



Searches for Higgsinos and related challenges in ATLAS

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(on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration)



53rd Rencontres de Moriond
Electroweak interactions and unified theories
10th-17th March 2018

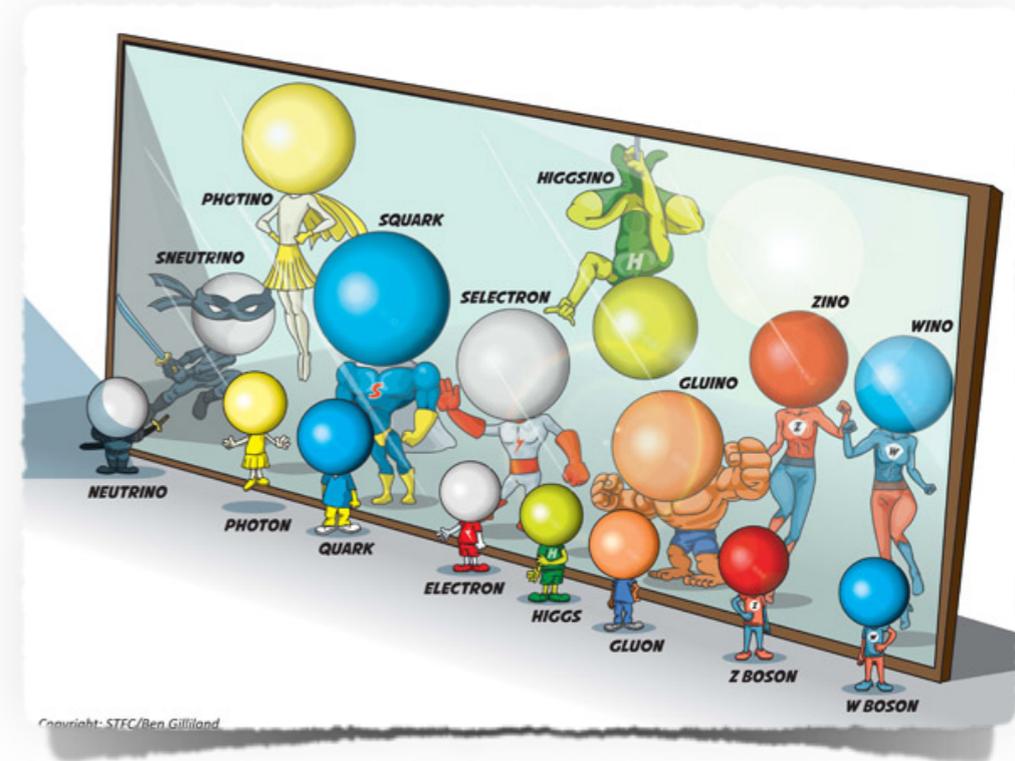


UCI IRVINE

Supersymmetry (SUSY)

- SUSY : A framework, many realizations - not magic
- **Space-time symmetry** that postulates a partner particle to each SM particle whose spin differs by one-half unit
- Loop corrections from SUSY particles **cancel quadratic divergences**: m_H is saved!?
- If R-parity conserved lightest SUSY particle (**LSP**) is a **dark matter candidate**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{R-parity} &: (-1)^{3(B-L)+2s} \\ &+1 \text{ for SM and } -1 \text{ for SUSY} \end{aligned}$$



Electroweak Sector:

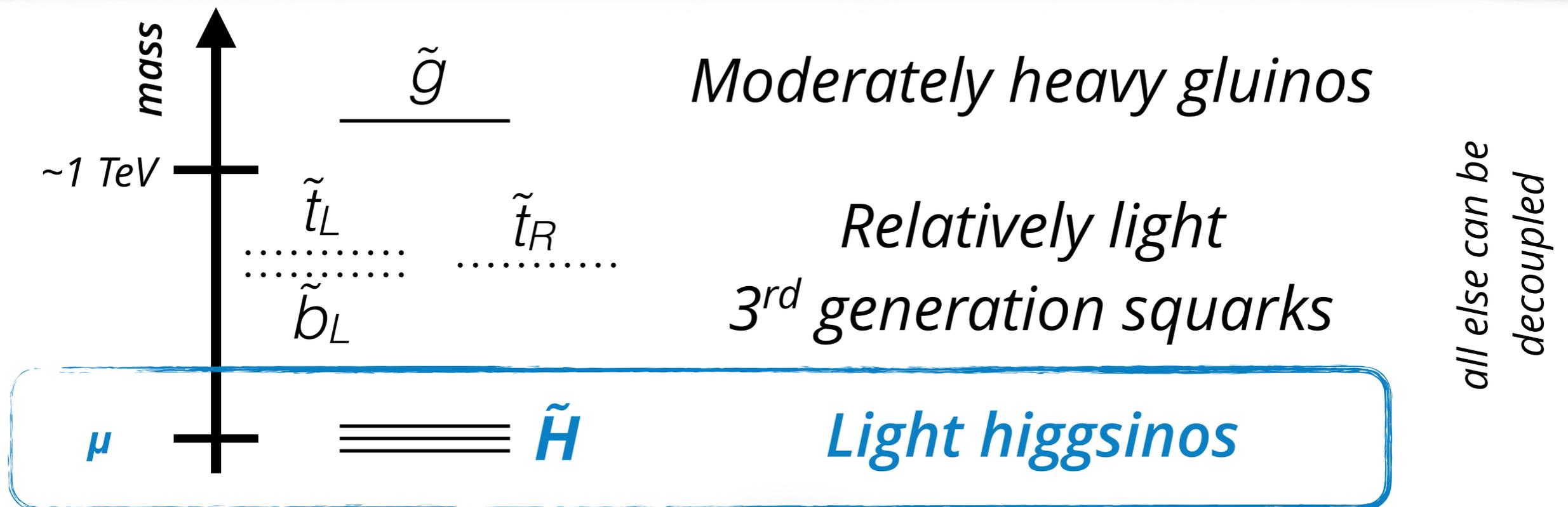
\tilde{B} (bino), \tilde{W} (wino), \tilde{H} (higgsino)

mixing

$\tilde{\chi}_i^\pm$ w/ $i \in [1,2]$ (charginos)
 $\tilde{\chi}_i^0$ w/ $i \in [1,4]$ (neutralinos)

Why Higgsinos in all SUSY-land?

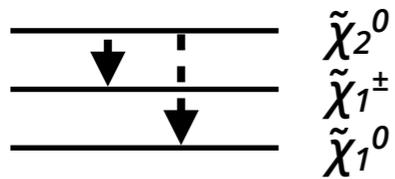
- We know that SUSY must be a broken symmetry
- Implications of many other experimental measurements:
 - Cosmological constraints on the dark matter relic density
 - Higgs related measurements (mass, BRs etc.)
- **Natural** SUSY scenarios typically favor:



Higgsino Searches in ATLAS

E mass

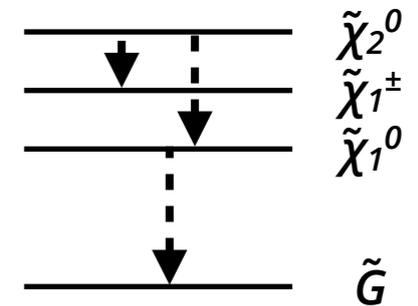
Scenario 1



Scenario 2



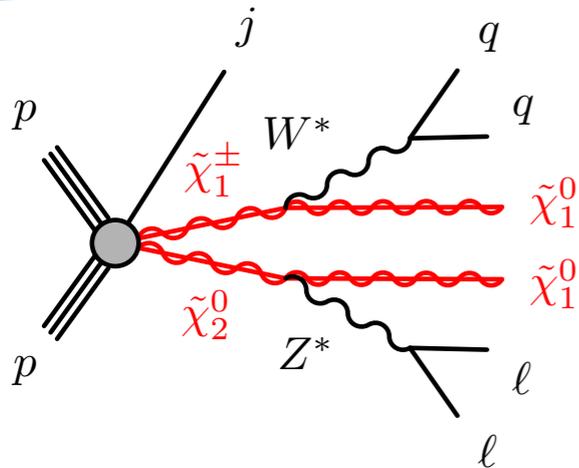
Scenario 3



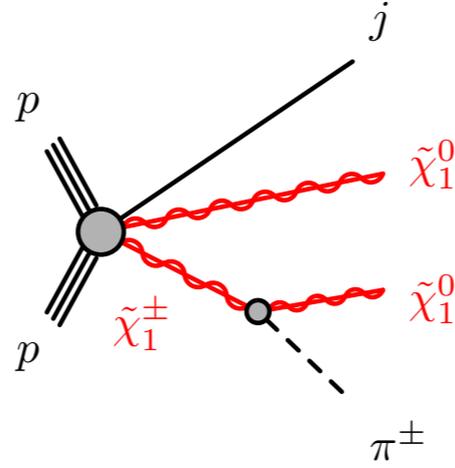
$\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim$ a few GeV

