



# Long Lived Particles and Dark Photons at LHCb

13/03/2018, La Thuile

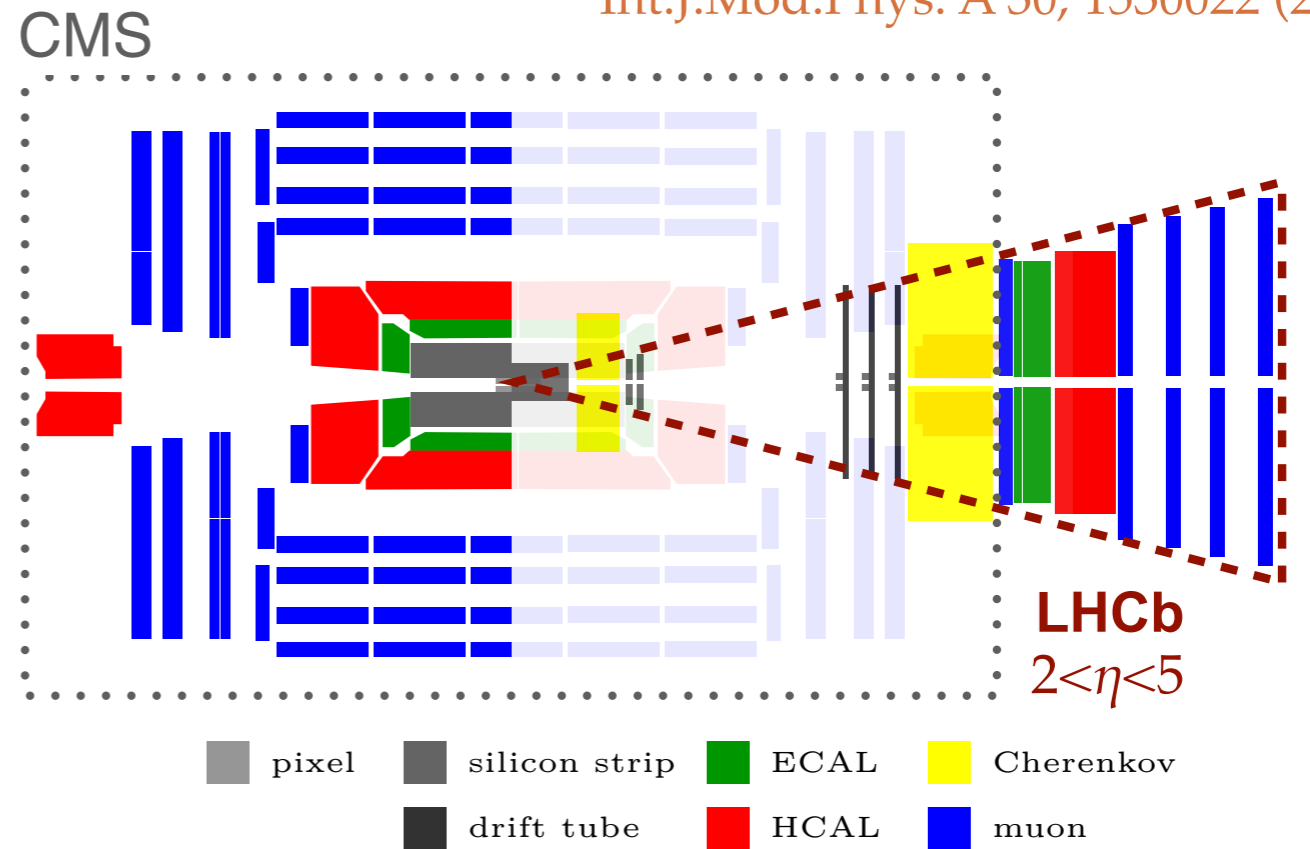
Martino Borsato<sup>†</sup>  
<sup>†</sup>USC and CERN  
*on behalf of the LHCb collaboration*



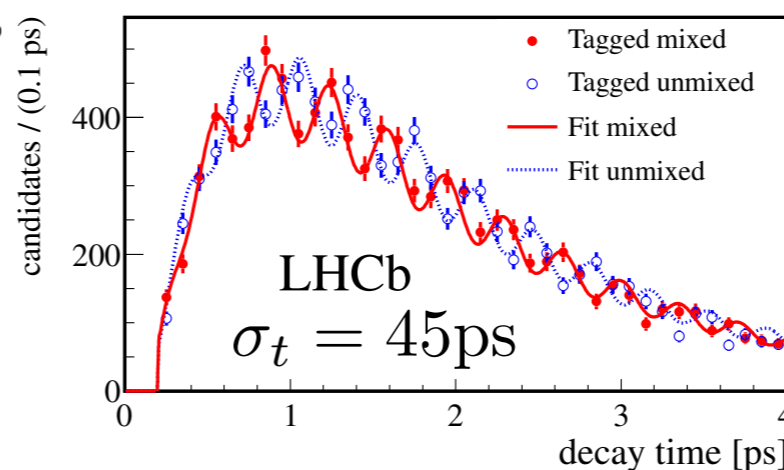
# The LHCb detector

Int.J.Mod.Phys. A 30, 1530022 (2015)

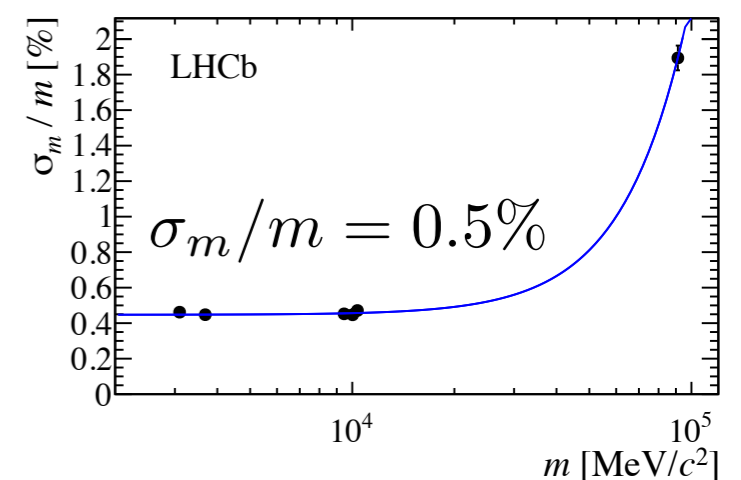
- At LHC  $pp$  collisions (7-13 TeV)
- Only LHC detector fully instrumented in **forward** region
- Excellent **vertex resolution**
  - Able to measure  $B_s$  oscillations (helped by large forward boost)
- Excellent **mass resolution**
  - Separating  $B_d \rightarrow \mu\mu$  from  $B_s \rightarrow \mu\mu$
- Good **jet reconstruction**
  - 10-20% energy resolution for jets with  $p_T > 10$  GeV
  - $b(c)$  tagging eff 65%(25%) for 0.3% contamination



vertex reconstruction



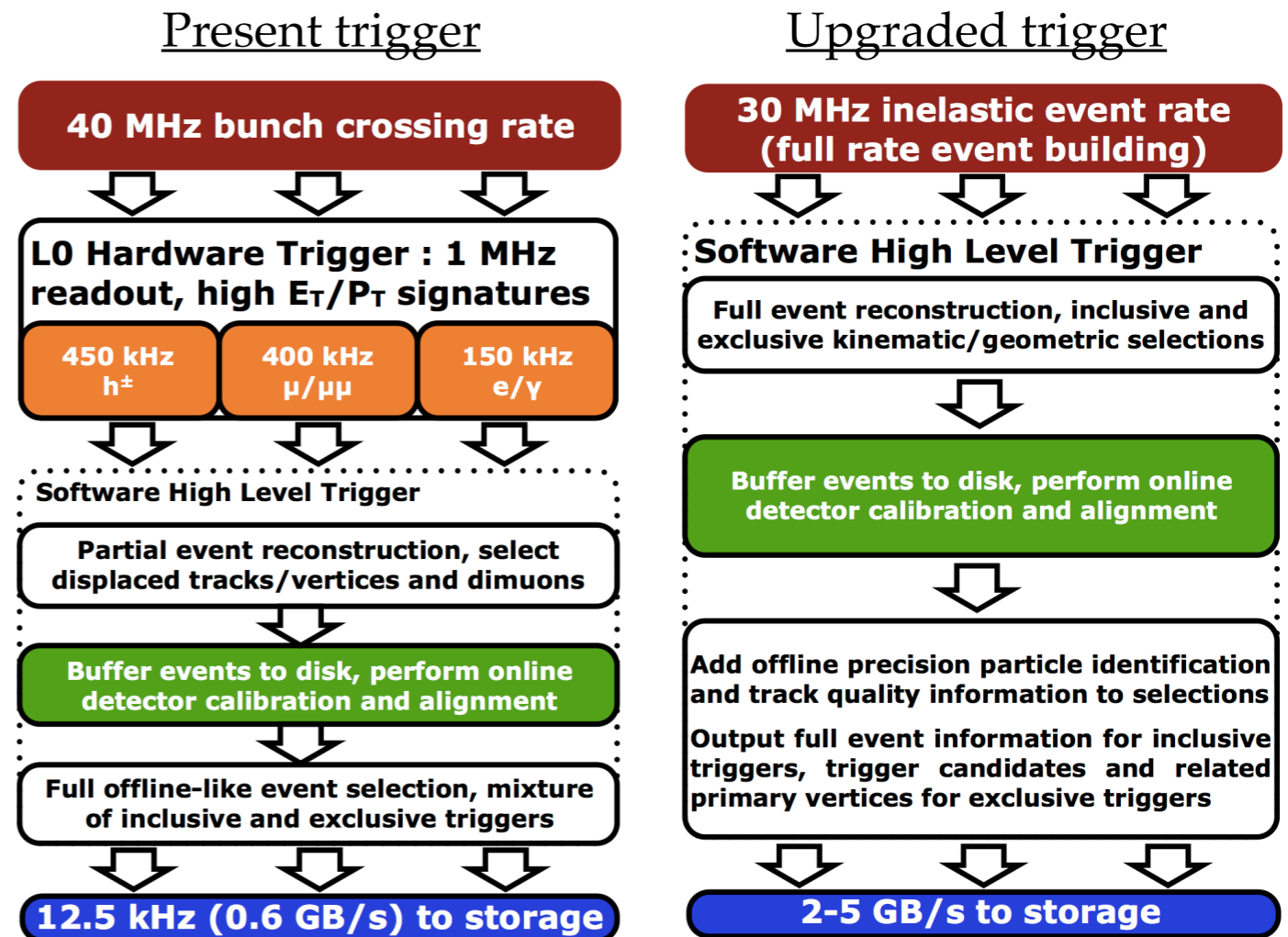
mass resolution



# The LHCb detector

[LHCb-TDR-016]

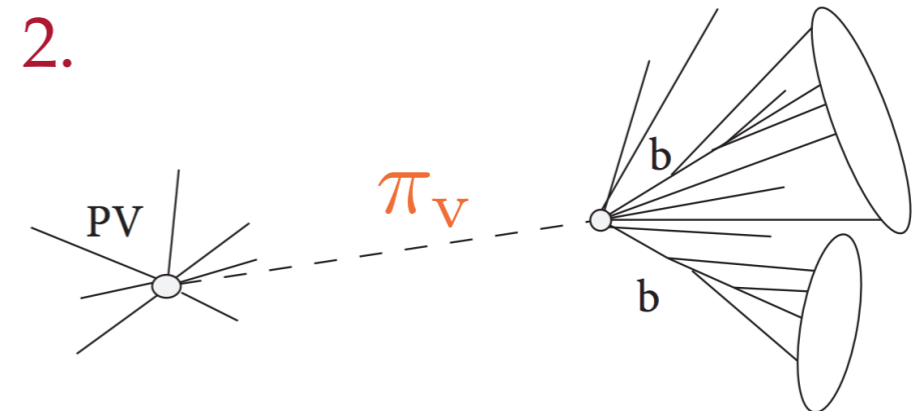
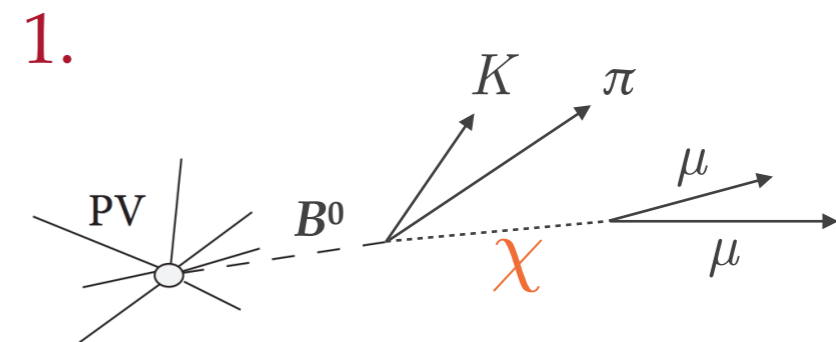
- **Lower luminosity** (and low pile-up)
  - ~1/8 of ATLAS/CMS in Run 1
  - ~1/20 of ATLAS/CMS in Run 2
- **Capable of very soft triggers!**
  - At hardware level (L0):
    - ▶ Muons with  $p_T > 1.5$  GeV
    - ▶ Calo deposits with  $E_T > 3$  GeV
  - At Software level (HLT):
    - ▶ Topological triggers on detached vertices



- **“Trigger-less” upgrade (2021)**
  - Read-out detector in *real time*
  - Can trigger on detached vertices and particle ID at first level!

# Direct Searches at LHCb

- LHCb has world-leading sensitivity at:
  - **Lighter masses** w.r.t. ATLAS/CMS
    - soft trigger and forward acceptance
  - **Low lifetimes** down to 1 ps
    - excellent vertexing and boost
- Signatures of several models e.g. dark sectors or extended Higgs sectors



- Increasing interest in direct searches!
  1. **Produced in HF decays**  
(prompt / long-lived)
  2. **Produced in  $pp$  collision**  
(prompt / long-lived)

# Light Bosons from Heavy Flavour

- LHCb searched for light bosons  $X^0 \rightarrow \mu\mu$  in rare  $b \rightarrow s$  transitions

[Phys Rev Lett 115 161802 \(2015\)](#)  
[Phys Rev D 95, 071101\(R\) \(2017\)](#)

- Recently searched in rare  $s \rightarrow d$

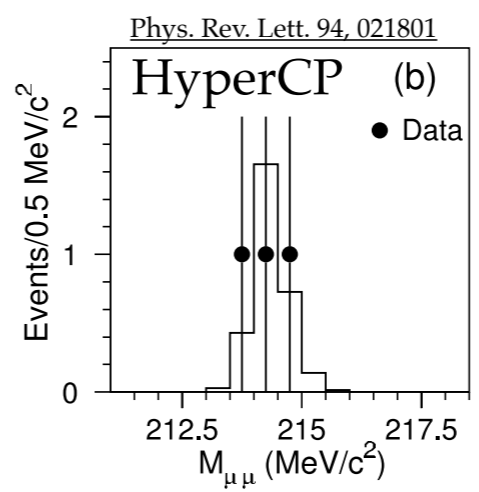
- Motivated by HyperCP anomaly at  $m_X = 214.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ MeV}$  [PRL 94,021801](#)

