

The Importance of Being.. ..Far From Thermal Equilibrium

Marco Schiro' CNRS-IPhT Saclay

IPhT Colloque, Isle-sur-la-Sorgue Oct 2018

Scene - A Room in Sir Harry Collingwood's House.

Drogramme of *flixusic*.

The Furniture by FRANK GILES & Co., High Street, Kensington.

The Wigs by W. CLARKSON. The Scenery by H. P. HALL and WALTER HANN.

The Theatre is Lighted by Electricity. **FEES.** NO NO FEES.

..............................

The Term were the the track of the theory of

The Attendants are strictly forbidden to accept gratuities, and are liable to instant dismissal should they do so.

Yisitors to the Theatre are carnestly begged to assist the Management in carrying out a regulation framed for their comfort and convenience.

mmmmmmmmmmmm

The Etchings and Engravings in the corridors and vestibule supplied and arranged by I. P. MENDOZA, King Street, St. James's. The Floral Decorations by REID & Co., King Street, St. James's. Photographs of the Artistes appearing at this Theatre, can be obtained of ALFRED ELLIS, 20, Upper Baker Street, N.W.

MATINEE

Carriages at 4-45. Doors open at 2.30.

PRICES:--Private Boxes, £1 11s. 6d. to £4 4s. Stalls, 10s. 6d. Dress Circle, 7s. Upper Boxes, Numbered and Reserved (Bonnets allowed), 4s. Pit, 2s. 6d. Gallery, 1s. Doors open at 8. Commence at 8.20. Carriages at 10.45. Box Office (Mr. ARNOLD) open daily from 10 till 5 o'clock, and 8 till 10 p.m. Seats can be booked one month in advance by Letter or Telegram, or Telephone No. 3903.

The Importance of Being Far From Thermal Equilibrium

A non-trivial StatMech Comedy for Serious Condensed Matter People

written by Marco Schiro' CNRS-IPhT Saclay

IPhT Colloque, Isle-sur-la-Sorgue Oct 2018

Acknowledgements

- Francesco Peronaci (IPhT 2016-2018 —> Max Planck Dresden)
- Steven Thomson (PALM/SIRTEQ Postdoc 2016-2019)
- Orazio Scarlatella (PhD 2016-2019)
- Haggai Landa (PALM/IQUPS Postdoc 2016-2019)

 \bullet Olivier Parcollet , Gregoire Misguich, Pierfrancesco Urbani, Giulio Biroli,..

Equilibrium vs Non-Equilibrium Quantum Systems

Theoretical Challenges and Open Questions

Few Examples

Quantum Mechanics + Statistical Physics

Main Focus (so far): Physics at/close-to Thermal Equilibrium

Linear-Response Regime

Linear Response & Fluctuation-Dissipation Theorem

- External Perturbation
- $H(t) = H + V_{ext}(t)$ $V_{ext}(t) = f(t) A$
- Expand to linear order in $V_{ext}(t)$

$$
\langle A(t) \rangle = \langle A \rangle_0 + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \chi(t - t') f(t')
$$

Ryogo Kubo, Boltzmann Medal 1977

Function

Response
Function
$$
\chi(t - t') = -\frac{i}{\hbar} \theta(t - t') \langle [A(t), A(t')] \rangle_0
$$

Fluctuation-Dissipation Theorem \blacktriangleright

$$
F(t) = \frac{1}{2} \langle \{A(t), A(0)\} \rangle_0 = \frac{\hbar}{2} \int dt e^{-i\omega t} \coth(\beta \hbar \omega/2) \text{Im}\chi(\omega)
$$

Classical Systems Out of Equilibrium

Emergent Behavior Far From Equilibrium, Non-Linearities&Noise

Aging and Slow Dynamics in Glasses **Dynamic Critical Phenomena**

Turbulent Flow

So what about Quantum Systems far from Equilibrium?

