

Astroparticle Physics European Consortium



Towards the EU Coordination of the CMB programme Sept. 20-21, 2018 Florence, Italy

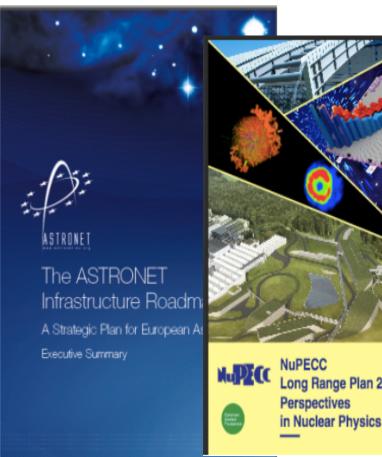
Presentation of the EU Astro-Particle Physics Strategy 2017-2026

Antonio Masiero
INFN and Univ. of Padova
Chairman of the
APPEC General Assembly

European roadmaps in fields of science







resource aware

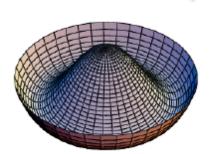
MICRO-COSMOS

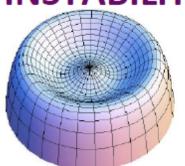
MACRO-COSMOS

PARTICLE STANDARD MODEL

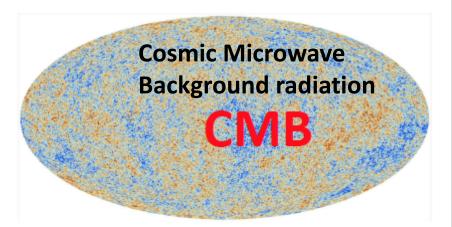
The Higgs boson and the destiny of the Universe

