

Liquid Xenon TPC for a gamma detector (LXeTPC)

T.Haruyama, T. Tauchi, et al., (KEK)
H.Carduner, J-P.Cussonneau, S.Duval,
J.Lambin, E.Morteau, P.LeRay, T.Oger,
JS.Stutzmann, D.Thers(Subatec)
D_RD_06, FJPPL09 Workshop
20-21 May 2009

LXeTPC project

Detection of KeV-MeV “gammas”
with 3D positions and energy of
high resolutions

Applications : Gamma ray astronomy;
Single Photon Emission Computed Tomography
(SPECT)、Positron Emission Tomography (PET) ;
Dark matter, Double β decay experiments

KEK : liquefaction & purification , PMT, TPC, DAQ

T.Tauchi, A.Maki, T.Haruyama, S.Tanaka, S.Mihara, T.Saeki

K.Kasami, S.Suzuki

Saga univ. : TPC, simulation, test

A.Sugiyama, T.Higashi(D3)

Tokyo univ. : TPC, PMT, simulation, test

T.Mori, Y.Fujii(M1)

National Institute of Radiological Science : PET

M.Kumada, T.Tomitani, C.Toramatsu

Yokohama National univ. : PMT, Xe-property

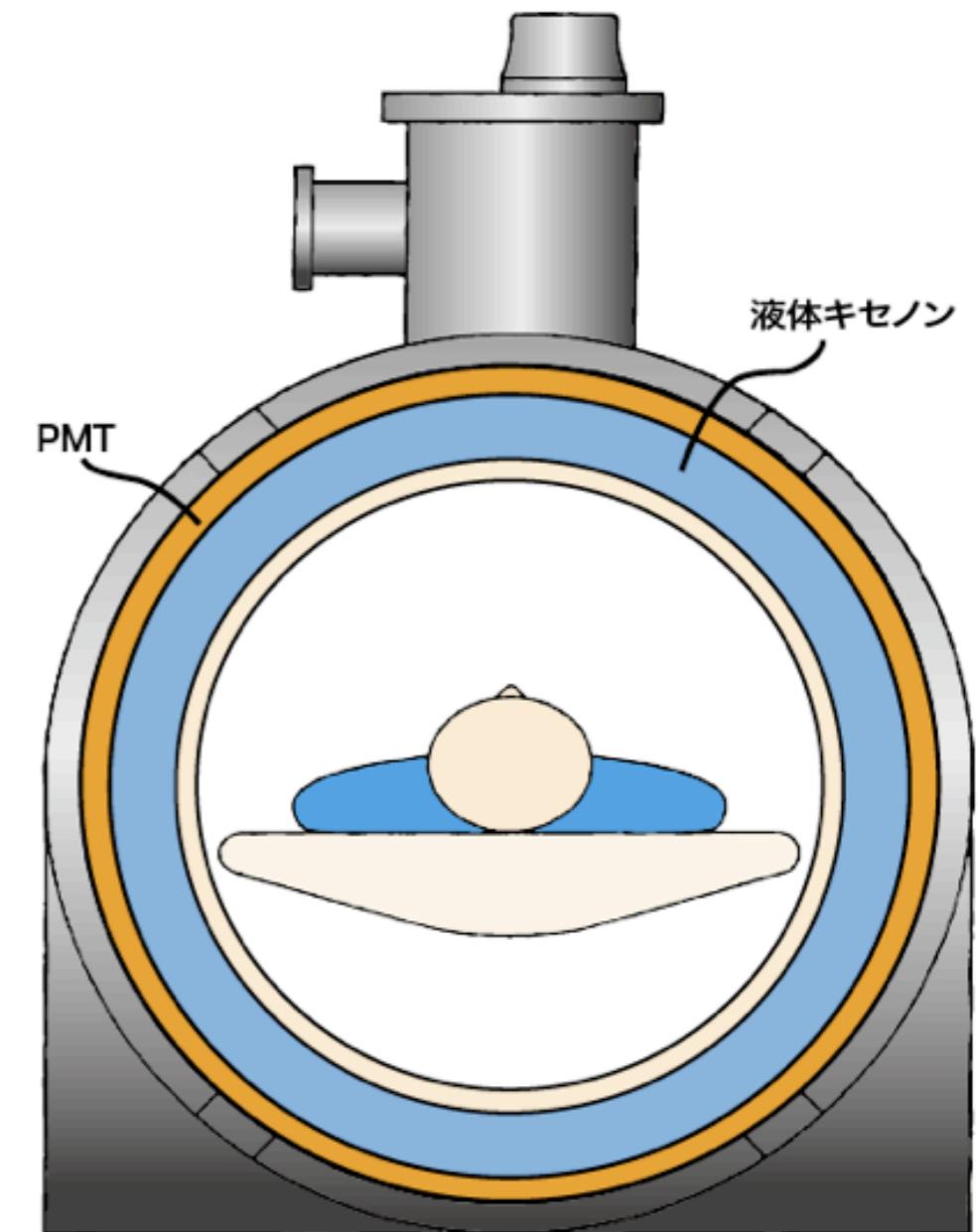
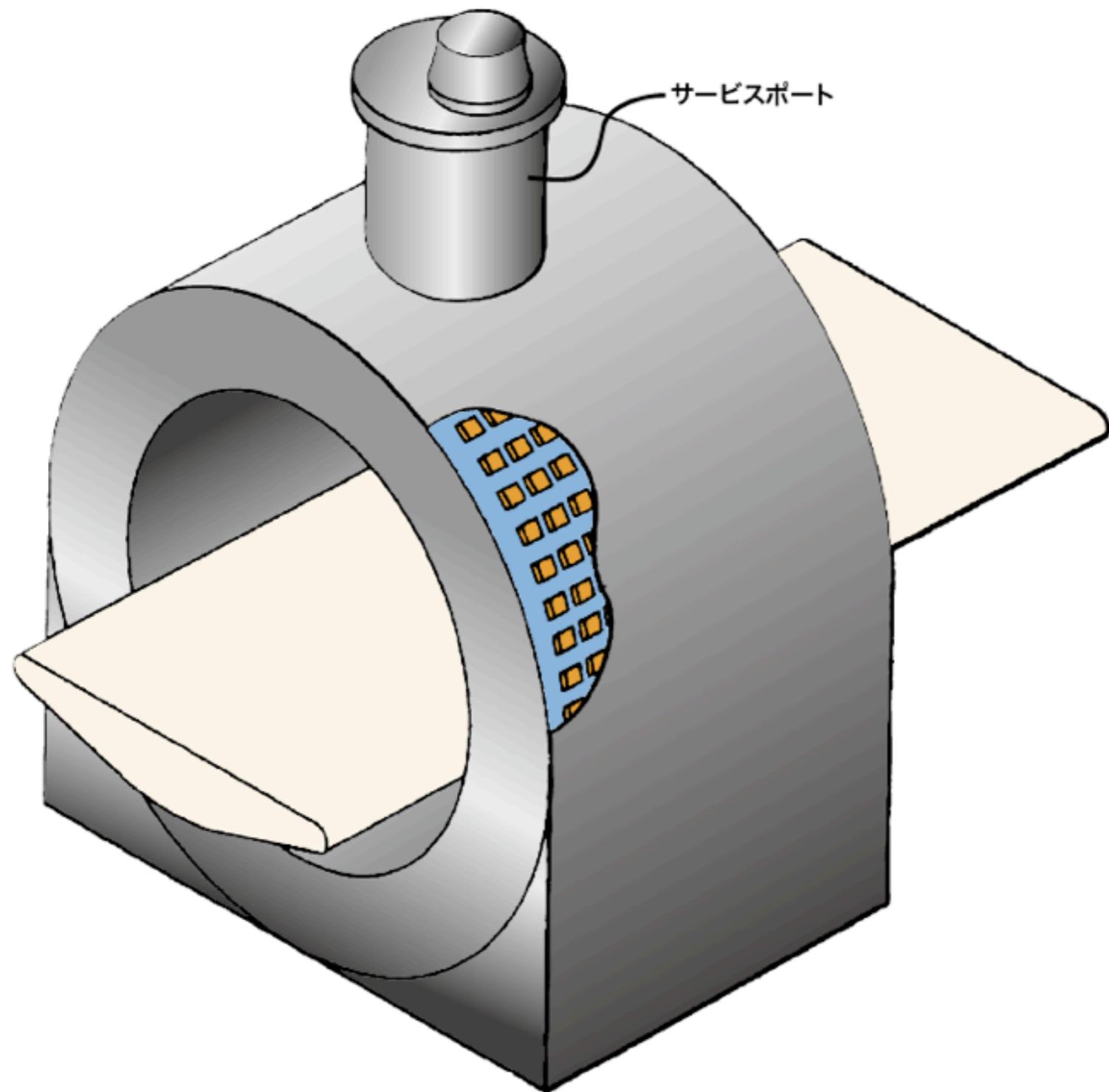
S.Nakamura

