



The Importance of Being.. ..Far From Thermal Equilibrium

Marco Schiro' CNRS-IPhT Saclay





IPhT Colloque, Isle-sur-la-Sorgue Oct 2018



Scene - A Room in Sir Harry Collingwood's House.

Time - The Present

Programme of Music.

MARCH					. "Cannon"				. Gung'l
MAZURKA					"La Trigune				. Louis Ganne
VALSE					. " Enfin Seuls '	• •			A. M. Fechner
CANZONETT	FA .								. B. Godard
VALSE .			,		" Acclamations	"			E. Waldtenfel
OVERTURE		,			" Raymond "		1		. A. Thomas
DANSE					" Glave "			1	. L. Gregh
IST MAZUR	KA								L. Gregh
WALTZ					Summer Time	**			. Ed. Hesse

The Furniture by FRANK GILES & Co., High Street, Kensington. The Wigs by W. CLARKSON. The Scenery by H. P. HALL and WALTER HANN.

NO FEES. The Theatre is Lighted by Electricity. NO FEES.

The Attendants are strictly forbidden to accept gratuities, and are liable to instant dismissal should they do so.

Visitors to the Theatre are carnestly begged to assist the Management in carrying out a regulation framed for their comfort and convenience.

The Etchings and Engravings in the corridors and vestibule supplied and arranged by I. P. MENDOZA, King Street, St. James's. The Floral Decorations by REID & Co., King Street, St. James's. Photographs of the Artistes appearing at this Theatre, can be obtained of ALFRED ELLIS, 20, Upper Baker Street, N.W.

MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AT 3.

Doors open at 2.30. Carriages at 4.45.

PRICES :--Private Boxes, £1 113. 6d. to £4 4s. Stalls, 108. 6d. Dress Circle, 7s. Upper Boxes, Numbered and Reserved (Bonnets allowed), 4s. Pit, 2s. 6d. Gallery, 1s. Doors open at 8. Commence at 8.20. Carriages at 10.45. Box Office (Mr. ARNOLD) open daily from 10 till 5 o'clock, and 8 till 10 p.m. Seats can be booked one month in advance by Letter or Telegram, or Telephone No. 3903.





The Importance of Being Far From Thermal Equilibrium

A non-trivial StatMech Comedy for Serious Condensed Matter People

written by Marco Schiro' CNRS-IPhT Saclay





IPhT Colloque, Isle-sur-la-Sorgue Oct 2018

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Olivier Parcollet, Gregoire Misguich, Pierfrancesco Urbani, Giulio Biroli,..



Equilibrium vs Non-Equilibrium Quantum Systems

Fheoretical Challenges and Open Questions

Few Examples

Quantum Mechanics + Statistical Physics



Main Focus (so far): Physics at/close-to Thermal Equilibrium

🗹 Linear-Response Regime

Linear Response & Fluctuation-Dissipation Theorem

- External Perturbation
- $H(t) = H + V_{ext}(t) \qquad V_{ext}(t) = f(t) A$
- Fixpand to linear order in $V_{ext}(t)$

$$\langle A(t) \rangle = \langle A \rangle_0 + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \chi(t - t') f(t')$$



Ryogo Kubo, Boltzmann Medal 1977

Response Function

$$\chi(t - t') = -\frac{i}{\hbar}\theta(t - t')\langle [A(t), A(t')] \rangle_0$$

Fluctuation-Dissipation Theorem

$$F(t) = \frac{1}{2} \langle \{A(t), A(0)\} \rangle_0 = \frac{\hbar}{2} \int dt e^{-i\omega t} \coth(\beta \hbar \omega/2) \operatorname{Im} \chi(\omega)$$

Classical Systems Out of Equilibrium

Emergent Behavior Far From Equilibrium, Non-Linearities&Noise

Aging and Slow Dynamics in Glasses



Dynamic Critical Phenomena

Turbulent Flow



So what about Quantum Systems far from Equilibrium?

Fresh New Input From Experiments...

Condensed Matter

Electrons in Solids under ultrafast optical fields





Neutral Atoms Trapped in Optical Lattices





Arrays of coupled non-linear CQED cavities

Controlling Phases of Matter in New Ways

Light-Induced Superconductivity in a Stripe-Ordered Cuprate

D. Fausti,^{1,2}*†‡ R. I. Tobey,²†§ N. Dean,^{1,2} S. Kaiser,¹ A. Dienst,² M. C. Hoffmann,¹ S. Pyon,³ T. Takayama,³ H. Takagi,^{3,4} A. Cavalleri^{1,2}*

