



Lyon 1

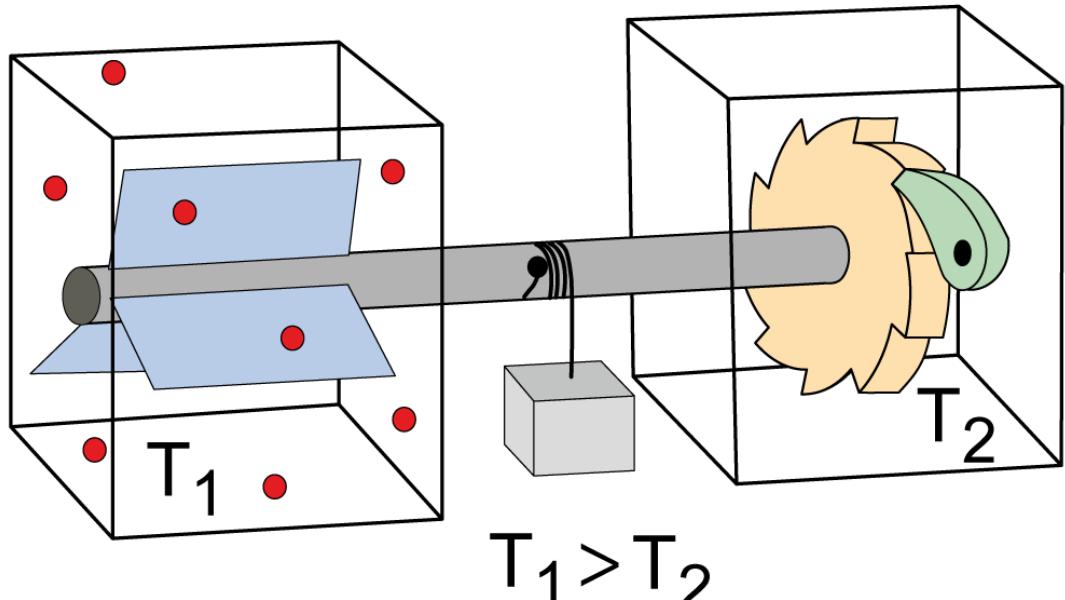
Directional transport through nanopores

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Thesis supervisor: Fabien Montel

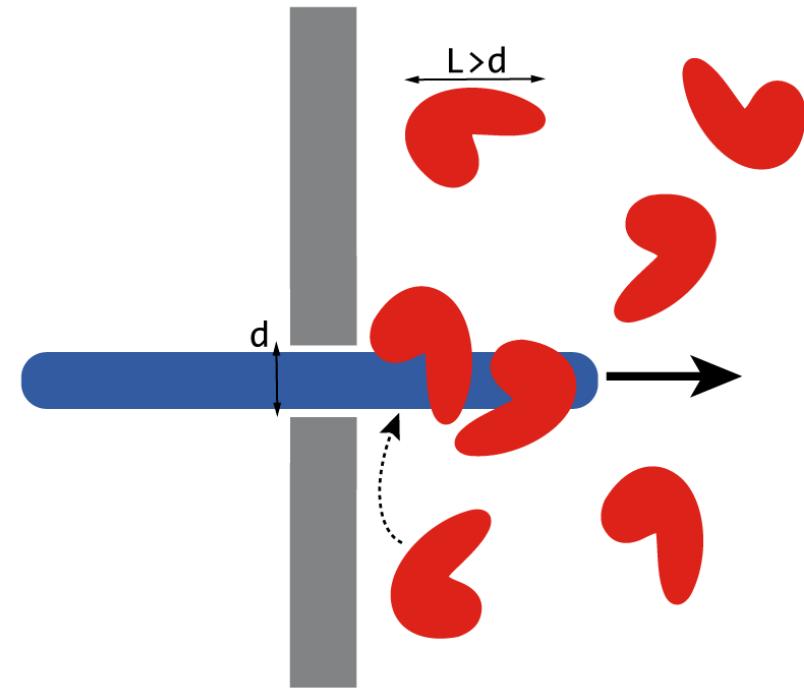
Laboratoire de Physique, ENS de Lyon

Brownian Ratchet



Feynman's ratchet and pawl

Feynman's Lectures, 1963



Translocation ratchet

Oster et al., Biophysical Journal, 1993

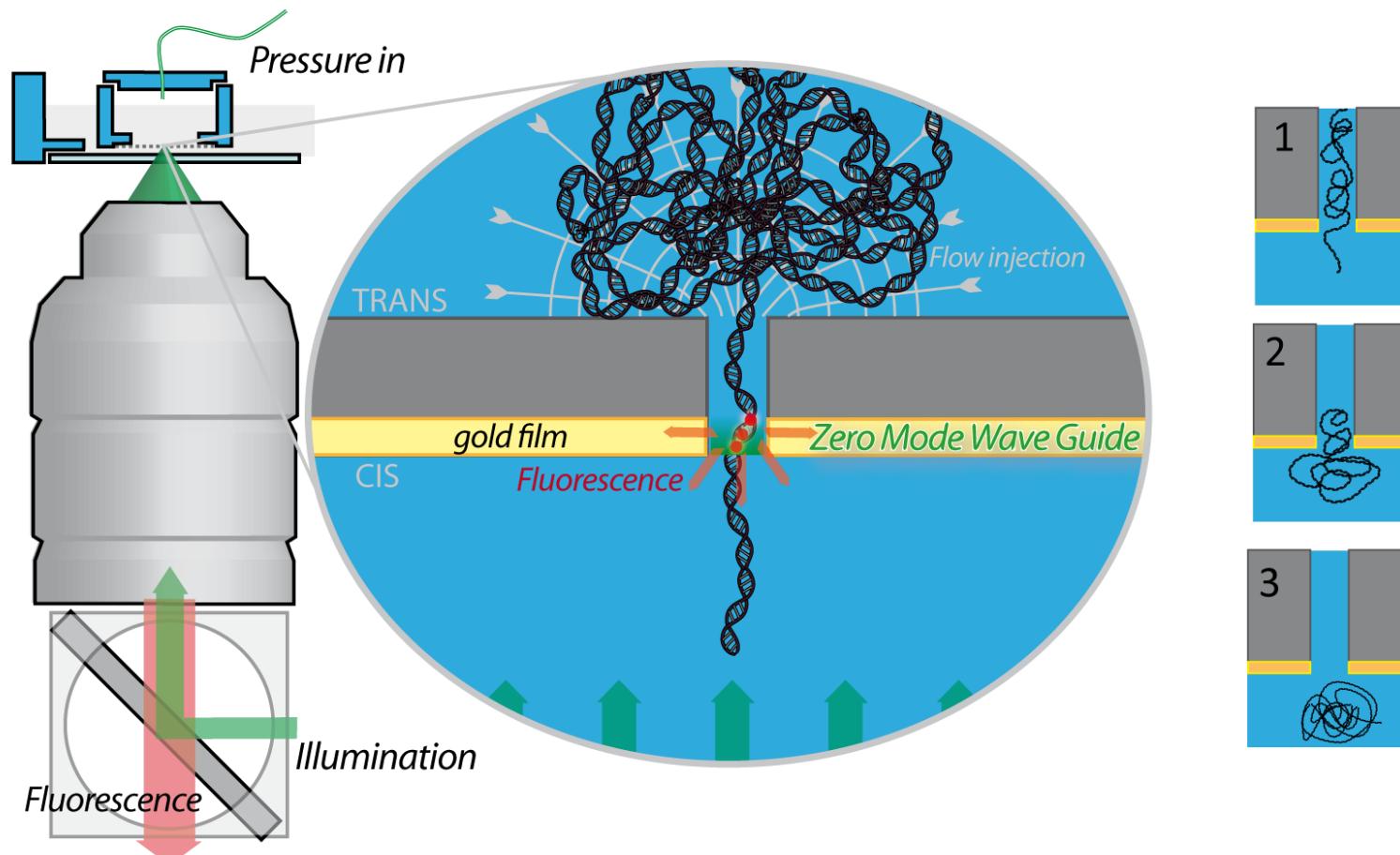
- System that selects brownian fluctuations toward a specific direction.

PhD Project

- Reproducing the translocation ratchet's mechanism in an artificial system
- Establishing the phase diagram of this system

Application to the biological nuclear pore to describe its efficiency

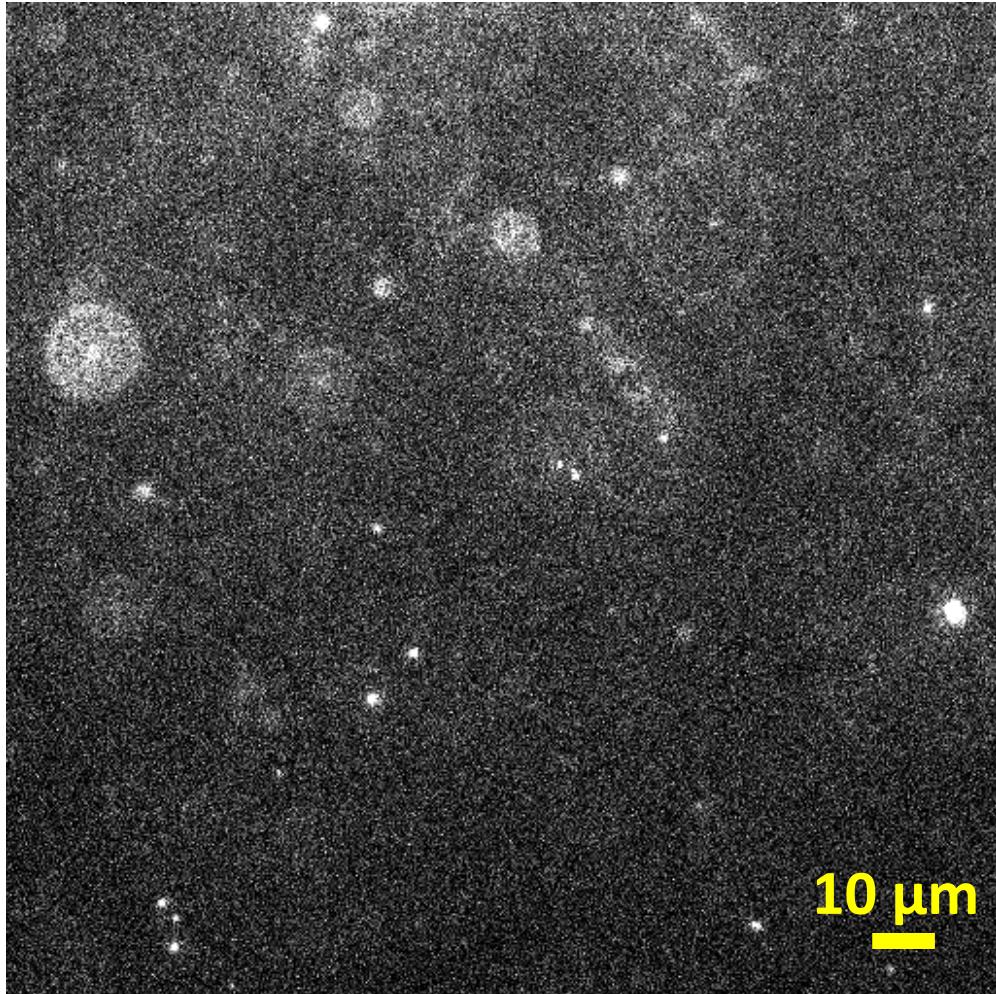
Zero Mode Waveguide for nanopores



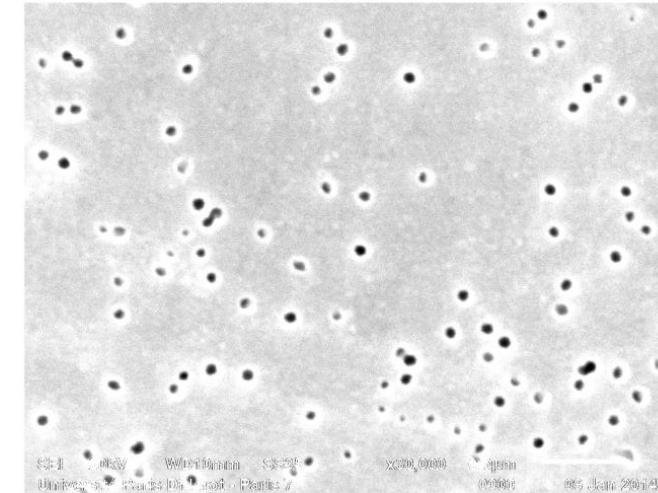
- Observation of translocation of single molecules
- High parallelization (until 10^4 nanopores)

