

Search for the SM (and BSM) production of four top quarks in the ATLAS detector at the LHC

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Journées de Rencontre des Jeunes Chercheurs
December 1, 2017



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- 4 Background Modeling
- 5 Results

The Large Hadron Collider



The ATLAS detector



Particle detection in ATLAS

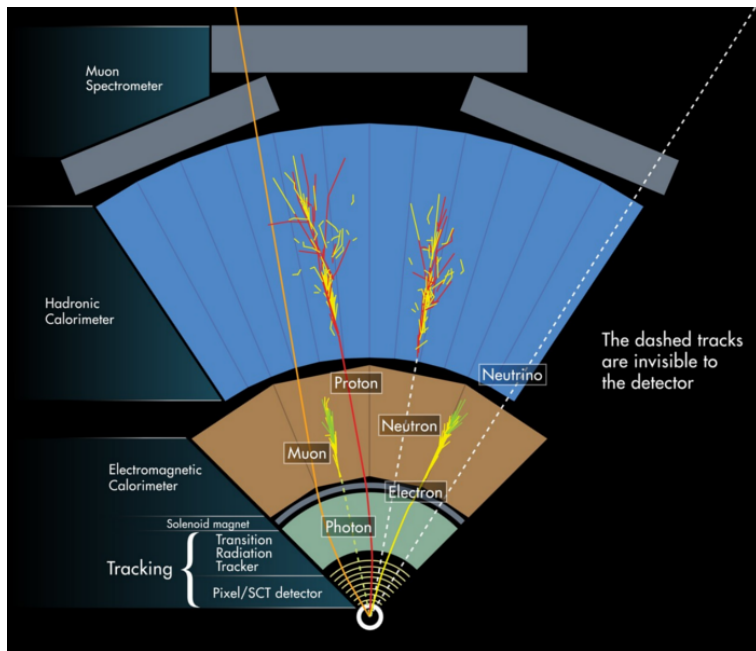


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Why four tops?

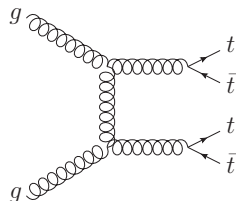


Top quark: heaviest elementary particle currently known

Four top production: $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$, an extremely rare process

→ $\sigma_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}} = 9.2 \text{ fb}$ at 13 TeV

⇒ Only ~ 300 $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ events occurred in 2015-2016!
(compare that to the **40 million events per second** produced)



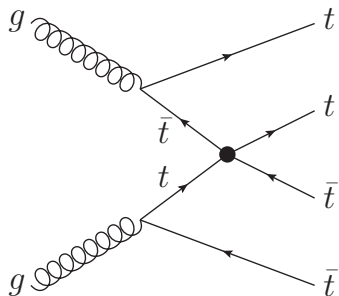
■ **Goal:** Measure the $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ cross-section

→ **Very sensitive** to several **BSM scenarios**

→ **Test the Standard Model** prediction for $\sigma_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}}$

Some BSM models tested

Contact Interaction model



$$\mathcal{L}_{4t} = \frac{C_{4t}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R) (\bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu t_R)$$

Universal extra-dimensions (2UED/RPP)

