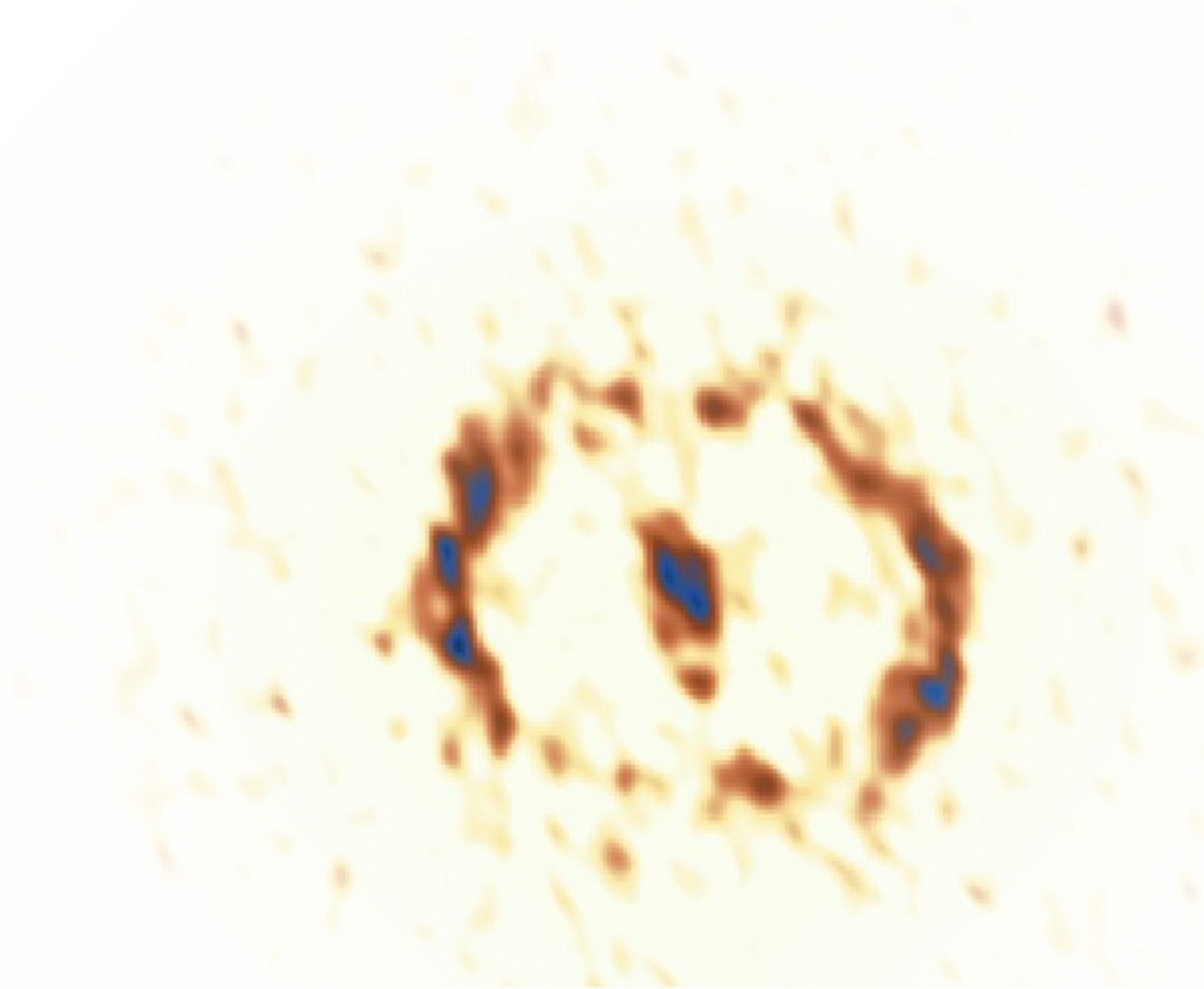


HIGH-RESOLUTION OBSERVATIONS OF DUST IN SN 1987A



PHIL CIGAN

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POP QUIZ

In which direction is SN 1987A *right now*?

FROM THE BEACH...