Cooperation : KEK electronics system group , DAQ

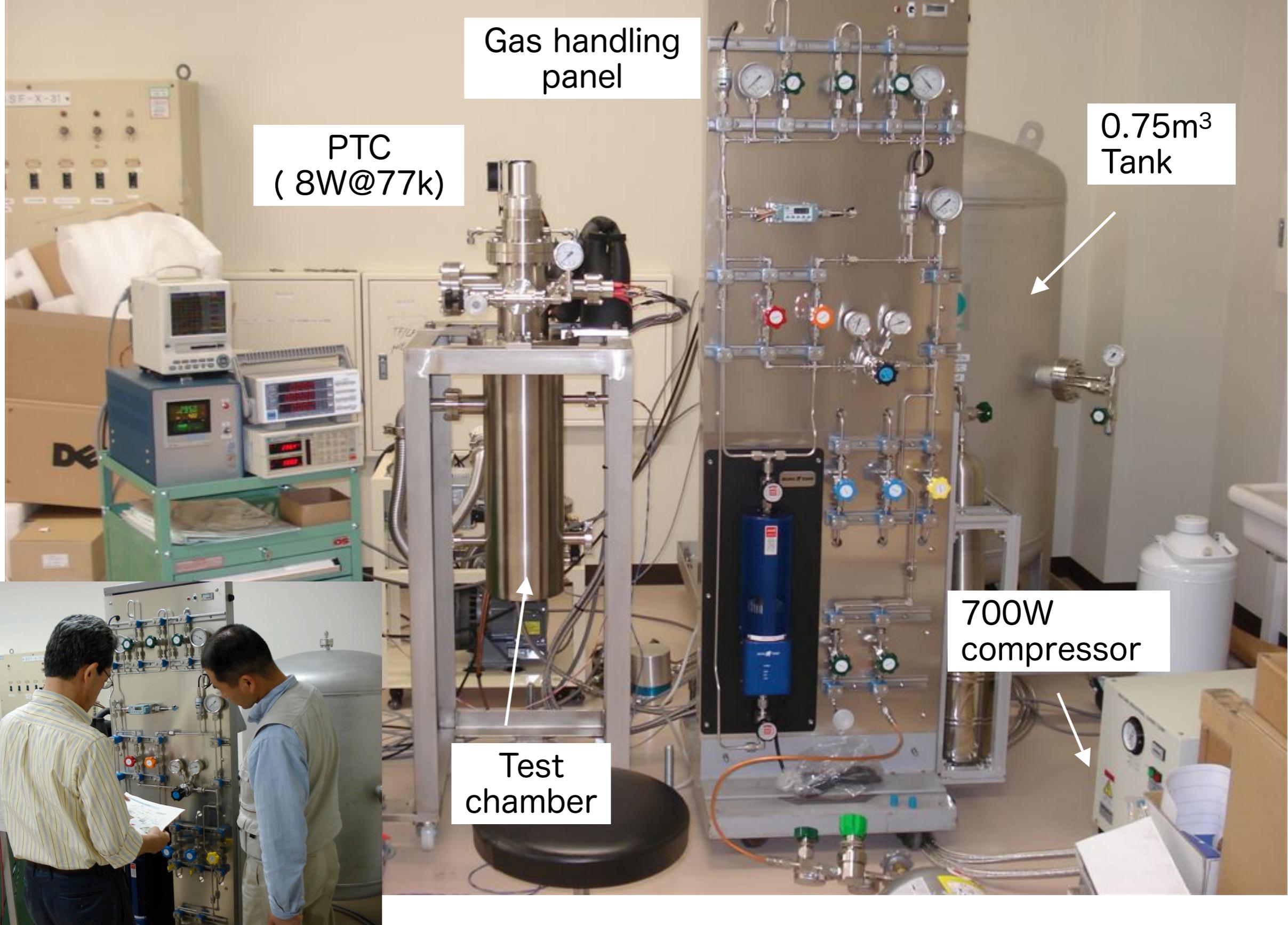
M.Tanaka et al.

Next-generation PET with LXeTPC

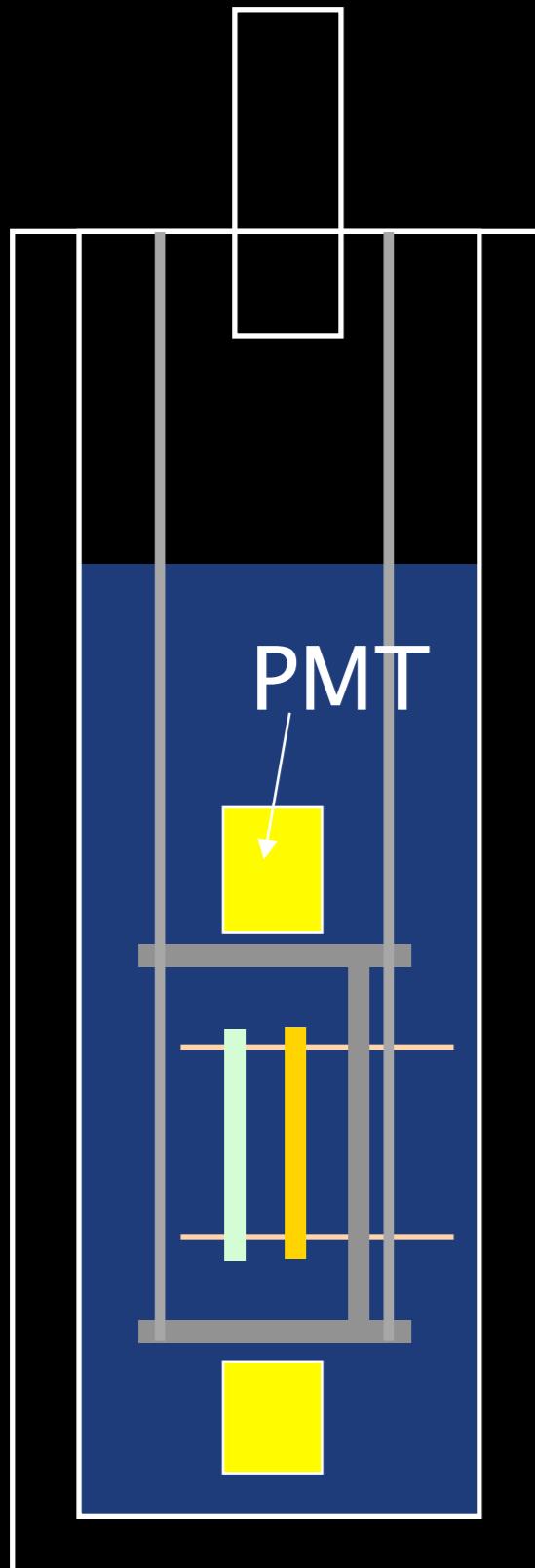
TXePET



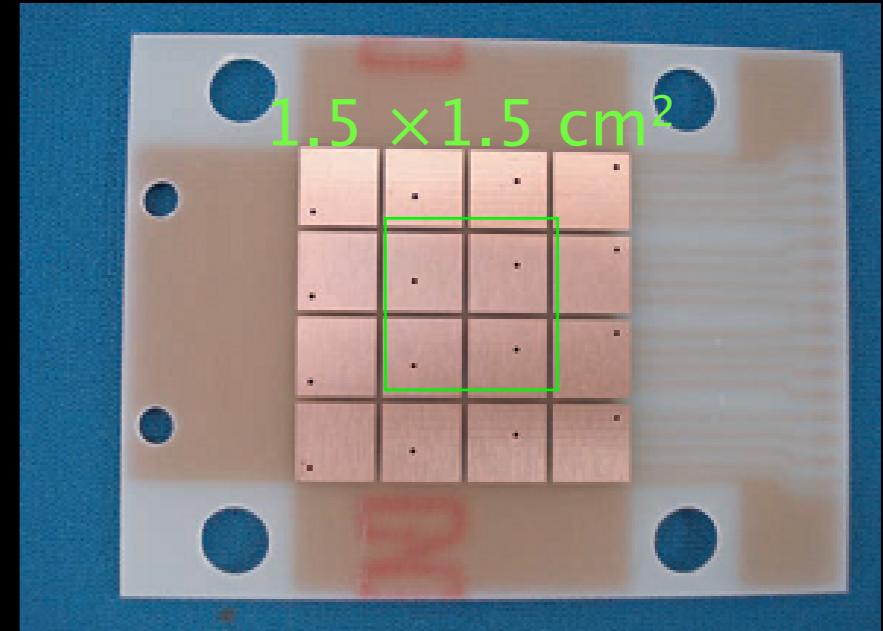
LXe Cryogenic system at KEK , operation since May 2008



