



Intérêt des transitions résonnantes en spectroscopie pour les plasmas froids atmosphériques: diagnostic des ondes d'ionisations et de micro-cavités

Iséni S., Khacef A., Michaud R. et Dussart R.

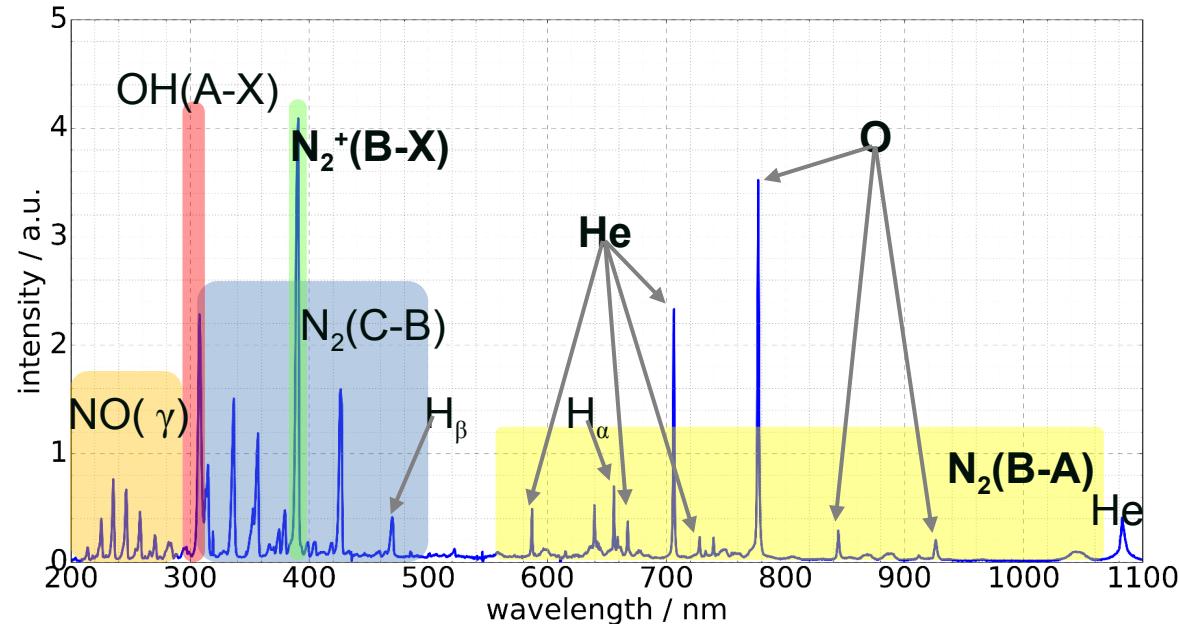
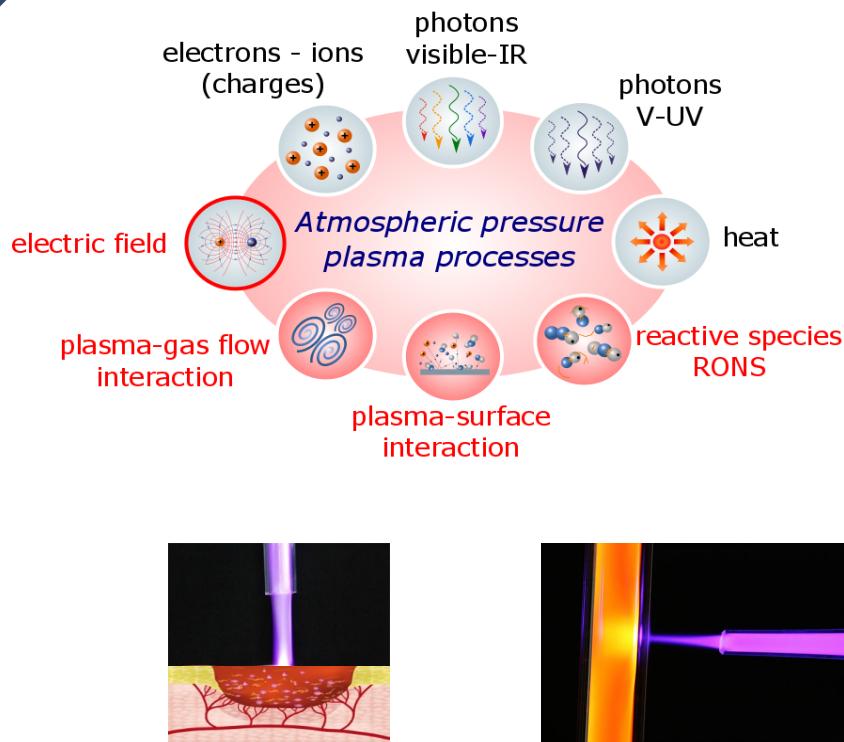
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Section 2.2 – 25^{ème} Congrès Général de la Société Française
de Physique, 2019, Nantes, France



Radiant matter: the first contact...



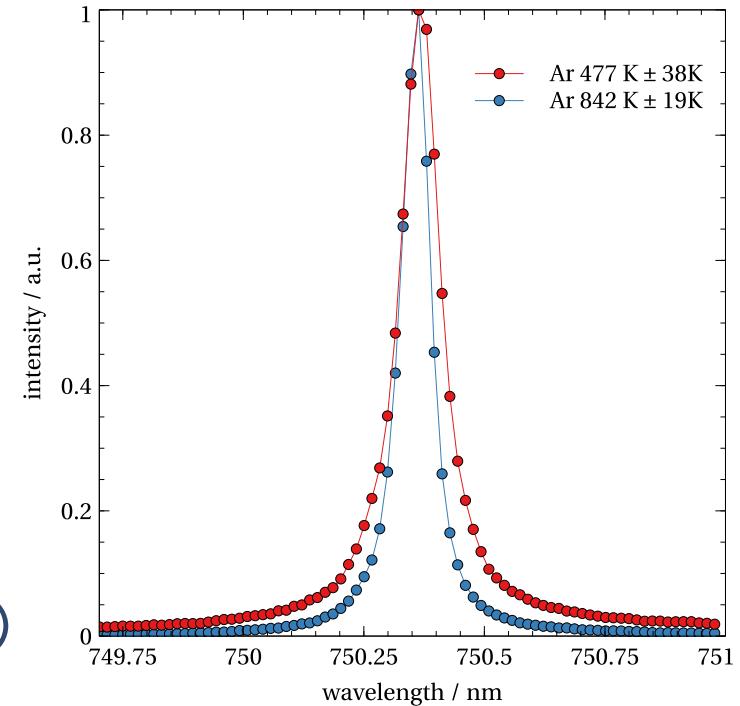
First phenomenological descriptions of light emission from artificially ionized gases: “radiant matter”*

*Sir William Crookes, 1879, Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London 170 135–64
Iséni S. – 25ème Congrès Général SFP, 2019, Nantes, France

Spectroscopy and line profile analysis

Types of line profile broadening*

Gaussian	Lorentzian
Instrumental	
Doppler	Resonant
	Van der Waals
	Stark
	Natural



Resonance transition (dipole-dipole)

Reliable and non-intrusive method

*Griem H. R., 1997, *Principles of plasma spectroscopy*, ISBN:978-0-521-45504-6
S. Djurović and N. Konjević, PSST 18, 035011 (2009)





