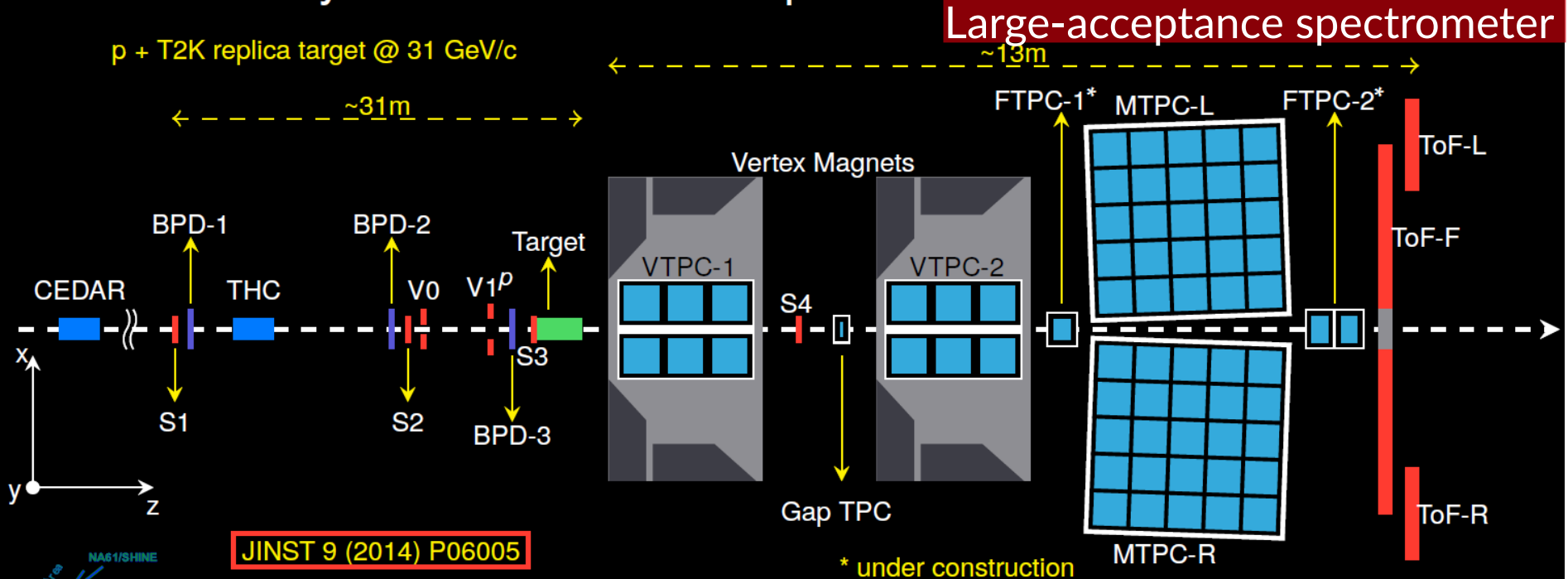


NA61/SHINE experiment @ CERN

SPS Heavy Ion and Neutrino Experiment

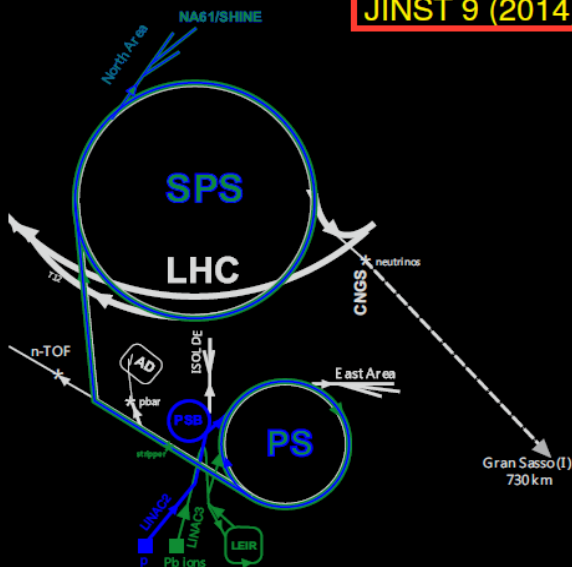


- Search for the critical point of strongly interacting matter ($p+p$, $p+A$, $A+A$)

- Precise hadron production measurements for neutrino flux predictions in T2K and Fermilab neutrino experiments

