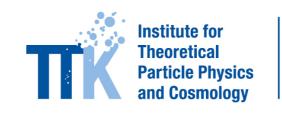
# Are Dark Matter Interactions Favoured by Cosmological Data?

#### Deanna C. Hooper

Based on DH, Murgia, Archidiacono, Lesgourgues (1807.XXXX)

Dark Side of the Universe, LAPTh, Annecy





#### Overview

- 1. LCDM tensions
  - Small scale
  - Large scale
- 2. Possible solutions
  - Models
  - Problems

- 3. DM-DR (ETHOS)
  - Model
  - Effects on observables
- 4. Does this solve our problem?
- 5. Outlook

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- Too-big-to-fail problem
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- Possible solutions: baryon feedback, WDM, DM interactions
   *talk by Laura Lopez Honorez*

#### LCDM Cosmology - H<sub>0</sub>

H<sub>0</sub> from Planck (68% CL):

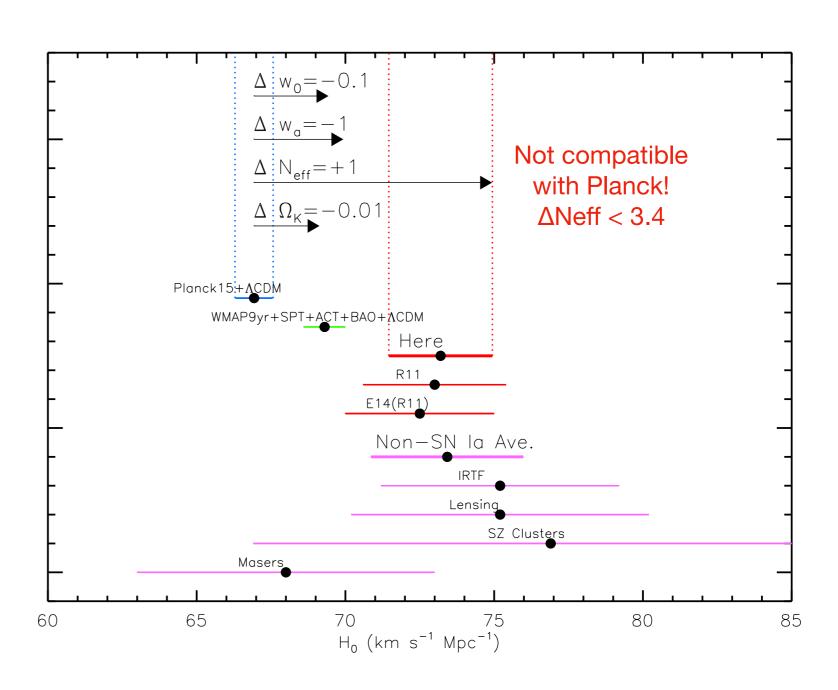
$$H_0 = 67.74 \pm 0.46$$

(Planck Collaboration 1502.01589)

H<sub>0</sub> from Supernova:

$$H_0 = 73.52 \pm 1.62$$

(Riess et al. 1804.10655)



Riess et al. 1604.01424

# LCDM Cosmology - $\sigma_8$

 $\sigma_8$  = measurement of the amplitude of the power spectrum on the scale of 8 Mpc/h  $S_8 \equiv \sigma_8 \sqrt{(\Omega_m/0.3)}$ 

S<sub>8</sub> from Planck (68% CL)

$$S_8 = 0.852 \pm 0.018$$

(Planck Collaboration 1502.01589)