Neutral gas temperature T_g in MicroHollow Cathod Discharge



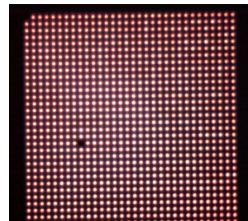
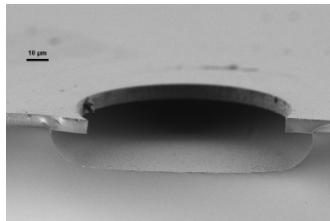
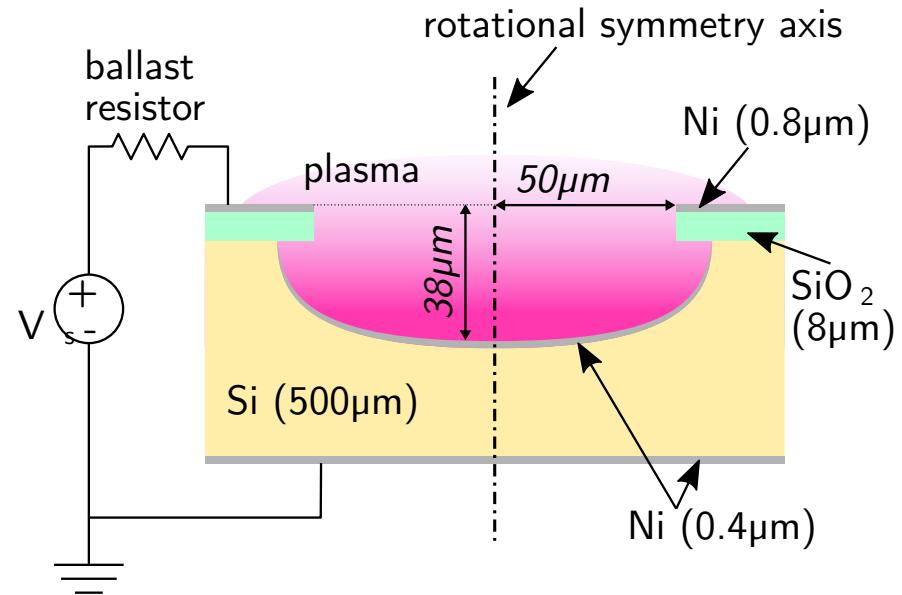
Source – Silicon based MHCD

/// Micro scale reactor

/// Typ. Features:

- 200 – 760 Torr,
- 2 – 400 μA ,
- 7 – 100 mW,
- $2.5 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^{-3}$.

/// He, Ar and N₂.

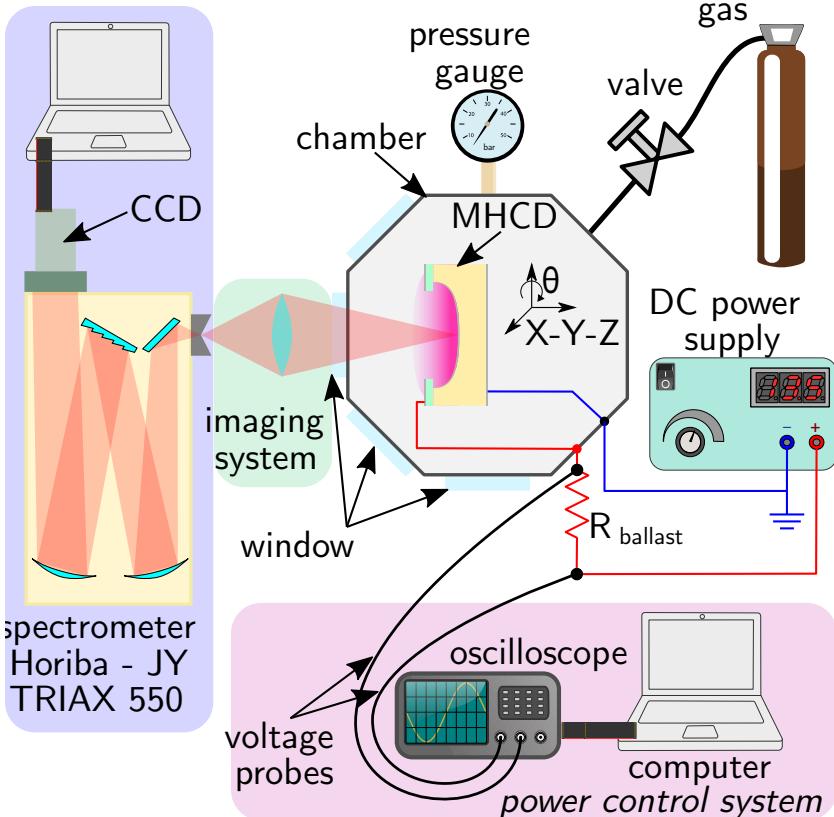


R. Michaud, et. al, PSST 27, 025005 (2018)

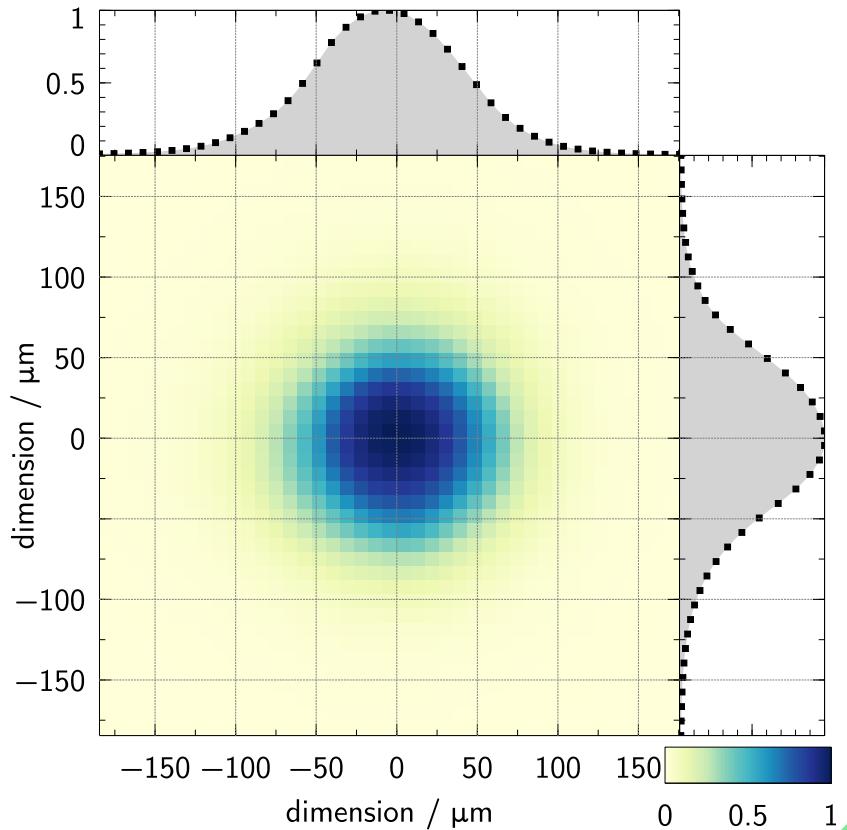
C.H. Sillerud, et. al., Phys. of Plas. 24, 033502 (2017).



