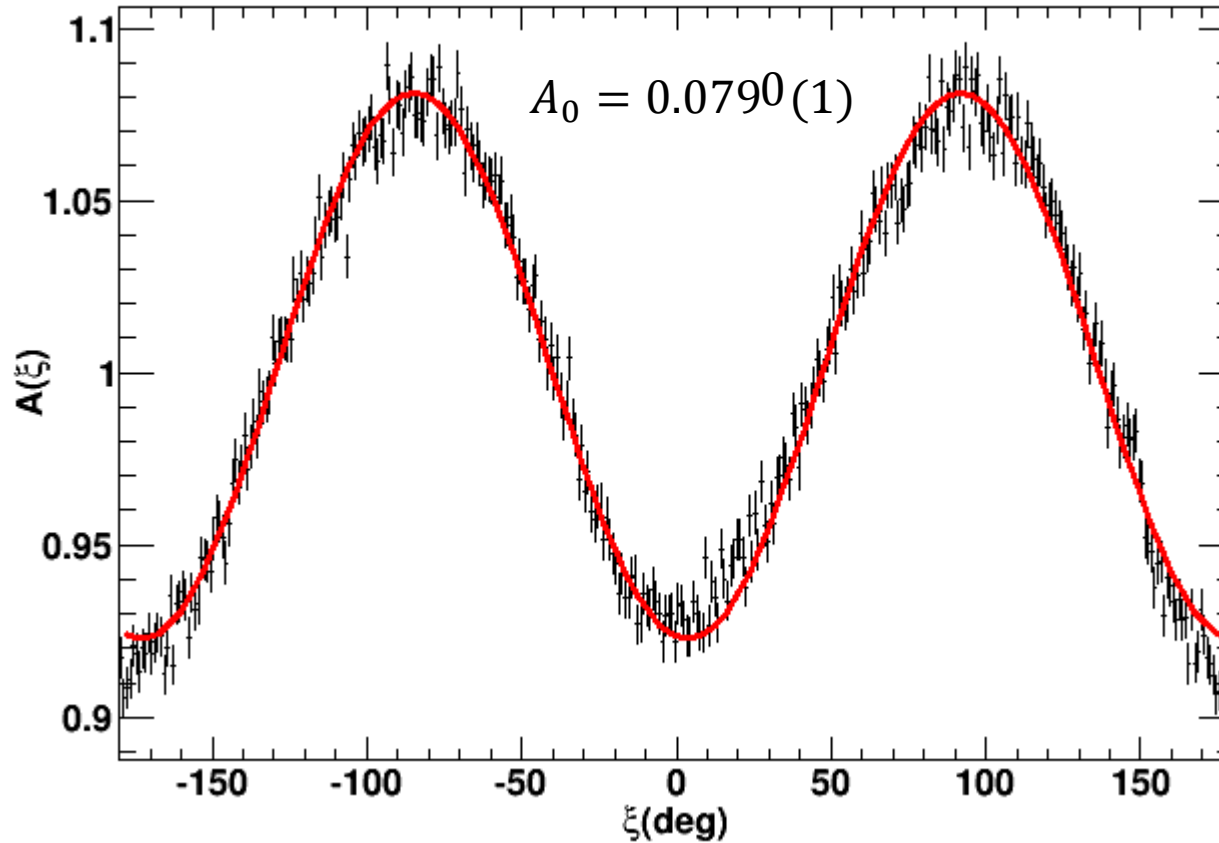
B. Schlitt et al. NIM A337 (1994) 416

Compton scattering asymmetry