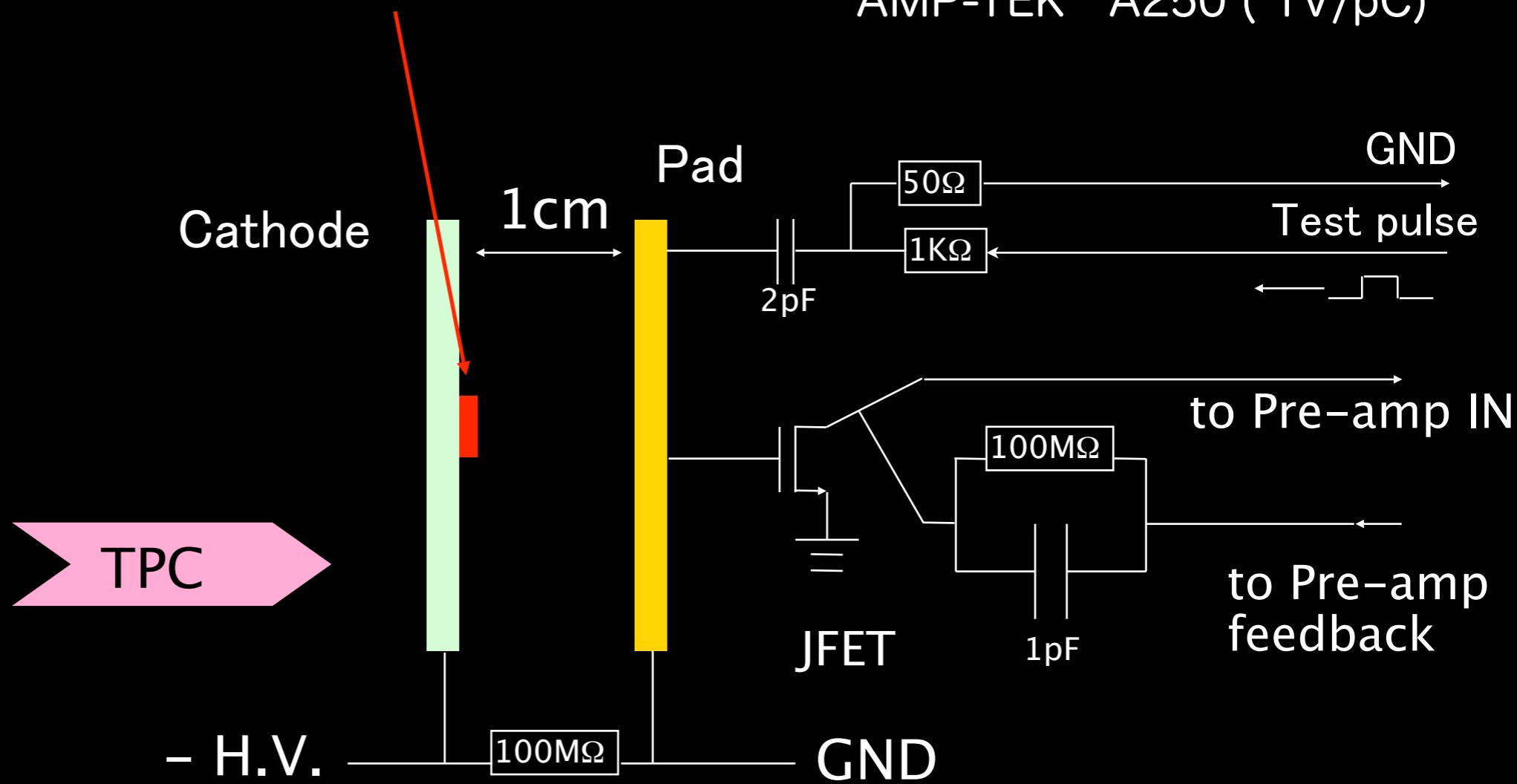
Experimental setup in Feb.- April, 2009



α source of ^{241}Am
(200Bq) on the cathode



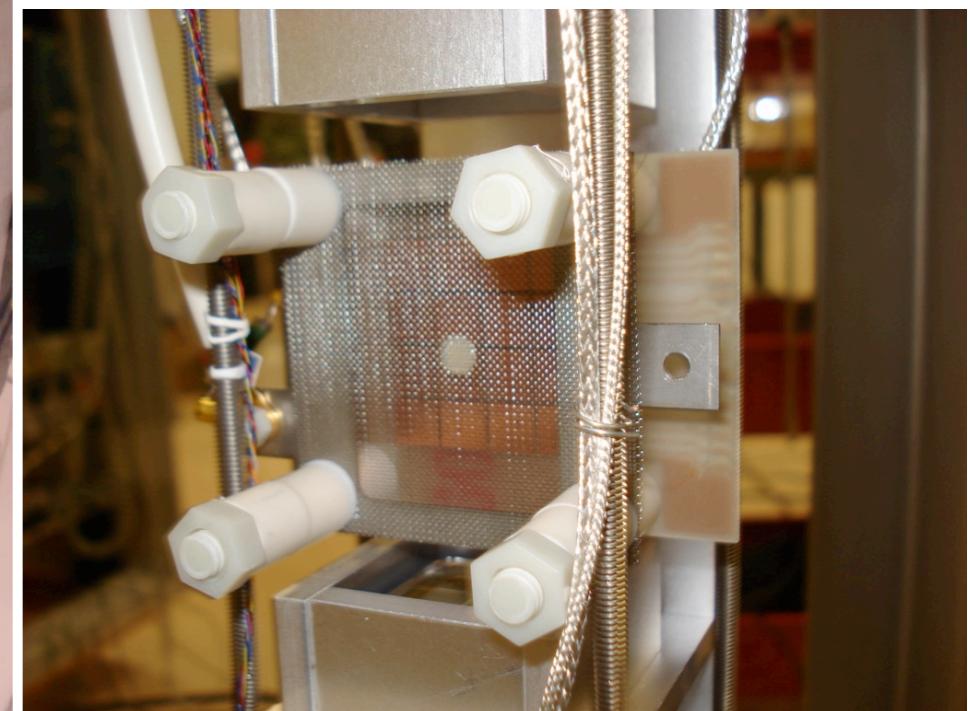
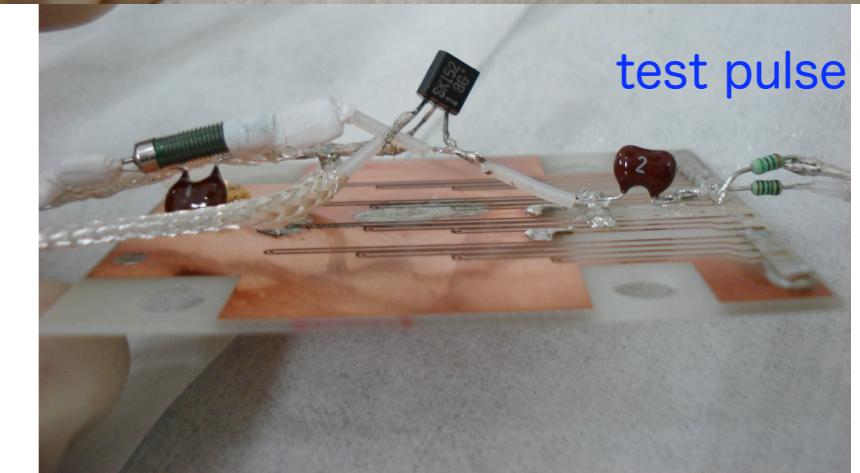
