# More tests of flavour anomalies

Diego Guadagnoli LAPTh Annecy

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- Effective interactions for b → s and b → c decays are related by SU(2) symmetry.

That's what one expects of new interactions above the EW scale

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• The above NP pattern can be generated from a purely 3<sup>rd</sup>-generation interaction of the kind [Glashow et al., 2014]

$$H_{\rm NP} = G \left( \bar{b}'_L \gamma^{\lambda} b'_L \right) \left( \bar{\tau}'_L \gamma_{\lambda} \tau'_L \right)$$
  
with  $G = 1/\Lambda^2 \ll G$ 

expected e.g. in partial-compositeness frameworks

with fields in the gauge basis

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- Such structure is also constrained by direct searches, notably of states decaying to 2 T [Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca, 2015][Faroughy, Greljo, Kamenik, 2016]

• Yet, models able to pass all the above constraints do exist. E.g. an SU(2)<sub>L</sub>-singlet vector lepto-quark [Buttazzo et al., 2017]

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Maybe data are not yet mature enough?









- Measure more Lepton-Universality Violating ratios:  $R_{K^*}$ ,  $R_{\phi}$ ,  $R_{X_s}$ ,  $R_{K_0(1430)}$ ,  $R_{f_0}$
- Define and measure new, clean observables sensitive to  $C_{9}$  and  $C_{10}$
- Extract long-distance effects from <u>data</u>

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## New observables sensitive to $C_{g}$ and $C_{10}$

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- $B_s \rightarrow \ell \ell \gamma$  offers sensitivity to  $C_7$ ,  $C_9$ ,  $C_{10}$  (and primed counterparts)
- Direct measurement (= with photon detection) attempted for some time, but very challenging at hadron colliders:
  - No tracking information available for photons
  - Plenty of photons from  $\pi^{\circ}$  's

J.M.		11
$B_{s} \rightarrow \mu\mu \gamma$ :	"indirect" measurement	

Basic Idea [Dettori, DG, Reboud, 2017]

Extract  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu \gamma$  from  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$  event sample, by enlarging  $m_{\mu\mu}$  window downwards

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- Essential precondition: controlling all other backgrounds



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- The final state di-μ
- The quarks in the initial B-meson

Final-State radiation (FSR) (or bremsstrahlung)

Initial-State radiation (ISR)

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Further tests	Simo
• Extract LD effects from <u>data</u>	LHCb, 1612.06764
Recently, LHCb measured BR( $B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu\mu$ ) including a of the LD component in the cc region	an accurate parameterisation







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Ali, Mannel, Morozumi; Krueger, Sehgal 

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- **Theory:** EFT makes sense rather well of data. But hard to find convincing UV dynamics
- It may be early to draw conclusions. But Run II and Belle II will provide a definite answer
- Timely to pursue further tests.

Examples:

- more LUV quantities
- other observables sensitive to  $C_{q} \& C_{10}$
- extract LD effects from data