



Geant4: A Simulation toolkit

O. Stézowski and A. Cazes



With many thanks to the Geant4 community !!!!

The roadmap of the week

Why?

Those slides

What is It?

4 documents
And
Practical sessions

Geant 4



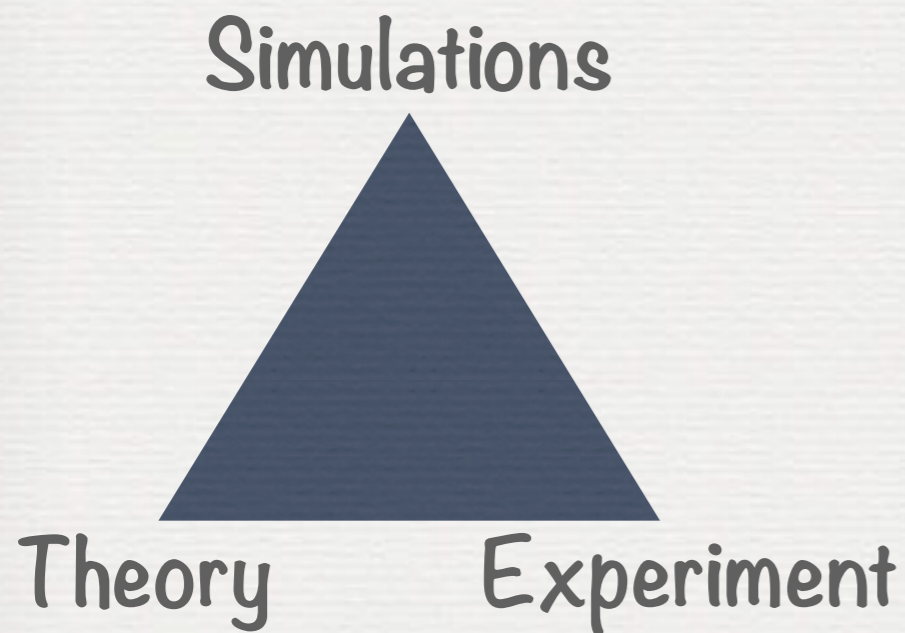


A personal, general view

More practical reasons

Why?

Why simulations ...



A guy, a seminar, somewhere:
place of simulations in physics



what we like to play with



common to all of us

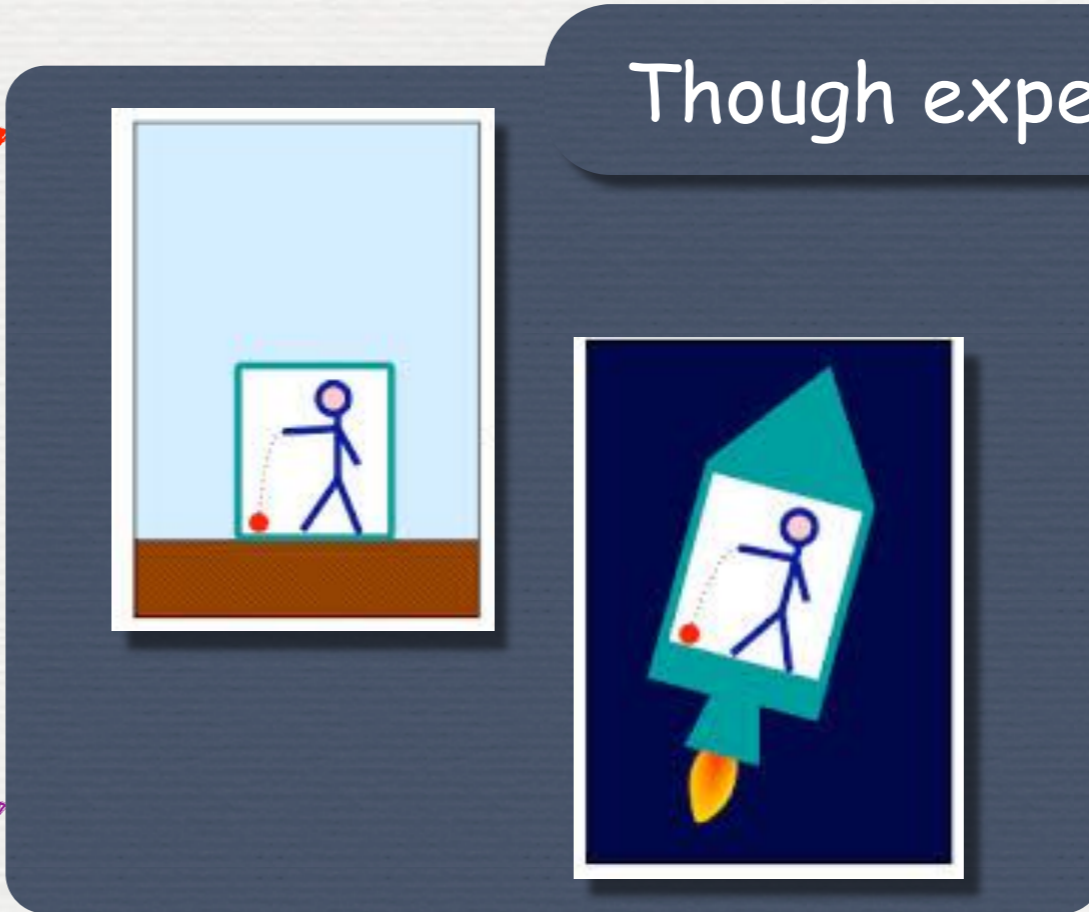
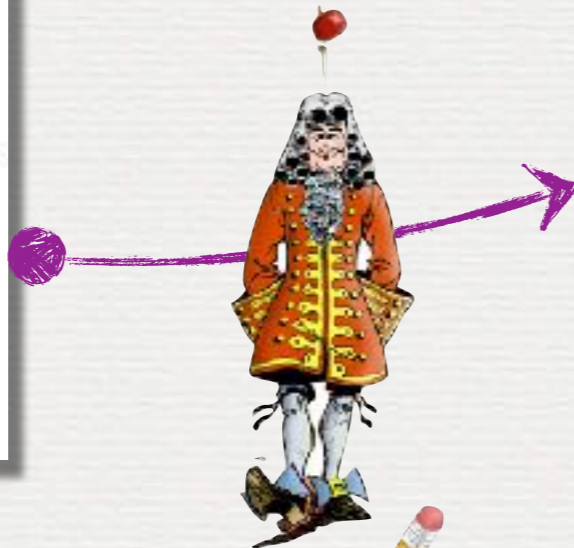


Why?

Why simulations ...

What if I change ...

Though experiment !!



what we like to play with

theory

simulation

experiment

common to all of us

physicist

Why?

Why simulations ...

- It allows to be:
 - ▶ less expensive
 - ▶ quicker ... **well may be not** ...
 - ▶ less dangerous
 - ▶ ...
- It allows to control everything:
 - ▶ cause → effect relationship
 - ▶ step by step, more and more complexity
 - ▶ step by step, more and more realism
 - ▶ ...

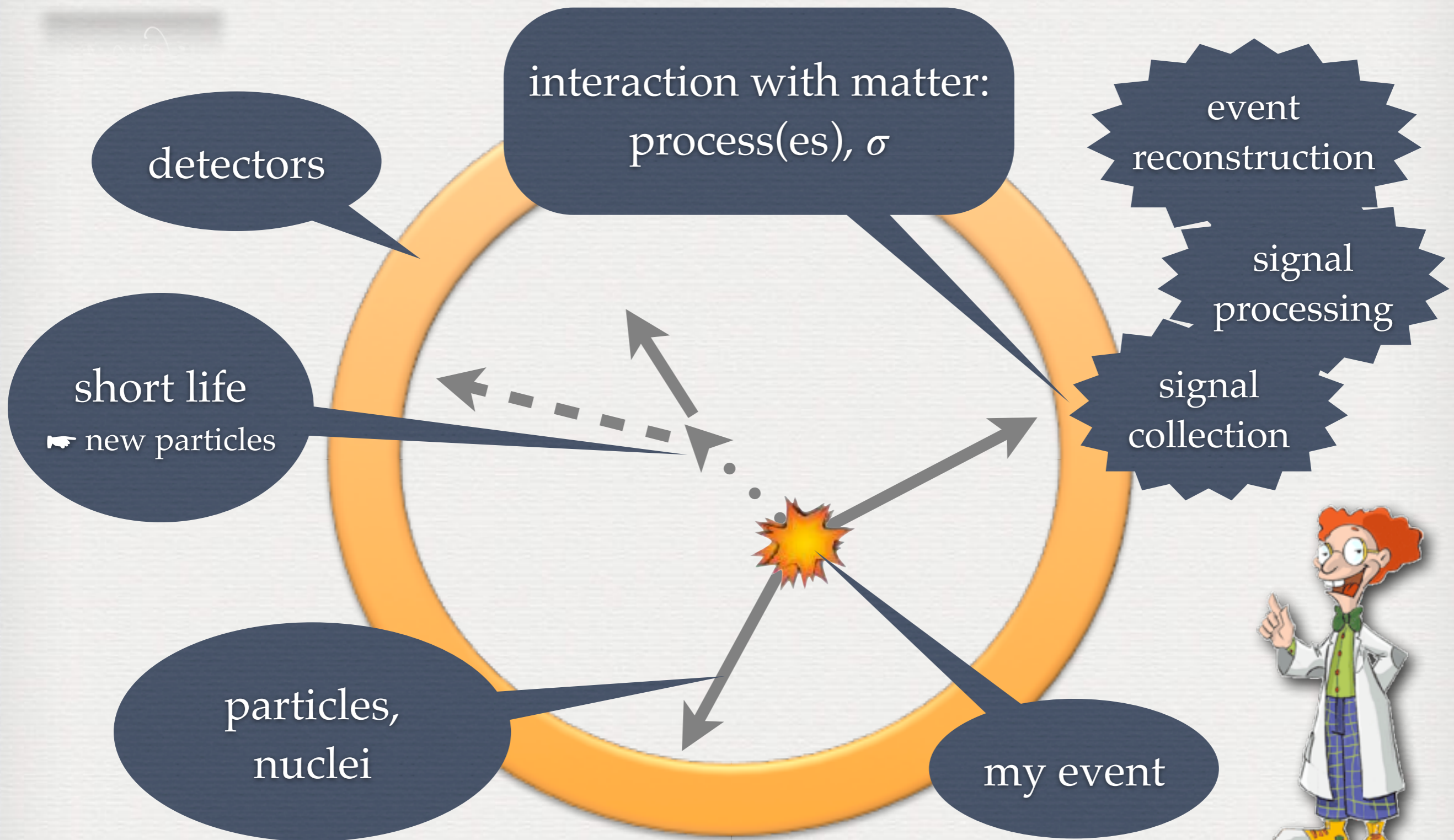
Why?

A personal, general view

More practical reasons

Why?

In our 'field', particles ...



Why?

Why simulations for us ...

- Detectors are:
 - ▶ more and more complex / precise
 - ▶ expansive ...
 - ▶ long time for R&D phase
 - ▶ long time to have them working well
- Events to be treated are:
 - ▶ complex
 - ▶ various
 - ▶ rare for the most interesting ones (background!)

Why?

Why simulations for us ...

« before » the detector is built

- to study new concepts
- establish raw performances*
- to study different triggers
- to optimize reconstructions
- to set experimental limits
- ...

➡ tools for R&D

* acceptance, response function ...

« during » the life of the detector

- to optimize experimental setup
signal ↗, background ↘, selection
- to understand problems in data
lost of efficiency, resolution
- to improve signal/background
- to improve physics models
- ...