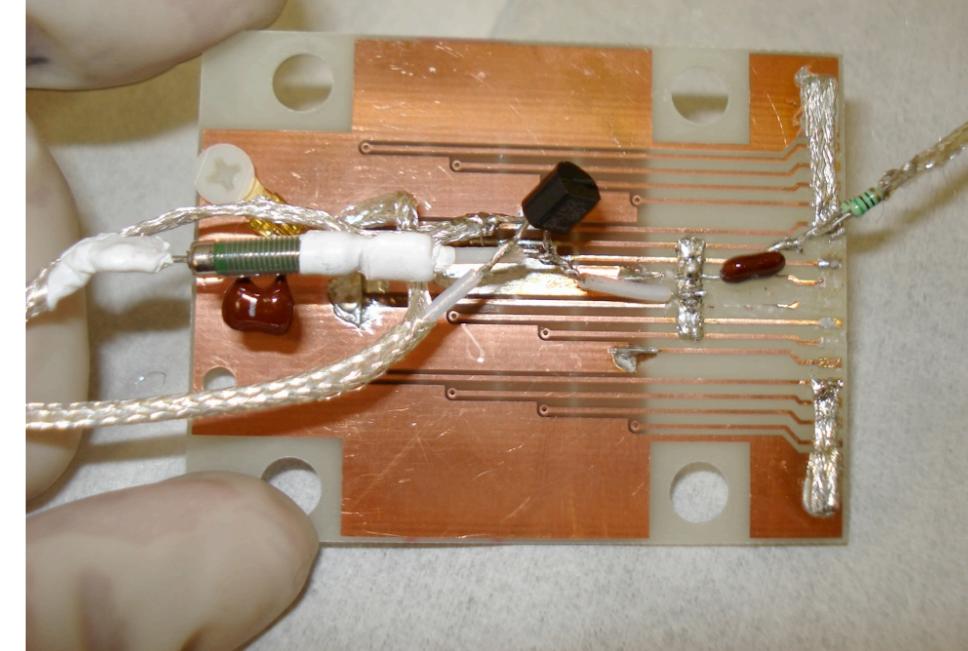
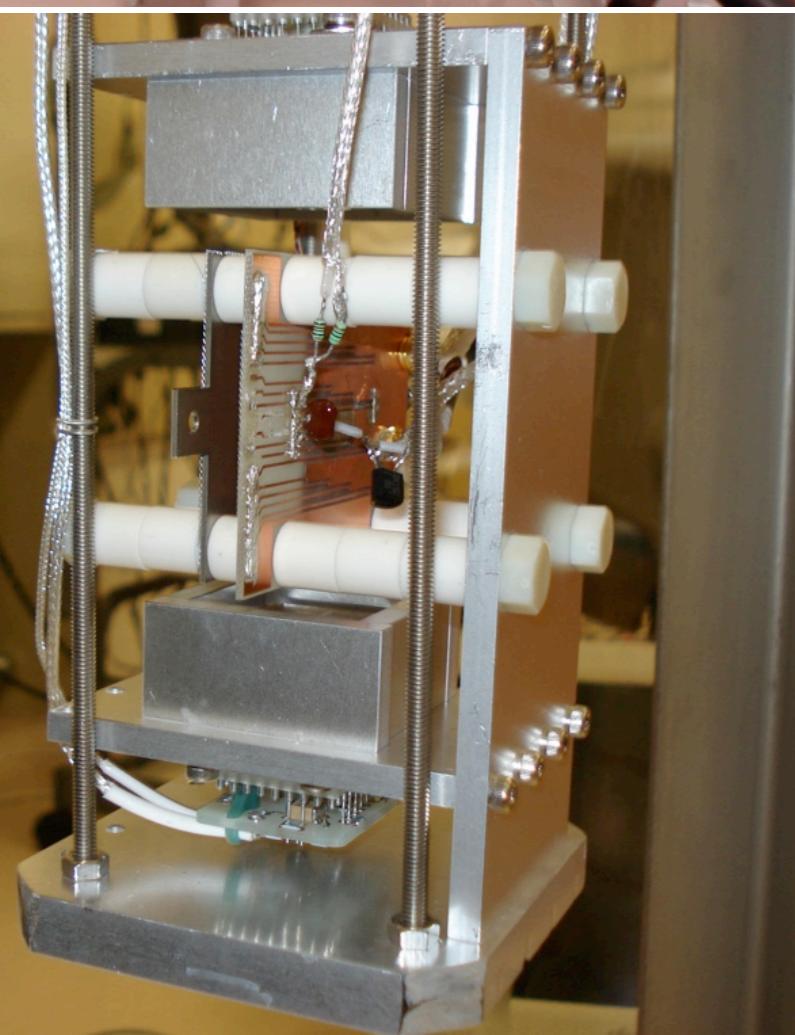
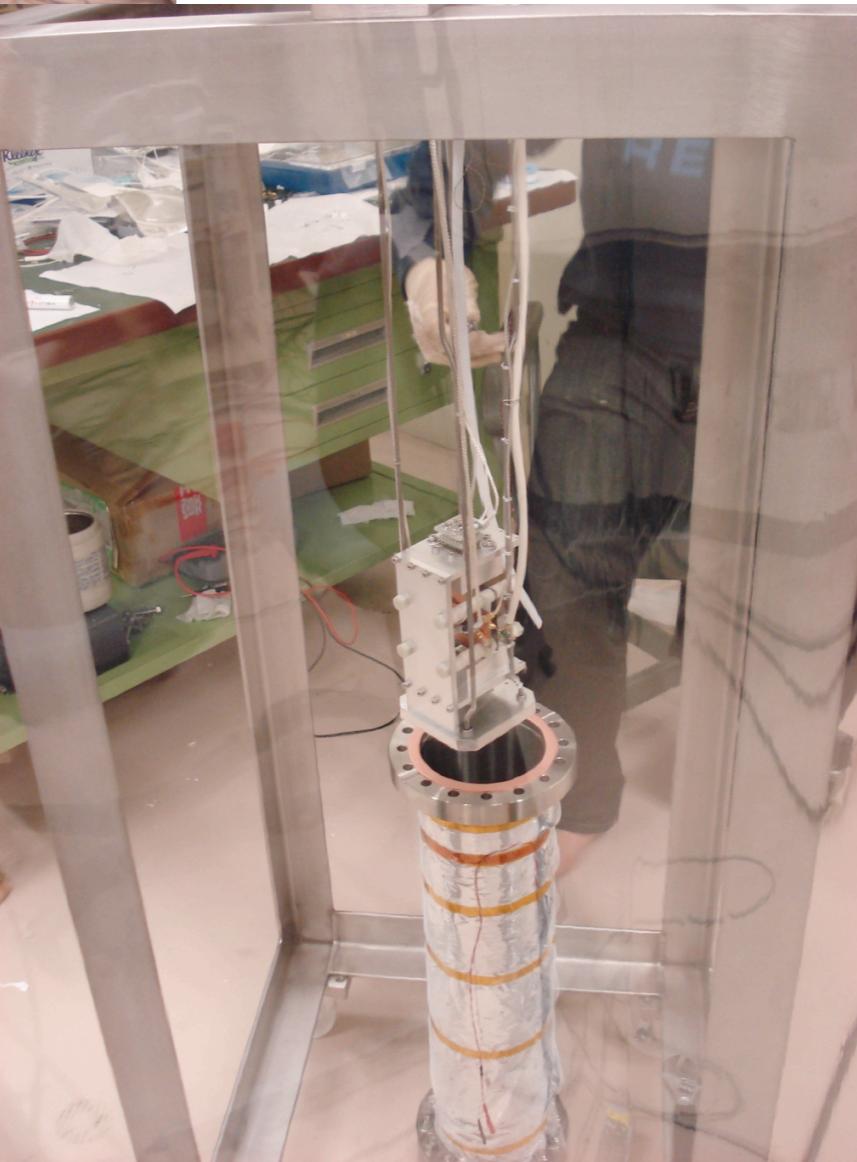
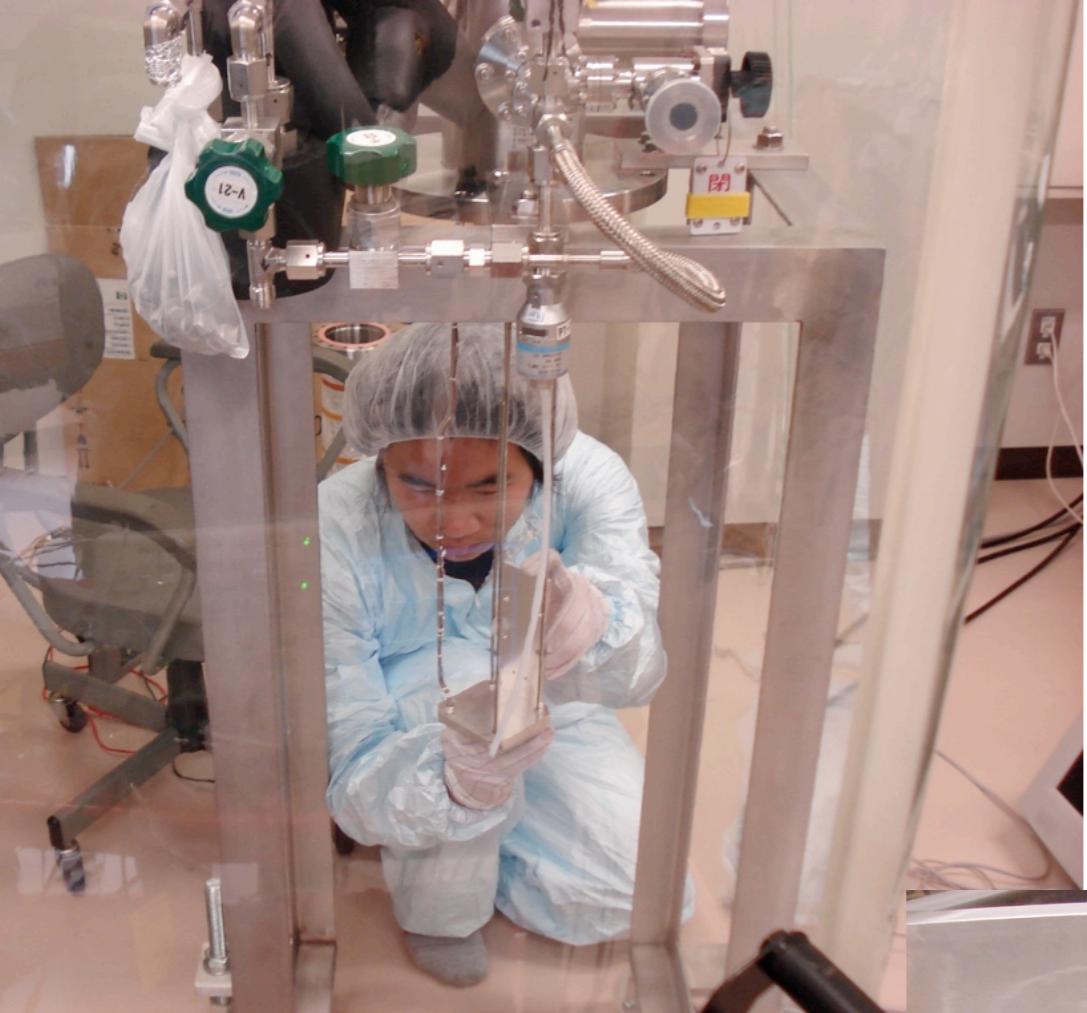
Pre-amp :
AMP-TEK A250 (1V/pC)