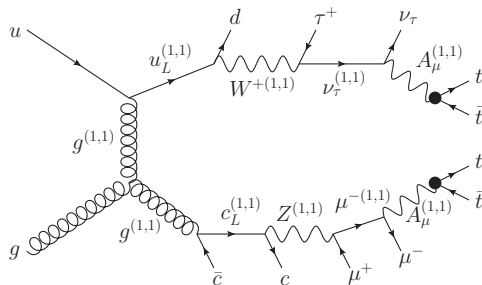


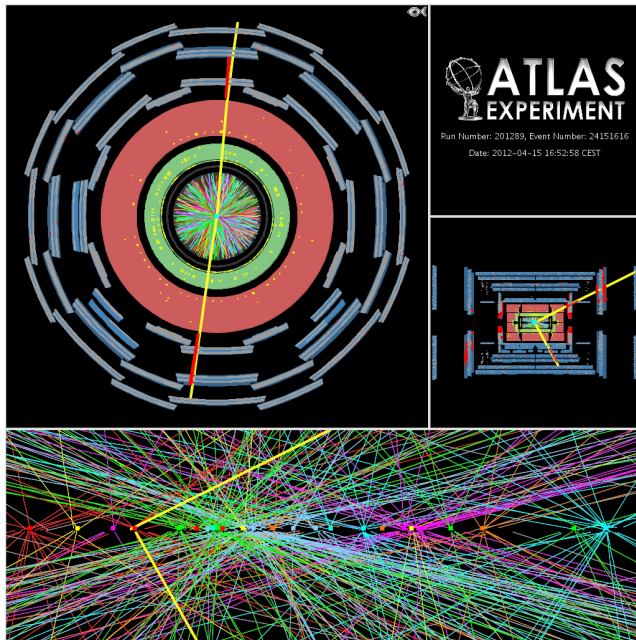
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Event selection

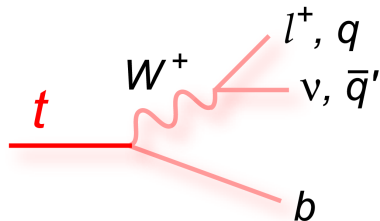
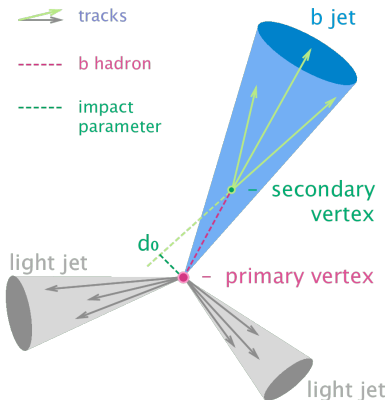
- 40 000 000 events/second produced in ATLAS, with ~ 25 collisions/event
- but a few ~ 100 $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ events per year only!

⇒ Need to perform some smart event selection



The $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ final state

- Top decay: $t \rightarrow Wb$ ($\sim 100\%$)
 \Rightarrow Final state $4t \rightarrow 4W + 4b$
- W decay: $W \rightarrow \begin{cases} l\nu_l & (\sim 30\%) \\ qq' & (\sim 70\%) \end{cases}$



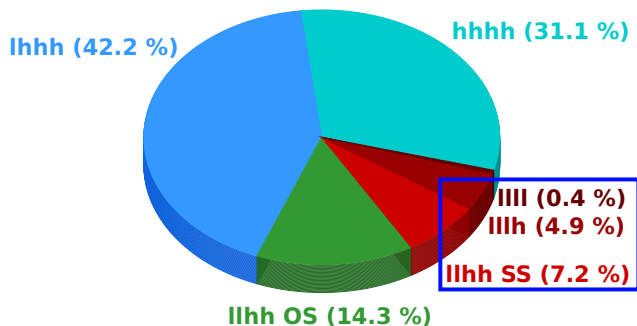
Concerning jets

- quarks \rightarrow **jets** in the detector (parton shower + hadronization)
- **b-jets** are special (displaced vertex) \rightarrow **b-tagging** techniques

The $t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ final state: you said 4W?

2 interesting channels:

- **single lepton** channel
- **same-sign dilepton** channel
(including **trilepton**)



WWW decays branching fractions

- Choose events with **two leptons of the same charge** (e or μ)
 - Only ~ 10 % of signal events
 - But very small background contamination!