Compton scattering asymmetry

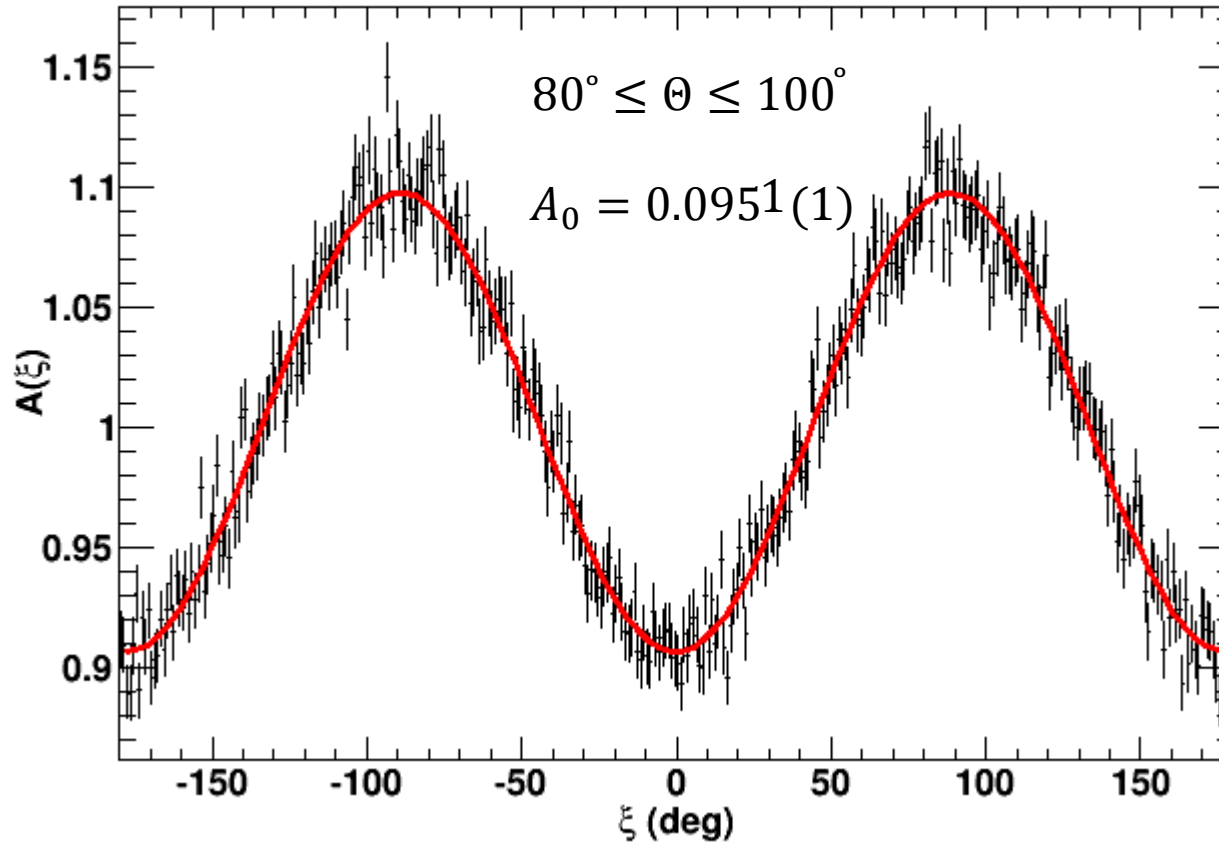
$$A(\xi) = A_0 \cos^S(2\xi) = \frac{1}{2} QP(\Theta) \cos^S(2\xi)$$