Auger et al., Physical Review Letters, 2014

Translocation Frequency



Density of nanopores
(6.10^8 cm^{-2})
(= 1 nanopore/ μm)



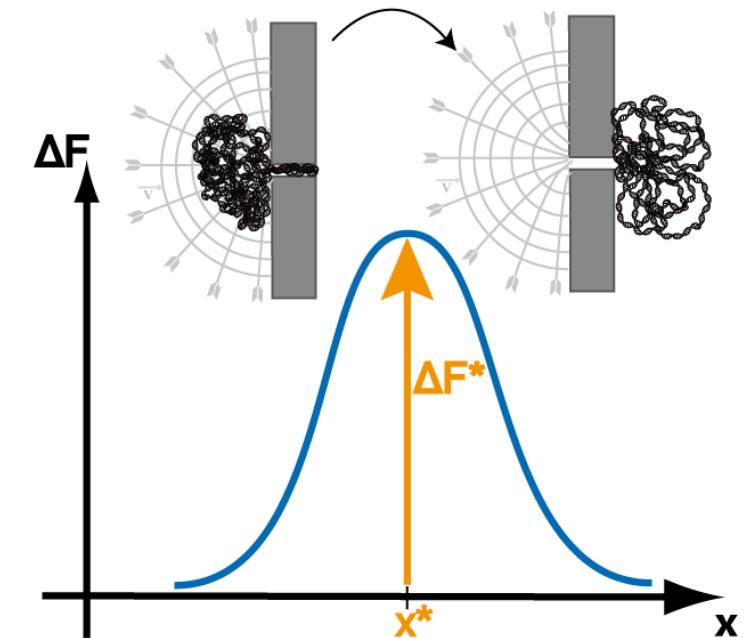
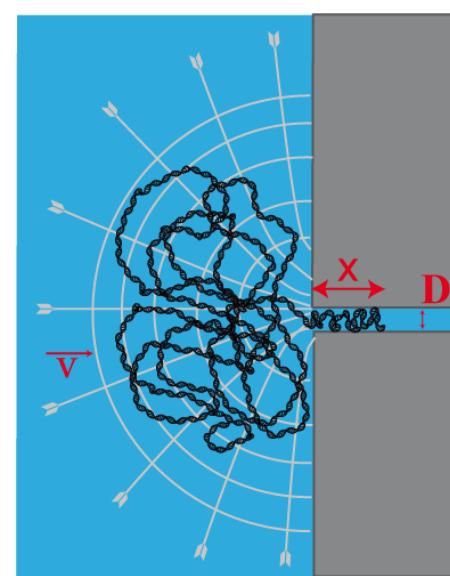
SEM image of polycarbonate track-etched membrane sputtered with 50 nm gold.
Pore diameter : 50 nm

Suction Model

Brochard, de Gennes, 1996

- Free energy of injected polymer as function of the injection length X :

$$\Delta F(X) = \underbrace{k_B T \frac{X}{D}}_{\text{Confinement energy}} - \underbrace{6\pi\eta D v \frac{X^2}{D}}_{\text{Work of the flow}}$$



- Maximum of ΔF for :

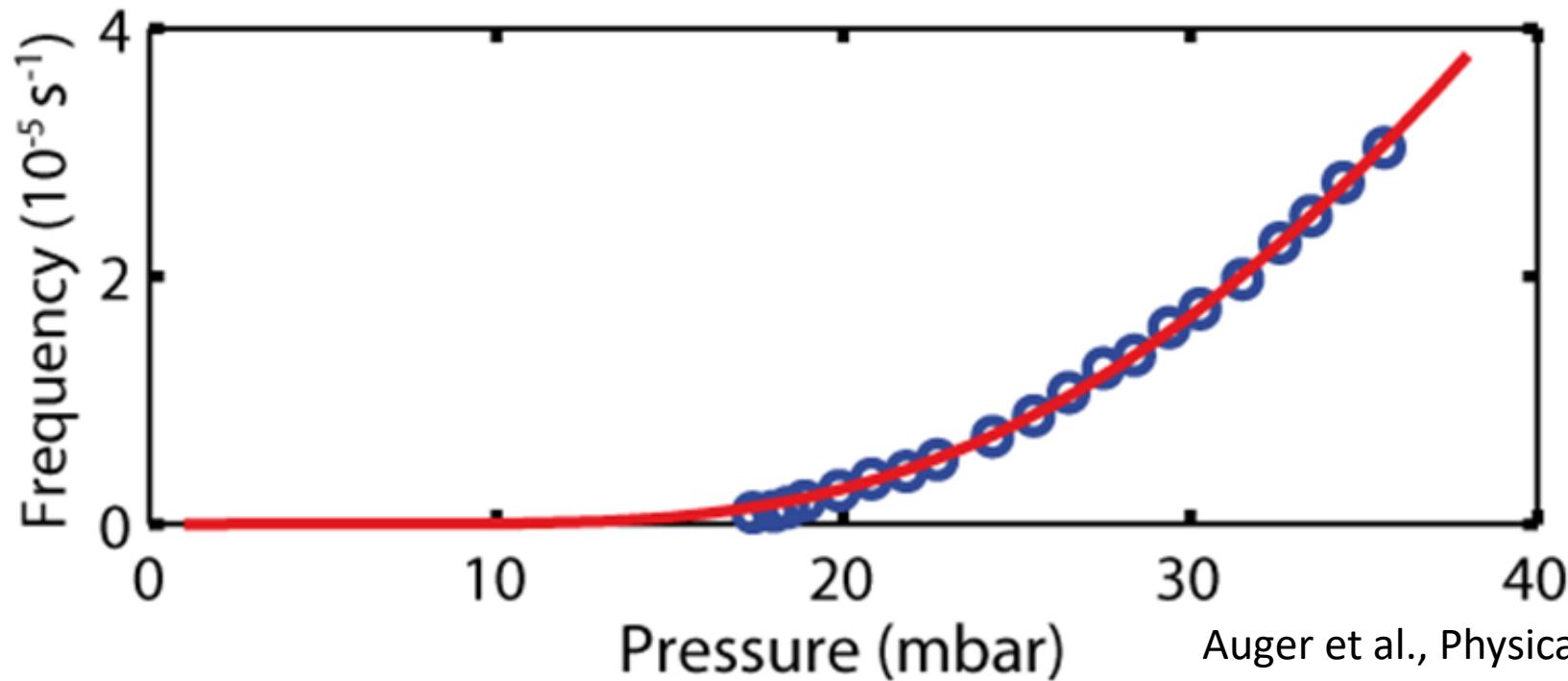
$$\Delta F^*(X^*) = k_B T \frac{J_c}{J}$$