D. Fausti et al, Science (2011)



Quantum Simulation: Engineering New Phases of "Synthetic" Quantum Matter





M. Greiner et al, Nature (2002)

Theorist's Dream

Use non-equilibrium perturbations as new knob to control/ stabilize/create new quantum phases of matter Theoretical Challenges in Quantum Many-Body Systems Far From Equilibrium

Equilibrium vs Non-Equilibrium

- The "Equilibrium Framework":
 - Physical Intuition: Ground State and Low-Lying Excitations dominates the Physics
 - Universality, Renormalization Group, Critical Phenomena, ...
- Non-equilibrium effects challenge this picture!
 - Perturbation couple low-energy/high-energy sectors
 Spectrum AND Occupations are unknown
- Different Flavors of Quantum "Non-Equilibrium"
 Closed Quantum Systems (Unitary Dynamics)
 Driven and Dissipative Systems (Open Quantum Systems)





Field Theory Perspective

Crucial in Equilibrium: Gell-Mann&Low Theorem

(under adiabatic switching assumption)

- No longer true away-from-equilibrium!
- QFT on the "Keldysh" Contour, two fields +/- $\psi_{\alpha}(x)$





 $\langle +\infty | -\infty \rangle = e^{-2i\delta}$

 $\langle -\infty |S[+\infty, -\infty]| - \infty \rangle = e^{2i\delta}$

Leonid Keldysh

No reference to the state at distant future

Two (independent) Green's functions: Retarded(spectrum) and Keldysh(statistics)

Recover the "De Dominicis" Field Theory (MSRJD) in the classical limit

Quantum Heating

Physical intuition (Semi-classics, Quantum Boltzmann Equation):

Interactions induce scattering, loss of memory of initial condition



$$\frac{dn_{\mathbf{k}}}{dt} = I_{coll}[n_{\mathbf{k}}(t)]$$
$$I_{coll}[n_{\mathbf{k}}(t)] = -\sum_{k_1, p, p_1} W_{k, k_1}^{p, p_1}[n_k(t)n_{k_1}(t)(1 - n_p(t))(1 - n_{p_1}(t)) - (1 - n_k(t))(1 - n_{k_1}(t))n_p(t)n_{p_1}(t)]$$

Non-equilibrium perturbation drives the system to another (''effective'') equilibrium...

...usually "hotter"! $E_{exc} = E_0 - E_{gs} \sim \varepsilon_{exc} L^d > 0$

In modern terms: "Typical" (High-Energy) Excited States are "Thermal" (ETH)

Quantum Mechanics at Finite Temperature? (Boring)

Can Quantum Many Body Effects Survive Far From-Equilibrium?

Three Examples..

Shaking: Periodically Driven Quantum Many Body Systems

Introduce Randomness: Many Body Localization

Take a Cold Bath: Open-Dissipative Quantum Systems







Periodically Driven Interacting Fermions $H(t) = -\sum_{\langle ij\rangle} V_{ij} c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger} c_{j\sigma} + U(t) \sum_{i} (n_i - 1)^2$ $|\Psi(t=0)\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle \qquad \int^U(t)$ $= U_0 + \delta U \sin \Omega t$ $\bigcup U(t)$ U_0 $i\partial_t |\Psi(t)\rangle = H(t)|\Psi(t)\rangle$ $O(t) = \langle \Psi(t)|O|\Psi(t)\rangle$

Unitary Quantum Dynamics (closed system, no external bath) Pure states remain pure! $\rho(t) = |\Psi(t)\rangle\langle\Psi(t)|$ $\operatorname{Tr}\rho^{2}(t) = \operatorname{Tr}\rho_{0} = 1$ Quantum Mechanics is linear! Focus: "Local" Observables

Linear Response To Periodic Drive

$$H = H_0 + f(t)A$$
$$\langle A \rangle_t - \langle A \rangle_{eq} = \int dt' \chi(t - t') f(t')$$

$$\int (t)$$

 $f(\mathbf{I})$

Periodic Perturbation with sudden switch $f(t) = \theta(t) f_0 \sin \Omega t$

$$\langle A \rangle_t - \langle A \rangle_{eq} \stackrel{t \to \infty}{\longrightarrow} f_0 \left(\chi'(\Omega) \sin \Omega t - \chi''(\Omega) \cos \Omega t \right)$$

Rate of Energy Absorption..
$$\dot{E} = \langle \frac{dH}{dt} \rangle = \dot{f} \langle A \rangle$$

 ..Over a Period

$$E(nT) - E(0) = -\chi''(\Omega)nT > 0$$

Eventually an ergodic/non-integrable system will thermalize to infinite temperature...unless...