- More reliable simulations of cosmic-ray air showers

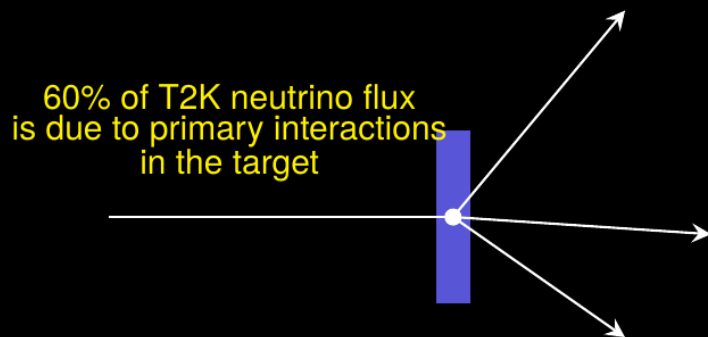
Boris A. Popov



Thin carbon target

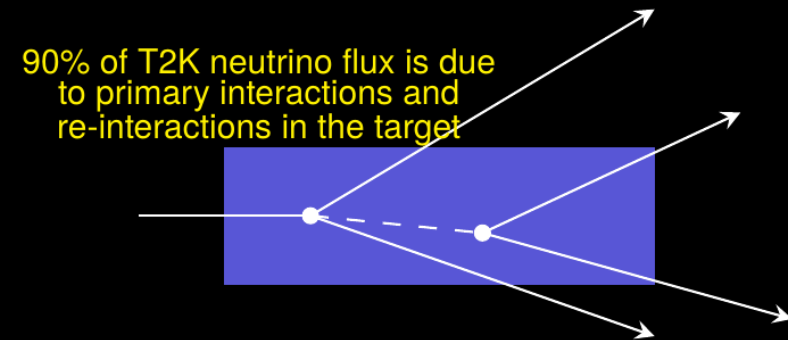
- ▶ $2.5 \times 2.5 \text{ cm}^2$, $L = 2 \text{ cm} = 0.04 \lambda_{int}$
- ▶ Measurements of production cross section and spectra of π^\pm , K^\pm , K_S^0 , ρ , Λ

L.Zambelli's PhD



T2K replica target

- ▶ $L = 90 \text{ cm} = 1.9 \lambda_{int}$, $r = 1.3 \text{ cm}$
- ▶ Measurement of charged pion spectra exiting the target



Beam	Target	Year	Triggers [10^6]	Status	Comment
31 GeV/c protons at	thin	2007	0.7	published ($\pi^\pm, K^+, K_S^0, \Lambda$) ^{1,2}	has been used for T2K
	replica	2007	0.2	published (π^\pm) ^{3,4}	proof of principle
	thin	2009	5.4	published ($\pi^\pm, K^\pm, \rho, K_S^0, \Lambda$) ^{5,6}	being used in T2K
	replica	2009	2.8	published (π^\pm) ^{7,8}	being used in T2K
	replica	2010	10.2	analysis finalized (M.Pavin's PhD)	prepared for use in T2K

¹ Phys. Rev. C84, 034604 (2011).

² Phys. Rev. C85, 035210 (2012).

³ Nucl. Instrum. Meth. A701, 99 (2013).

⁴ CERN-THESIS-2011-165

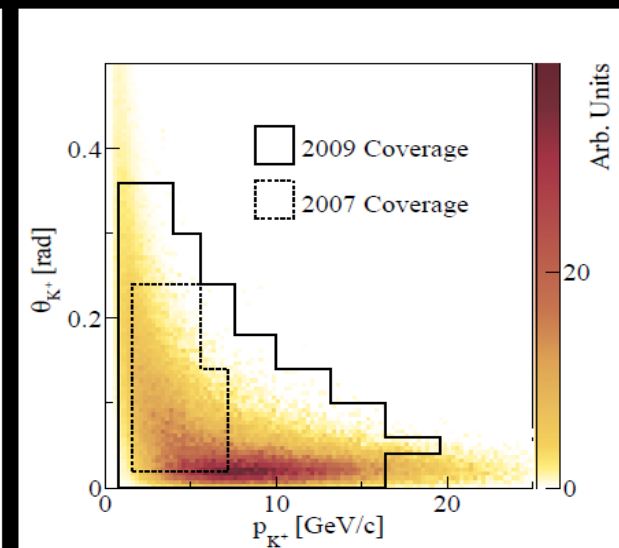
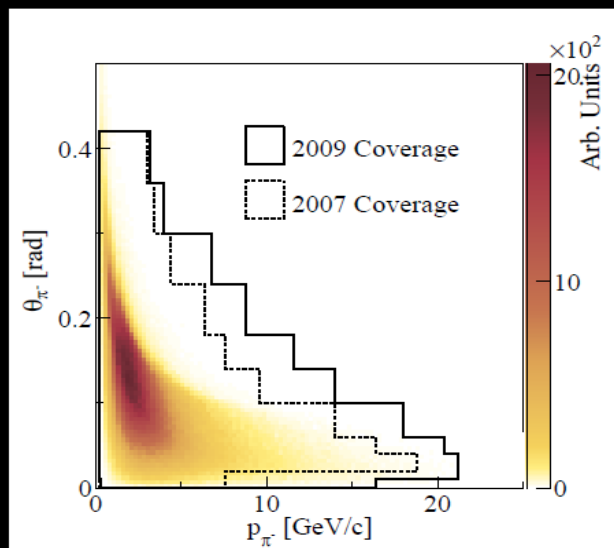
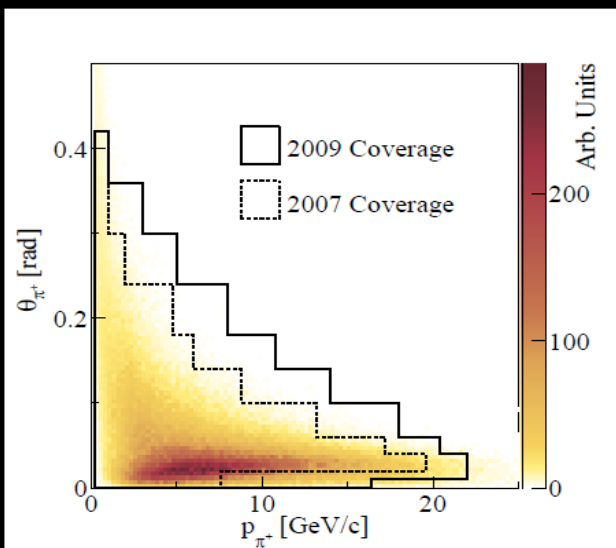
⁵ CERN-THESIS-2013-290