$\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim 300$ MeV

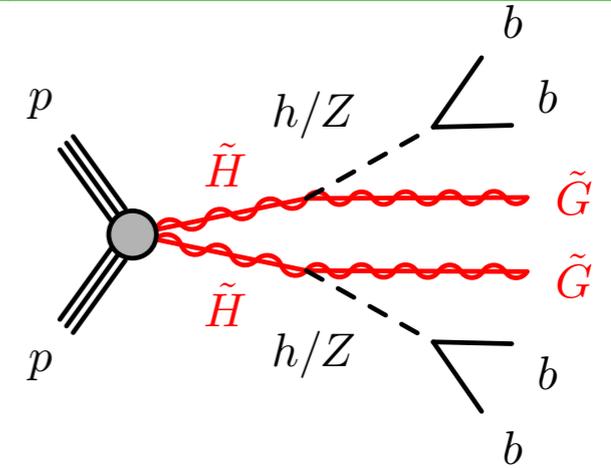
$\Delta m(\tilde{\chi}_2^0, \tilde{\chi}_1^\pm, \tilde{\chi}_1^0) \sim$ a few GeV



- Decays via *off-shell* W/Z
- Soft-leptons + jets



- Extremely compressed
- Disappearing tracks



- Decays via *on-shell* h/Z
- $\geq 3b$ -jets

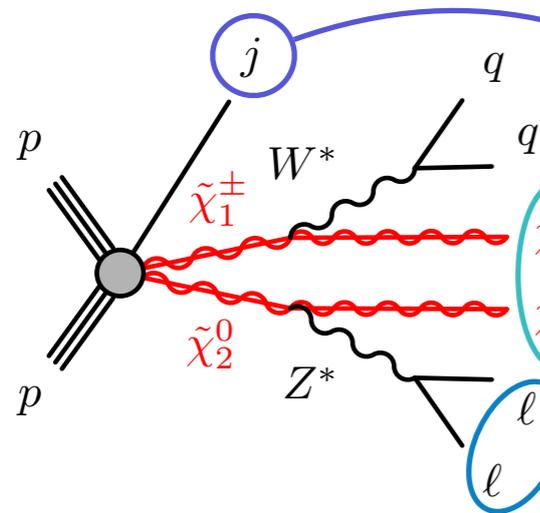
[arxiv:1712.08119](https://arxiv.org/abs/1712.08119)

[arxiv:1712.02118](https://arxiv.org/abs/1712.02118)

[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-019](https://atlas.cern/ATL-PHYS-PUB-2017-019)

[ATLAS-CONF-2017-081](https://atlas.cern/ATLAS-CONF-2017-081)

Scenario 1 : Soft-leptons + jets



Experimental signature:

- Initial-state radiation to boost final state objects,
- missing transverse momentum (MET) from $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$,
- and 2 low- p_T opposite-sign leptons from Z^*

Signal region selection:

Variable	Common requirement	
Number of leptons	= 2	
Lepton charge and flavor	e^+e^- or $\mu^+\mu^-$	
Leading lepton $p_T^{\ell_1}$	> 5 (5) GeV for electron (muon)	
Subleading lepton $p_T^{\ell_2}$	> 4.5 (4) GeV for electron (muon)	
$\Delta R_{\ell\ell}$	> 0.05	
$m_{\ell\ell}$	$\in [1, 60]$ GeV excluding $[3.0, 3.2]$ GeV	
E_T^{miss}	> 200 GeV	
Number of jets	≥ 1	
Leading jet p_T	> 100 GeV	
$\Delta\phi(j_1, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}})$	> 2.0	
$\min(\Delta\phi(\text{any jet}, \mathbf{p}_T^{\text{miss}}))$	> 0.4	
Number of b -tagged jets	= 0	
$m_{\tau\tau}$	< 0 or > 160 GeV	
	Electroweakino SRs	Slepton SRs
$\Delta R_{\ell\ell}$	< 2	—
$m_T^{\ell_1}$	< 70 GeV	—
$E_T^{\text{miss}}/H_T^{\text{lep}}$	$> \max(5, 15 - 2 \frac{m_{\ell\ell}}{1 \text{ GeV}})$	$> \max(3, 15 - 2 (\frac{m_{T2}^{100}}{1 \text{ GeV}} - 100))$
Binned in	$m_{\ell\ell}$	m_{T2}^{100}

Key aspects of the search:

Sensitivity driven by low- p_T leptons (lower than any other ATLAS search!)

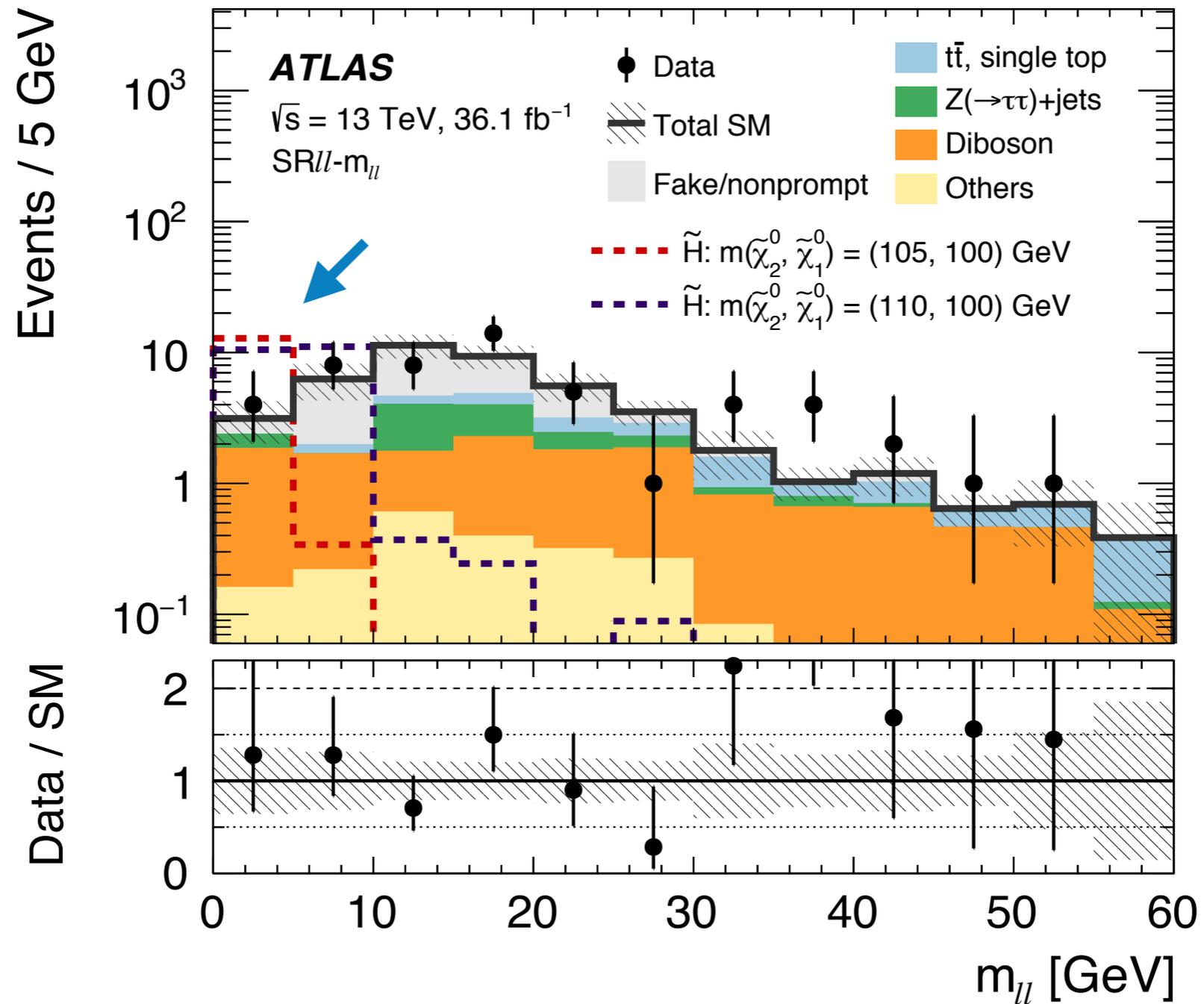
Binned $m_{\ell\ell}$ starting from 1 GeV! (Higgsino scenario)