Experimental diagnostic setup



Aberration-free image of the MHCD



OES – Atomic line profile analysis

Resonance broadening

- $w_R = K(0,1) \frac{r_e}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g_G}{g_R}} \lambda_0^2 \lambda_R f_R \frac{p}{k_B T_g}$

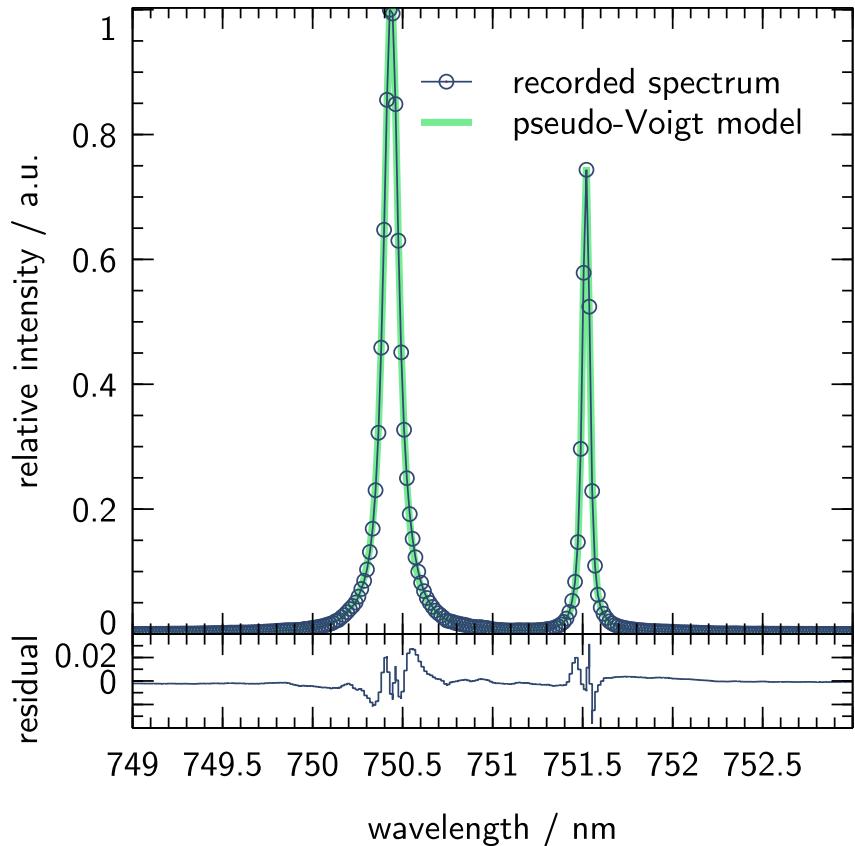
Van der Waals broadening

- $w_{vdw} = 8.18 \times 10^{-12} \lambda_0^2 (\bar{\alpha} R^2)^{2/5} \left(\frac{T}{\mu}\right)^{3/10} N$

Line shape $\rightarrow T_g$

- $w_L = \frac{\kappa_R \cdot p}{T_g} + \frac{\kappa_{vdw} \cdot p}{T_g^{0.7}}$

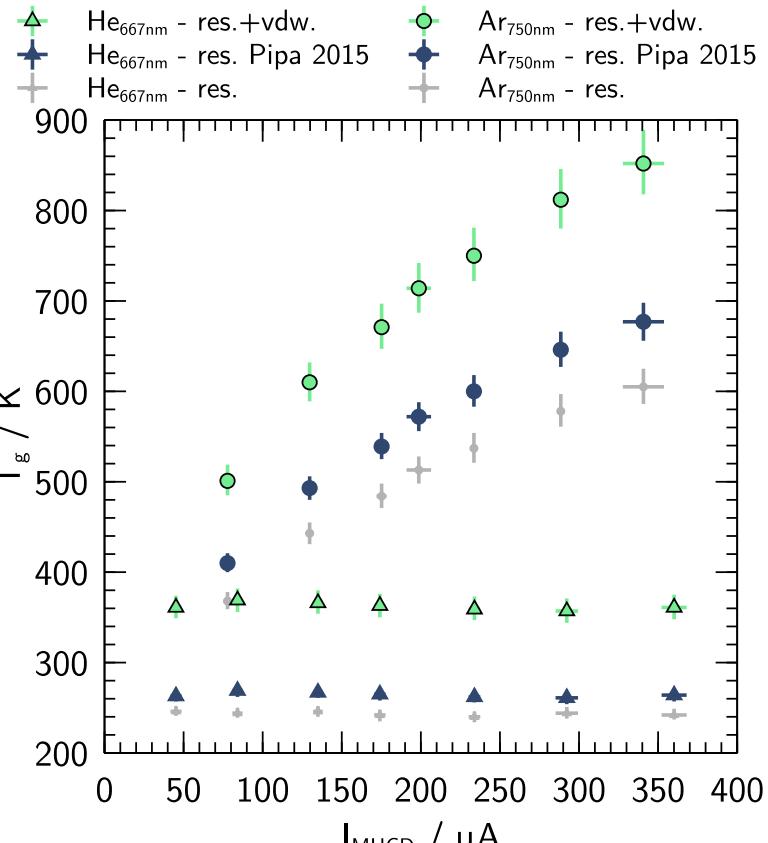
Ar_(750.4nm), He_(667.8nm)



A.V. Pipa, et. al. APL 106, 244104 (2015)
S. Djurović and N. Konjević, PSST 18, 035011 (2009)



DC MHCD in Ar and He – T_g



// Spectral analysis

- $K(0,1) = 1.04^*$ instead of 0.96^+
- Van der Waals corrected

// Neutral gas temperature

- $T_g(\text{He}) \ll T_g(\text{Ar})$
- $T_g(\text{He}) \approx \text{cst.} \rightarrow \text{thermal dif.}$
- $T_g(\text{Ar})$ rises with I_{MHCD}

// Thermal damage?