⁶ Eur. Phys. J. C76, no.2, 84 (2016)

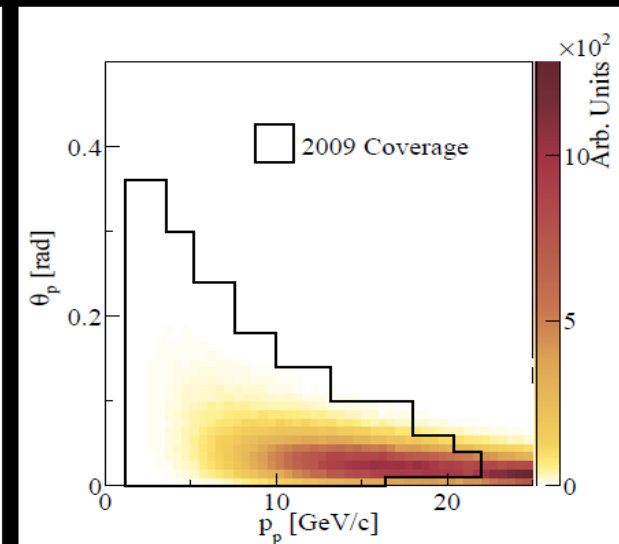
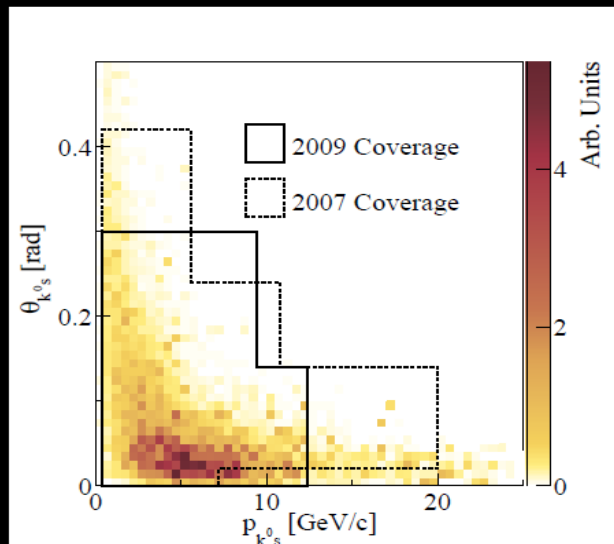
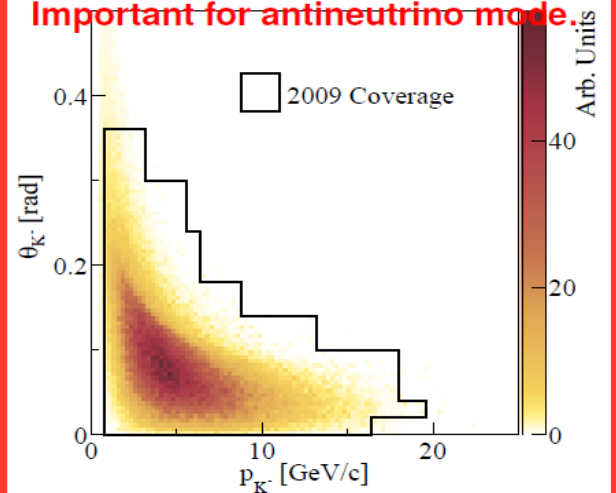
⁷ CERN-THESIS-2015-103

⁸ Eur. Phys. J. C76, no.11, 617 (2016)