Preparation for Feb.-Mar.2009

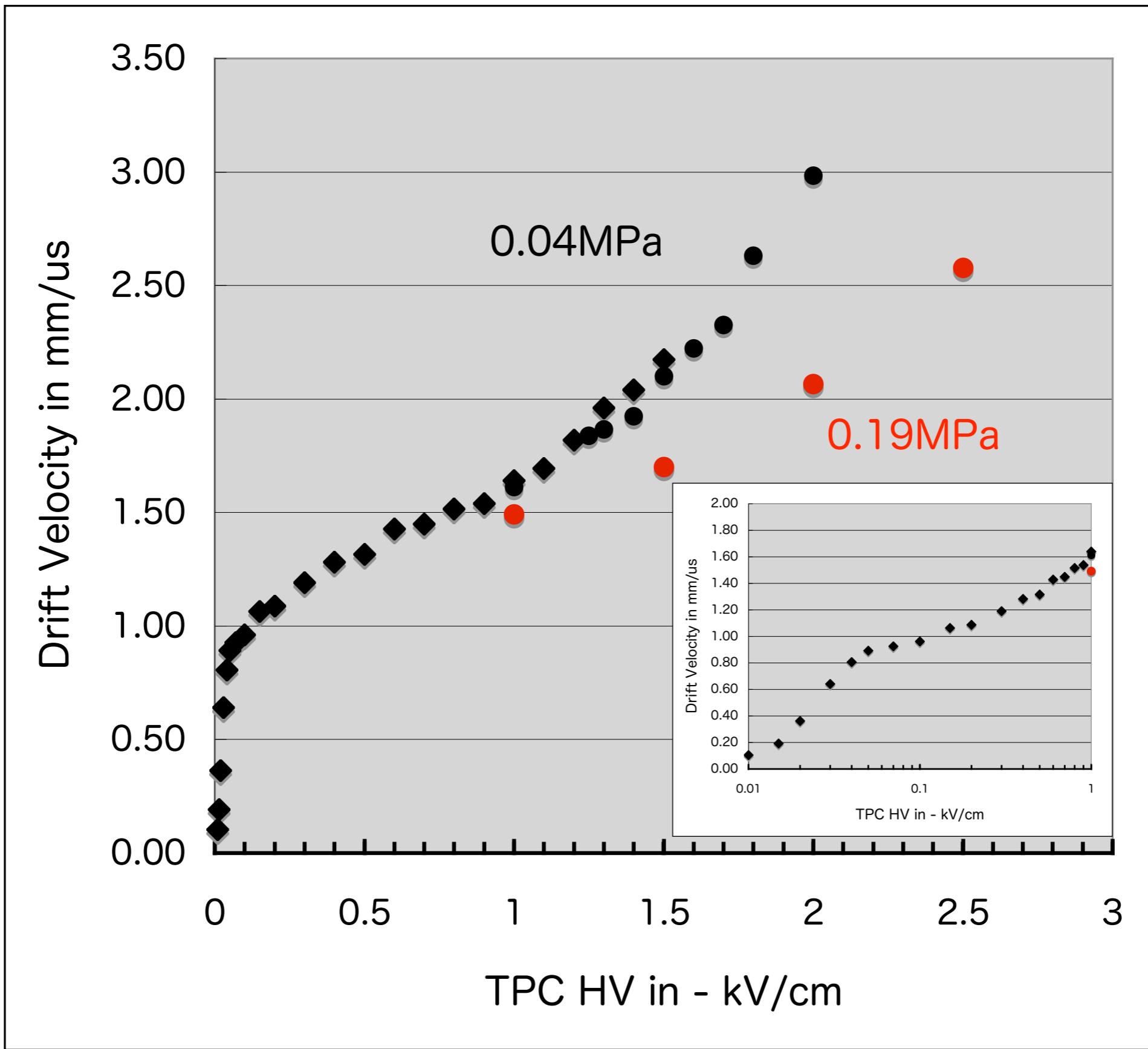
1cm drift w/o grid

1. JFET, feedback C (1pF) & R(100MΩ) inside
2. Pre-amp (A250) outside
3. 1 ch (PAD) readout

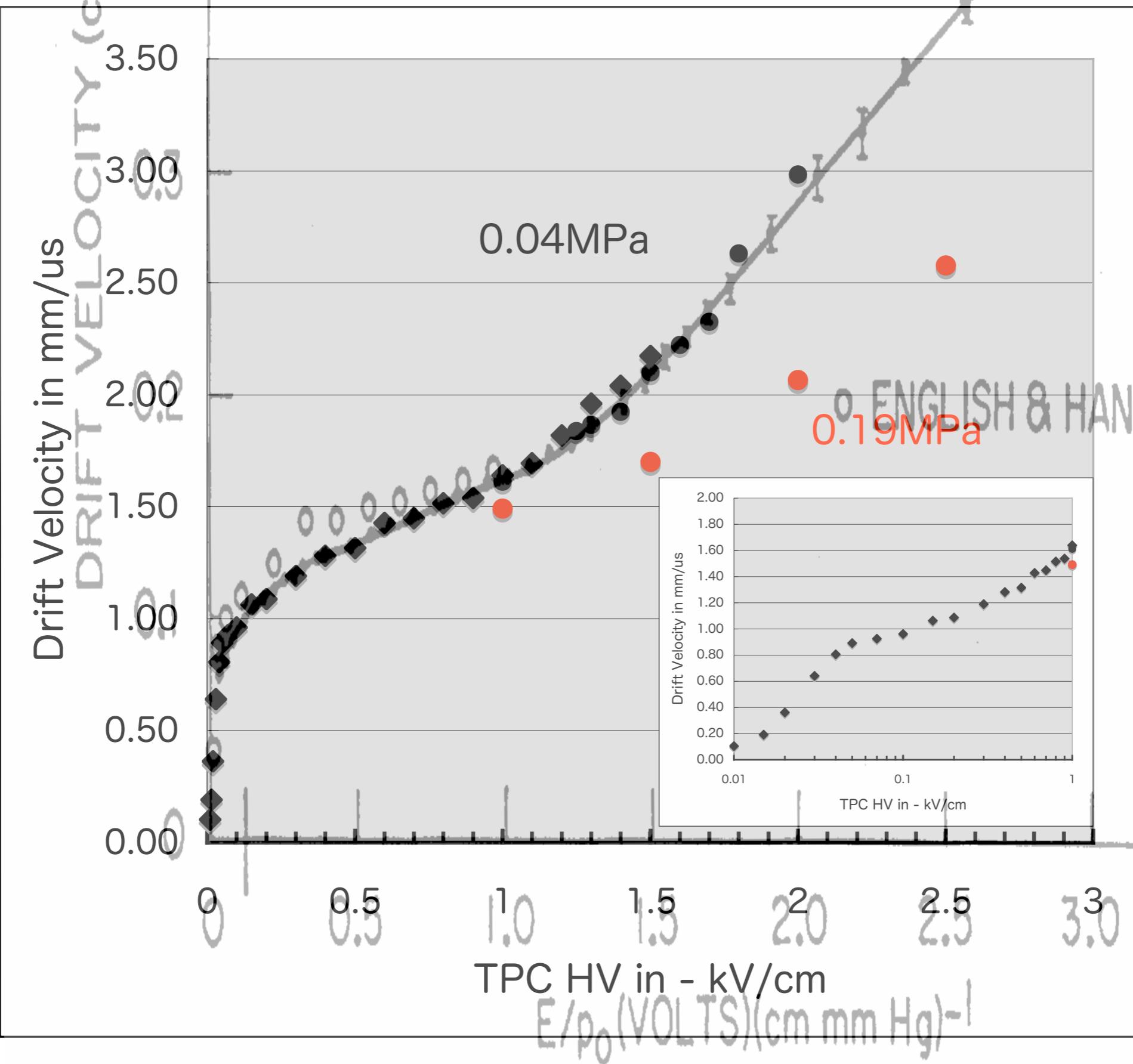


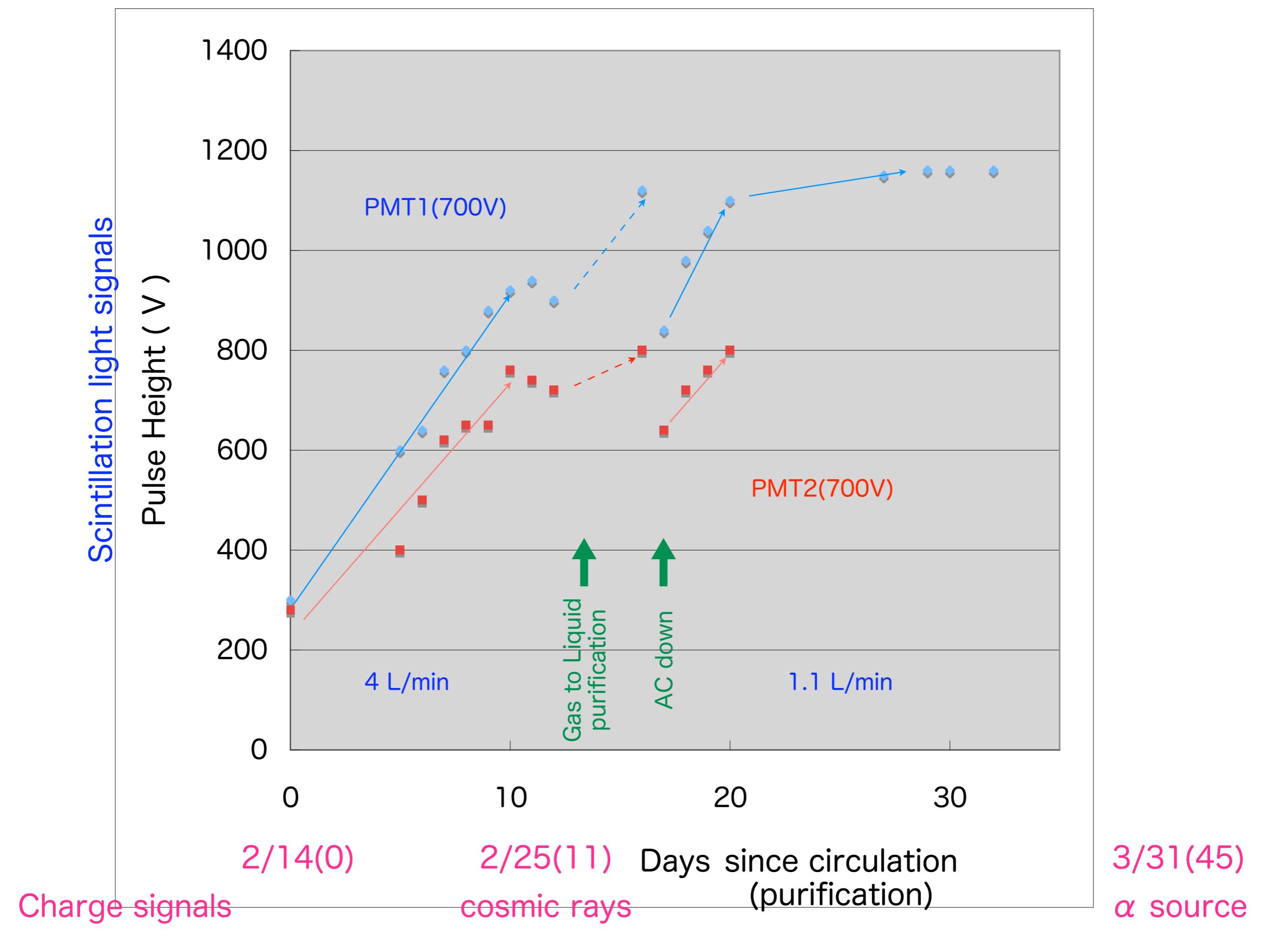
α線ソース(^{241}Am , 20Bq)

