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#### GRANDproto300 (GP300)

May 25<sup>th</sup> 2018 11<sup>th</sup> FCPPL workshop Marseille

TREND@Ulastai, 21CMA antennas



# **GRAND project timeline** GRAND



|  | <b>20</b><br>En   | <b>18 20</b> d of TREND                                | 20                   | 2025<br>GRAND10k start  | 203x<br>GRAND200k completed  |
|--|---|--|----------------------|---|--|
|  | TREND   | GRANDproto35   |                      |   |  |
|  | Demonstration of<br>EAS autonomous<br>detection [see S. le<br>Coz's talk] | To improve backgro<br>rejection & EAS de<br>efficiency | ound 1<br>etection 1 | Ist GRAND hotspot with<br>10'000 antennas on 10'000kn<br>_ Beginning of neutrino sear<br>_ Detector optimization in<br>view of GRAND200k [see O.<br>Martineau's talk] | 200kAntennas on<br>200'000km <sup>2</sup><br>GRAND full<br>research potentia<br>ch |



## **GRAND** project timeline



Two major experimental issues to solve for (full) GRAND:

• Autonomous radio-detection with self-standing/unwired units

-Major challenge for trigger & data collection

- Neutrino induced showers associated with very inclined trajectories (theta>85°)
  - Additional challenge for background rejection & shower reconstruction.



## **GRAND** project timeline







## Site of GP300

- Best candidate site: Balikun, XinJiang
  - Large area with easy access and gentle slopes
  - Very good electromagnetic background condition
- Further tests starting in August 2018
- Request official approval → final decision before end 2018







#### **Antenna & Electronics**



- Antenna design optimised for very inclined radio waves (D. Charrier, Subatech)
  → test summer 2018
- Electronics (C. Timmermans, Nijmegen) → first prototype for September 2018
  - 500MHz+12bits digitizer
  - imbedded FPGA-CPU for clever trigger @ antenna level
  - Wireless data transfer
- Frequency band → 50-200 MHz (A. Balagopal, KIT)







## Layout of GP300





Antennas positioned on moderate slopes

**3-density layout:** 





east [m]

 $\rightarrow$  Large acceptance at large zenith values

→ Large energy span

Westing (m)



### **Simulations for GP300**

EW (km)

- Real antenna positions accounting for Balikun topography
- 6 energy bands from 10<sup>17</sup> to 10<sup>19.5</sup> eV
- At the moment, 100 simulated showers for each energy
- zenith, azimuth and core positions randomly generated







#### **Simulations for GP300**



- Lack of statistics (for now) in the simulations
  → No point at low theta
- Capability to detect very inclined (θ>80 deg) CR showers with GP300





#### **Simulations for GP300**



Large exposure providing large statistics





## **Physics with GP300**



- If GP300 is completed by particle detector array:
  - Built-in discrimination between muon & electromagnetic components (sole experiment with direct independent measurements)
  - Large statistics over  $10^{16.5} 10^{18} \text{ eV}$
  - Great tool to study Gal-Extragal CR origin transition



#### Summary

- Gap between GRANDproto35 and GRAND10k
- Two issues to tackle for GRAND (full scale):
  - Autonomous trigger & data collection with unwired units
  - Background rejection + reconstruction for Earth-skimming showers

→GRANDproto300 as an engineering array

- Antenna and electronic systems design under progress
- Best candidate site found = Balikun, XinJiang
  - Further tests to perform, official approval request
- Proposed layout for GP300 @Balikun with 3 antenna densities
- Simulations performed, good CR exposure and statistics, capability to see very inclined showers
  - →GP300 also an array to do physics