(Floquet) Pre-Thermalization



Originally introduced in the context of high-energy physics (heavy ions collisions) and quantum quenches/thermalization of isolated systems

• M.Schiro, M. Fabrizio (2010-2012)

Periodic Driving:

 ${}^{\circ}$ High-frequency driving regime $\Omega
ightarrow \infty$ ${}^{\circ}$ Bukov, D'Alessio, Polkovnikov Adv Phys (2015) ${}^{\circ}$ Abanin, De Roeck, Wei Ho, Huveneers (2015-2017)

- F Heating is exponentially slow, energy is quasi conserved for $t \ll au_* \sim e^{C\Omega}$
- $rac{1}{2}$ Floquet Hamiltonian local (non-ergodic) controlling dynamics up to $~ au_{*}$
- Here: A New Mechanism for Floquet Prethermalization: Strong Correlations!

Nonequilibrium Dynamical Mean Field Theory A.Georges et al, RMP (1996) Aoki et al, RMP (2014) $H(t) = \sum H_i^{loc}(t) + V \sum c_i^{\dagger} c_j$ **Coordination Number** \boldsymbol{Z} Diagrammatics become "local" in $z ightarrow \infty$ Solid: crystal lattice of atoms $U_{hubbard}$ $V \to V/\sqrt{z}$ $\Sigma_{ij}(\omega) \to \delta_{ij}\Sigma(\omega)$ Atom Exact Mapping on a Quantum Impurity Model in a self-consistent bath Effective (Keldysh) Action -0C $i\mathcal{S}_{eff} = i\mathcal{S}_{loc} + \int_{\mathcal{O}} dt dt' \sum c_{\sigma}(t) \Delta_{\sigma}(t,t') c_{\sigma}^{\dagger}(t')$ $G_{\sigma}(t,t') = -i\langle T_C c_{\sigma}(t) c_{\sigma}^{\dagger}(t') \rangle_{\mathcal{S}_{eff}}$ $\Delta_{\sigma}(t,t') = F[G_{\sigma}(t,t')]$

... but the bath is <u>out of equilibrium</u>!!

Periodically Driven Fermi Hubbard Model • F. Peronaci, M. Schiro', O. Parcollet, PRL (2018)



Thermalization strongly depends on interaction and drive frequency/amplitude

Sharp "Dynamical" Transitions between different Thermalization Regimes

Future Directions:

Couple to a Bath, Include Phonons, Broken Symmetries,...



Ω

Ω

Can Quantum Thermalization Fully Break Down?

Quenched Disorder and Anderson Localization

- Localized System: No Diffusion, No Transport
- Ergodicity Breaking due to Quantum Interference
- Robust to Interactions and Finite "Temperature":

Many Body Localization (MBL)

Basko, Aleiner, Altshuler 2006



MBL is a new quantum phase of matter with unusual properties due to breakdown of thermalization

(Few) Consequences of MBL..

Broken Symmetries in Low Dimensions, Low Eigenstates Entanglement at High Energy

Persistent Memory of Initial Condition, No Heating Under Perturbations,...

Phenomenology of MBL Systems

Huse, Oganesyan (2013) & Serbyn, Papic, Abanin (2013)

$$H_{XXZ} = J\sum_{i} \left(c_i^{\dagger} c_i + hc \right) + \Delta \sum_{i} n_i n_{i+1} + \sum_{i} h_i n_i$$

Solution Local Integral of Motions $[H_{eff}, n_i] = 0 = [n_i, n_j]$

$$H_{eff}[\{n\}] = \sum_{i} h_{i}n_{i} + \sum_{ij} J_{ij}n_{i}n_{j} + \sum_{ijk} J_{ijk}n_{i}n_{j}n_{k} + \dots$$
$$J_{ij} \sim \exp(|i - j|/\xi) \quad J_{ijk} \sim \exp(-\max(r_{ij}, r_{ik}, r_{jk})/\xi)$$

(Few) Dynamical Consequences of MBL
Log-growth of entanglement
$$S_{ent}(t) \sim \xi \log(Jt)$$

Power laws in quench-dynamics
Serbyn et al (2013)
Bardarson et al (2012)
 $(J_{J_{1}})$
 (J_{0})
 $(J_{0}$



- Anti-hermitian generator $\eta^{\dagger}(l) = -\eta(l)$ $\partial_l H(l) = [\eta(l), H(l)]$
- Ganonical" (Wegner) Choice $H(l) \equiv H_0(l) + V(l)$ $\eta(l) = [H_0(l), V(l)]$
- Flow Equation for the disordered XXZ Chain $H(l) = H_0(l) + V(l)$

$$H_0(l) = \sum_i h_i(l)n_i + \sum_{ij} \Delta_{ij}(l)n_in_j \qquad V(l) = \sum_{ij} J_{ij}(l) \left(c_i^{\dagger}c_j + hc\right)$$

Dynamics of MBL Systems with Flow Equation

• S.Thomson, M. Schiro', PRB(R) 2017



 \mathbf{A} A microscopic approach to MBL phases, their local integral of motion and dynamics

Future Directions: Drive/Dissipation? Mean Field Theory for MBL?