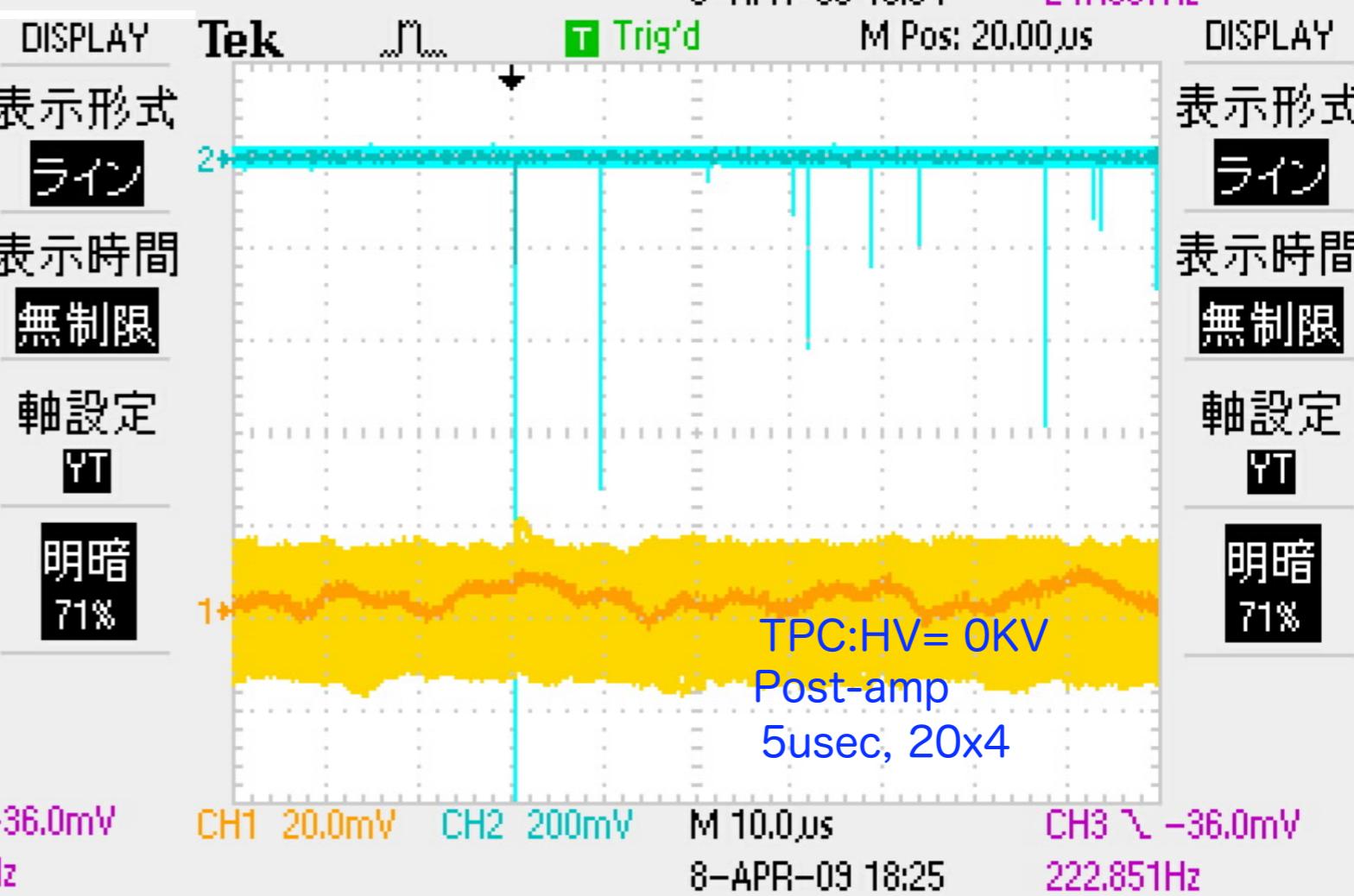
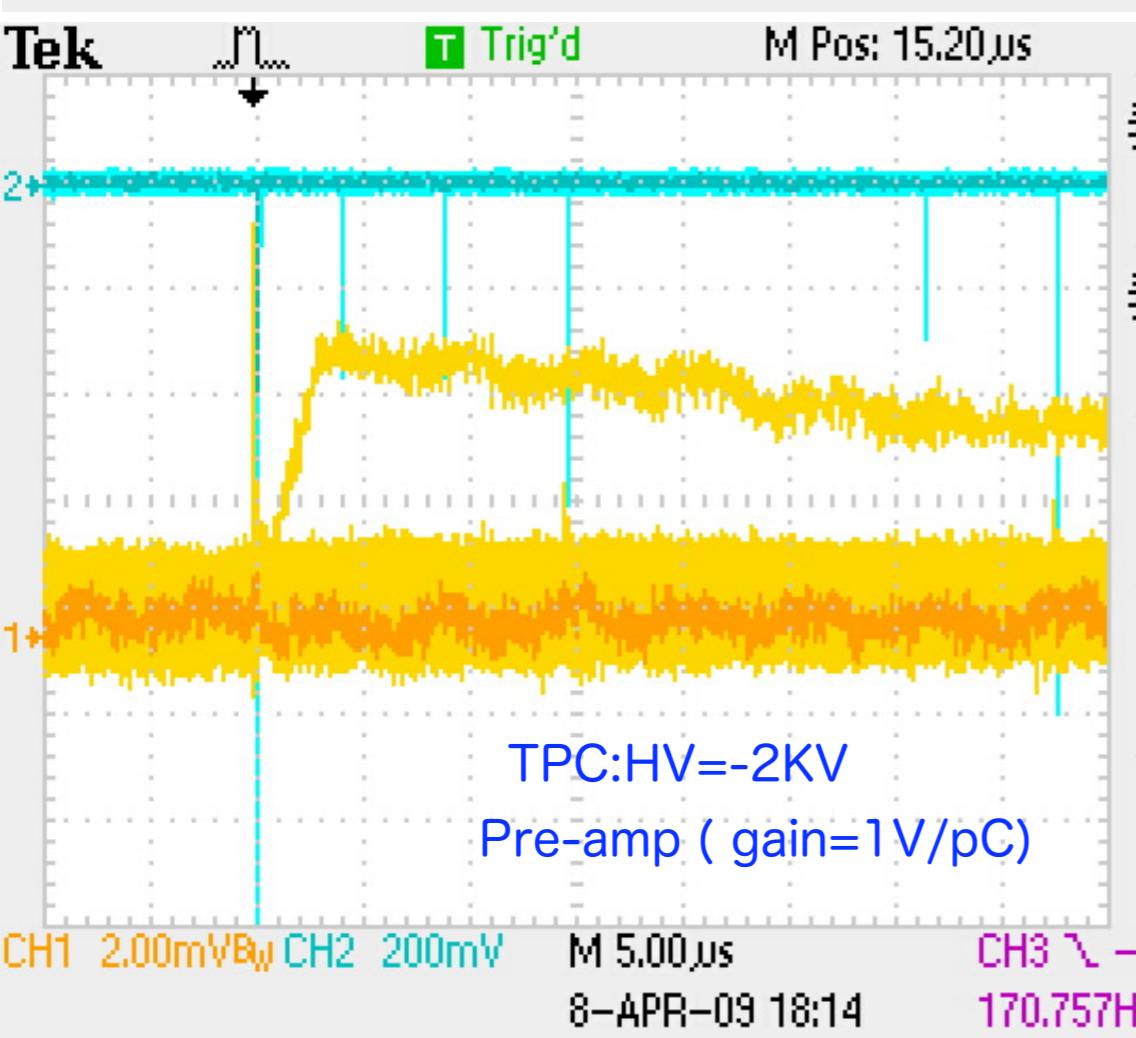
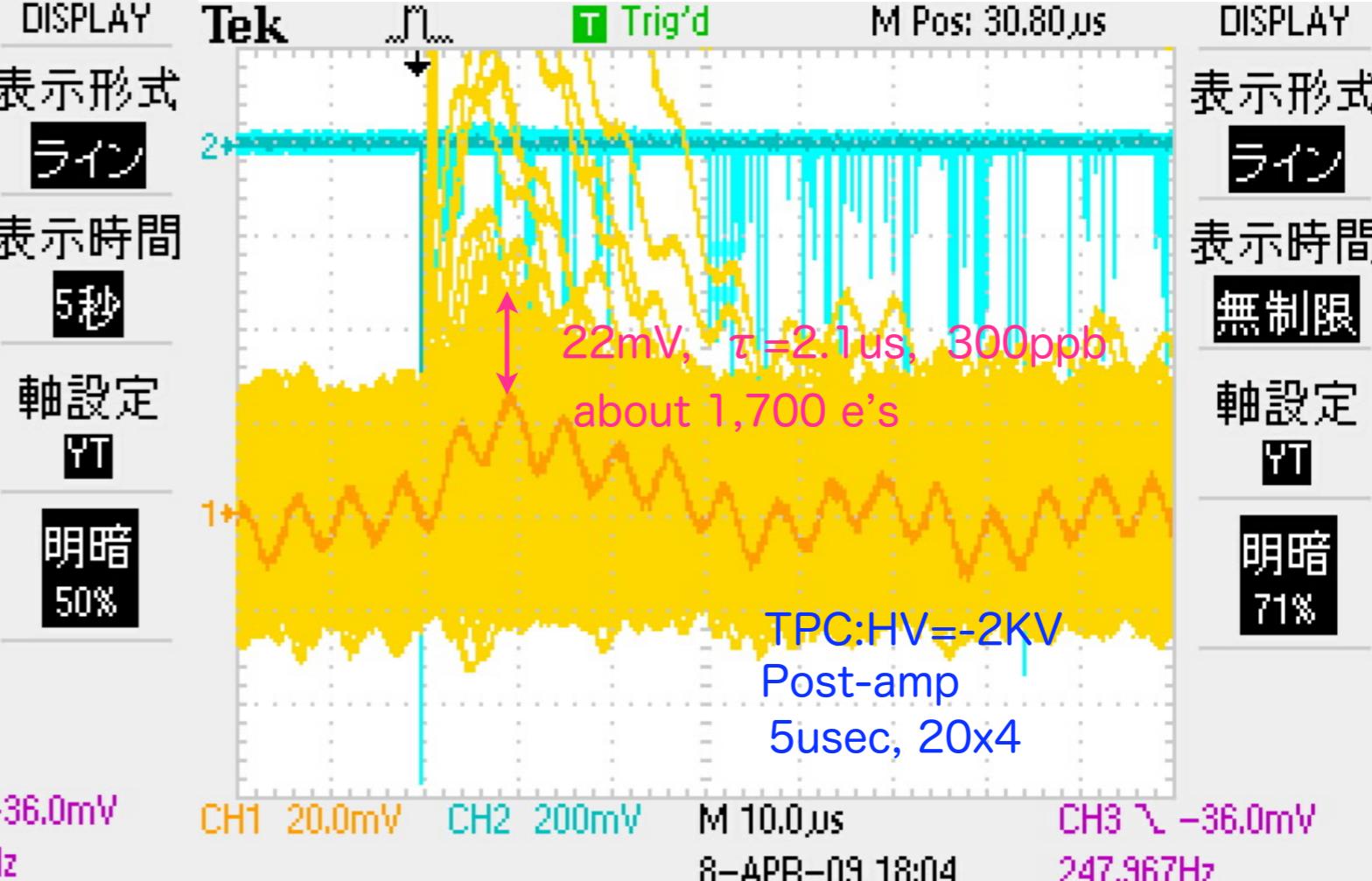
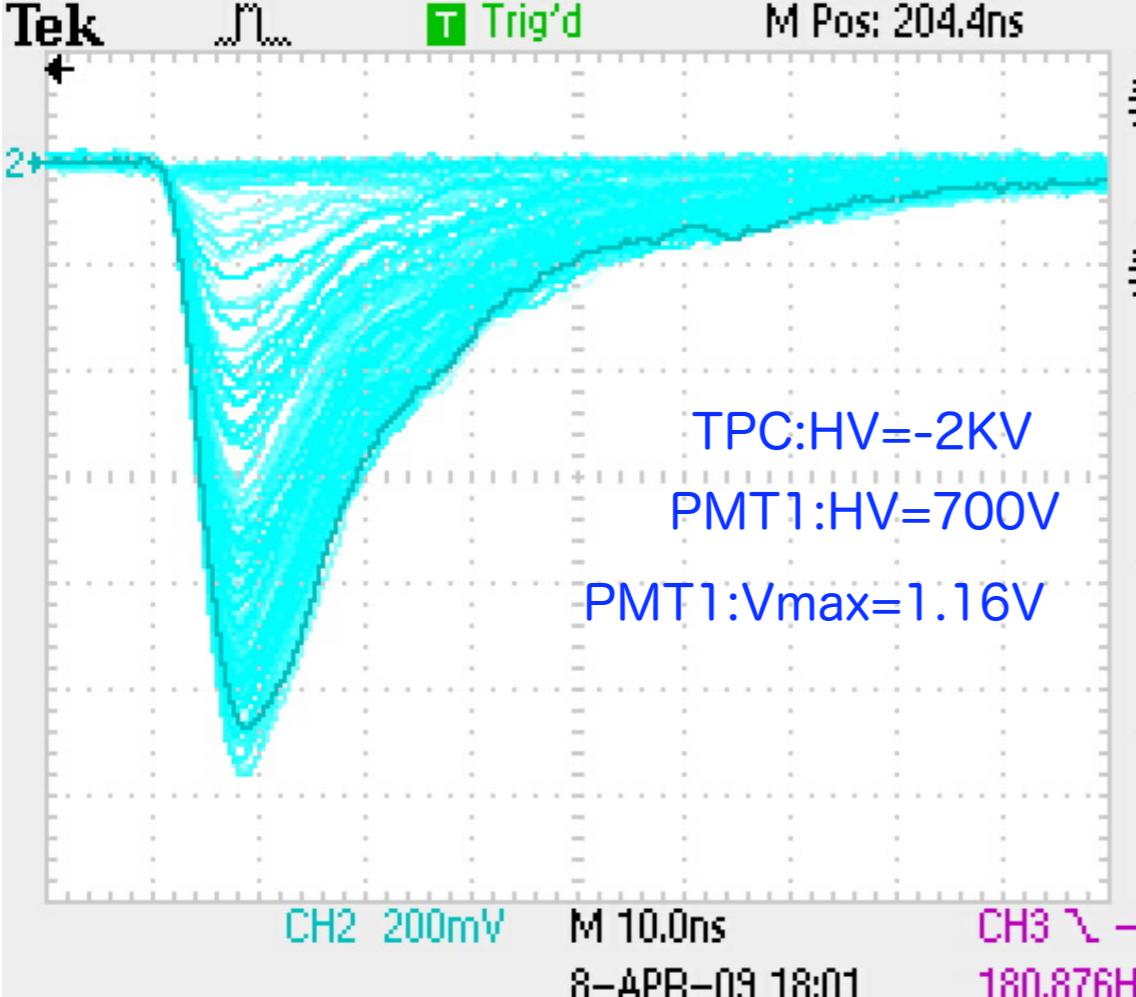
Drift velocity in Xe gas for drift in 10mm