Fresh New Input From Experiments…

Condensed Matter

Electrons in Solids under ultrafast optical fields

Neutral Atoms Trapped in Optical Lattices

Arrays of coupled non-linear CQED cavities

Controlling Phases of Matter in New Ways

Light-Induced Superconductivity in a Stripe-Ordered Cuprate

D. Fausti, $2.2*+1$ R. I. Tobey, $2+8$ N. Dean, 2.2 S. Kaiser, 2 A. Dienst, 2 M. C. Hoffmann, 2 S. Pyon, 3 T. Takayama, 3 H. Takagi, 3.4 A. Cavalleri $2.2*$

D. Fausti et al, Science (2011)

Quantum Simulation: Engineering New Phases of "Synthetic" Quantum Matter

 $M²$ M. Greiner et al, Nature (2002)

Theorist's Dream

Use non-equilibrium perturbations as new knob to control/ stabilize/create new quantum phases of matter

Theoretical Challenges in Quantum Many-Body Systems Far From Equilibrium

Equilibrium vs Non-Equilibrium

- The "Equilibrium Framework":
	- Physical Intuition: Ground State and Low-Lying Excitations dominates the Physics
	- Universality, Renormalization Group, Critical Phenomena, ...
- Non-equilibrium effects challenge this picture!
	- **Perturbation couple low-energy/high-energy sectors** Spectrum AND Occupations are unknown
- Closed Quantum Systems (Unitary Dynamics) Driven and Dissipative Systems (Open Quantum Systems) Different Flavors of Quantum "Non-Equilibrium"

Field Theory Perspective

Crucial in Equilibrium: Gell-Mann&Low Theorem

(under adiabatic switching assumption)

- No longer true away-from-equilibrium!
- QFT on the "Keldysh" Contour, two fields +/- $\,\psi_\alpha(x)$

 $\langle +\infty | -\infty \rangle = e^{-2i\delta}$

 $\langle -\infty|S[+\infty, -\infty]| -\infty \rangle = e^{2i\delta}$

Leonid Keldysh

- \blacksquare No reference to the state at distant future
- Two (independent) Green's functions: Retarded(spectrum) and Keldysh(statistics)
- Recover the "De Dominicis" Field Theory (MSRJD) in the classical limit

Quantum Heating

Physical intuition (Semi-classics, Quantum Boltzmann Equation):

Interactions induce scattering, loss of memory of initial condition

$$
\frac{dn_{\mathbf{k}}}{dt} = I_{coll}[n_{\mathbf{k}}(t)]
$$

\n
$$
I_{coll}[n_{\mathbf{k}}(t)] = -\sum_{k_1,p,p_1} W_{k,k_1}^{p,p_1}[n_k(t)n_{k1}(t)(1 - n_p(t))(1 - n_{p1}(t)) - (1 - n_k(t))(1 - n_{k1}(t))n_p(t)n_{p1}(t)]
$$

Non-equilibrium perturbation drives the system to another ("effective") equilibrium…

 $E_{exc} = E_0 - E_{as} \sim \varepsilon_{exc} L^d > 0$ …usually "hotter"!

In modern terms: "Typical" (High-Energy) Excited States are "Thermal" (ETH)

Quantum Mechanics at Finite Temperature? (Boring)

Can Quantum Many Body Effects Survive Far From-Equilibrium?

Three Examples..

Shaking: Periodically Driven Quantum Many Body Systems

Introduce **Randomness**: Many Body Localization

Take a Cold Bath: Open-Dissipative Quantum Systems

Periodically Driven Interacting Fermions $\langle i\partial_t|\Psi(t)\rangle = H(t)|\Psi(t)\rangle$ $O(t) = \langle \Psi(t)|O|\Psi(t)\rangle$ $U(t)$ *t* $|\Psi(t=0)\rangle = |\Psi_0\rangle$ U_0 $\bigcap_{\alpha=1}^{\infty}$ $\bigcap_{\alpha=1}^{\infty}$ $U(t) = U_0 + \delta U \sin \Omega t$ $H(t) = \sqrt{ }$ $\langle ij\rangle$ $V_{ij}c_{i\sigma}^{\dagger}c_{j\sigma} + U(t)$ $\sqrt{ }$ *i* $(n_i-1)^2$ Unitary Quantum Dynamics (**closed system**, no external bath)

 ψ Pure states remain pure! $\rho(t) = |\Psi(t)\rangle \langle \Psi(t)|$ $\text{Tr}\rho^2(t) = \text{Tr}\rho_0 = 1$

Quantum Mechanics is linear! **Focus**: "Local" Observables

Linear Response To Periodic Drive

$$
H = H_0 + f(t)A
$$

$$
\langle A \rangle_t - \langle A \rangle_{eq} = \int dt' \chi(t - t') f(t')
$$

$$
\overbrace{ }^{y(t)}\overbrace{ }^{t}
$$

 $f(t)$

 $f(t) = \theta(t) f_0 \sin \Omega t$ Periodic Perturbation with sudden switch

$$
\langle A \rangle_t - \langle A \rangle_{eq} \stackrel{t \to \infty}{\longrightarrow} f_0 \left(\chi'(\Omega) \sin \Omega t - \chi''(\Omega) \cos \Omega t \right)
$$