$$J_c = \frac{k_B T}{\eta}$$

Suction Model

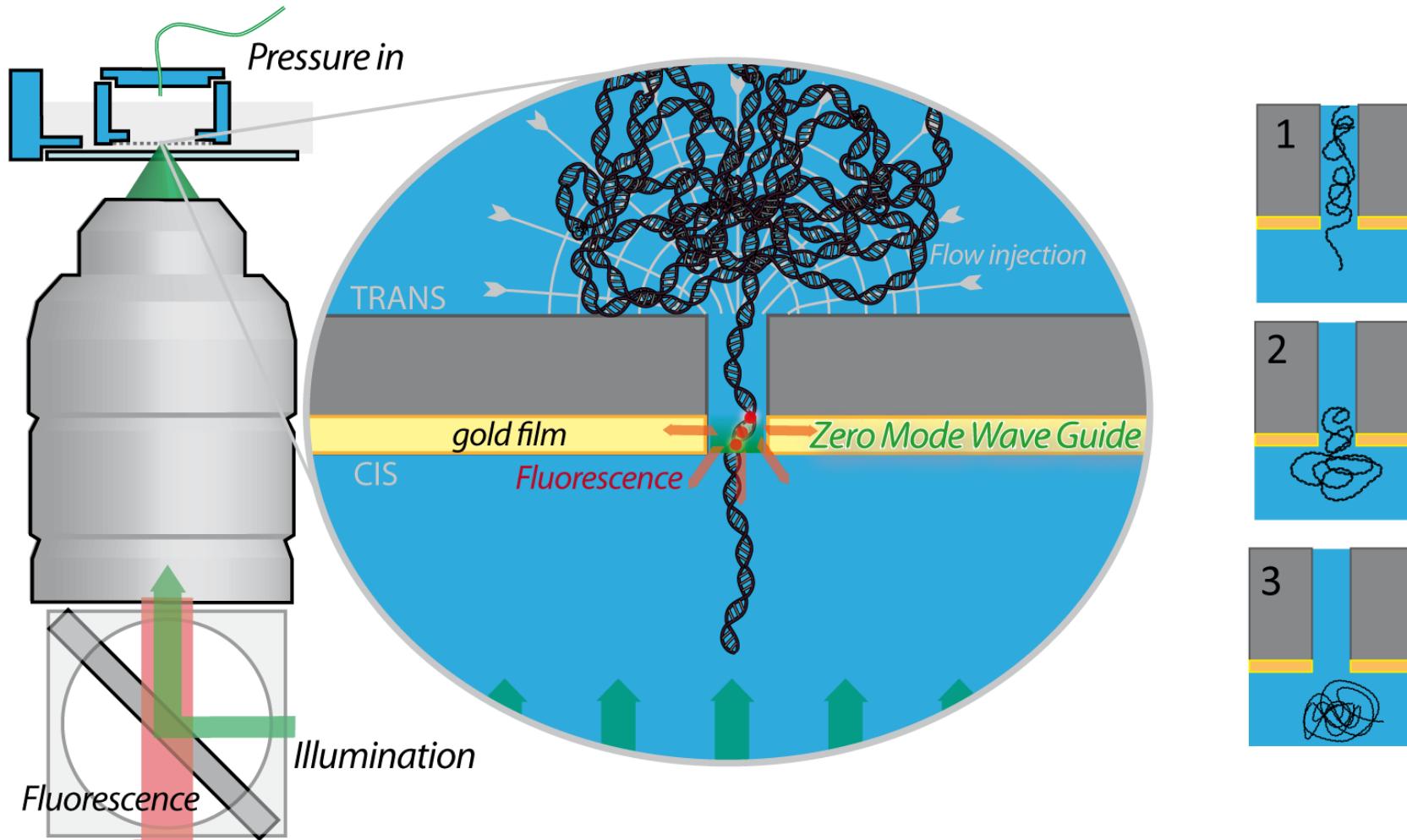
Brochard, de Gennes, 1996

$$f_{pass} = k \frac{J}{J_c} e^{-J_c/J}$$

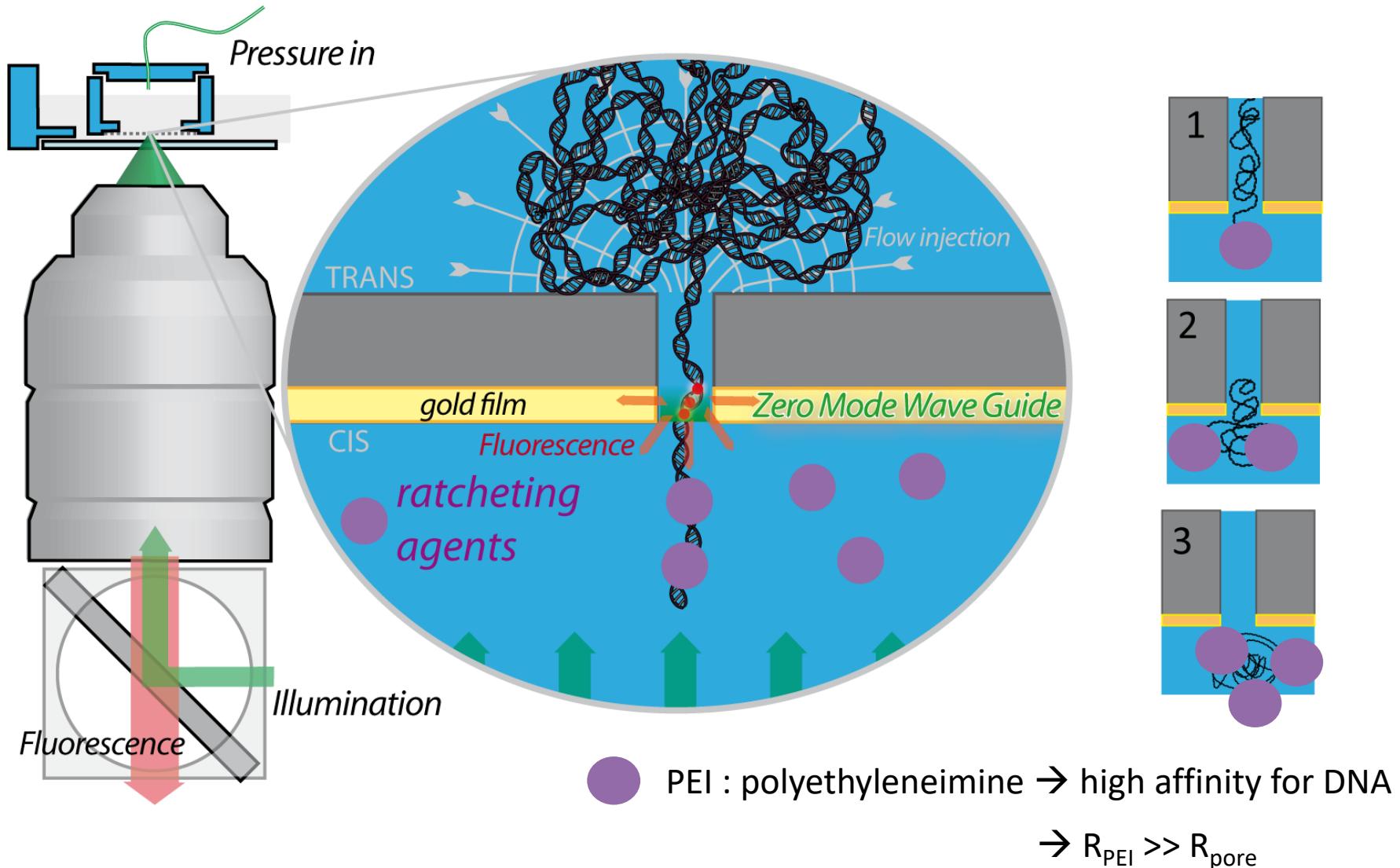


Auger et al., Physical Review Letters, 2014

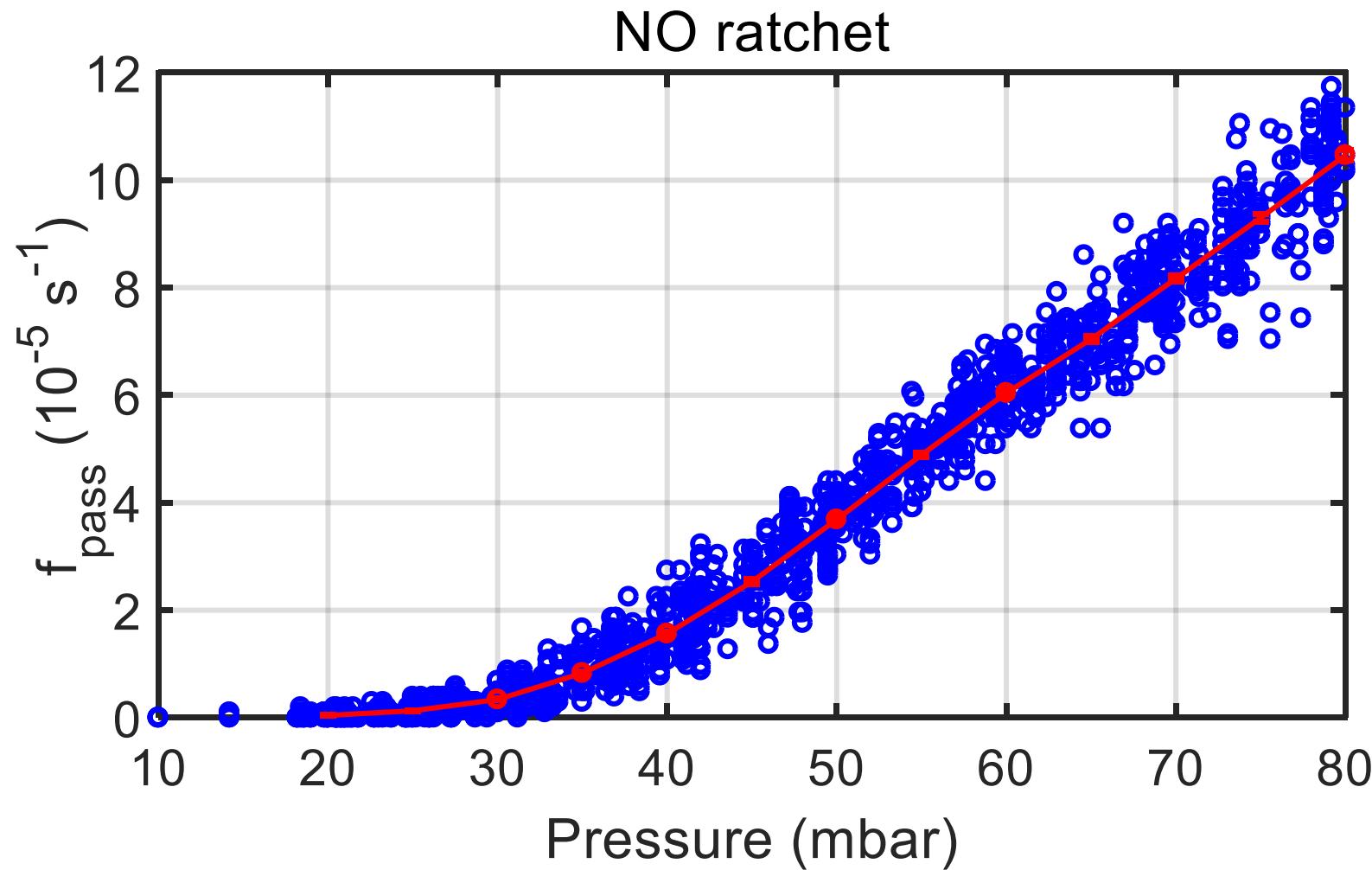
Artificial Translocation Ratchet



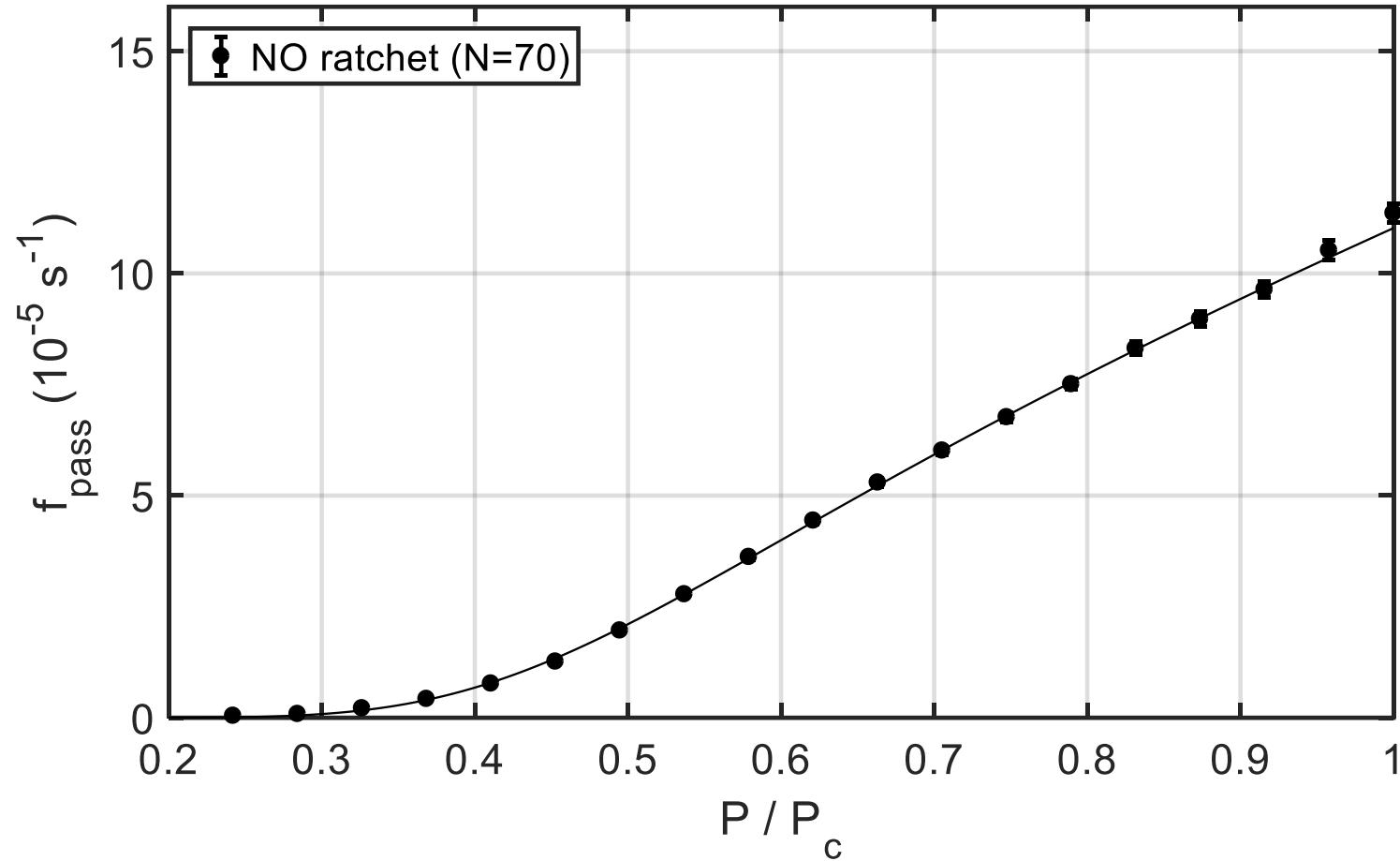
Artificial Translocation Ratchet