➡ to help for data analysis

➡ to understand physics



Some general statements

Monte Carlo into the *game*

Geant4 some vocabulary

The Geant4 machine

What is It? Simulation landscape, some tools

- GEANT4 : GEometry ANd Tracking
→ <http://geant4.cern.ch/>
- FLUKA : FLUktuierende KAskade
alternative to Geant4
→ <http://www.fluka.org/fluka.php>
- MCNP(X) : Monte-Carlo N-Particle
More Nuclear Physics (Manhattan's project)
→ <http://mcnp.lanl.gov/>

Geant 4



FLUKA



mcnp



What is It? Simulation landscape, many tools

EGS4, EGS5, EGSnrc

Geant3, Geant4

MARS

MCNP, MCNPX, A3MCNP, MCNP-DSP, MCNP4B

MVP, MVP-BURN

Penelope

Peregrine

Tripoli-3, Tripoli-3 A, Tripoli

DPM

EA-MC

FLUKA

GEM

HERMES

LAHET

MCBEND

MCU

MF3D

NMTC

MONK

MORSE

RTS&T-2000

SCALE

TRAX

VMC++

- pythia, herwig, hijing in particles φ
- evapor, fresco, empire in nuclear φ
- ...

physics generators

What is It? What is the Geant4 toolkit ?

Geant4 is the successor of Geant3 (fortran)

The project started in Dec '94 to face the LHC challenges

- First Public release Dec '98
- Currently 2-3 public release per year
- We are going to work with version 9.6.p02 [10.0.p02]



It is a **C++** (Object Oriented language) **Monte Carlo Simulation Toolkit**
↳ Consequences ... ↳ basics covered in this lecture

A variety of requirements taken into account in the design for applications in:
heavy ion physics, CP violation physics, cosmic-ray physics, astrophysics, space science, medical ...

To meet such requirements, **large degree of functionality and flexibility** provided
↳ Geant4 is not only for HEP but goes well beyond that.

We know a fraction

collaborations differ

Goal: to give you enough knowledge to work in your community !

user's doc

download area

user's forum

Geant 4

Download | User Forum | Gallery | Contact Us

Search Geant4

Geant4 is a toolkit for the simulation of the passage of particles through matter. Its areas of application include high energy, nuclear and accelerator physics, as well as studies in medical and space science. The two main reference papers for Geant4 are published in *Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research A* 501 (2003) 250-303, and *IEEE Transactions on Nuclear Science* 53 No. 1 (2006) 270-278.

Applications

A sampling of applications, technology transfer and other uses of Geant4

User Support

Getting started, guides and information for users and developers

Results & Publications

Validation of Geant4, results from experiments and publications

Collaboration

Who we are: collaborating institutions, members, organization and legal information

News

- 28 June 2013 - Release 10.0 BETA is available from the [Beta download area](#).
- 24 May 2013 - Patch-02 to release 9.6 is available from the [download area](#).
- 18 March 2013 - [2013 planned developments](#).
- 30 October 2012 - Patch-02 to release 9.5 is available from the [archive download area](#).

Events

- [Geant4 2013 International User Conference on Medicine and Biology applications, Bordeaux \(F\)](#)
- [Past events](#)

news system
think your code as living 'object' !

Upgrade if needed
good practices in practical sessions

Major.Minor.[Patch]or[Beta]

Minor

- should not break your code
- new features / slightly different results

Major

- may (is likely to) break you code
- see release notes to help - warnings at running time

Patch: only bugs, no new features

Beta: to help the G4 community to develop ...

user's doc

Geant 4

Home > User Support

User Support

1. [Getting started](#)
2. [Training courses and materials](#)
3. [Source code](#)
 - a. [Download page](#)
 - b. [LXR code browser -or- draft doxygen documentation](#)
4. [Frequently Asked Questions \(FAQ\)](#)
5. [Bug reports and fixes](#)
6. [User requirements tracker](#)
7. [User Forum](#)
8. [Documentation](#)
 - a. [Introduction to Geant4](#)
 - b. [Installation Guide](#)
 - c. [Application Developers Guide](#)
 - d. [Toolkit Developers Guide](#)
 - e. [Physics Reference Manual](#)
 - f. [Software Reference Manual](#)
9. [Examples](#)
10. [Physics lists](#)
 - a. [Electromagnetic](#)
 - b. [Hadronic](#)
11. [User Aids](#)
 - a. [Tips for improving CPU performance](#)
 - b. [Process/model catalog](#)
 - c. [General particle source](#)
12. [Contact Coordinators & Contact Us](#)

Geant 4

Geant4 Cross Reference

Search Menu:

[geant4/](#) Browse the source code tree.

[File Name Search](#)

Search for files by name (case sensitive).

[Full-Text Search](#)

Search through all the text.

[Identifier Search](#)

Find a class, method, variable, etc.

Geant4 User's Guide for Application

Geant4 Collaboration

Version: geant4 9.6.0

30th November, 2012

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- [1.1. Scope of this manual](#)
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- [2.1.1. A Sample main\(\) Method](#)
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- [2.1.3. User Initialization and Action Classes](#)
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[2.2. How to Define a Detector Geometry](#)

- [2.2.1. Basic Concepts](#)
- [2.2.2. Create a Simple Volume](#)
- [2.2.3. Choose a Solid](#)
- [2.2.4. Create a Logical Volume](#)
- [2.2.5. Place a Volume](#)
- [2.2.6. Create a Physical Volume](#)
- [2.2.7. Coordinate Systems and Rotations](#)

[2.3. How to Specify Materials in the Detector](#)

Hi,

This is an interactive viewing and searching facility for the Geant4 source code.

It offers:

Source-tree browsing and file name search to easily find source files and navigate through the source directories.

Full-text indexing for fast retrieval of source files containing a given word or pattern.

Identifier cross-reference for fully hyperlinked source code. The names of classes, methods, and data can be clicked on to find the source files where they are defined and used.

The full-text indexing and retrieval are implemented using [Glimpse](#), so all the capabilities of Glimpse are available. Please see [Glimpse document](#) for details. Note that glimpse syntax is available for text and identifier searches. For file name search, please use regular expression.

Note

All source files are rendered into HTML. Do not attempt to download the Geant4 source code from this site!

Links

pdf also

organized in categories

user's forum

GEANT4 at hypernews.slac.stanford.edu Forum List by Category Not Logged In (login)

Geant 4

Forums by Category | Recent Postings | Member Info | Overview
Forums by Time Order | Search in Forums | Members List | Contact Admin
Request a New Forum | Subscribe to Forums | New Member

[Page Help](#)

Category: Applications

Educational Applications | Industrial Instruments | Medical Applications | Space Applications

Category: Control of runs, events, tracks, particles

Event and Track Management | Multithreading | Particles | Run Management

Category: Experimental Setup

Biasing and Scoring | Fields: Magnetic and Otherwise | **Geometry** | Hits, Digitization and Pileup

Category: General matters

Documentation and Examples | HyperNews System Announcements | Hypernews Tasting | Installation and Configuration
User Requirements

Category: Interfaces

(Graphical) User Interfaces | Analysis | Persistency | Visualization

Category: Physics

Biasing and Scoring | Electromagnetic Processes | Fast Simulation, Transportation & Others | Hadronic Processes
Physics List | Processes Involving Optical Photons

This site runs SLAC HyperNews version 1.11-slac-98, derived from the original HyperNews

<http://hypernews.slac.stanford.edu/HyperNews/geant4/cindex>

toolkit: do not hesitate to spend time in looking if things already exists !

- features / bugs known
- elegant solutions already found



Overview

Members

Activities

News

Tutorials and teachings

Conferences,
workshops and
meetings

Geant4 Virtual Machine

Jobs

Useful links

Publications

The Geant4-DNA project

The BioRad project

BioRad Collaboration

The BioRad II project

BioRad II Collaboration

Visualization & Qt

Search

On this website

On the whole CNRS Web



News front page

Geant4 9.6+P02 Virtual Machine now available for download

Download the software suite from the Geant4 for VMware section.

- Friday 31 May 2013 - [Read](#) 

Geant4 2013 User Conference at the Physics-Medicine-Biology frontier

The Geant4 2013 International User Conference to be held in Bordeaux, France, from October 7th till October 11th, 2013 is announced. Registration is open. All details are available from (...)

- Monday 11 March 2013 - [Read](#) 


Geant4 9.6+P01 Virtual Machine now available for download

Download the software suite from the Geant4 for VMware section.

- Tuesday 12 February 2013 - [Read](#) 


Geant4 9.6 Virtual Machine now available for download

Download the software suite from the Geant4 for VMware section.

- Thursday 13 December 2012 - [Read](#) 

Two post-doctoral positions available at CENBG

For more information, please consult the Jobs section.

- Wednesday 5 December 2012 - [Read](#) 

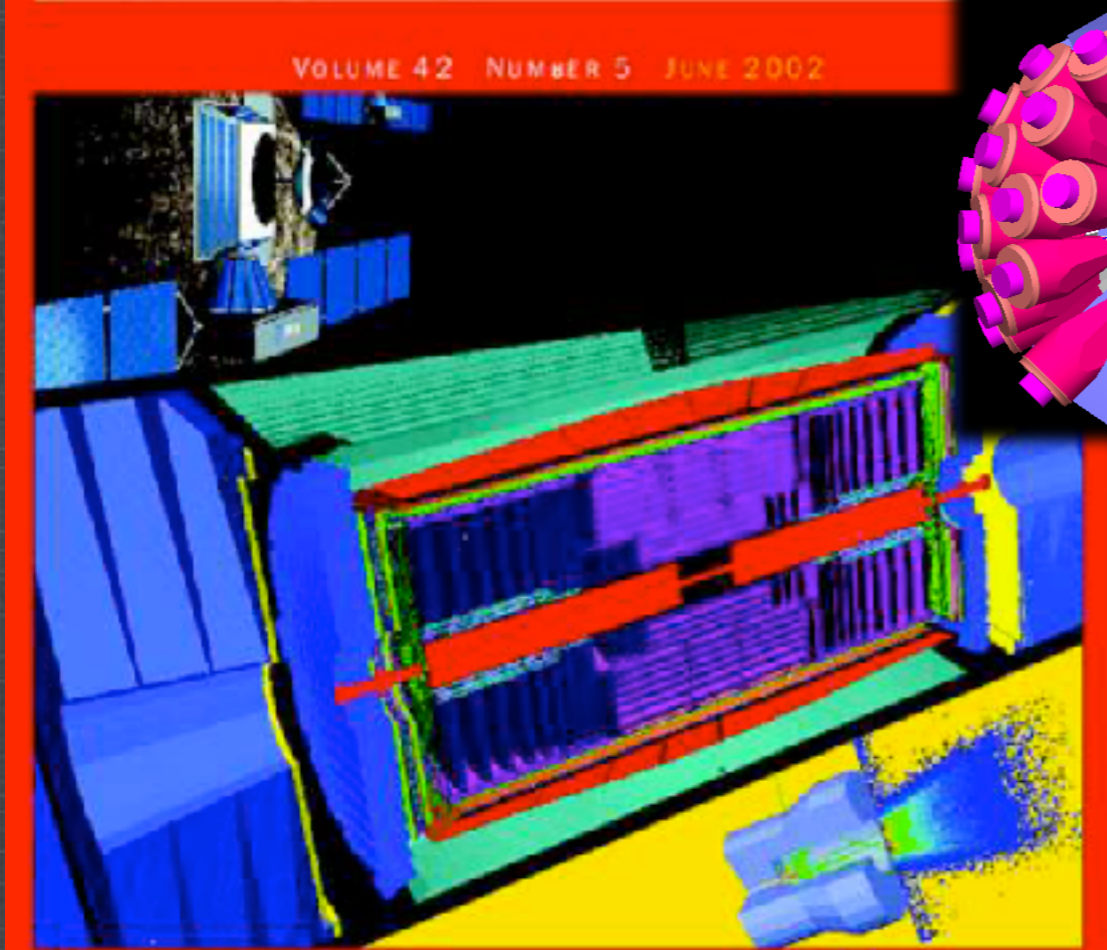
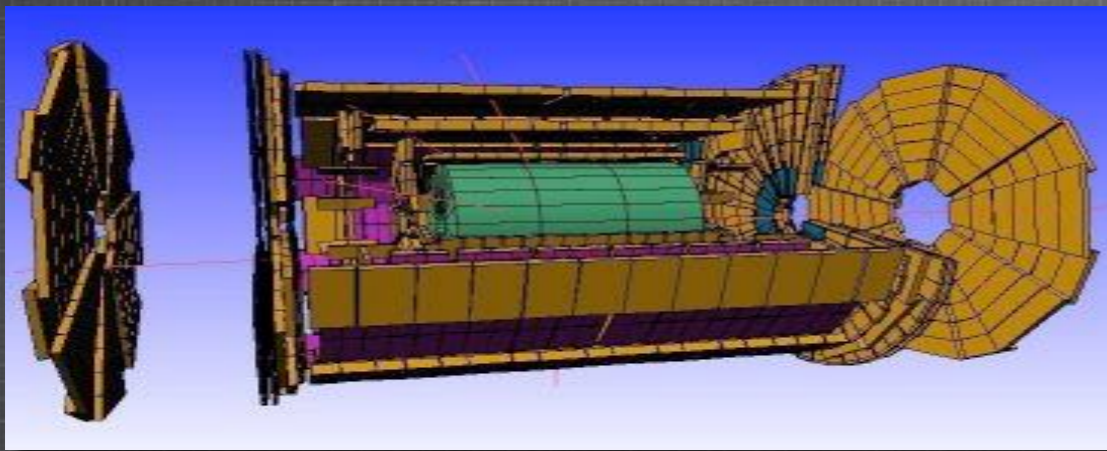
Geant4 workshop & tutorial in Wollongong U., Australia