see M. van Veghel's talk

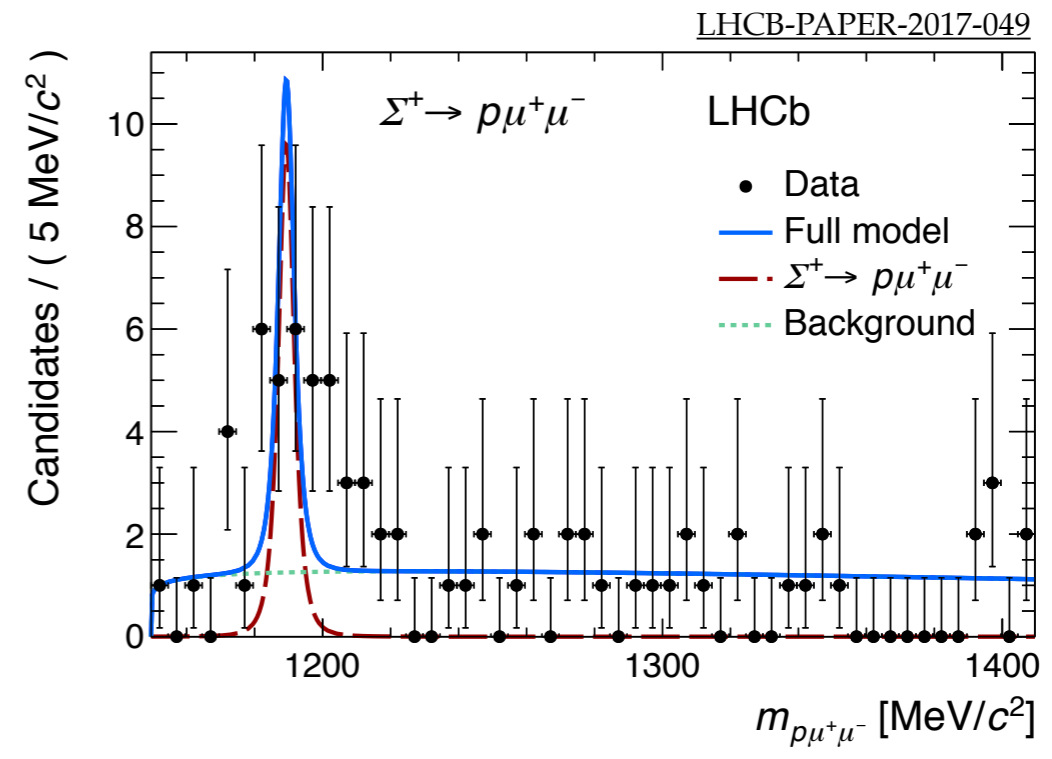
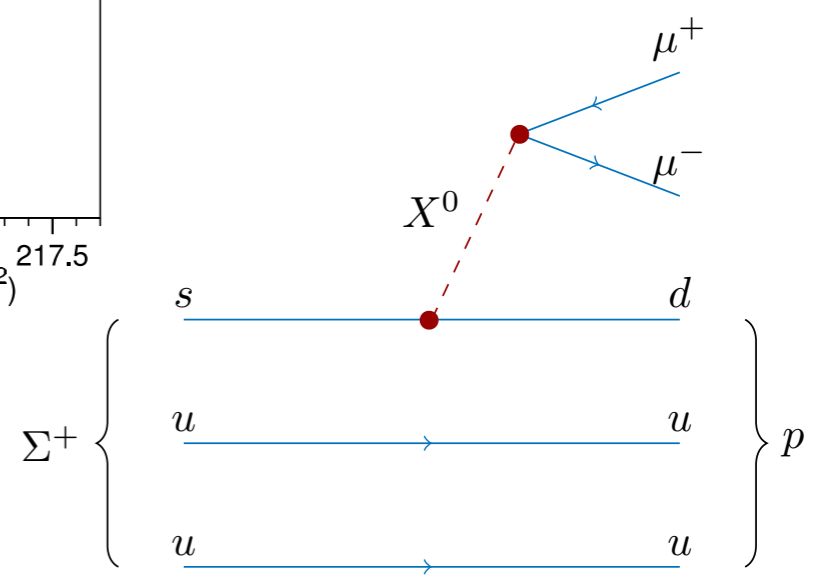
- Evidence for SM  $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p\mu\mu$  at  $4.0 \sigma$   
 $\Rightarrow$  searched in  $\mu\mu$  spectrum

- No HyperCP anomaly observed:  
 $\mathcal{B}(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow pX^0) < 9.5 \times 10^{-9}$  at 95% CL

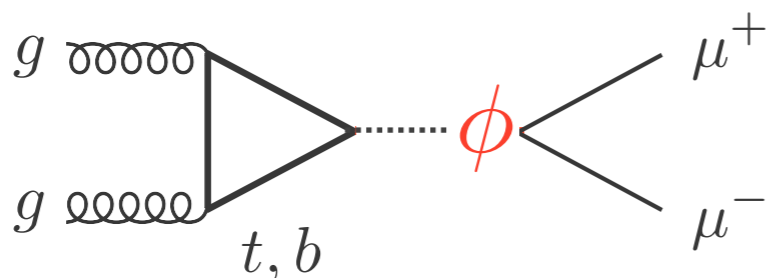
- For comparison HyperCP observed:  
 $\mathcal{B}(\Sigma^+ \rightarrow pX^0) = (31_{-19}^{+24} \pm 15) \times 10^{-9}$



LHCb-PAPER-2017-049



# Light Bosons from $pp$



Light spin-0 particles copiously produced in ggF

- Many models: NMSSM, 2HDM+S
- Extensive set of searches at the LHC

Recent review: Haisch et al [arXiv:1802.02156](https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.02156)

$m \sim 10$  GeV difficult for  $\gamma\gamma$  or  $\tau\tau$  searches

- Exploit dimuons: mass resolution is key

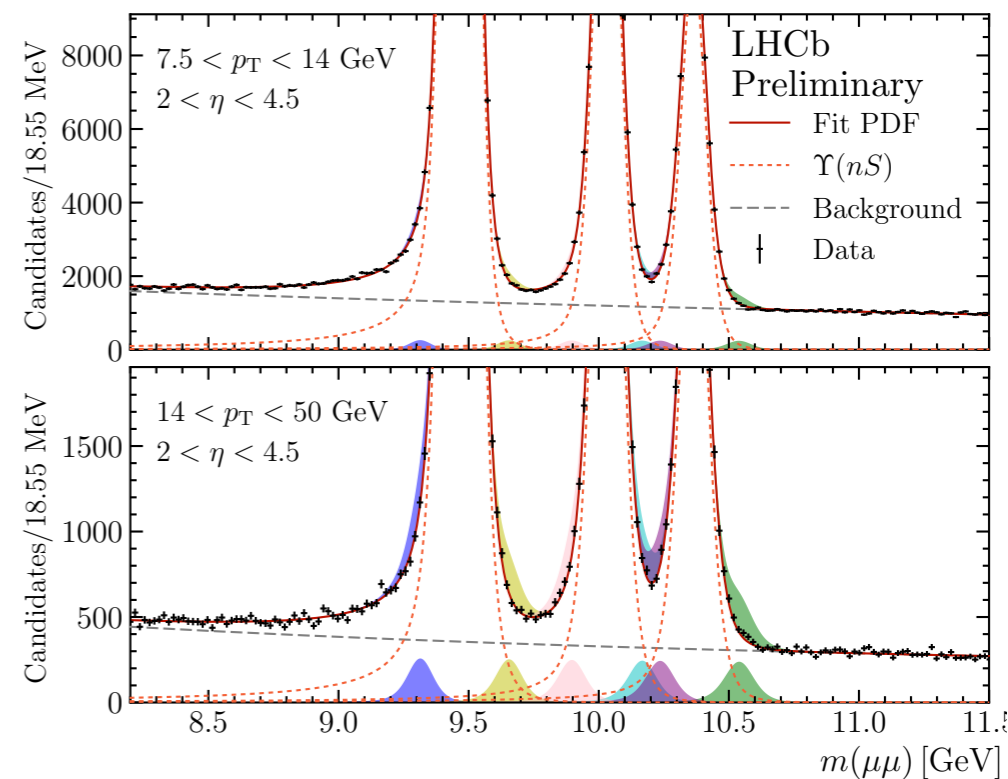
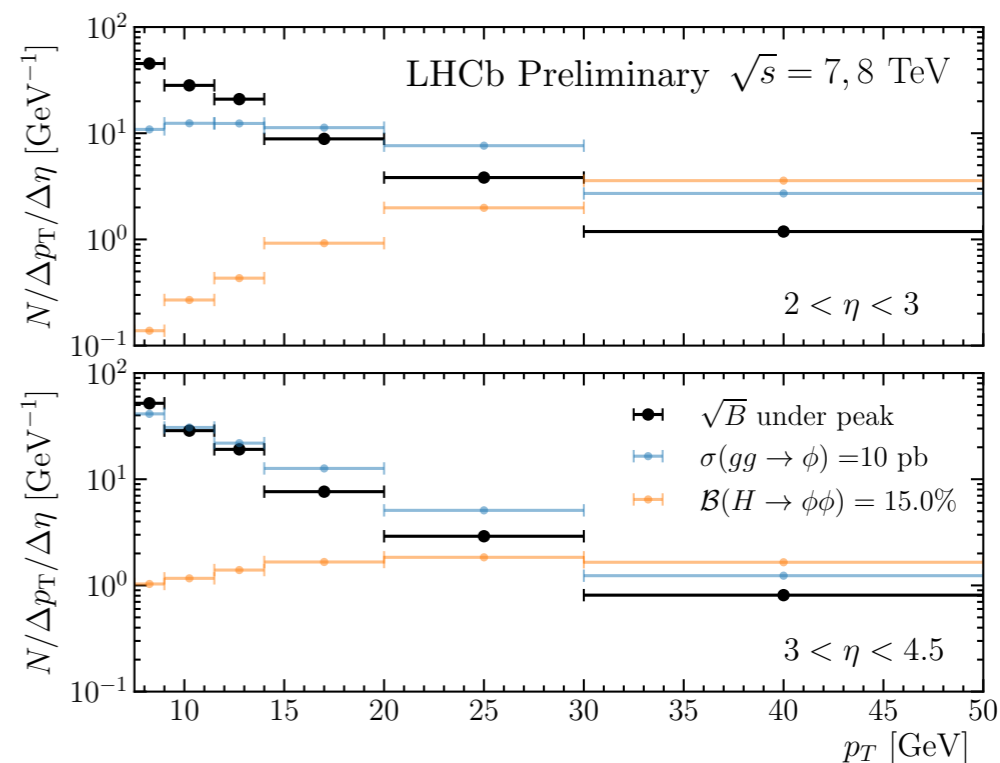
Bins of kinematics to maximise sensitivity

Mass-independent efficiency (uBDT technique)

Precise modelling of  $\Upsilon(nS)$  tails to extend search range as close as possible

D.Martinez Santos et al [NIM A764\(2014\)150](https://doi.org/10.1088/1748-0227/15/1/015001)

LHCb-PAPER-2018-008 in preparation

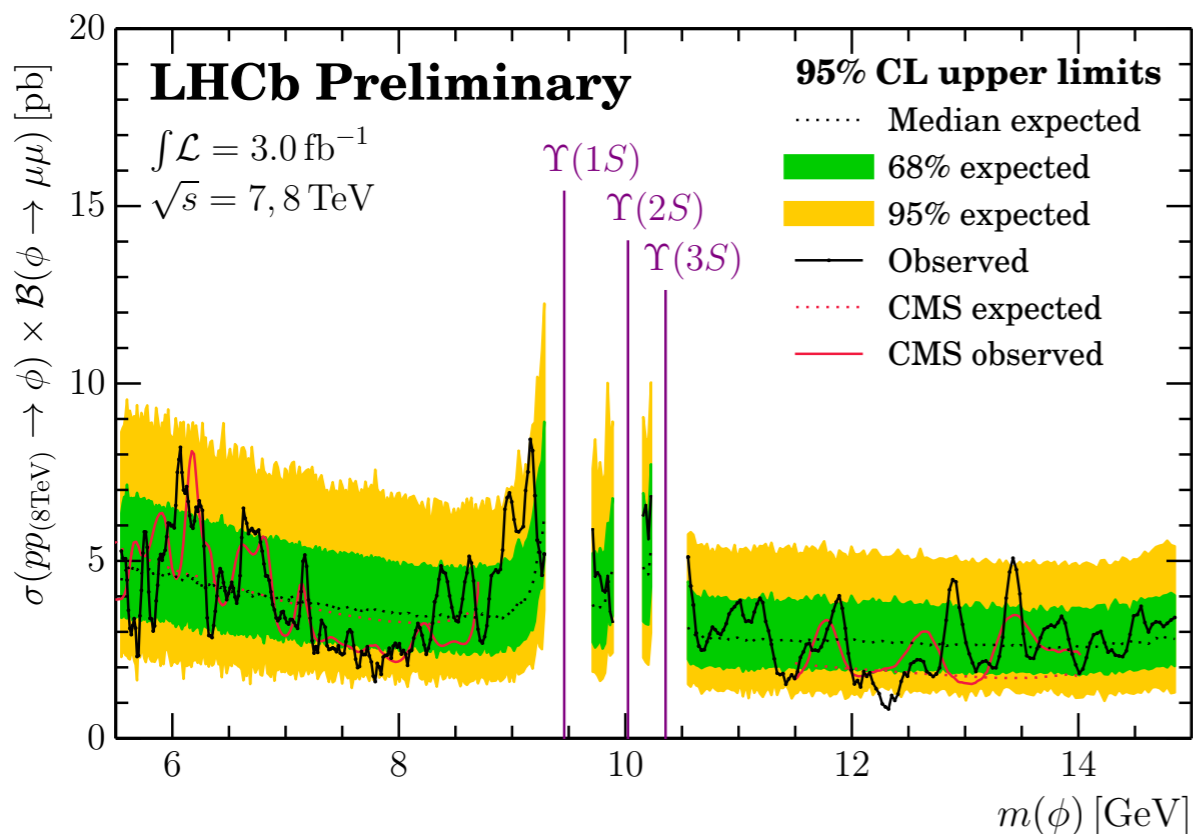
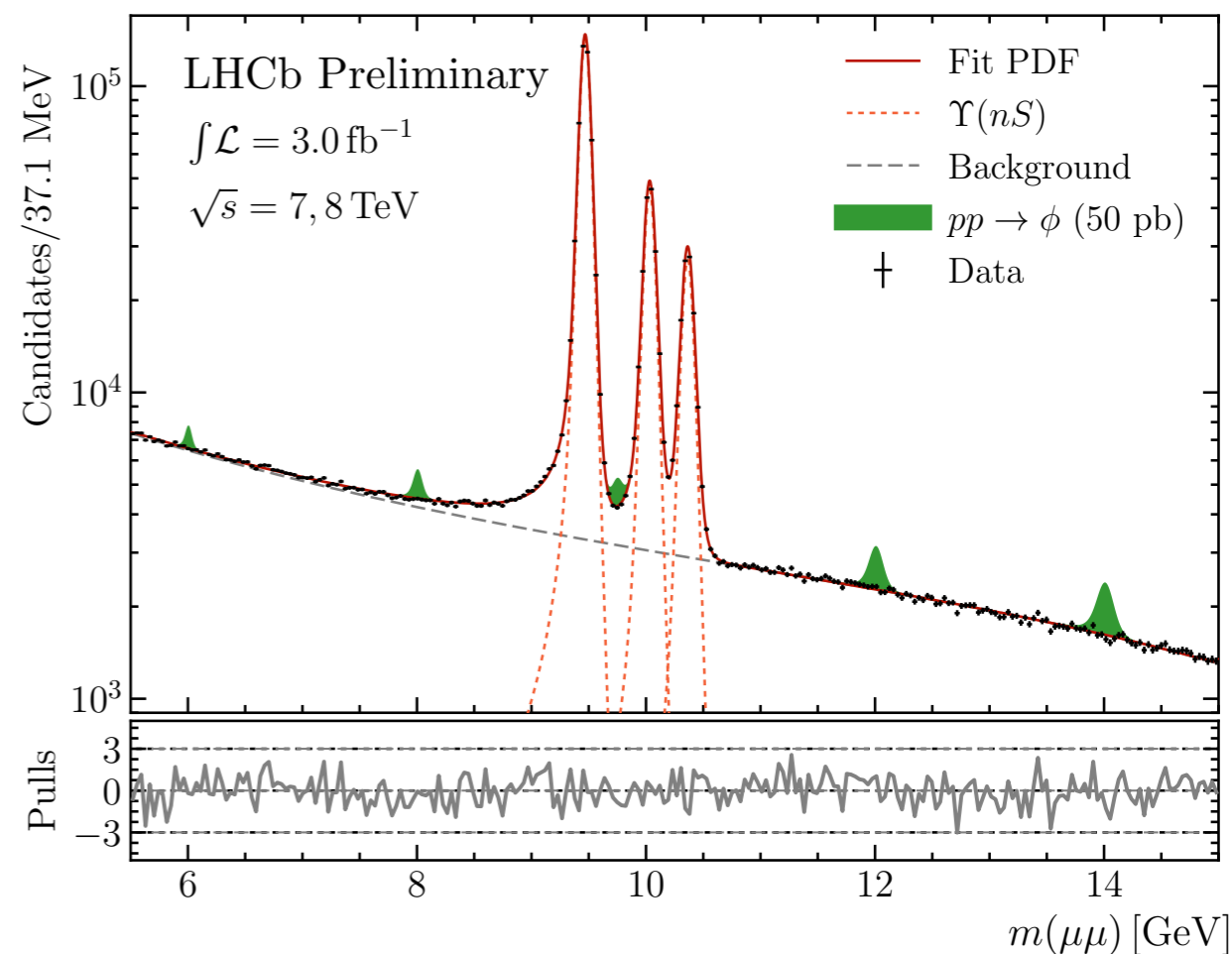


# Light Bosons from $pp$

LHCb-PAPER-2018-008 in preparation

- Search for dimuon resonance in  $m_{\mu\mu}$  from 5.5 to 15 GeV (also between  $\Upsilon(nS)$  peaks)
- No signal: limits on  $\sigma \times BR$ 
  - Limits on couplings require taking into account mixing with  $bb$  states

Haisch et al [PRD93 \(2016\) 055047](#)



