

Neutrino physics beyond PMNS

Matthieu VIVIER

CEA-Saclay, IRFU, 91191 Gif-sur-Yvette, FRANCE

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Outline

1. Sterile neutrinos

- Reactor antineutrino anomaly and light sterile neutrino searches
- Search for keV sterile neutrinos

2. Neutrino physics at ultra low energies

- Physics cases relevant to the ultra low energy domain
- Envisaged R&D technology

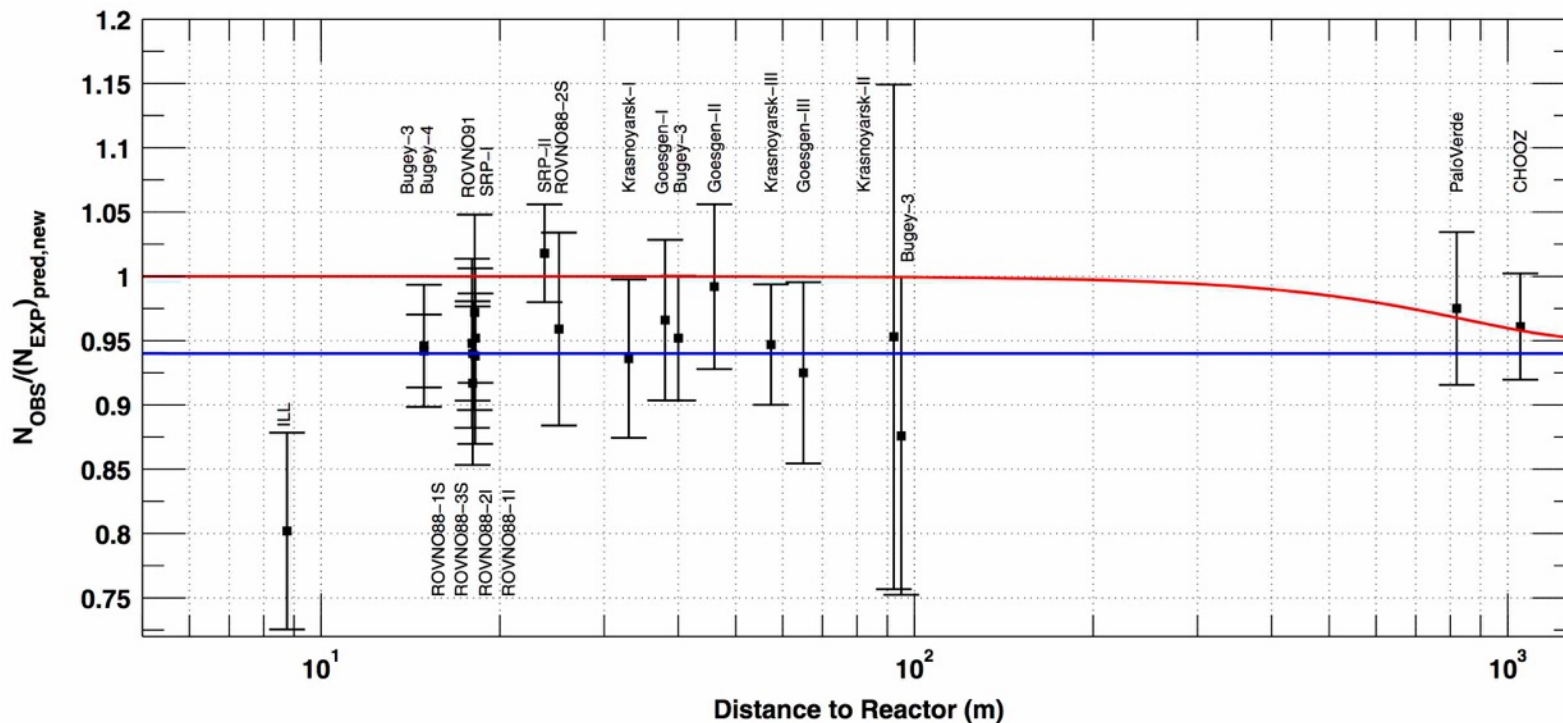
. Light sterile neutrino activities...

Reactor antineutrino anomaly (RAA)

- Re-evaluation of the ILL β spectra conversion procedure
- Refined corrections to β decay modeling + reactor off-equilibrium effects
- Updated neutron lifetime measurement to normalize IBD cross-section

Th. Mueller et al., Phys. Rev. C 83 (2011)
P. Huber, Phys. Rev. C 84 (2011)

Systematic deficit of measured $\bar{\nu}$ rates with respect to expectations in 19 old reactor experiments with baselines < 100 m



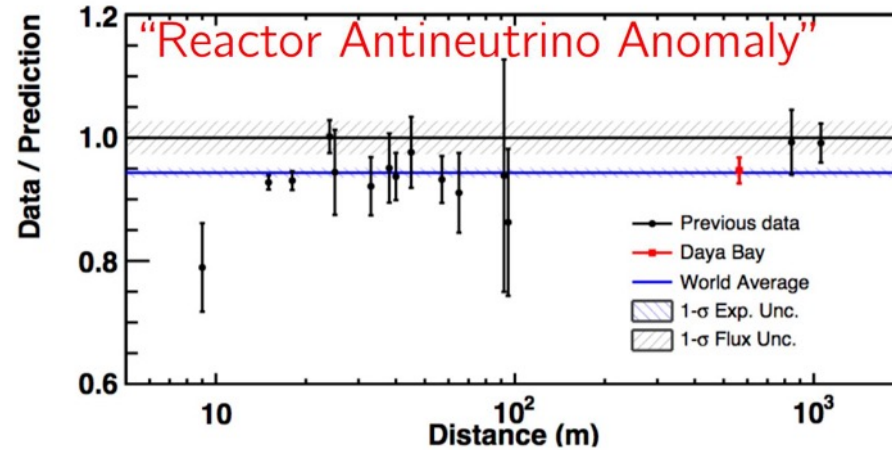
$\mu = 0.943 \pm 0.023$
(2.7 σ stat. significance)

G. Mention et al., PRD 83 (2011)

Reactor $\bar{\nu}$ fluxes: what's new since 2011?

- Daya Bay, Double Chooz, Reno & NEOS reactor $\bar{\nu}$ spectrum measurements

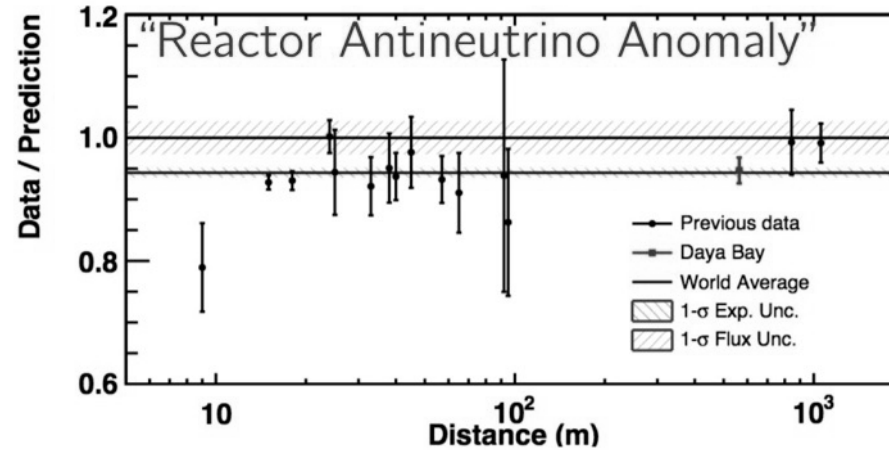
Integral flux measurements confirm the deficit