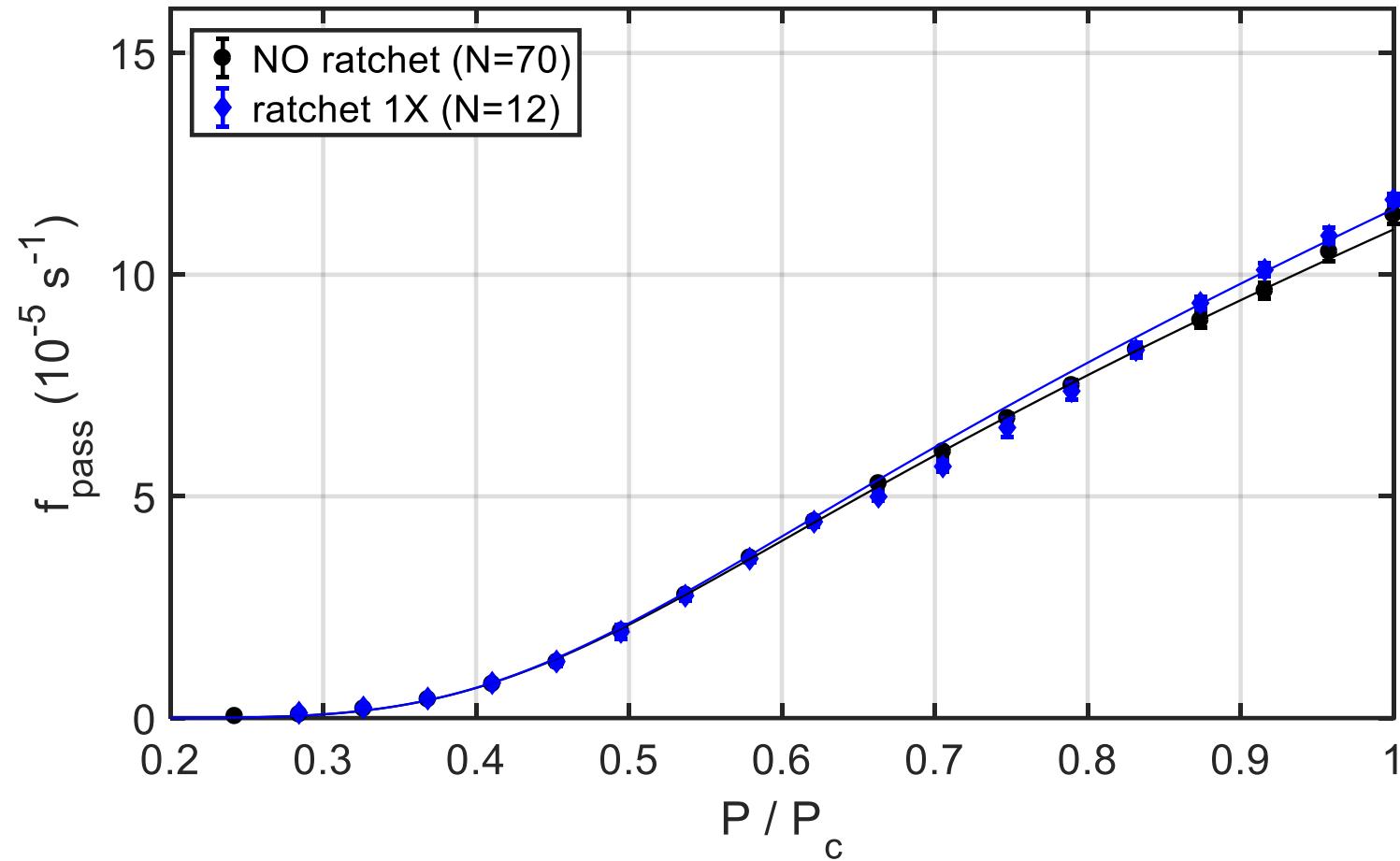
Effect of ratchet



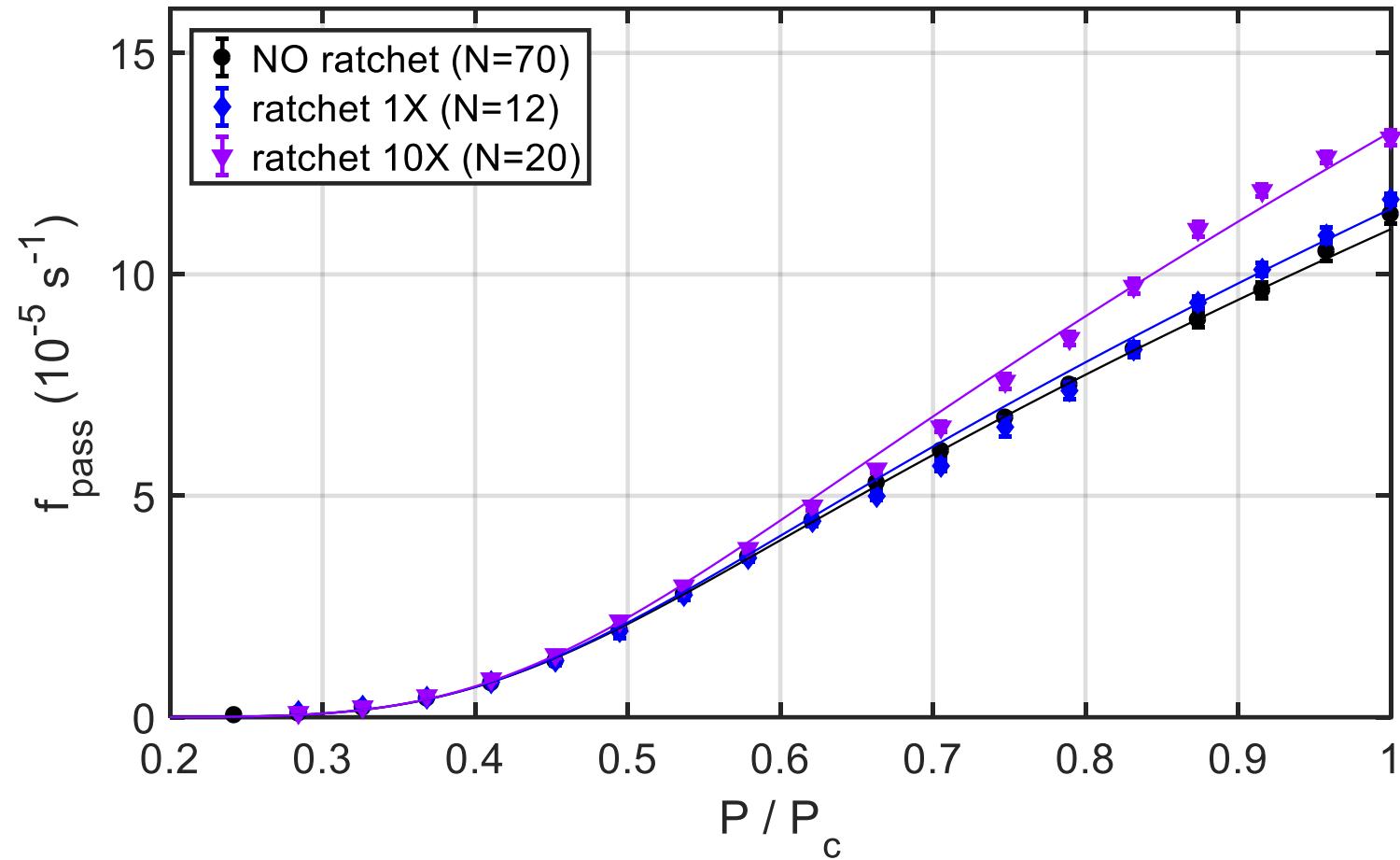
Effect of ratchet



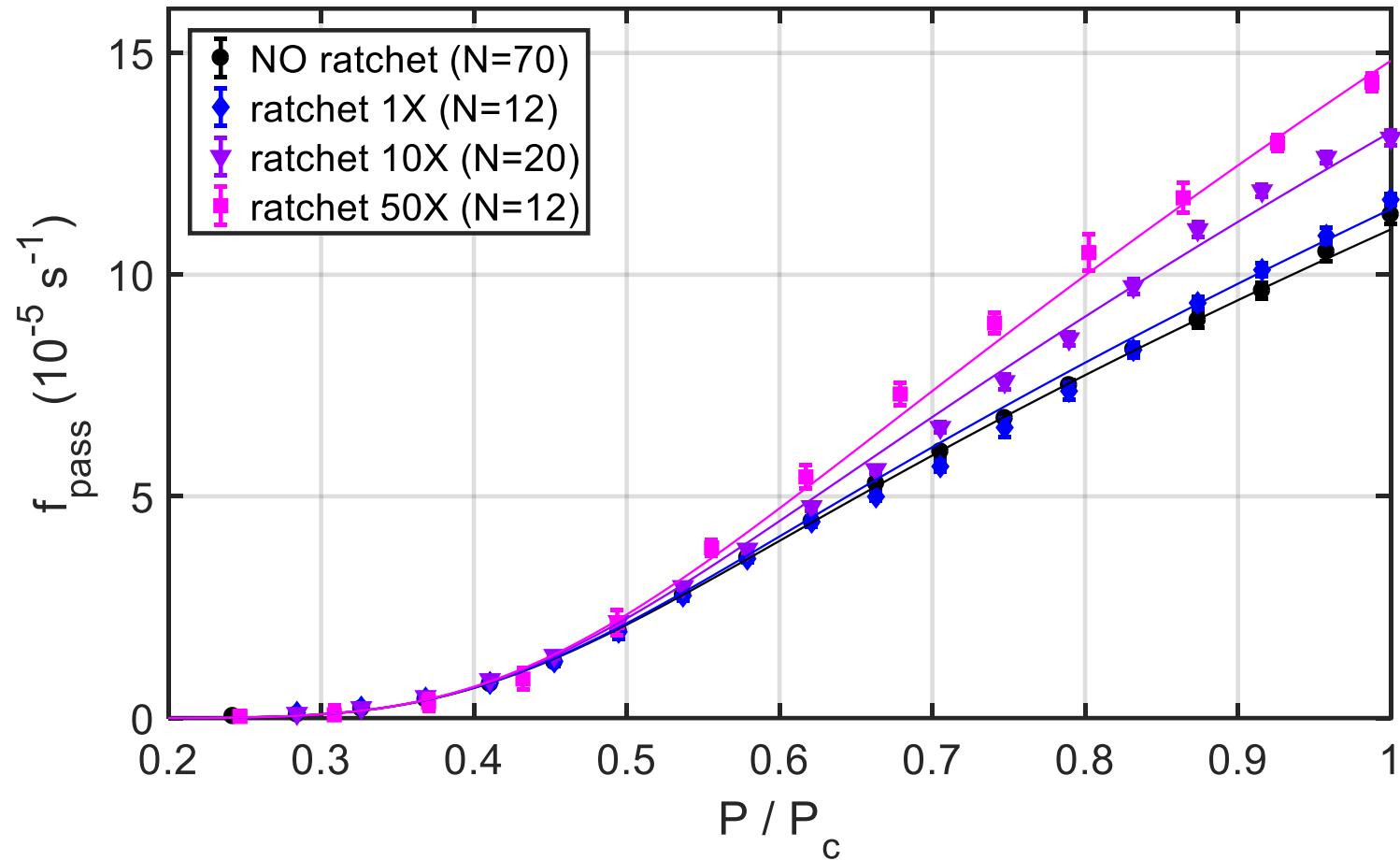
Effect of ratchet



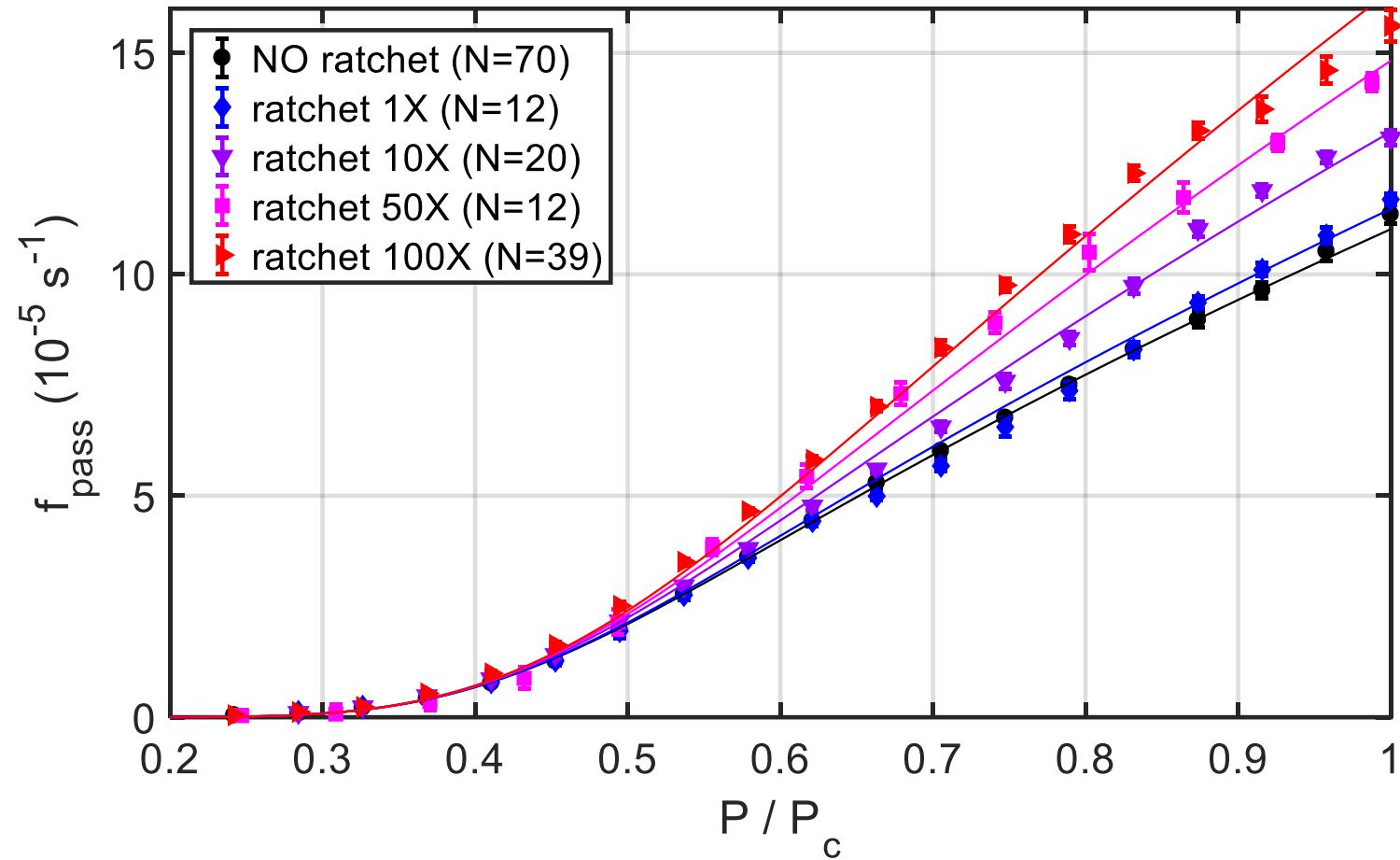
Effect of ratchet



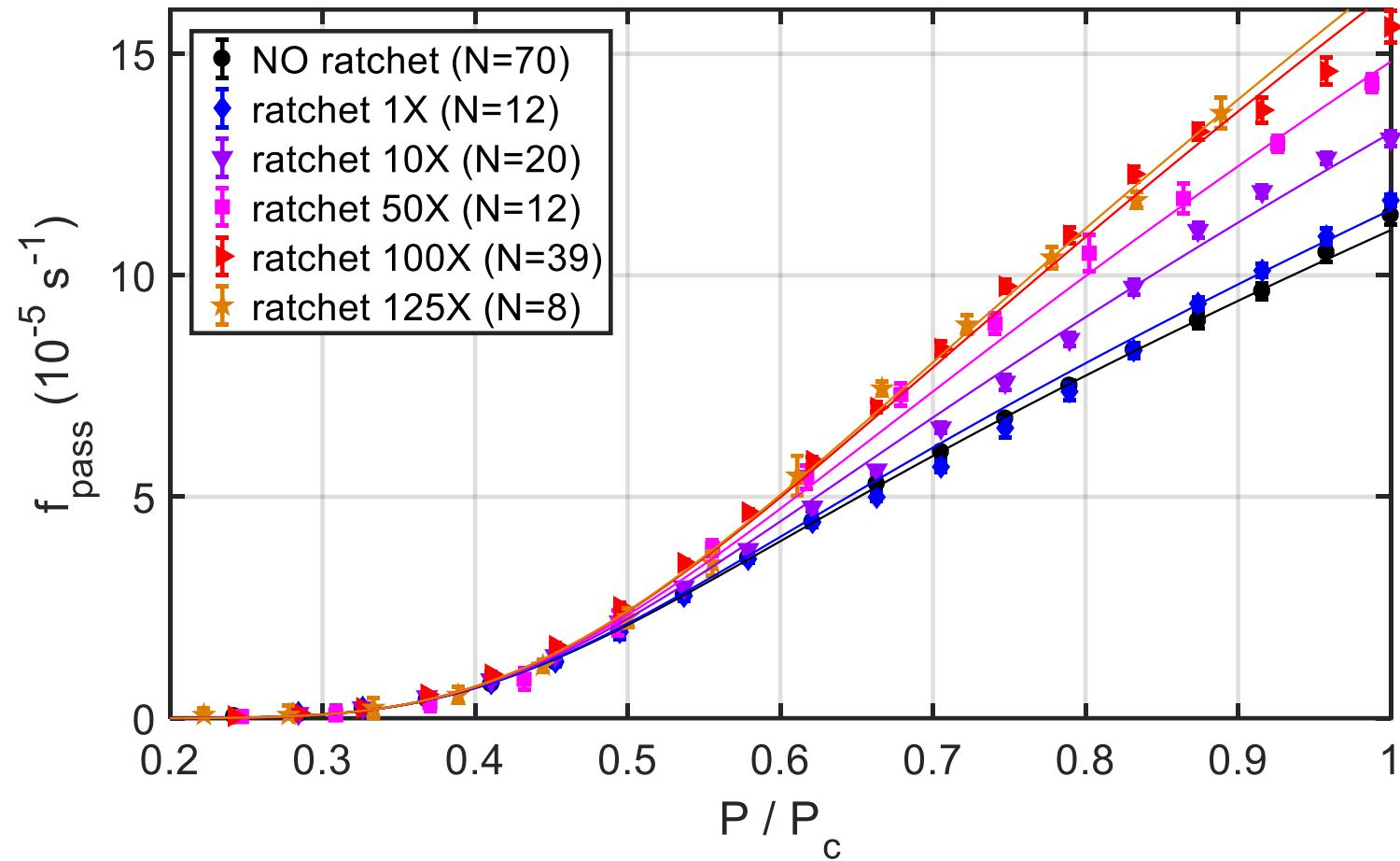
Effect of ratchet



Effect of ratchet



Effect of ratchet



Osmotic effect ?

Ratchet effect or osmotic pressure ?