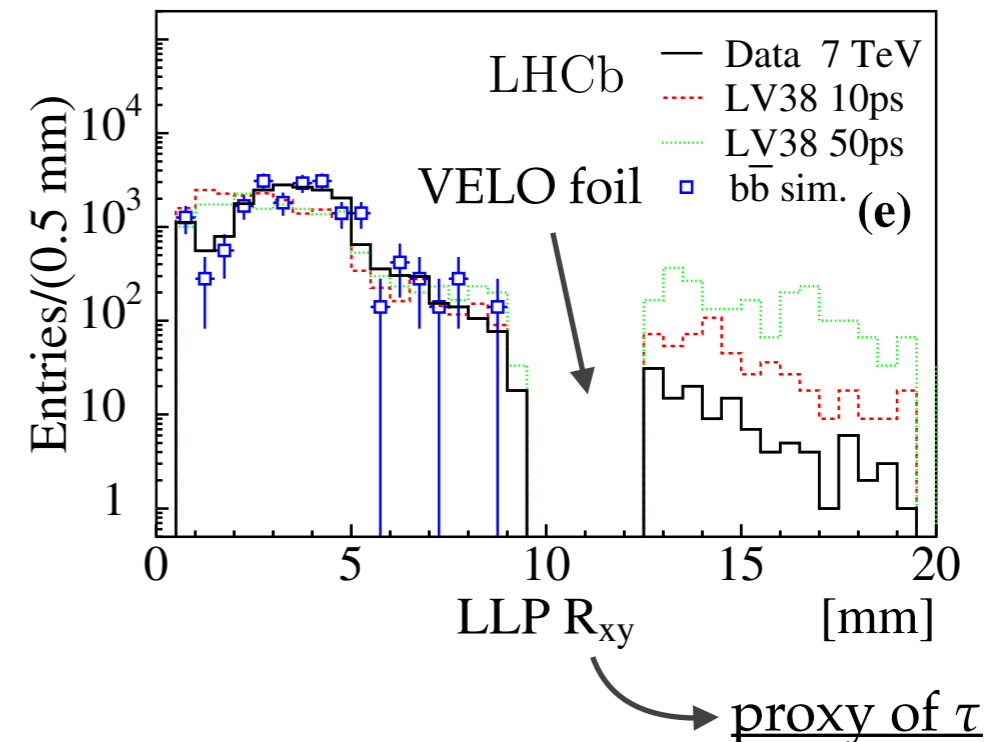
- First limits in 8.7-11.5 GeV region
- Competitive with CMS elsewhere

[PRL 109\(2012\)121801](#)

# Long Lived Particles $\rightarrow \mu + \text{jets}$

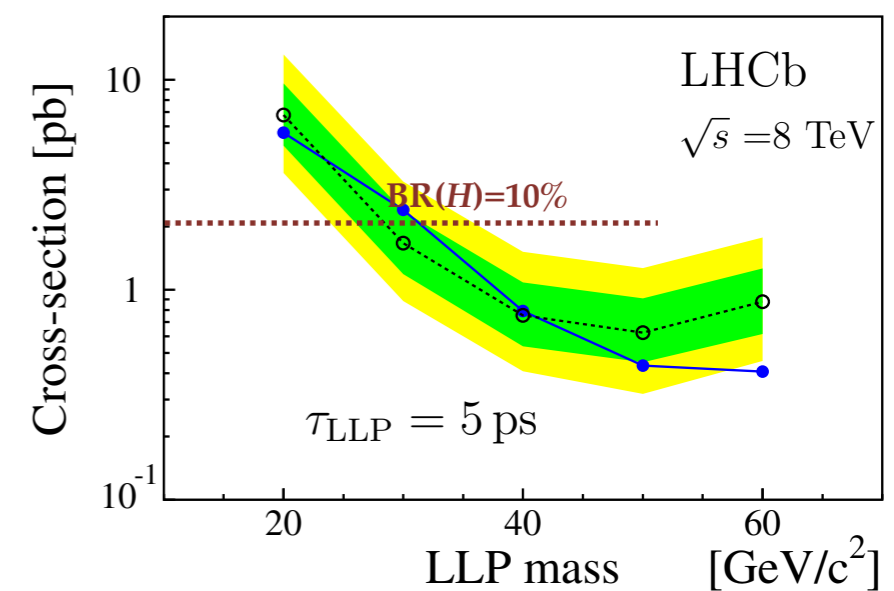
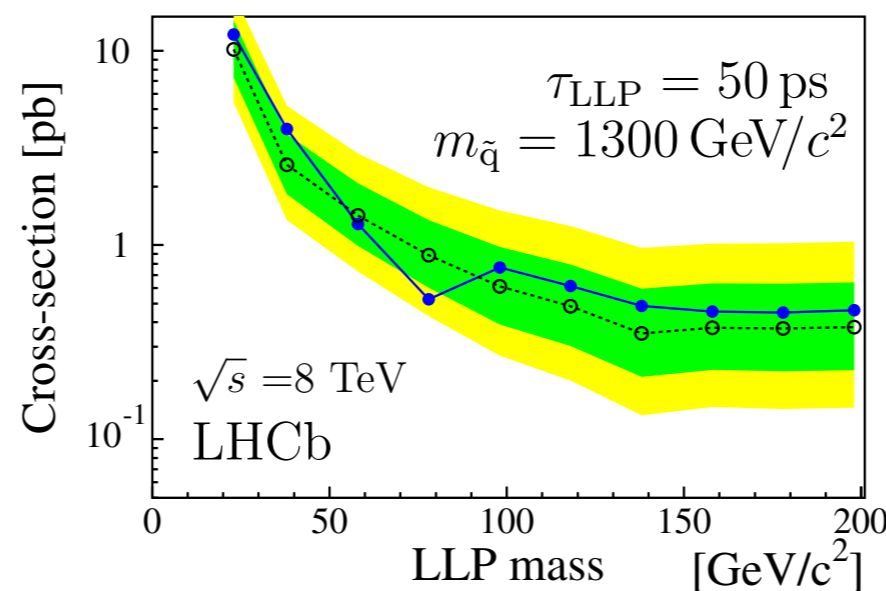
[Eur. Phys. J. C \(2017\) 77:224](#)

- **Signature:** single displaced vertex with several tracks and a high  $p_T$  muon
- **Model:** RPV mSUGRA neutralino decaying to a lepton and two quarks
- Hardware trigger on muon
- Software trigger on displaced vertex
- Background dominated by  $bb$ 
  - ▶ MVA classifier + fit to candidate LLP mass



- **Set upper limits on:**
  - ▶ RPV mSUGRA
  - ▶ Simplified topologies
- Can also be sensitive to sterile neutrinos

[Antusch et al. PLB774 \(2017\) 114-118](#)





# Long Lived Particles $\rightarrow$ jet jet

[EUR. PHYS. J. C77 \(2017\) 812](#)

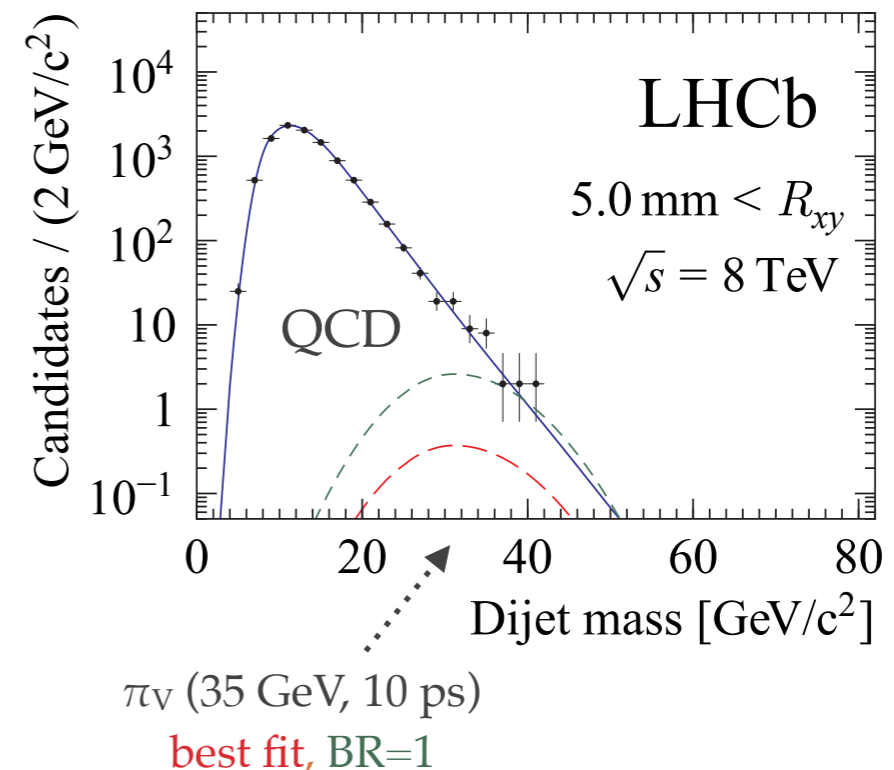
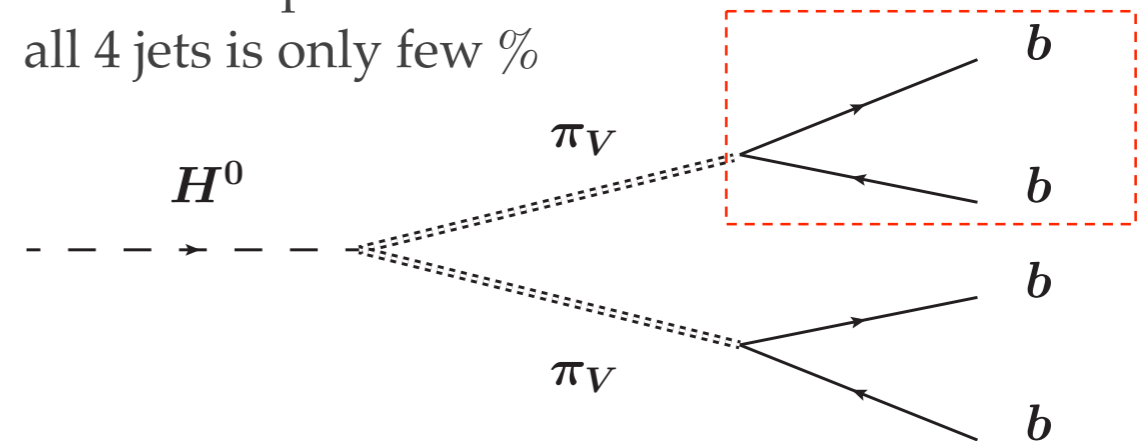
- **Signature:** single displaced vertex with two ( $b$ -) jets (previously searched double)

[EUR. PHYS. J. C \(2016\) 76: 664](#)

- **Model:** hidden-valley dark pions from 125 GeV Higgs decay

- Using 7 and 8 TeV  $pp$  data
- Software trigger on displaced vertex in the Vertex Locator
- Signal from di-jet mass fit in bins of transverse displacement  $R_{xy}$

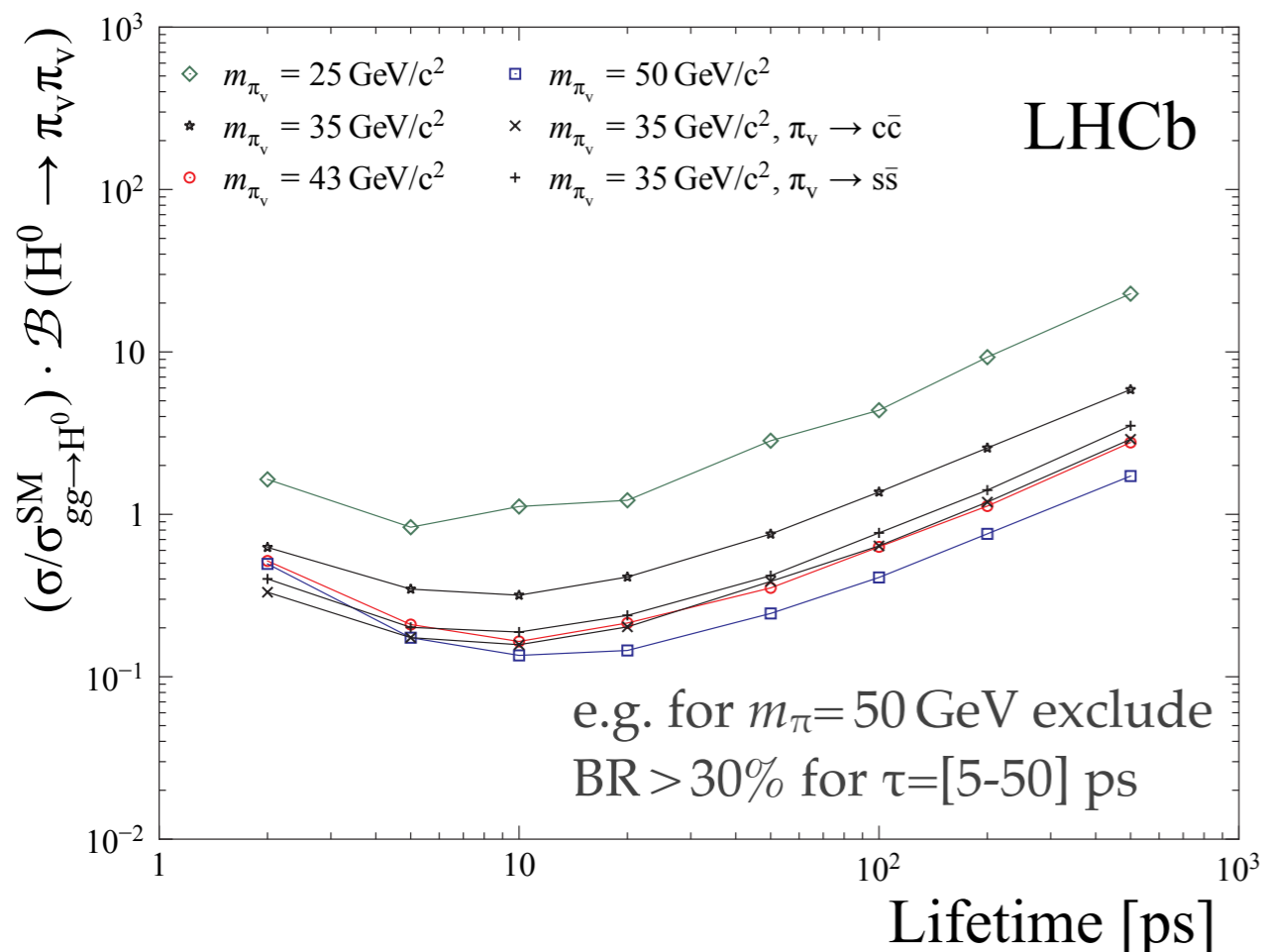
LHCb acceptance for all 4 jets is only few %



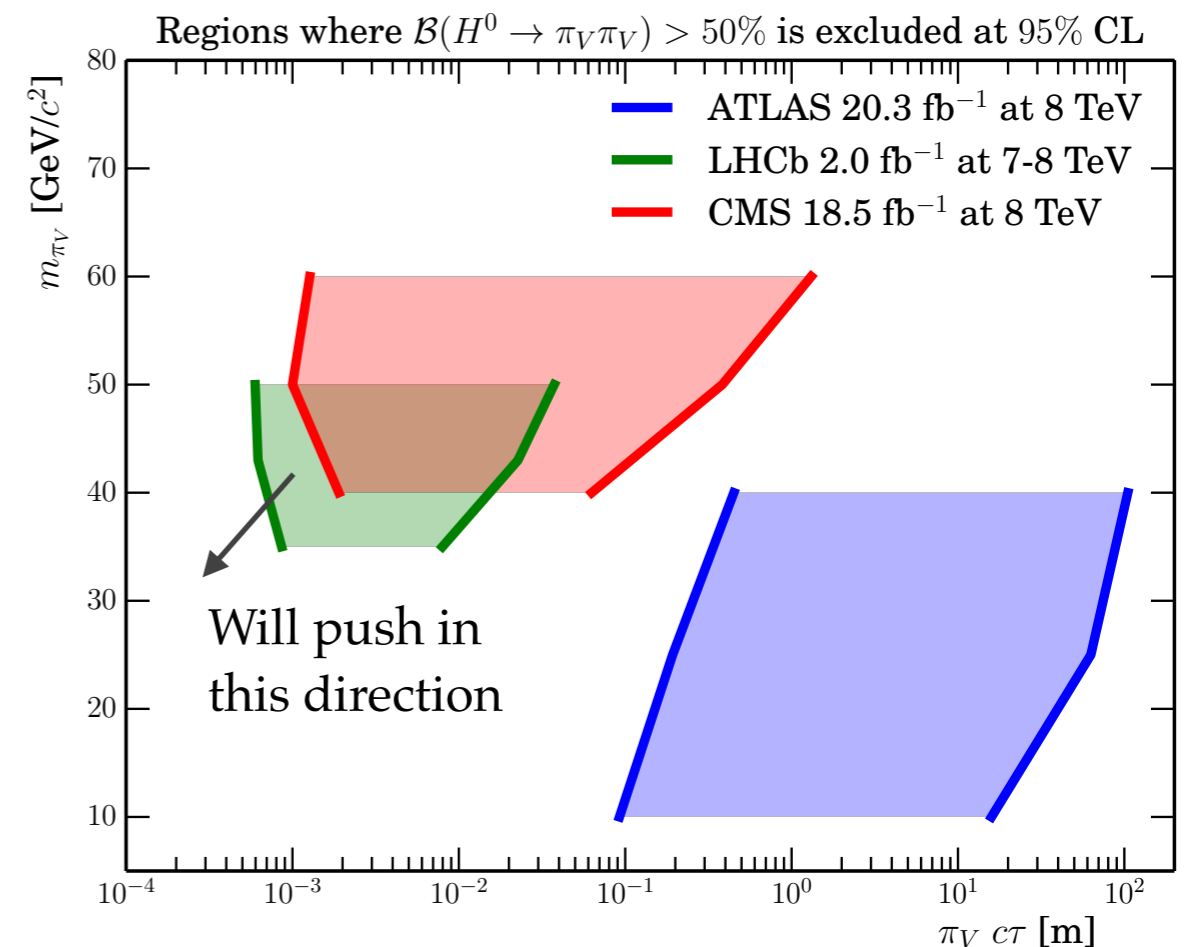
# Long Lived Particles $\rightarrow$ jet jet

[EUR. PHYS. J. C77 \(2017\) 812](#)

Limit on  $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \pi_V \pi_V)$  for a set of masses and lifetimes



Competitive limit with ATLAS/CMS despite factor 10 less luminosity!

