BOINC II

Nicolas Maire, Swiss Tropical Institute

with Christian Ulrik Søttrup, Niels Bohr Institute

Overview BOINC II

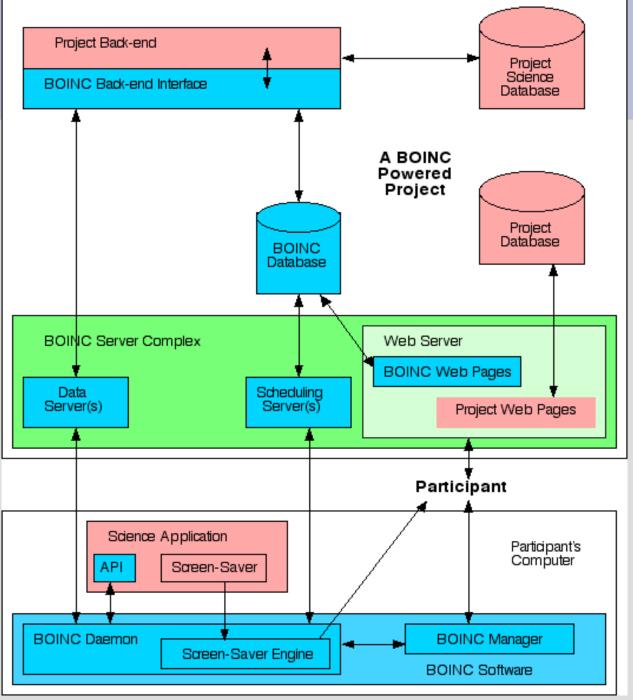
- BOINC architecture
- BOINC Client
 - Core client and manager
 - BOINC API
- Server architecture
 - DB
 - Daemons and tasks
 - Project directory structure
 - Templates
 - Configuration
 - Some examples from malariacontrol.net
- Client-Server interaction
 - Scheduling server protocol
- Server deployment

Legend

BOINC Components

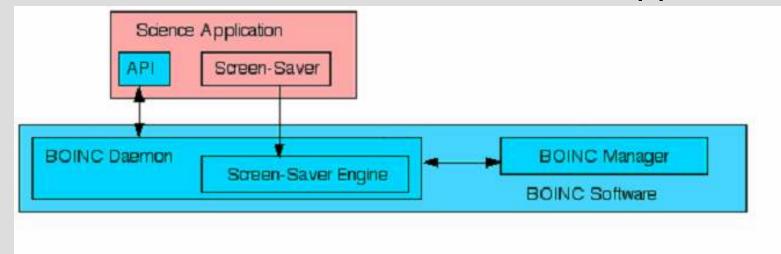
Project specific Components

Architecture



Client

- Project-independent
- Communicates with the project server(s)
- Download and upload of data
- Update of science application
- Launches and monitors the science app



 Note: New BOINC API separates screensaver into separate program

BOINC-API

- For science applications to communicate with the core client (project independent client)
- The BOINC API is a set of C++ functions.
- Not covered here: Graphics-API

Initialization and termination

int boinc_init();

- Call before any other BOINC functions
- Several initialization tasks, e.g. parse init_data.xml

. int boinc_finish(int status);

- Call after science application terminates
- Let the BOINC client know we're done, and if we've succeeded

Resolving file names

- . int boinc_resolve_filename(
 char *logical_name, char *physical_name,
 int len);
- convert logical file names to physical names
 - Logical name: the name by which the science application will refer to the file
 - **Physical name:** unique identifier for the file

Checkpointing

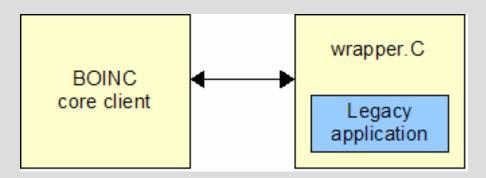
- Write the state of the job to disk, in order not start from scratch if the computation is interrupted
- . int boinc_time_to_checkpoint();
 - Checkpointing frequency is a user preference
 - Science application ask BOINC if it's time for a checkpoint at a suitable place
 - Checkpoint immediately if returns non-zero (true)
- . void boinc_checkpoint_completed();
 - Tell BOINC we have checkpointed, to reset the timer to the next checkpoint

Reporting progress

- boinc_fraction_done(double
 fraction_done);
- The client GUI displays percent done of a running workunit
- The user can see that the workunit is running ok
- The malariacontrol science application updates this after each completed 5-day time step with the proportion of competed simulation steps

Legacy applications

- Not possible to use BOINC API
 - No source code
 - But also if language does not allow C-calls
 - Or simply no resources for SW-development
- Possible to run under BOINC using the "wrapper approach"
- The wrapper handles communication with the core client, and runs science application as a subprocess



Database I

- BOINC stores state information in a mysql database
 - platform
 - Compilation targets of the core client and/or applications.
 - app
 - Applications. A project can run several science applications
 - app_version
 - Versions of applications. Includes URL, and MD5 checksum.
 - user
 - . including email, name, web password, authenticator.