B. Alikhani et al. NIM A675 (2012) 144

Compton scattering asymmetry

$$A(\xi) = A_0 \cos^S(2\xi) = \frac{1}{2} QP(\Theta) \cos^S(2\xi)$$

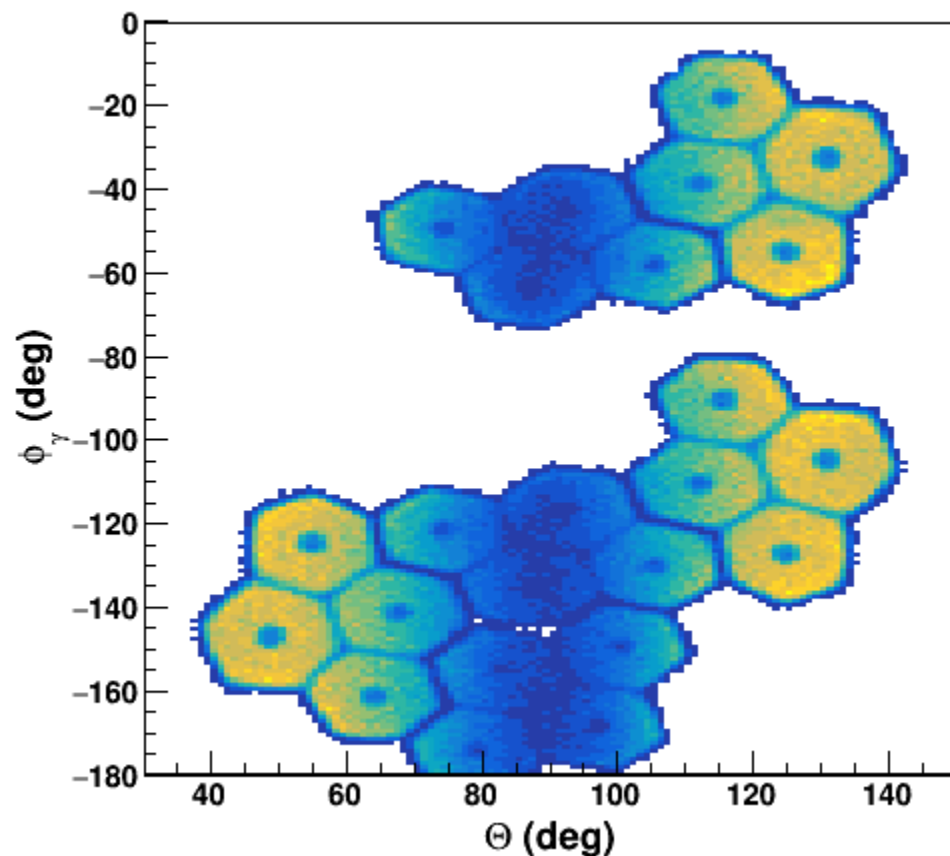
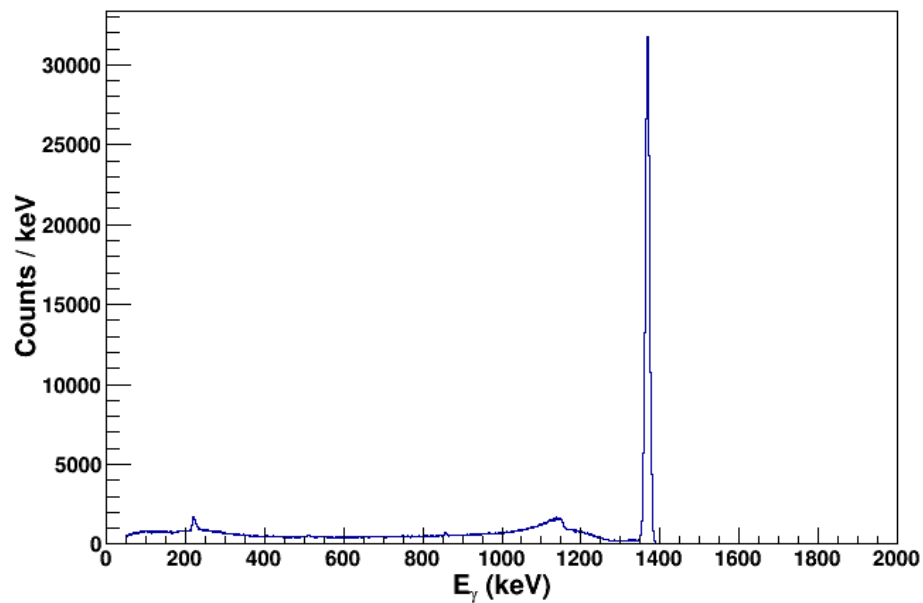