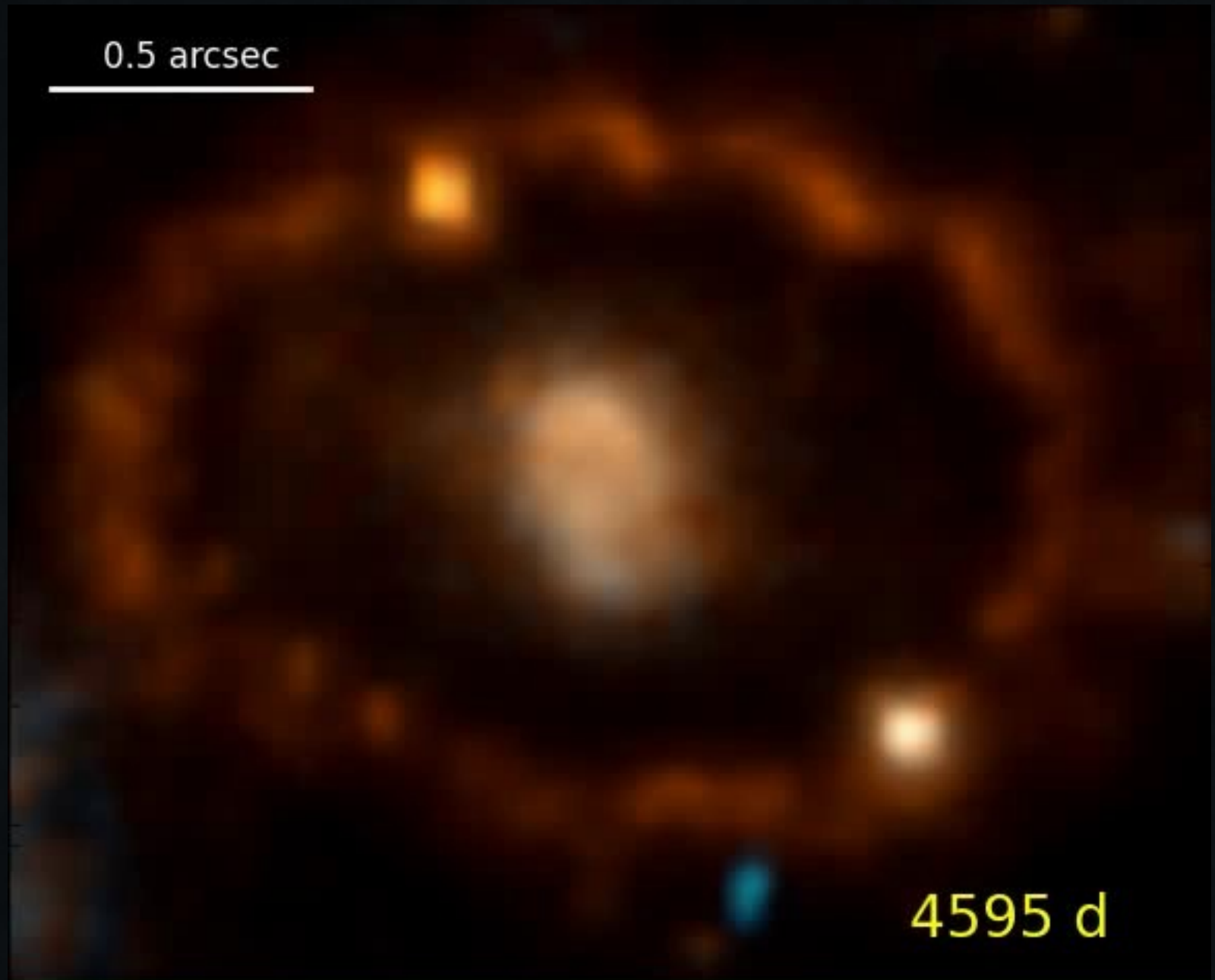
87A here



OPTICAL EVOLUTION OF SN 1987A

Hubble *B, R*
Fransson+2015,
Larsson+2013

At 50 kpc,
SN 1987A is
the nearest
SN explosion
detected in
400 years



- Spatially resolved images of dust and molecules can reveal the chemistry resulting in dust formation in SNe
- Models predict core-collapse SNe are important source of dust in galaxies if they produce $0.1-1.0 M_{\odot}$ (Morgan & Edmunds 2003; Nozawa et al. 2003; Gomez+2012, Gall+2014, Dwek & Cherchneff 2011)
- CCSNe could be major source of ISM dust (e.g., Matsuura+2009; Dwek & Cherchneff 2011...)
- Low-Z galaxies: low DGR from low condensation rates. Need dust from stars (e.g., Zhukovska 2014)
- Making dust in the early universe is hard: dust budget crisis
 - Need more than just AGB stars (Morgan & Edmunds 2003; Rowlands+2014; Shaerer+2015...)