STABILITY INSTABILITY



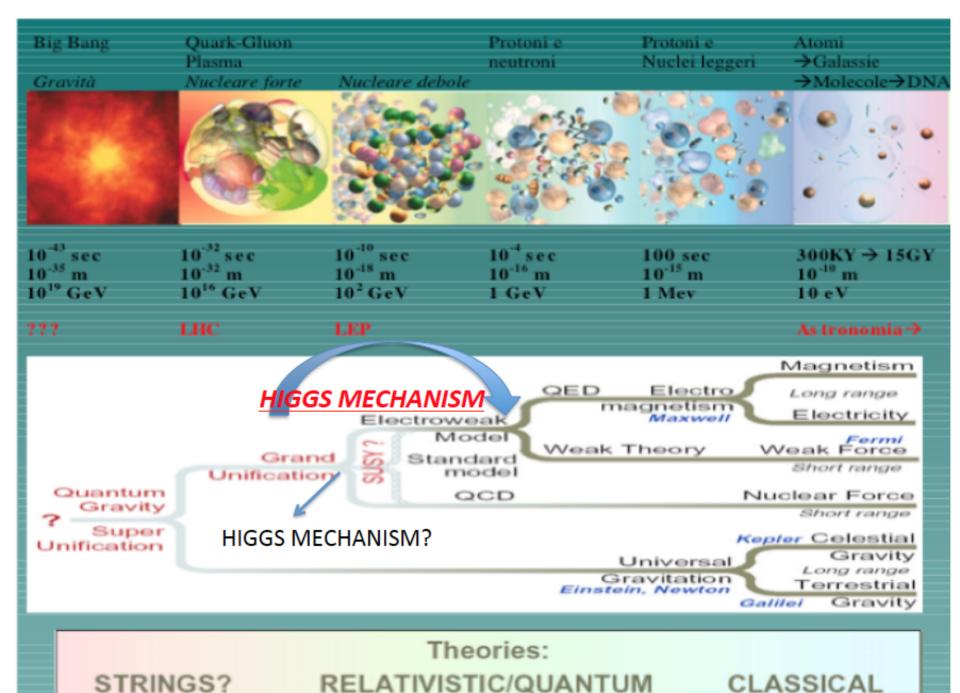


COSMOLOGY STANDARD MODEL





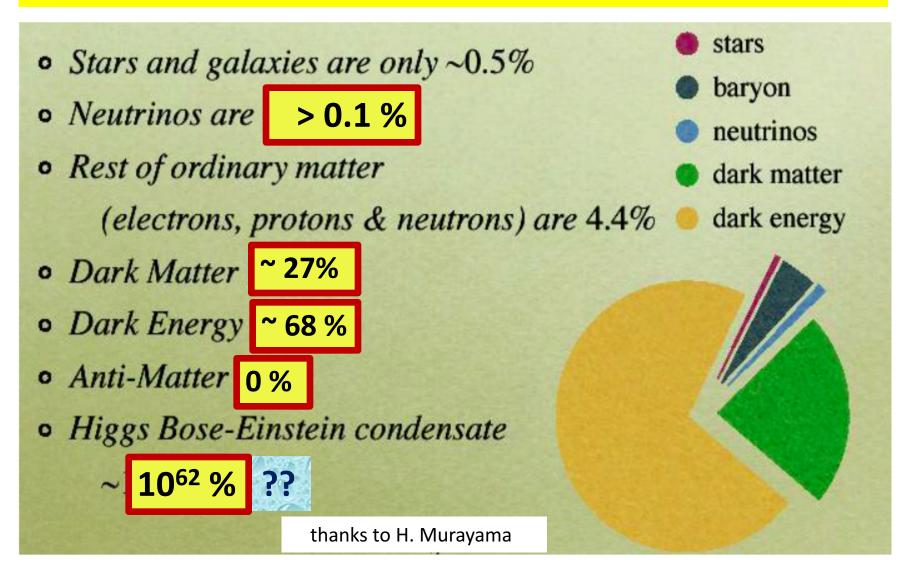




• By the end of the 20th century ... we have a comprehensive, fundamental theory of all observed forces of nature which has been tested and might be valid from the Planck rength scale [10⁻³³ cm.] to the edge of the universe $[10^{+28} \text{ cm.}]$

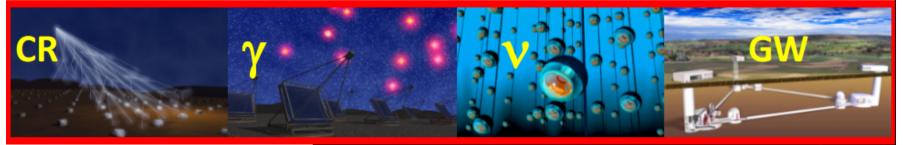
D. Gross 2007

5 numbers, 5 indications of physics beyond the Standard Models of Particle Physics and Cosmology: NEUTRINO MASSES, DARK MATTER, DARK ENERGY, ANTIMATTER and VACUUM ENERGY



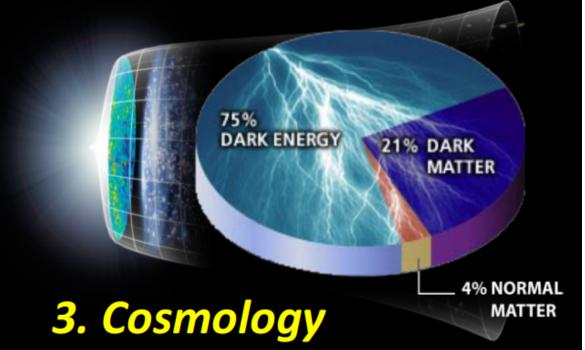
Going beyond the physics of the Standard Models: the APP 3-pronged approach