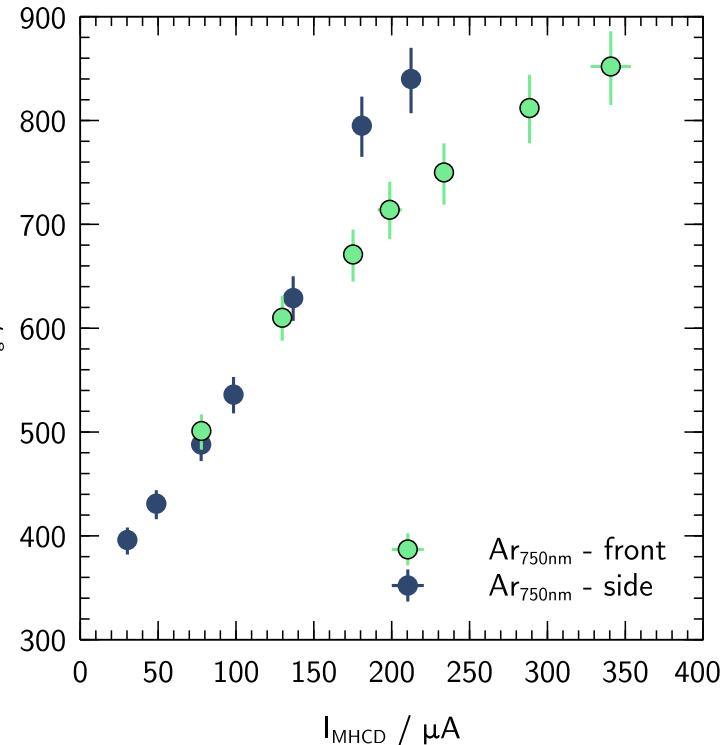
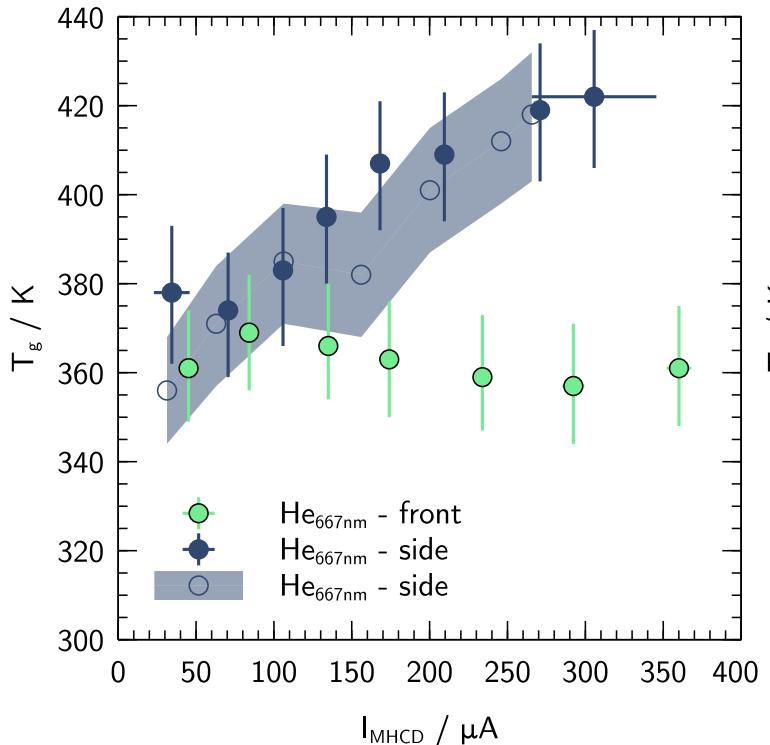
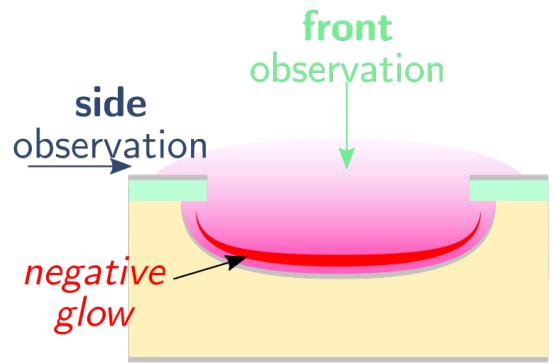
*A.V. Pipa, et. al. APL 106, 244104 (2015)

[†]S. Djurović and N. Konjević, PSST 18, 035011 (2009)



T_g within and out the MHCD

Investigation directions



Front $\rightarrow T_g$ near cathode surface
Side $\rightarrow T_g$ near plasma "core"



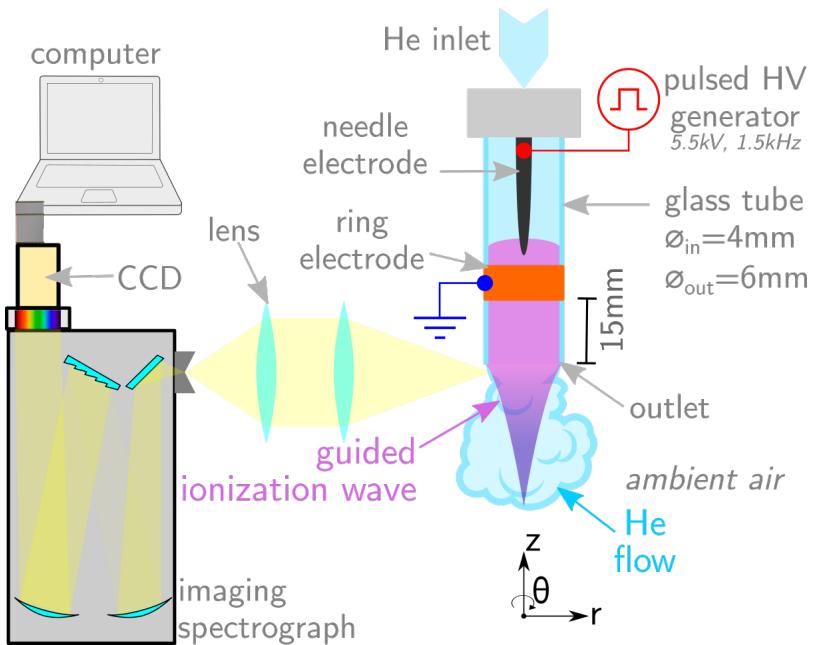


Hydrodynamics of Guided Ionization Waves

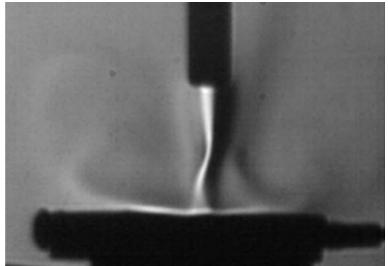


Experimental setup, $T_{\text{rot}} \approx T_g$

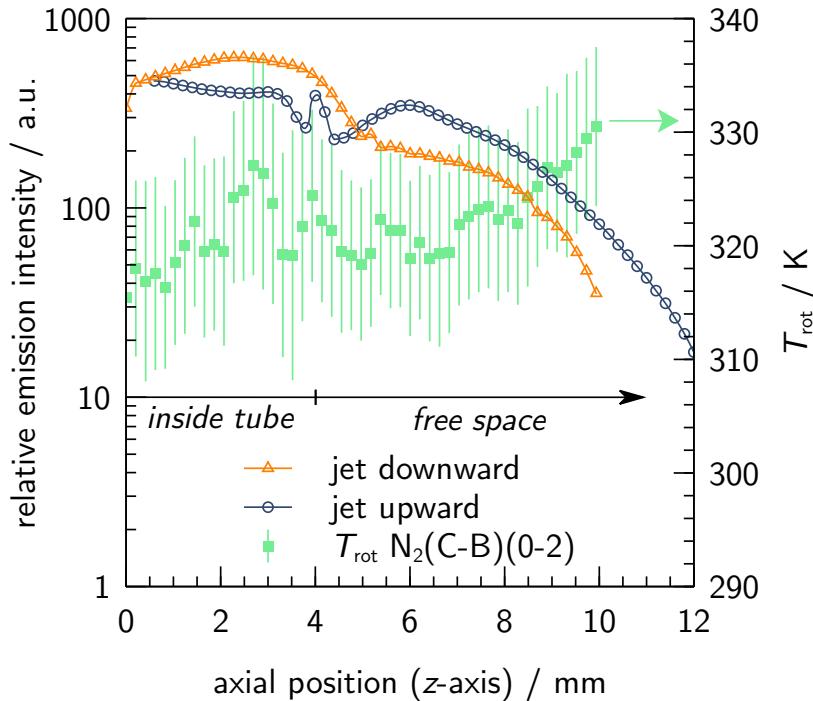
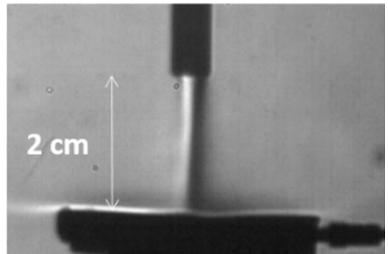
Atmospheric pressure plasma jet
generating ionization waves