#### S<sub>8</sub> from DES:

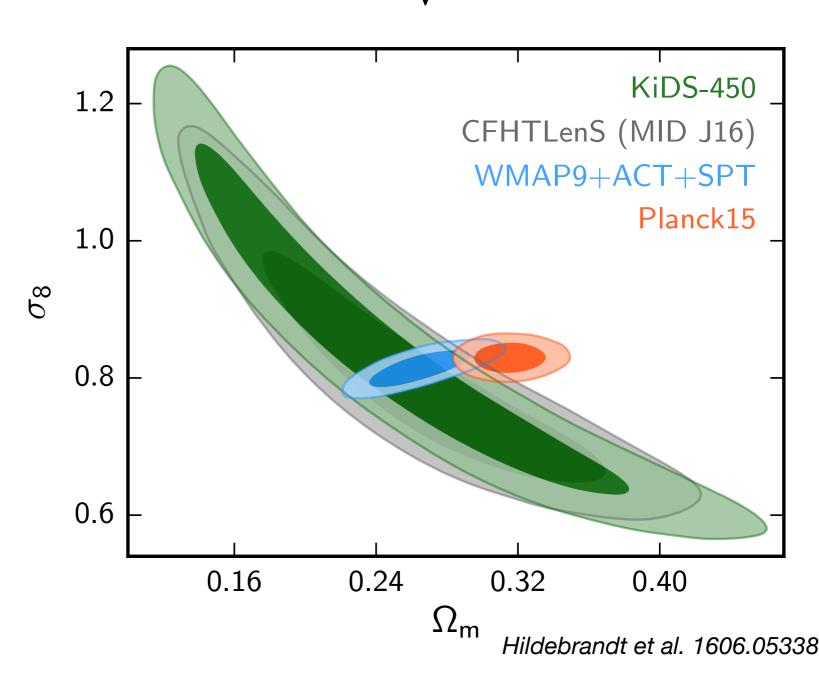
$$S_8 = 0.783 \pm 0.023$$

(DES Collaboration 1708.01530)

#### S<sub>8</sub> from KiDS:

$$S_8 = 0.651 \pm 0.058$$

(Köhlinger et al. 1706.02892)



- Lower S<sub>8</sub>: massive neutrinos talk by Yvonne Wong
  - Free streaming, small scale matter power suppression, lower S<sub>8</sub>
  - Less lensing, not compatible with CMB
  - CMB peaks shift to the left → lower H<sub>0</sub>

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- Higher H<sub>0</sub>: extra DR (increase N<sub>eff</sub>). H<sub>0</sub> increases to maintain Z<sub>eq</sub>
  - Damping the CMB spectrum at high \( \ell \)
  - Matter power spectrum enhanced on small scales → higher S<sub>8</sub>

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Damping the CMB spectrum at high



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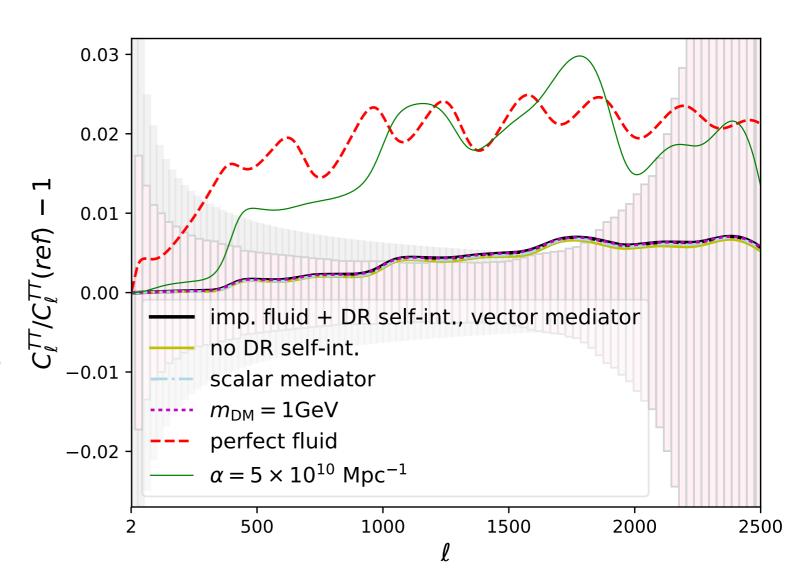
$$LCDM + \{a_{dm-dr}, \xi, m_{dm}, f_{idm}\}$$