→ How is dust distributed in SN ejecta?
→ How much dust do SNe really produce?

HISTORY OF DUST IN SN 1987A

- Days 260-1316: MIR thermal emission (Wooden+1993; Bouchet+1991)
 - $\sim 10^{-4} M_{\odot}$ dust, presumed to be in ejecta

THE HERSCHEL VIEW OF SN1987A



1M_☉ of dust, 20K?

Matsuura + 2011, Science

Lucy L 1989; Wooden+ 1993, Bouchet+ 1991

Herschel 250 micron days 8467 & 8564
(HERITAGE; Meixner+2013)

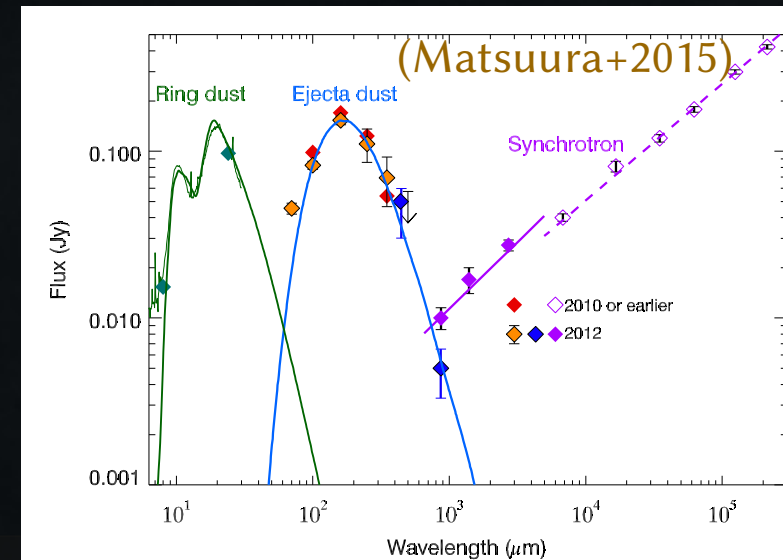
Spitzer 8 micron + 24 micron

HISTORY OF DUST IN SN 1987A

- Days 260-1316: MIR thermal emission (Wooden+1993; Bouchet+1991)
 - $\sim 10^{-4} M_{\odot}$ dust, presumed to be in ejecta
- 23 yr later, days 8467, 8564: FIR (100-350 μm) (Matsuura+2011)
 - 0.4-0.7 M_{\odot} dust (!). Confirmed from ejecta (Indebetouw+2014)
 - Debated – larger than Spitzer MIR masses
 - BUT Herschel Cas A and Crab obs. also showed $M > 0.1 M_{\odot}$