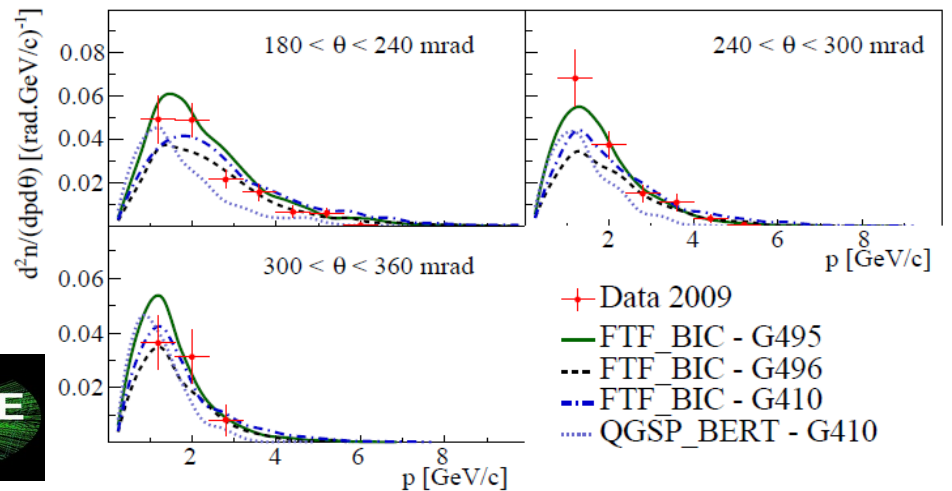
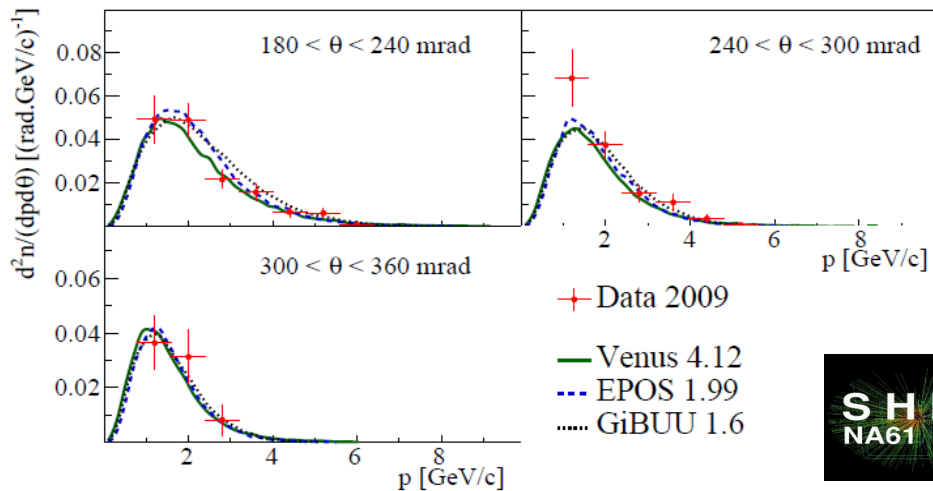
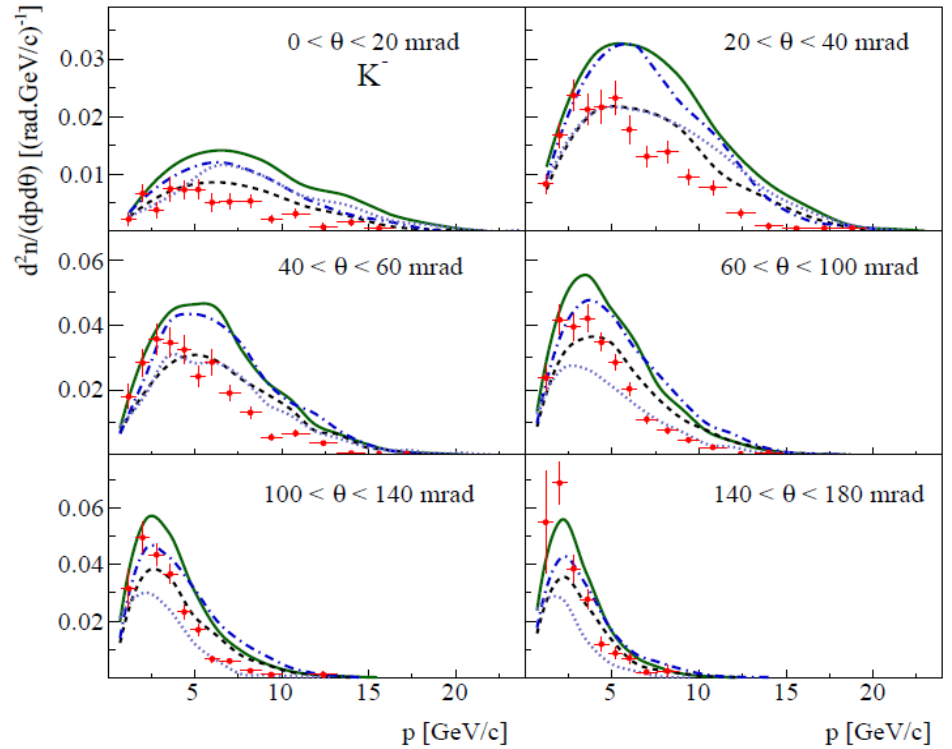
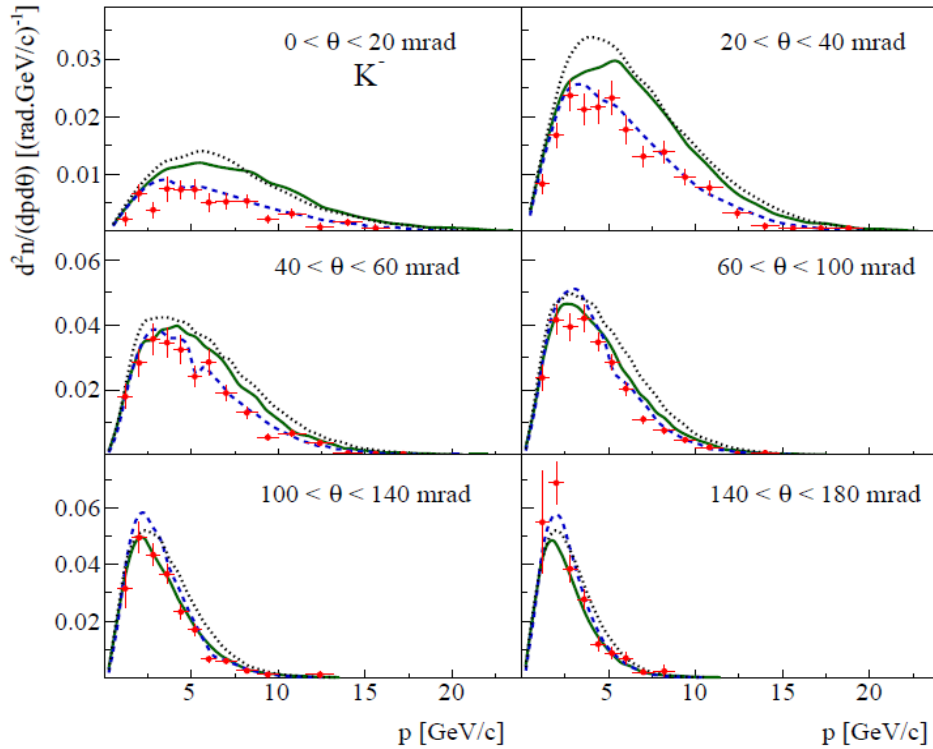
NA61/SHINE coverage for T2K ($\bar{\nu}$ mode)



First measurements of K^- spectra.
Important for antineutrino mode.