$$P(\Theta = 90^\circ) = 1 \rightarrow Q = 0.19^2(2)$$

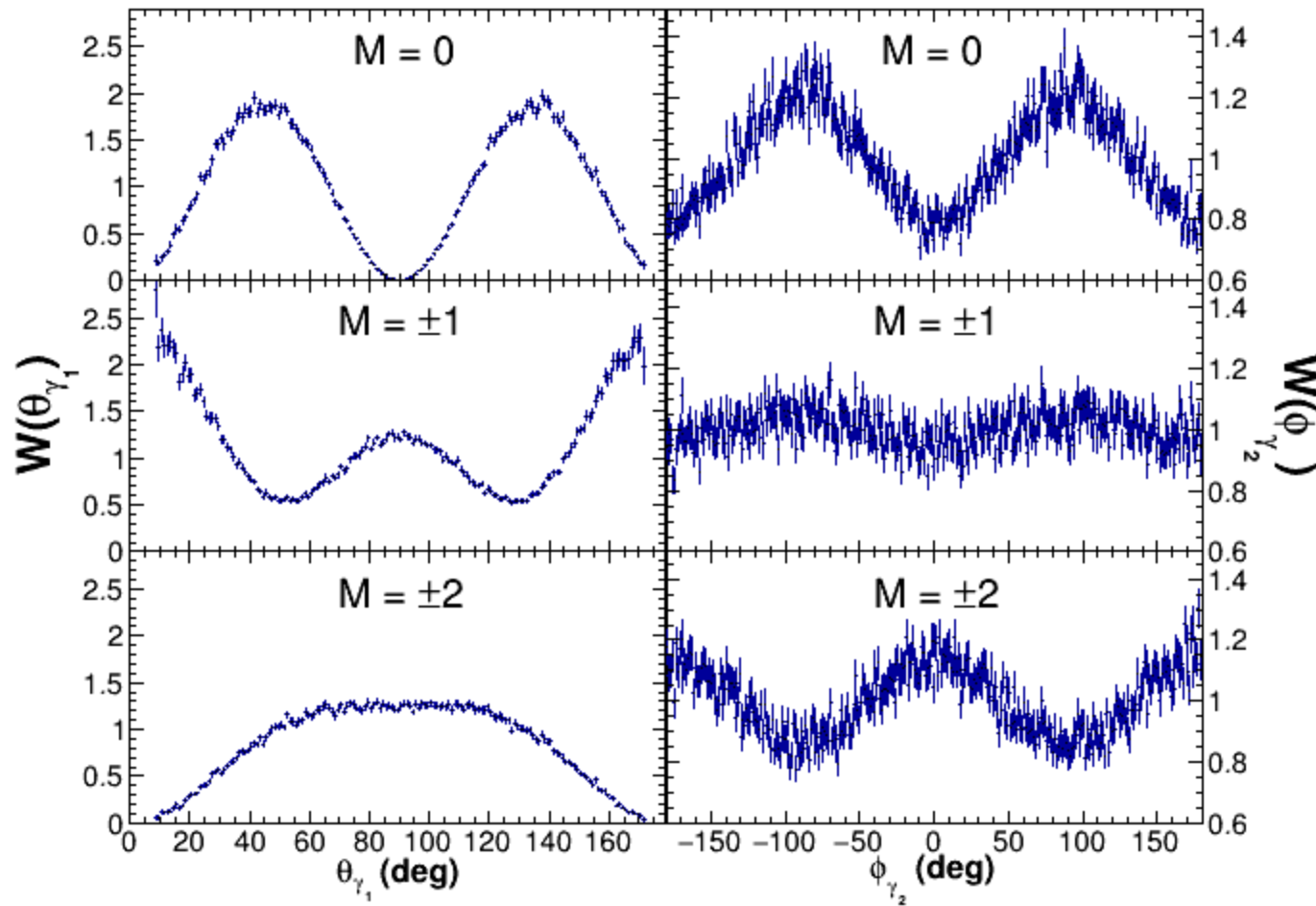
B. Alikhani et al. NIM A675 (2012) 144

Geant4 simulations

- Extension of UCGretina package
- Now includes polarized photons