1. High-energy Universe: multi-messengers



2. Neutrino's





Promising – bright – future ahead! F. LINDE + ground-based **CMB** LiteBIRD





JUNO, ... **DUNE/HK**

AdvVirgo/LIGO+ ET

LISA

AugerPrime, TA

Icecube, KM3NeT, GVD

HECR-, γ-, v-observatories

GN

Crucial ingredients



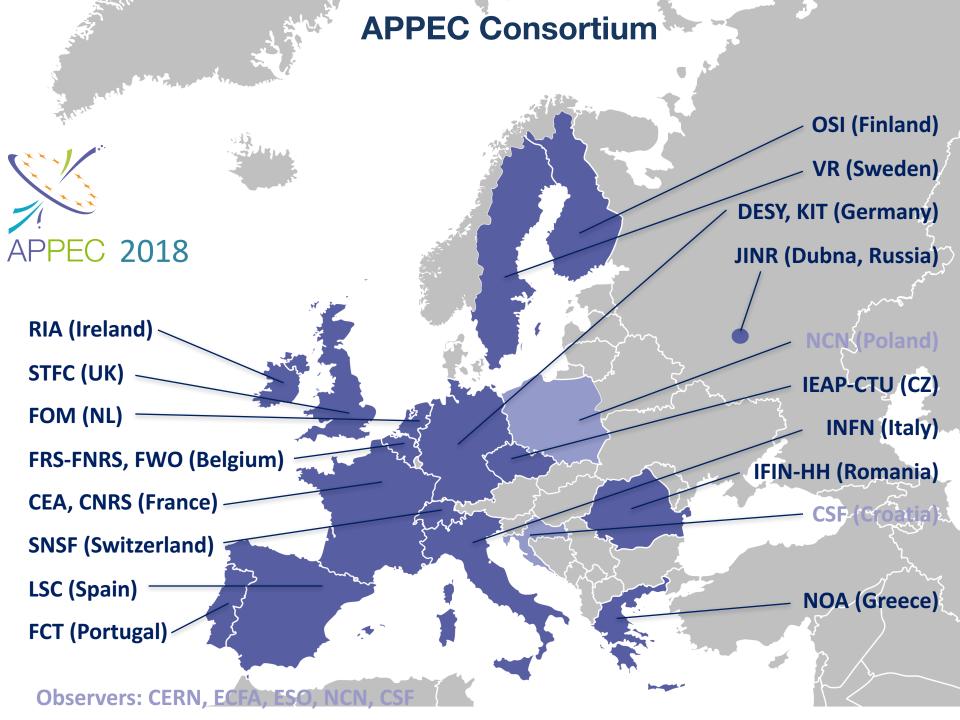
scientists

science

excellent

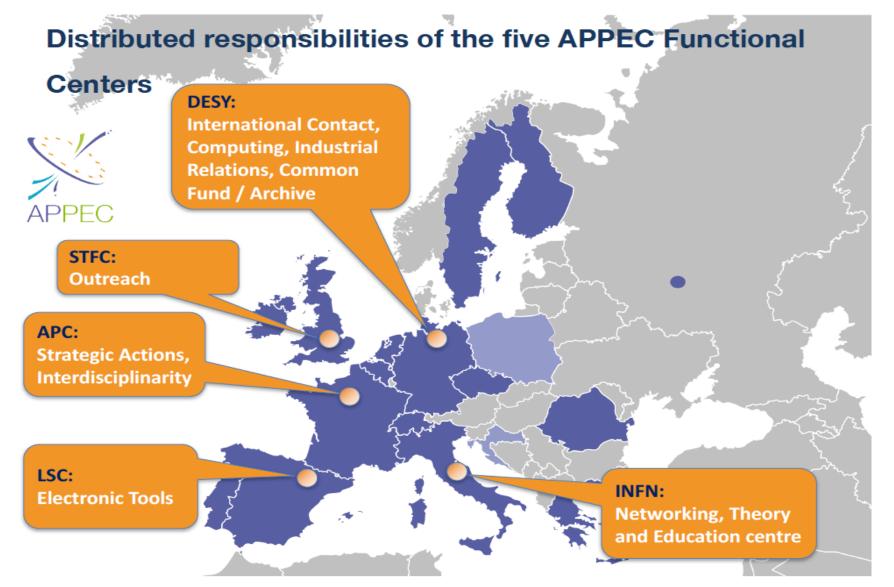
technology

state-of-the-art



Scientific Advisory Committee

Laura Baudis (chair), Michal Ostrowski, Mauro Mezzetto, Gisela Anton, Jocelyn Monroe, Petr Tiniakov, Jo van den Brand, Patrick Sutton, Ramon Miquel, Zito Marco, Andrea Giuliani, Felix Aharonian, Pierre Binétruy, Ignatios Antoniadis, Yifang Wang, Francis Halzen, Hank Sobel, A. Haungs, S.Katsanevas (APPEC)