High- p_T jet(s) and MET (well separated)

Binned m_{T2} starting from 100 GeV (Slepton scenario)

Scenario 1 : Challenges

m_{ll} distribution in the Higgsino signal region



Scenario 1 : Challenges

Signal localized in low m_{ll} - leptons can have low- p_T :

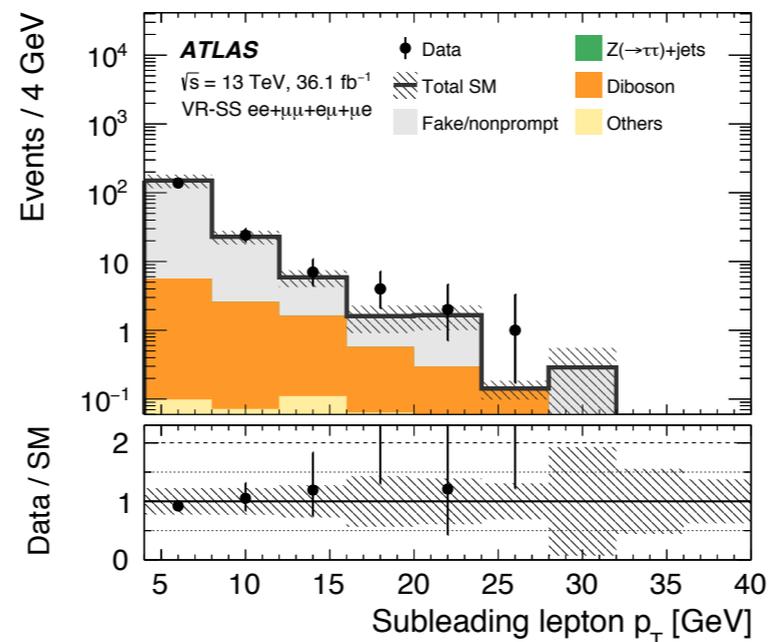
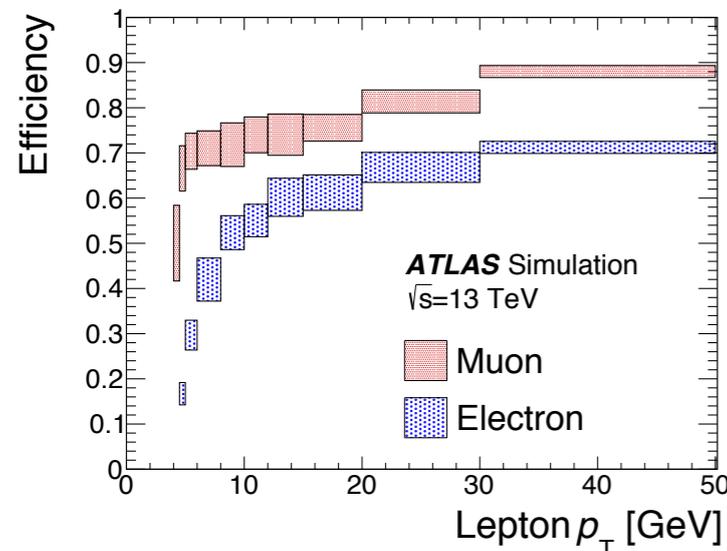
Need robust fake/non-prompt lepton background modeling

Need understanding lepton identification in low- p_T regime

Need to keep low-mass resonances under control

Need to suppress backgrounds from mis-measurements

Signal lepton efficiencies



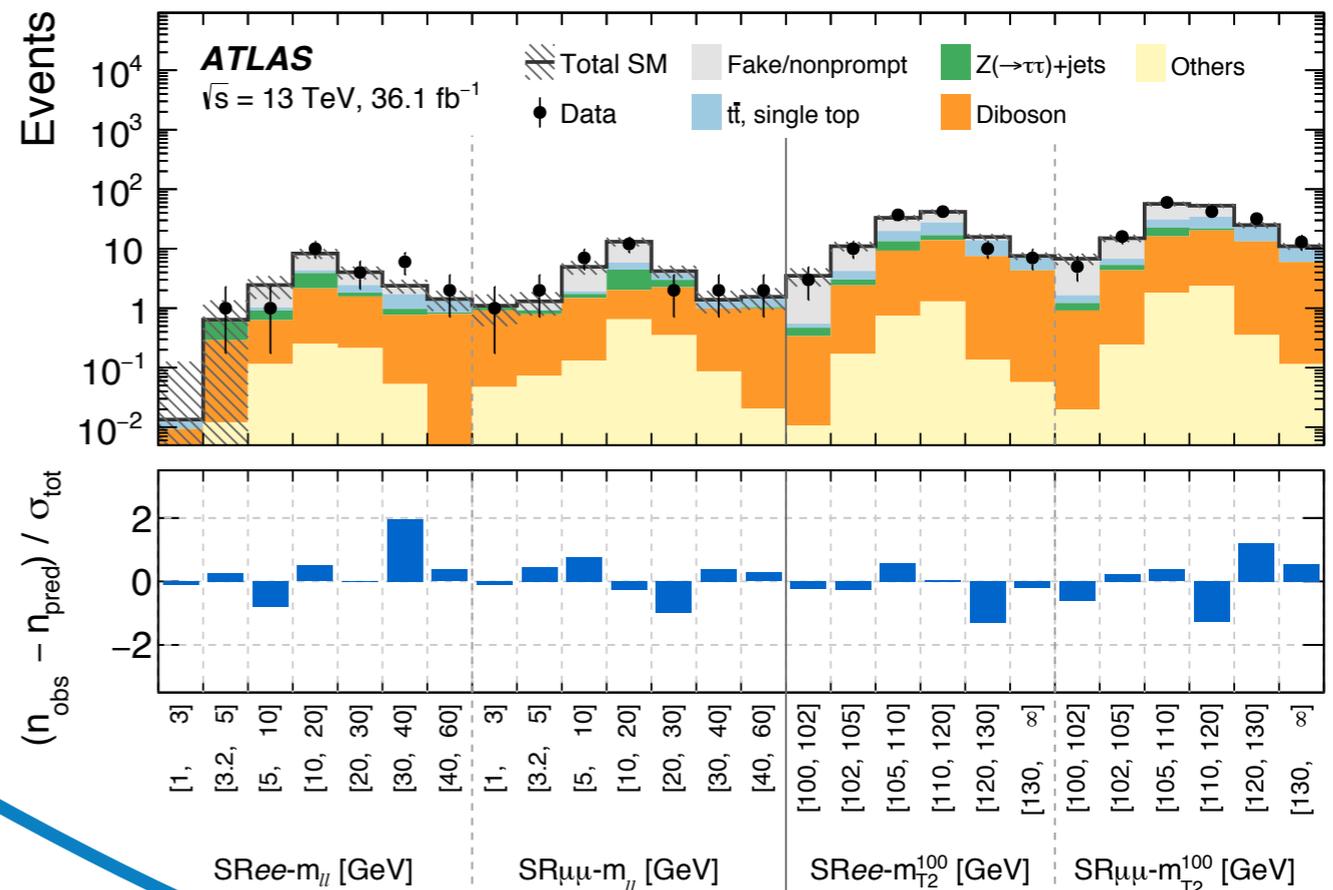
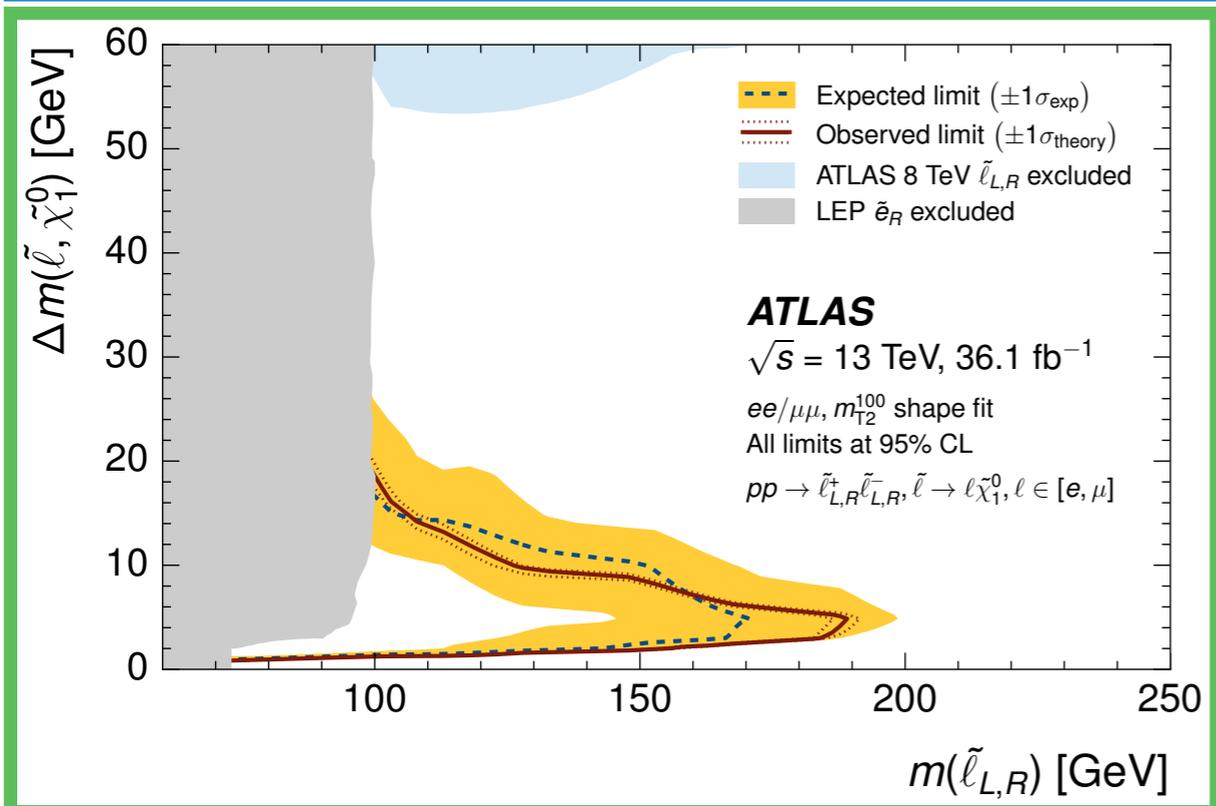
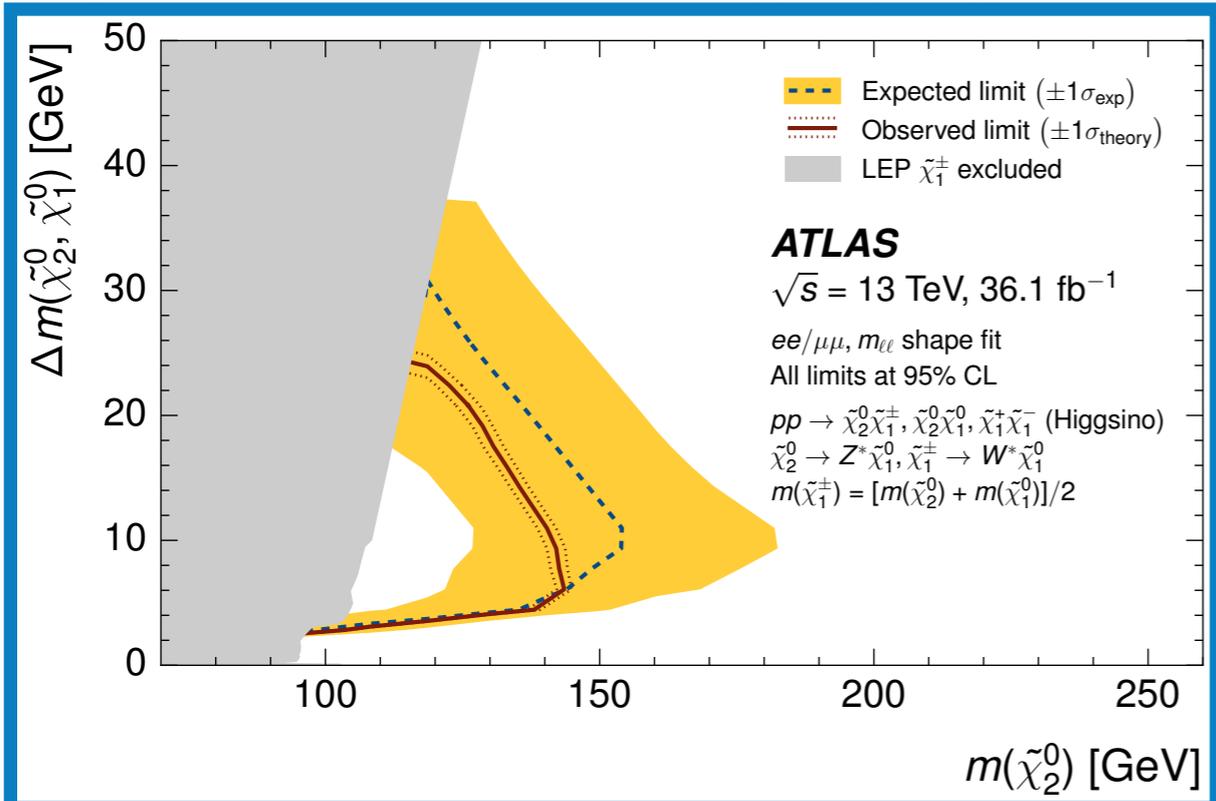
Data-driven fake/non-prompt lepton background estimation (so-called *Fake Factor* method)