Signal Regions

Event topology

- Large total energy: $H_T = \sum_{leptons} p_T + \sum_{jets} p_T$
- Large number of b-jets: N_b
- Missing energy (neutrinos): E_T^{miss}

→ We actually make **8 different selections**, and combine them statistically (each one optimized for a given model)

Definition			Name
$e^\pm e^\pm + e^\pm \mu^\pm + \mu^\pm \mu^\pm + eee + ee\mu + e\mu\mu + \mu\mu\mu, N_{jets} \geq 2$			
$400 < H_T < 700 \text{ GeV}$	$N_b = 1$	$E_T^{miss} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	SR0
	$N_b = 2$		SR1
	$N_b \geq 3$		SR2
$H_T \geq 700 \text{ GeV}$	$N_b = 1$	$40 < E_T^{miss} < 100 \text{ GeV}$	SR3
		$E_T^{miss} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$	SR4
	$N_b = 2$	$40 < E_T^{miss} < 100 \text{ GeV}$	SR5
		$E_T^{miss} \geq 100 \text{ GeV}$	SR6
	$N_b \geq 3$	$E_T^{miss} > 40 \text{ GeV}$	SR7

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- We're looking for small deviations from the expected number of background events
→ Primordial to estimate backgrounds
- **2 types of backgrounds:**
 - **Physical processes** producing exactly the particles we're looking for
 - **Instrumental backgrounds:** charge mis-identification, fake leptons

$$N_{\text{bkg}} = N_{\text{physical}} + N_{\text{charge misID}} + N_{\text{fakes}}$$

Analysis: estimate N_{bkg} as best as possible

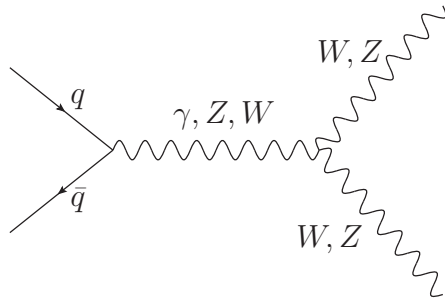
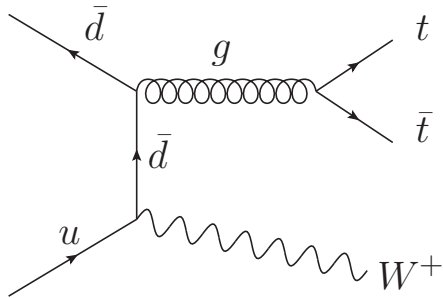
→ then **compare** $N_{\text{bkg}} + N_{\text{signal}}$ to N_{observed}

Background Modeling - SM backgrounds

■ Physical processes producing same-charge leptons:

- Top quark pair + vector boson: $t\bar{t}V$ ($V = W$ or Z)
- Di-boson production: VV ($V = W$ or Z)
- (+ 4 top SM when searching for BSM signals)
- Other (rare): $t\bar{t}H$, $t\bar{t}WW$, VVV , VH , 3 top, tZ , tWZ

⇒ estimated by **Monte-Carlo simulations**



Background Modeling - instrumental backgrounds

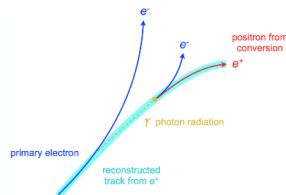
■ Wrong identification of leptons in the detector

→ Coming mostly from $t\bar{t}$ events **badly reconstructed**

→ **Small fraction** of $t\bar{t}$ events, but not negligible since $\sigma_{t\bar{t}} \sim 100\,000 \sigma_{t\bar{t}t\bar{t}}$!

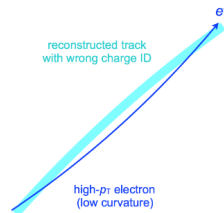
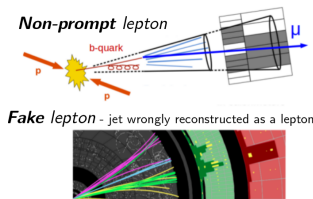
■ Charge mis-identification

- **Error** on the **charge** of an electron, e.g. e^+ instead of e^-
 - Select events with leptons having **opposite charge instead of same charge**
- Negligible for muons



■ Fake/Non-prompt leptons

- Leptons from secondary interactions
- Reconstructed leptons where there is none