See more at this link

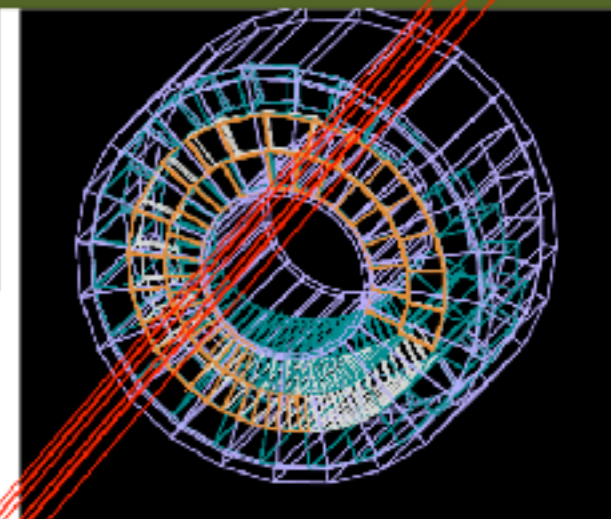
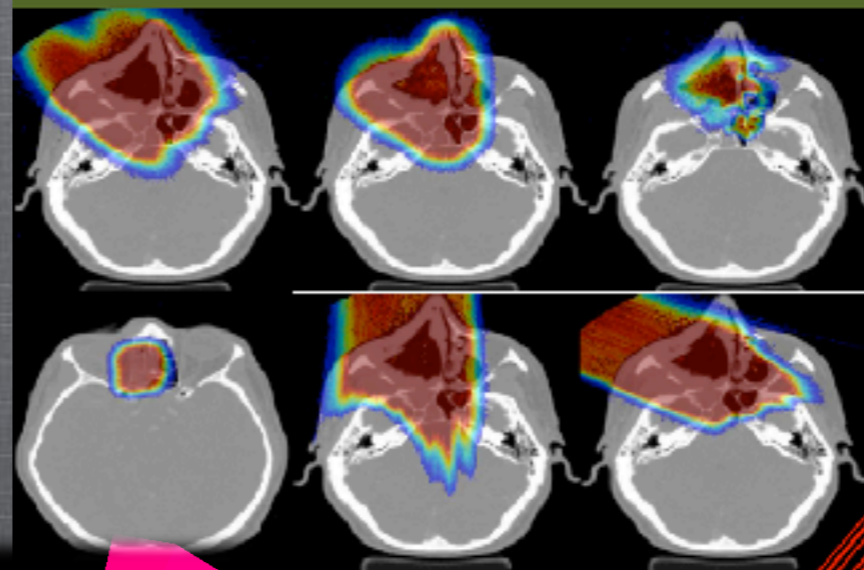
- Friday 23 November 2012 - [Read](#) 

<http://geant4.in2p3.fr>

GEANT4 based proton dose calculation in a clinical environment: technical aspects, strategies and challenges



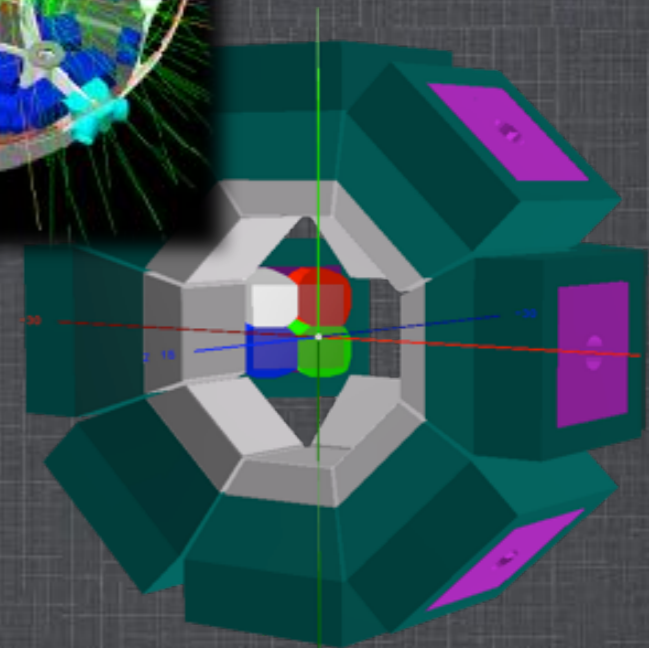
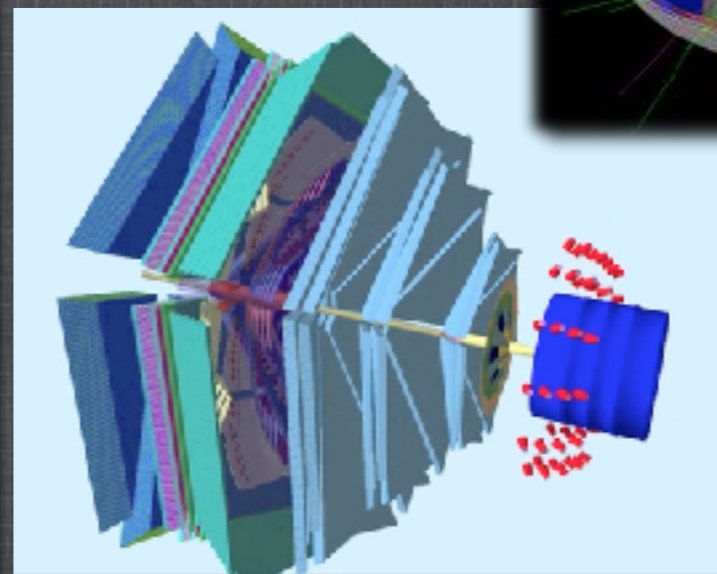
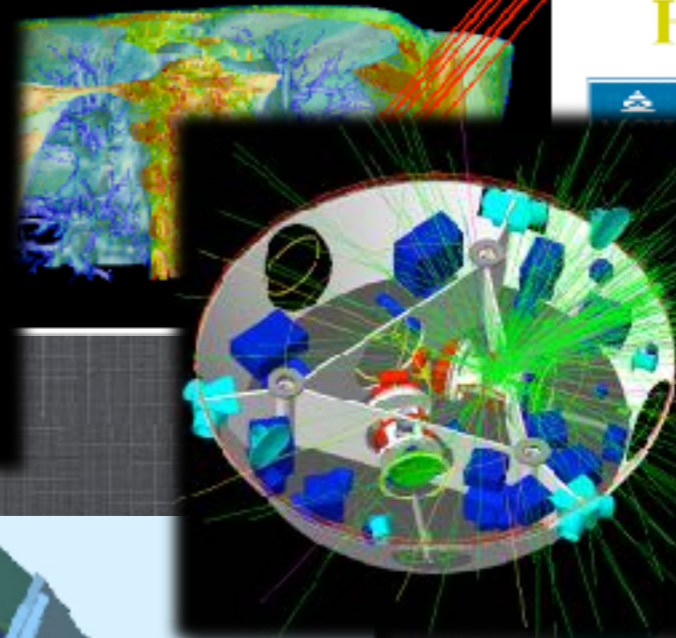
Simulation for physics, space and medicine



Harald Paganetti

MASSACHUSETTS
GENERAL HOSPITAL

HARVARD
MEDICAL SCHOOL





Some general statements

Monte Carlo into the *game*

Geant4 some vocabulary

The Geant4 machine

What is It?

Monte Carlo method ...

At least one uniform generator required [0,1[

↳ the random engine produce pseudo-random numbers ...



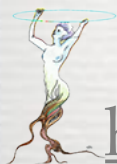
ROOT

<i>TRandom</i>	10^9	34 ns	linear congruential $X_{n+1} = (aX_n + C) \% m$
<i>TRandom1</i>	10^{171}	242 ns	RANLUX
<i>TRandom2</i>	10^{26}	37 ns	Tausworthe de l'Ecuyer
<i>TRandom3</i>	10^{6000}	45 ns	Mersenne Twister

+ initialization: **seed (reproducibility)** !

↳ according to your needs. Do not run twice with same seed to add data ...

With this one, more complex ones can be built >>>>



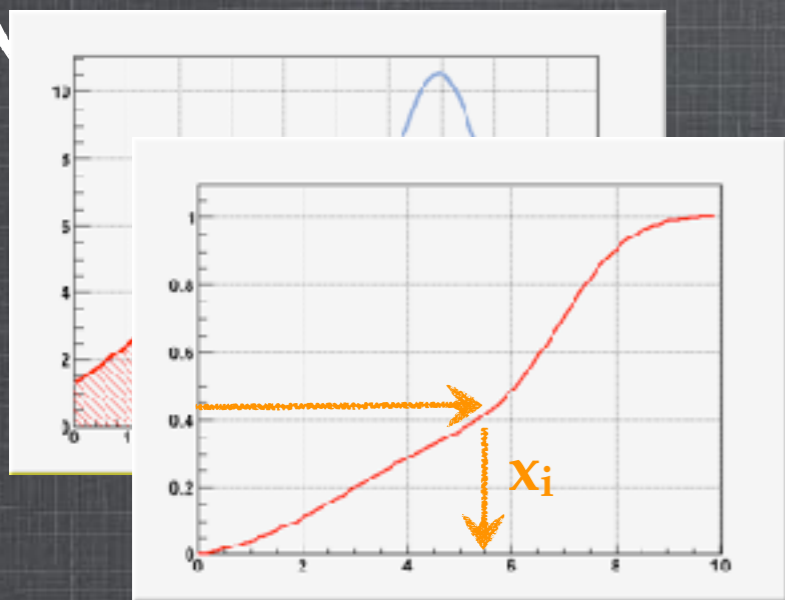
What is It?