Osmotic effect ?

Ratchet effect or osmotic pressure ?

Heparin

- High affinity for PEI (ratchet)

➔ Suppress interaction
between ratchet and DNA

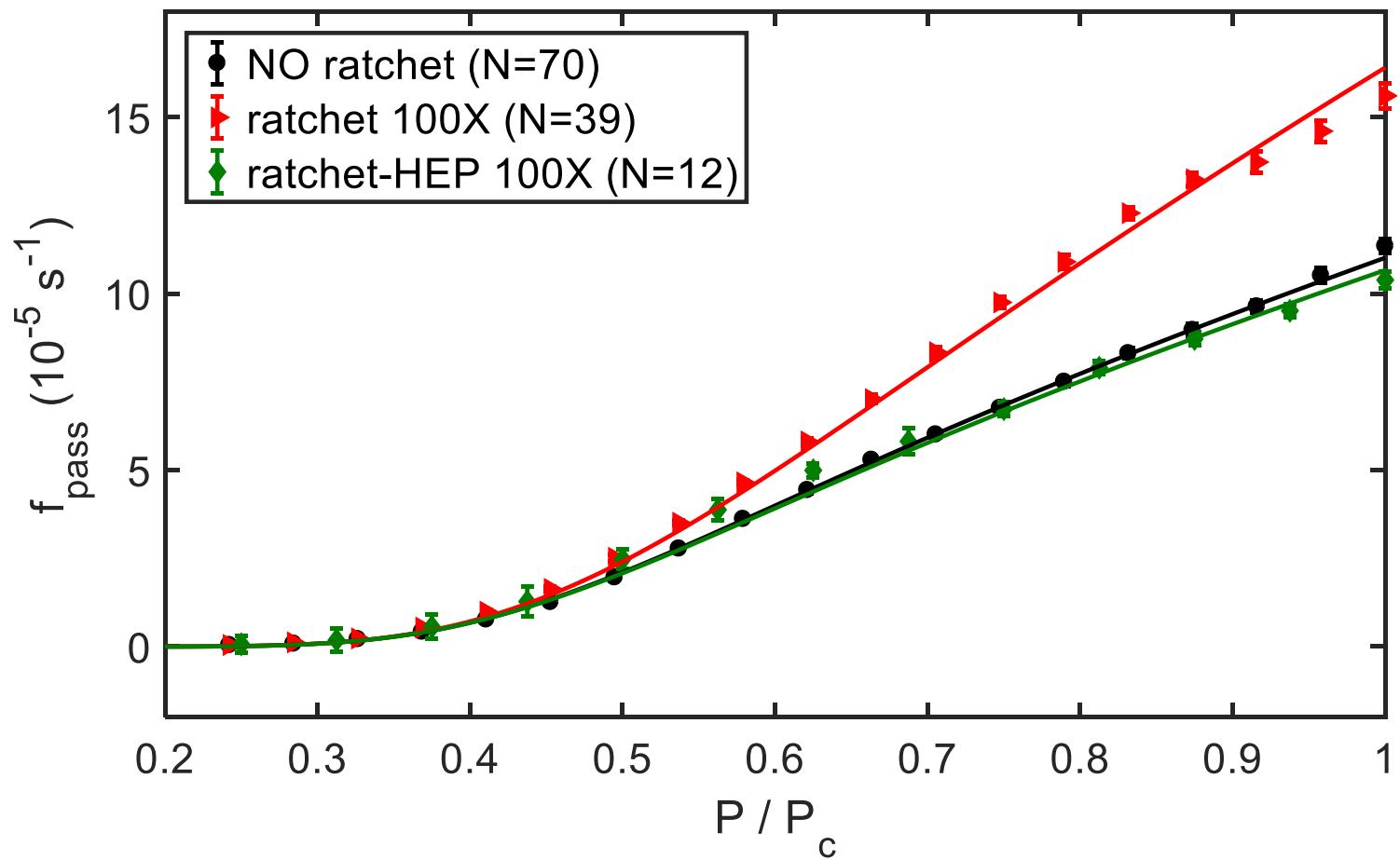
Osmotic effect ?

Ratchet effect or osmotic pressure ?

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Osmotic effect ?

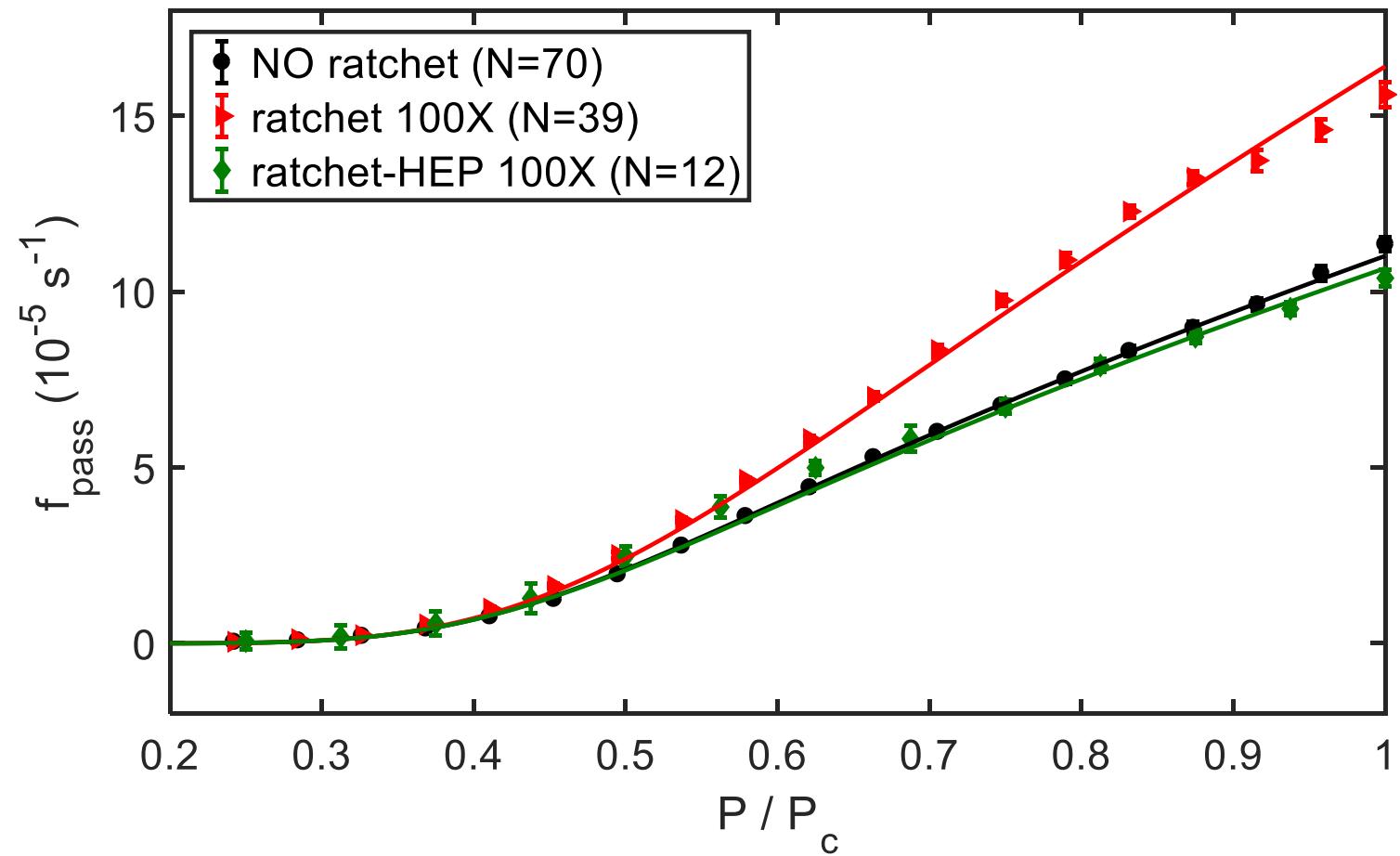
Ratchet effect or osmotic pressure ?