Instabilities

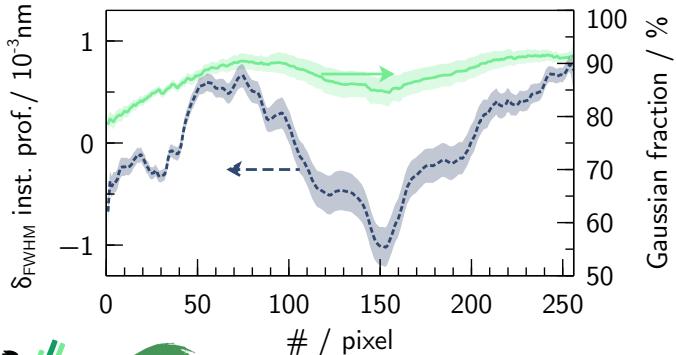
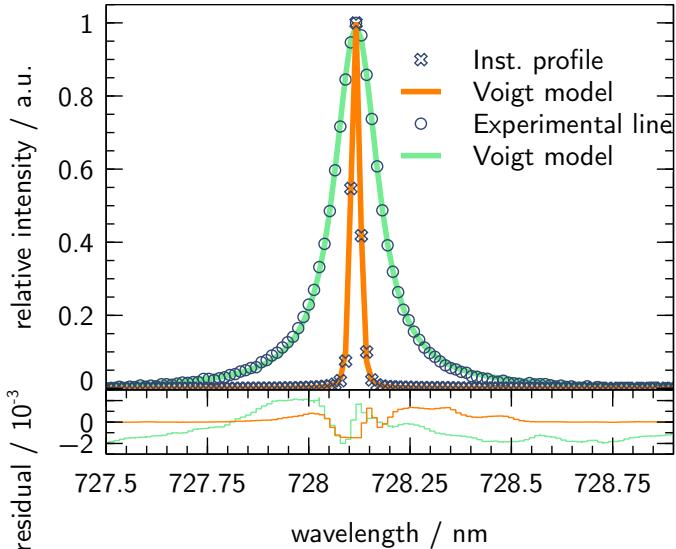


Channeling



$\text{N}_2(\text{C-B})(0-2) \approx T_g$
• Constant along axis

Line profile analysis: He 728.3nm



Method and assumptions

$$w_R = K(0,1) \frac{r_e}{\pi} \sqrt{\frac{g_G}{g_R}} \lambda_0^2 \lambda_R f_R N_{He}$$

Table I. Calculated FWHM (w_-) of each broadening mechanism contributing to the line shape of the He transition ($3s^1S_0 \rightarrow 2p^1P_1$) are determined according to Djurović and Konjević²⁹ assuming $T_g=320$ K at 1013 hPa. (unit: 10^{-3} nm)

w_{natural}	Lorentzian profile			Gaussian profile	
	w_S	w_{vdw}	w_R	w_D	$\bar{w}_{\text{inst.}}$
0.5 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2^a	42 ± 5	94 ± 4	4.4 ± 0.1	25 ± 1

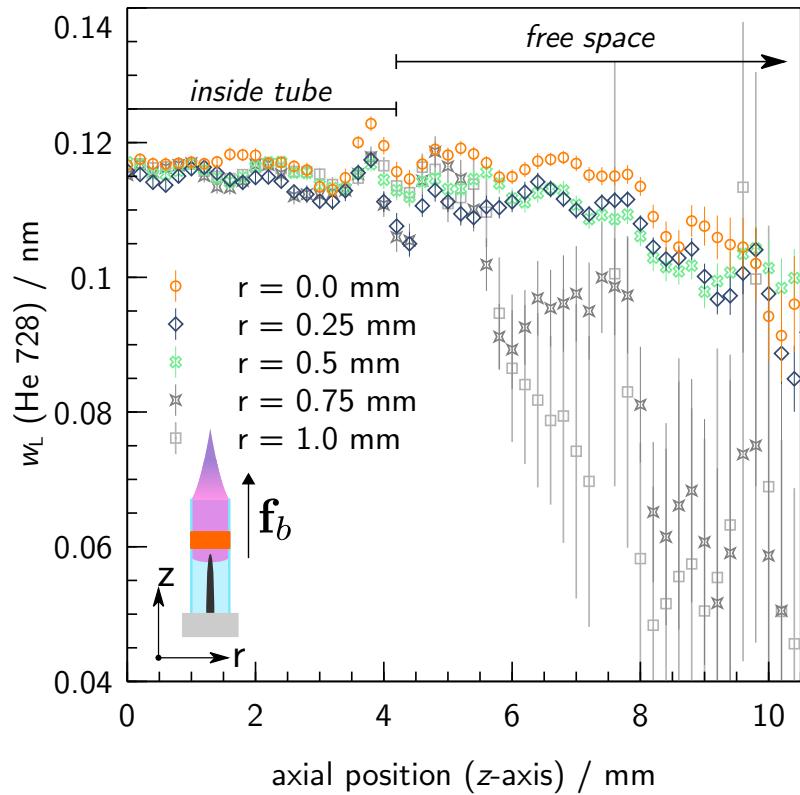
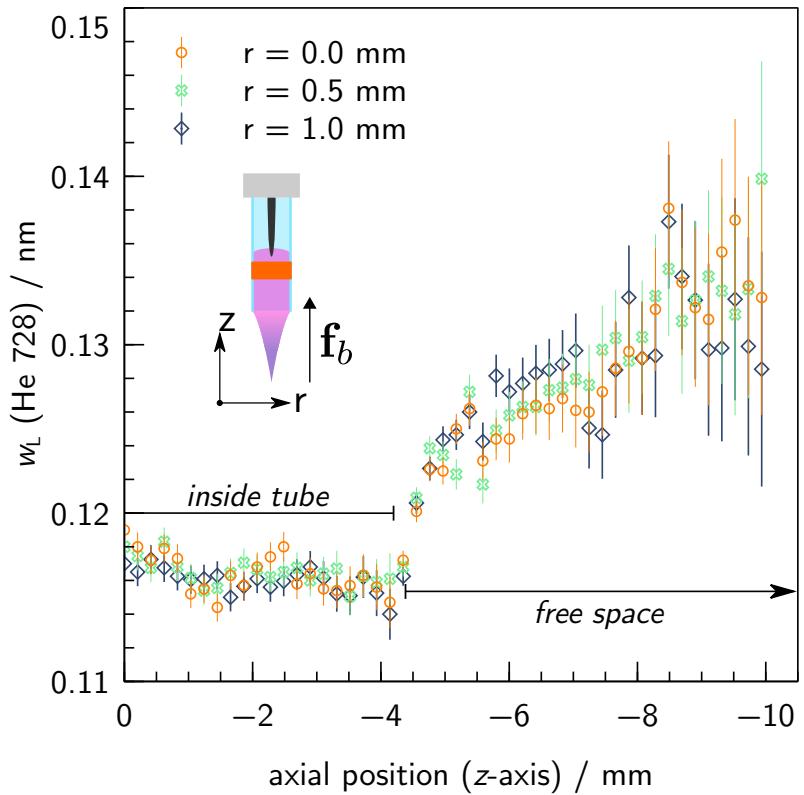
^a Calculated for an electron temperature $T_e=2$ eV and a maximum electron density $n_e=10^{14}/\text{cm}^3$.

$$w_{\text{Lorentzian}} \approx w_R + w_{vdw}$$

$$w_{\text{Lorentzian}} \propto T_g \cdot N_{\text{Helium}} \Leftrightarrow p_{\text{Helium}}$$

$w_{\text{Lorentzian}} \rightarrow$ hydrodynamics parameters

Results: IW flow actions & air fraction



Isemi S, Pichard C and Khacef A, 2019, Monitoring hydrodynamic effects in helium atmospheric pressure plasma jet by resonance broadening emission line, Applied Physics Letters, 115, 3, in press.