Charge mis-ID background estimation

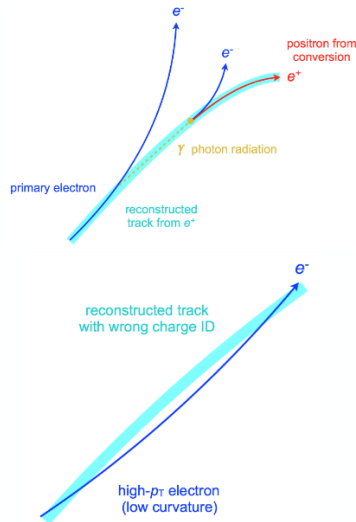
- Probability of mis-identification: **charge flip rate** ε
→ **Estimated from data** ($Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$ decays)

- **Probability** to select opposite-sign event:

$$P_{OS \rightarrow SS} = \varepsilon_i(1 - \varepsilon_j) + \varepsilon_j(1 - \varepsilon_i)$$

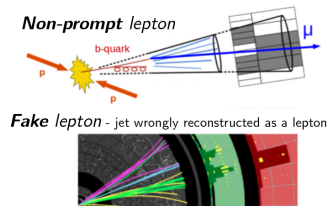
- Look at **opposite-sign events in real data** to estimate charge mis-ID background:

$$N_{SS}^{ij} = \frac{\varepsilon_i + \varepsilon_j - 2\varepsilon_i\varepsilon_j}{1 - \varepsilon_i - \varepsilon_j + 2\varepsilon_i\varepsilon_j} N_{OS}^{ij}(\text{observed})$$



Fake/Non-prompt background - general principle

- We **select only isolated leptons** to remove fakes
- **Probabilities** $\varepsilon_{real}/\varepsilon_{fake}$ that real/fake leptons are selected as isolated
→ **estimated from real data** using specific selection



- **Example with 1 lepton below.** Similar method for 2 or 3 leptons.
(in **blue** what we measure, in **red** what is unknown)

$$N^{tot} = N_{real} + N_{fake}$$

$$N^{iso} = \varepsilon_{real} N_{real} + \varepsilon_{fake} N_{fake}$$

⇒ Estimation of fakes background:

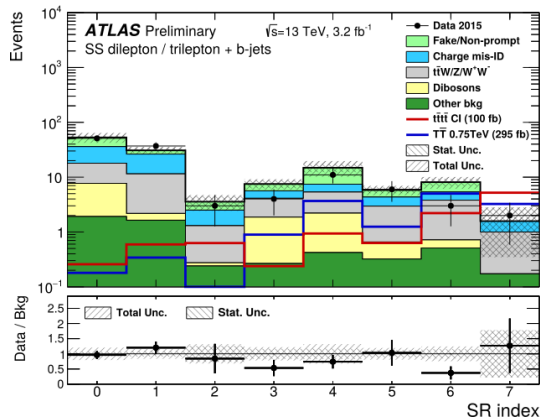
$$N_{fakes \text{ selected}} = \varepsilon_{fake} N_{fake} = \frac{\varepsilon_{fake}}{\varepsilon_{real} - \varepsilon_{fake}} (\varepsilon_{real} N^{tot} - N^{iso})$$

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Results

- Results on **2015 data: 3.2 fb^{-1}**
 - ATLAS-CONF-2016-032
 - expecting only $\sim 30 \text{ } t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ events with this dataset
- **2016 data analysis almost finished**, using 36.1 fb^{-1} (10 \times more!)
- Currently **planning the full Run 2 analysis** (2015 to 2018 data):
 - $\sim 120 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ expected
- **No observed excess** of data compared to expected background
 - **95 % CL limits** are set to assess the compatibility of each model with observations