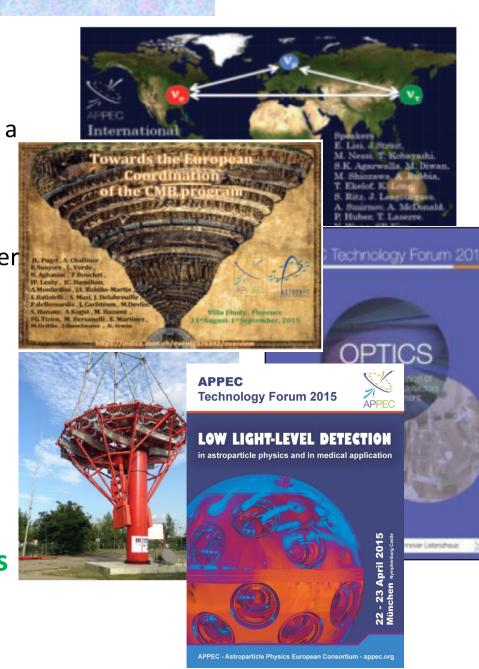


APPEC actions

 Promotion of global and/or European strategies on specific

topics (for instance, global neutrino meetings, European CMB coordination in a global context; for the future: global strategy ofor integrated activities of large underground research infrastructures, global strategy for cosmic multi-messenger approach)

- APPEC Technology Fora
- Stimulus for large astroparticle RI (example strong help in the preliminary stage if the CTA project)
- Calls for R&D on common projects (ex. ET, DARWIN, etc.)





Astroparticle Physics European Consortium

- APPEC Technology Forum 2018 November, 12-13, Veldhoven (NL)
 - Topic: Active and passive stabilization systems and sensors
 - Scientists and companies from different fields are invited to talk about a common challaning topic
 - Occasion for interdisciplinary discussions and new collaborations
 - o GW-search, dark-matter experiments, particle physics, ... And more.



Sign up now!

http://indico.desy.de/indico/e/ATF2018

http://www.appec.org/roadmap



Scientific issues - 13×

- Large-scale: CTA, v-telescopes, Auger, GW
- Medium-scale: Dark Matter, v-mass, $0v\beta\beta$
- +PP: v-mixing; +ASTRO: Dark Energy & CMB
- Base. theory, R&D, computing deep-underground laboratories

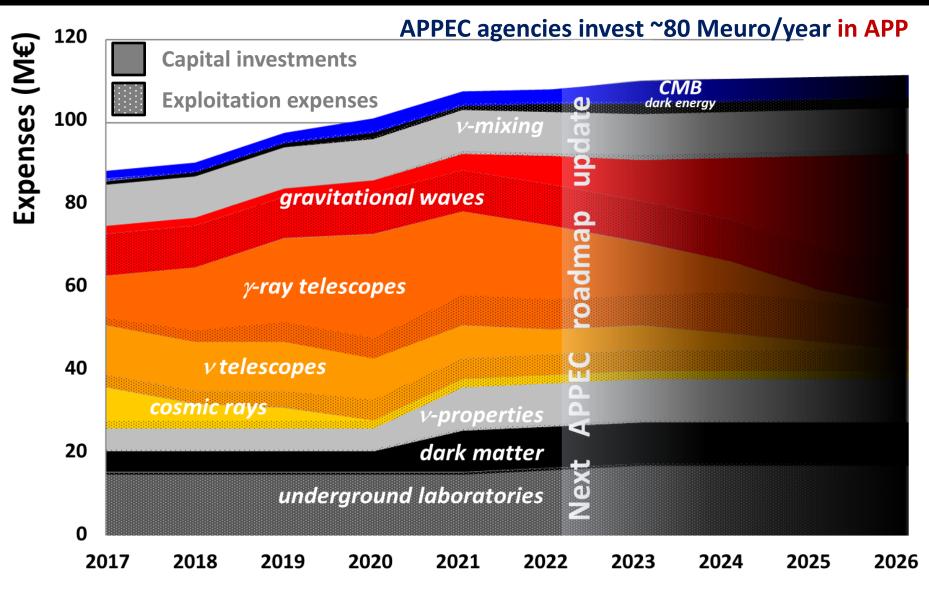
Organisational issues - 5×

- European Commission
- European collaboration/coordination
- Global collaboration/coordination
- Particle physics & Astronomy
- Inter-disciplinary opportunities

Societal issues - 3×

- Gender balance
- Education & Outreach
- Industry

APPEC's 2017 strategy ...