Concluding remarks

OES atomic resonance broadening at high pressure

- Non-intrusive, time & space revolved method

Neutral gas temperature, T_g

- Iseni S, Michaud R, Lefaucheur P, Sretenović G B, Gathen V S der and Dussart R 2019
On the validity of neutral gas temperature by emission spectroscopy in micro-discharges close to atmospheric pressure Plasma Sources Sci. Technol. 28 065003

Hydrodynamics of He guided ionization waves

- Electrohydrodynamic forces
- In-diffusing air fraction
- Iseni S, Pichard C and Khacef A 2019 *Monitoring hydrodynamic effects in helium atmospheric pressure plasma jet by resonance broadening emission line*, Applied Physics Letters, 115 **in press**





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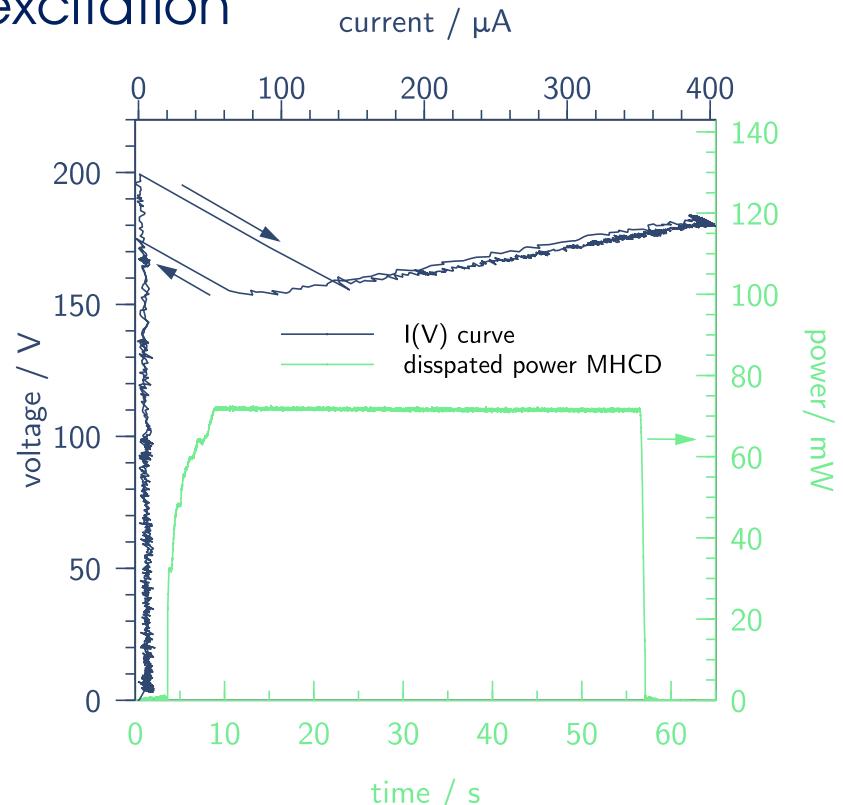
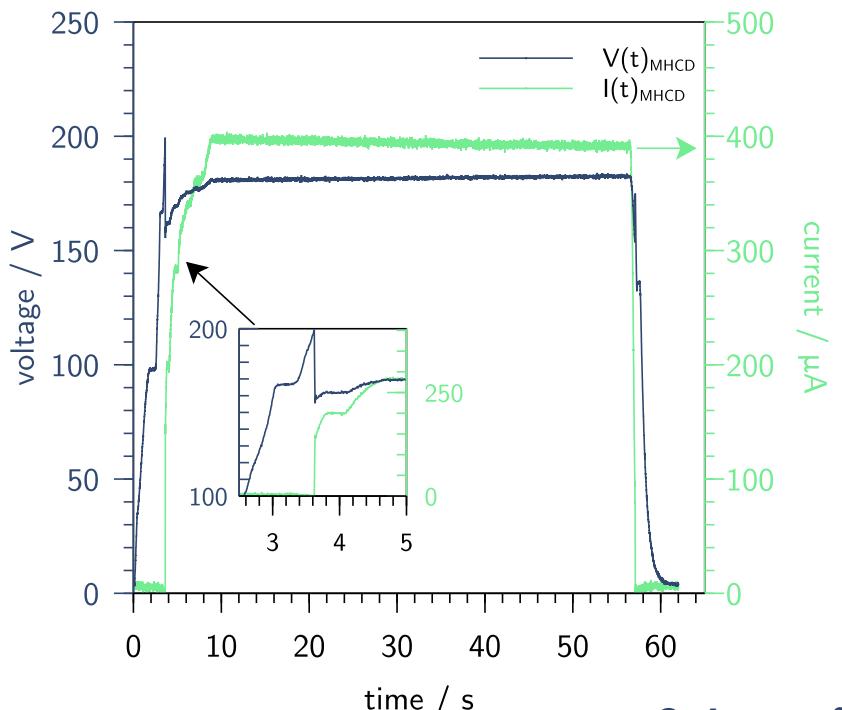


Section 2.2 – 25^{ème} Congrès Général de la Société Française
de Physique, 2019, Nantes, France



Source – electrical properties

Stabilized DC excitation



$\sim 2 \text{ A.cm}^{-2}$, $\sim 5 \cdot 10^5 \text{ W.cm}^{-3}$

Rotational temperature – N₂(C-B)

Relative intensity dis.

$$\bullet I_{J''}^{J'} \propto N_v S_{J''}^{J'} \left(\nu_{v'' J''}^{v' J'} \right)^4 e^{\left[\frac{-hc}{k_B T_{\text{rot}}} F_v^{(1,2,3)}(J') \right]}$$