Database II

- host
 - OS, CPU, RAM, userid, reliability
- workunit
 - Contains input file descriptions. Includes counts of the number of results linked to this workunit, and the numbers that have been sent, that have succeeded, and that have failed.
- result
 - Includes state and a number of items relevant only after the result has been returned: CPU time, exit status, and validation status.
- Web-interface related tables

Scheduler

- The scheduler is a cgi script that is contacted by the client.
- By default, a new instance is spawned for each connection (but can use fast CGI).
- The instance will then find an available job and give it to the client.
- The scheduler can run on its own machine

Feeder

- The Feeder takes jobs (results) ready for execution and places them in a queue in memory.
- This queue is used by the scheduler.
- More efficient than letting each scheduler instance create a database connection.
- Feeder return jobs arbitrarily but generally with increasing id.
- Prioritization of workunits and weighting of applications is possible

Transitioner

• Takes care of state transition for WUs.

- Create results from WUs.
 - Newly created WUs
 - Timed-out results
- Flags results for:
 - Validation
 - Assimilation
 - Deletion
- Can be split into many instances, each taking care of a subset of Wus. This also goes for most other daemons.

Validator

- Validates results
 - Once enough (configurable) have been marked with NEED_VALIDATE by the transitioner.
 - Validator compares the results using a project supplied algorithm.
 - complete binary equality
 - One that compares only parts of the results and 5% discrepancy in those parts.
 - This means that you may have to write your own validator, i.e. you must decide what is a valid result.
- Chooses canonical result and grants credits
 - Credit granting algorithm can also be supplied.

Assimilator

- The assimilator must also be supplied by the project.
- It must process the canonical result.
 - Could copy result to a result database
 - Could extract data from result and do calculation based on that
 - Could even generate new jobs based on data from result
- Mark results as assimilated

File deleter

- Once a job is done and the WU has been marked as ready for deletion, the file deleter will delete all input and result files from that WU on the server.
- Option to: preserve_wu_files, preserve_result_files

DB purger

- This daemon will move database entries that are old and no longer needed to an XML storage file.
- This clears up the result and workunit tables that could otherwise easily become so big they could not fit in RAM.
- Projects typically keep results at least a few days in the DB, so that users have a record of their recent contribution

Project directory structure I

- Apps
 - Contains applications(boinc clients, your science application)
- Bin
 - Boinc executables
- Cgi-bin
 - Scheduler and file upload handler
- Download
 - Input data and programs
- Upload
 - Result data

Project directory structure II

- Html
 - Project website and administration website
- Iog_servername
 - Logs for BOINC and project-specific daemons and tasks
- pid_servername
 - Lock files for daemons
- Templates
 - Templates for workunits and result xml templates

config.xml

- Main project configuration file
- Options for disabling account creation, max wu per host per day, one result per user per WU, and many more
- Project specific tasks can be setup to be run by the main daemon