- $a_{dm-dr} \rightarrow$  amplitude of the scattering rate
- $\xi = T_{\rm dr}/T_{\gamma} \rightarrow {\rm amount\ of\ dark\ radiation\ (\sim N_{\rm eff})}$ 
  - $m_{
    m dm} 
    ightharpoonup 
    m dark \ matter \ mass \ (in \ eV)$   $_{\it talk \ by \ Francis-Yan \ Cyr-Racine}$

 $f_{idm}$   $\rightarrow$  fraction of interacting dark matter

#### Effects on Observables

- Matter power spectrum like lcdm up to some step-like feature in k
- No change to the background history relative to LCDM + N<sub>eff</sub>, DR always relativistic
- DR self interactions preserve
   CMB peak scale
- DM-DR behaves as coupled fluid at early time, enhances peaks on small scales, compensates damping



Bohr et al. 1706.06870

Also applicable to other DM-DR interactions, like NADM (Buen-Abad et al. 1708.09406)

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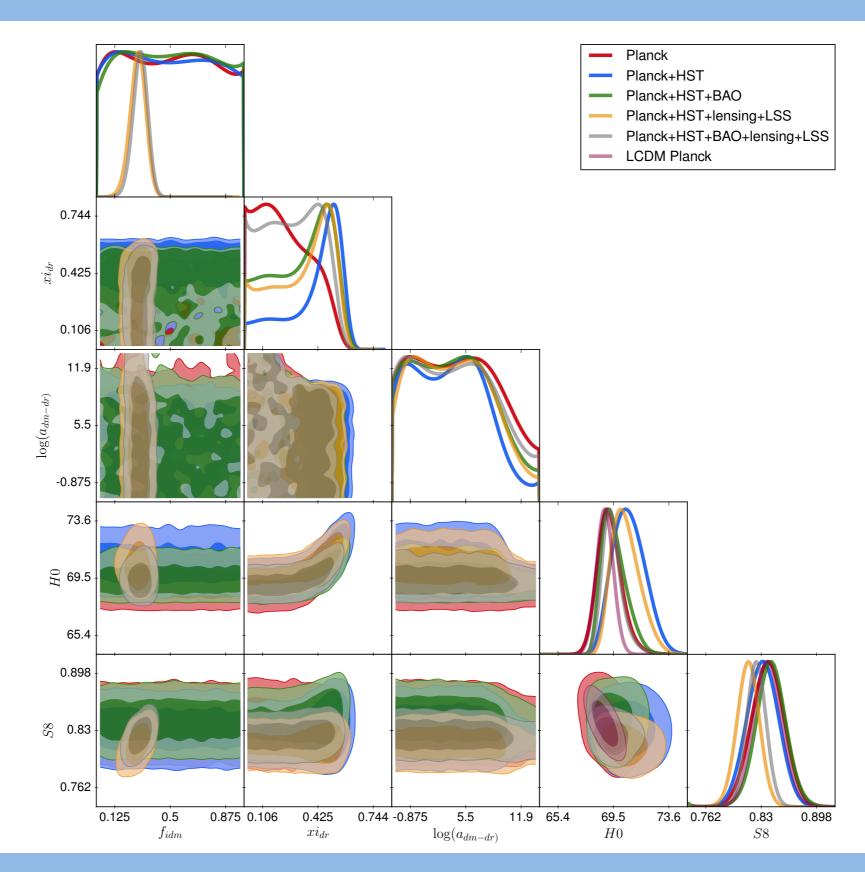
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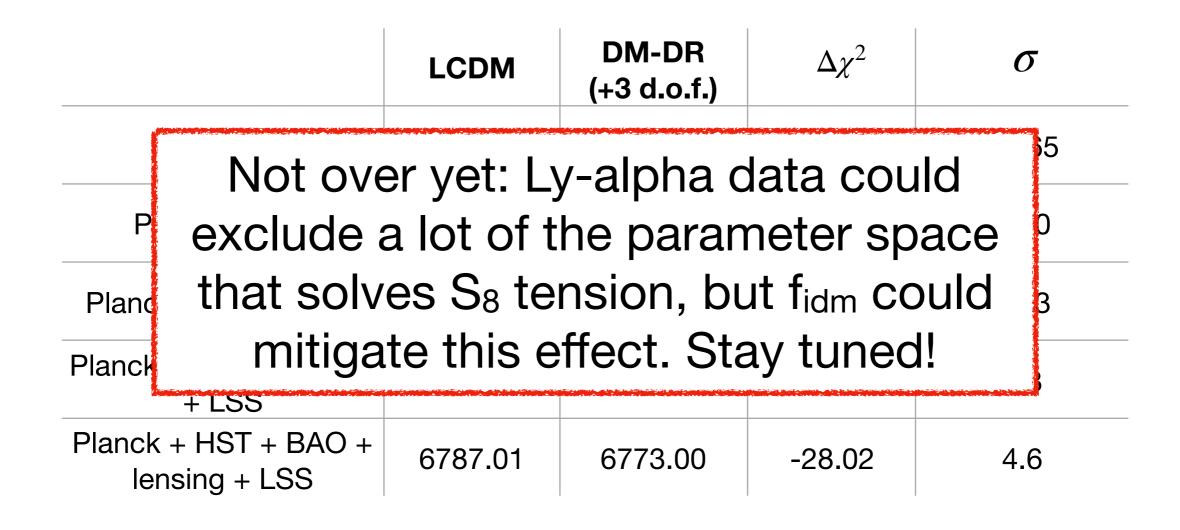
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	LCDM	DM-DR (+3 d.o.f.)	$\Delta \chi^2$	$\sigma$
Planck	6759.62	6758.80	-0.36	0.065
Planck + HST	6763.25	6761.67	-3.16	0.90
Planck + HST + BAO	6766.94	6766.00	-1.88	0.53
Planck + HST + lensing + LSS	6780.24	6768.05	-24.38	4.3
Planck + HST + BAO + lensing + LSS	6787.01	6773.00	-28.02	4.6