Carefully tested in validation regions

Special effort to keep the uncertainties under control, i.e. $<50\%$ in $m_{ll} \in [1-3]$ GeV, (largest source of uncertainty)

Other major backgrounds (top, $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$) corrected w/ data-driven normalization factors and are also validated

Scenario 1 : Results

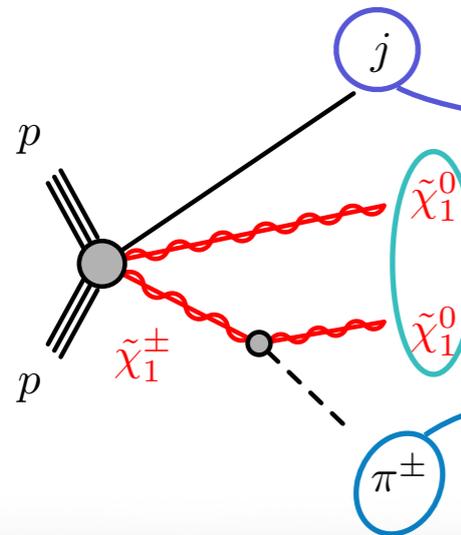


signal regions targeting higgsino-pairs

signal regions targeting slepton-pairs

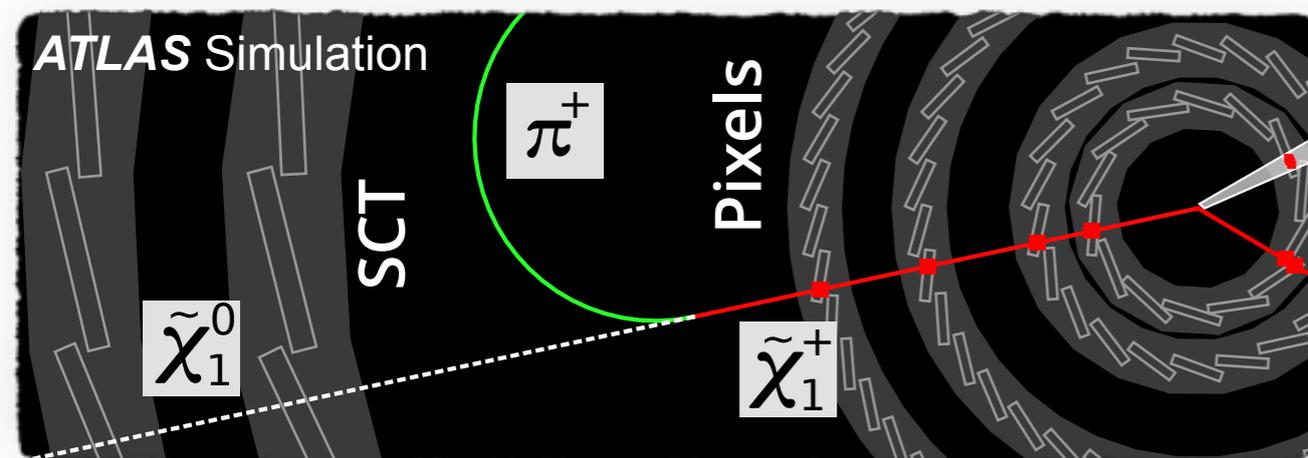
Sensitivity beyond LEP limits in fairly compressed scenarios!