Monte Carlo method ...

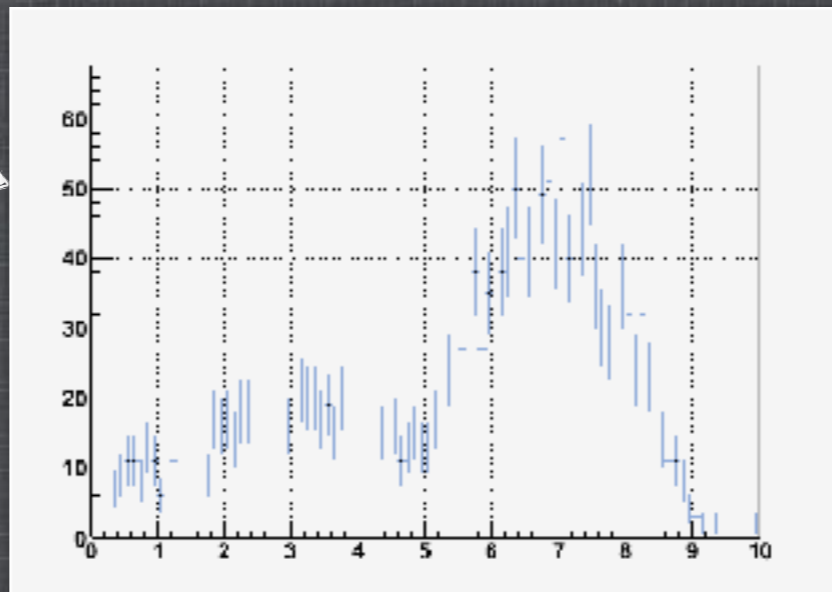
- if $f(x)$ is a probability density function -

Inverse Method

x uniform in $[0,1[\Rightarrow F^{-1}(x)$ is 'f(x) distributed'
 $F^{-1} \leftarrow F$ cumulative distribution function

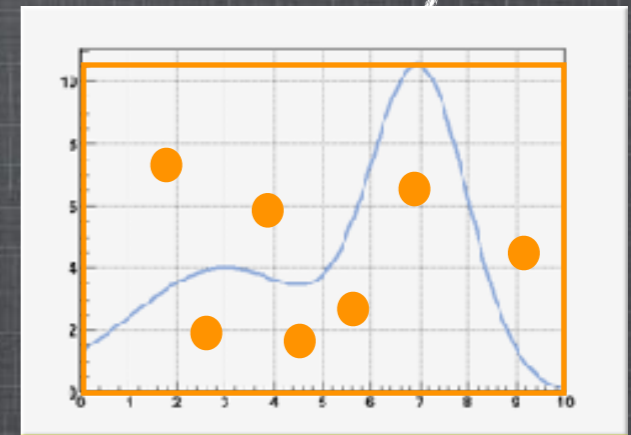


$$F(x) = \frac{\int^x f(u) du}{\int f(u) du}$$



Accept - Reject Method

(x_i, y_i) uniform in \square



accept x_i if $y_i < f(x_i)$
 $\rightarrow x_i$ 'f(x) distributed'!

0 1 5 3 4 2 0 1 8 0 10

What is It?

Monte Carlo method ...

One **particle** goes through **many others** (stopped)

- ➔ one cannot know where they are
- ➔ even if, it would cost a lot of computing power
- ➔ Quantum mechanism: interactions are probabilistic !
- ➔ statistical methods ...

Hypothesis :

Nuclei are uniformly distributed

Probability for the **particle** to travel undisturbed for a distance **L** ?

$$I_0(L) = \frac{\text{Number of particles reaching } L \text{ without 'interaction'}}{\text{Number of particles shot}}$$

➔ scattering
➔ decay

frequentist's approach

What is It?

Monte Carlo method ...

After playing a bit $\Rightarrow I_{\odot}(L) = \exp(-\rho \cdot L \cdot \sigma)$

ρ macroscopic density of matters

σ microscopic cross section of the interaction process

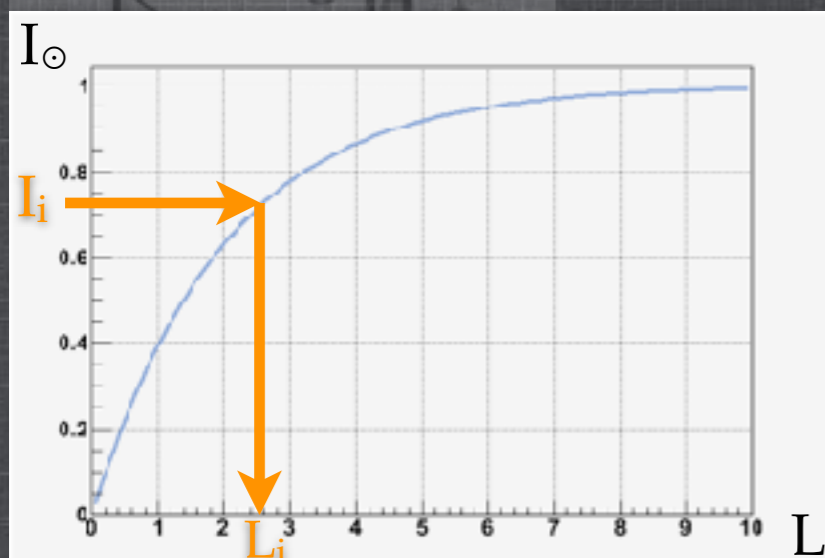
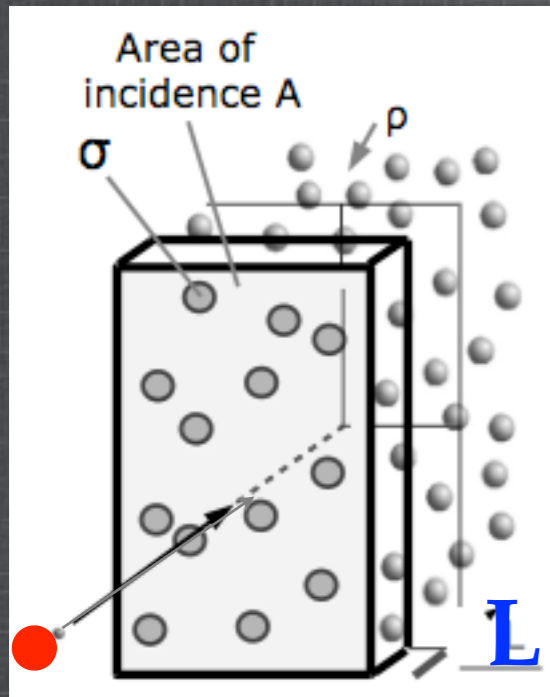
σ (type particle, energy, ...) - ex : $\sigma = \pi r^2$

\rightarrow it relies on models, measurements (database)

Probability to have an interaction at L :

$$\Rightarrow I_{\odot}(L) = 1 - I_{\ominus}(L) = 1 - \exp(-L/\lambda)$$

where λ (type ...) is the mean free path length



to simulate one shot,
select randomly $I_i \rightarrow L_i$

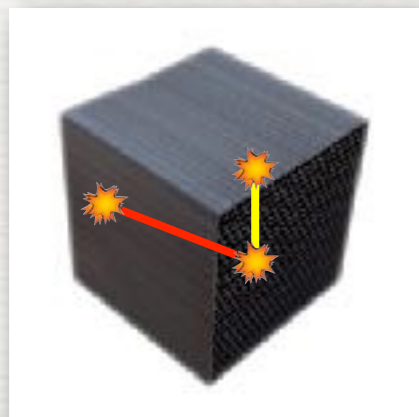
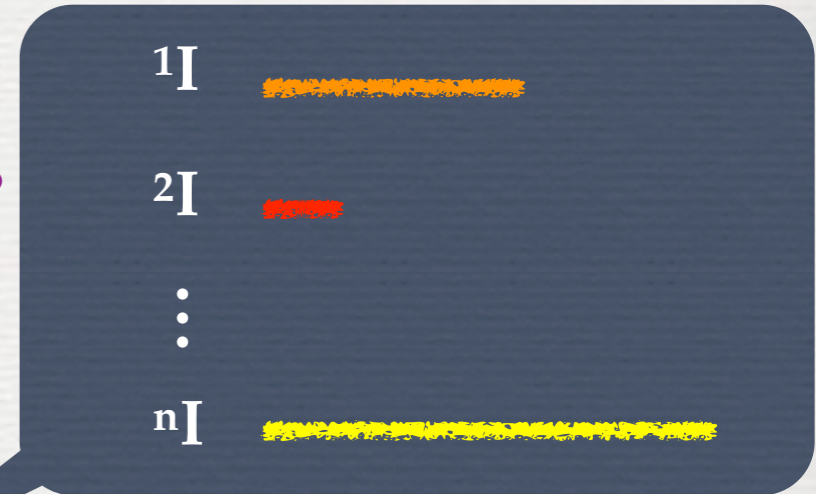
What is It?

Monte Carlo method ...

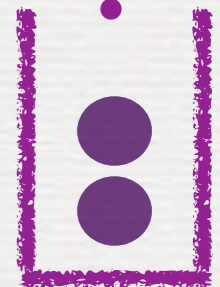
General case: competition between several processes iI
 iI_0 the probability of having an interaction at distance L

Core of the Monte Carlo Method !

- start values for incident particle $\leftarrow \bullet$
- get value for ϱ, σ
- sample L_i from iI_0
- smallest L_s selects the process sI
- transport particle undisturbed by L_s
- simulate **interaction**