Limits - 4 top CI and UED models

■ For each of the models

→ set limits above which we're sure at 95 % CL that it doesn't exist

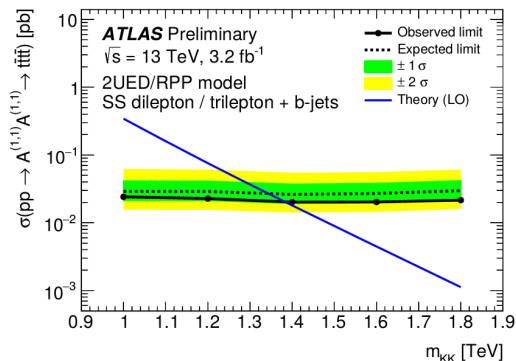
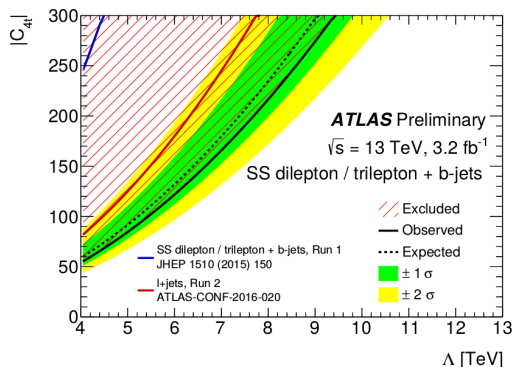


Figure: Expected and observed limits on 4 top CI (left) and UED (right) models

- Observed (expected) limit on 4top SM: **95 fb (107 fb $^{+50\%}_{-30\%}$)**
 - ⇒ Corresponds to **10× (12×)** the theory
 - ⇒ **Need to improve** a lot to get sensitive enough!
- **But!**
 - The dataset is now **10× larger**
 - A whole **new analysis** has been performed **on 2015 - 2016 data**
- **ATLAS results are not public yet**
 - CMS latest results [Sept 2017]
 - Observed (expected) limit on 4top SM : 41.7 fb (20.8 fb-1)
 - Sensitivity: 2.3× SM prediction

- Study of 4 top quarks production at the LHC with this ATLAS detector
→ using same-sign leptons + b-jets
- Several BSM models were tested, along with the SM production
- Instrumental backgrounds are the tricky point of this analysis
- The results with 2015 data only are limited, but we expect large improvements from the ongoing analysis, comparable to CMS results
- We will approach the sensitivity required to observe 4 top production in 2018/2019
→ first evidence of this process?

BACKUP

- **Example for 2 leptons** with real (fake) efficiencies called r (f):

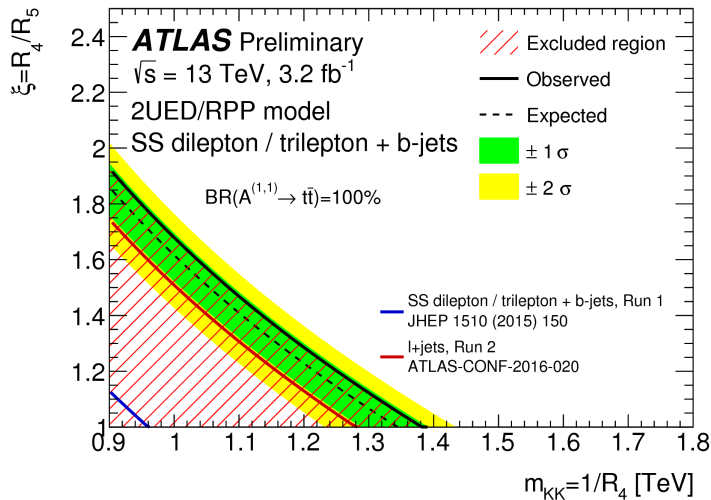
$$\begin{pmatrix} N^{tt} \\ N^{\bar{t}\bar{t}} \\ N^{\bar{t}t} \\ N^{t\bar{t}} \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{M} \begin{pmatrix} N_{rr}^{ll} \\ N_{rf}^{ll} \\ N_{fr}^{ll} \\ N_{ff}^{ll} \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{M} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 r_2 & r_1 \overline{f_2} & f_1 r_2 & f_1 \overline{f_2} \\ r_1 \overline{r_2} & r_1 \overline{f_2} & \overline{f_1} r_2 & \overline{f_1} \overline{f_2} \\ \overline{r_1} r_2 & \overline{r_1} \overline{f_2} & f_1 r_2 & f_1 \overline{f_2} \\ \overline{r_1} \overline{r_2} & \overline{r_1} \overline{f_2} & \overline{f_1} r_2 & \overline{f_1} \overline{f_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