Scenario 2 : Disappearing tracks



Experimental signature:

- Initial-state radiation to boost final state objects,
- missing transverse momentum (MET) from $\tilde{\chi}_1^0$,
- low- p_T pion, "disappearing" $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ track(s)



For the Higgsino scenario:

$\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ lifetime of ~ 0.05 ns w/ $c\tau \sim 10$ -ish mm $\gamma \sim 1$
 $\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm$ track w/ a few pixel hits but no SCT hit
(referred to as *pixel tracklets*)

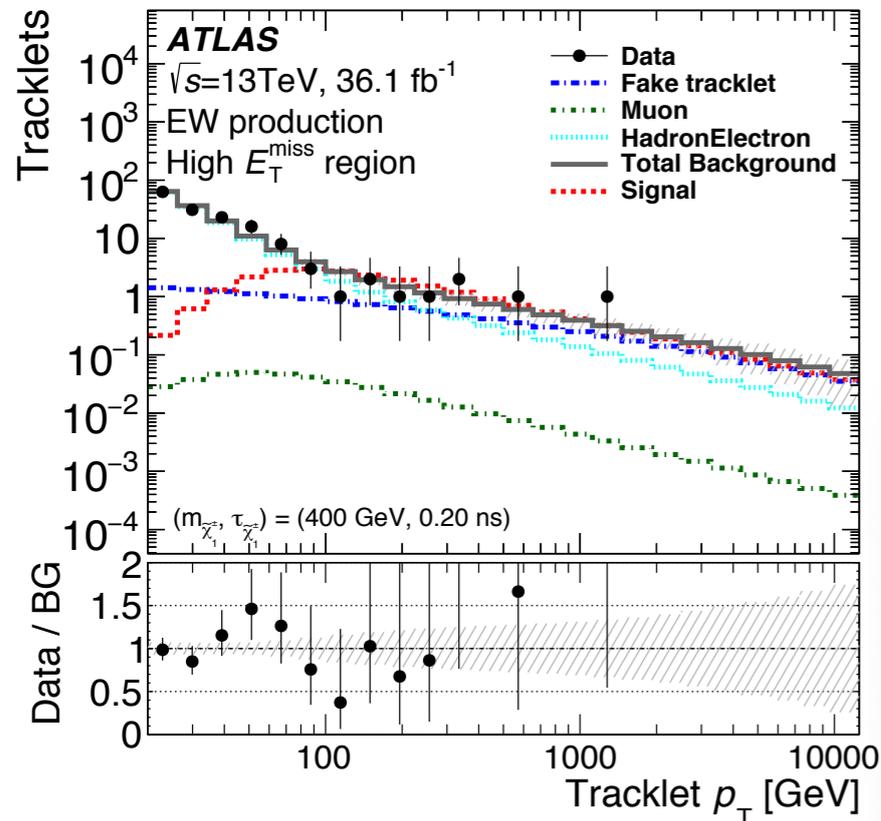
Signal region selection:

- ≥ 1 jet ($p_T > 140$ GeV) and MET > 140 GeV
- Well separated jets and MET
- ≥ 1 pixel tracklet

Key aspects of the search:

- Backgrounds from data-driven templates (likelihood fit to pixel tracklet p_T spectrum)
- Analysis specific track reconstruction

Scenario 2 : Challenges



1. Data-driven templates for each source
2. Likelihood fit to pixel tracklet p_T spectrum
3. Search for an excess

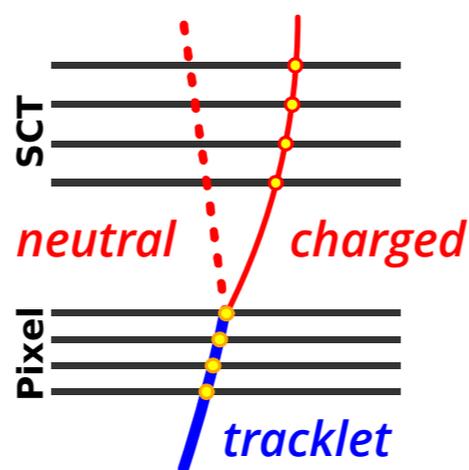
Unique signature requires non-standard methodologies:

Need custom track reconstruction logic and algorithm

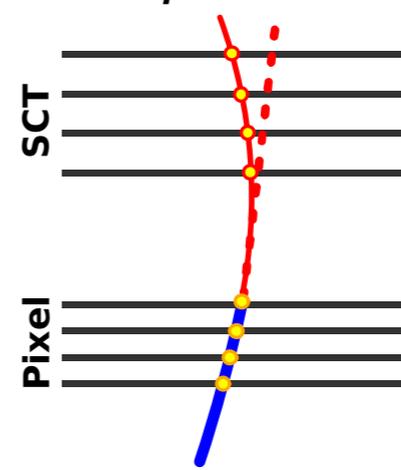
Need unique data-driven background estimations techniques