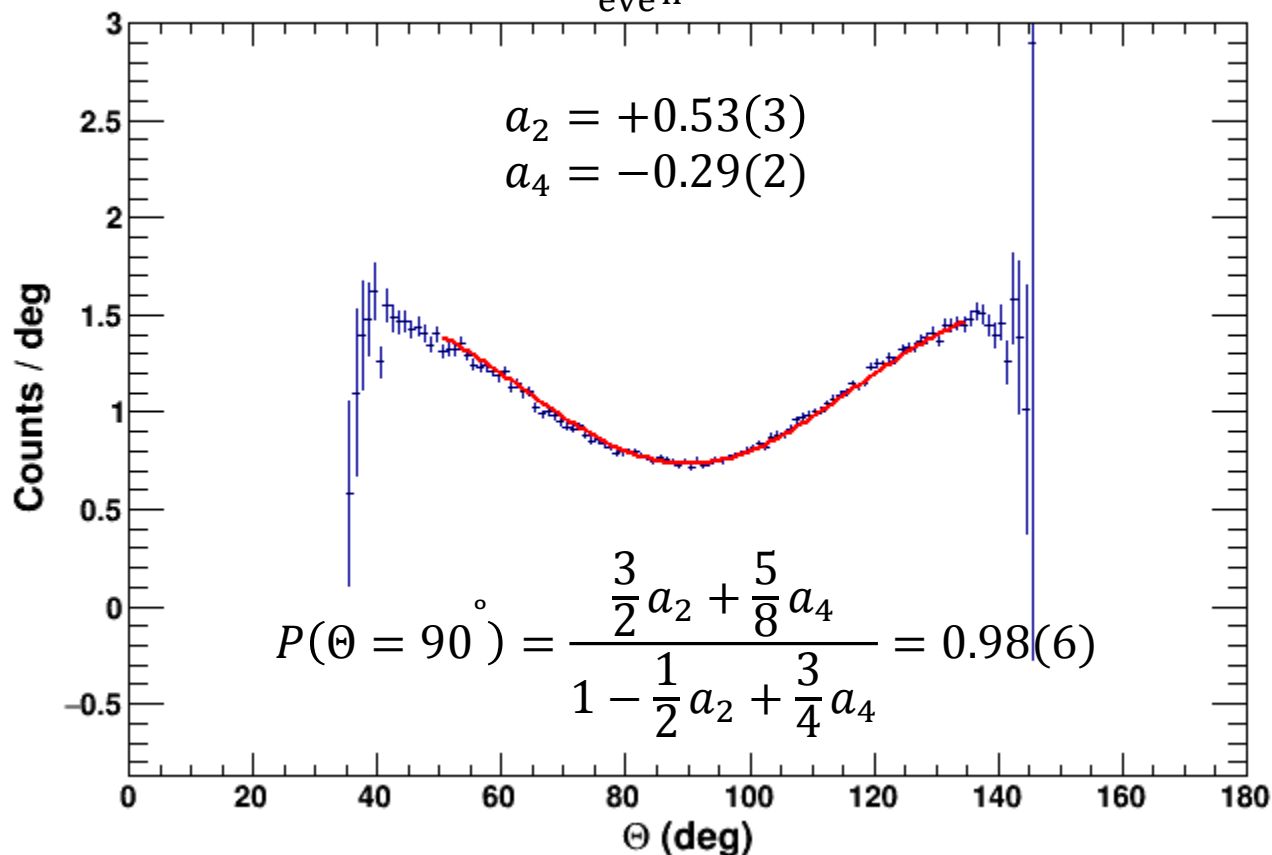
Geant4 simulations



N.B. This is the full GRETA complement of detectors

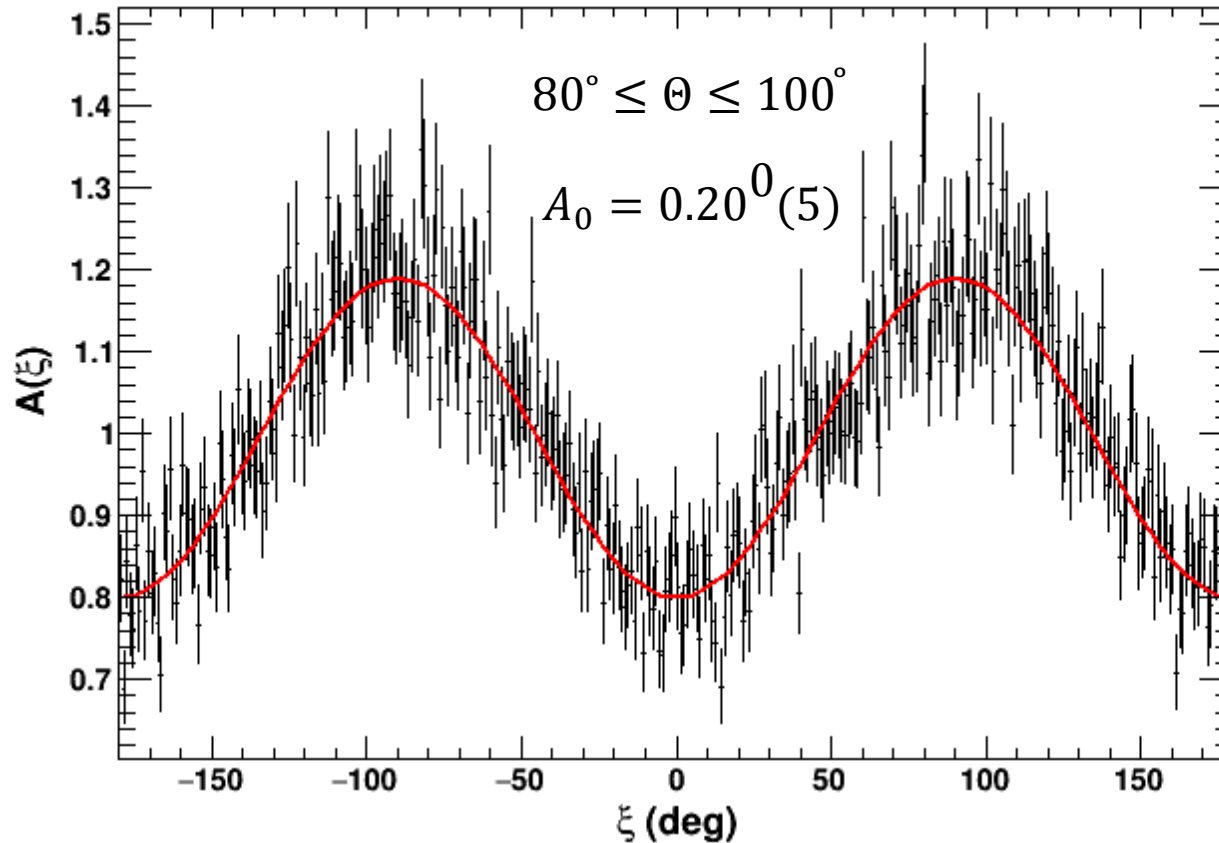
Simulated angular distribution