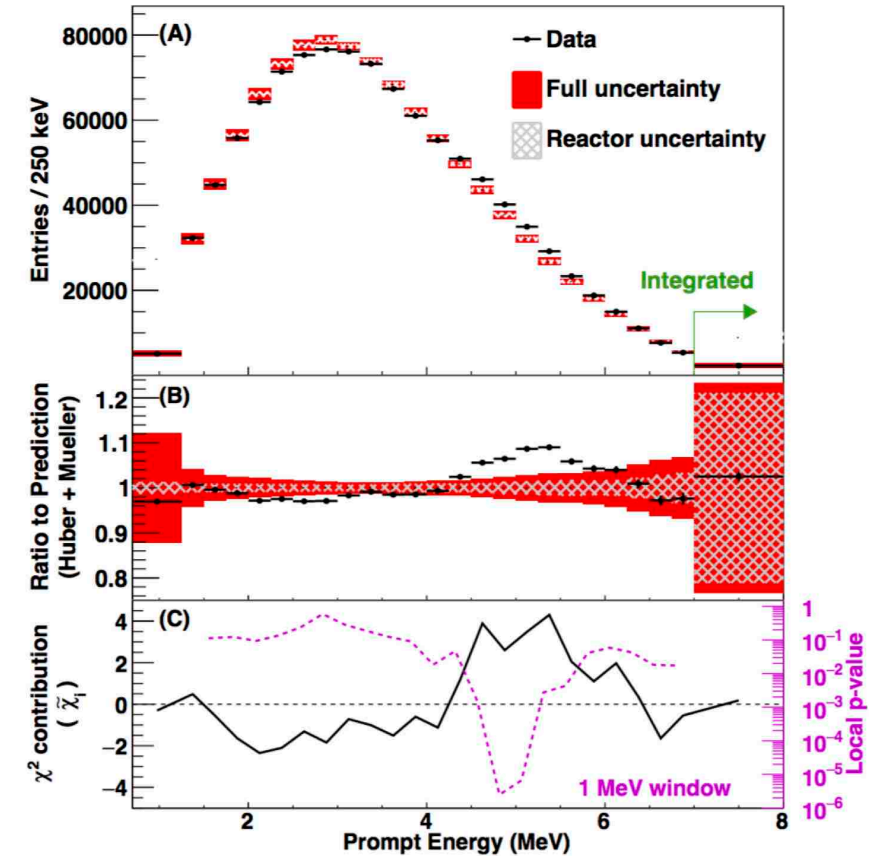
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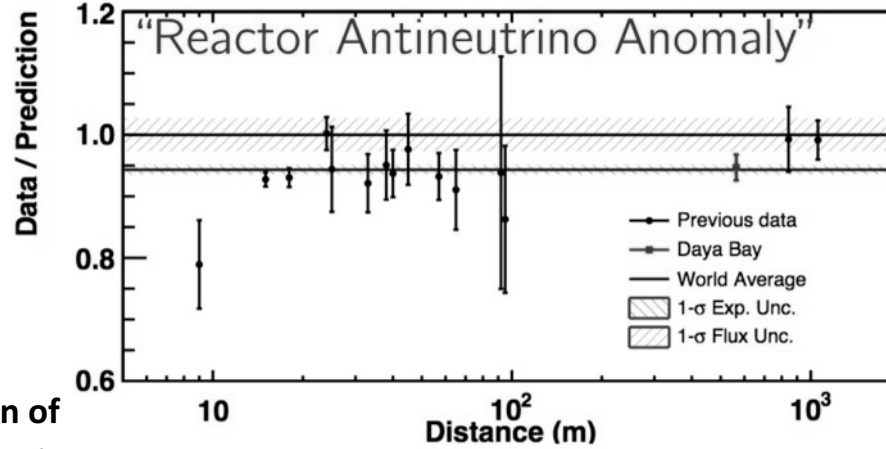
Shape disagreements with respect to predictions: “shape anomaly”



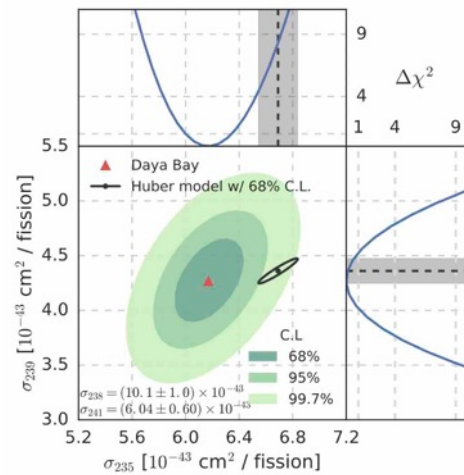
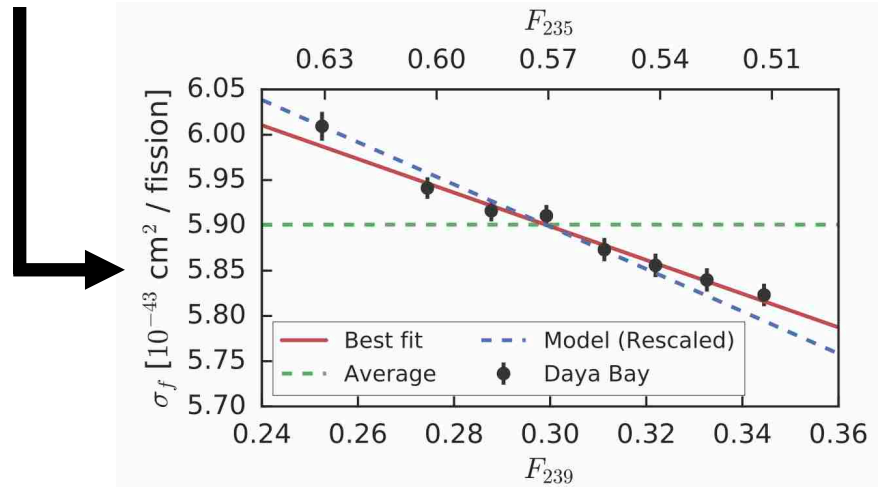
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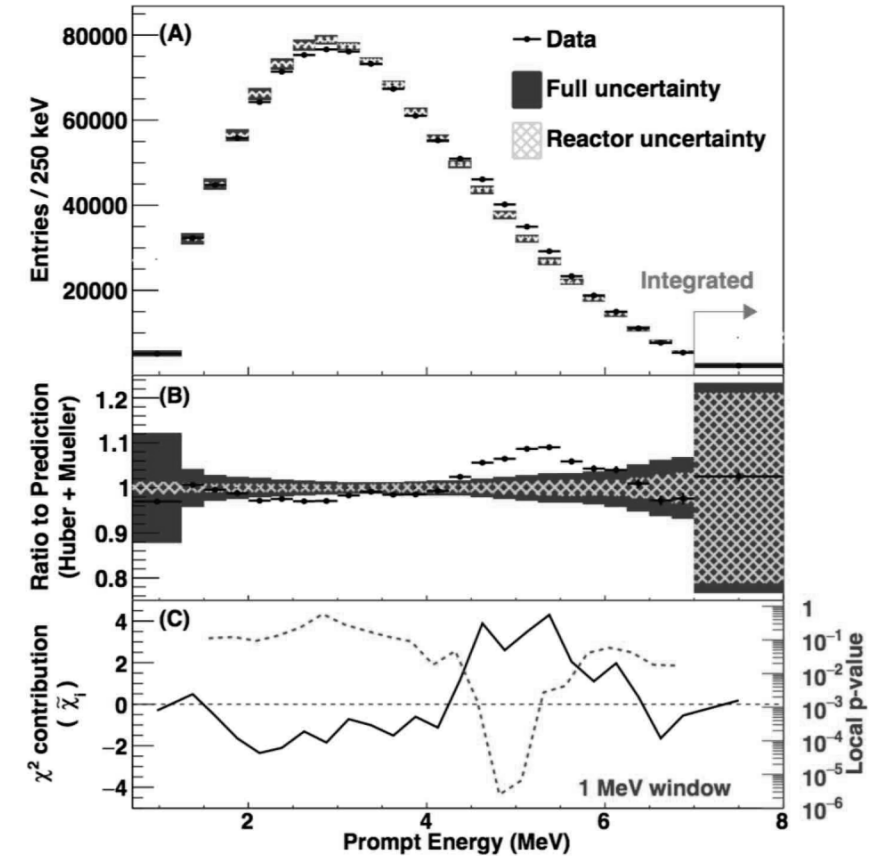
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Disagreements with the expected evolution of ν flux with isotopic composition of reactors + ^{235}U individual IBD yield prediction