Need to suppress backgrounds from mis-measurements/fakes

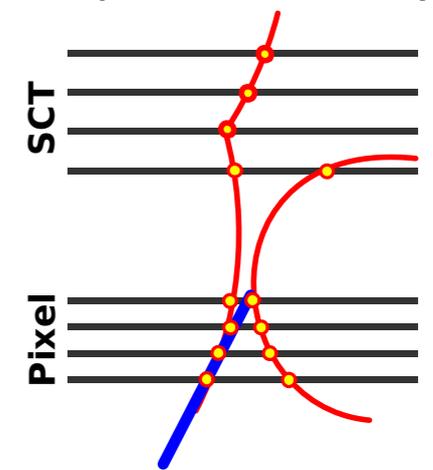
*Hadron emitting
hard scatter*



*Lepton emitting
photon*



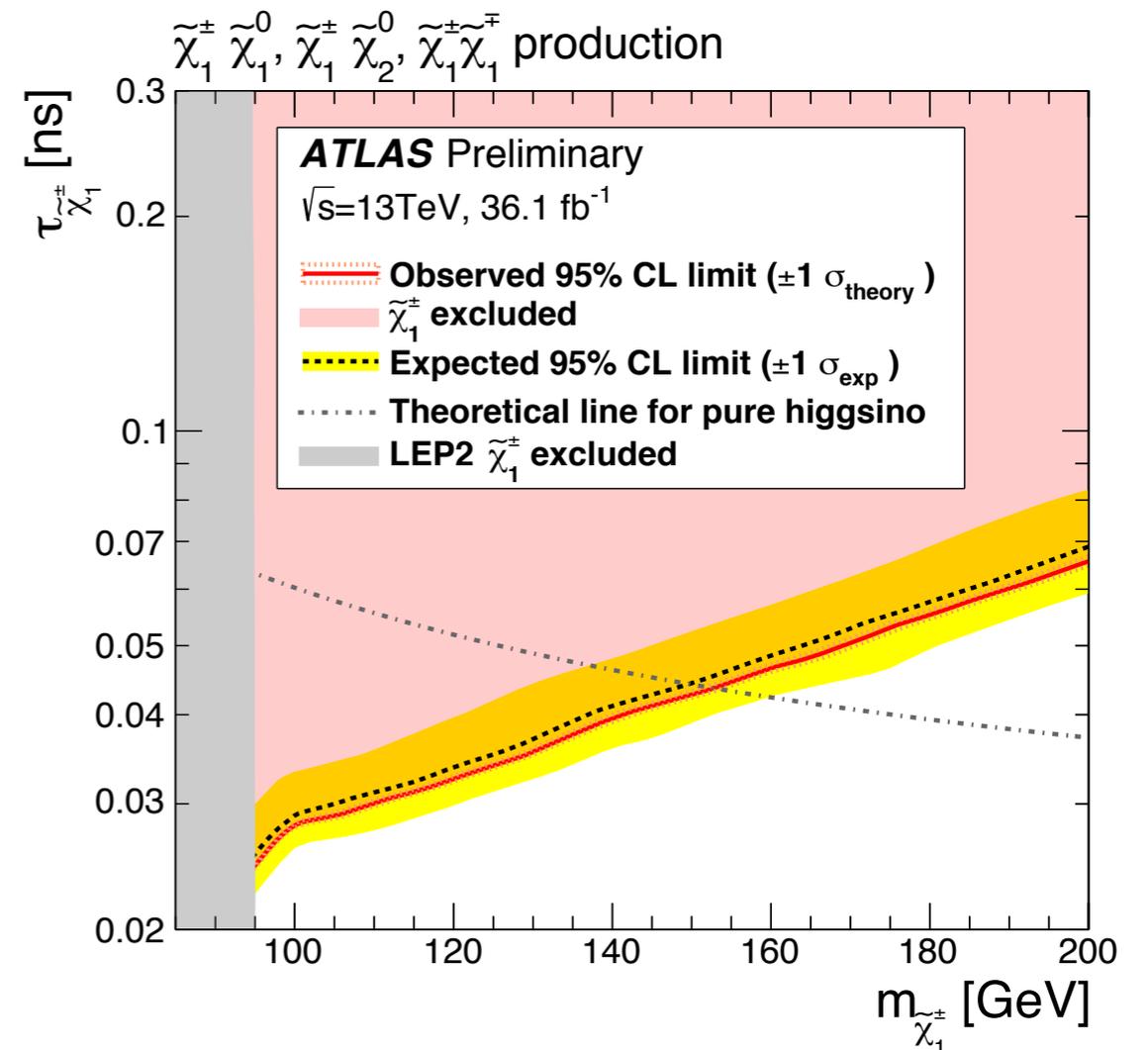
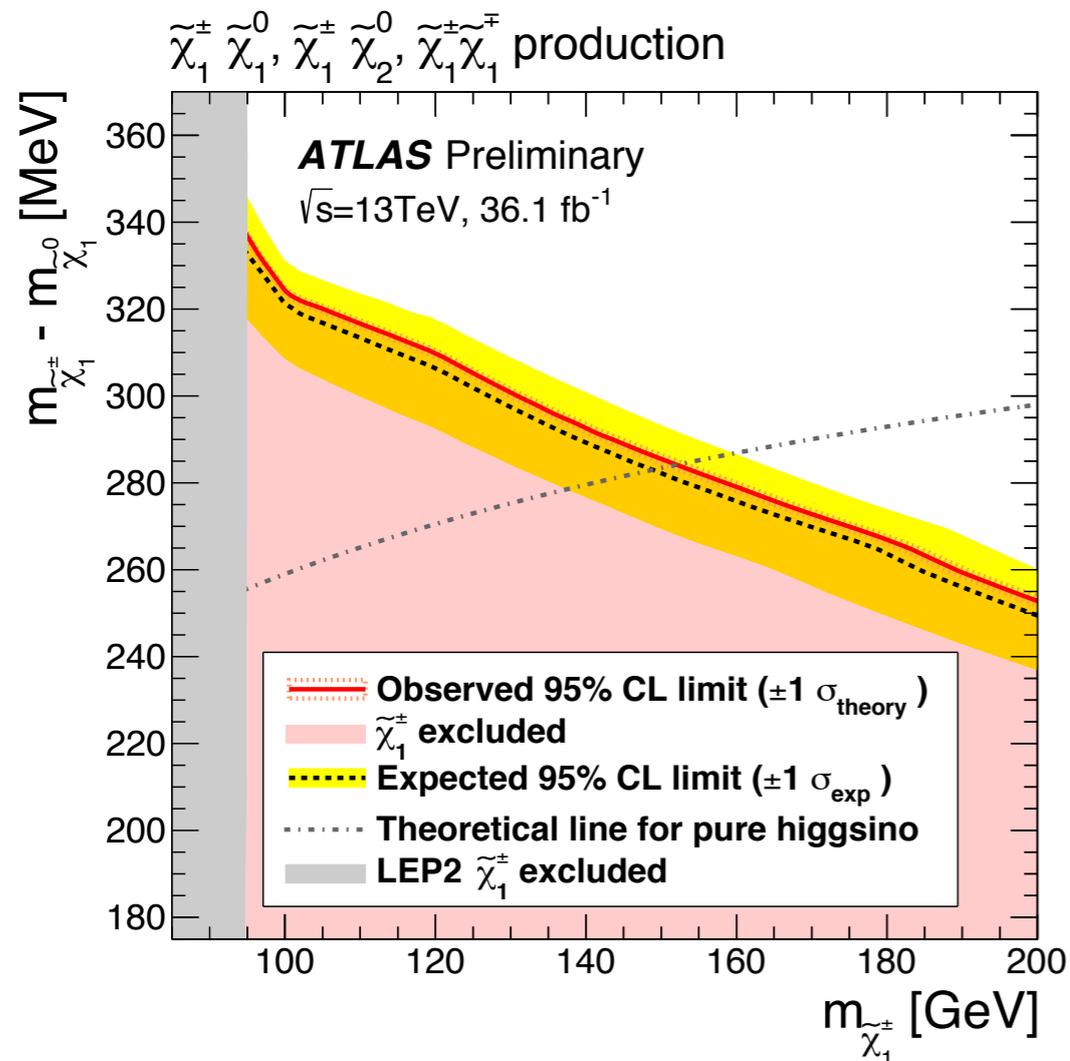
*Random hits
(combinatorics)*



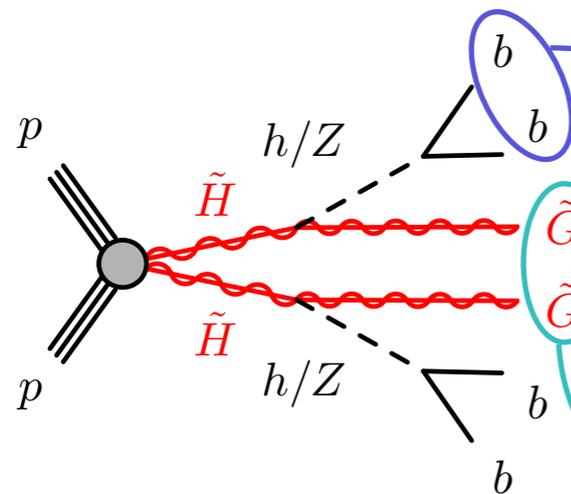
Standard track reconstruction → Unassociated pixel hits → *Tracklets*

Scenario 2 : Results

Number of observed events		9
Number of expected events		
Hadron+electron background	6.1	± 0.6
Muon background	0.15	± 0.09
Fake background	5.5	± 3.3
Total background	11.8	± 3.1
Number of expected signal events for the higgsino LSP model with $(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}, \tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}) = (160 \text{ GeV}, 0.05 \text{ ns})$		10.3 ± 2.1
Number of expected signal events for the wino LSP model with $(m_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}, \tau_{\tilde{\chi}_1^\pm}) = (400 \text{ GeV}, 0.2 \text{ ns})$		13.5 ± 2.1



Scenario 3 : $\geq 3b$ -jets



Experimental signature:

Massless \tilde{G} allows on-shell h/Z decays,
 $h \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ gives powerful $4b$ final state w/ large branching ratios,
 missing transverse momentum (MET) from \tilde{G}

Low-mass search ($m_{\tilde{H}} < 300$ GeV):

b -jet triggers
 (allows probing low-MET)

$\geq 4b$ -jets
 (use 4 w/ highest b -tag score)
 paired based on ΔR_{jj} and m_{jj}

Multi-bins in MET and $m_{\text{eff}} (\Sigma p_T^j + \text{MET})$

Data-driven background from $2b$ -jets

High-mass search ($m_{\tilde{H}} > 300$ GeV):

MET > 200 GeV
 (triggering)

≥ 4 jets (≥ 3 b -tagged),
 paired based on ΔR_{jj} (captures both h/Z)

Separated jets and large m_{eff}

$t\bar{t}$ normalized to data,
 other backgrounds from Monte-Carlo

Scenario 3 : Challenges

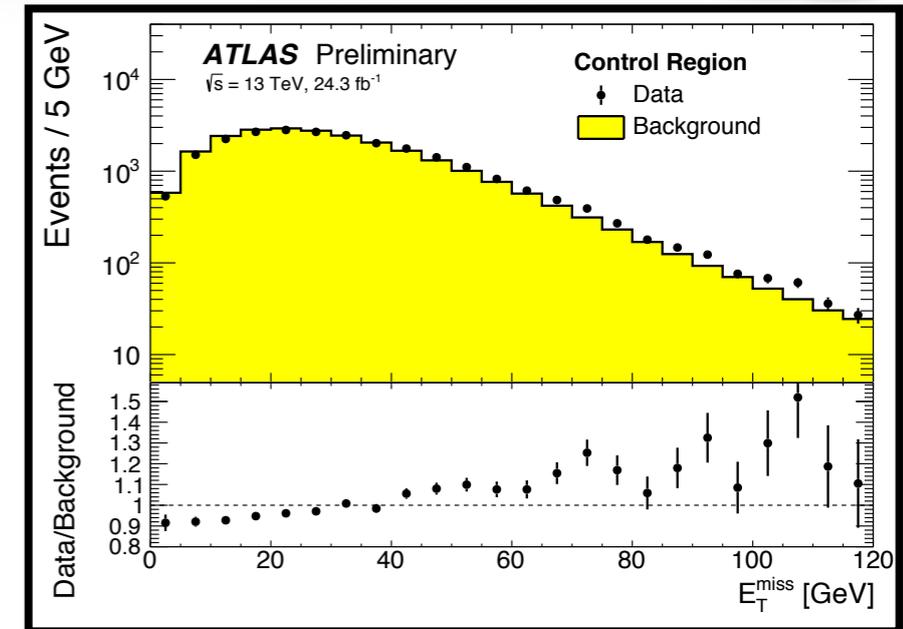
Analysis aims to cover both low- and high- $m_{\tilde{H}}$:

Need independent trigger strategies to maximize sensitivity

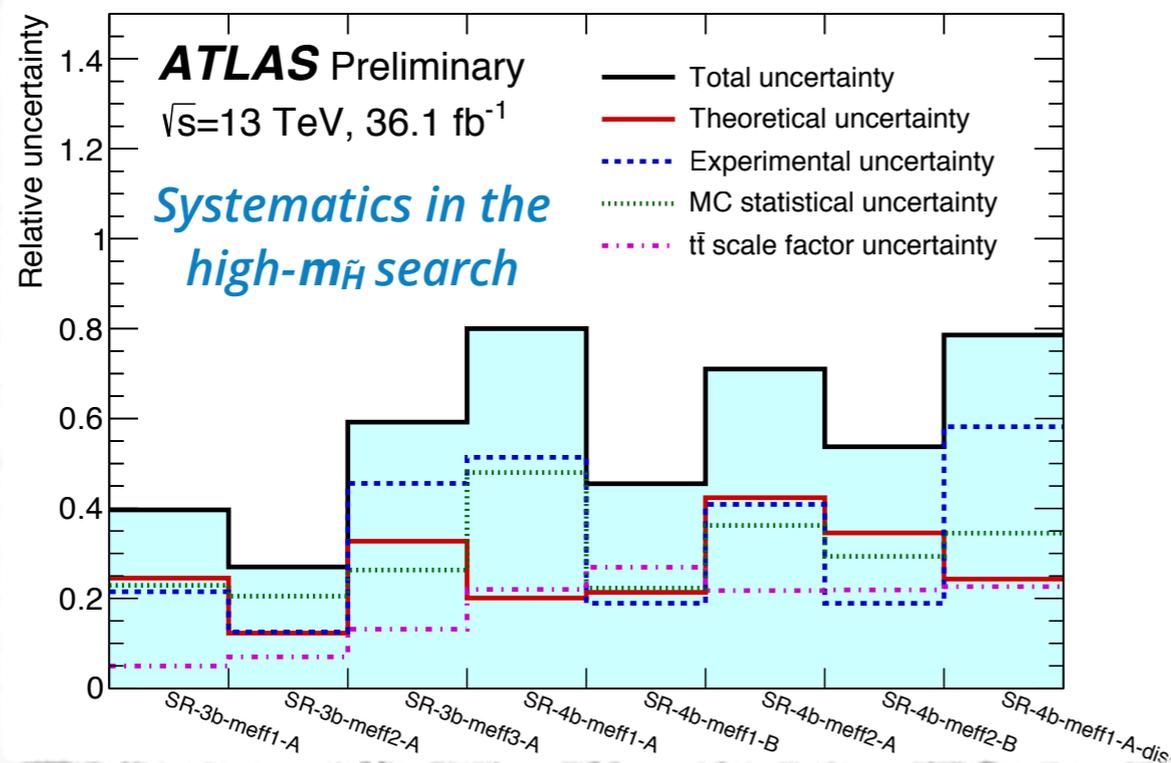
Need to keep optimization a bit generic to capture both h/Z

Need to carefully optimize flavor tagging strategy

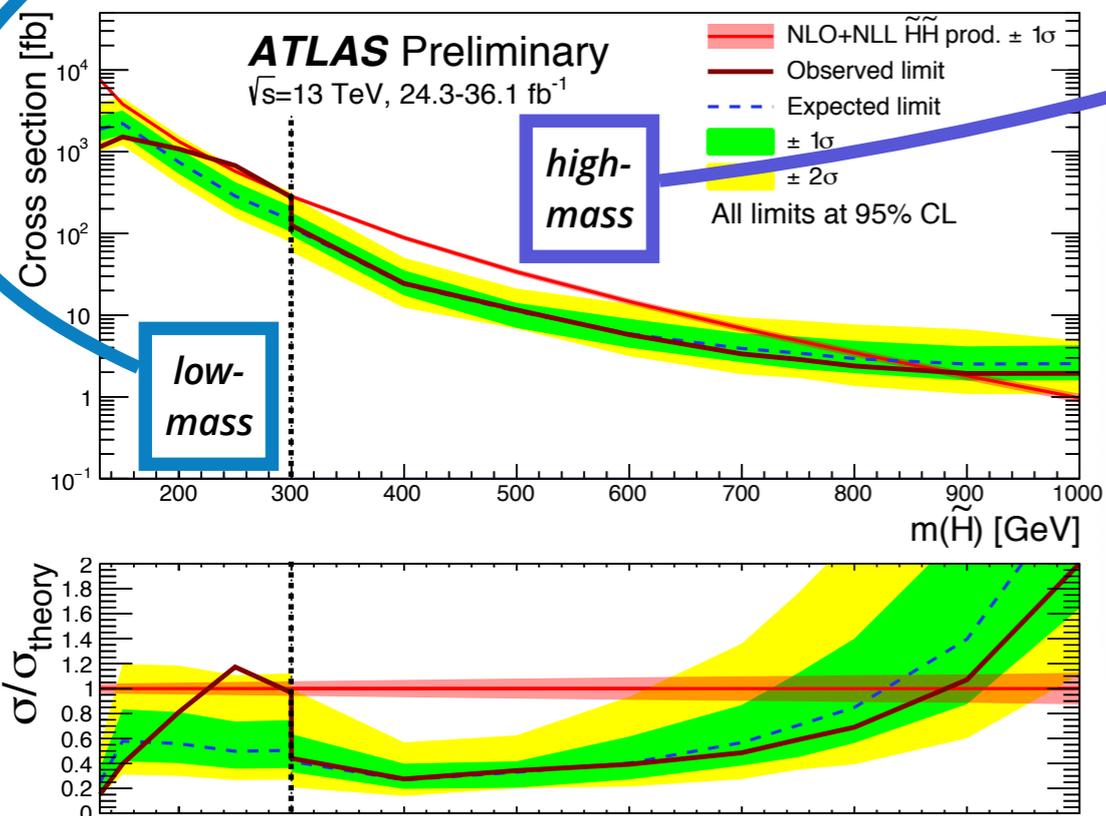
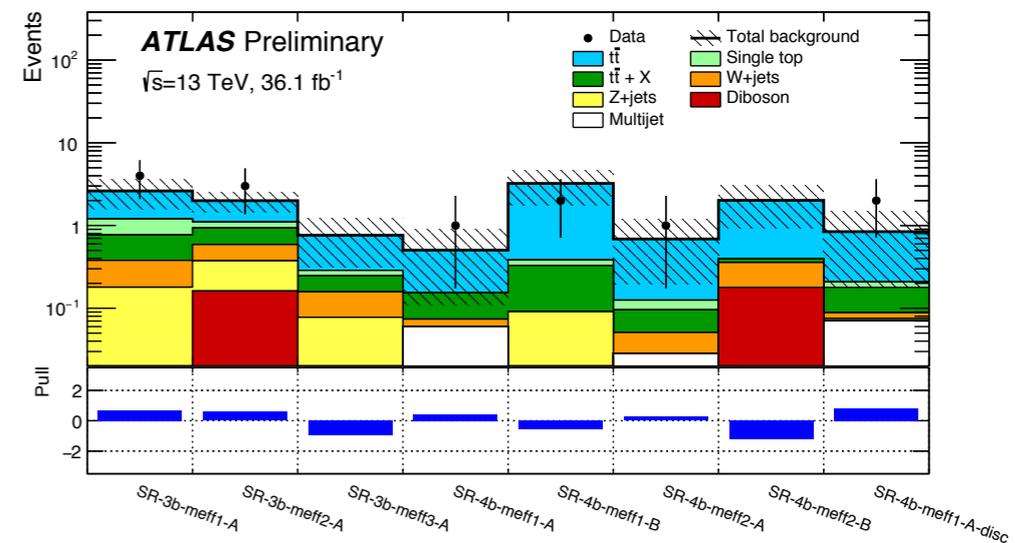
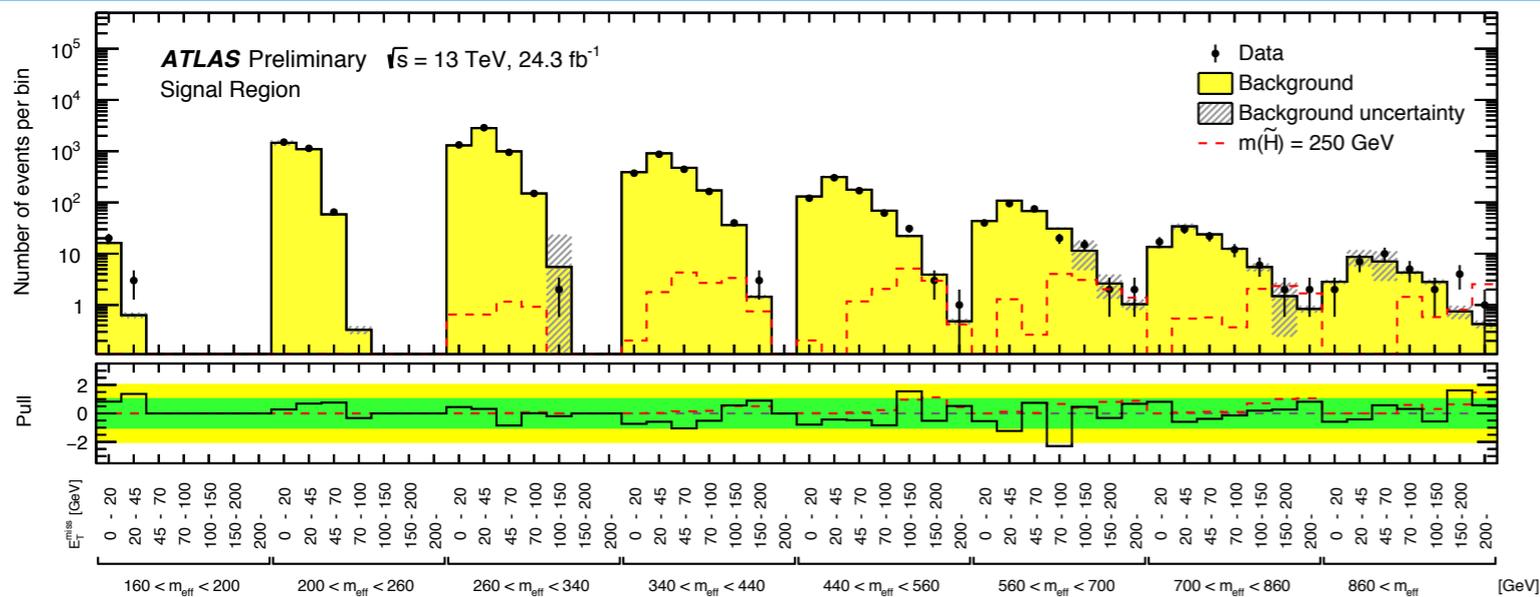
Need careful data-driven background estimate (i.e. low- $m_{\tilde{H}}$)