Heparin

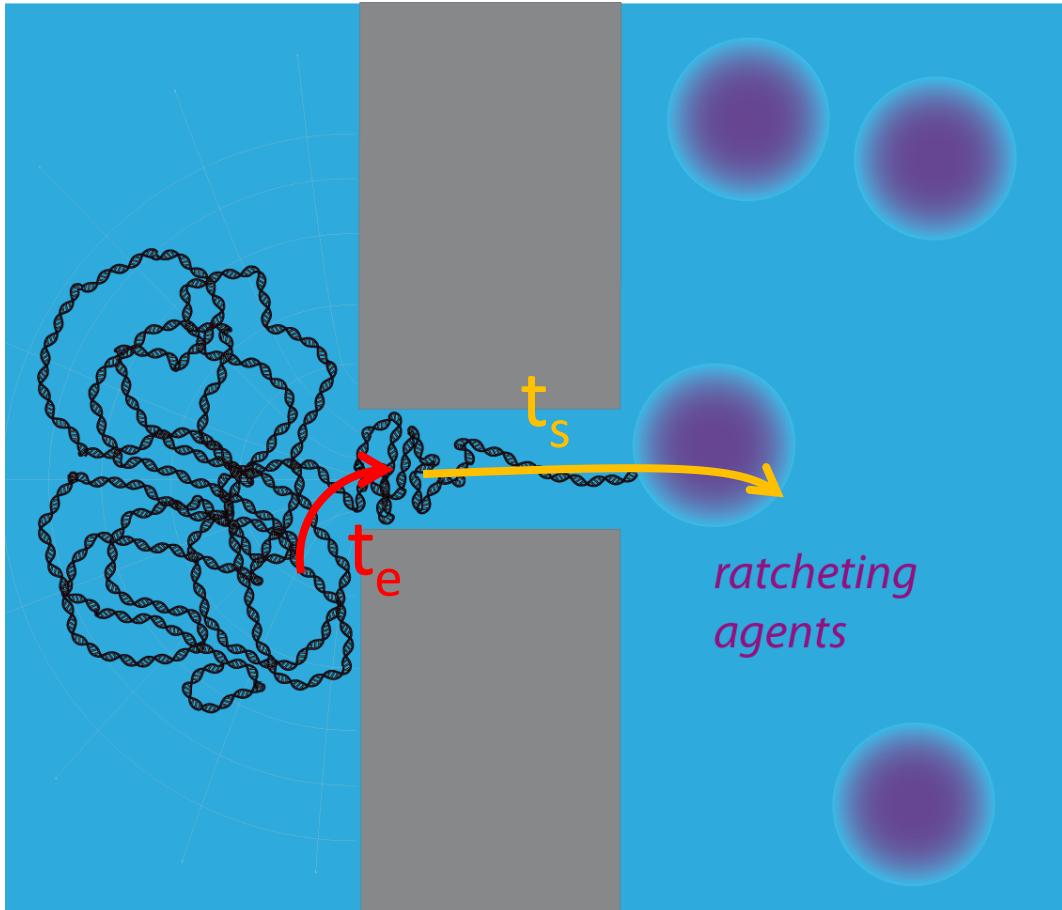
- High affinity for PEI (ratchet)

→ Suppress interaction
between ratchet and DNA

→ Translocation ratchet!



Model for the effect of ratchet

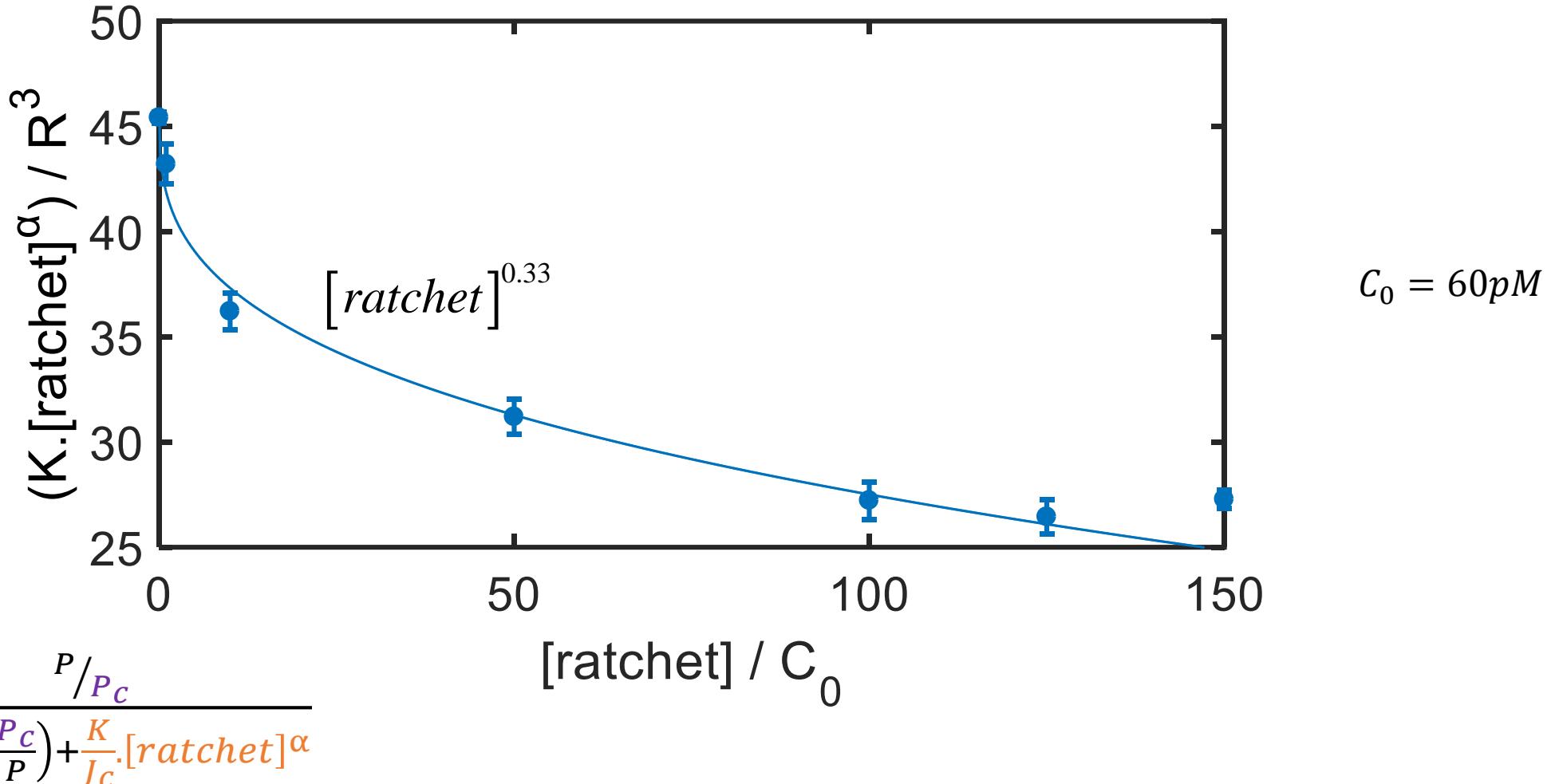


$$t_{tot} = t_e + t_s$$

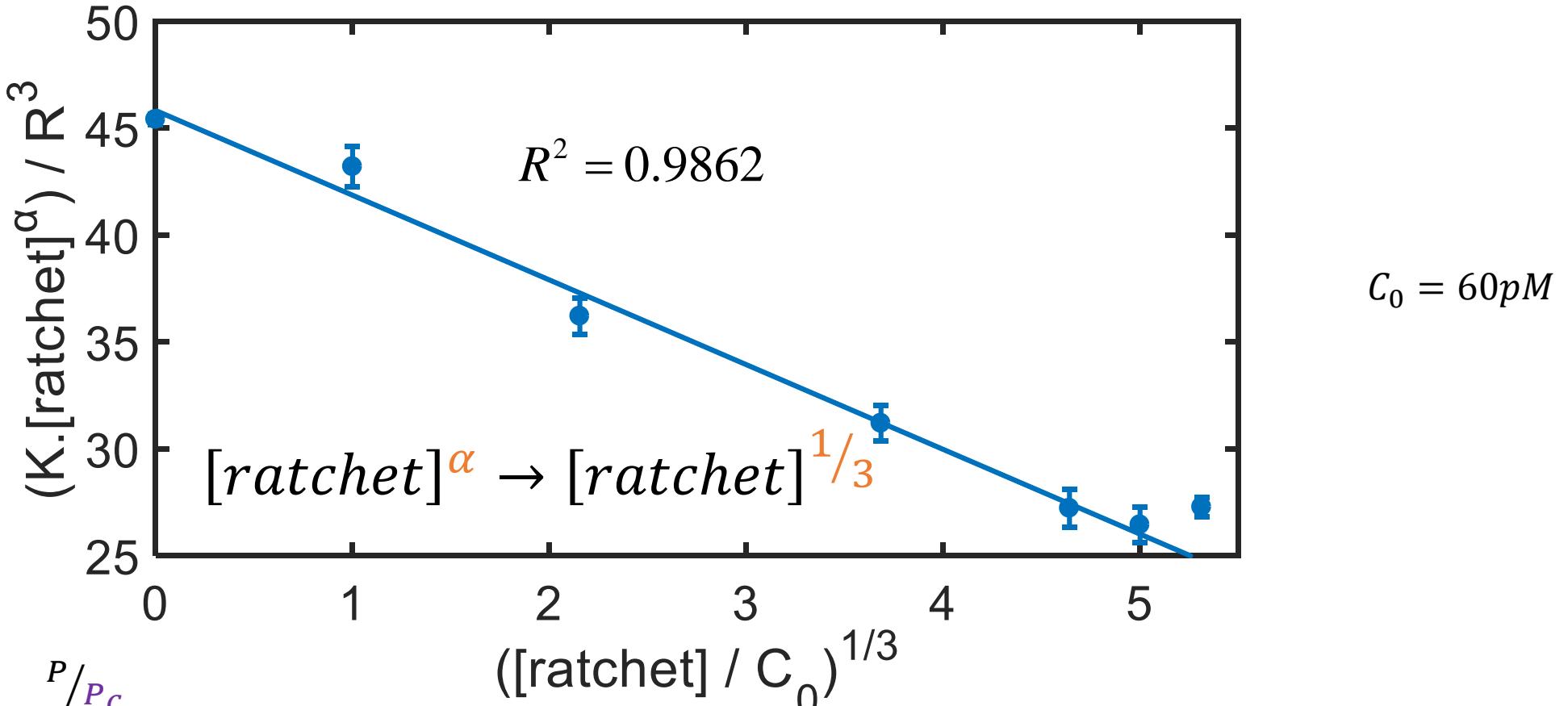
$$= \frac{R^3}{J} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{K}{J} \cdot [ratchet]^\alpha$$

$$f_{pass} = \frac{P/P_c}{\frac{R^3}{J_c} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{K}{J_c} \cdot [ratchet]^\alpha}$$

Ratchet effect vs. [ratchet]