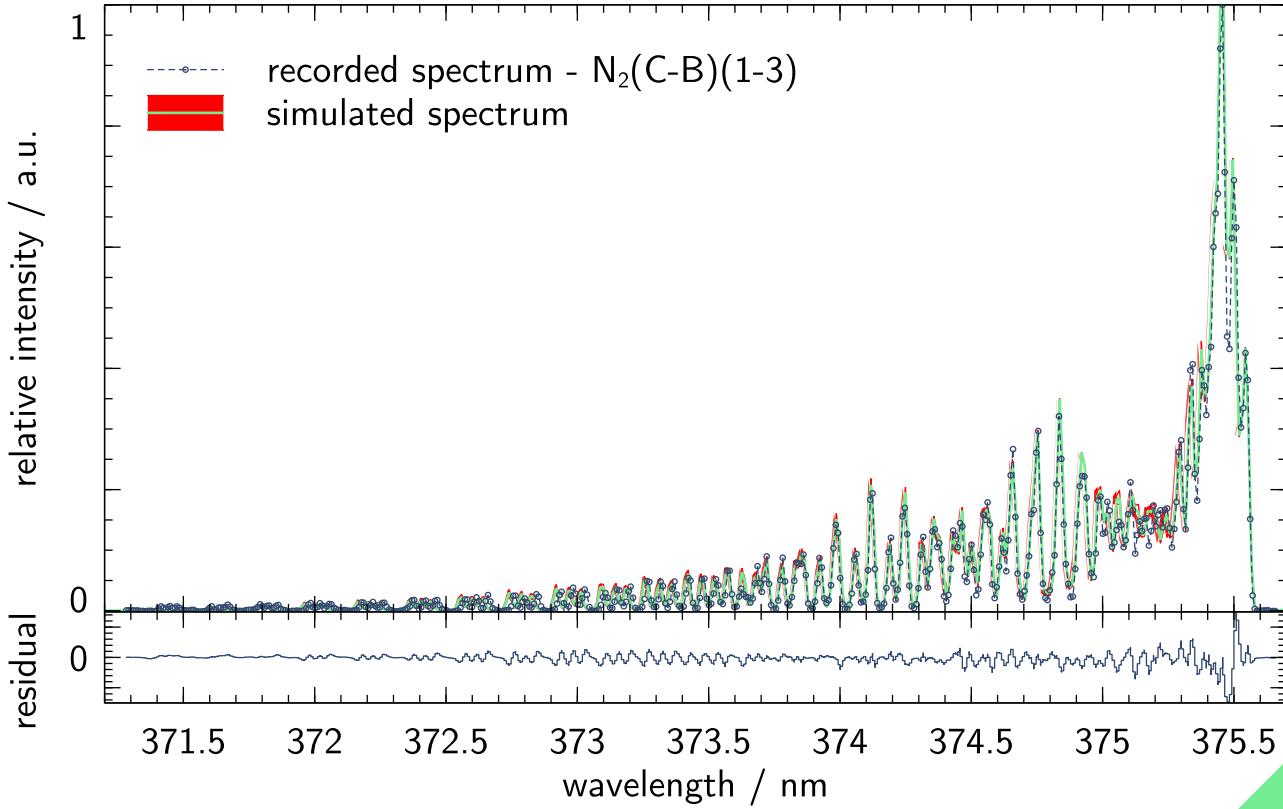
N₂ rotational bands

- N₂(C-B)(0-0) 380.5nm
- N₂(C-B)(1-3) 375.5nm

Optimization routine

- Compute confidence intervals → T_{rot} ± 95%

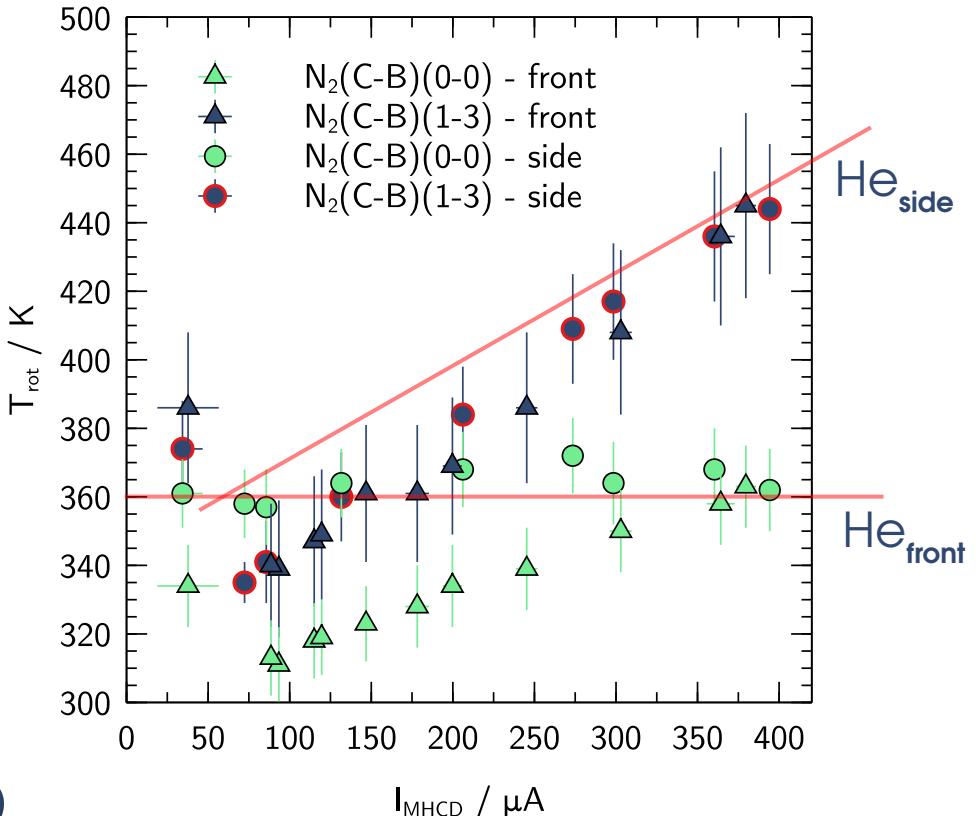
Is T_{rot} = T_g...?



P.J. Bruggeman, et. al. PSST 23, 023001 (2014).
F. Roux, et. al. J. Mol. Spec. 158, 270 (1993).