In low- $m_{\tilde{H}}$ search extract 2-tag \rightarrow 4-tag *normalization* and *shape* corrections in dedicated regions using BDT (purely *data-driven*)



Scenario 3 : Results

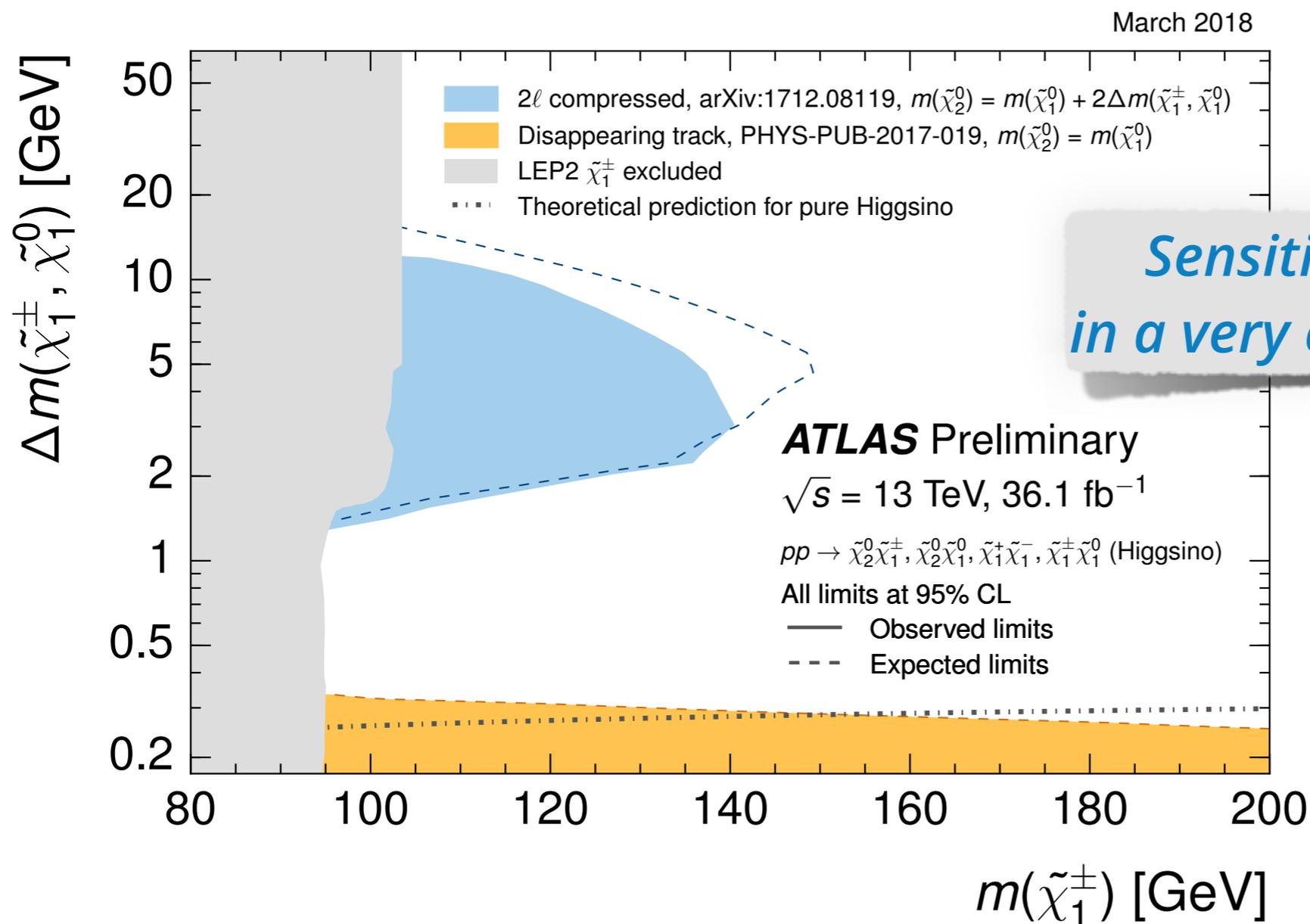


Total of
56 complementary bins in low-mass selection
8 complementary bins in high-mass selection

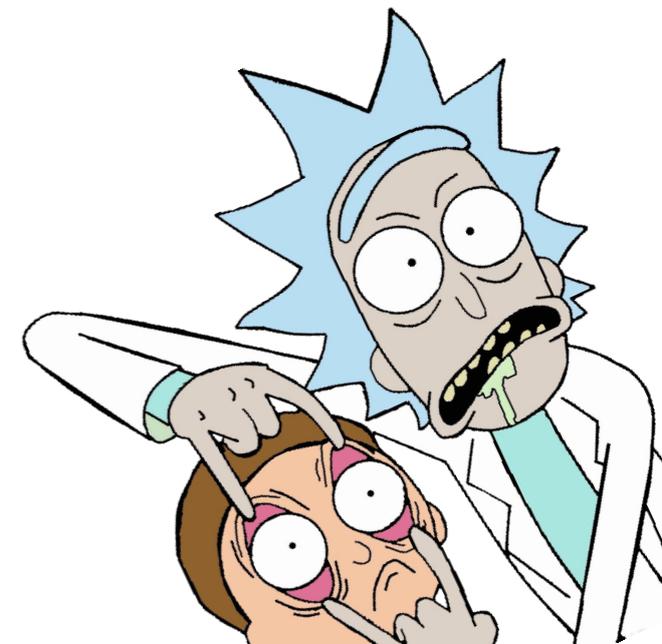
Largest excess is $\sim 2\sigma$
(4 data vs 1.0 ± 0.2 background)

Conclusions and Outlook

- ATLAS has a strong Higgsino search program that's getting even stronger!
- Many more results to come, stay tuned...



*Sensitivity beyond LEP limits
in a very challenging phase-space!*



Backup

Scenario 1 : Soft-leptons + jets

m_{T2} distribution in the Slepton signal region