<boinc>

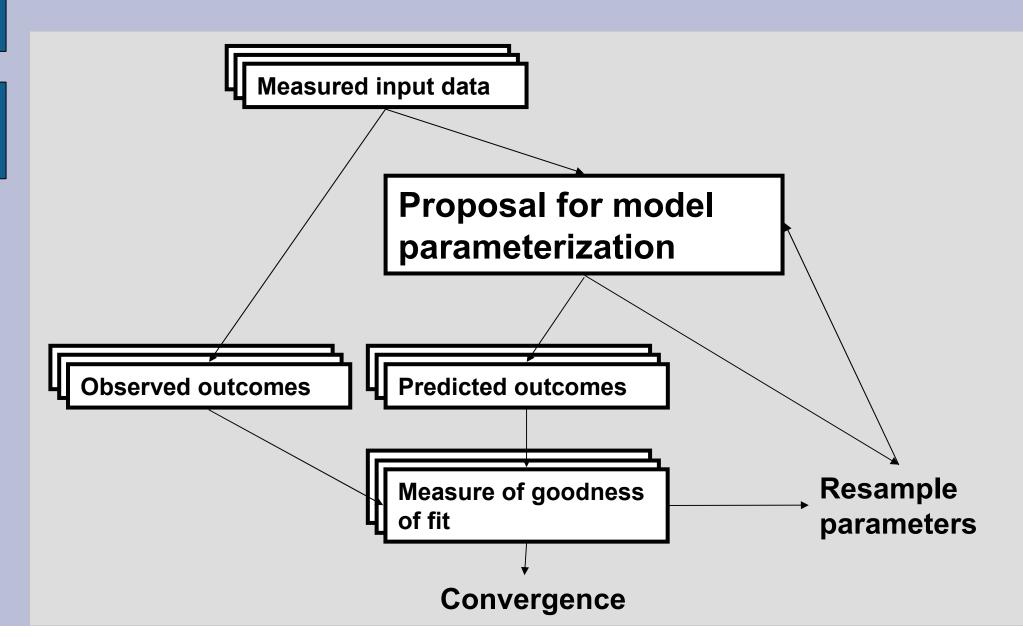
<config> [configuration options] </config> <daemons> [list of daemons] </daemons> <tasks> [list of periodic tasks] </tasks>

</boinc>

Generating work

- Write XML 'template files' that describe the job's input and outputs. Example templates follow later on.
- Create the job's input file(s)
- Invoke a BOINC function or script that submits the job

A BOINC project example: malariacontrol.net



Validator daemon

- Validate incoming results against others of the same workunit
- Grant credit
- Projects use the BOINC supplied C code and implement compare_results and compute_granted_credit functions
- Here we use the BOINC-provided sample_bitwise_validator

Assimilator daemon

- Processes validated results
- Reads the simulation output file
- Compares the predictions with the corresponding field data
- Computes a measure of fit
- Creates new work if necessary
 - Sample a new model parameterization and store it to the backend database
 - Based on the completed parameterizations in the backend database
 - Create workunit files, copy them to the download directory and all create_work to add to the BOINC database

mcdn config.xml

<boinc> <config> <one per="" result="" user="" wu="">1</one></config></boinc>
<tasks></tasks>
<task></task>
<cmd></cmd>
generator -db_name malariaModel -template_name /templates/generator_template.yml_d 2
/templates/generator_template.xml -d 3
<pre><period>1 min</period></pre>
<daemons></daemons>
<daemon></daemon>
<pre><cmd>validator -d 3 -app malariacontrol</cmd></pre>

Templates I: Input template

- Input file references
- Workunit attributes

```
<file info>
    <number>0</number>
</file info>
<workunit>
<file ref>
    <file number>0</file number>
    <open name>scenario.xml</open name>
</file ref>
<min quorum>2</min quorum>
<rsc fpops bound>12000000000000.0</rsc fpops bound>
<rsc fpops est>100000000000/rsc fpops est>
<delay bound>300000</delay bound>
<max error results>5</max error results>
</workunit>
```

Templates II: Output template

Definition of output files and the way they are referenced

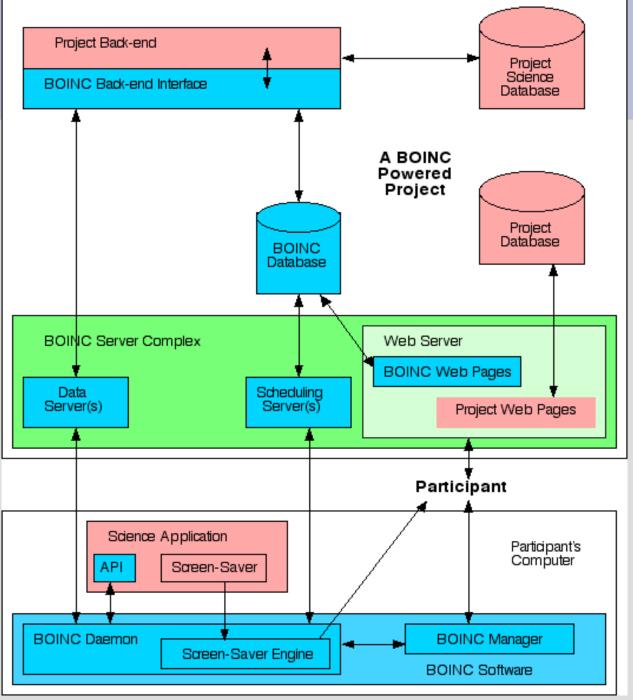
```
<file_info>
<name><OUTFILE_0/></name>
<generated_locally/>
<max_nbytes>10000000</max_nbytes>
<url><UPLOAD_URL/></url>
</file_info>
<result>
<file_ref>
<file_name><OUTFILE_0/></file_name>
<open_name>output.txt</open_name>
</file_ref>
</result>
```