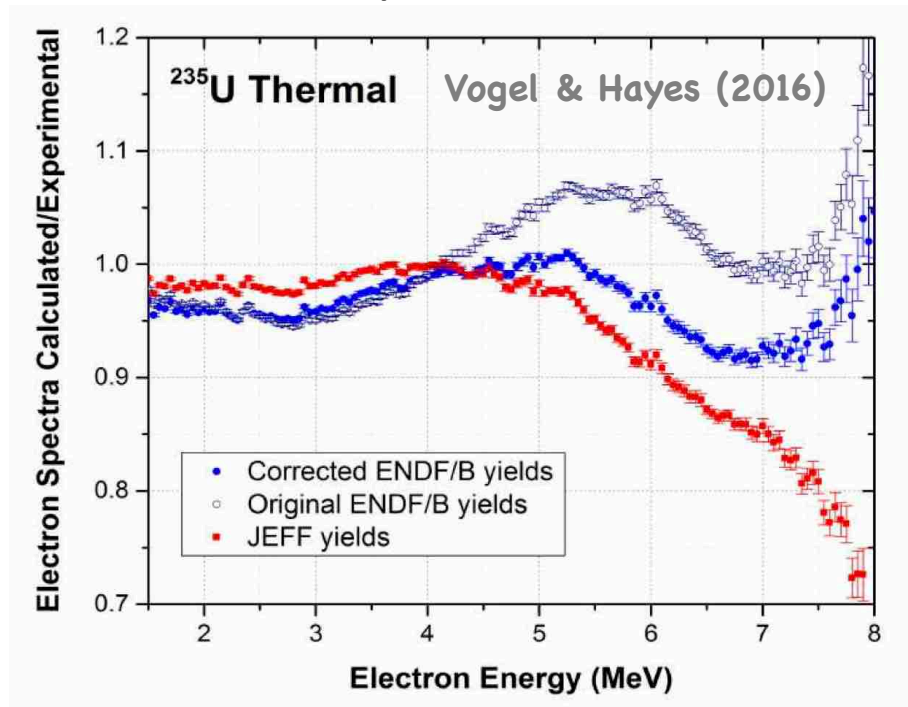
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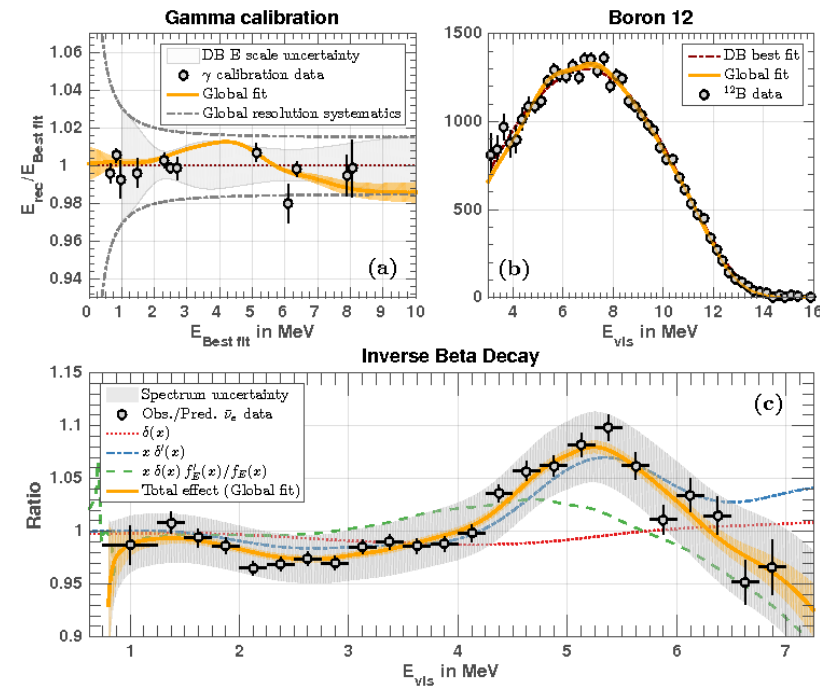
Reactor ν fluxes

- Several theoretical investigations motivated by these results, with different conclusions:
 - Potential weaknesses in reactor ν flux predictions could explain the origin of the rate and shape anomalies: β ILL spectra conversion, treatment of forbidden β decays, problems in nuclear databases, details about reactor physics, etc ...
 - Residual non-linearities in the energy scale of detectors could explain the shape anomaly

Effect of nuclear databases on ν flux computation for ^{235}U



Effect of residual non-linearity in Daya Bay's energy scale calibration on ν flux measurement



Mention et al., (2017)

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**Problems in the predictions? Detector effects?
Situation unclear...**

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NENuFAR project (New Evaluation of Neutrino Fluxes At Reactors) to fully revise calculations and go at a deeper level:

- Lead by DPhP
- Funded by PTC “simulation”
- Try to gather and benefit from all relevant expertise available at CEA: collaboration with DPhN & DEN/DM2S/SERMA (reactor computations), with possible extension to DRT/LIST/LNHB (state-of-the-art β decay modeling) and DAM (nuclear structure calculations)

Search for SBL oscillations

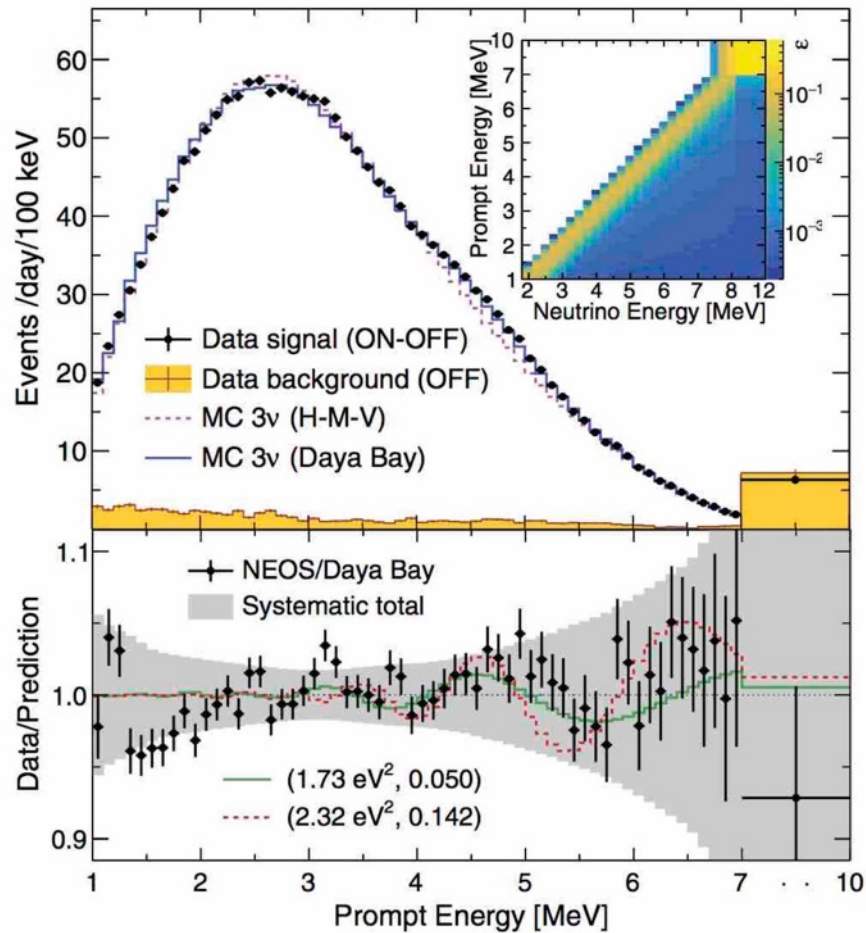
- If RAA is truly here, it could be interpreted by short baseline oscillation generated by a 4th neutrino state with $\Delta m_{41}^2 \sim 1 \text{ eV}^2$
- Many experimental efforts to test the RAA and look for SBL oscillation in the $\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e$ channel:

Name	Source	Baseline	Technology	Status
NEOS (Korea)	Commercial reactor	24 m	LS	Over
DANSS (Russia)	Commercial reactor	10-12 m	Segmented PS	Data collection phase
PROSPECT (USA)	Research reactor	7-12 m (movable)	Segmented LS	Construction phase
STEREO (France/Germany)	Research reactor	9-12 m	Segmented LS	Data collection phase
SoLid (France)	Research reactor	5.5-10 m	Segmented PS	Construction phase
Neutrino-4 (Russia)	Research reactor	6-12 m (movable)	LS	Data collection phase
CeSOX (France/Italy)	¹⁴⁴ Ce source	4-16 m	LS	Data collection in 2018
BEST (Russia)	⁵¹ Cr source	O(1 m)	Gallium	Conception phase