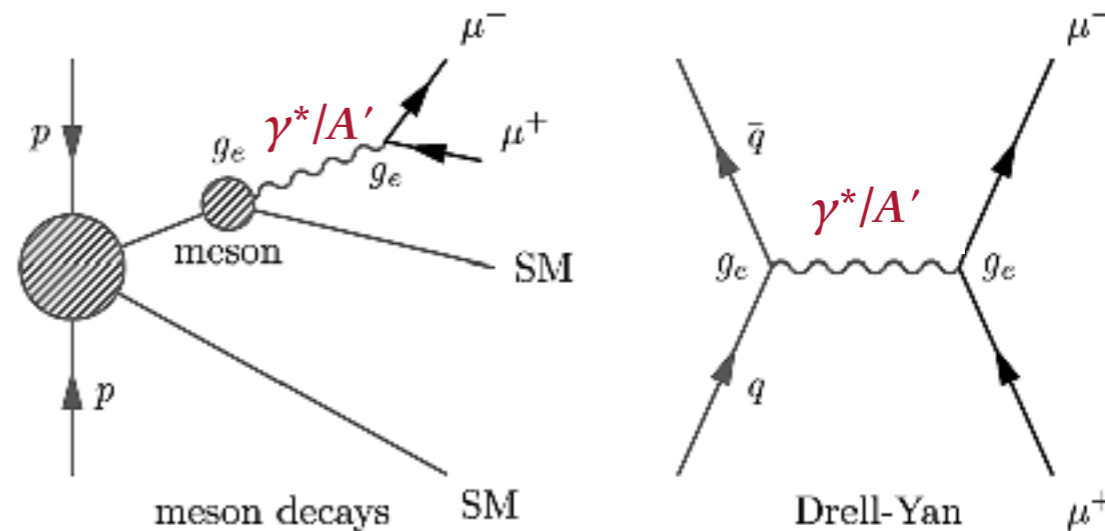


**Bright future at upgraded LHCb!**  
 expected benefit from online identification of displaced dijets

# Dark Photons

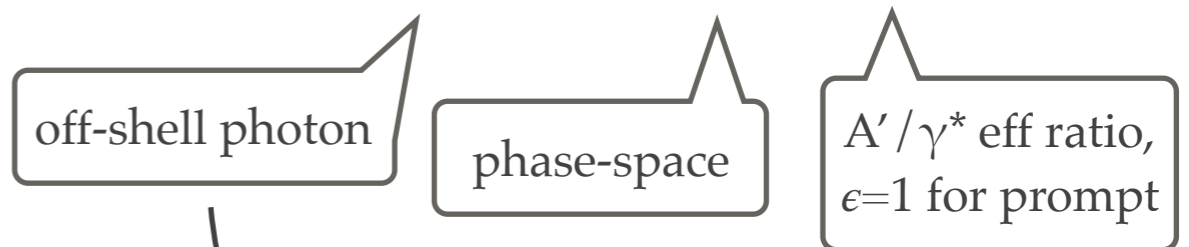
PRL 120 (2018) no.6, 061801

- Can search for **Dark Photons ( $A'$ )** in  $\mu\mu$ 
  - ▶ First results with 1.6/fb at 13 TeV
- New  $\mu\mu$  trigger with **online  $\mu$ -ID**
- Only interesting part of the event to disk  
→ **no pre-scale down to threshold  $2 m_\mu$**



- Kinetic mixing with off-shell photon ( $\epsilon^2$ )
  - ▶ inherits production mode
  - ▶ can normalise to off-shell photon
  - ▶ data-driven analysis!

$$n_{\text{ex}}^{A'}[m(A'), \epsilon^2] = \epsilon^2 \left[ \frac{n_{\text{ob}}^{\gamma^*}[m(A')]}{2\Delta m} \right] \mathcal{F}[m(A')] \epsilon_{\gamma^*}^{A'}[m(A'), \tau(A')]$$






Need to separate from background

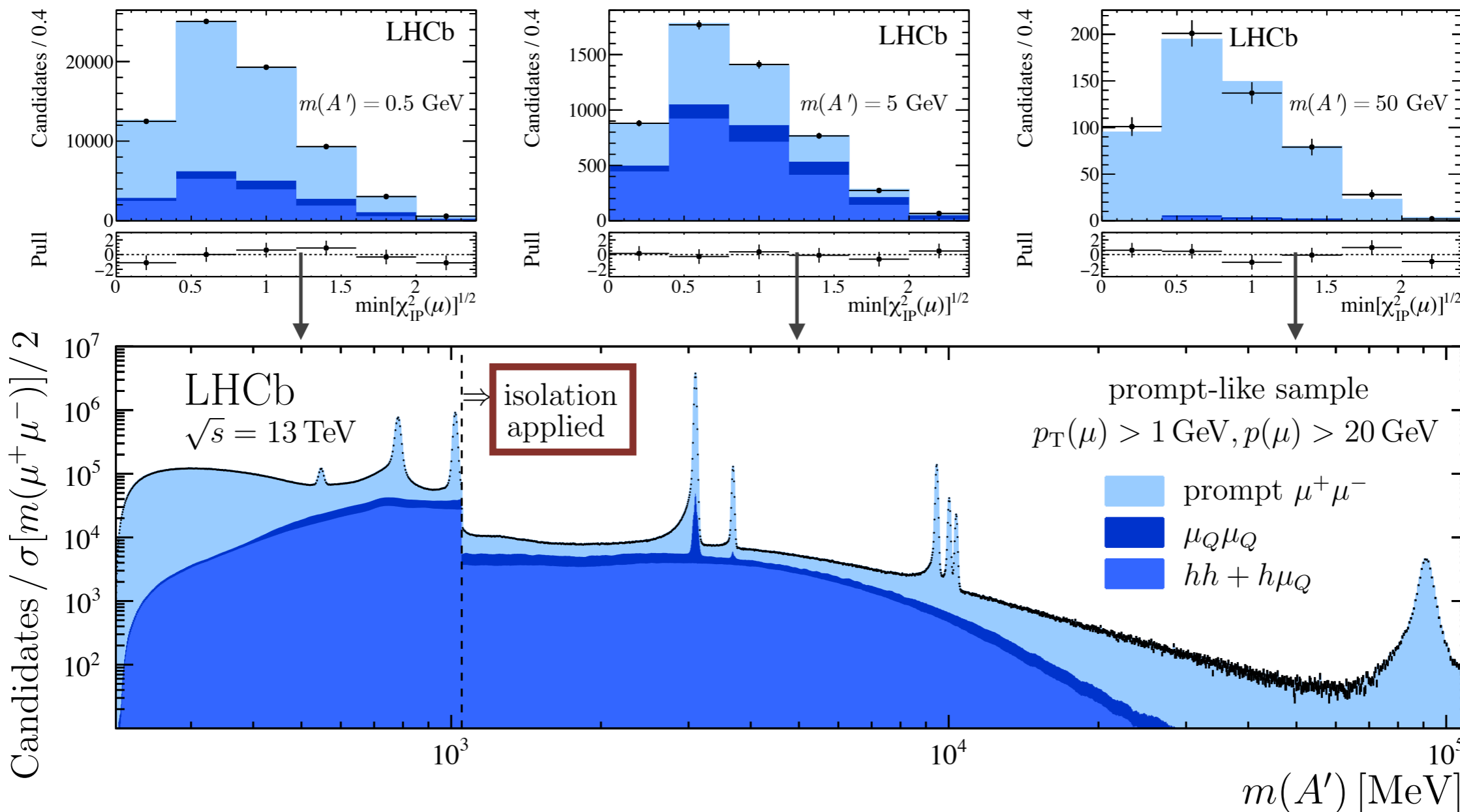
# Dark Photons

PRL 120 (2018) no.6, 061801

Using templates for  $\min[\chi^2_{\text{IP}}]$  (small mass dep)

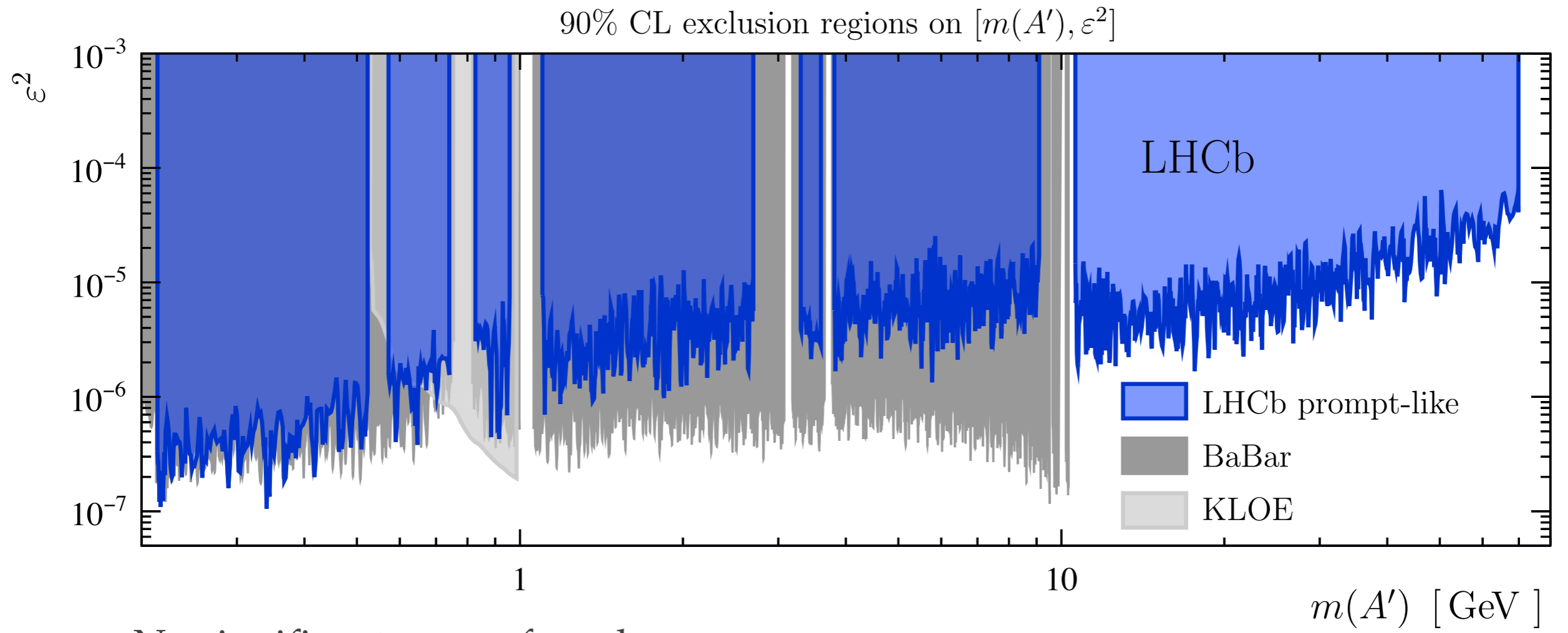
	prompt $\mu^+\mu^-$	→ from data at $m(J/\psi)$ and $m(Z)$
	$\mu_Q\mu_Q$	→ from simulation (validated)
	$hh + h\mu_Q$	→ from same-sign dimuons (corrected)

( $\mu_Q$  is a muon from a heavy-flavour decay)



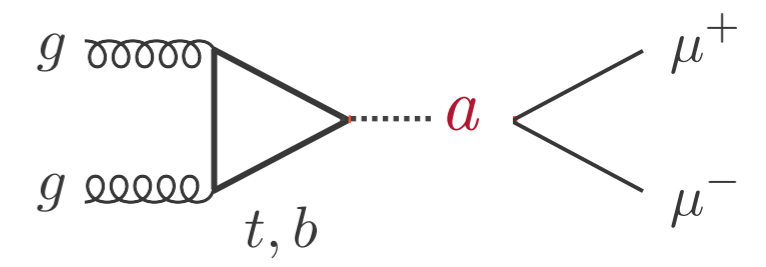
# Dark Photons

[PRL 120 \(2018\) no.6, 061801](#)



- ⦿ No significant excess found
- ⦿ Already competitive for  $m(A') < 0.5$  GeV
- ⦿ First limit on dark photons for  $m(A') > 10$  GeV
  - ▶ Competitive limits on light pseudo-scalars as well

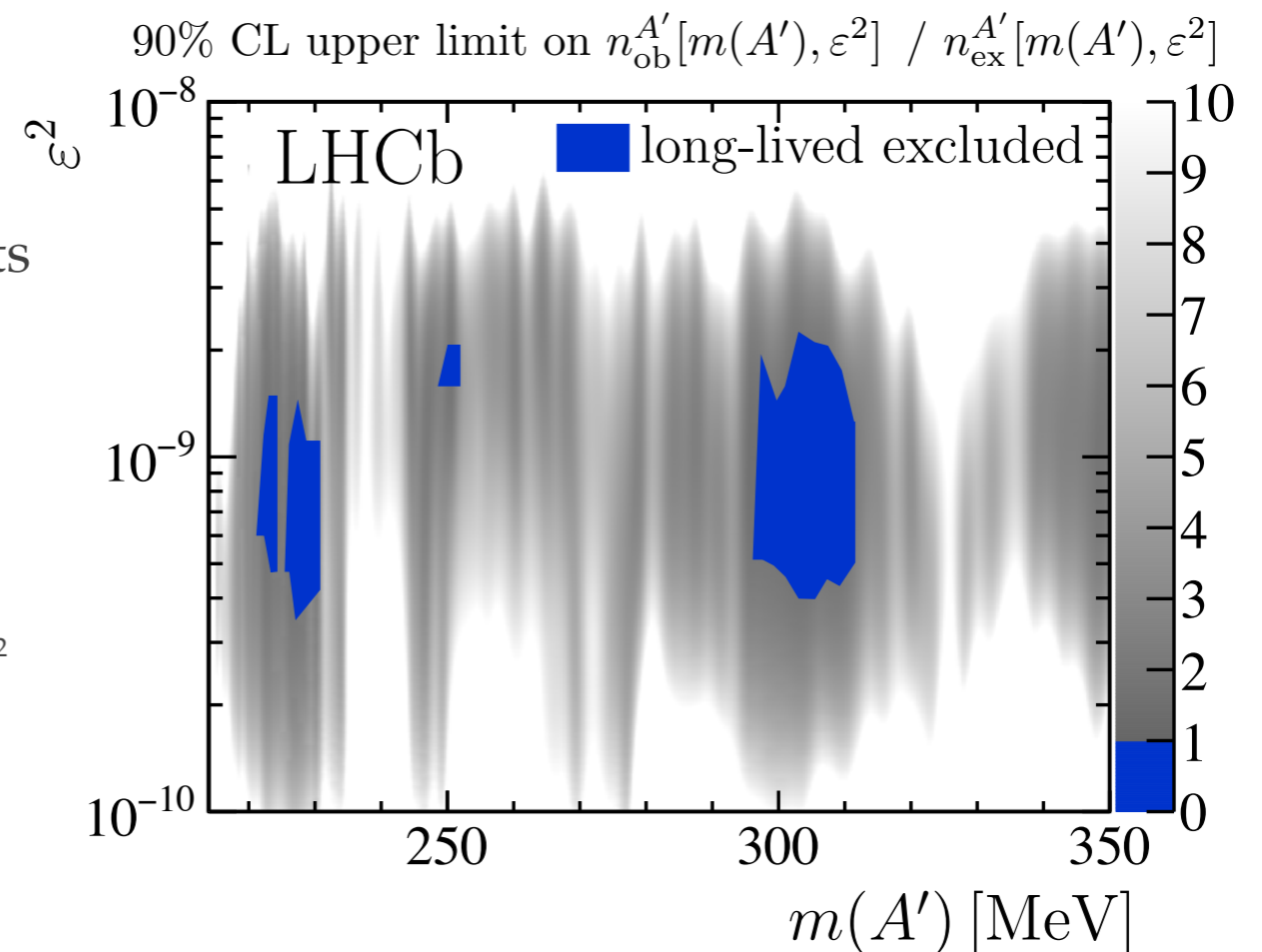
Haisch et al. [arXiv:1802.02156](#)