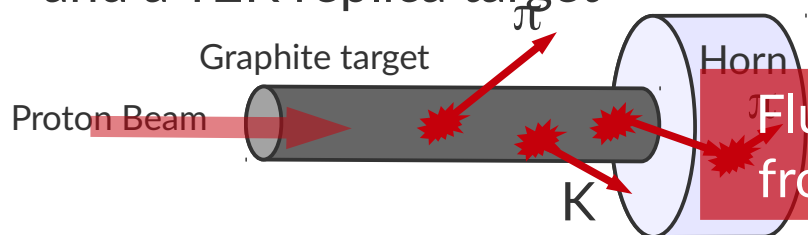


Comparison of K- spectra with models

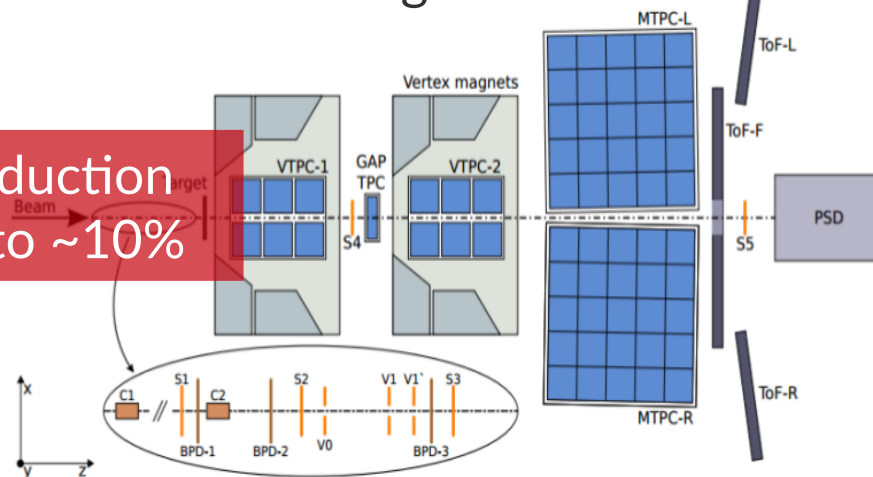
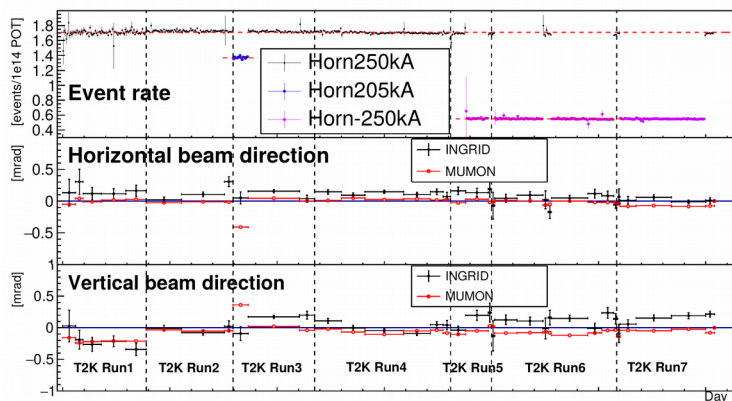


The neutrino beam: flux predictions

- Fluxes are predicted from a data-driven simulation \rightarrow **NA61/SHINE experiment** measures hadron production cross-sections using a thin carbon and a T2K replica target

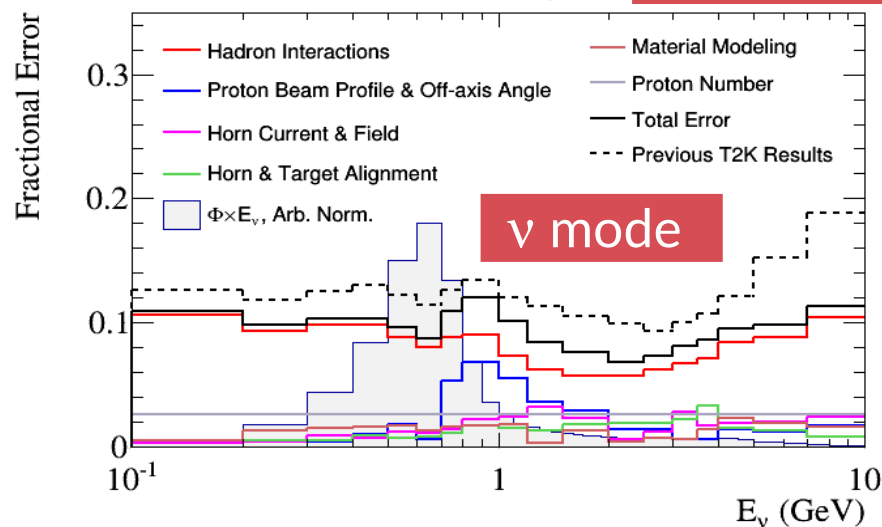


- Beam alignment monitoring provides input to estimations of beam systematics
- INGRID detector provides high-statistics monitoring of the beam intensity, direction, profile and stability