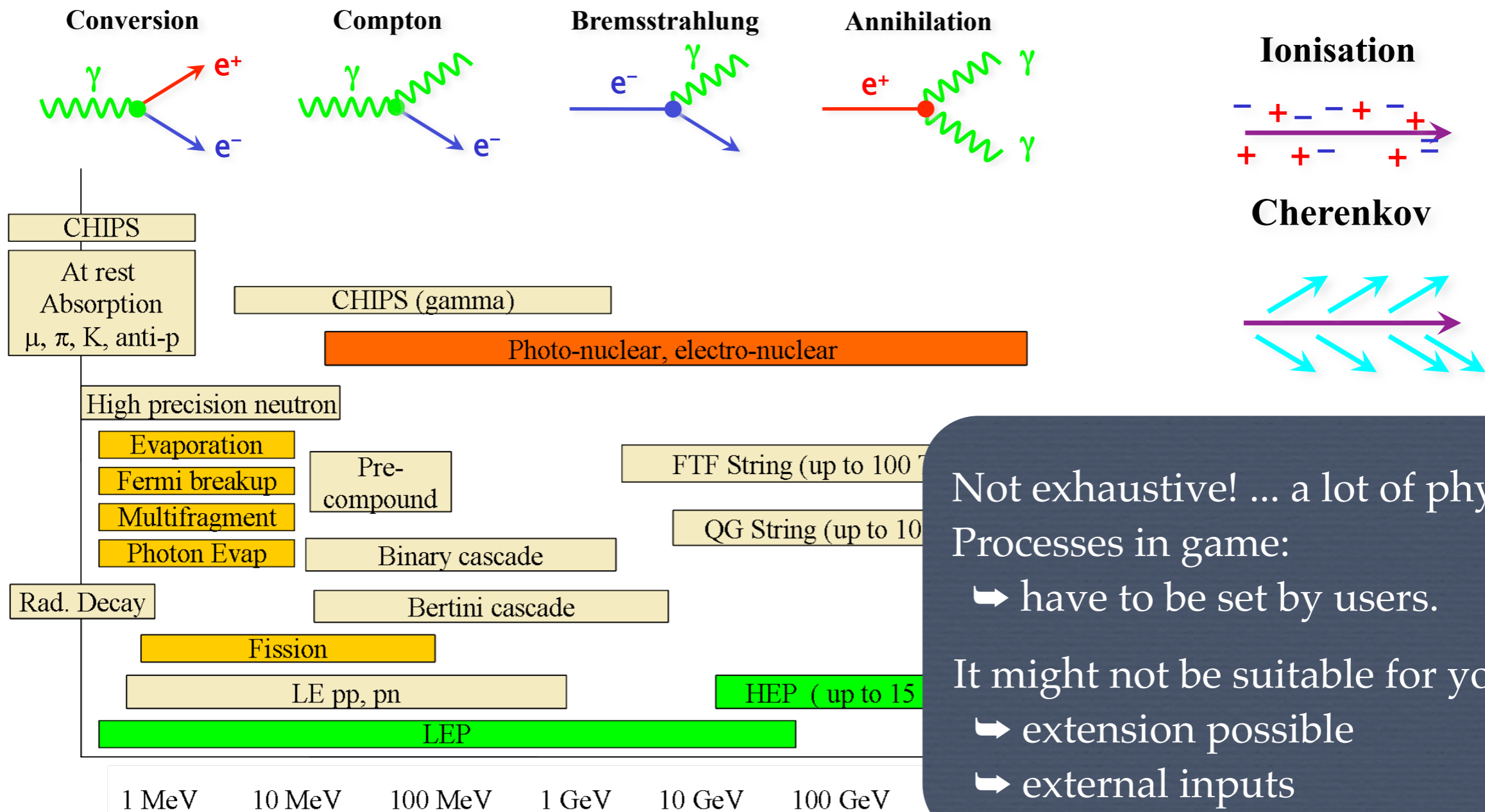


\rightarrow secondary particles



What is It? A quick overview of processes in G4

Electromagnetic, hadronic, optical, transport, decay ...
 (based on models and / or databases-measurements ... expandable !)



Not exhaustive! ... a lot of physics!
 Processes in game:
 ➤ have to be set by users.
 It might not be suitable for you!
 ➤ extension possible
 ➤ external inputs



Some general statements

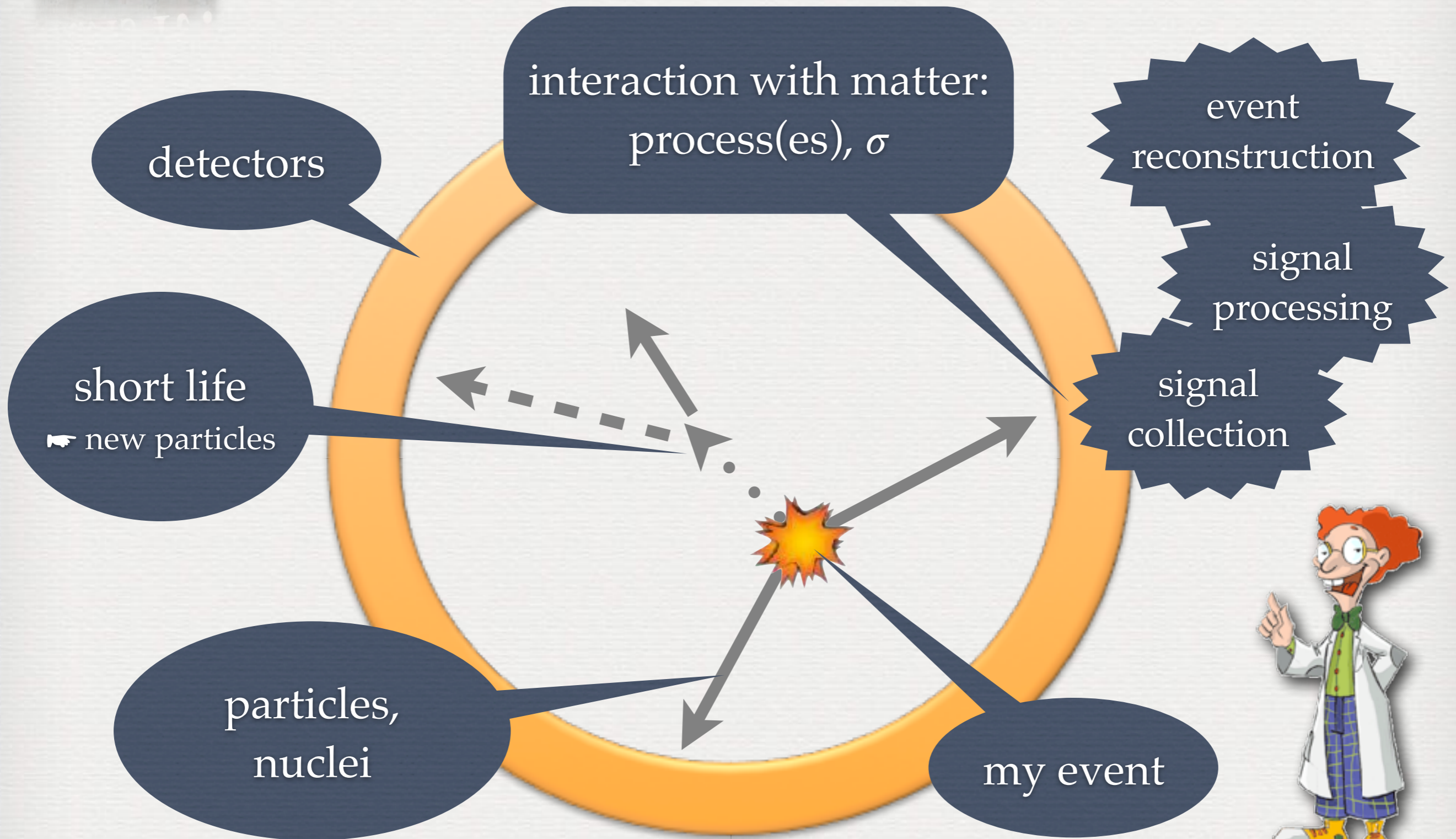
Monte Carlo into the *game*

Geant4 some vocabulary

The Geant4 machine

What is It?

the world to be modeled

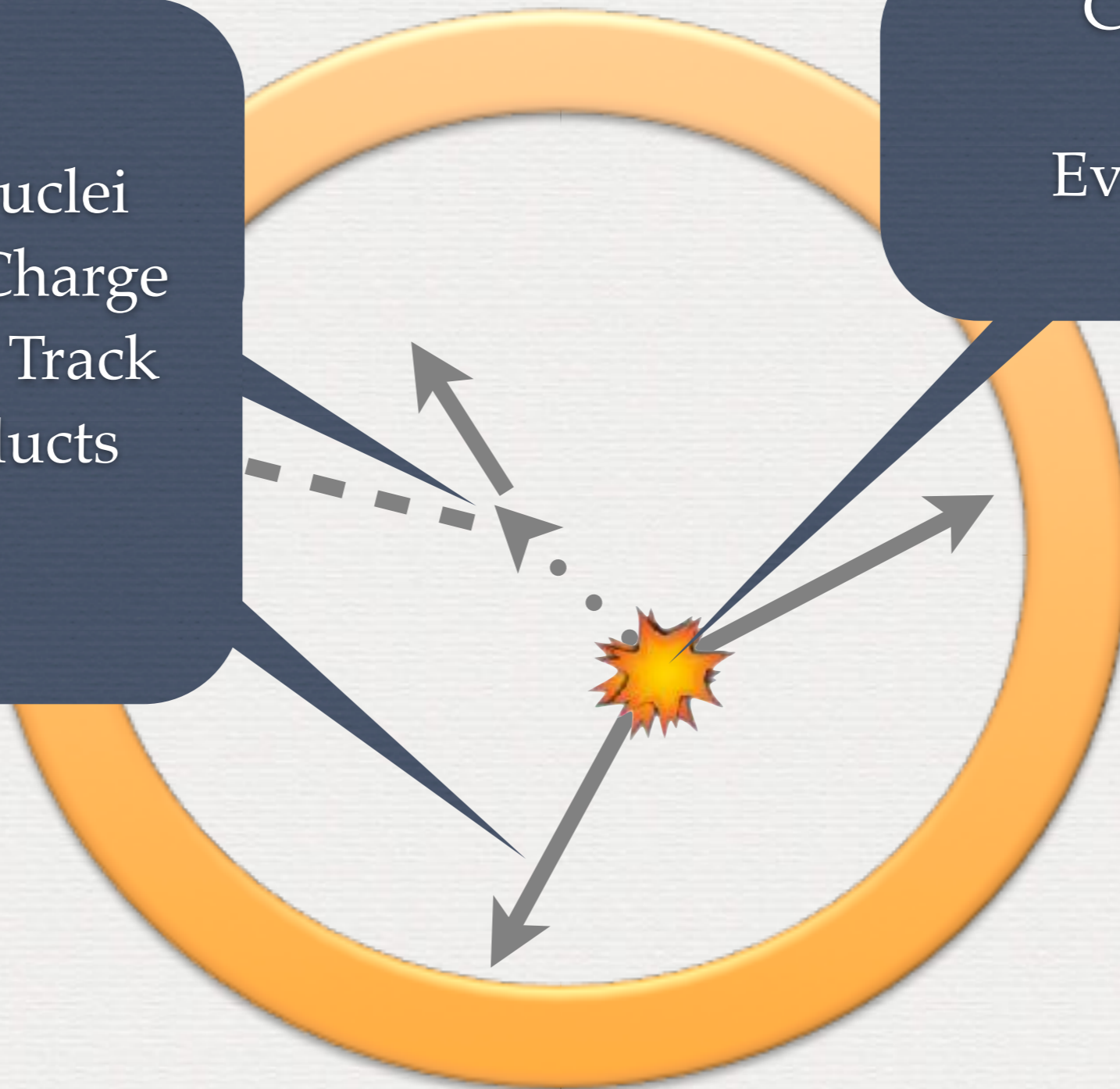


What is It?

the world to be modeled

Particles, Nuclei
Mass, Spin, Charge
Momentum, Track
Decay products
...

Collisions
Vertex
Events, Run
...