• Rate of Energy Absorption.
$$
\dot{E} = \langle \frac{dH}{dt} \rangle = \dot{f} \langle A \rangle
$$

..Over a Period

$$
E(nT) - E(0) = -\chi''(\Omega)nT > 0
$$

Eventually an ergodic/non-integrable system will thermalize to infinite temperature…unless…

(Floquet) Pre-Thermalization

 \bullet Originally introduced in the context of high-energy physics (heavy ions collisions) and quantum quenches/thermalization of isolated systems

• M.Schiro, M. Fabrizio (2010-2012)

Periodic Driving:

 \blacktriangleright High-frequency driving regime $\Omega \to \infty$ • Abanin, De Roeck, Wei Ho, Huveneers (2015-2017) • Bukov, D'Alessio, Polkovnikov Adv Phys (2015)

- Heating is exponentially slow, energy is quasi conserved for $t \ll \tau_* \sim e^{C\Omega}$
- Floquet Hamiltonian local (non-ergodic) controlling dynamics up to τ_*
- **Here**: A New Mechanism for Floquet Prethermalization: Strong Correlations!

... but the bath is <u>out of equilibrium!</u>!

Periodically Driven Fermi Hubbard Model • F. Peronaci, M. Schiro', O. Parcollet, PRL (2018)

Thermalization strongly depends on interaction and drive frequency/amplitude

Sharp "Dynamical" Transitions between different Thermalization Regimes

Future Directions:

Couple to a Bath, Include Phonons, Broken Symmetries,..

Can Quantum Thermalization **Fully** Break Down?

Quenched Disorder and Anderson Localization

- Localized System: No Diffusion, No Transport
- **Ergodicity Breaking due to Quantum Interference**
- Robust to Interactions and Finite "Temperature":

Many Body Localization (MBL)

Basko, Aleiner,Altshuler 2006

MBL is a new quantum phase of matter with unusual properties due to **breakdown of thermalization**

(Few) Consequences of MBL..

Broken Symmetries in Low Dimensions, Low Eigenstates Entanglement at High Energy

Persistent Memory of Initial Condition, No Heating Under Perturbations,..

Phenomenology of MBL Systems $\stackrel{?}{\bullet}$ Huse, Oganesyan (2013) & Serbyn, Papic, Abanin (2013)

$$
H_{XXZ} = J \sum_{i} \left(c_i^{\dagger} c_i + hc \right) + \Delta \sum_{i} n_i n_{i+1} + \sum_{i} h_i n_i
$$

Local Integral of Motions $[H_{eff}, n_i] = 0 = [n_i, n_j]$

$$
H_{eff}[\{n\}] = \sum_{i} h_i n_i + \sum_{ij} J_{ij} n_i n_j + \sum_{ijk} J_{ijk} n_i n_j n_k + \dots
$$

$$
J_{ij} \sim \exp(|i - j|/\xi) \quad J_{ijk} \sim \exp(-\max(r_{ij}, r_{ik}, r_{jk})/\xi)
$$

Bardarson et al (2012) (Few) Dynamical Consequences of MBL *Sent*(*t*) ⇠ ⇠ log(*J t*) Log-growth of entanglement ^h*O*(*t*)i ⇠ *^Oss* ⁺ *O/t*↵ Power laws in quench-dynamics Serbyn et al (2013)

- Anti-hermitian generator $\eta^{\dagger}(l)=-\eta(l)$ $\partial_l H(l)=[\eta(l),H(l)]$
- "Canonical" (Wegner) Choice $H(l) \equiv H_0(l) + V(l)$ $\eta(l)=[H_0(l),V(l)]$
- Flow Equation for the disordered XXZ Chain $H(l) = H_0(l) + V(l)$

$$
H_0(l) = \sum_i h_i(l) n_i + \sum_{ij} \Delta_{ij}(l) n_i n_j \qquad V(l) = \sum_{ij} J_{ij}(l) \left(c_i^{\dagger} c_j + hc \right)
$$

Dynamics of MBL Systems with Flow Equation

• S.Thomson, M. Schiro', PRB(R) 2017

A microscopic approach to MBL phases, their local integral of motion and dynamics

Future Directions: Drive/Dissipation? Mean Field Theory for MBL?