Driven-Dissipative Quantum Many Body Systems







 $H_{Rabi} = \omega_r a^{\dagger} a + \omega_q \sigma^+ \sigma^- + g \left(a^{\dagger} + a\right) \left(\sigma^+ + \sigma^-\right)$

M. Schiro et al, PRL (2012, 2016)

Open Quantum System: Master Equation

$$\partial_t \rho = -i[H,\rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho]$$

Competition between coherent(unitary) and dissipative evolution

Drive/Dissipation described by "Jump" Operators

Questions:

$$\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \sum_{\alpha} L_{\alpha} \rho L_{\alpha}^{\dagger} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ L_{\alpha}^{\dagger} L_{\alpha}, \rho \right\}$$

Non-Equilibrium Stationary States?

Dissipative Quantum Phase Transitions? Limit-Cycles?Bistability?

Finite-Frequency Criticality of Driven Lattice Bosons

$$H = \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} J_{ij} \left(a_i^{\dagger} a_j + hc \right) + \sum_i H_{loc}^i + H_{drive}(t)$$

Eocal Hamiltonian:

$$H_{loc} = \omega_0 a_i^{\dagger} a_i + \frac{U}{2} n_i^2$$

Photon "Losses"

$$\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \kappa \sum_{i} a_{i} \rho a_{i}^{\dagger} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ a_{i}^{\dagger} a_{i}, \rho \right\}$$

Incoherent Drive (inject photons without phase)



$$\begin{split} & \overleftarrow{\varphi} \text{Divergent Response at } \underline{\text{finite}} \\ & \underline{\text{frequency}!} \\ & \chi_{\psi}^R(0,\omega) \sim \frac{1}{|\omega - \Omega^*|^{\alpha}} \end{split}$$

O. Scarlatella, R. Fazio, M. Schiro', arXiv: 1805.02770

Dynamical Consequences of Finite-Frequency Criticality • O. Scarlatella, R. Fazio, M. Schiro', arXiv: 1805.02770



Relaxation toward stationary state!
 Indamped Oscillations!
 Quantum Limit Cycle aka "Time Crystal"

Finite Frequency Criticality: Paradigm to Study Time-Domain Instabilities in Quantum Systems Far From Equilibrium

Future Directions:

 $\langle a \rangle_t$

0.004

0.002

-0.002

Application to Floquet Time Crystals, Period Doubling and Transition to Chaos (Quantum Dynamical Instabilities), (NP)RG out of equilibrium,..

Bistability: A "zero-dimensional" Example

W. Casteels, R. Fazio, C. Ciuti PRA (2016)

Driven Cavity with Kerr Non-Linearity

$$H = \omega_c a^{\dagger} a + U \left(a^{\dagger} a \right)^2 + F \left(a^{i\omega_p t} + hc \right)$$

$$i\partial_t \rho = -i[H,\rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho] \qquad \qquad \mathcal{D}[\rho] = \frac{\kappa}{2} \left(2a\rho a^{\dagger} - a^{\dagger}a\rho - \rho a^{\dagger}a\right)$$

Semiclassics:
$$i\partial_t \tilde{\alpha} = \left(-\Delta - \kappa/2 + \tilde{U}|\alpha|^2\right) \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{F}$$

 $\tilde{\alpha} = \langle a \rangle / N$



Driven-Dissipative Quantum Spin Model



$$i\partial_t \rho = -i[H,\rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho]$$
$$H = -\sum_{\langle RR' \rangle} J\left(\sigma_R^+ \sigma_{R'}^- + hc\right) + \frac{\Delta}{2} \sum_R \sigma_R^z + \Omega \sum_R \sigma_R^x$$
$$\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \frac{\gamma}{2} \sum_R \left(2\sigma_R^- \rho \sigma_R^+ - \sigma_R^+ \sigma_R^- \rho - \rho \sigma_R^+ \sigma_R^-\right)$$

Stationary State profile of magnetization vs drive/detuning field? Many Body Bistability?

Mean Field Bistability and Beyond



What is the role of quantum fluctuations beyond mean field?

• H. Landa, M. Schiro', G.Misguisch (in progress)

d=1: MPO Simulation for Open Quantum Systems







MPO results suggest bistability is washed out in d=1

• H. Landa, M. Schiro', G. Misguisch (in progress)

Conclusions&**Perspectives**

Why Quantum Non-Equilibrium Physics?



Non-Equilibrium Excited States are "Hotter" but not necessarily boring

Future Perspectives:

Merge the three directions: disorder, interactions, nonequilibrium/dissipation effects

Thanks!