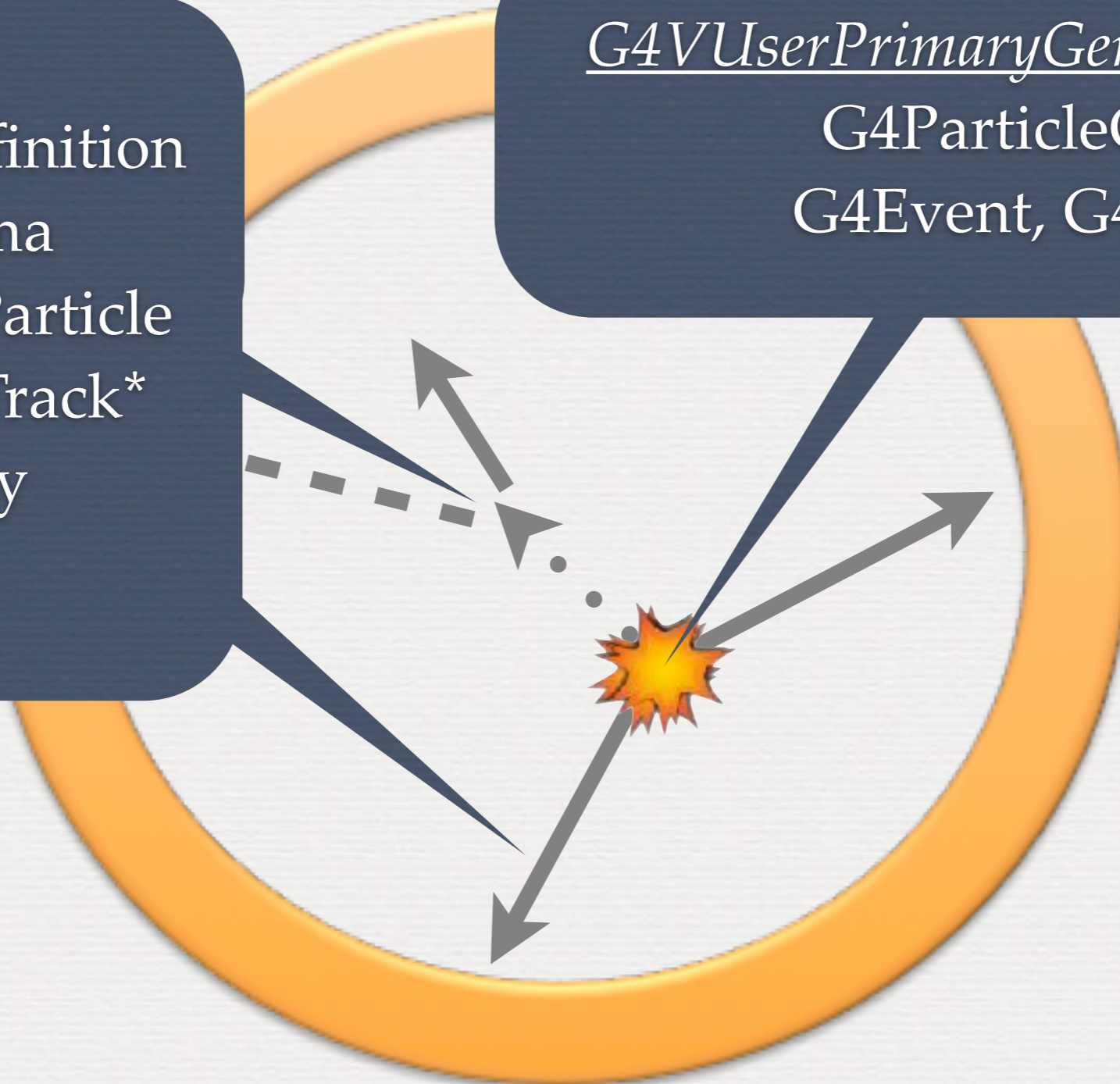


What is It? the GEANT4 [G4] world

G4ParticleDefinition
G4Gamma
G4DynamicParticle
G4Step, G4Track*
G4Decay
...

G4VUserPrimaryGeneratorAction

G4ParticleGun
G4Event, G4Run



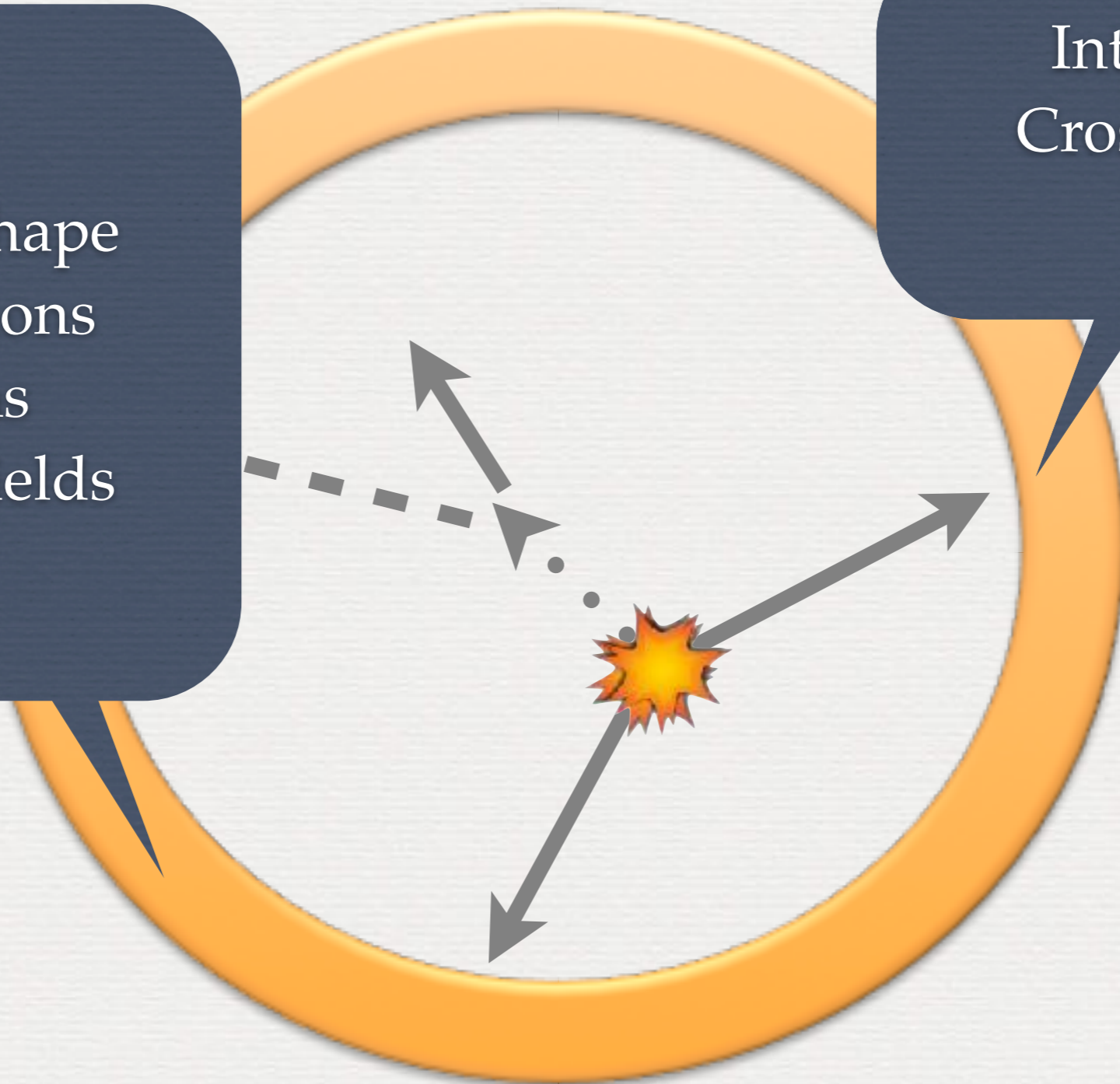
* a G4Track is not a collection of G4Step but a snapshot of a particle within its environment

What is It?

the world to be modeled

Setup
Material, Shape
Compositions
Positions
Magnetic fields
...

Interactions
Cross Sections
...



What is It? The GEANT4 [G4] world

G4VUserDetectorConstruction

G4Material, G4Solid

G4LogicalVolume,

G4VPhysicalVolume

G4ThreeVector, G4RotationMatrix

G4Field

...

G4VUserPhysicsList

G4VProcess

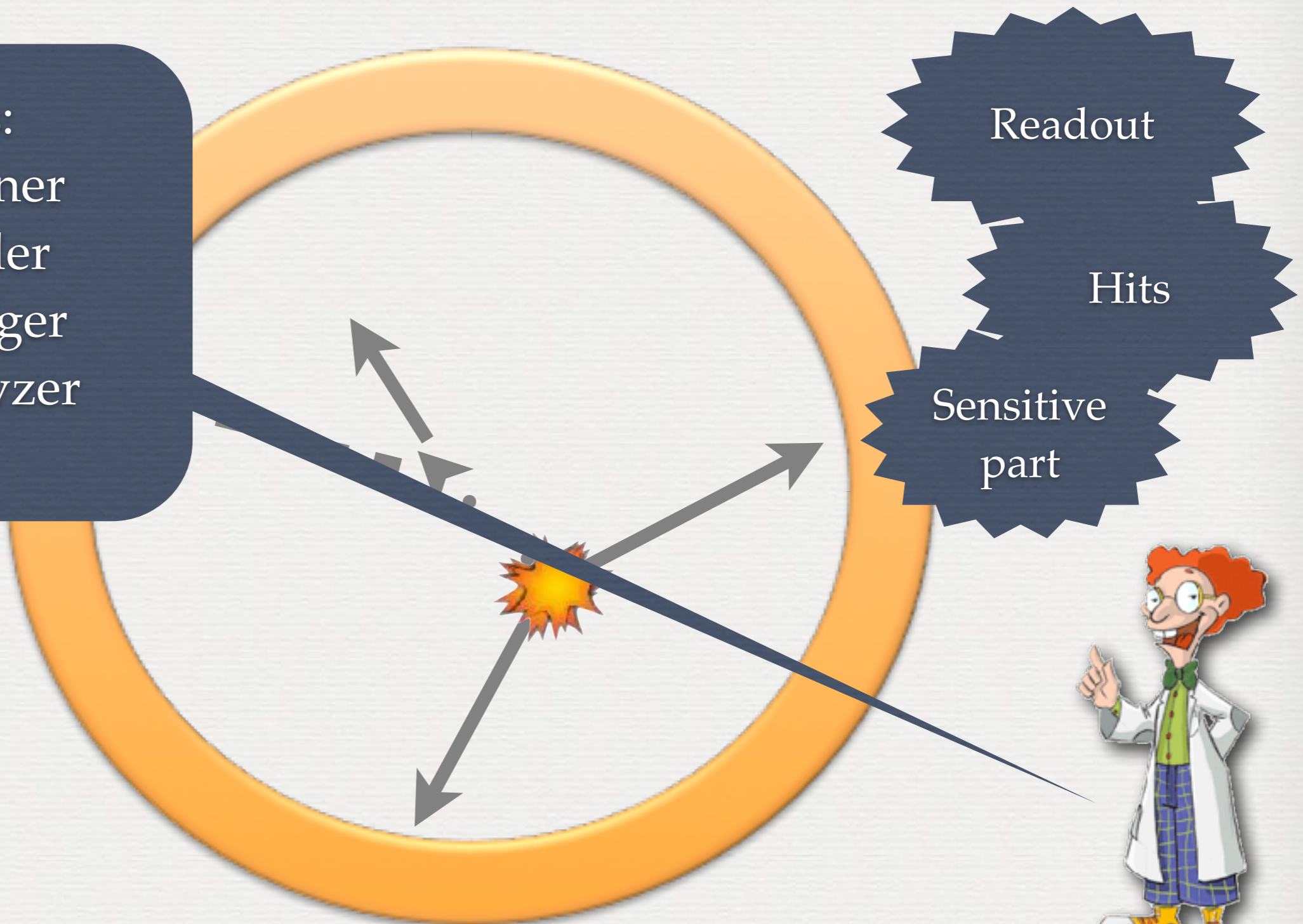
...