# Dark Photons

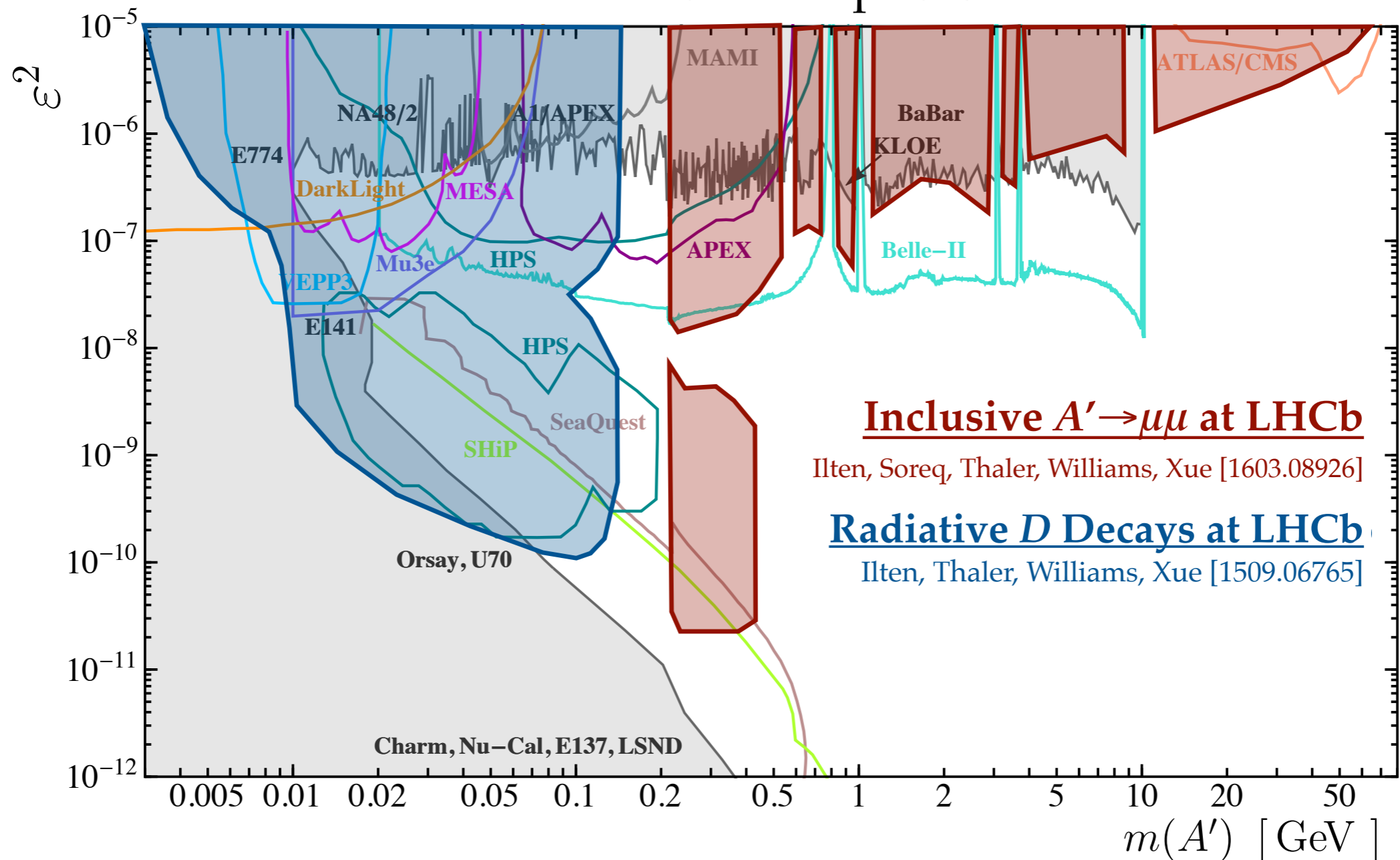
[PRL 120 \(2018\) no.6, 061801](#)

- **Displaced search** in region  $214 < m(A') < 350$  MeV
- Even looser online requirements on  $p_T(\mu)$
- Main backgrounds:
  - Dimuons from  $\gamma$  conversions in the VELO  
→ novel material map from beam-gas events
  - Mis-id pions from  $K_S \rightarrow \pi\pi$  tail  
→ modelled from PID sideband
- Fit in bins of mass and lifetime
  - Also using consistency of decay topology  $\chi^2$
- **No significant excess is found**
  - Already excluding a small region of  $(\epsilon^2, m)$
  - First limit ever not from beam-dump!



# Future Reach

Run 3 reach for dark photons



● Will also search for  $4\mu$  and  $N_{2,3} \rightarrow \pi^+\mu^-$

# Conclusions

- LHCb has an extensive program of searches
  - Searches for on-shell new physics from heavy flavour decays
  - Searches for long-lived particles with low mass and short lifetime
  - Searches for dimuon resonances in very broad parameter space
- Bright future ahead:
  - 3/fb in Run 1, expect 5/fb in Run 2 (with larger cross-sections)
  - A lot of potential in the upgraded trigger (also 5× luminosity!)

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	203+
		Run III						Run IV					Run V	
<b>LS2</b>						<b>LS3</b>					<b>LS4</b>			
<b>LHCb 40 MHz UPGRADE Phase I</b>		$L = 2 \times 10^{33}$			<b>LHCb Consolidation</b>			$L = 2 \times 10^{33}$ $50 \text{ fb}^{-1}$			<b>LHCb Ph II UPGRADE *</b>		$L = 2 \times 10^{34}$ $300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	
<b>ATLAS Phase I Upgr</b>		$L = 2 \times 10^{34}$			<b>ATLAS Phase II UPGRADE</b>			<b>HL-LHC</b> $L = 5 \times 10^{34}$			<b>ATLAS</b>		<b>HL-LHC</b> $L = 5 \times 10^{34}$	
<b>CMS Phase I Upgr</b>		$300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$			<b>CMS Phase II UPGRADE</b>						<b>CMS</b>		$3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$	
<b>Belle II</b>		$5 \text{ ab}^{-1}$	$L = 8 \times 10^{35}$		$50 \text{ ab}^{-1}$									

LHCb Phase I TDR: [LHCB-TDR-016]

LHCB Phase II EOI: [CERN-LHCC-2017-003]

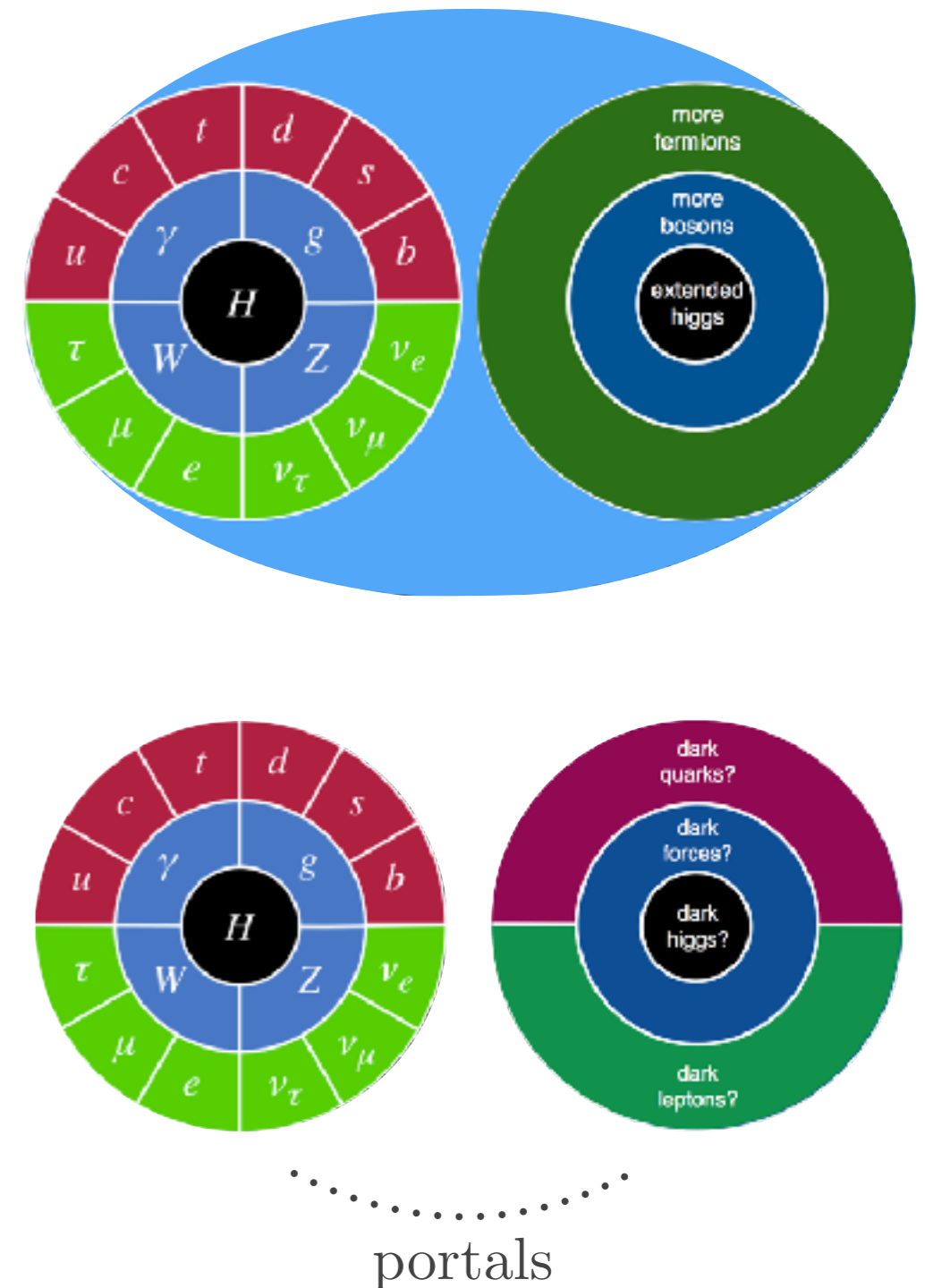


*BACKUP*

# Dark Sectors

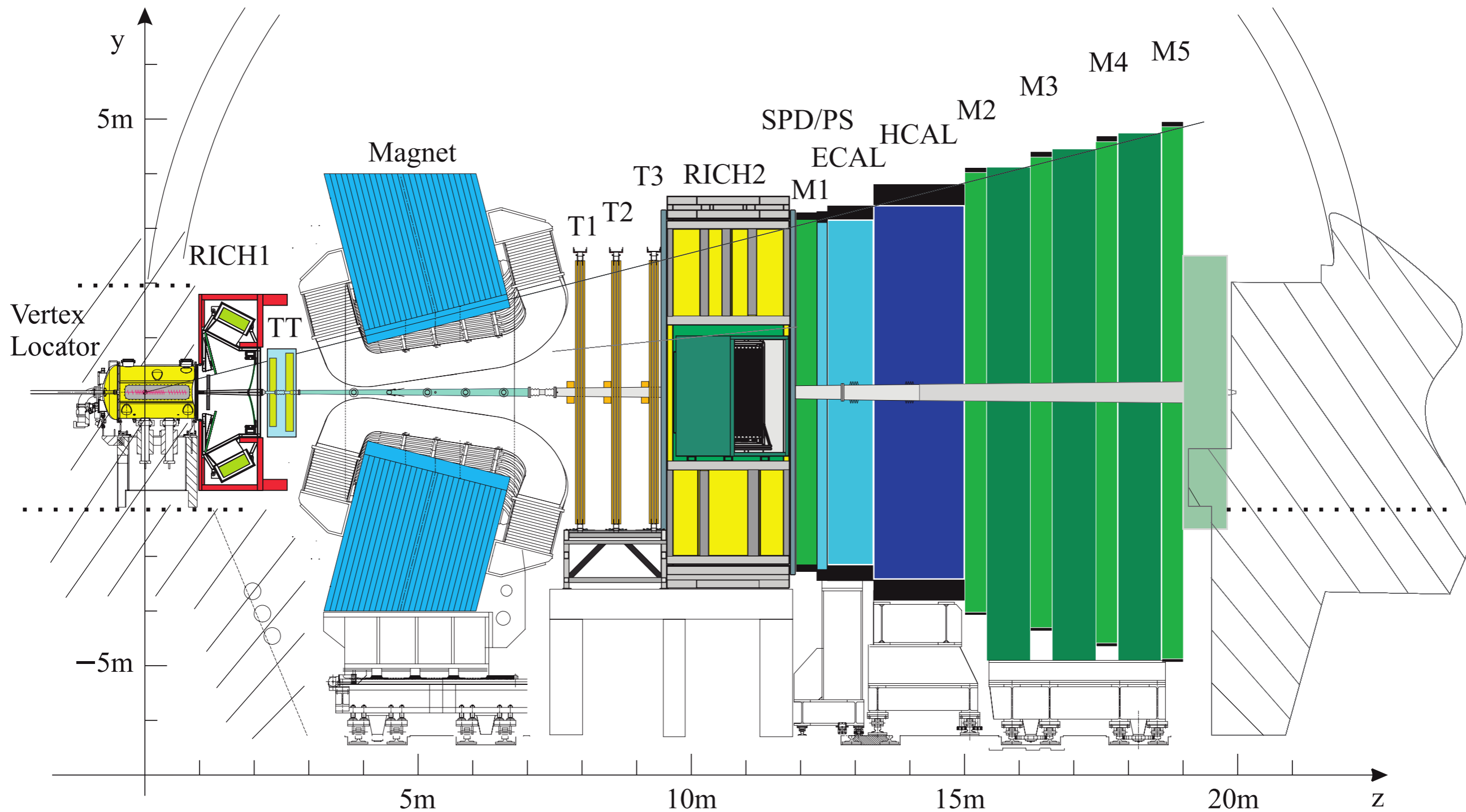
diagrams are a courtesy of M.Williams

1. **Unified theory of DM and SM**  
at TeV scale (e.g. SuperSymmetry)
    - several talks in tomorrow's session
  2. **Separated DM sector with portals to SM**
    - Scalar portal (e.g. inflaton)
    - Axial portal (e.g. ALPs)
    - Vector portal (e.g. dark photons)
    - Dark quarks (e.g. Hidden valley)
- **Small couplings to SM**
    - Small production cross-sections: weak limits at low masses
    - Long lifetimes: displaced objects missed by typical triggers