SK: Positive Focussing Mode, ν_μ

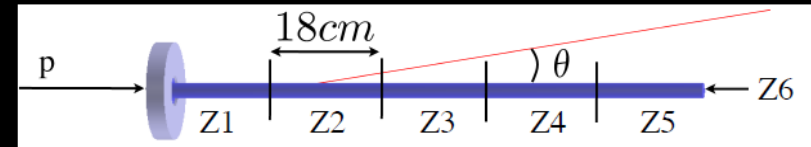
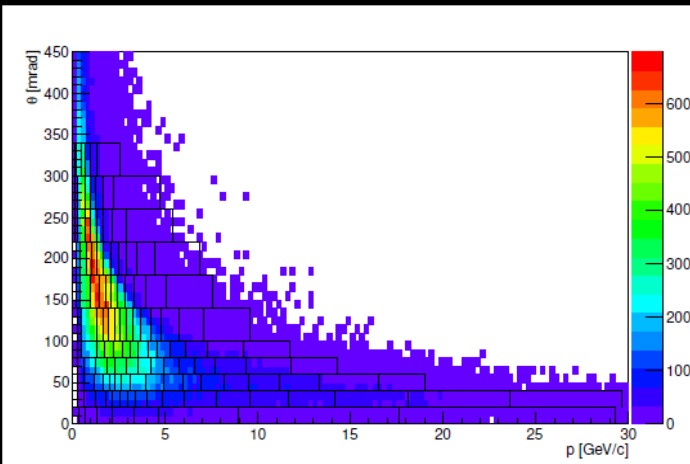
Flux errors



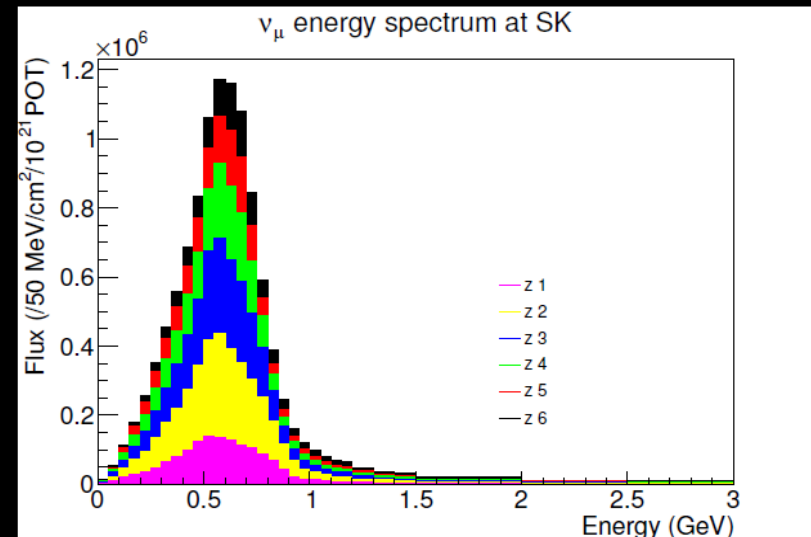
Flux errors are further constrained with the ND280 analysis of ν_μ and $\bar{\nu}_\mu$ CC events

p+RT @ 31 GeV/c analysis

- ▶ $tof - dE/dx$ and h^- analysis
- ▶ Vertex position is not required \rightarrow TPC tracks are extrapolated towards the target surface
- ▶ Phase space: momentum p , polar angle θ and position along the target surface z
- ▶ Shape of the spectra depends on the track position \rightarrow 5 longitudinal bins + downstream target face