What is It?

the world to be modeled

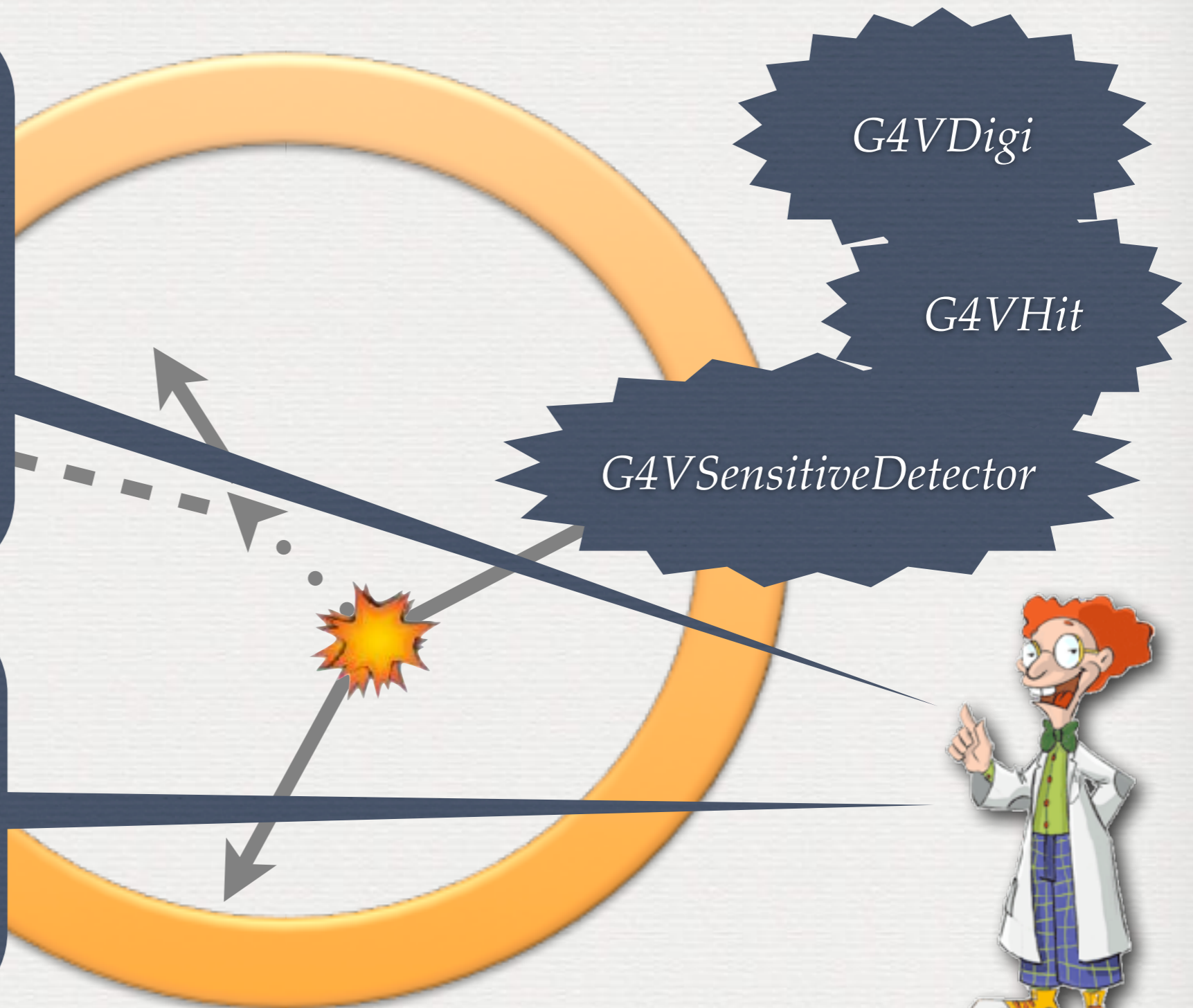
He is:
a designer
a builder
a manager
an analyzer
...



What is It? The GEANT4 [G4] world

G4 inner control
G4RunManager
G4EventManager
G4SteppingManager
G4TrackingManager
...

User's Actions
G4VUserRunAction
G4VUserEvenAction
...





Some general statements

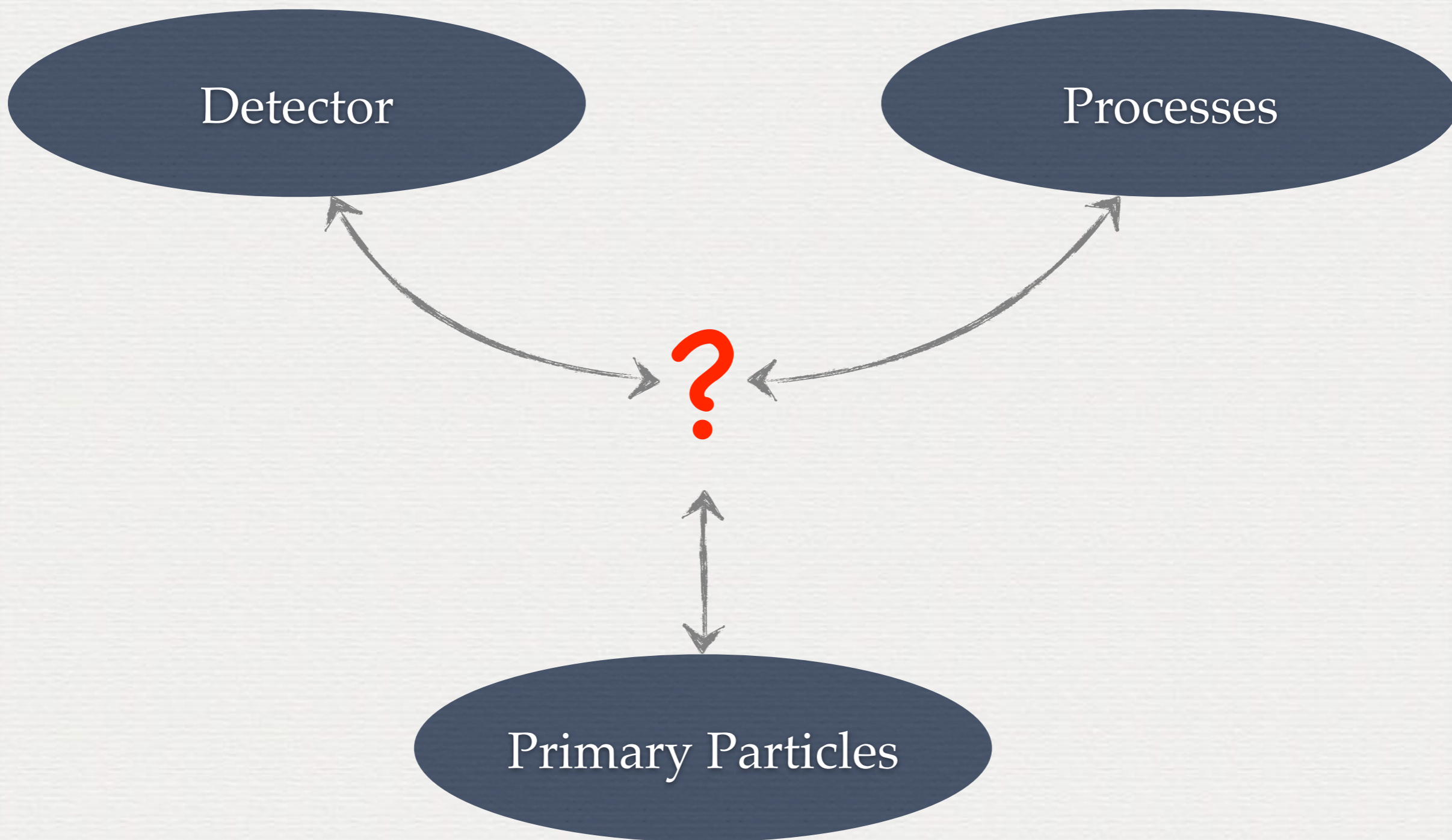
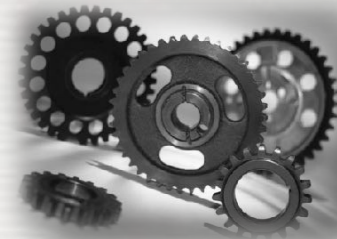
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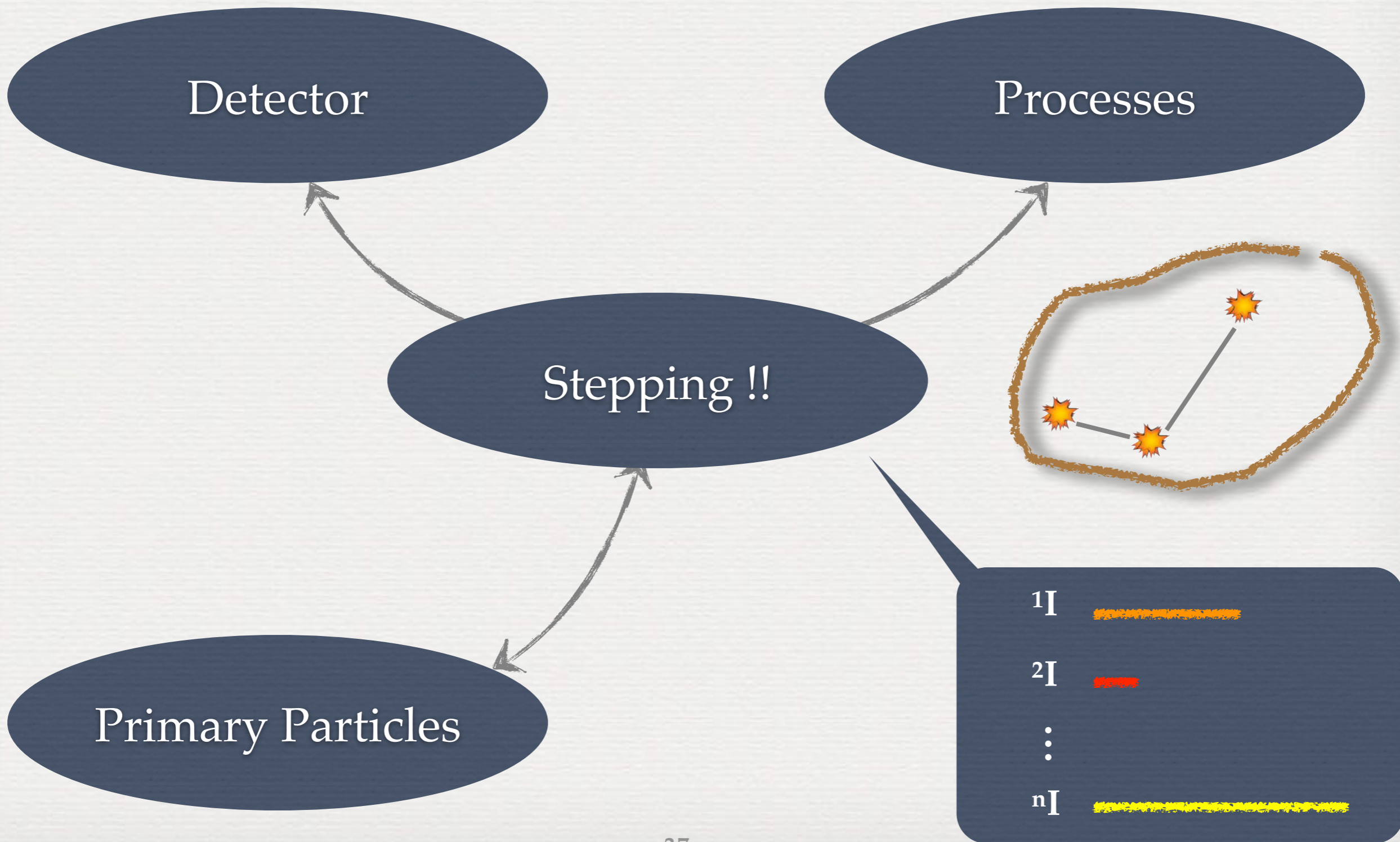
What is It?

ALL G4 Things together



What is It?

ALL G4 Things together



What is It?

ALL G4 Things together



```
public G4UserDetectorConstruction  
{  
  ...  
}
```

- First Phase, initialization:

- ☑ Definition of the full setup
- ☑ What particles, What processes they see
- ☑ Primary generator in action

```
public G4UserPhysicsList  
{  
  ...  
}
```

- Then Main loop :

/run/BeamOn 10000

- Start run # 1 : conditions of simulation fixed*
- Start event # i
 primaries randomly generated and tracked
- Stop event # i
- Stop run# 1 -

```
public G4UserPrimaryGeneratorAction  
{  
  ...  
}
```

* geometry, processes

What is It?