Drift velocity in Xe gas for drift in 10mm



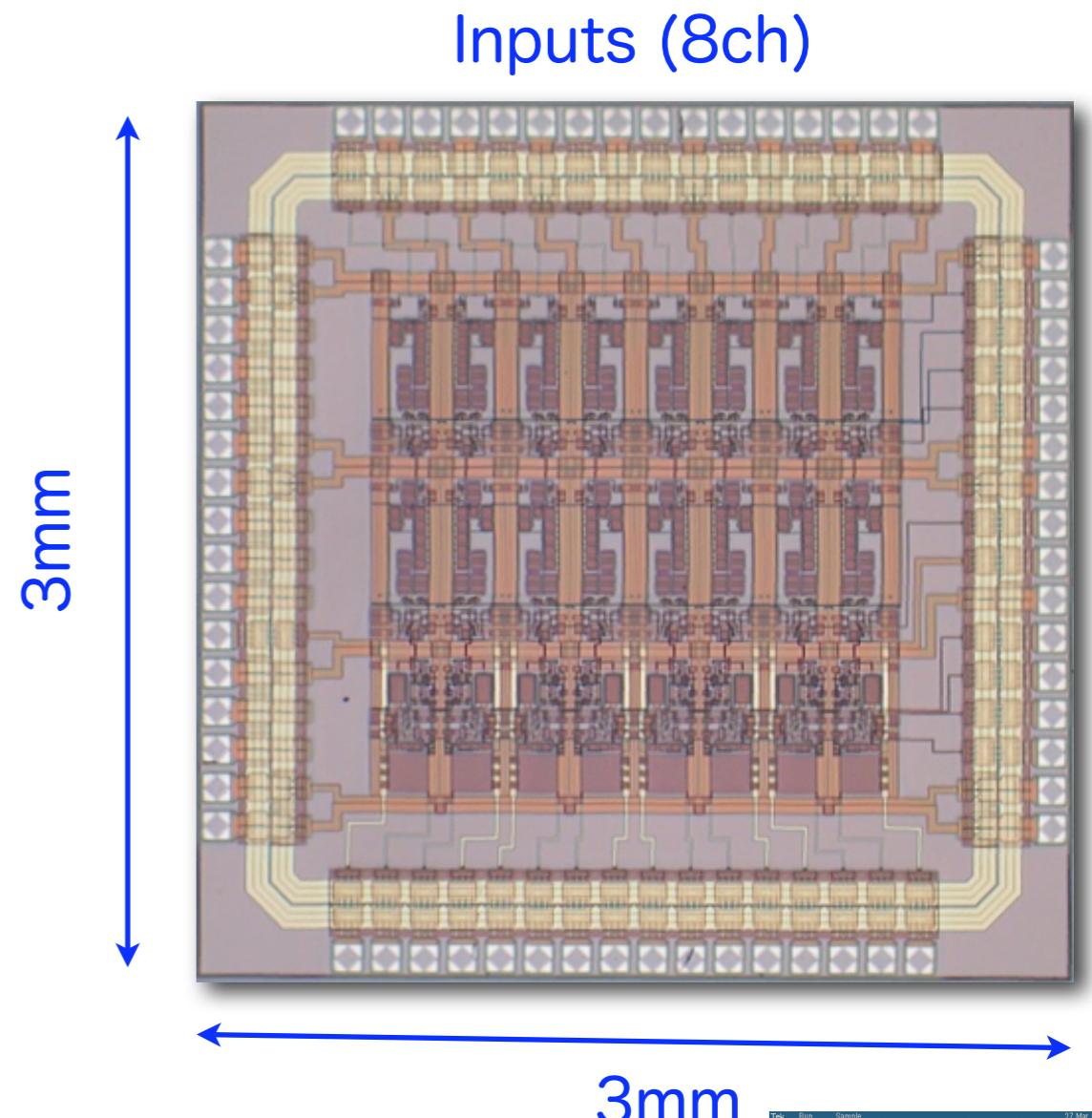




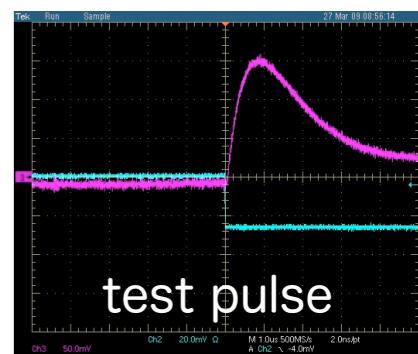
Front-end ASIC chip R&D

Pre-amp. to PZC to shaper - output all analog channels

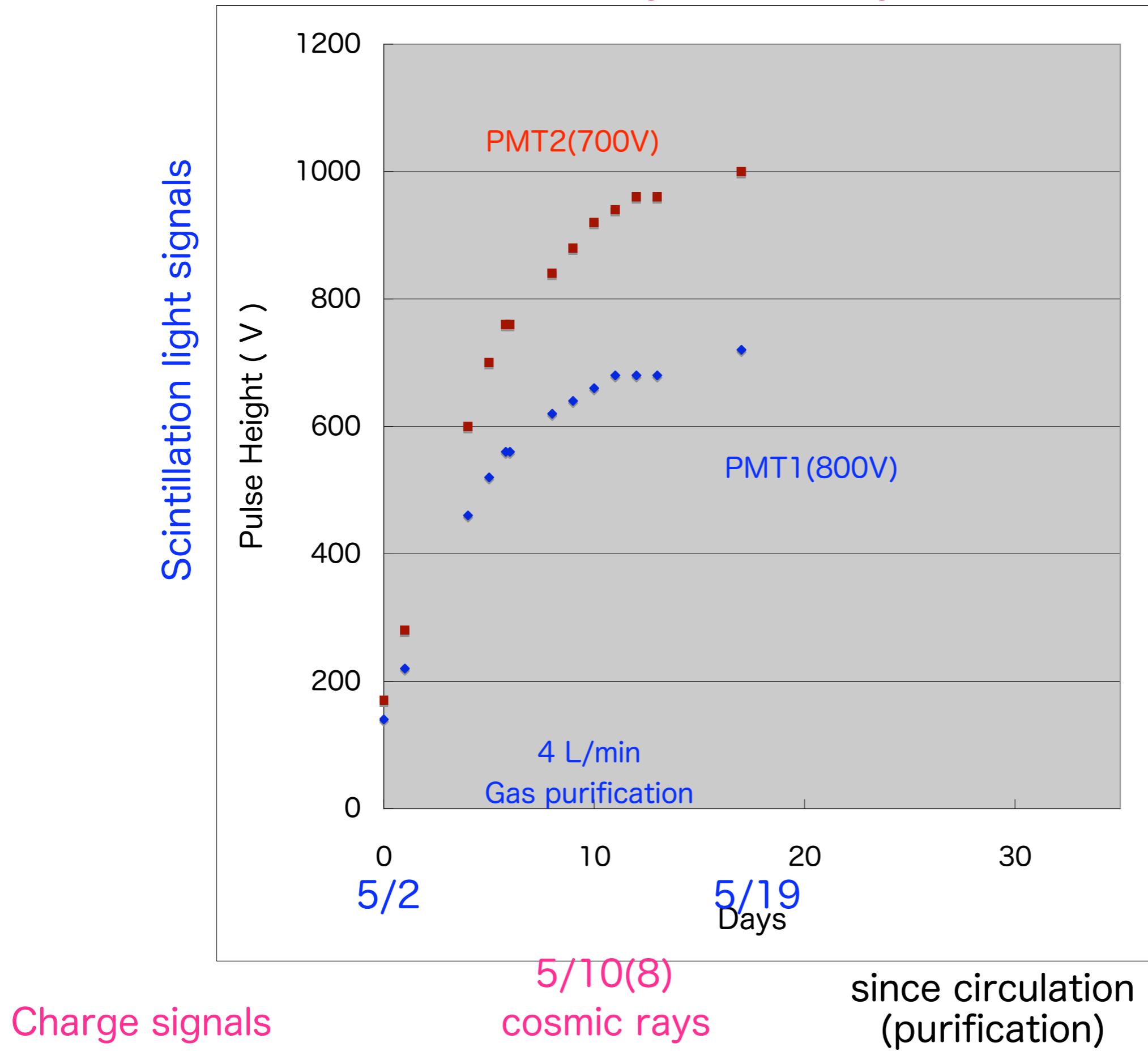
PARAMETER	SPECIFICATION
chip size	3mm x 3mm
channel number	8
power supplies	$\pm 2.5V$
dissipation power	<10mW/ch
gain	8.2V/pC
Input charge	$\pm 25fC$
peaking time	0.5, 1us, variable(>1us)
prod. process	0.5um CMOS