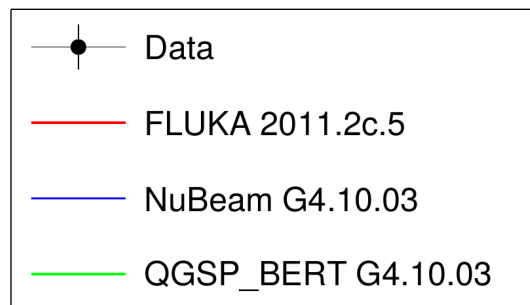
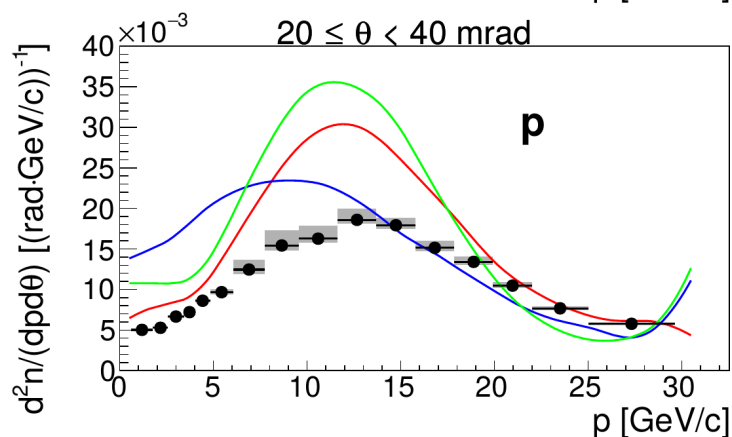
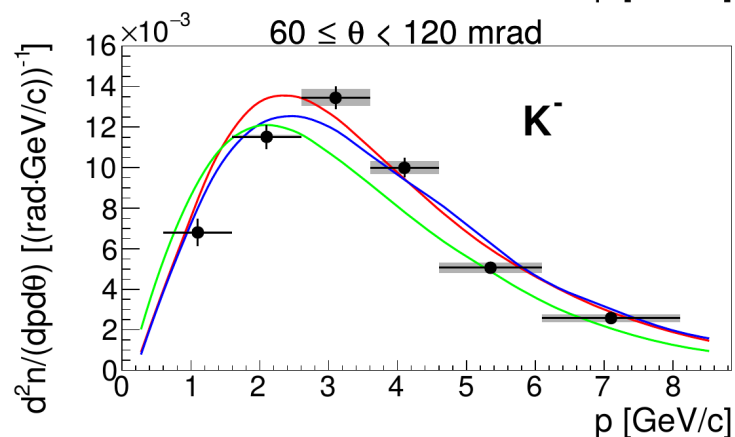
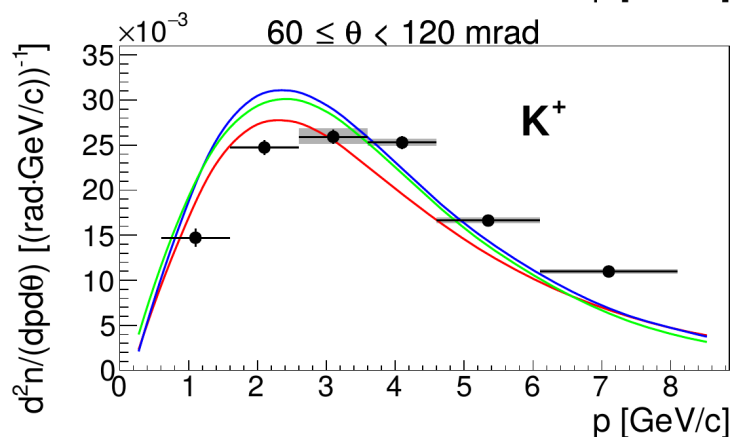
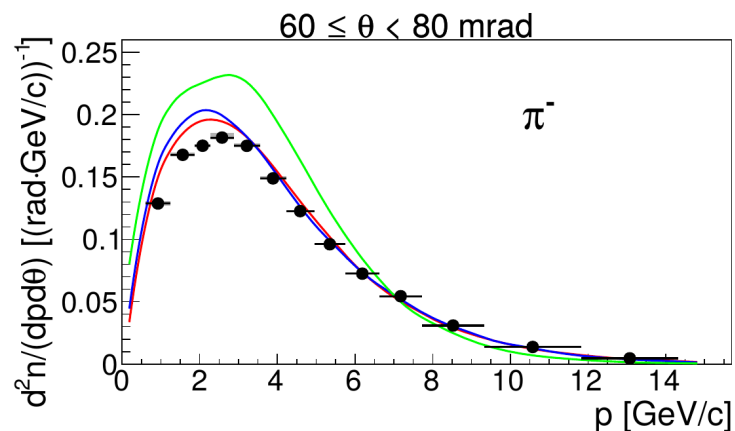
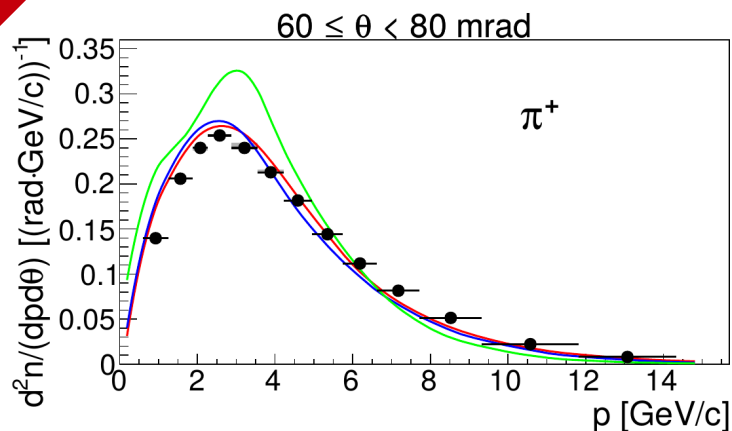
- ▶ z bin contribution to the ν_μ flux at SK



Systematic uncertainties

- ▶ Backward track extrapolation (up to 10% for small θ)
- ▶ Other contributions: less than 5%

NA61/SHINE: T2K replica-target results



Measured hadron yields from second longitudinal (18-cm long) target bin in a selected polar angle interval.