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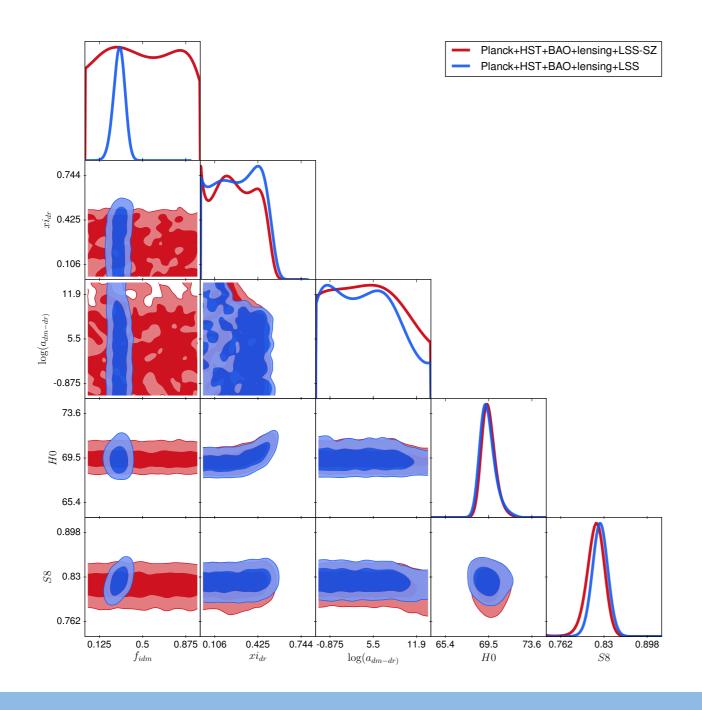
#### Summary

- Some unresolved tensions in LCDM still remain
- Interacting Dark Matter Dark Radiation models offer many possibilities to alleviate cosmological tensions
- Can also alleviate small scale crisis (Bohr et al. 1706.06870)
- Lyman-alpha data crucial to constrain these models
- Hints of Dark Matter interactions in cosmological data?

# Thank you for your attention

#### Problem with SZ?

The validity of the Planck Sunyaev-Zeldovich (SZ) cluster counts likelihood has been questioned (Pan et al. 1801.07348)



$$\Delta \chi^2 = -0.52$$

$$\sigma \sim 1.1$$