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BaNiS₂ monolayer as possible Z₂ topological insulator

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After having been considered as a potential candidate for high-temperature superconductivity, the BaNi_xCo_{1-x}S₂ compound has seen a renewed attention for its fascinating spin properties, discovered only very recently [1,2]. BaNiS₂ is a Dirac semimetal, with 4 Dirac cones lying at the Fermi level. The cones, made of d-orbitals, are massive due to a large spin-orbit coupling, leading to a remarkable Rashba splitting of up to 0.15 eV. The spin-orbit coupling strength is unexpected, because BaNiS₂ is centrosymmetric and does not contain heavy elements. This places the compound very close to a topological insulating phase. By ab initio calculations, we give evidence of the possible realization of a robust Z₂ topological phase in the BaNiS₂ monolayer.

[1] David Santos-Cottin, Michele Casula, Gabriel Lantz, Yannick Klein, Luca Petaccia, Patrick Le Fèvre, François Bertran, Evangelos Papalazarou, Marino Marsi, and Andrea Gauzzi. Rashba coupling amplification by a staggered crystal field, *Nature Communications* 7, 11258 (2016).

[2] Yannick Klein, Michele Casula, David Santos-Cottin, Alain Audouard, David Vignolles, Gwendal Fève, Vincent Freulon, Bernard Plaçais, Marine Verseils, Hancheng Yang, Lorenzo Paulatto, and Andrea Gauzzi, Importance of nonlocal electron correlation in the BaNiS₂ semimetal from quantum oscillations studies, *Physical Review B* 97, 075140 (2018).

Choix de session parallèle

3.3 Propriétés remarquables des matériaux topologiques : de la théorie à la réalisation expérimentale

Primary author: Dr CASULA, Michele (CNRS and Sorbonne Université)

Presenter: Dr CASULA, Michele (CNRS and Sorbonne Université)

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