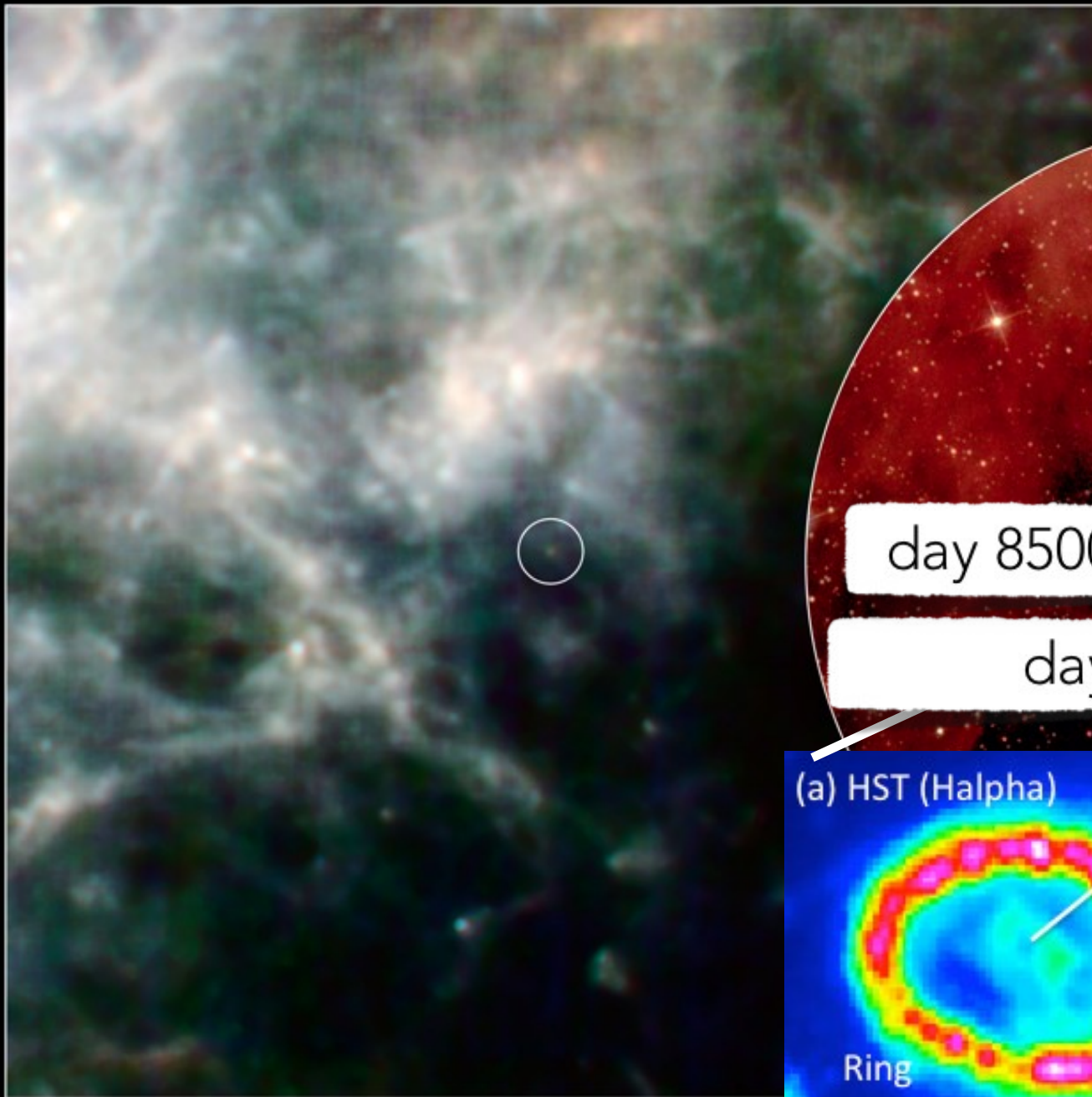
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 - BUT Herschel Cas A and Crab obs. also showed $M > 0.1 M_{\odot}$
- 2012, day 9090: New Herschel obs.
 - Confirmed large mass (0.8 M_{\odot}) of dust
 - 0.3 M_{\odot} ACAR, 0.5 M_{\odot} silicates
 - Crucially, used 70 μm data to show $T < 30\text{K}$