T_{rot} of $\text{N}_2(\text{C-B})$ – front and side



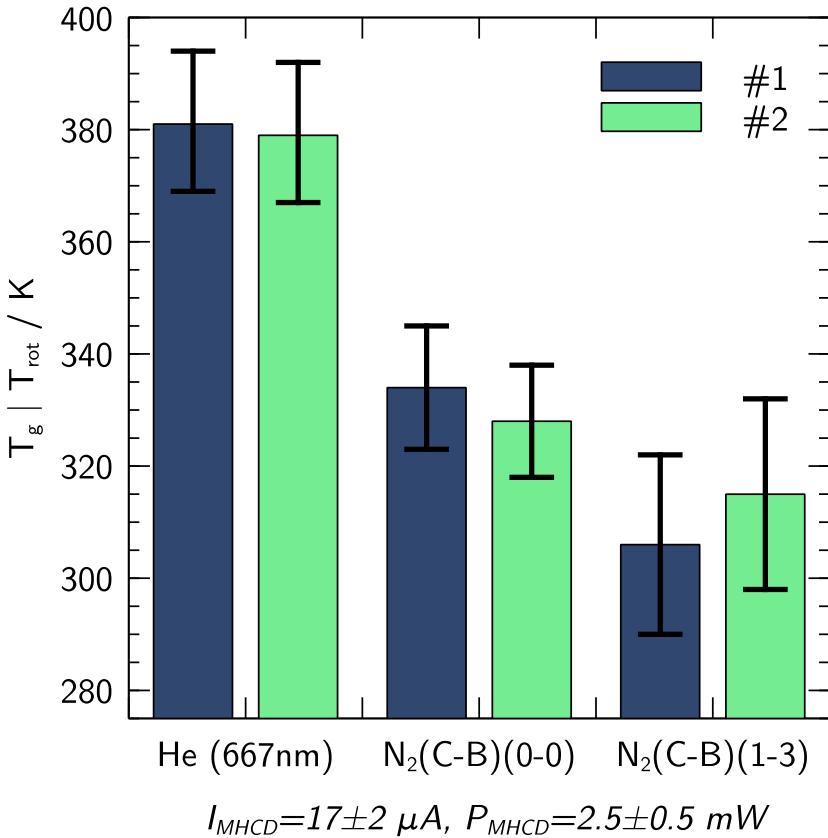
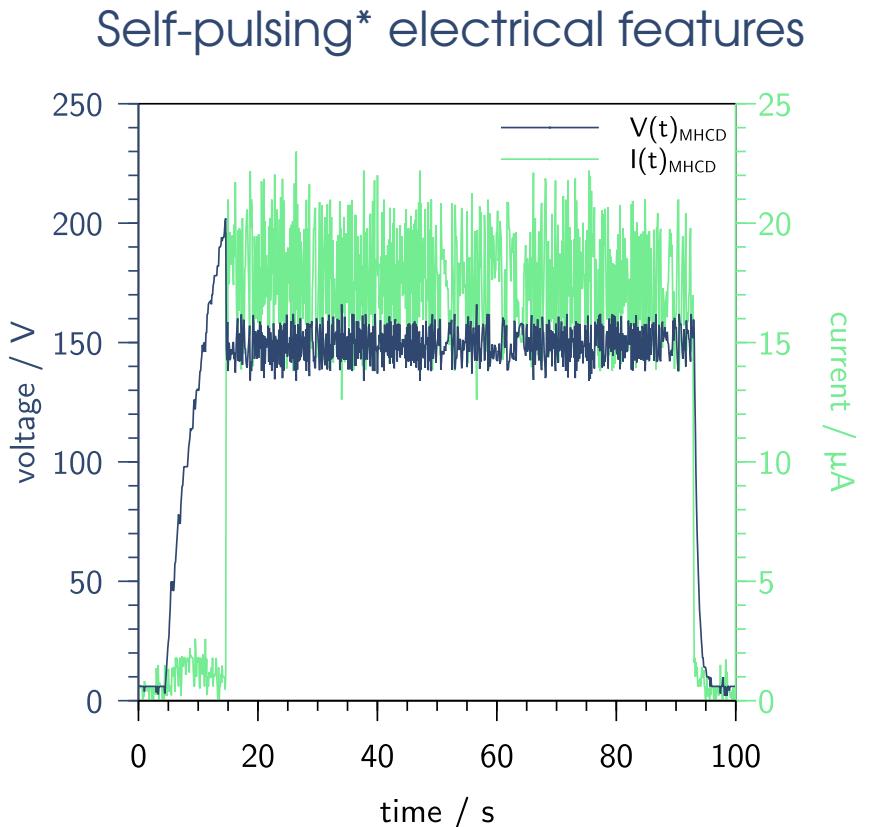
- // Low current \rightarrow similarity
- // Discrepancy between T_{rot}
- // Vibrational quenching of C-state?*
- Not with $v'=0$
- No data in He mixture
- // $T_g \neq T_{\text{rot}}$

*Q. Wang, et. al., J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. 38, 1690 (2005).

*Q. Wang, et. al., J. Phys. D: Appl. Phys. 40, 4202 (2007).

P.J. Bruggeman, et. al. PSST 23, 023001 (2014).

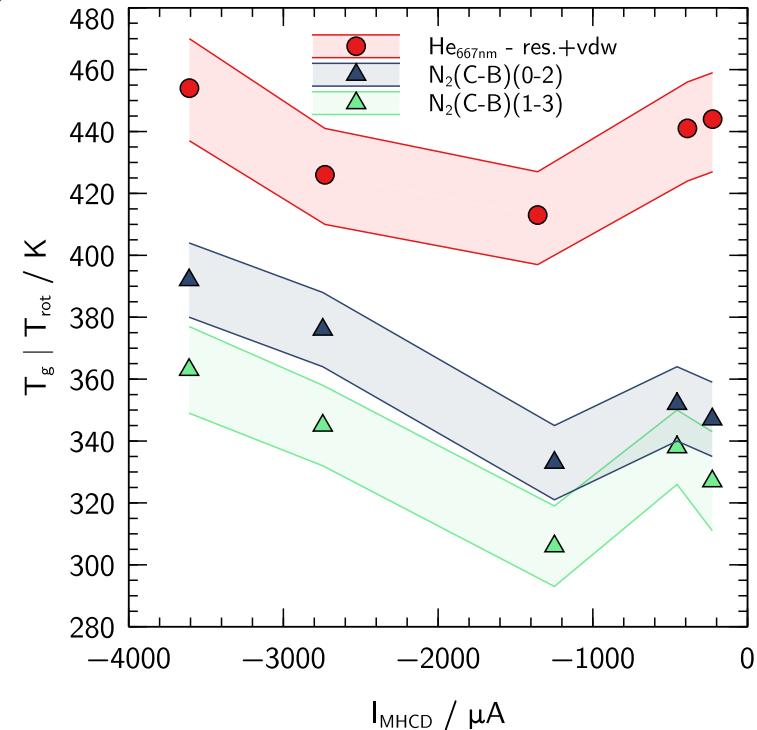
More time to relax → self-pulsing ?



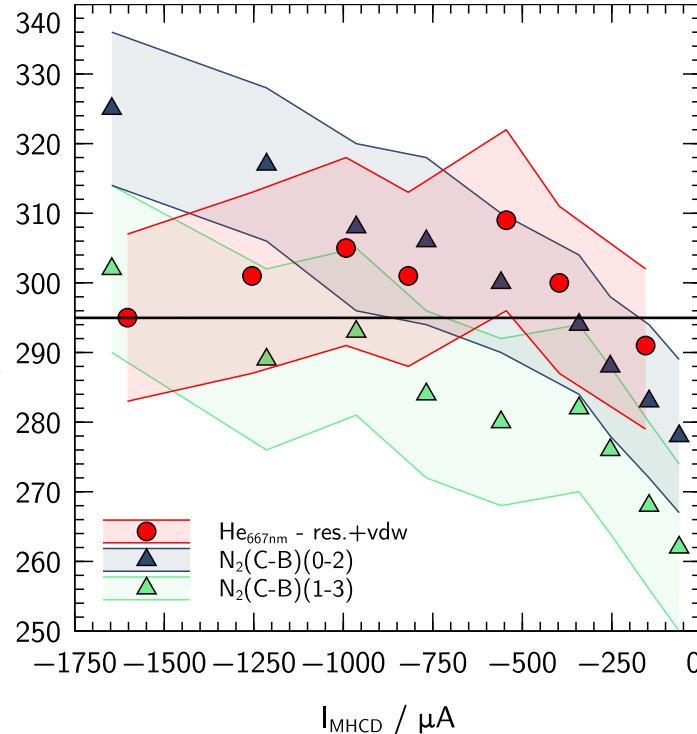
* P. Chabert, et. al. JAP 108, 113307 (2010). | C. Lazzaroni and P. Chabert, JAP 111, 053305 (2012).

Reversed polarity → anode cavity: T_{rot}

Front – 500 Torr



Front – 200 Torr



- Cold anode cavity
- 500 Torr
- 200 Torr
- $T_{\text{rot}} \neq T_g$
- $T_{\text{rot}} \approx T_g$
- Pop. Mechanism
- $N_2(\text{C})\text{-state}$
- Same trends!

!! T_g (res+vdw) → ~293K = lab temperature!!