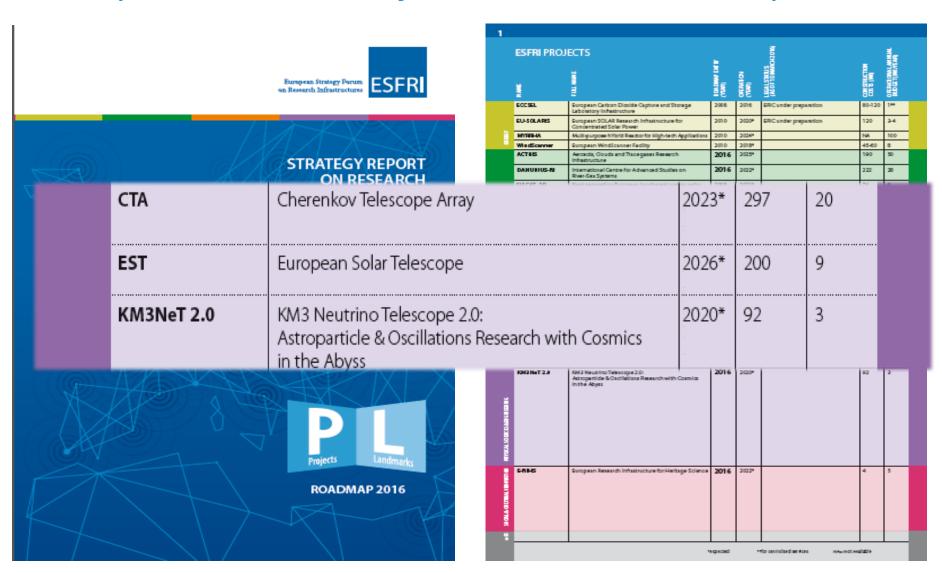


Excludes EU structural/regional, PP, ASTRO, non-EU funding • • • Year



Astroparticle Physics European Consortium

European research infrastructures roadmap: ESFRI



DEEP UNDERGROUND LABS



Surface: 17 800 m²

Volume: 180 000 m³



Worldwide largest underground lab in operation

with easy accessibility

Challenges for next DM, ββ frontiers; Challenges for LNGS

- Attack and cover the IH region → 1-ton neutrinoless ββ
- WIMPS DM : Reach the neutrino background \rightarrow n-ton n = 50 200 ?

LNGS → largest ultra low-background facility ...

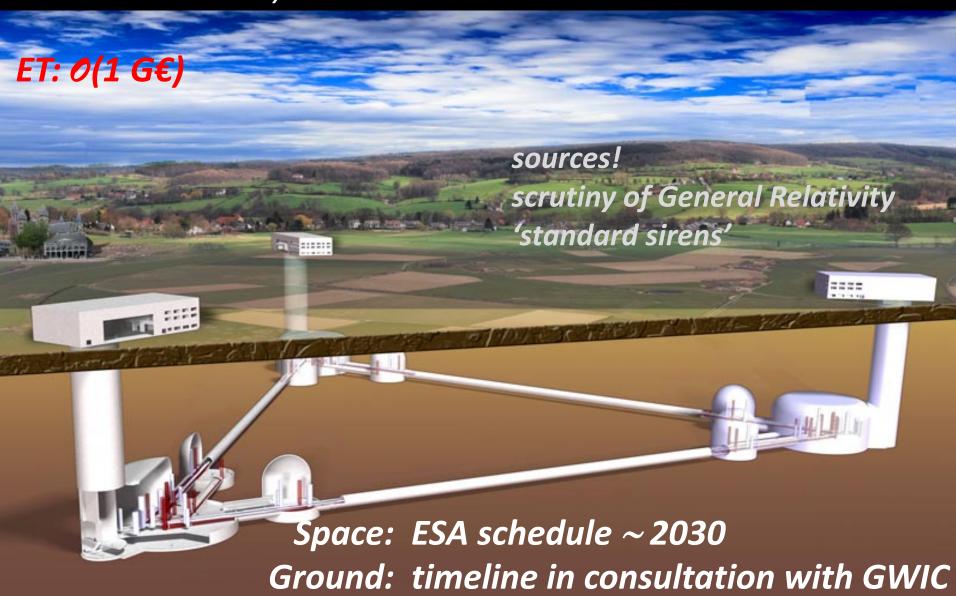
LNGS → Need for a major infrastructural upgrade to meet the formidable challenges of next-generation exps. and to maintain the present leadership role among the underground RIs worldwide