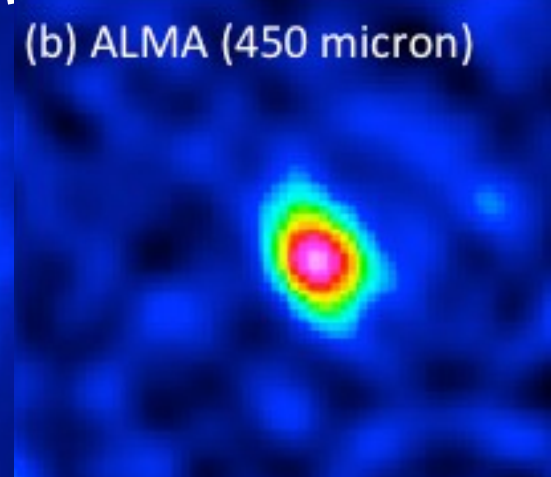
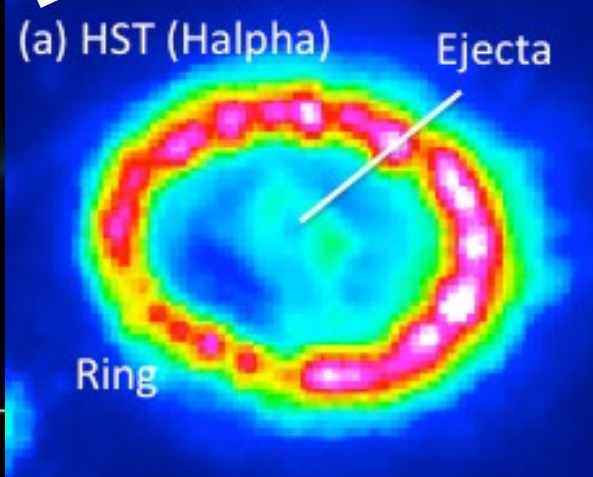
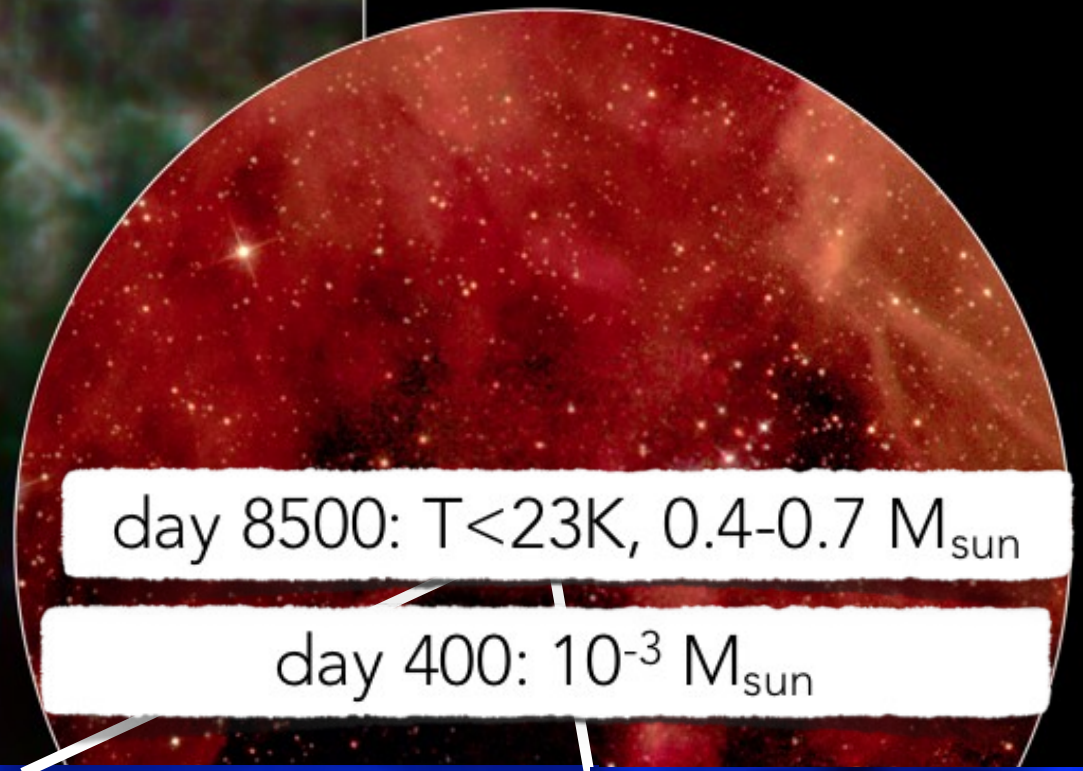


ALMA PROVIDES A SHARPER VIEW



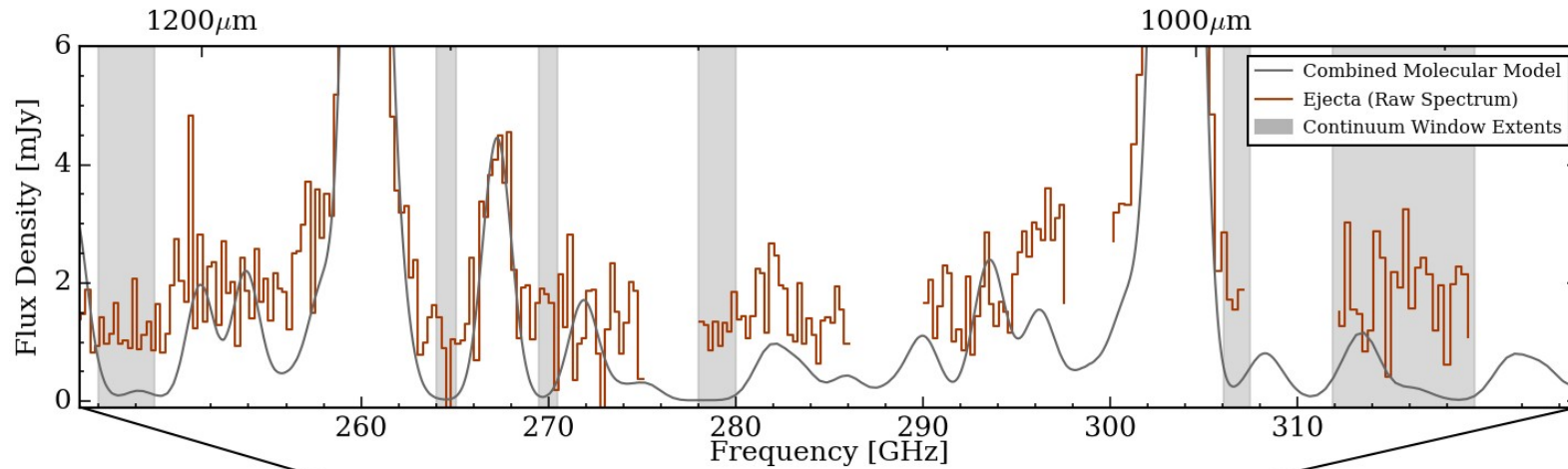


Herschel (far-infrared)