$$W(\Theta) = \sum_{\substack{k=0 \\ \text{even}}}^4 a_k P_k(\cos \Theta)$$



Compton scattering asymmetry

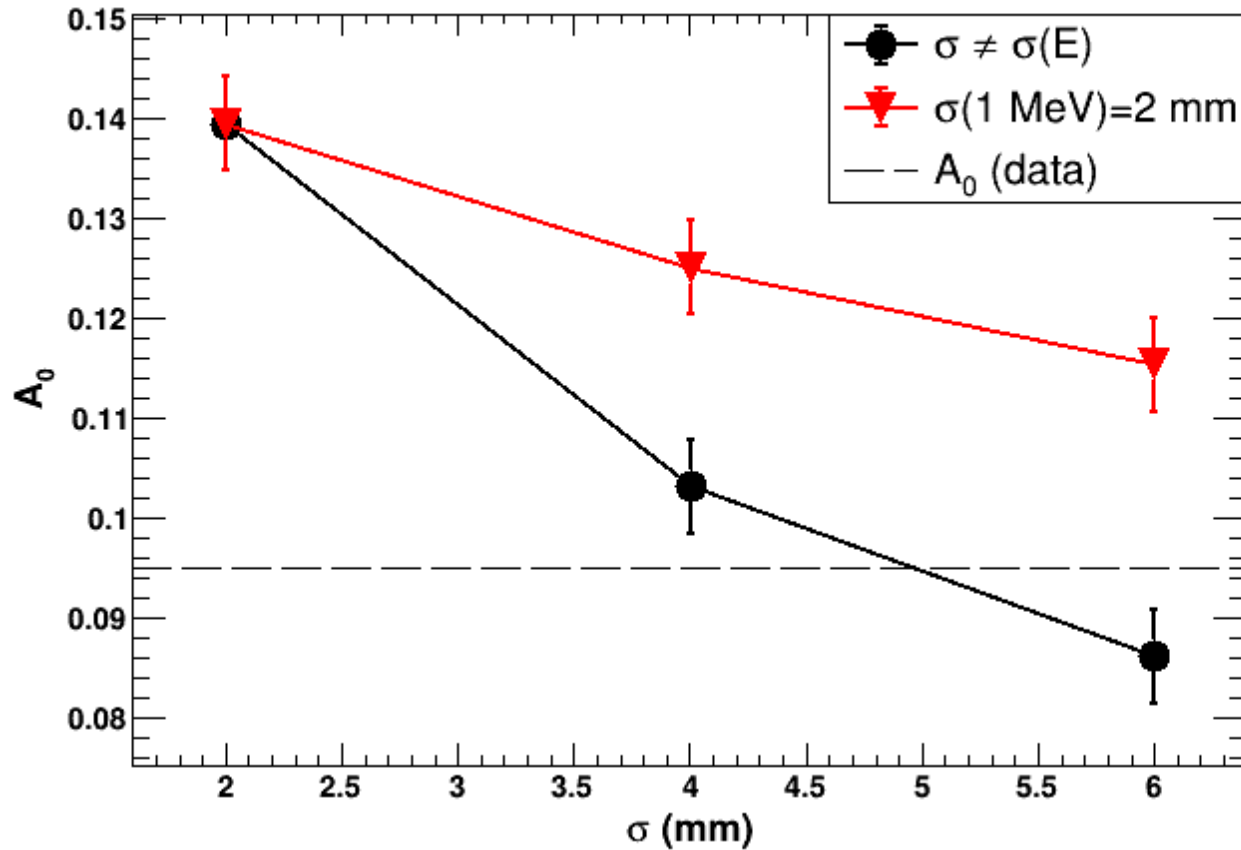
$$A(\xi) = A_0 \cos^S(2\xi) = \frac{1}{2} QP(\Theta) \cos^S(2\xi)$$