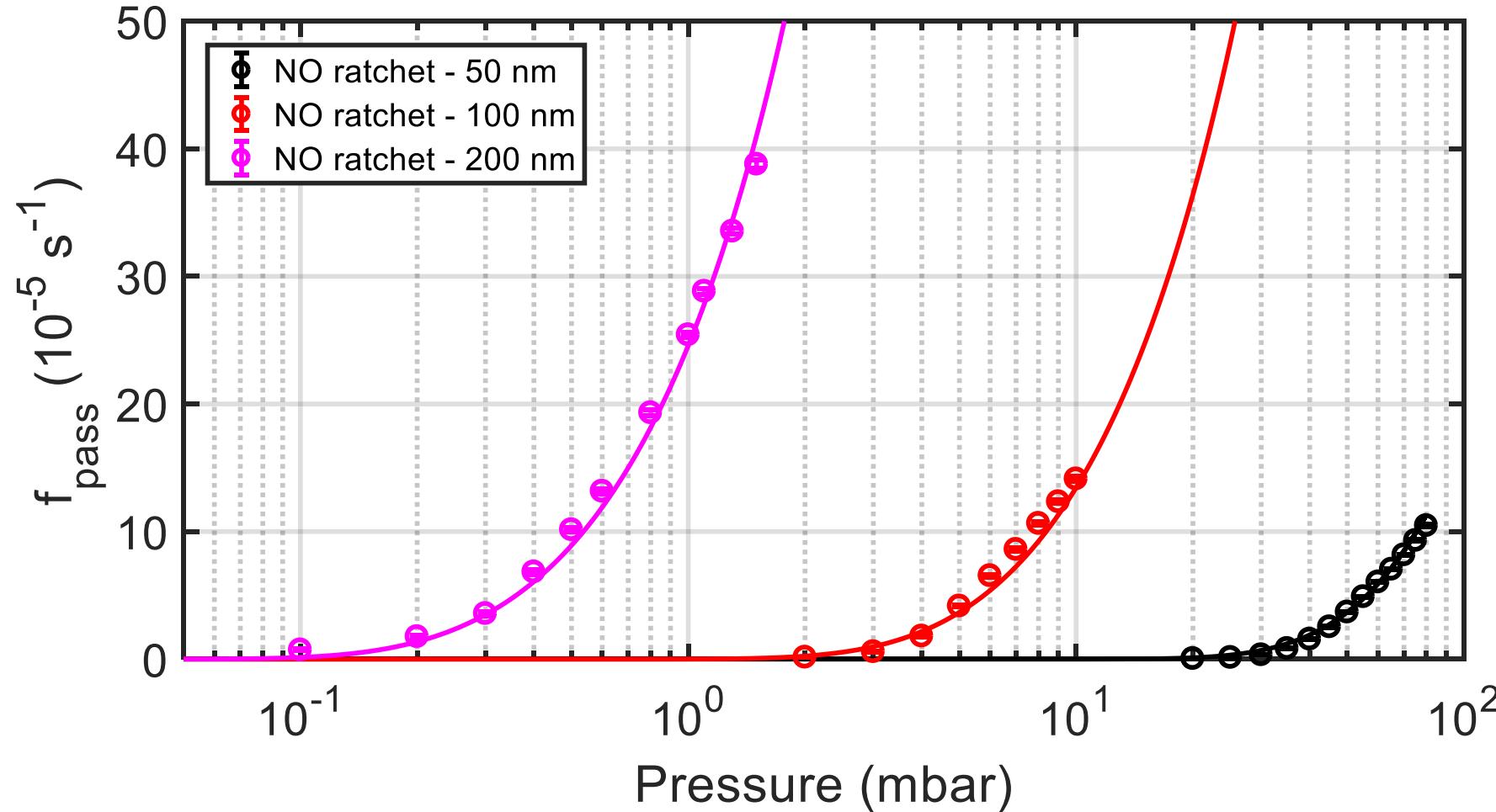


Ratchet effect vs. [ratchet]

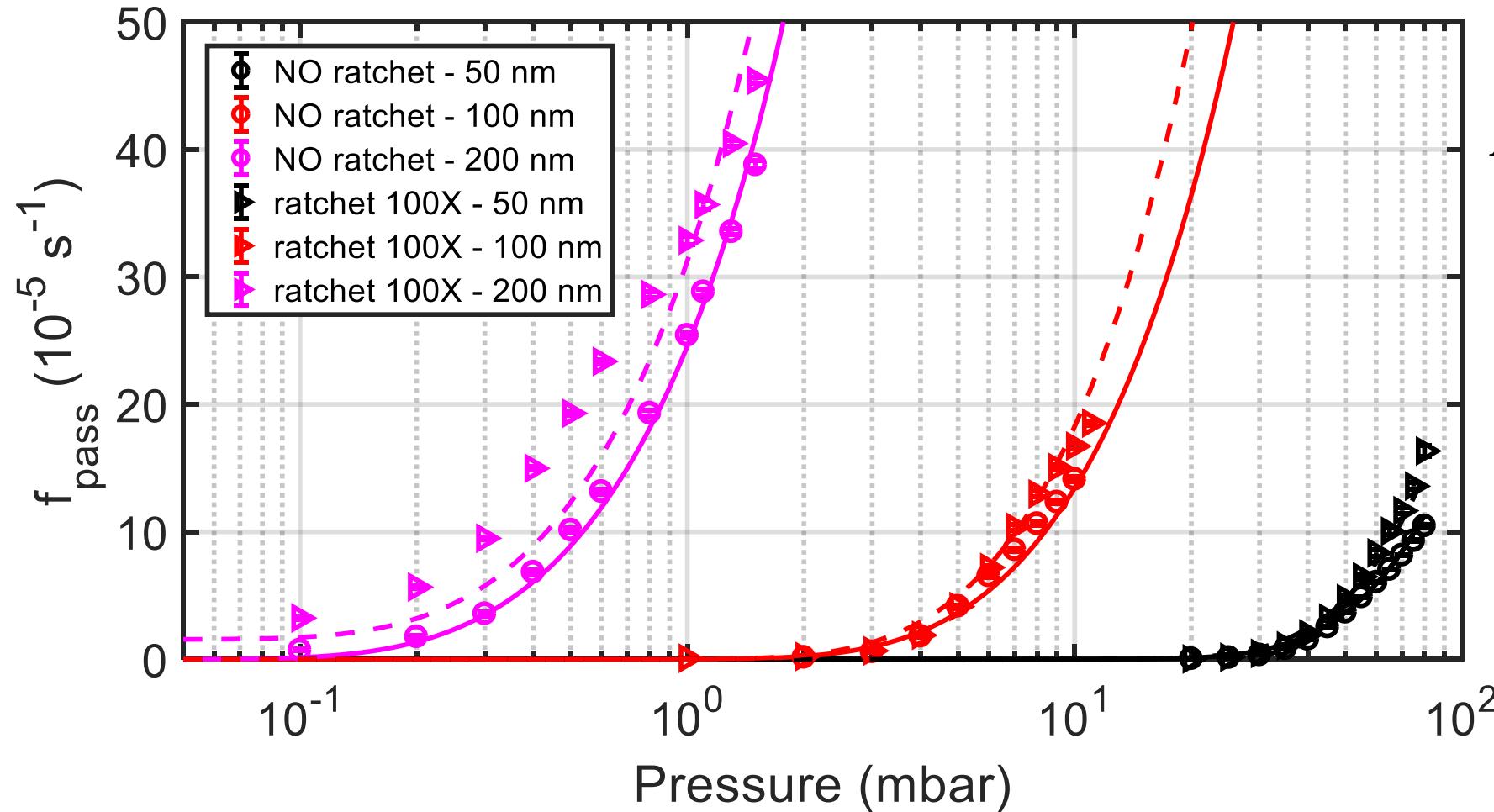


$$f_{pass} = \frac{\frac{P}{P_c}}{\frac{R^3}{J_c} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{K}{J_c} \cdot [ratchet]^{\alpha}}$$

Ratchet effect vs. Nanopore diameter

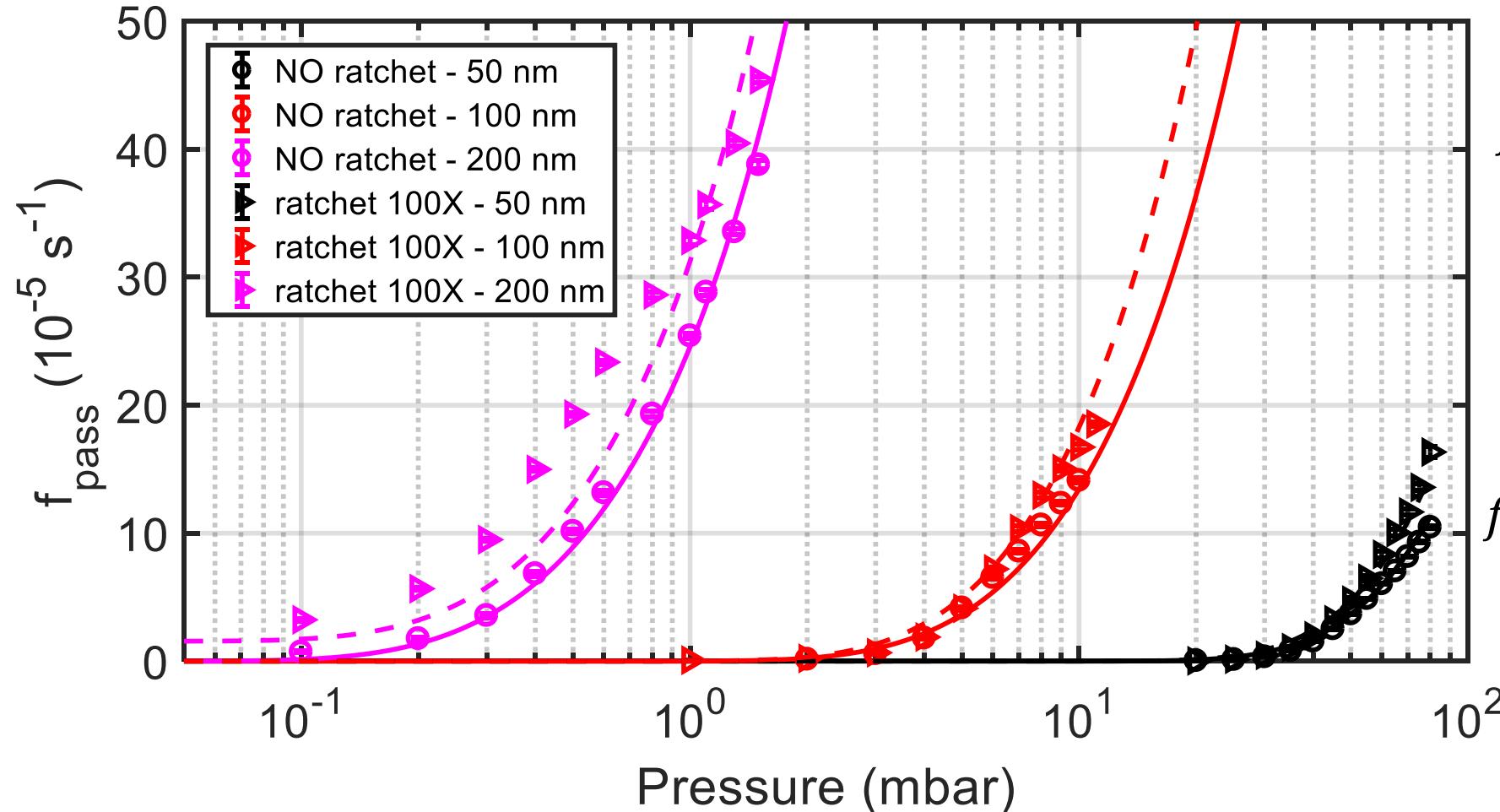


Ratchet effect vs. Nanopore diameter



$$f_{\text{pass}} = \frac{P/P_c}{\frac{R^3}{J_c} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{K(R)}{J_c} \cdot [\text{ratchet}]^{1/3}}$$