We are preparing the cooling test at -100°C.

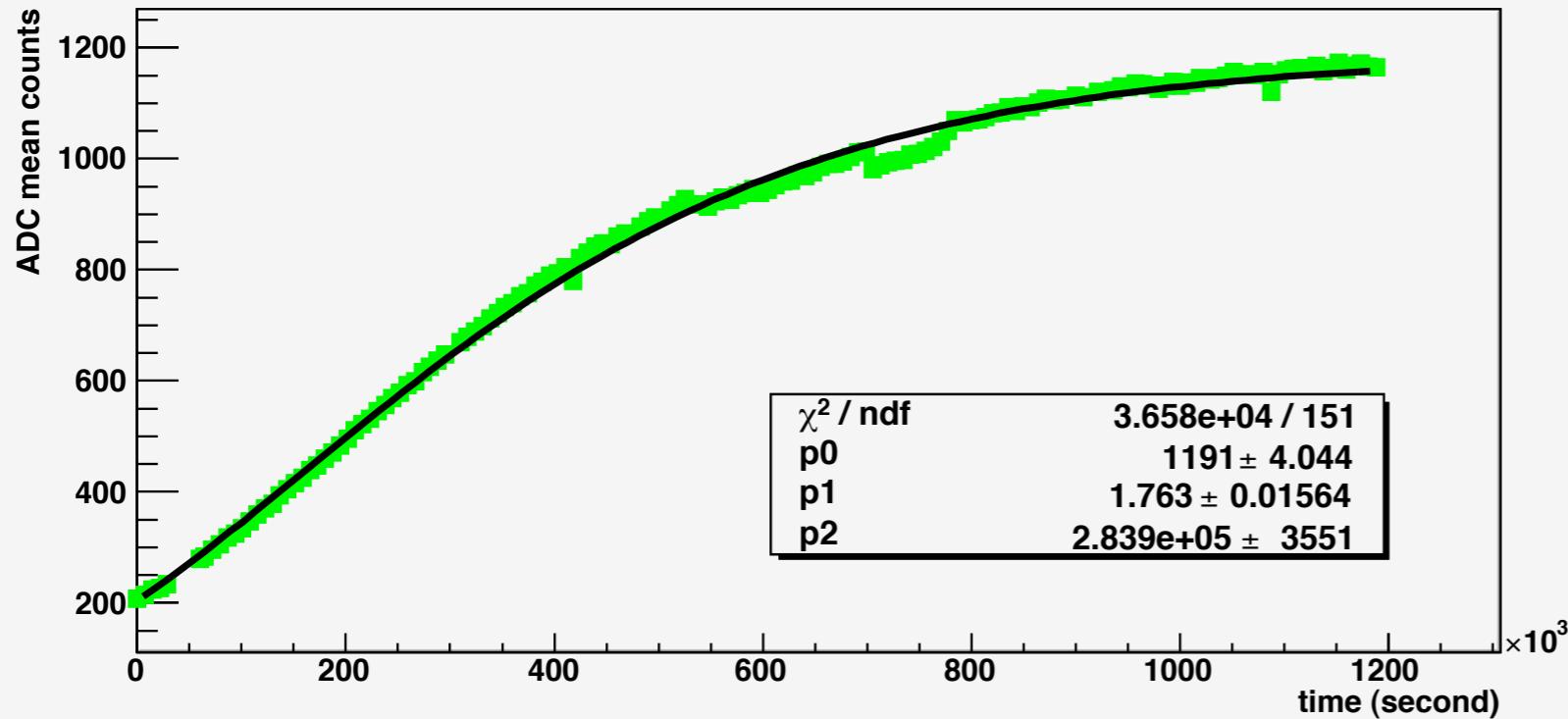


Present status of prototype study (4 pads readout)



Purification process by scintillation lights

Graph



fitted by

$$p(d,t) = p_0 e^{-d/\lambda}$$

$$\lambda = \lambda_0 e^{t/\tau}$$

,where

λ_0 = initial attenuation length and τ = time constant of purification

$$p_1 = d / \lambda_0 = 1.75$$

$$p_2 = \tau = 2.9 \times 10^5 \text{ sec}$$

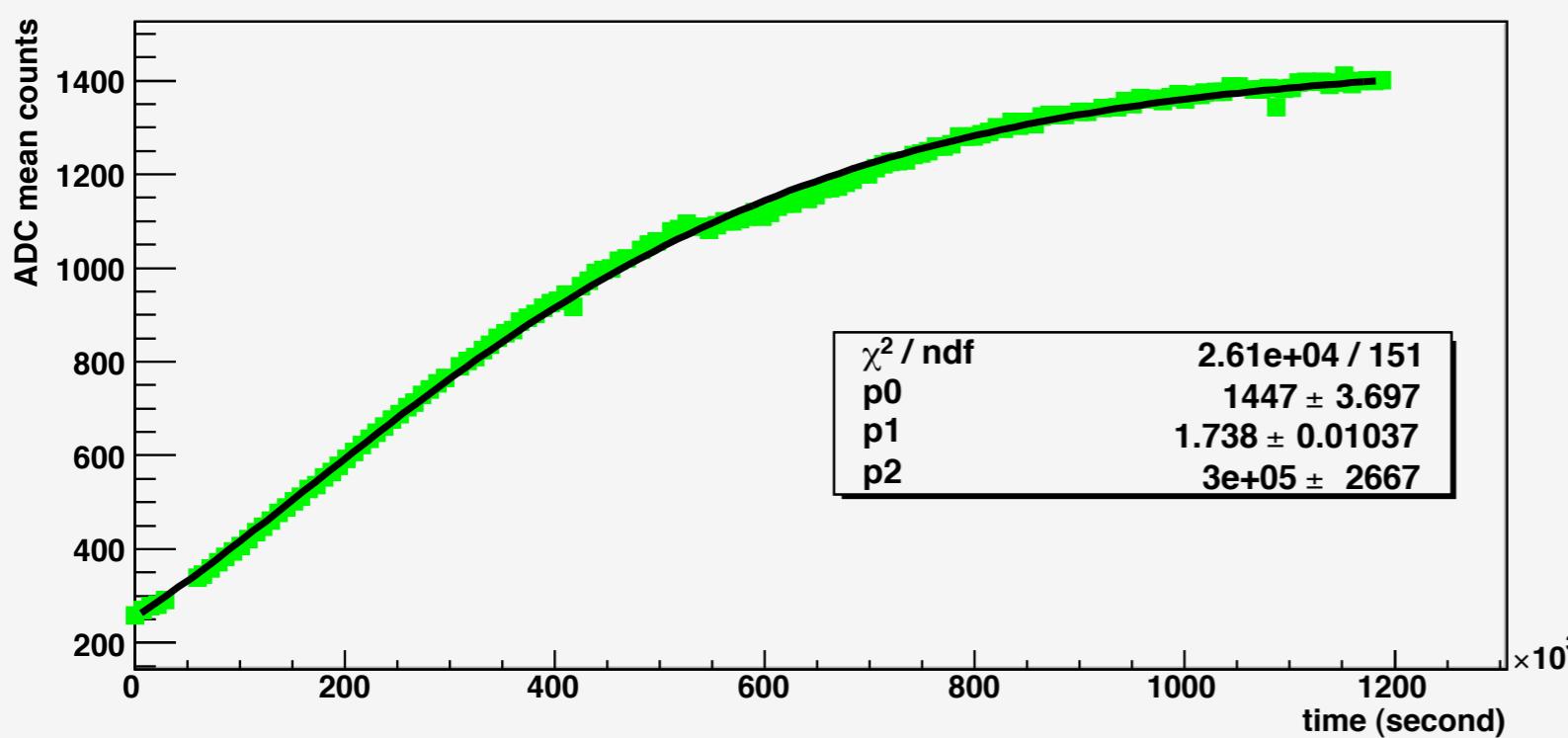
$$\tau = 3.4 \text{ days}$$

$$\text{put } d = 5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_0 = 2.9 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda = 160 \text{ cm at 14 days}$$

Graph



Conclusions

1. Charge signals of both cosmic ray and α sources were detected with a commercial pre-amplifier.
2. Purification process was monitored and understood by scintillation light and charge signals. The preliminary estimation is about 300ppb (O_2 equiv.) with circulation in 50 days, which will be improved in the present run.
3. We will confirm the purification and measure the 4ch charge signals (pads).
4. Next, we will measure 16ch-pads with 5cm drift in TPC .