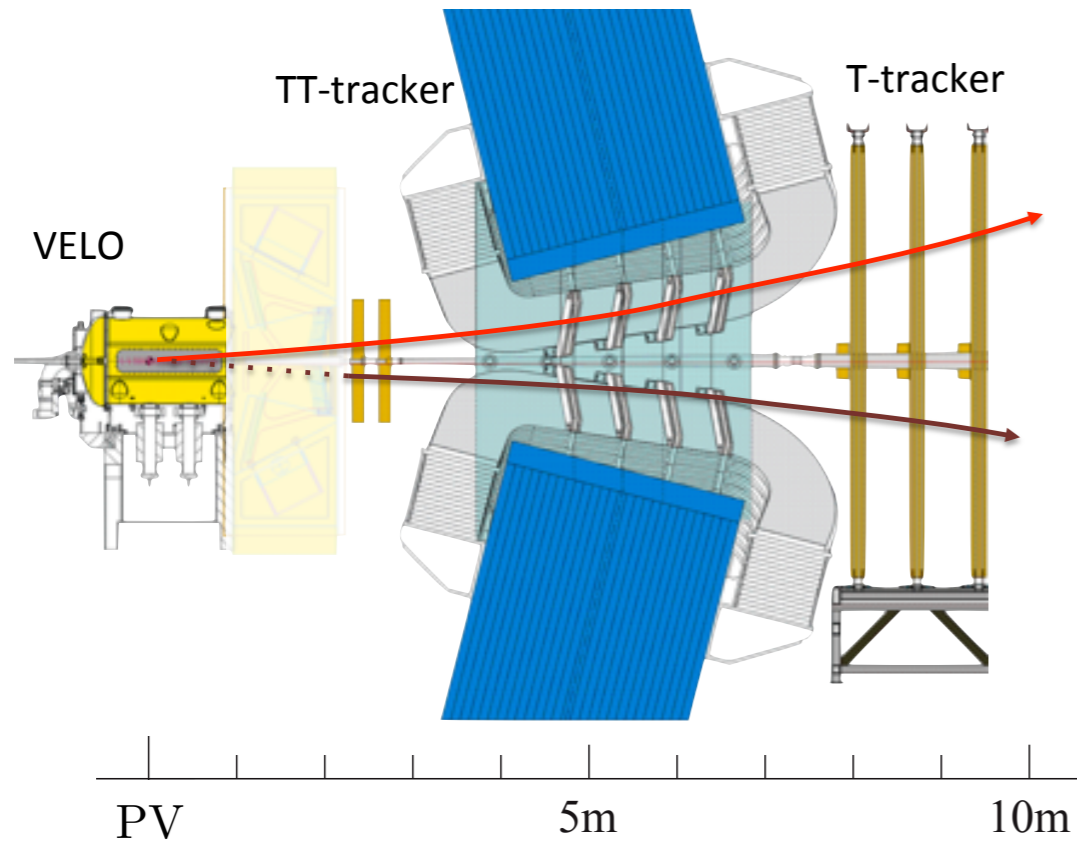


# The LHCb detector

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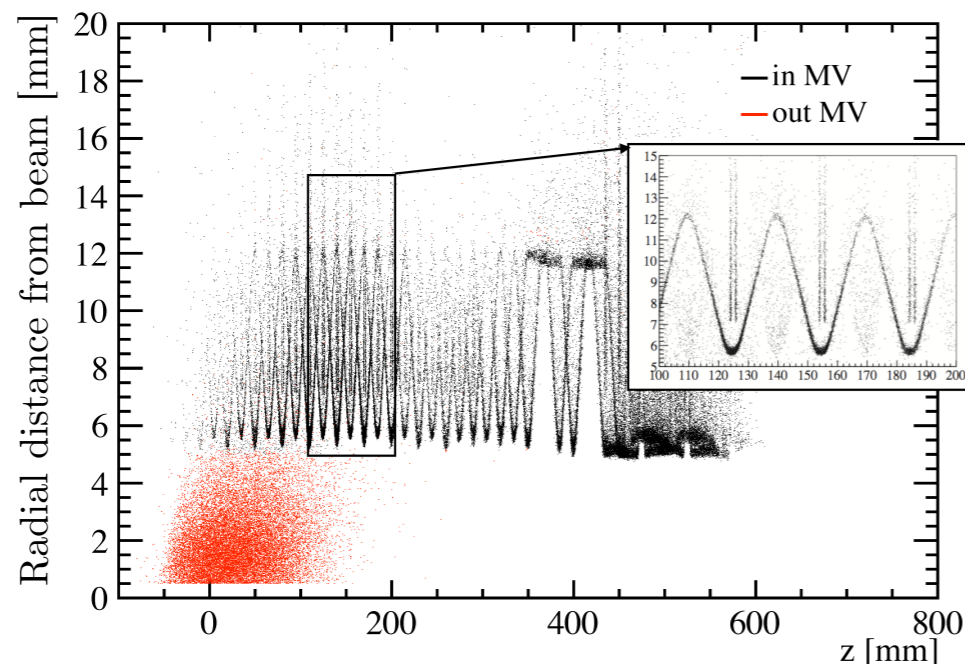


# LLP at LHCb



## Tracks from long-lived in LHCb:

- **Within VELO** (<50 cm)
  - in reality more like <20 cm
- **Up to TT** (<200 cm)
  - Worse vertex and  $p$  resolution ( $m(\pi\pi)$  resolution 2 $\times$  larger)
  - Not available in trigger (studies ongoing)
- VELO envelope at  $\sim 5$  mm from beam
  - Detailed material veto is used
  - **<5 mm**: background mainly from heavy-flavour background
  - **>5 mm**: background mainly from material interaction

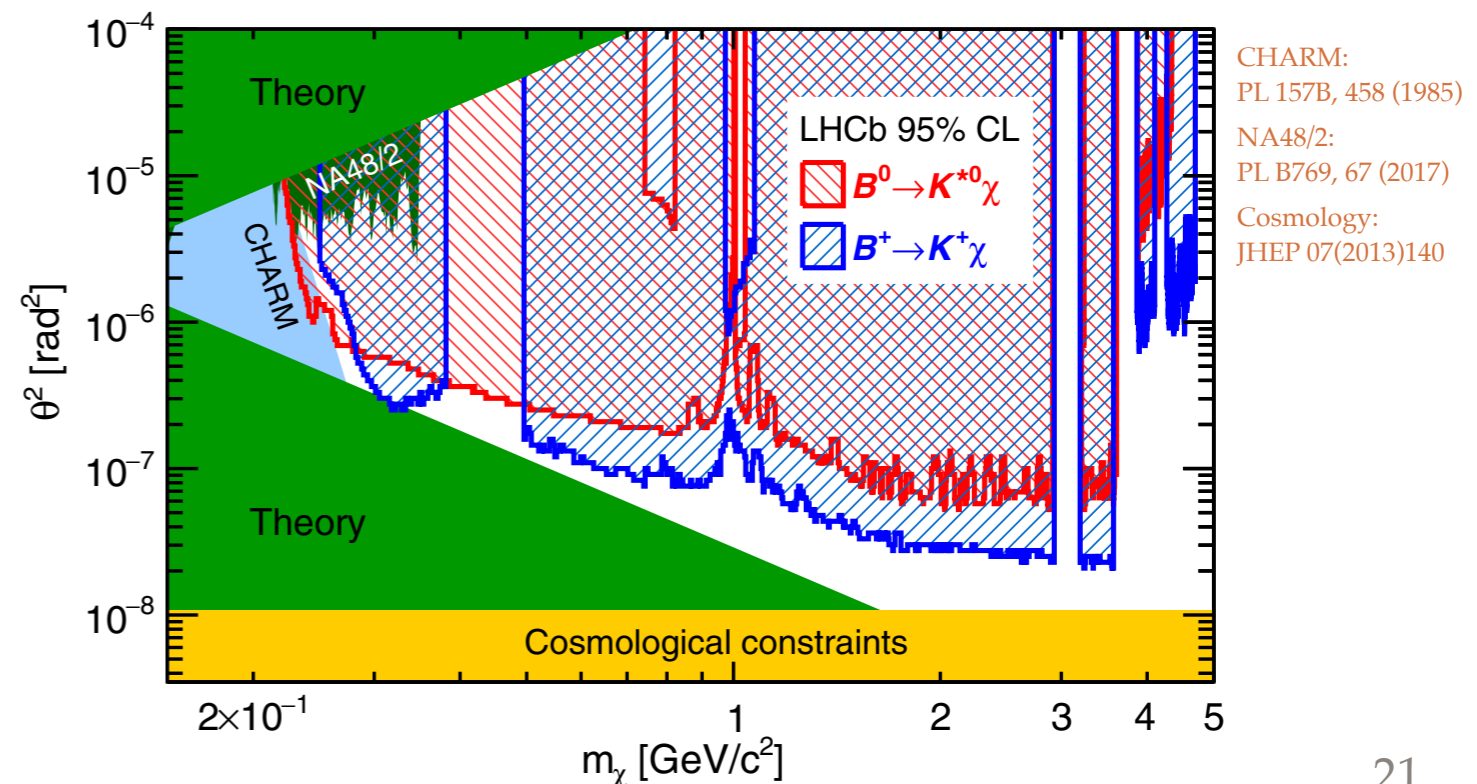
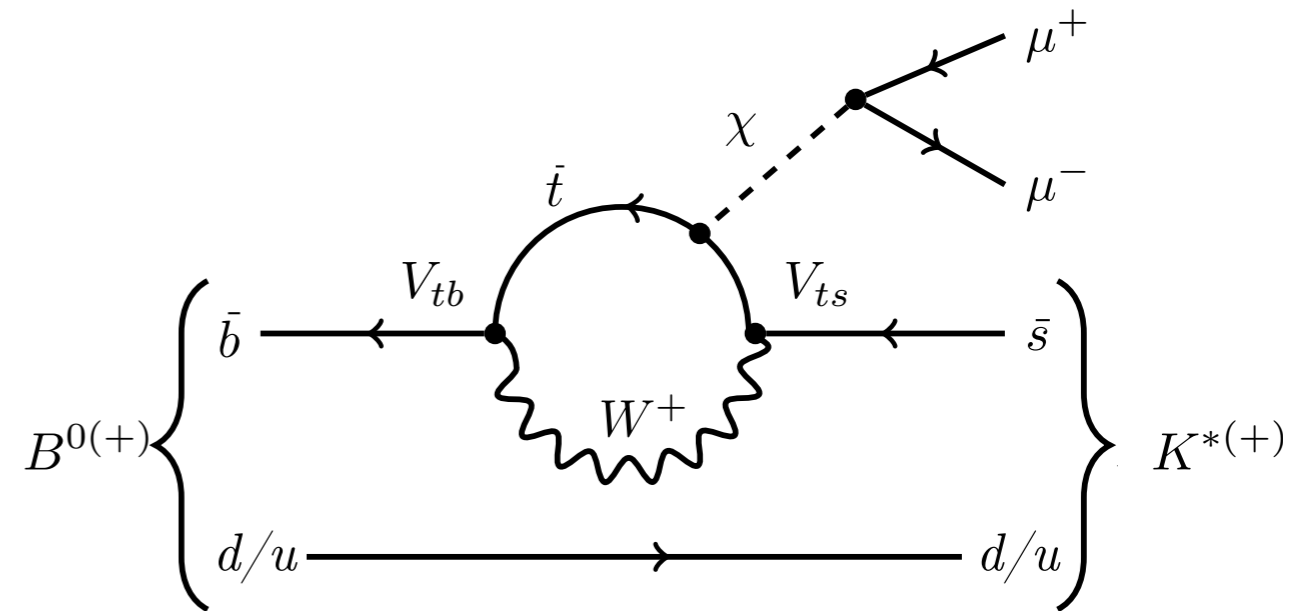


# Light Bosons from $b \rightarrow s$

[Phys Rev Lett 115 161802 \(2015\)](#)  
[Phys Rev D 95, 071101\(R\) \(2017\)](#)

- Look for new hidden-sector bosons in  $b \rightarrow s$  penguin transitions
- World record samples of  $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \mu \mu$ 
  - search for narrow  $\mu \mu$  peak
- Allow detached  $\mu \mu$  (within VELO)
  - small SM mixing can give lifetime
- Constrain on **scalar portal** mixing with the SM Higgs (angle  $\theta$ )
  - Nearly rule out the inflaton parameter space below  $2 m_\tau$

$$\tau \propto 1/\theta^2 \quad \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi) \propto \theta^2$$

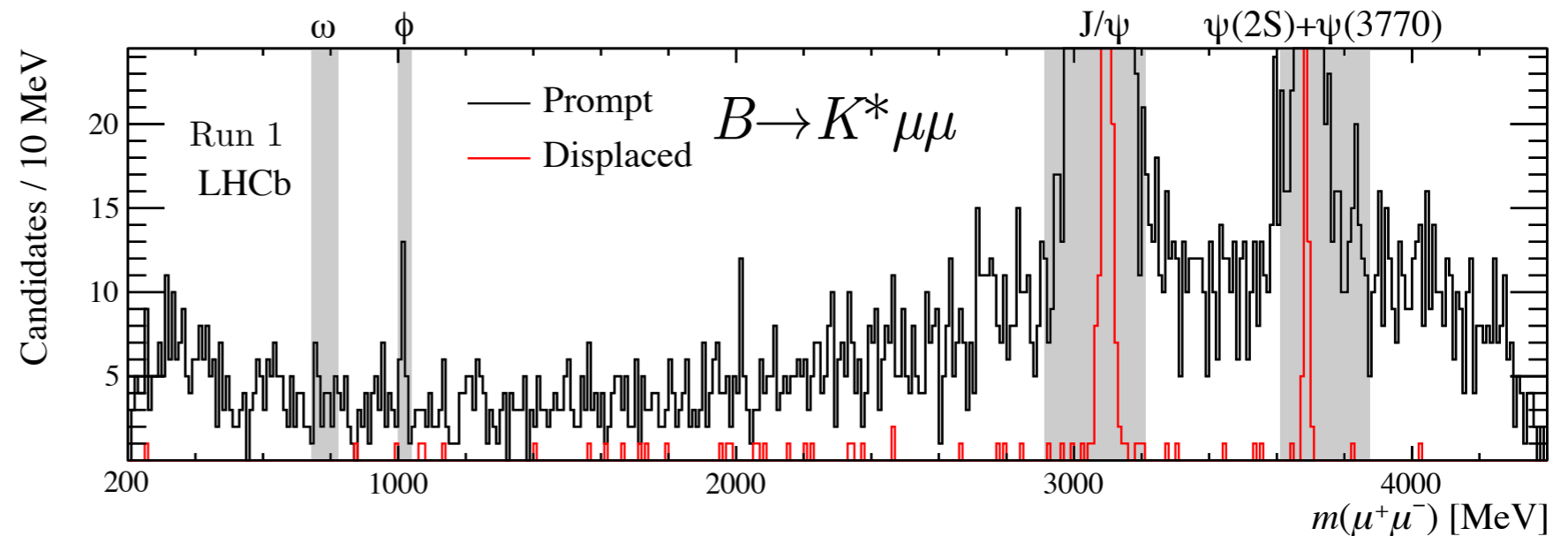


# Light Bosons from $b \rightarrow s$

[Phys Rev Lett 115 161802 \(2015\)](#)

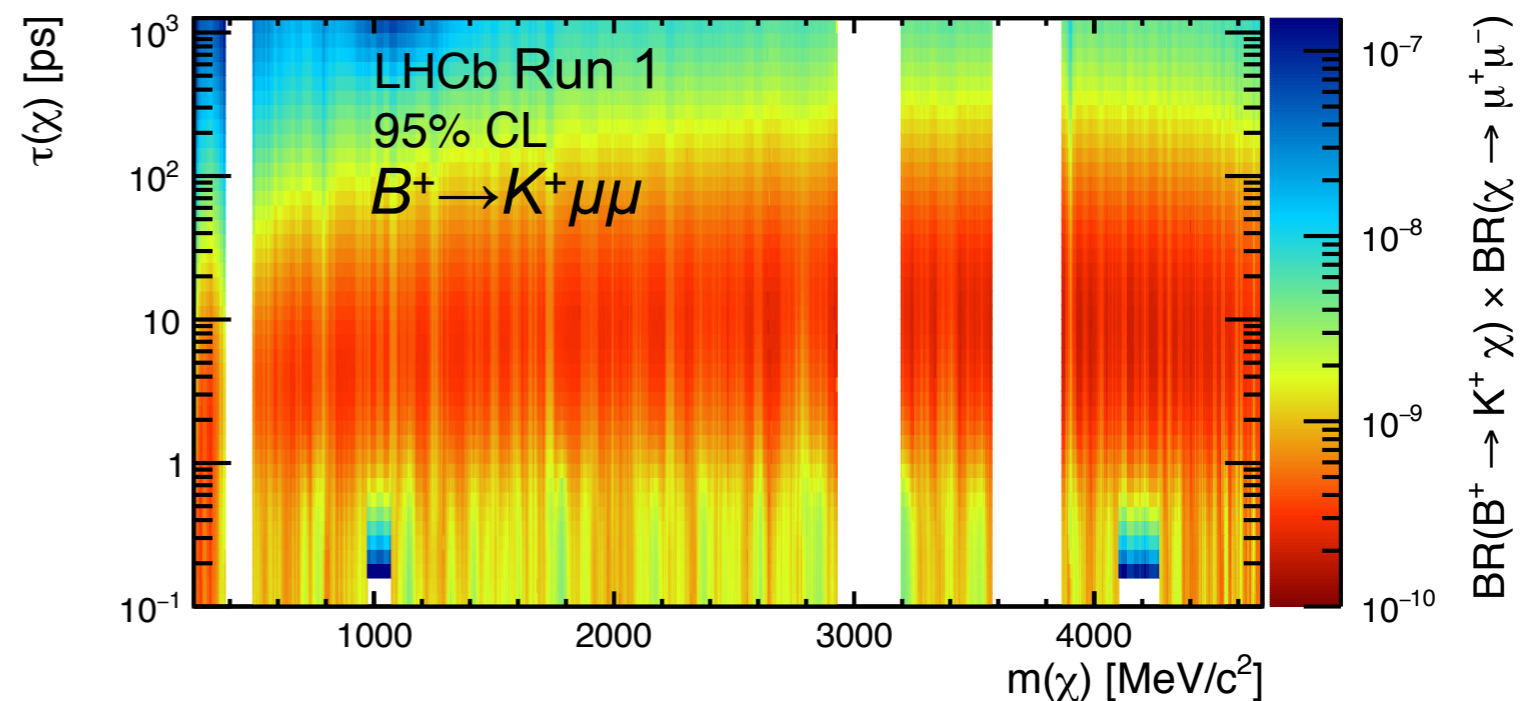
[Phys Rev D 95, 071101\(R\) \(2017\)](#)