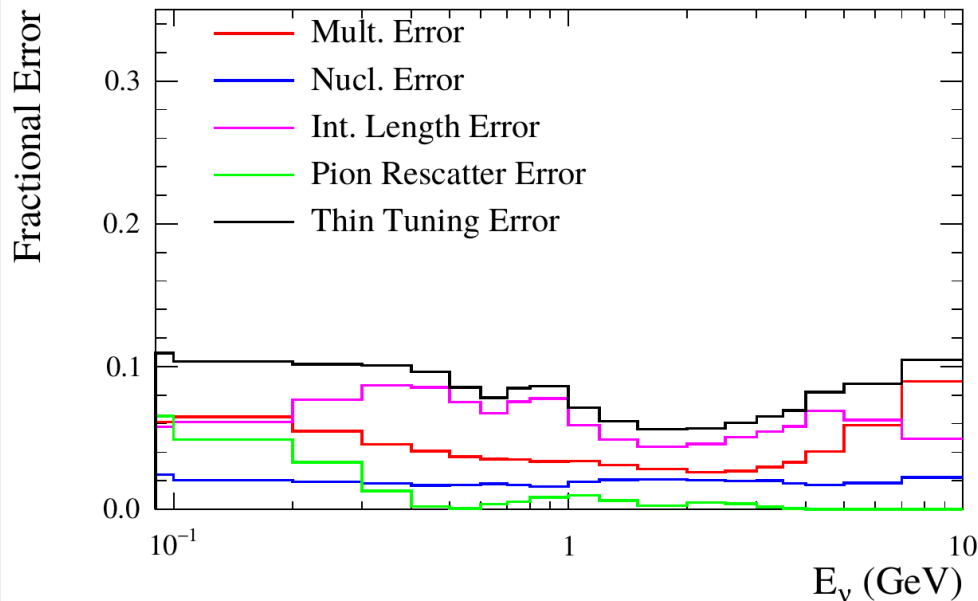
Comparison with model predictions.

These new data are being prepared for publication.

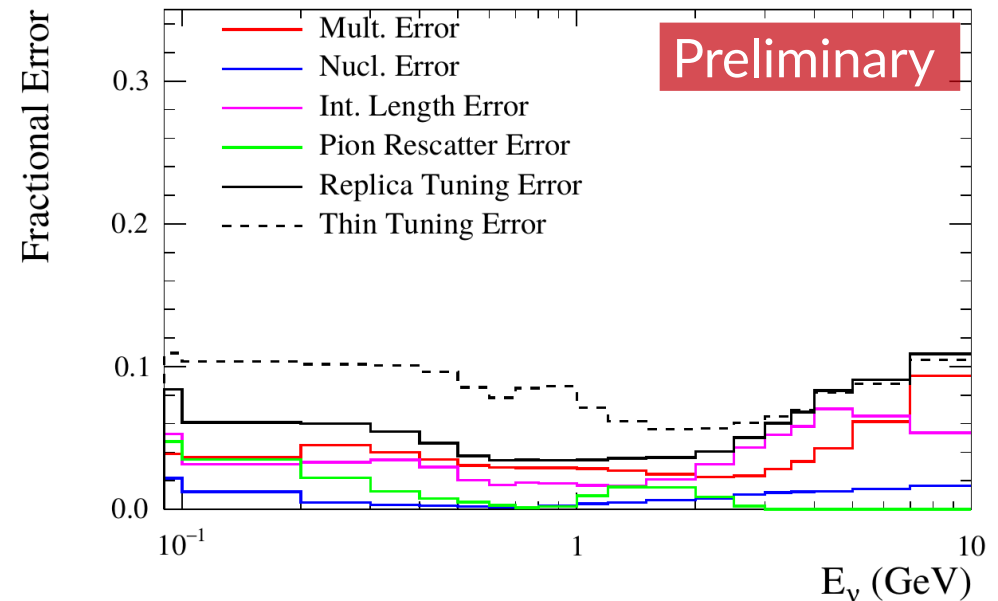
They will be used for further reduction of uncertainties on (anti-)neutrino flux in T2K, see later.

NA61/SHINE beyond 2020

SK: Positive Focussing (ν) Mode, ν_μ



SK: Positive Focussing (ν) Mode, ν_μ



The usage of replica-target NA61/SHINE would allow for further improvement in T2K (anti-)neutrino flux uncertainty (down to $\sim 5\%$). Even better knowledge is desired for T2K-II and Hyper-K. New measurements are planned for DUNE and Hyper-K after the CERN LS2 (see, CERN-SPSC-2018-008):

- improved measurements with T2K replica target, considering alternative target material – Super-Sialon ($\text{Si}_3\text{N}_4\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$);
- with additional tracking detectors surrounding the long target;
- hadron production with low momentum beam (< 12 GeV/c).

NA61/SHINE beyond 2020

Documents submitted to the SPSC:

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2309890>

<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2621751>

Positive feedback received recently from the SPSC:

' The SPSC recognises the broad interest of the NA61 physics programme after Long Shutdown LS2 as outlined in the addenda CERN-SPSC-P-330-ADD-10/11.

The Committee recommends approval of beam times in 2021 for detector commissioning with hadron beams, for the measurement of hadron production with the T2K target with proton beams, and for the measurement of open charm production with Lead ion beams.'

Additional manpower would be required to execute all these measurements.

Truly European contribution to the future world-wide neutrino programme.

Summary and conclusions

LPNHE group made significant contributions to **NA61/SHINE**

The analysis of data samples collected for T2K (with a thin carbon target and a replica of the T2K target) allowed to reach $<10\%$ uncertainty on (anti-)neutrino fluxes

Many important hadron production results already published!

The recently finalised analysis of the ultimate 2010 Replica Target data (Matej Pavin's PhD) could allow to further reduce the T2K flux uncertainties down to $\sim 5\%$. Paper in preparation.

Given the success of the 'NA61/SHINE for T2K' program, similar measurements are now being performed for **Fermilab neutrino beams**.

Program of **future measurements beyond 2020** is formulated.
Should be included into ESPP update!

11

Backup