what we measure what we need transformation matrix

Tight lepton

Loose lepton

Limit UED in 2 dimensions



Systematics on bkg

Source	Signal region							
	SR0	SR1	SR2	SR3	SR4	SR5	SR6	SR7
Cross section	8	11	26	13	9	27	23	57
Jet energy scale	1	1	3	1	1	3	2	4
Jet energy resolution	<1	2	2	2	< 1	1	<1	3
<i>b</i> -tagging efficiency	1	2	5	3	1	2	2	7
Luminosity	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fake/non-prompt leptons	17	7	15	13	26	13	17	17
Charge misID	8	3	7	5	3	6	5	8

Systematics on signal (4top SM)

Source	Signal region							
	SR0	SR1	SR2	SR3	SR4	SR5	SR6	SR7
Jet energy scale	2	12	2	6	4	3	3	3
Jet energy resolution	16	6	7	16	14	11	1	2
<i>b</i> -tagging efficiency	8	5	5	21	14	15	5	5
Lepton ID efficiency	1	1	1	4	2	2	2	1
Luminosity	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Yields

4 top signals yields normalized to 100 fb^{-1}

	SR0	SR1	SR2	SR3	SR4
Fake/Non-prompt	16.3 ± 9.5	4.2 ± 3.3	1.0 ± 0.9	1.8 ± 1.4	7.1 ± 4.5
Charge mis-ID	18.1 ± 4.1	14.9 ± 3.5	1.2 ± 0.3	1.5 ± 0.4	2.1 ± 0.5
$t\bar{t}W/Z/W^+W^-$	10.1 ± 1.4	9.2 ± 1.3	1.0 ± 0.3	2.2 ± 0.3	3.1 ± 0.5
Dibosons	5.8 ± 1.0	0.5 ± 0.2	0.03 ± 0.07	1.6 ± 0.4	1.8 ± 0.4
Other bkg.	2.0 ± 1.0	1.7 ± 0.9	0.3 ± 0.2	0.3 ± 0.2	0.5 ± 0.3
Total bkg.	52 ± 11	31 ± 5	3.6 ± 1.0	7.4 ± 1.5	15 ± 5
$t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ (SM)	0.5 ± 0.1	0.8 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.1	0.5 ± 0.1
$t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ (CI)	0.26 ± 0.04	0.6 ± 0.1	0.6 ± 0.1	0.24 ± 0.05	0.9 ± 0.1
UED 1.2 TeV	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	0.3 ± 0.1	3.8 ± 0.8
$T\bar{T}$ 0.75 TeV	0.2 ± 0.1	0.31 ± 0.1	0.04 ± 0.04	0.9 ± 0.2	3.7 ± 0.4
Data	51	37	3	4	11

	SR5	SR6	SR7
Fake/Non-prompt	1.4 ± 0.9	2.6 ± 1.8	0.0 ± 0.6
Charge mis-ID	1.4 ± 0.4	1.6 ± 0.5	0.6 ± 0.2
$t\bar{t}W/Z/W^+W^-$	2.3 ± 0.6	3.0 ± 0.7	0.8 ± 0.4
Dibosons	0.3 ± 0.1	0.2 ± 0.1	0.0 ± 0.1
Other bkg.	0.4 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.4	0.5 ± 0.3
Total bkg.	5.8 ± 1.2	8.1 ± 2.0	1.9 ± 0.8
$t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ (SM)	0.7 ± 0.1	1.8 ± 0.2	3.6 ± 0.4
$t\bar{t}t\bar{t}$ (CI)	0.6 ± 0.1	2.2 ± 0.2	5.2 ± 0.4
UED 1.2 TeV	0.6 ± 0.1	6.6 ± 0.7	10.1 ± 0.8
$T\bar{T}$ 0.75 TeV	1.3 ± 0.2	5.0 ± 0.5	3.2 ± 0.4
Data	6	3	2