Legend

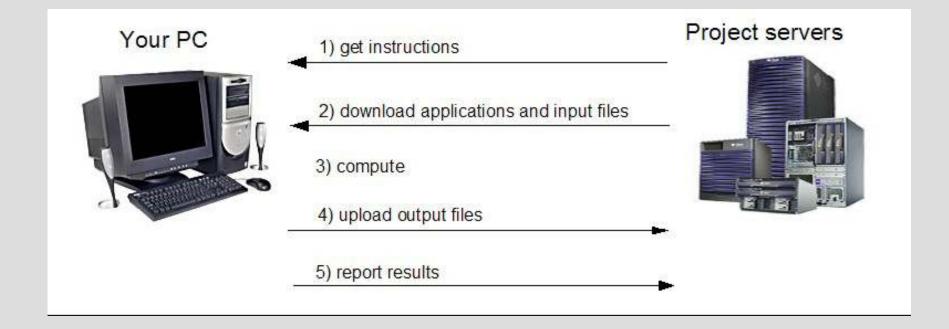
BOINC Components

Project specific Components

Architecture



Client-Server interaction



Client-Server interaction

- Communication via http
- Scheduling server protocol:
- Client sends scheduler_request_X.xml
- Server replies with scheduler_reply xml
 Example request (fragment):
- Example request (fragment):

Server setup

- There is no official RPM or other package for the server
 - There are privately developed ones. CERN has one for scientific linux.
- By now installing a server works well on a range of Linux distributions and is well documented
- Many people have published guides and how-tos
- Use the resources shown at the end of the presentation

Prerequisites

- See Boinc website for latest list.
- Gnutools
 - Gcc, make, autoconf, automake ...
- MySQL
 - Server and client
- Python
 - MySQL and XML extensions
- . Apache
 - Mod_ssl and PHP
- Openssl
 - v0.9.8+

Building

- . Get the source from SVN repository
 - svn co http://boinc.berkeley.edu/svn/trunk/boinc
- Build it
 - ./_autosetup
 - ./configure
 - --disable-client
 - ./make
 - ./Make install

Installation

- Make sure that all prerequisites (apache, mysql, php, etc) are configured correctly.
- Create keys for uploads and downloads (code), preferably not on the server
 - Store the private key somewhere safe

BOINC Server VM

• VMWare image available: boinc.berkeley.edu

- Comes with all prerequisites
- See Hands-on
- Outlook: Amazon Computing Cloud VM

Installation

- Run the make_project project script.
 - --project_root <path>
 - --db_user <database_user>
 - --db_passwd <database_password>
 - --key_dir <key_directory>
 - --url_base <url_base>
 - (--drop_db_first, --delete_prev_inst)
 - Optional, used to clean up previous installs.
 - <short_name> <long_name>
- This creates the DB, directory structure, BOINCgeneric daemons and tasks, web-app
- Also some configuration files with sensible defaults

Website and forum

- Start by password protecting the html/ops/ administration interface pages.
 - Either with .htaccess or apache.conf file approach
- Edit html/project/project.inc
 - Change data to fit with your project
- . Css file in html/user/ can be customized.
- Edit html/ops/create_forums.php
 - Decide what forums are needed/wanted.
 - Run it.

Final steps

- Add application and workunits
- Write and install your own assimilator and validator
- Start the server
 - bin/start from the project directory.

Administration

- . The admin web pages
 - Grants access to a load of statistics and status information
 - . Users
 - . Hosts
 - Applications
 - WU and results
 - more
- BOINC logs
- Custom logs
- BOINC DB for comprehensive state information and manipulation

BOINC resources

BOINC website: http://boinc.berkeley.edu/

- Source code
- Documentation
- Forums
- BOINC email lists:
 - boinc_projects for project admins
 - boinc_dev for boinc developers
- http://wiki.aims.ac.za/mediawiki/index.php/AIMS_w orkshop_on_Volunteer_Computing
- Project forums
- nicolas.maire@unibas.ch