$$P(\Theta = 90^\circ) = 1 \rightarrow Q = 0.40(1)$$

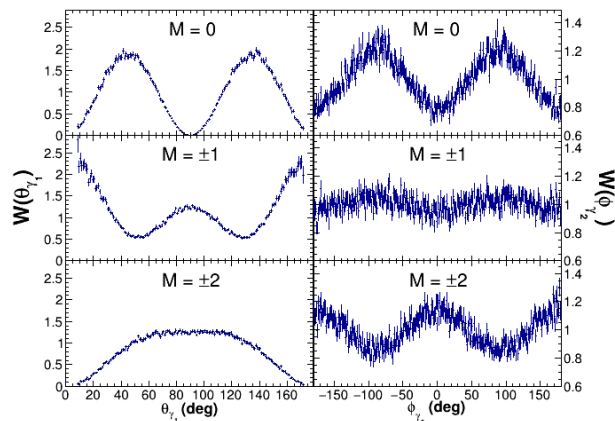
B. Alikhani et al. NIM A675 (2012) 144

Position resolution

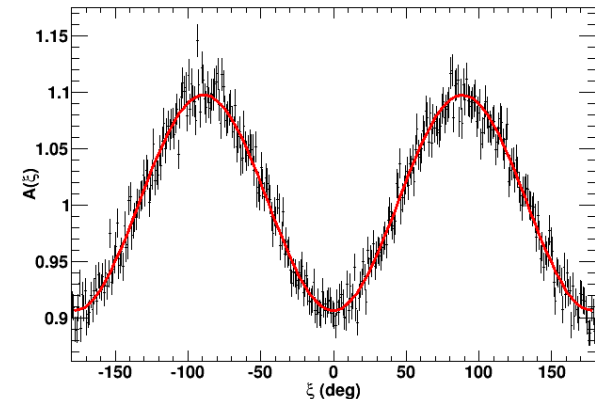


Summary

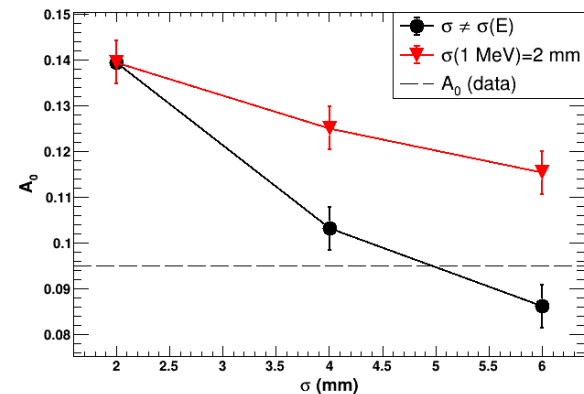
Determined polarization sensitivity of GRETINA
 $Q = 0.19^2(2)$



Can use simulation to understand performance
 of tracking and signal decomposition



Geant4 simulation now exists with full
 treatment of polarized photons



Acknowledgements

A. Wiens, A.O. Macchiavelli, M. Albers, A.D. Ayangeakaa, P.C. Bender, C.M. Campbell, M.P. Carpenter, P. Chowdhury, R.M. Clark, H.L. Crawford, M. Cromaz, H.M. David, R. Dungan, P. Fallon, T. Lauritsen, I.-Y. Lee, C.J. Lister, E. Merchan, D. Miller, V. Prasher, J. Rissanen, S.L. Tabor, P.L. Tai, D. Weisshaar, S. Zhu