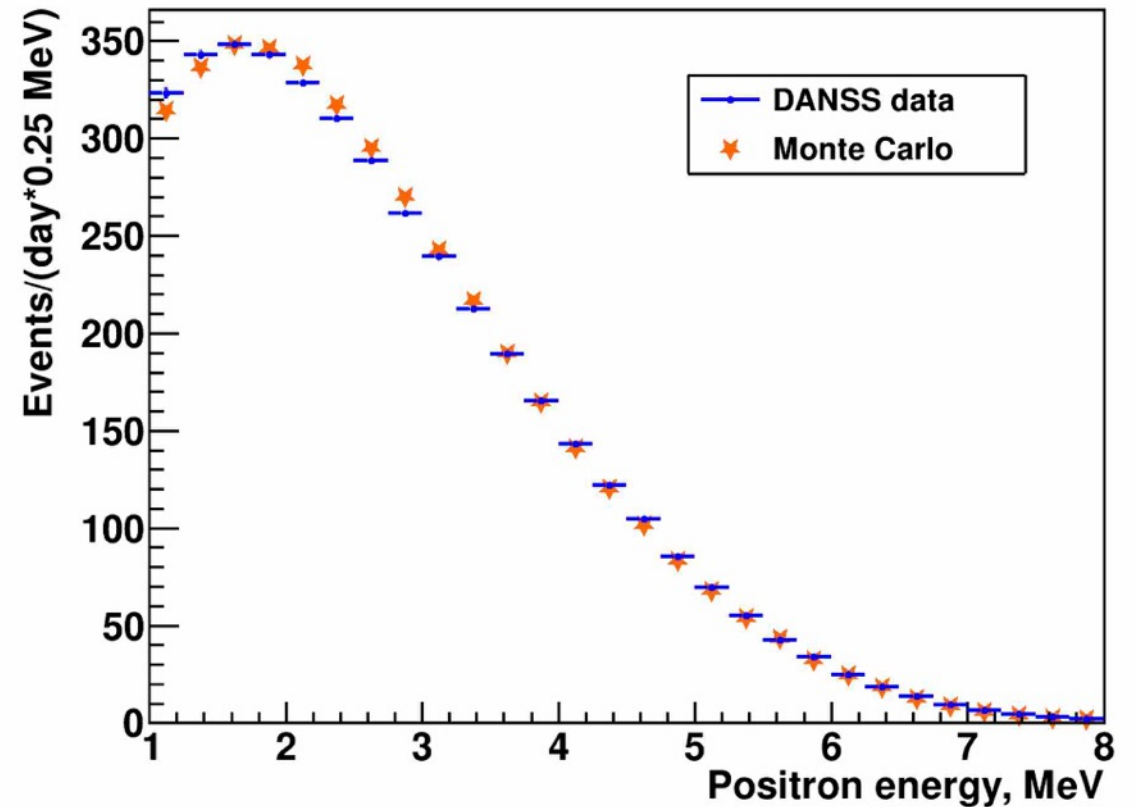
Search for SBL oscillations

- NEOS & DANSS first results: no indication for SBL oscillations in the $\nu_e \rightarrow \nu_e$ channel

Ko et al., PRL 118 121802 (2017)



M. Danilov, talk at HEP Venice (2017)

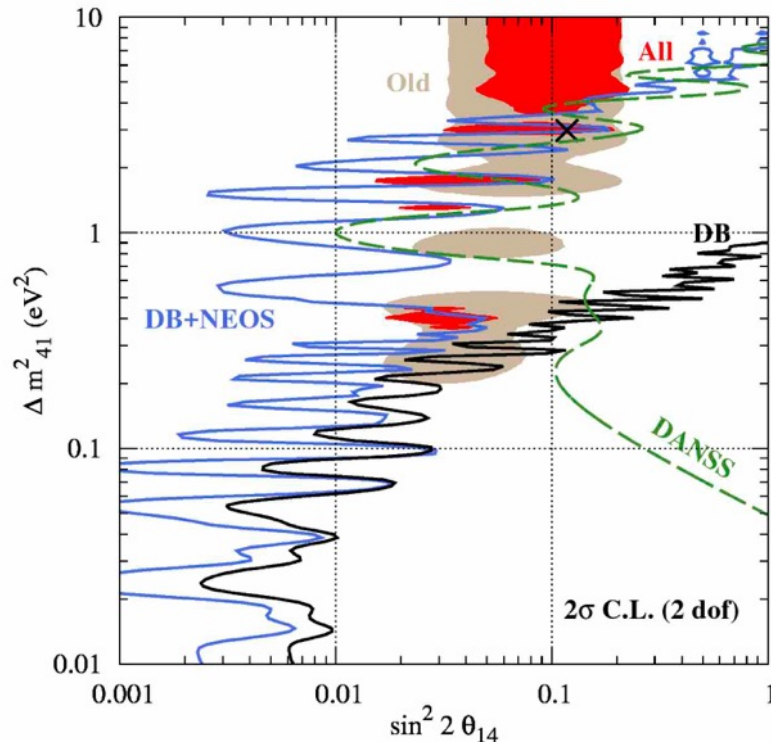


Status of RAA & SBL oscillations searches

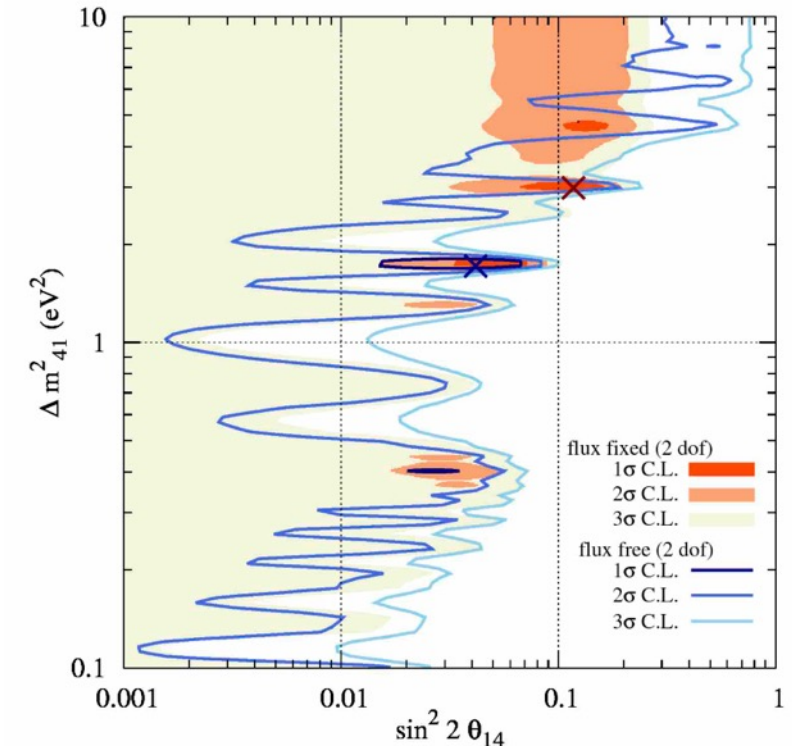
- Global fits combining Daya Bay, NEOS & DANSS data with old reactor experiments cannot favor one of the following hypotheses to explain the RAA:
 - Wrong computation of the reactor ν fluxes
 - Existence of short baseline oscillations generated by a 4th neutrino mass state

Dentler et al.,
arXiv:1709.04294 (2017)

Comparison of Daya Bay, NEOS & DANSS exclusion contours with old reactor experiments