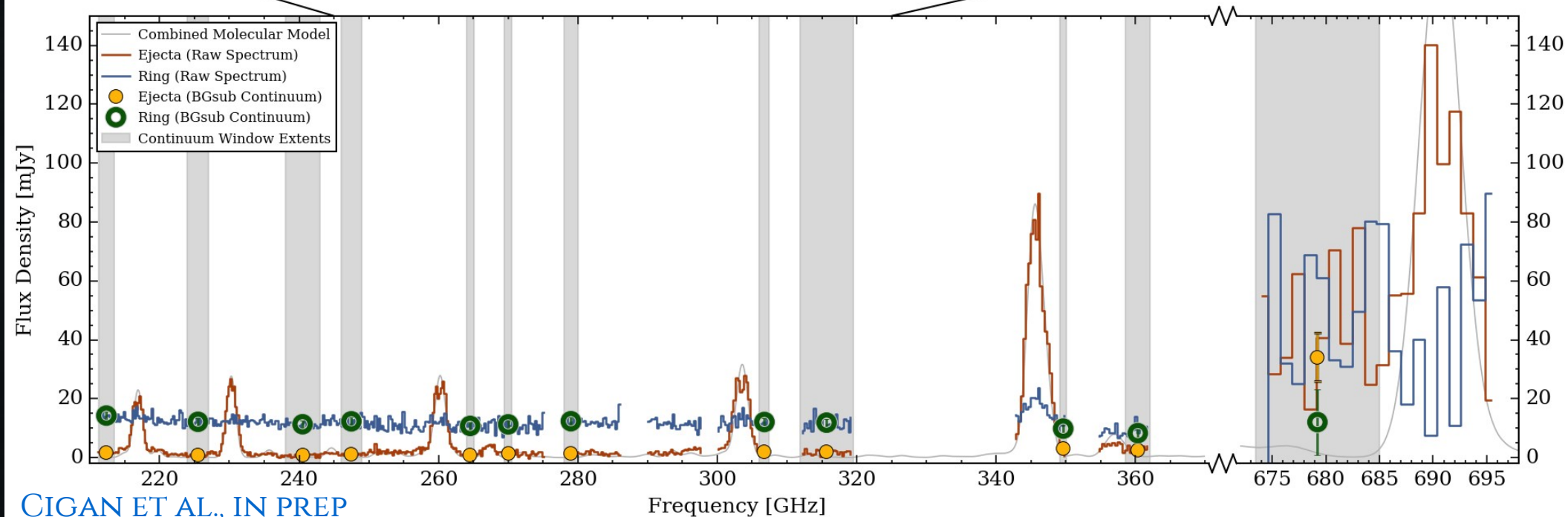
NEW ALMA OBSERVATIONS

Combined molecular model from Matsuura+2017 (submitted)



