# DANAE - a new experiment for direct dark matter detection with DEPFET silicon detector

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#### DANAE (DANAË) Direct d<u>A</u>rk matter search using DEPFET with repetitive-Non-destructive-readout <u>Application Experiment</u>

OeAW funding for detector technology



'Danae" by G. Klimt

#### Collaboration



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## The project overview

#### Direct Dark Matter Detection with DEPFET



#### Dark matter landscape - partly

Over 80% of the mass in the universe is invisible dark matter

"WIMP" as a dark matter candidate :

- weakly interacting with matter  $<\sigma_{WIMP} \cdot v > ~G_{F^2} \cdot m_{X^2} ~ 1/\Omega_X$
- fits the Hubble constant and "relic" density of dark matter

predicts dark matter WIMP mass between 2 GeV and 120 TeV



**WIMPs** 

dominated the direct detection experiments until recently

# WIMP direct detection method

look for nuclear recoils from WIMP-nucleus scattering



#### **DM-nucleus scattering direct search status**



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# **Dark Sector and Light Dark Matter**



#### Dark sector :

interaction between DM and standard model particle mediated by a dark photon (one example of mediators)

clear predictions from multiple models over wide DM mass region, including keV ~ GeV range -> comparable observables in experiments

### **DM-electron scattering**



kinematically

to overcome binding energy  $\Delta E$ 

need  $E_{\rm DM} \sim \frac{1}{2} m_{\rm DM} v_{\rm DM}^2 > \Delta E$ 

$$v_{\rm DM} \lesssim 800 \text{ km/s} \implies m_{\rm DM} \gtrsim 300 \text{ keV} \left(\frac{\Delta E}{1 \text{ eV}}\right)$$

$$O(100 \text{ keV})$$

## **DM-electron scattering**



bound e- does not have definite momentum, typical momentum transfer is set by e- not by DM.

 $q_{
m typ}\sim lpha m_e\sim 4~{
m keV}$  (for out

(for outer shell electron)

transferred energy:  $\Delta E_e \sim \vec{q} \cdot \vec{v}_{\rm DM}$  $\Delta E_e \sim 4 \ {\rm eV} \qquad {\rm typical} {\rm recoil\ energy}$ 

JHEP05(2016)046

#### **Target materials for electron recoils**

Target Type	Examples	E <sub>th</sub>	m <sub>χ</sub> threshold	Status	Timescale
Noble liquids	Xe, Ar, He	~ 10 eV	~ 5 MeV	Done w data; improvements possible	existing
Semi- conductors	Ge, <b>Si</b>	~ 1 eV	~ 200 keV	(E <sub>th</sub> <u>~ 40 eV</u> SuperCDMS, <b>DAMIC</b> ) E <sub>th</sub> <u>~ 1eV</u> <b>SENSEI</b> , <b>DEPFET</b> R&D	~ 1-2 years
Scintillators	GaAs, Nal, Csl,	~ 1 eV	~ 200 keV R&D required		≲ 5 years
Supferfluid	He	~ 1 eV	~ 1 MeV R&D required unknown background		≲ 5 years
Super- conductor	AI	~ 1 meV	~ 1 keV R&D required unknown background		~ 10 - 15 years

arXiv:1608.08632

#### SENSEI first result with "skipper" CCD



#### SENSEI first result with "skipper" CCD



# **DEPFET** with RNDR

RNDR : repetitive non-destructive readout

structure of a basic DEPFET cell :

a "subpixel"



structure of RNDR DEPFET "super-pixel"



**RNDR** readout



read N times <u>effective noise</u> :  $\sigma_{eff} = \sigma/(\sqrt{N})$ 



**RNDR** readout



EPJ C, 77(12), 279 (2017)

read N times <u>effective noise</u> :  $\sigma_{eff} = \sigma/(\sqrt{N})$ 







![](_page_19_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Figure_1.jpeg)

# A comparison with skipper CCD

Туре	Pixel format [µm]	prototype mass	operating temp	dark current	readout time (1sample)	readout noise (optimal)
skipper CCD	15 x 15 x 200	0.071 g	140 K	<u>&lt;~1.14</u> <u>e<sup>-</sup>/pix/day</u>	10 µs/pix/ amplifier	0.068 e-rms/pix
RNDR DEPFET	75 x 75 x 450	0.024 g	≲ 200 K	<u>&lt; 1</u> <u>e<sup>-</sup>/pix/day</u>	4 μs/ 64 pix	0.2 e-rms/pix

similar concepts of non-destructive readout, compatible performance;

different architecture, different systematics;

-> good complementary from experimental point of view

## DANAE prototype test setup

![](_page_23_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Picture_2.jpeg)

Detector prototype at HLL-MPG courtesy of J. Treis

proto-type : 75 um x 75 um x 450 um single pixel, 64 x 64 matrix sensitive volume **0.024 g** 

### Setup at HLL

![](_page_24_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Picture_2.jpeg)

Vacuum and cooling test in March 2018 cooling pad reached 150 K

#### **Detector control and readout electronics**

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Image of the detector assembly

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

To be assembled in July-August 2018

# **Physics run perspective**

- Expect preliminary results from the prototype setup (0.024 g sensitive volume) in late 2018
- physics run with significant result requires more matrices

![](_page_27_Figure_3.jpeg)

# Summary

- sub e<sup>-</sup> ENC low noise semiconductor detector capable of detecting the energy deposit from sub-GeV DM-electron recoil;
- DANAE prototype for test-of-principle measurement with 64 x 64 pixel matrix in preparation;
- one of the <u>first generation</u> experiments using non-destructive repetitive readout method.

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![](_page_29_Picture_2.jpeg)

'Danae" by G. Klimt

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![](_page_29_Picture_5.jpeg)

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![](_page_29_Picture_7.jpeg)

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#### **Expected 1day exposure compared to SENSEI**

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

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# **Application of Silicon detector**

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

# **Skipper CCD for SENSEI**

DAMIC CCD with **repetitive readout** 

![](_page_33_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### **DEPFET CDS circle**

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### CCD (skipper) readout

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_2.jpeg)

辈 Fermilab

December 6, 2016

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)