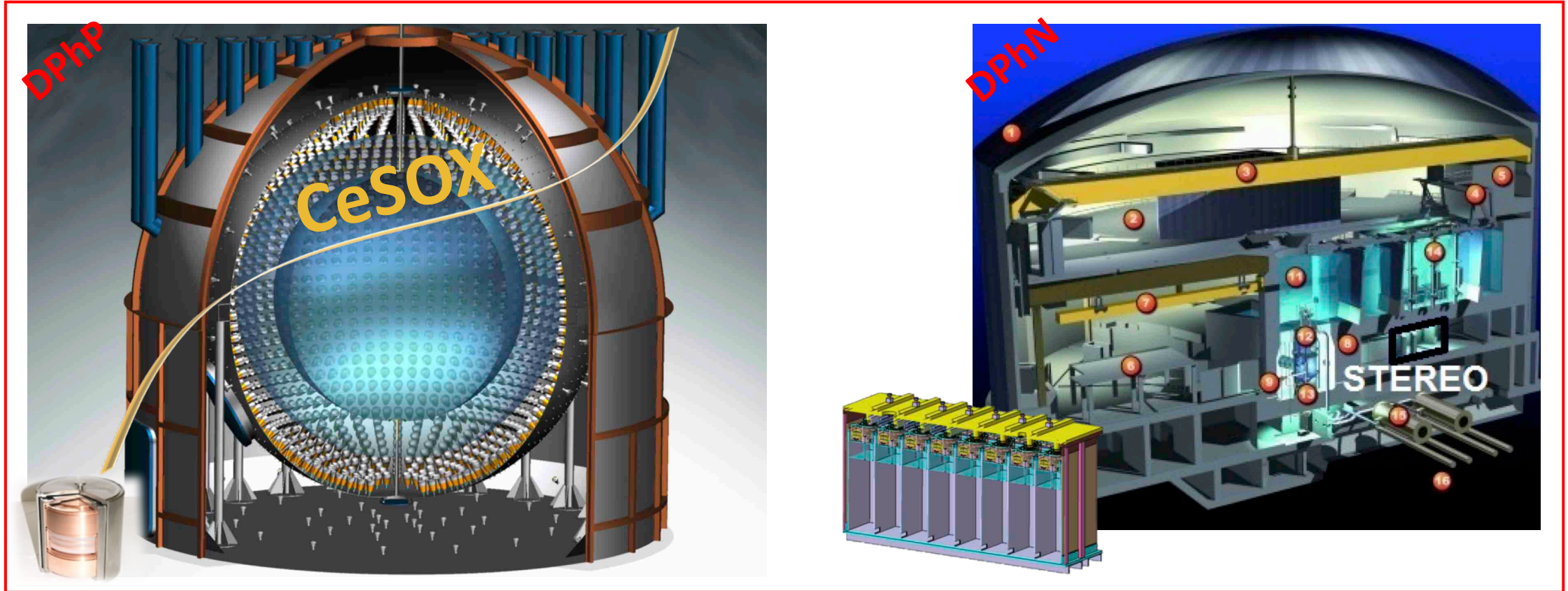


“Free” fluxes vs “Fixed” fluxes analyses with all available reactor data



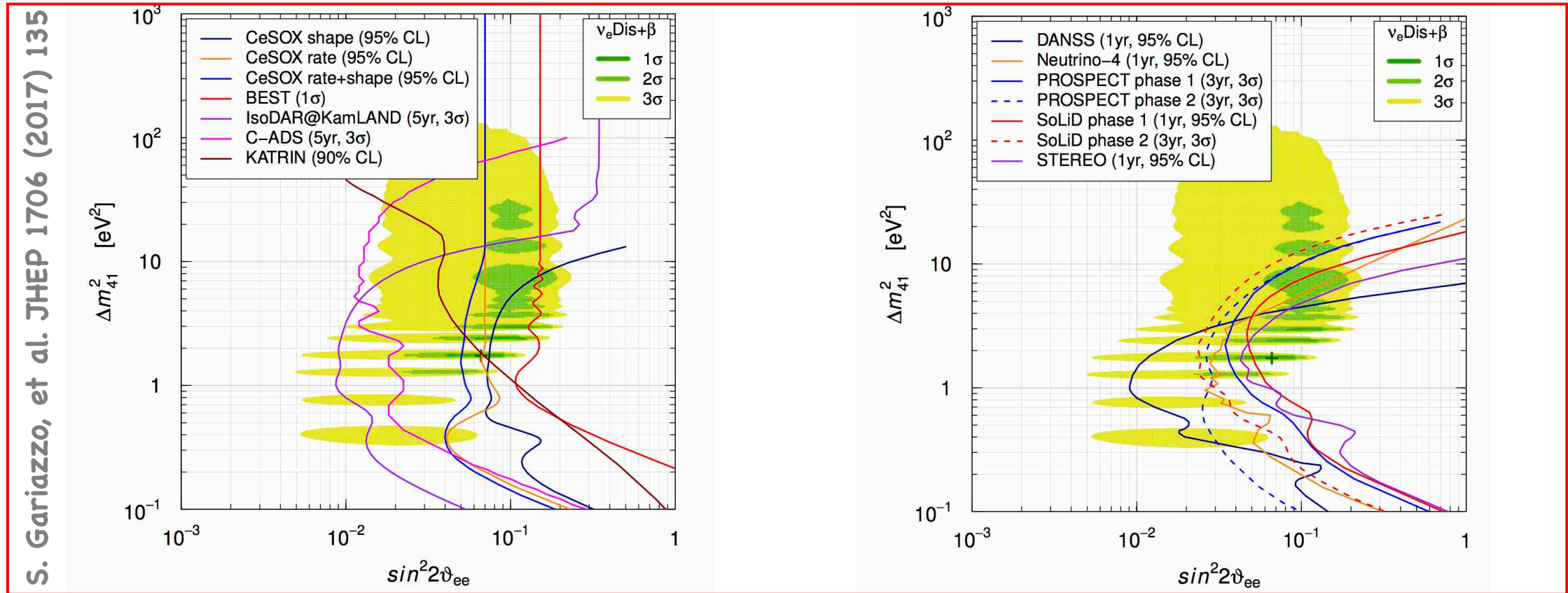
RAA & SBL oscillations searches at Irfu

- Experimental efforts to test RAA search for SBL oscillations are more than necessary, story not yet over.
- **CeSOX & STEREO** have unique advantages to definitively address the RAA and the existence of light sterile neutrinos



RAA & SBL oscillations searches at Irfu

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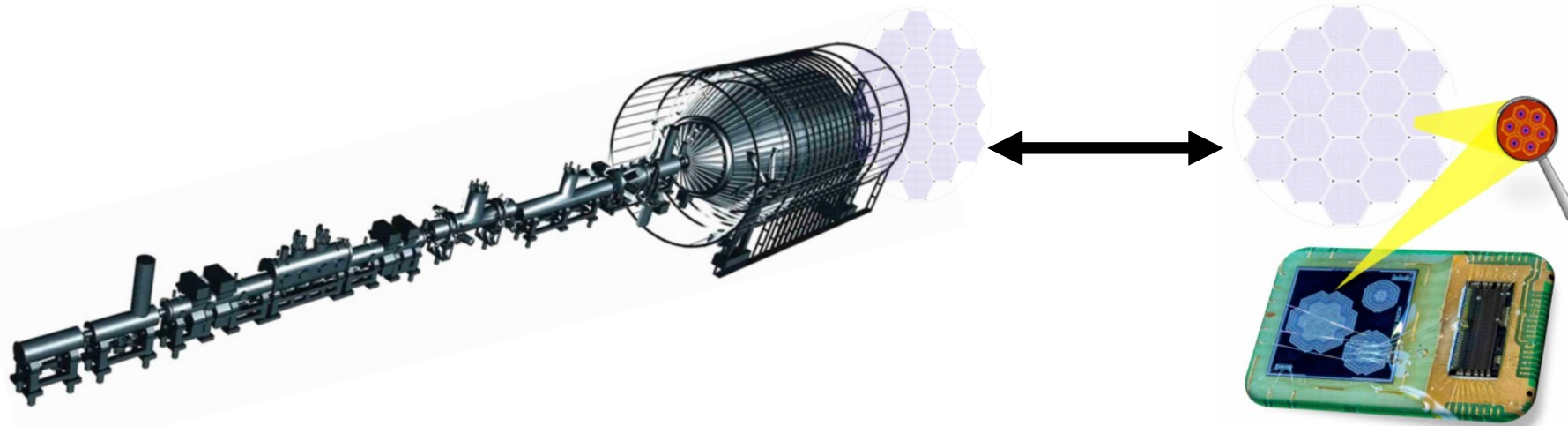
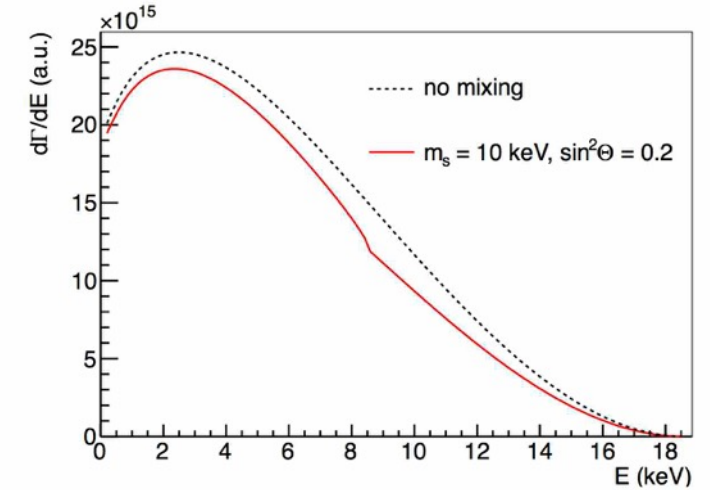


- Very interesting possibility to combine with **KATRIN** search for light steriles: sensitivity gain at high Δm^2

. keV sterile neutrino related activities...