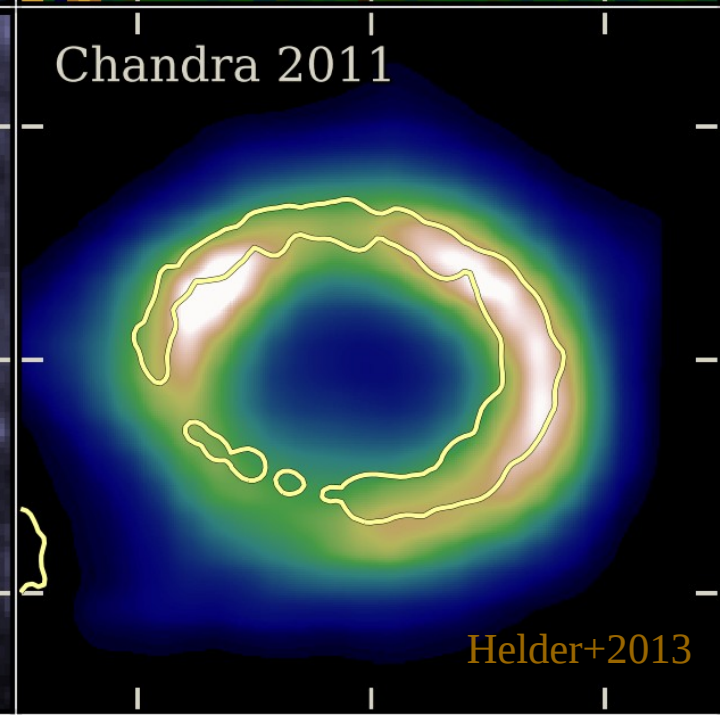
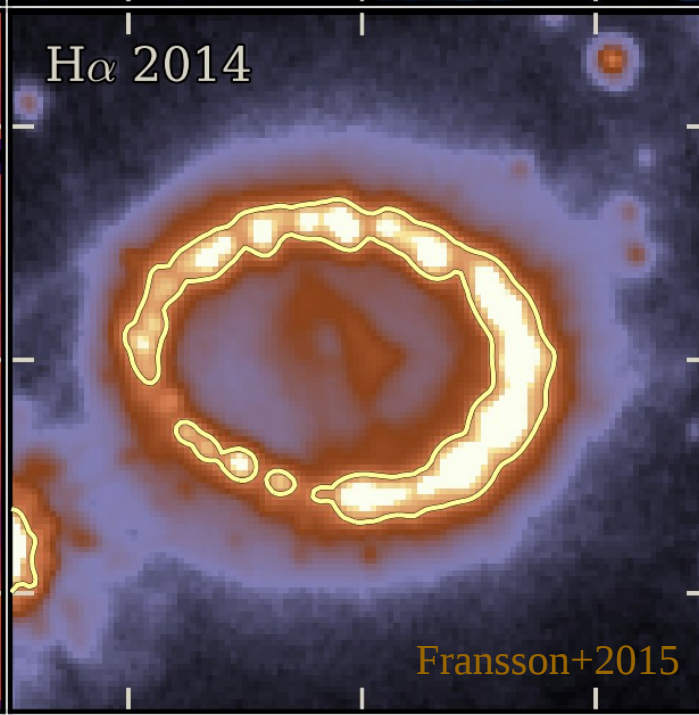
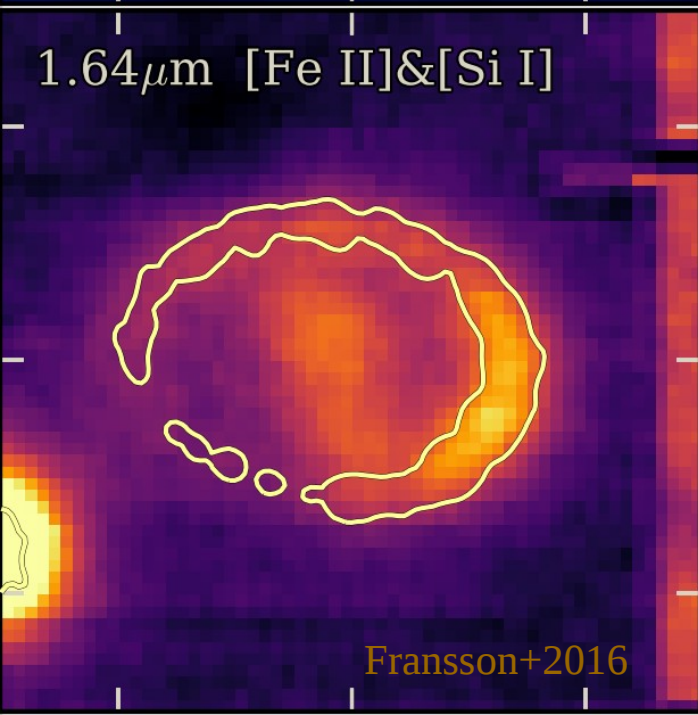
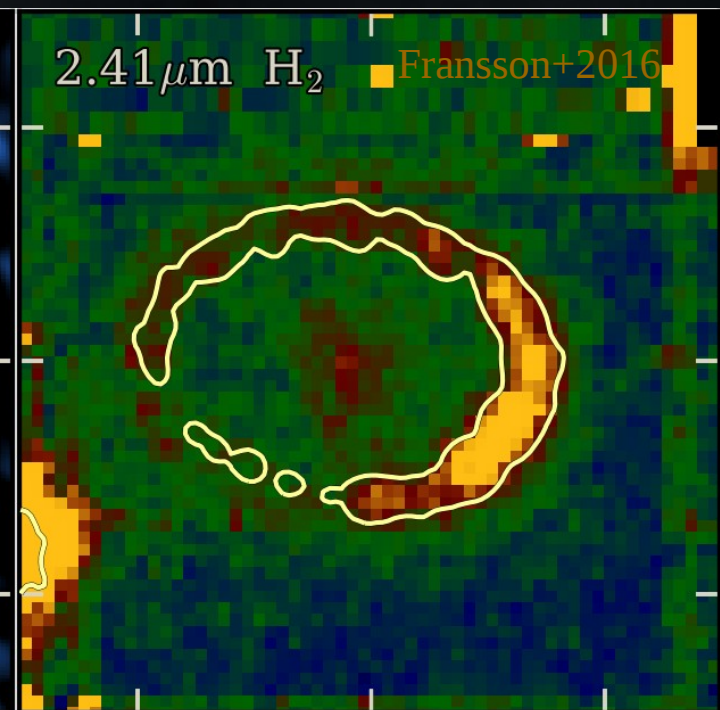