Driven-Dissipative Quantum Many Body Systems

 $H_{Rabi} = \omega_r a^{\dagger} a + \omega_q \sigma^+ \sigma^- + g (a^{\dagger} + a) (\sigma^+ + \sigma^-)$ The Rabi Model

M. Schiro et al, PRL (2012, 2016)

Open Quantum System: Master Equation

$$
\partial_t \rho = -i[H,\rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho]
$$

Competition between **coherent**(unitary) and **dissipative** evolution

 Drive/Dissipation described by "Jump" Operators

$$
\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \sum_{\alpha} L_{\alpha} \rho L_{\alpha}^{\dagger} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ L_{\alpha}^{\dagger} L_{\alpha}, \rho \right\}
$$

Non-Equilibrium Stationary States?

Dissipative Quantum Phase Transitions? Limit-Cycles?Bistability? **Questions:**

Finite-Frequency Criticality of Driven Lattice Bosons

$$
H = \sum_{\langle ij \rangle} J_{ij} \left(a_i^{\dagger} a_j + h c \right) + \sum_i H_{loc}^i + H_{drive}(t)
$$

Local Hamiltonian:

$$
H_{loc} = \omega_0 a_i^{\dagger} a_i + \frac{U}{2} n_i^2
$$

Photon "Losses"

$$
\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \kappa \sum_{i} a_i \rho a_i^{\dagger} - \frac{1}{2} \left\{ a_i^{\dagger} a_i, \rho \right\}
$$

Incoherent Drive (inject photons without phase)

Divergent Response at **finite frequency**! $\chi^R_\psi(0, \omega) \sim$ 1 $|\omega - \Omega^*|^\alpha$

• O. Scarlatella, R. Fazio, M. Schiro', arXiv:1805.02770

Dynamical Consequences of Finite-Frequency Criticality

• O. Scarlatella, R. Fazio, M. Schiro', arXiv:1805.02770

Finite Frequency Criticality: Paradigm to Study Time-Domain Instabilities in Quantum Systems Far From Equilibrium

Future Directions:

Application to Floquet Time Crystals, Period Doubling and Transition to Chaos (Quantum Dynamical Instabilities), (NP)RG out of equilibrium,..

Bistability: A "zero-dimensional" Example

Driven Cavity with Kerr Non-Linearity W. Casteels, R. Fazio, C. Ciuti PRA (2016)

$$
H = \omega_c a^{\dagger} a + U (a^{\dagger} a)^2 + F (a^{i\omega_p t} + hc)
$$

 $\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \frac{\kappa}{2}$ 2 $\overline{(\ }$ $i\partial_t \rho = -i[H,\rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho] \qquad \qquad \mathcal{D}[\rho] = \frac{\kappa}{2}\left(2a\rho a^\dagger - a^\dagger a\rho - \rho a^\dagger a\right)$

Semiclassics:
$$
i\partial_t \tilde{\alpha} = \left(-\Delta - \kappa/2 + \tilde{U}|\alpha|^2\right) \tilde{\alpha} + \tilde{F}
$$

\n $\tilde{\alpha} = \langle a \rangle/N$

Driven-Dissipative Quantum Spin Model

$$
i\partial_t \rho = -i[H, \rho] + \mathcal{D}[\rho]
$$

$$
H = -\sum_{\langle RR' \rangle} J(\sigma_R^+ \sigma_{R'}^- + hc) + \frac{\Delta}{2} \sum_R \sigma_R^z + \Omega \sum_R \sigma_R^x
$$

$$
\mathcal{D}[\rho] = \frac{\gamma}{2} \sum_R (2\sigma_R^- \rho \sigma_R^+ - \sigma_R^+ \sigma_R^- \rho - \rho \sigma_R^+ \sigma_R^-)
$$

Stationary State profile of magnetization vs drive/detuning field? Many Body Bistability?

Mean Field Bistability and Beyond

What is the role of quantum fluctuations beyond mean field?

• H. Landa, M. Schiro', G.Misguisch (in progress)

d=1: MPO Simulation for Open Quantum Systems

MPO results suggest bistability is washed out in $d=1$ Ÿ

H. Landa, M. Schiro', G. Misguisch (in progress)

Conclusions&Perspectives

Why Quantum Non-Equilibrium Physics?

Non-Equilibrium Excited States are "Hotter" but not necessarily boring

Future Perspectives:

The Merge the three directions: disorder, interactions, nonequilibrium/dissipation effects

Thanks!