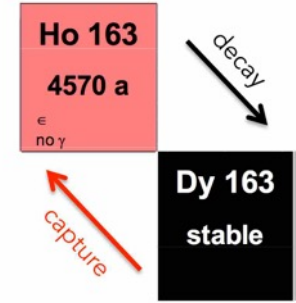
TRISTAN: TRitium Investigation on STerile to Active Neutrino mixing

- Look for a “kink” in the β spectrum of tritium, which would sign mixing of active ν_e neutrinos with a new mass state in the keV range (good candidate for DM)
- Need to measure full ${}^3\text{H}$ β spectrum: **TRISTAN** second phase of KATRIN experiment will use new pixelated Si sensors developed at MPI (Munich) and KIT (Karlsruhe)
- New R&D activity at DPhP:
 - detectors characterized with low noise readout electronics developed at DaP & DEDIP
 - tested in a cooking pot sent in the upper atmosphere in a balloon flight experiment & at Troitsk exp.

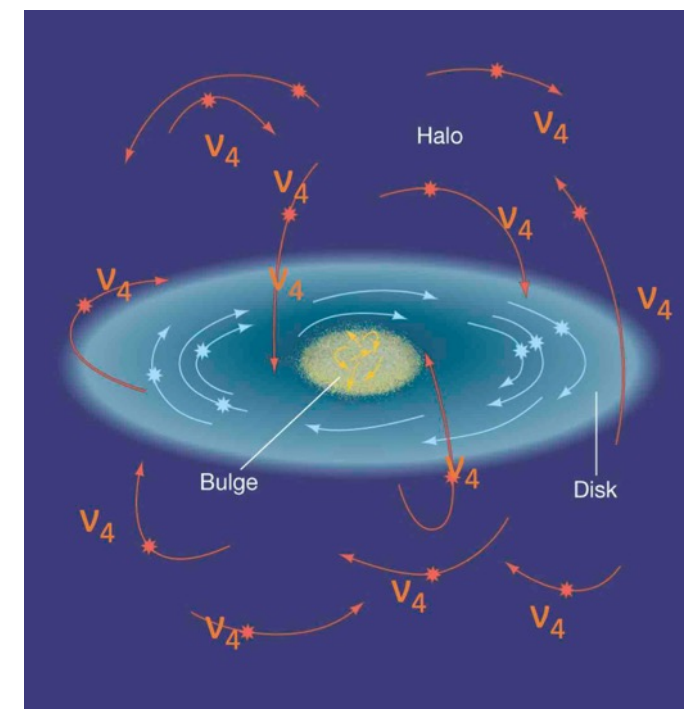
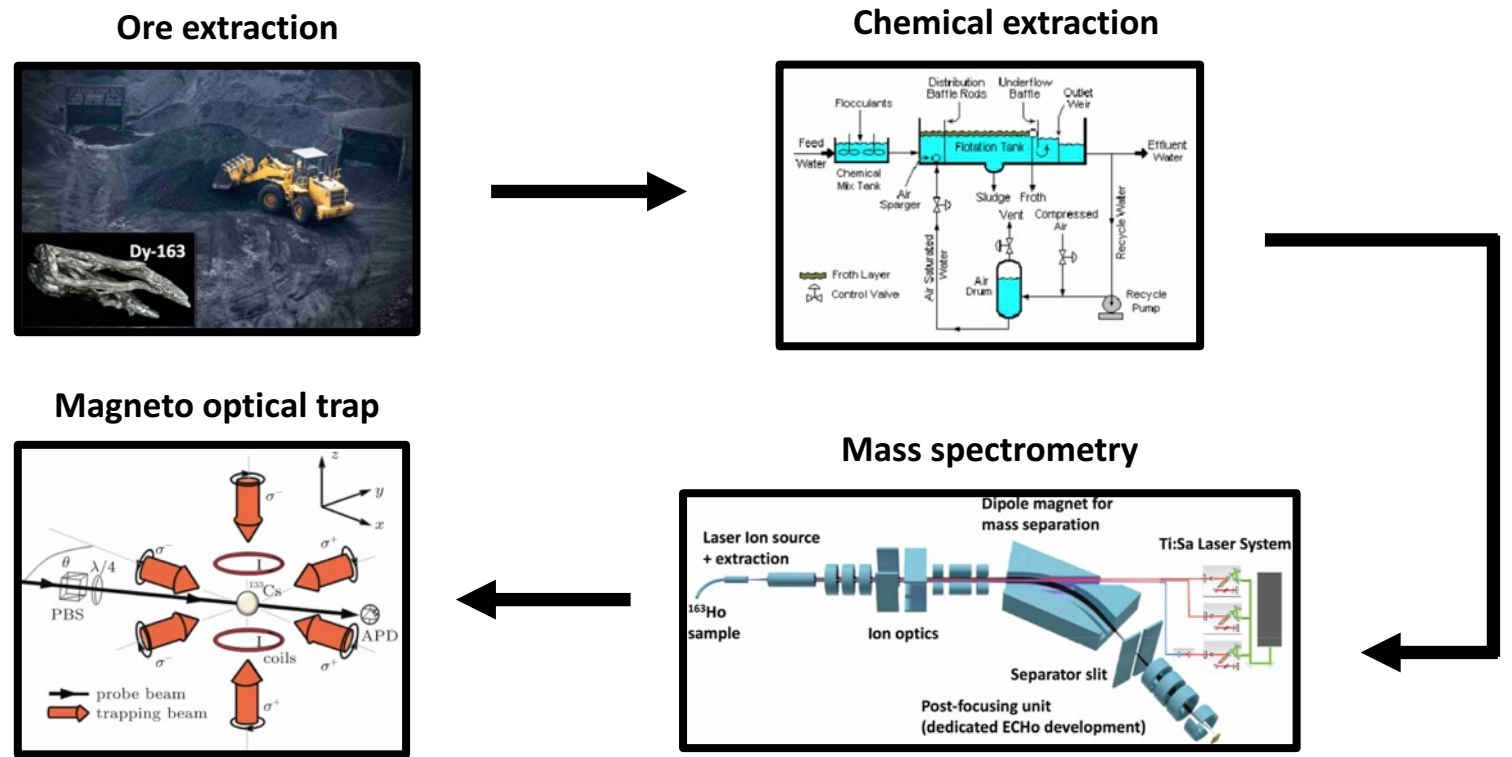