- Search for narrow peak in  $m(\mu\mu)$ 
  - $\sigma(\mu\mu) \sim 3-9$  MeV with  $m_B$  constraint



- Model independent limit**

- BR limit normalised to *rare* SM decay (in  $q^2$  range 1-6  $\text{GeV}^2$ )
- Constraint set on lifetimes [0.1-1000] ps ( $\sim 30\mu\text{m}$  to 30cm)



# Light Bosons from $b \rightarrow s$

[Phys Rev Lett 115 161802 \(2015\)](#)  
[Phys Rev D 95, 071101\(R\) \(2017\)](#)

## Model dependent limits

- On models with **axial portal**
  - Reaching PeV scale on axion decay constant  $f(\chi)$

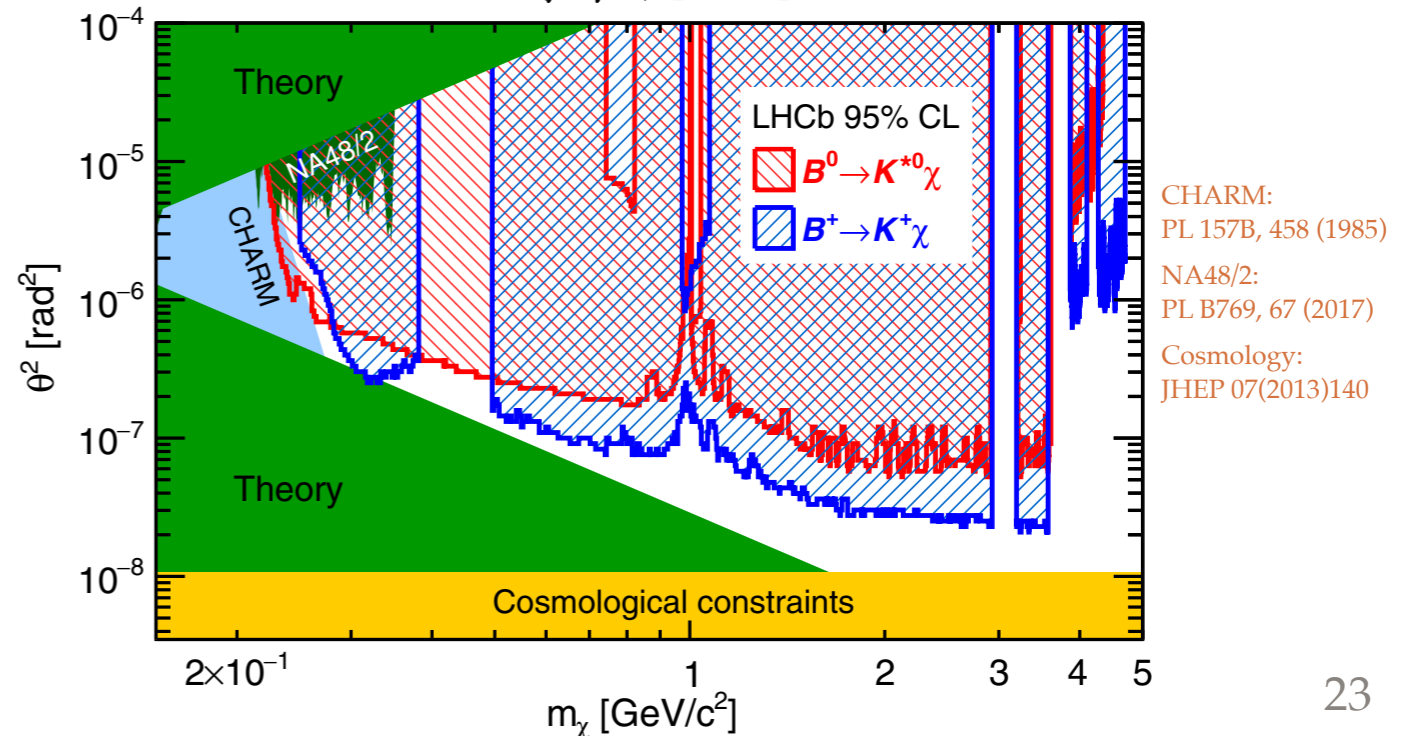
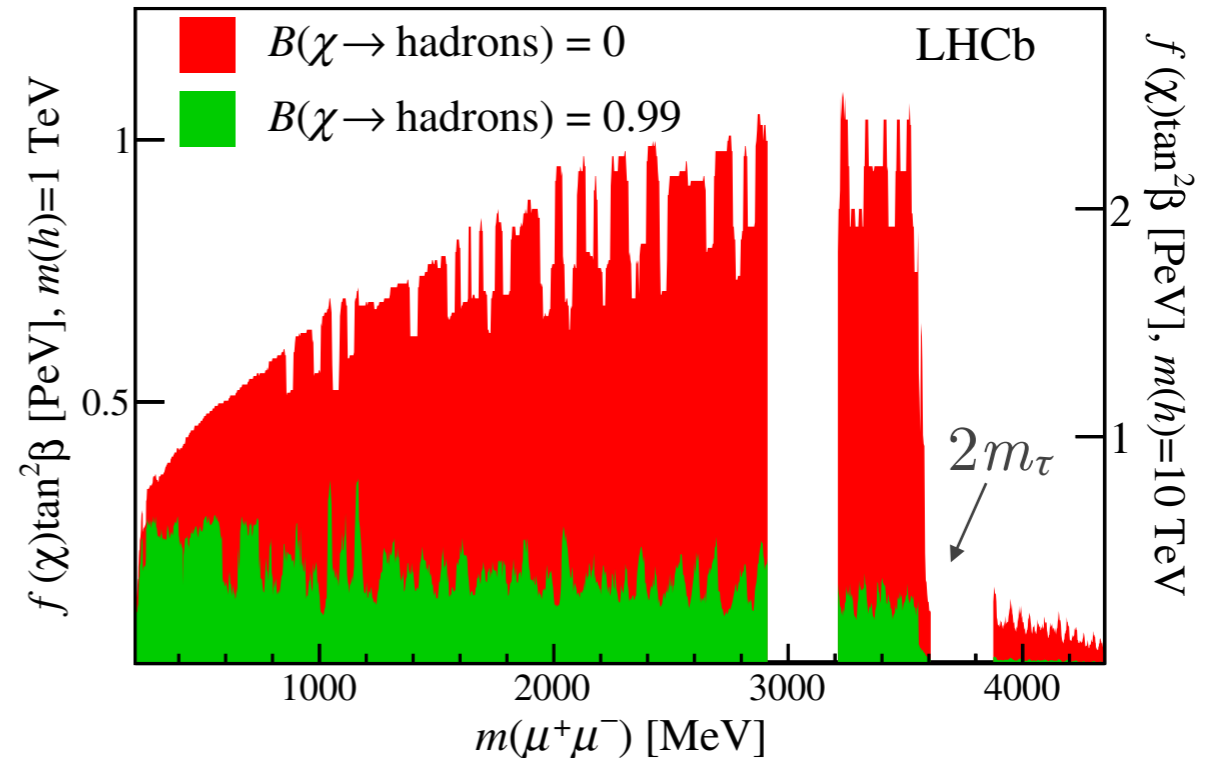
M.Dine, W.Fischler, M.Srednicki PL 104B 199-202 (1981)  
 A.R.Zhitnitsky Sov.J.Nucl.Phys. 31, 260 (1980)

- Constrain on **scalar portal** mixing with the SM Higgs (angle  $\theta$ )

$$\tau \propto 1/\theta^2 \quad \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi) \propto \theta^2$$

- Nearly rule out the inflaton parameter space below  $2 m_\tau$

B.Batell, M.Pospelov, A.Ritz, PRD 83, 054005 (2011)  
 F.Bezrukov, D.Gorbunov, JHEP05(2010)010, JHEP07(2013)140



CHARM:  
 PL 157B, 458 (1985)  
 NA48/2:  
 PL B769, 67 (2017)  
 Cosmology:  
 JHEP 07(2013)140

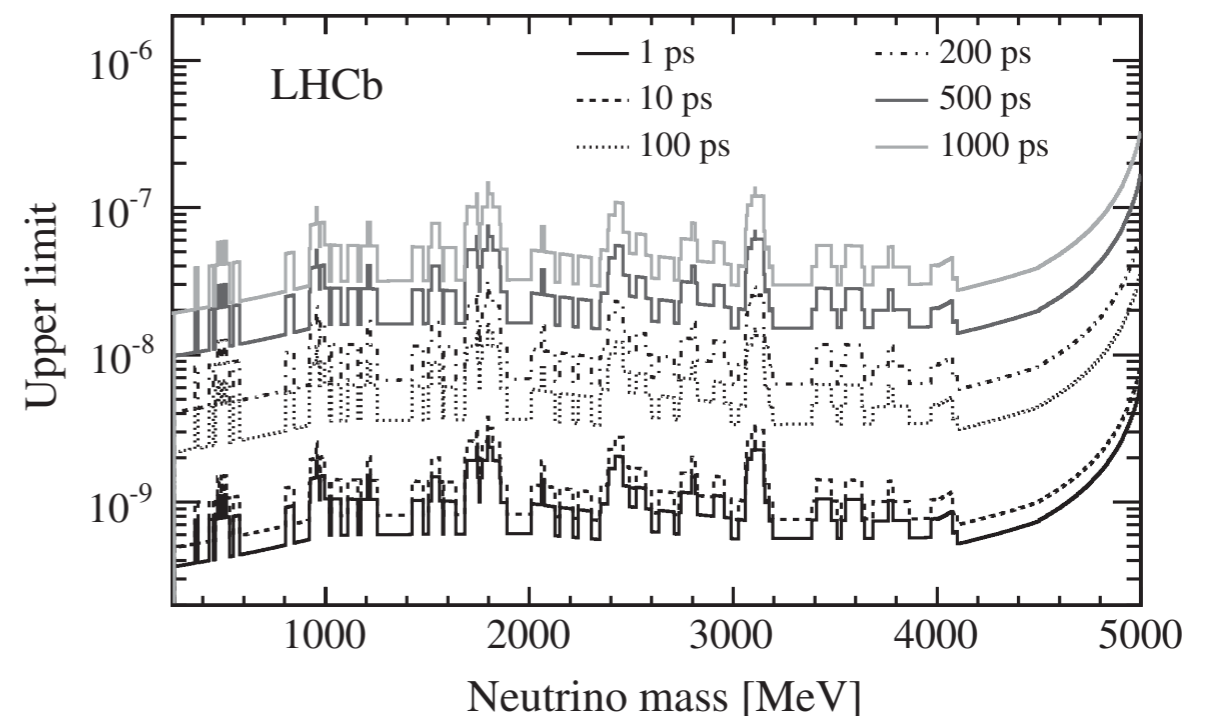
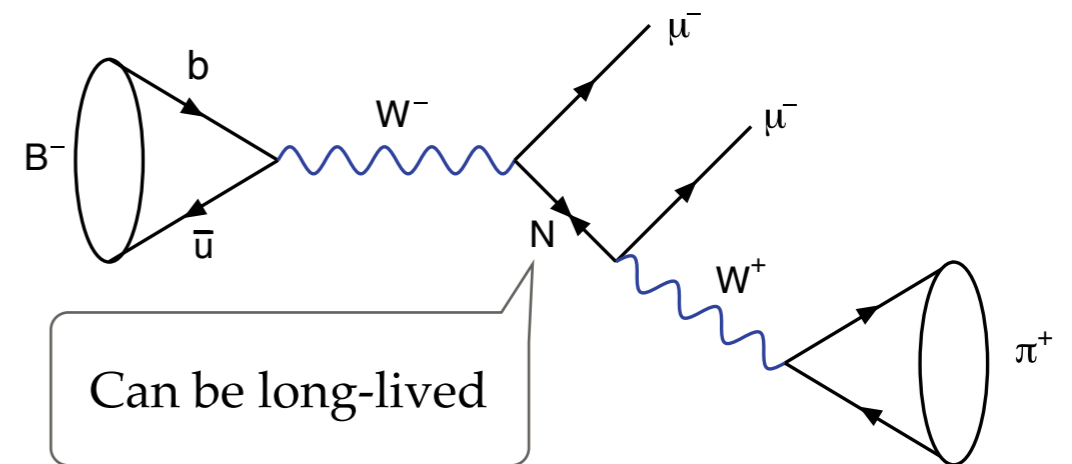
# Majorana neutrinos in $B^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$

[Phys Rev Lett 112 131802 \(2014\)](#)

- Lepton number violating  $B^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \mu^- \mu^-$  can proceed via on-shell Majorana neutrinos
- Look for  $B$  mass peak, then extract limit as a function of  $m_N$
- Limit set on  $N(\pi\mu)$  lifetimes up to 1000 ps
- Constraints on mixing angle  $V_{\mu 4}$ 
  - Recently revisited

[B Shuve, ME Peskin, Phys.Rev. D94 \(2016\) no.11, 113007](#)

- Searches in other B/D channels foreseen
- Can also search using  $W \rightarrow \text{jet } \mu^- \mu^-$



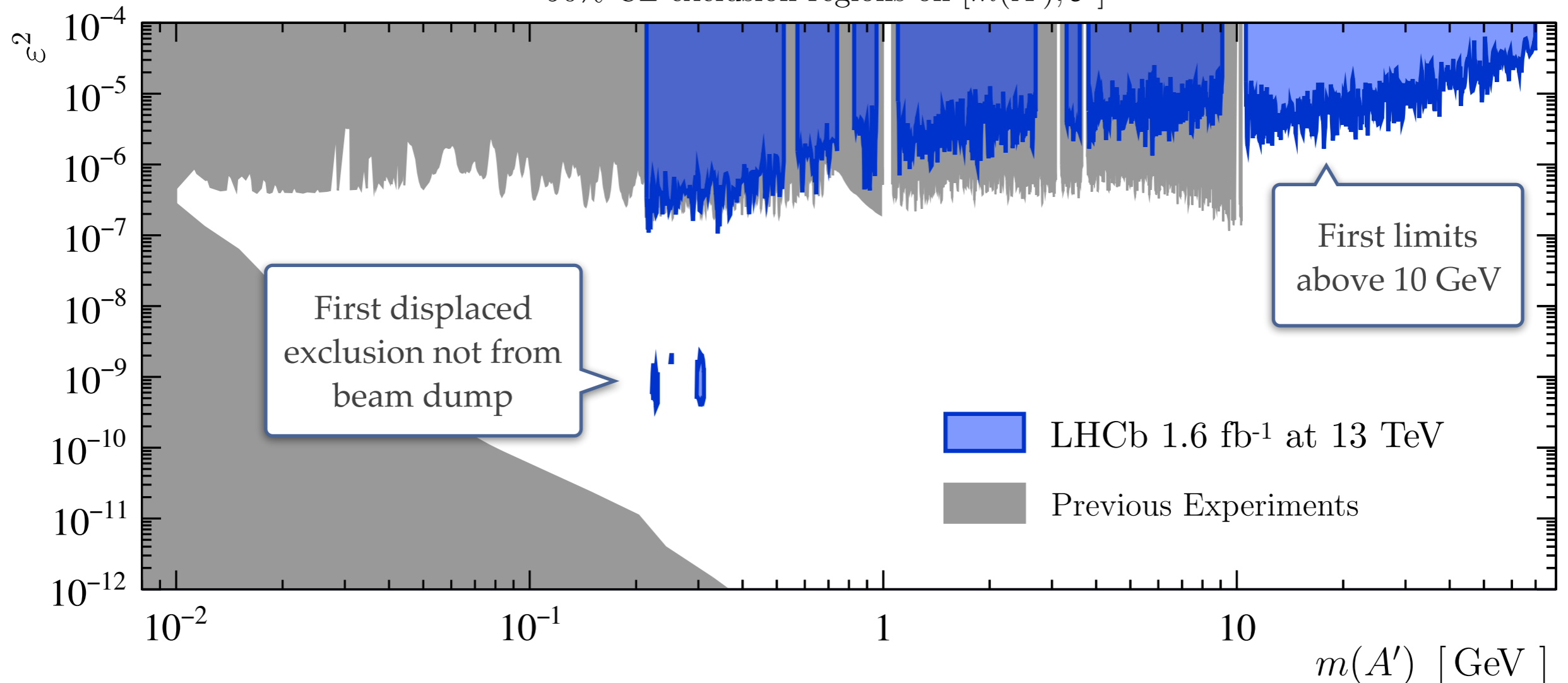


# Dark Photons

LHCB, [arXiv:1710.02867](https://arxiv.org/abs/1710.02867)

- **First results** already obtained with  $1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  at 13 TeV
  - ◉ **Prompt search** in large range  $2 m_\mu < m(\mu\mu) < m(Z)$
  - ◉ **Displaced search** in sensitive region  $214 < m(A') < 350 \text{ MeV}$