Ratchet effect vs. Nanopore diameter



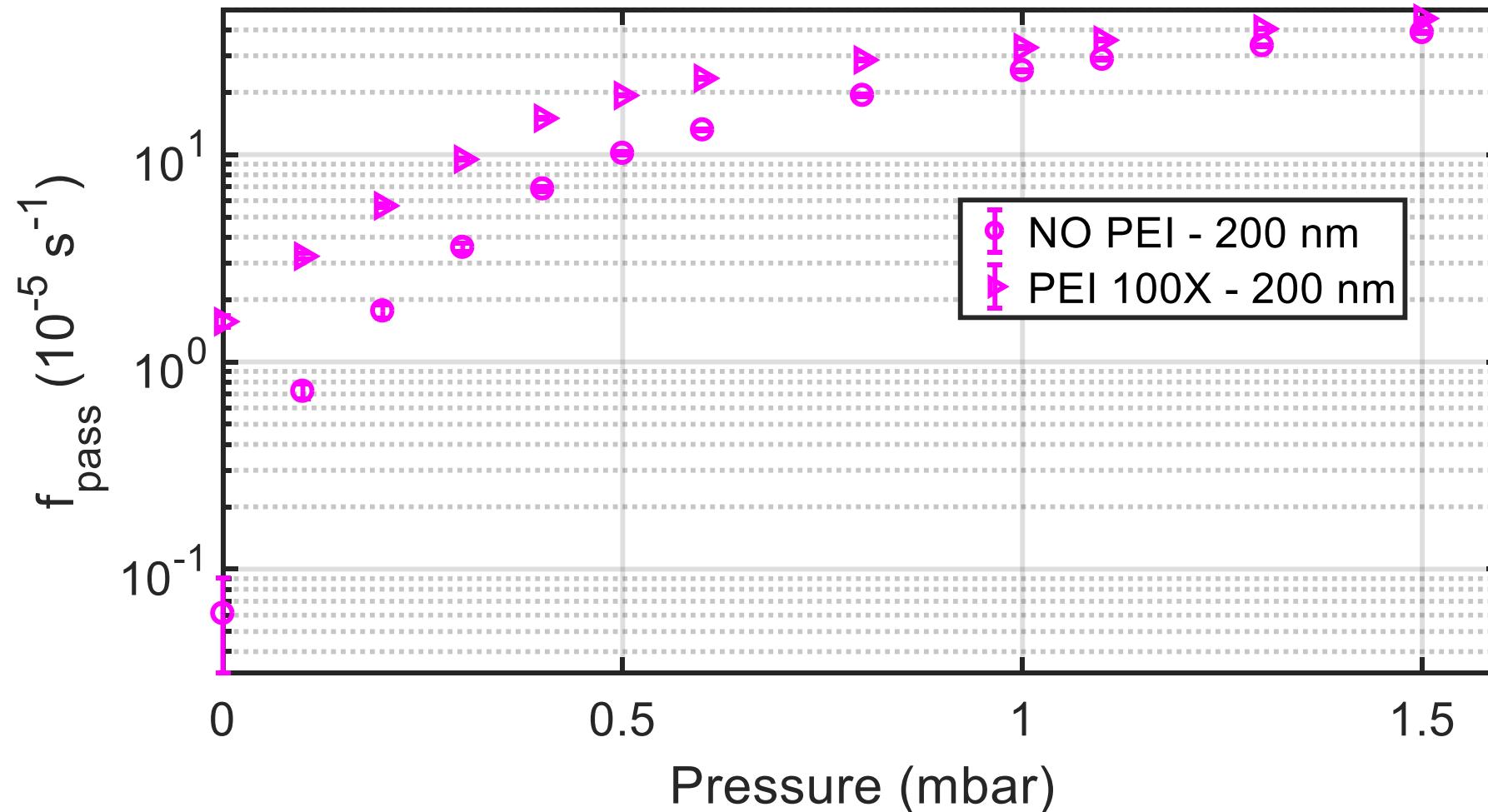
$$f_{\text{pass}} = \frac{P/P_c}{\frac{R^3}{J_c} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{K(R)}{J_c} \cdot [\text{ratchet}]^{1/3}}$$

$$t_s \propto R^2 (?)$$

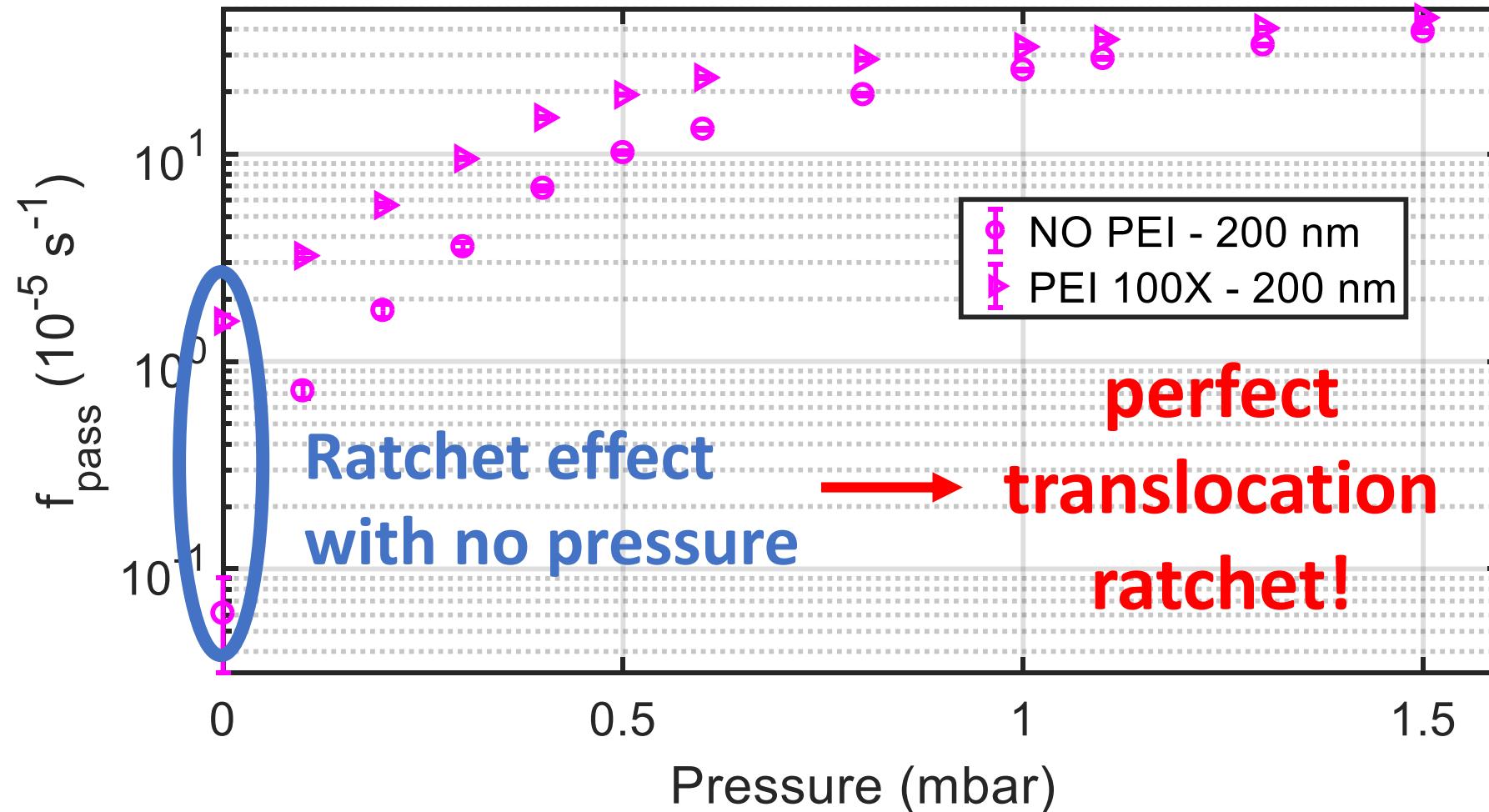
$$f_{\text{pass}} = \frac{P/P_c}{\frac{R^3}{J_c} \exp\left(\frac{P_c}{P}\right) + \frac{k \cdot R^2}{J_c} \cdot [\text{ratchet}]^{1/3}}$$

Work in progress...

Zero pressure Ratchet



Zero pressure Ratchet



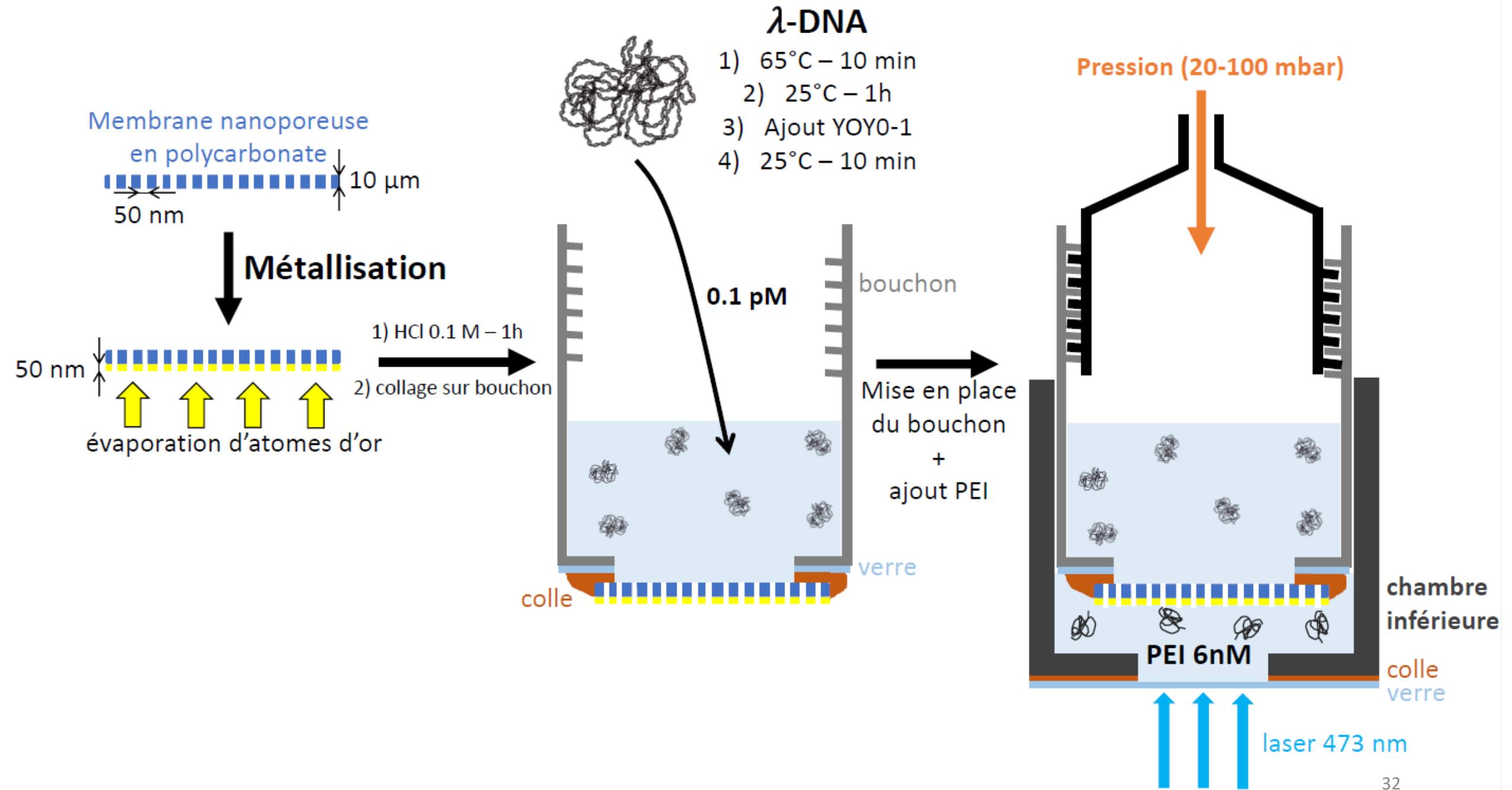
Conclusion

- ✓ Artificial translocation ratchet: OK!
- ✓ Extended suction model for polymers translocation
- ✓ Quantitative description of the ratchet's effect as a function of the ratchet's concentration

- Complete phase diagram : relative size between ratchet and nanopores, affinity constant with DNA...
- Application to the biological nuclear pore : proof of its ratchet behavior and measurements of its efficiency as a nanopump.

Thanks!





Oster's translocation ratchet

Oster, 1993

$$v = \frac{2D}{\delta} \left[\frac{\frac{1}{2}\omega^2}{\left(\frac{e^\omega - 1}{1 - K(e^\omega - 1)} \right) - \omega} \right]$$

$$\omega = \frac{f \cdot \delta}{k_B T} \quad K = \frac{k_{off}}{k_{on}}$$