DyNO: search for relic keV ν trapped in the galactic halo

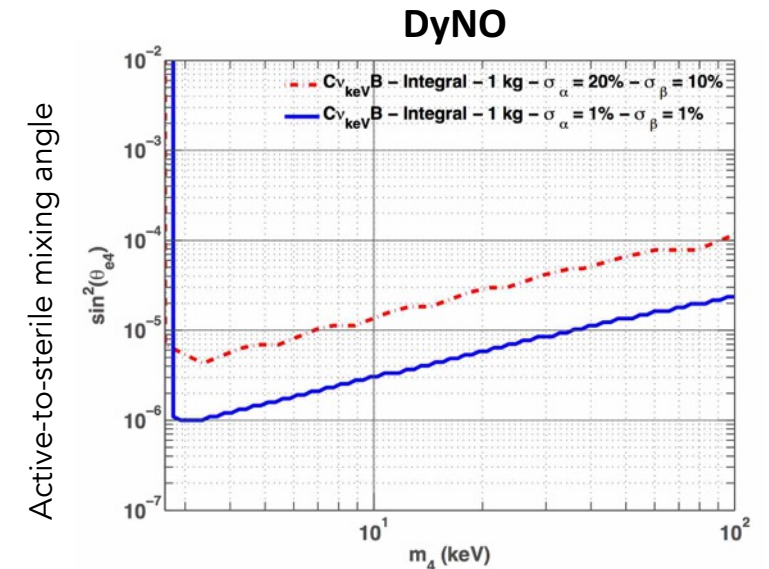
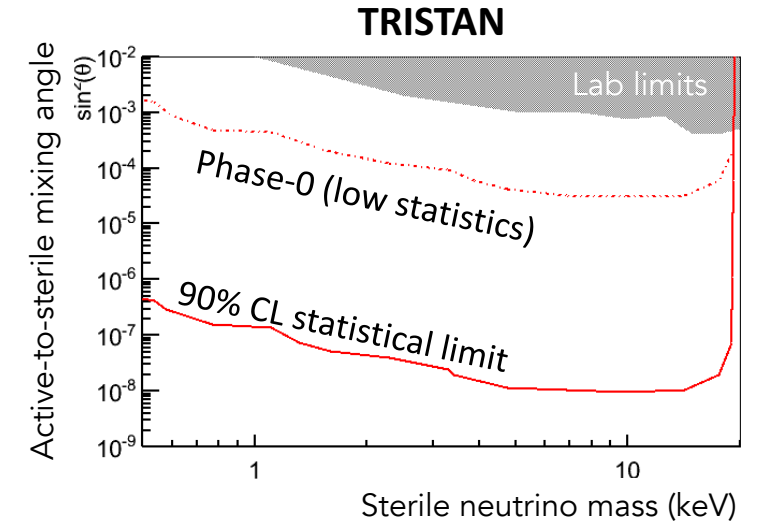
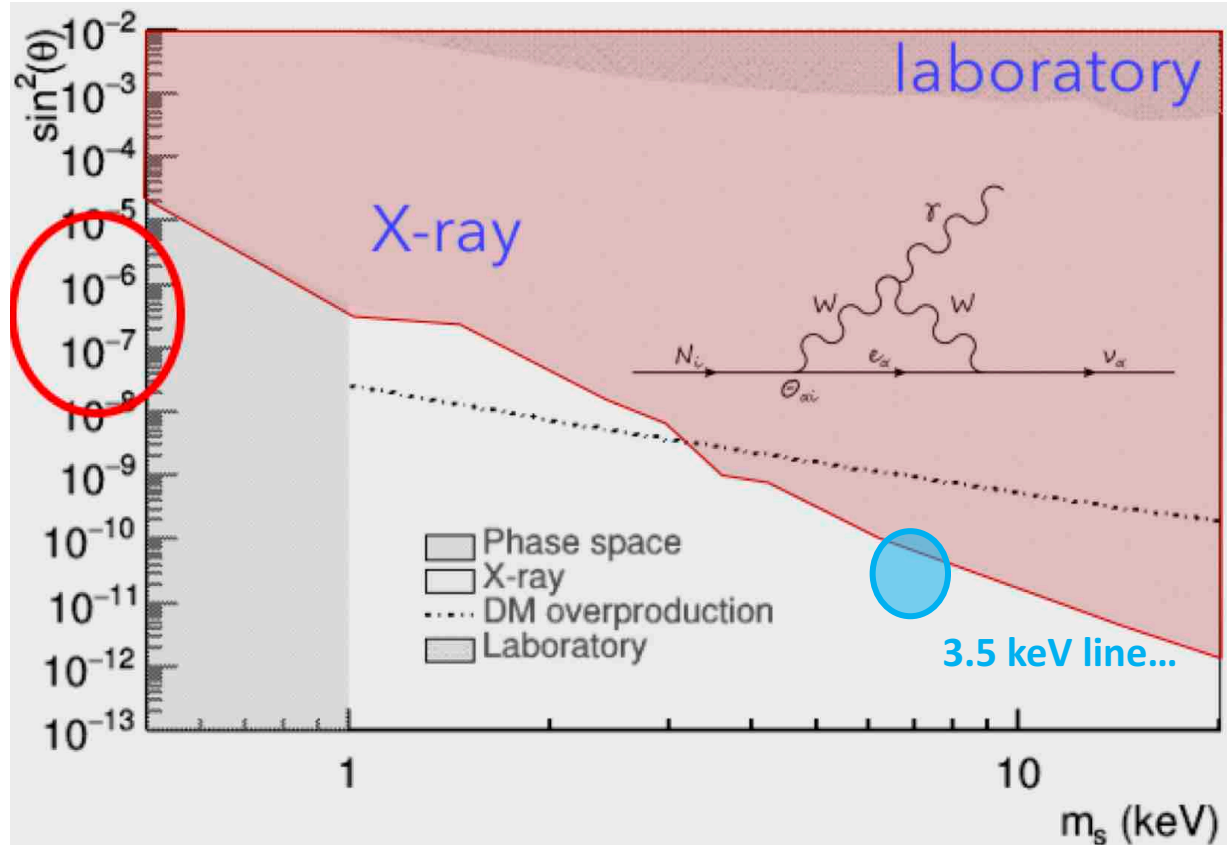
- Search for capture of ν_e trapped in our Galaxy on ^{163}Dy ($E_\nu \geq 2.8 \text{ keV}$) $^{163}\text{Dy} + \nu_e \rightarrow ^{163}\text{Ho} + e^-$
- Hence, would be sensitive to mixing with a 4th mass state at the keV scale
- Strategy: look for excess of ^{163}Ho in dysprosium rich ores with respect to expected background
- Challenging multi-step procedure:



T. Lasserre et al., arXiv:1609.04671 [hep-ex]



TRISTAN & DyNO sensitivities to mixing

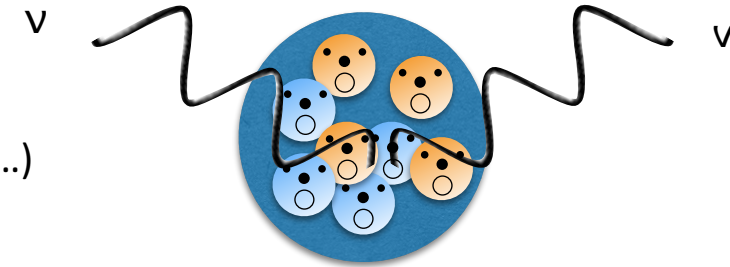


. Going to ultra low energies...

Ultra low energy neutrino physics

- **Coherent neutrino-nucleus scattering (CEvNS):** extremely low recoils energies ($\lesssim 100$ eV)

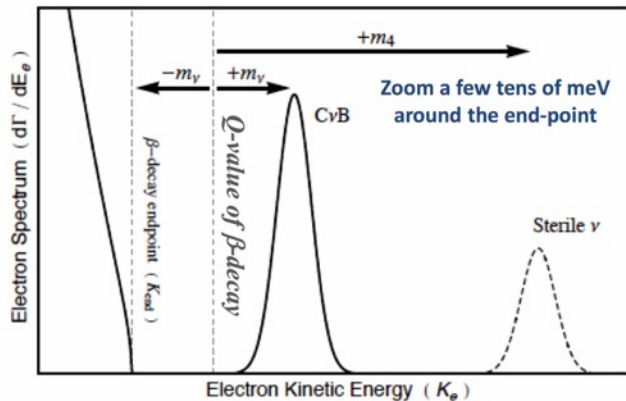
- High cross-section (up to 1000 higher than IBD)
- Fine tests of the standard model at low energies (Weinberg angle, magnetic moment, search for non-standard interactions)
- Nuclear physics application: studying nuclear structure (weak charge density distribution, etc...)
- Supernovae dynamics, irreducible background to direct DM searches
- Promising for non-proliferation applications (compact neutrino detectors)