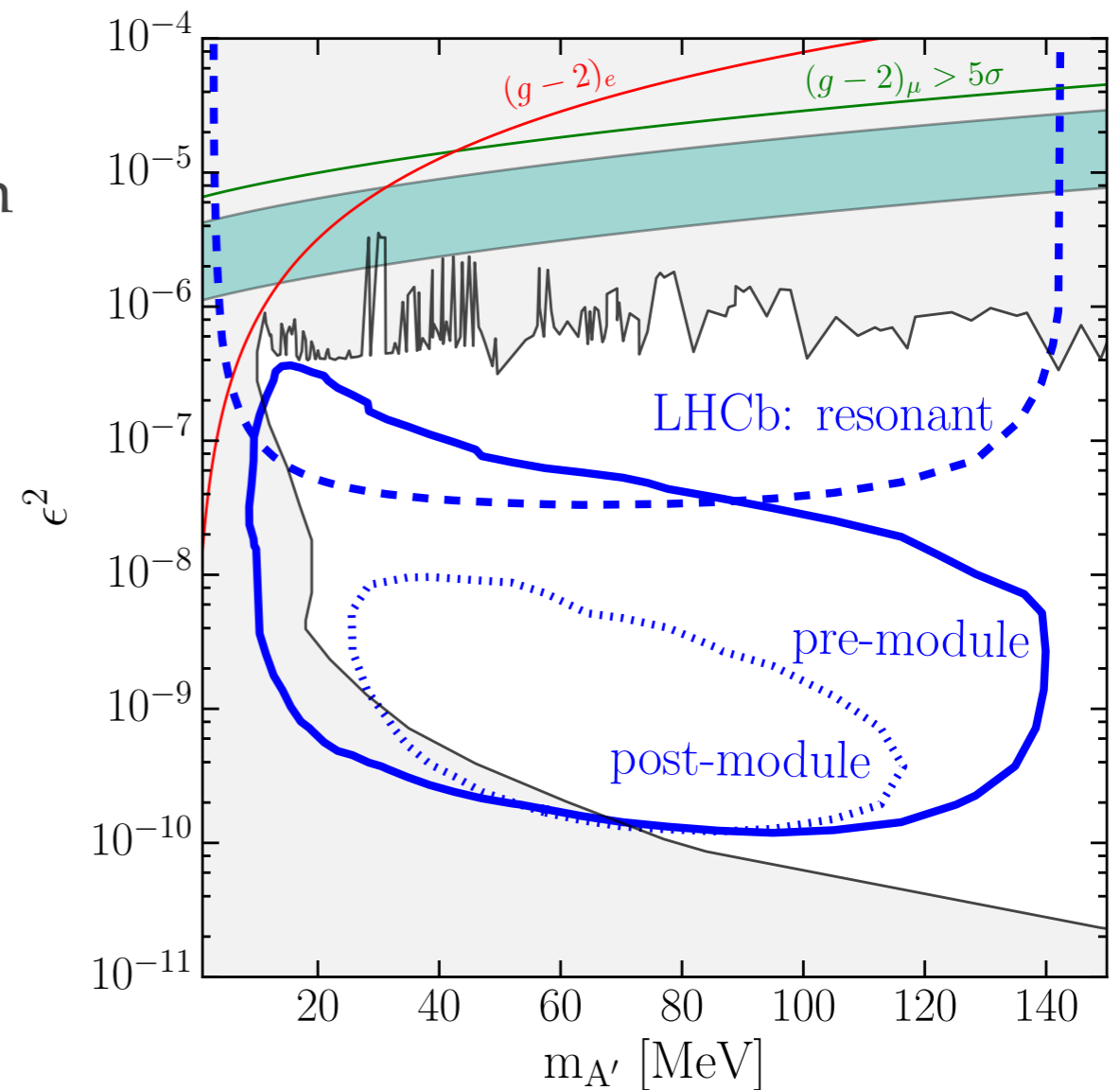
90% CL exclusion regions on  $[m(A'), \varepsilon^2]$



# Dark Photons from charm

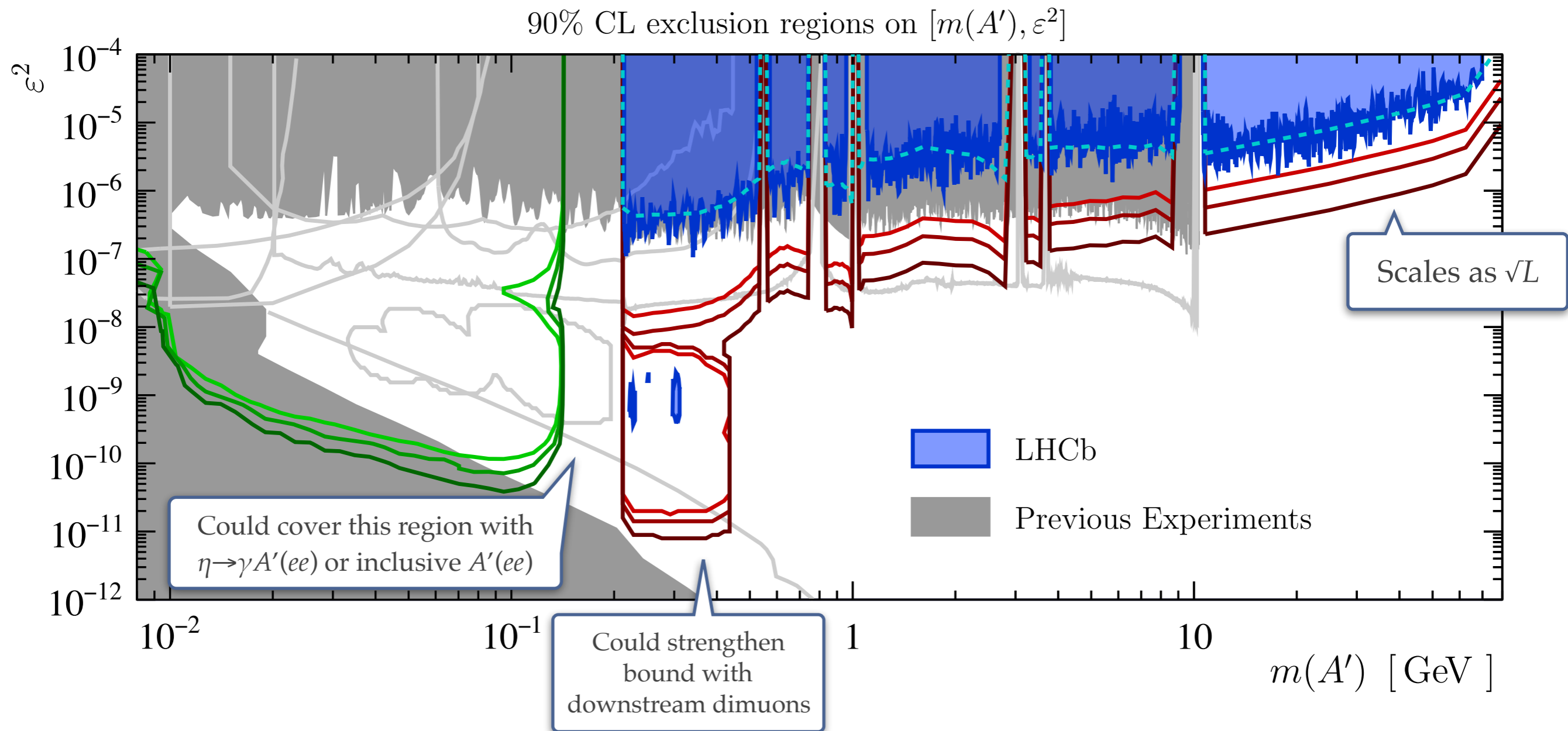
Ilten, Thaler, Williams, Xue PRD 92 no.11, 115017 (2015)

- Can cover region below  $2m_\mu$  using charm decays  $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0 A'(ee)$ 
  - Requires upgraded trigger to select efficiently soft final state
  - Get  $300 \times 10^9 D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0 \gamma$  per  $\text{fb}^{-1}$
  - Both displaced and prompt searches



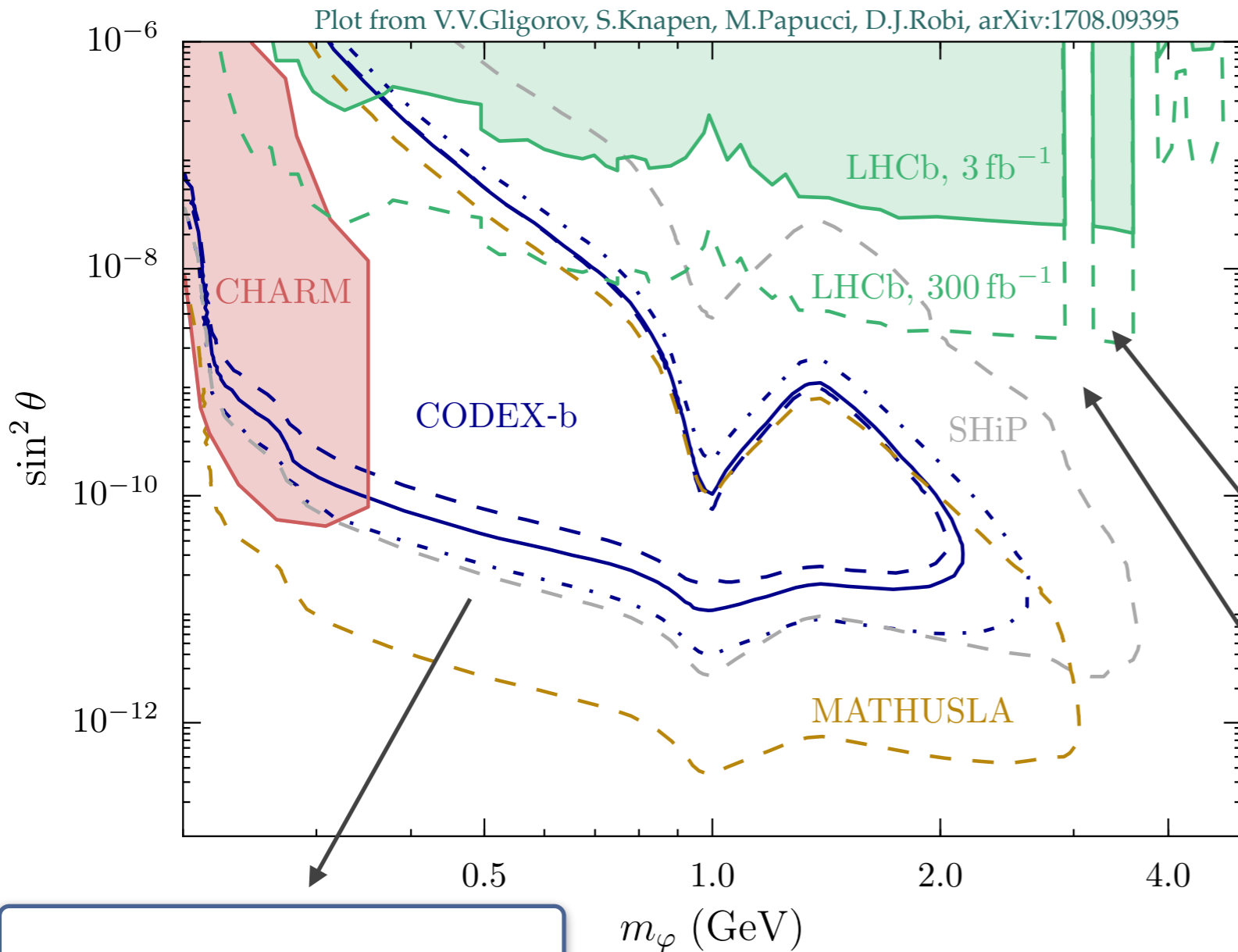
# Dark Photons reach

Ilten, Soreq, Thaler, Williams, Xue, PRL. 116 (2016) no.25, 251803



# Dark Sector in $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \chi(\mu\mu)$

Phys Rev Lett 115 161802 (2015)  
 Phys Rev D 95, 071101(R) (2017)



● **Constraint on light scalars mixing with the SM Higgs**

$$\tau \propto 1/\theta^2 \quad \mathcal{B}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \chi) \propto \theta^2$$

B.Batell, M.Pospelov, A.Ritz, PRD 83, 054005 (2011)  
 F.Bezrukov, D.Gorbunov, JHEP05(2010)010, JHEP07(2013)140

● **New parameter space is unexplored by current and future experiments**

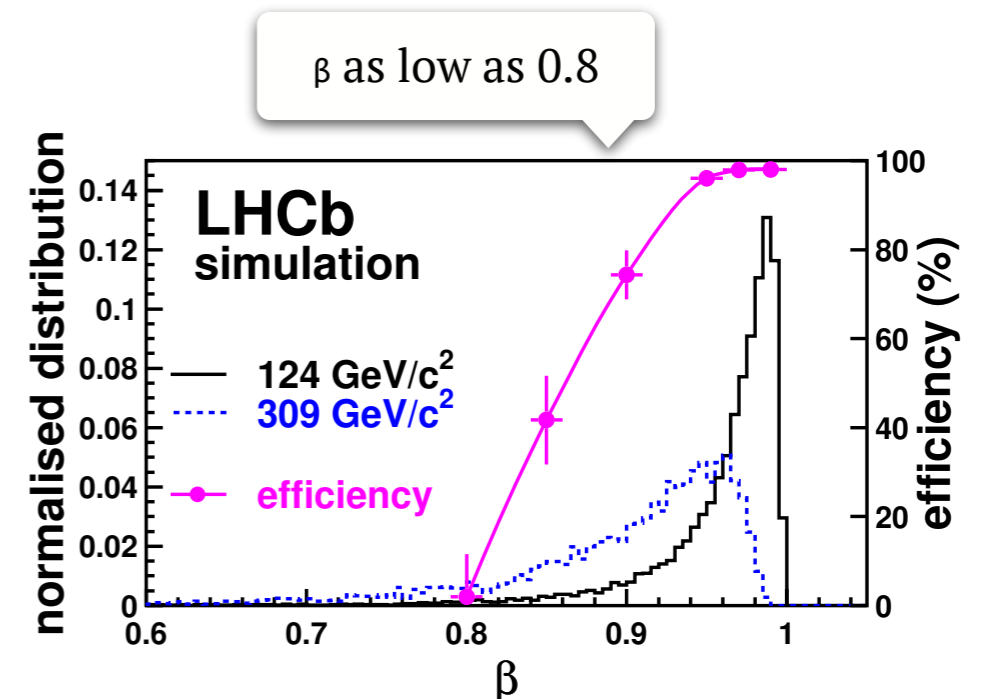
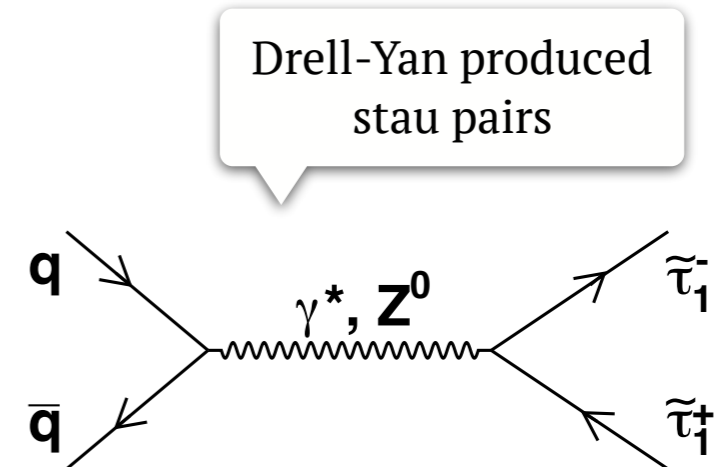
- 300 fb<sup>-1</sup> expected reach (no downstream dimuons)
- Could significantly extend reach with downstream trigger

For MATHUSLA, CODEX-b and FASER see D.Curtin's talk

# Charged Massive Stable Particles

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- Charged Massive Stable Particles
  - stable = can pass through the  $\mu$ -stations
- Model considered:
  - SUSY stau can be NLSP in mGMSB
  - long-lived with  $m > 100 \text{ GeV}/c^2$   
S Dimopoulos et al [NPB488(1997)39]  
GF Giudice and R Rattazzi [Phys.Rep. 332(2011)419]
- CMSP can leave a signature as:
  - Smaller energy loss  $dE/dx$
  - Longer Time of Flight
  - Absence of Cherenkov signal
- Several experiments searched for them
  - LEP, Tevatron, HERA, ATLAS/CMS



# Charged Massive Stable Particles

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- Select pair of muon-like tracks in mass range  $[120, 300] \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- Train Neural Network to combine RICH information with  $dE/dx$  from VELO and calorimeters
- Limit is not competitive with D0 (low mass) and ATLAS (high mass)
- Proof of concept for future searches!
- Possibly move to single CMSP signature and/or to lower masses

RICH information