Underground labs → towards a GLOBAL COORDINATION

GRI — Global Research Infrastructure

Gravitational waves – LVC, ET, LISA surface, underground, space GW interferometers

Interested EU-countries: many

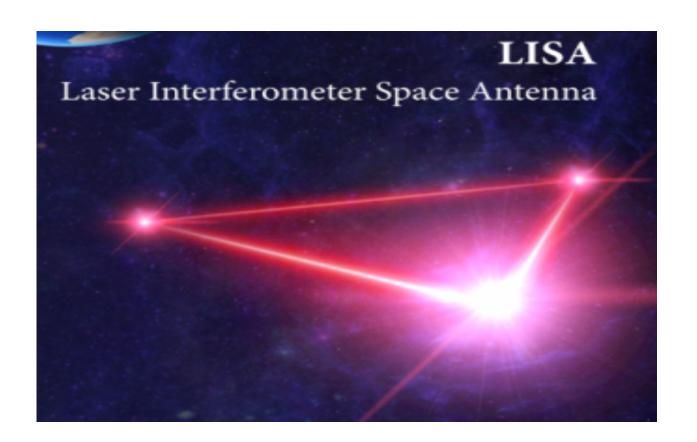




Astroparticle Physics European Consortium

APPEC and Gravitational Waves

In the field of space-based interferometry, APPEC strongly supports the LISA proposal.





Dark Energy

Together with Dark Matter, Dark Energy – the hypothetical form of energy behind the Universe's accelerated expansion – constitutes the least understood component of the cosmos. It is studied via large galaxy-survey campaigns (both satellite-based and ground-based) that combine spectroscopic, photometric and weak-lensing techniques to reconstruct the growth of cosmic structures.

APPEC supports the forthcoming ESA Euclid satellite mission, which will establish clear European leadership in space-based Dark Energy research. Because of their complementarity to Euclid, APPEC encourages continued European participation in the US-led DESI and LSST ground-based research projects. To benefit fully from the combined power of satellite-based and ground-based experiments, the exchange of data is essential.



ESA's Planck satellite mission gave Europe a major role in space-based experiments in this field, while the US leads the way in ground-based experiments. Apart from better precision, the next generation of experiments primarily aims at trying to identify the tell-tale sign of cosmic inflation: the imprint of primordial gravitational waves on CMB polarisation modes.

APPEC strongly endorses the proposed European COrE satellite mission to map the CMB from space, and will encourage detector R&D towards a next-generation ground-based experiment complementary to initiatives in the US. APPEC continues to contribute to global coordination of this field following the initiation of the Florence CMB Workshop series in 2015.



Info from Planck: Neutrino # and mass

$$\Sigma$$
m $_{v}$ < 0. 23 eV (95% CL)
N $_{eff}$ =3.15 ± 0.23

Planck + Lyman alpha

$$\Sigma \, m_{\nu} < 0.14 \, eV \, (C.L)$$

Prospects for PLANCK + EUCLID

$$\Delta m_{\nu}^{\sim} 0.03 \text{ eV } \& \Delta N_{\nu}^{\sim} 0.08$$

final considerations on the APPEC roadmap

- APPEC is a key-factor to fully exploit the enormous HUMAN, SCIENTIFIC, TECHNOLOGICAL potential of European APP leading EU to play a top-level role in the global astroparticle landscape
- The success of the APPEC'S new resource-aware EU Astroparticle Strategy 2017-2026 relies on a close cooperation between the APP scientific community with our various national governments and funding agencies, the EU Commission, our partners outside Europe, those working in the connected field of particle physics, astronomy and cosmology, and the strong pillars that these 3 research fields rely on – CERN, ESO and ESA

- An exciting moment in fundamental physics: we have discovered, validated and (still partially) understood two crucial territories of our knowledge - the SMs of particle physics and cosmology
- We know that there must exist a new land that of the "physics beyond the SMs" but we don't know where it is, what shape it may have → hence we've to proceed with an open mind and fully exploiting the synergy of all possible (and sometime even seemingly impossible) ways to reach it need for global coordination in our efforts, ex. Global Research Infrastructures
- No doubt, ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS is one of the most extraordinary ways to proceed in this fascinating journey towards the unknown!