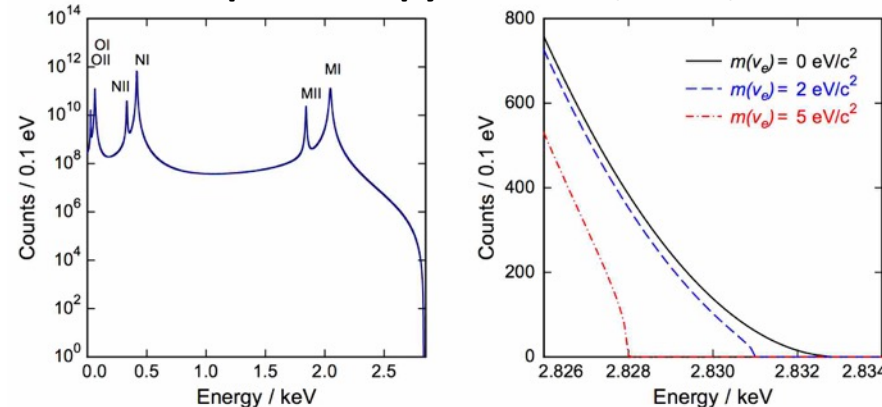
- **Direct measurement of neutrino absolute mass scale:** precisely measuring electron capture or β decay spectrum from low Q_β radionuclides (^{163}Ho , ^{187}Re) with micro-calorimetry techniques

- **Detection of big bang relic neutrinos:** detecting e^- from neutrino capture on ^3H at $E = Q_\beta + m_\nu$

CvB: PTOLEMY



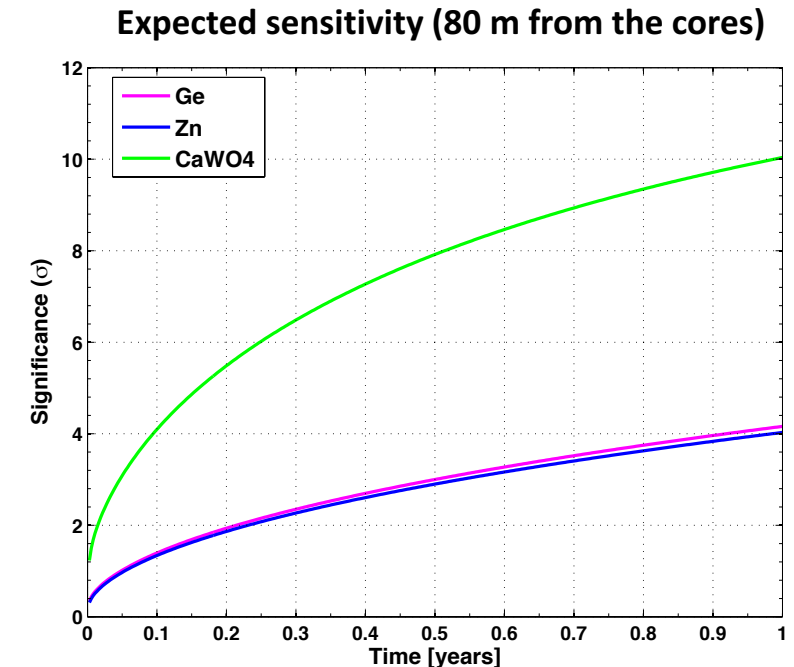
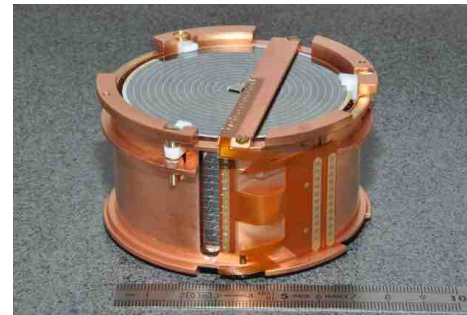
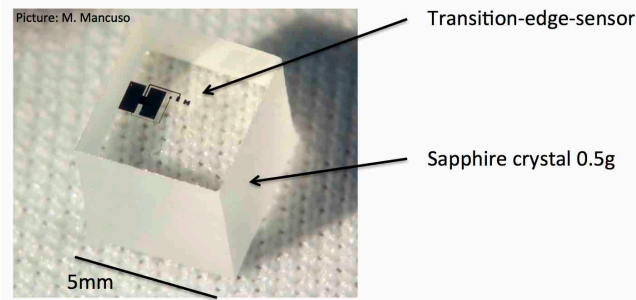
^{163}Ho spectroscopy: HOLMES, ECHO, MARE



Need ultra low energy resolution ($< 10^{-3}$!)

Detecting and measuring CE ν NS at Chooz?

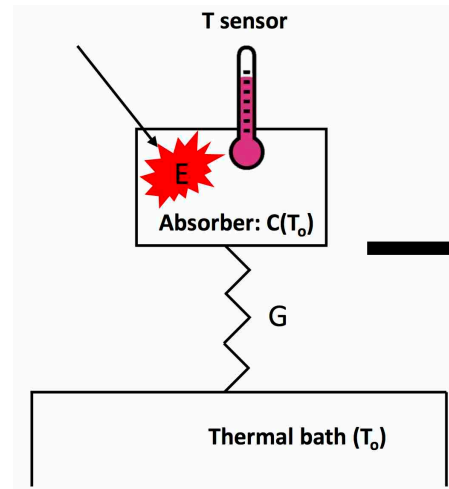
- Process detected by the **COHERENT** collaboration this summer (“classical” detection techniques): pragmatic approach
- Prospective for measuring CENNS at Chooz with low temperature macro-bolometers are under study. Two options:
 - Using the Double Chooz near lab (~ 400 m): low signal rate, but low background rate
 - Using a “very near site” (~ 100 m): high signal rate but high background rate
- Many challenges:
 - Reduce macro-bolometers energy threshold down to 10-100 eV
 - Speed up macro-bolometers time response: from ms to μ s scales (especially relevant for very near site)
- On-going discussions with potential partners at MIT/IPNL (“Ricochet” project) & MPI Munich (ν -CLEUS project) for repurposing 0.1-1 kg of DM detectors at Chooz



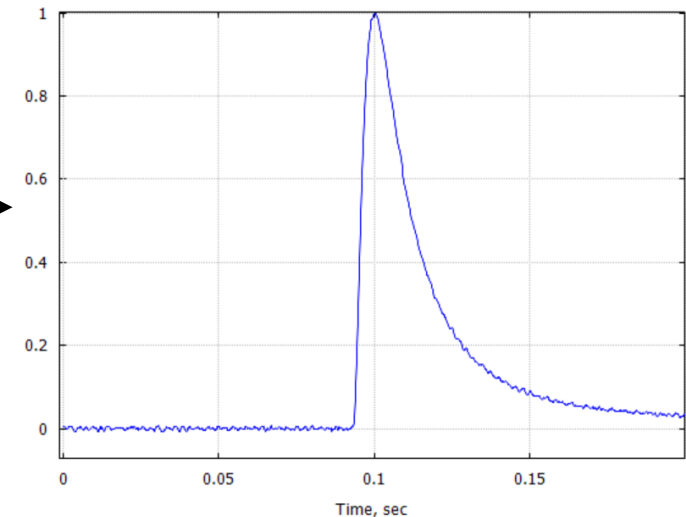
BASKET R&D program

- **BASKET** (Bolometers At Sub-KeV Thresholds) aims at conducting a R&D program on innovative crystals and temperature sensors to:

- Lower energy threshold
- Improve time response
- Improve energy resolution
- Improve background rejection



First BASKET Li₂WO₄ detector light !



- Lead by DPhP. Partnership with DRT/LIST, DRT/LETI & CNRS/CSNSM: gather and benefit from different high-level expertises in the field of cryogenic detectors and electronics
- Funded by PTC “Instrumentation” and Labex P2IO
- Many synergies and applications: neutrino physics ($00\nu\beta\beta$, CEvNS, neutrino mass, CvB), high-resolution spectroscopy for radionuclide metrology, etc...

Summary

1. Sterile neutrinos

- **NENuFAR + CeSOX + KATRIN**: address the RAA & search for light sterile neutrinos
- **TRISTAN + DyNO**: search for keV mass states

2. Neutrino physics at ultra low energies

- Prospective for a CEvNS experiment at Chooz
- **BASKET** R&D program: innovative cryogenic detectors for neutrino physics at ultra low energies & beyond...

Backup slides

CeSOX + STEREO + KATRIN combination

The RAA+GAA parameter space is probed at 98% C.L.