ALL G4Things together



'Loupe' on the main loop



Start run # 1 :

Start event # i

Start track # j

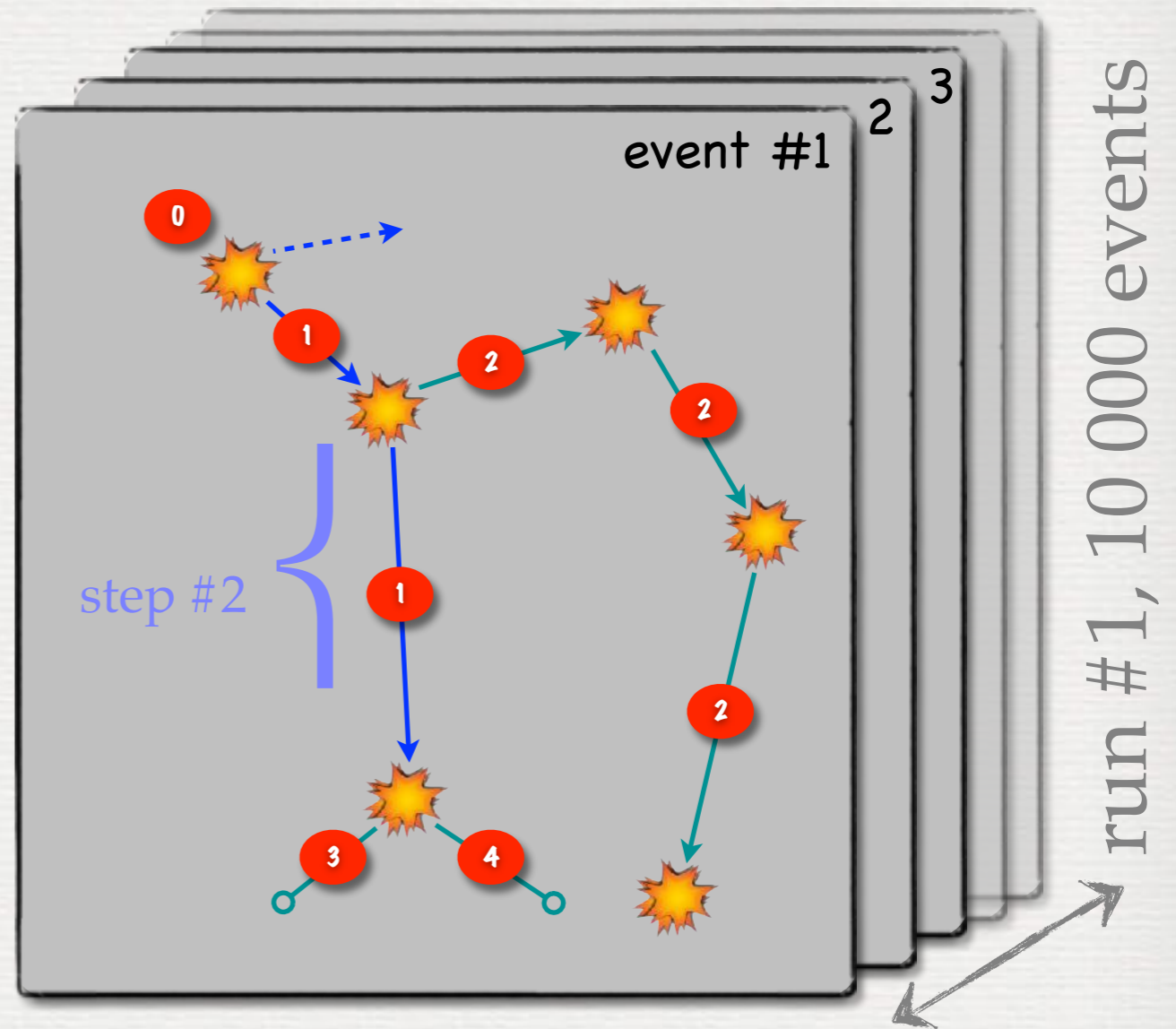
Start step # k

Stop step # k

Stop track # j

Stop event # i

Stop run # 1



run #1, 10 000 events

k Track ID

Track stack

active

waiting



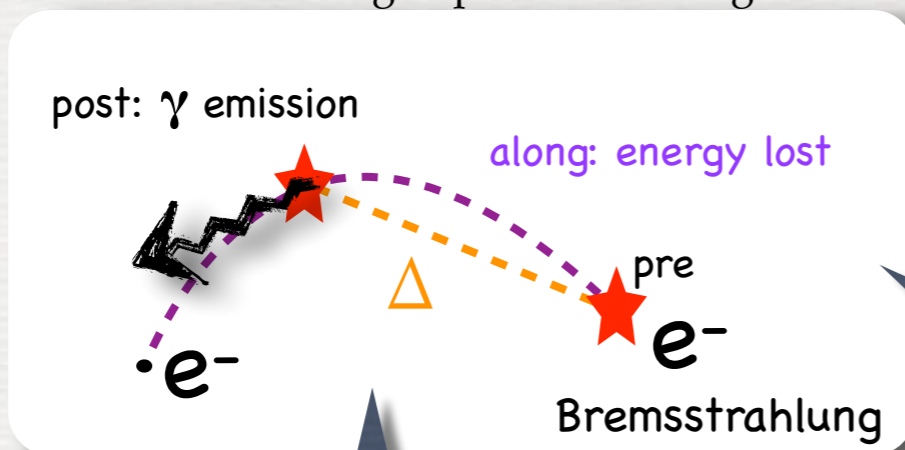
What is It?

Some remarks about steps



★ G4Step do not match necessarily the real trajectory

same remark for charged particles in magnetic fields



★ G4StepPoint: one Pre, one Post

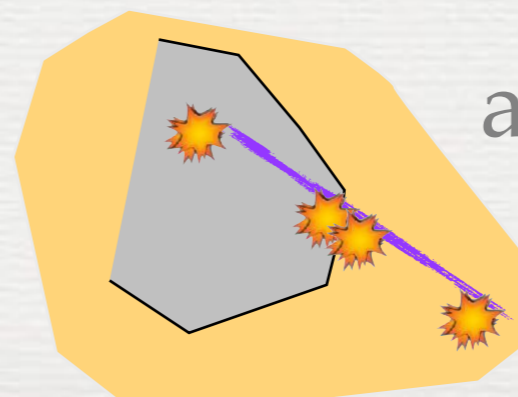
△ G4Step: store delta information

once a process is selected:

- ① all AlongStep are applied
- ② PostStep of the selected

in G4, distinctions between:
Along, PostStep, AtRest
processes

★ Fictive G4Step introduced



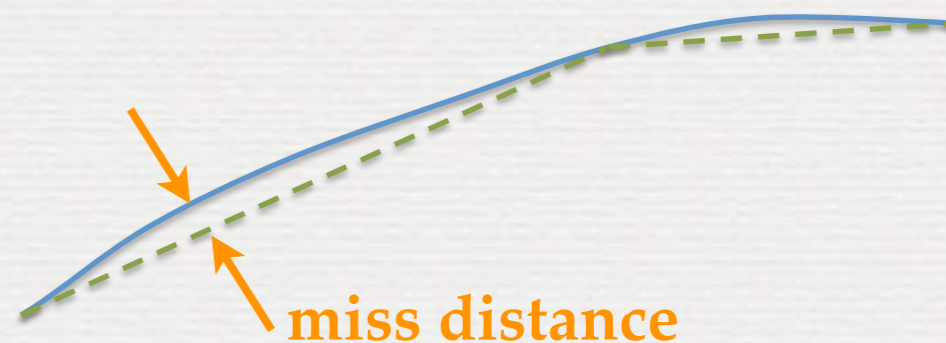
at boundaries

What is It?

Some remarks about steps



- ★ In order to propagate a **particle inside a magnetic and/or electric field**, the equation of motion of the particle in the field is solved
- ★ The *Runge-Kutta* method for the integration of the ordinary differential equations of motion
- ★ In specific cases other solvers can also be used:
 - In a uniform field, using the analytical solution*
 - In a nearly uniform field (BgsTransportation)*
 - In a smooth but varying field, with new RK+helix*



- ★ Knowing the **trajectory**, G4 breaks up this curved path into **linear chord segments**
 - ➔ The chord segments are chosen so that they closely approximate the curved path
 - ➔ The chords are used to interrogate the Navigator, to see whether the track has crossed a volume boundary
 - ➔ The accuracy is controlled using a parameter called the '**miss distance**': it is a **measure of the error** in whether **the approximate track intersects a volume**

default 3mm

to be adapted for your physics ...

What is It?

Some remarks about steps



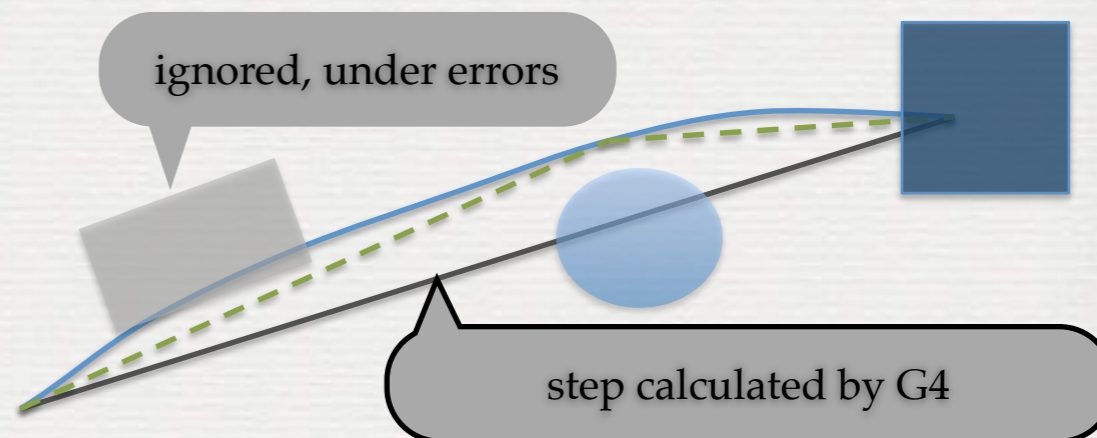
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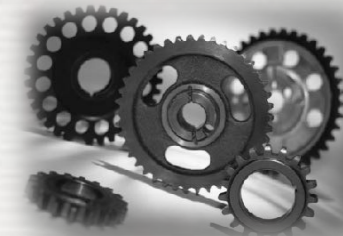
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What is It?

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Geant4 introduces 'cuts'

- To avoid infrared divergence for electromagnetic processes
 - ▶ for gammas, electrons and positrons
- It is a distance (1.0 mm) converted to energy for each material
- It is not a tracking cut (i.e. stop tracking if step < 1.0mm)
 - ▶ Geant4 tracks particle down to zero kinetic energy
- It is a energy threshold*
 - ▶ above: secondaries created
 - ▶ below: just energy loss
- It could be a global, per particle or per region parameter

*at which discrete energy loss is replaced by continuous loss ... up to zero ...

Conclusions / remarks

Why? because it helps a lot !

A C++ toolkit, based on Monte Carlo method to simulate particles interactions with matter

What is It?

Second time this lecture is given

↳ feedbacks mandatory !

Geant4 version 10.0 is also there

↳ running several CPU/cores in //

↳ more tricky to handle ...



The roadmap of the week

W1: installation / running a G4 application

W2: Primary generator, GPS, physics list

W3: Geometries

W4: Sensitive detectors / user's actions

Do the one
you want to practice on

NOW, HOW does it really work ?