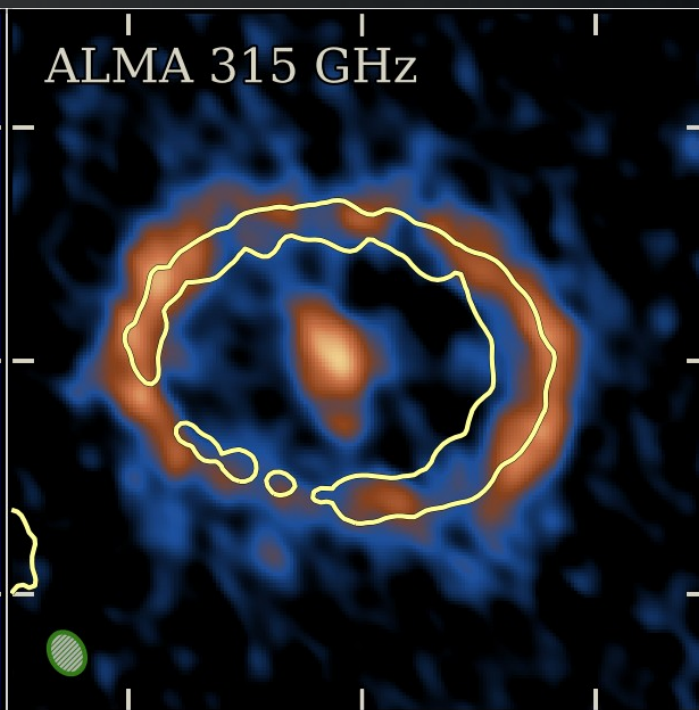
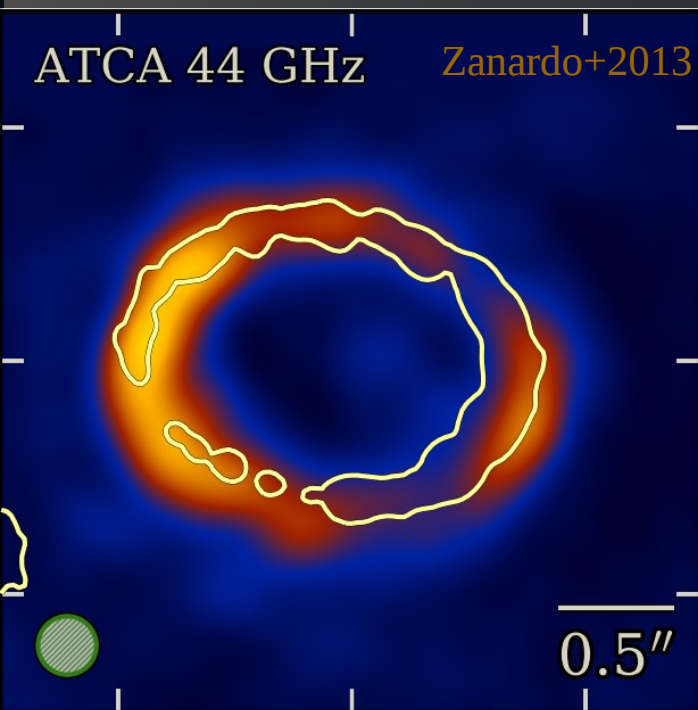
Cycle 2
Band 7: 0.3" FWHM
Band 9: 0.09" FWHM

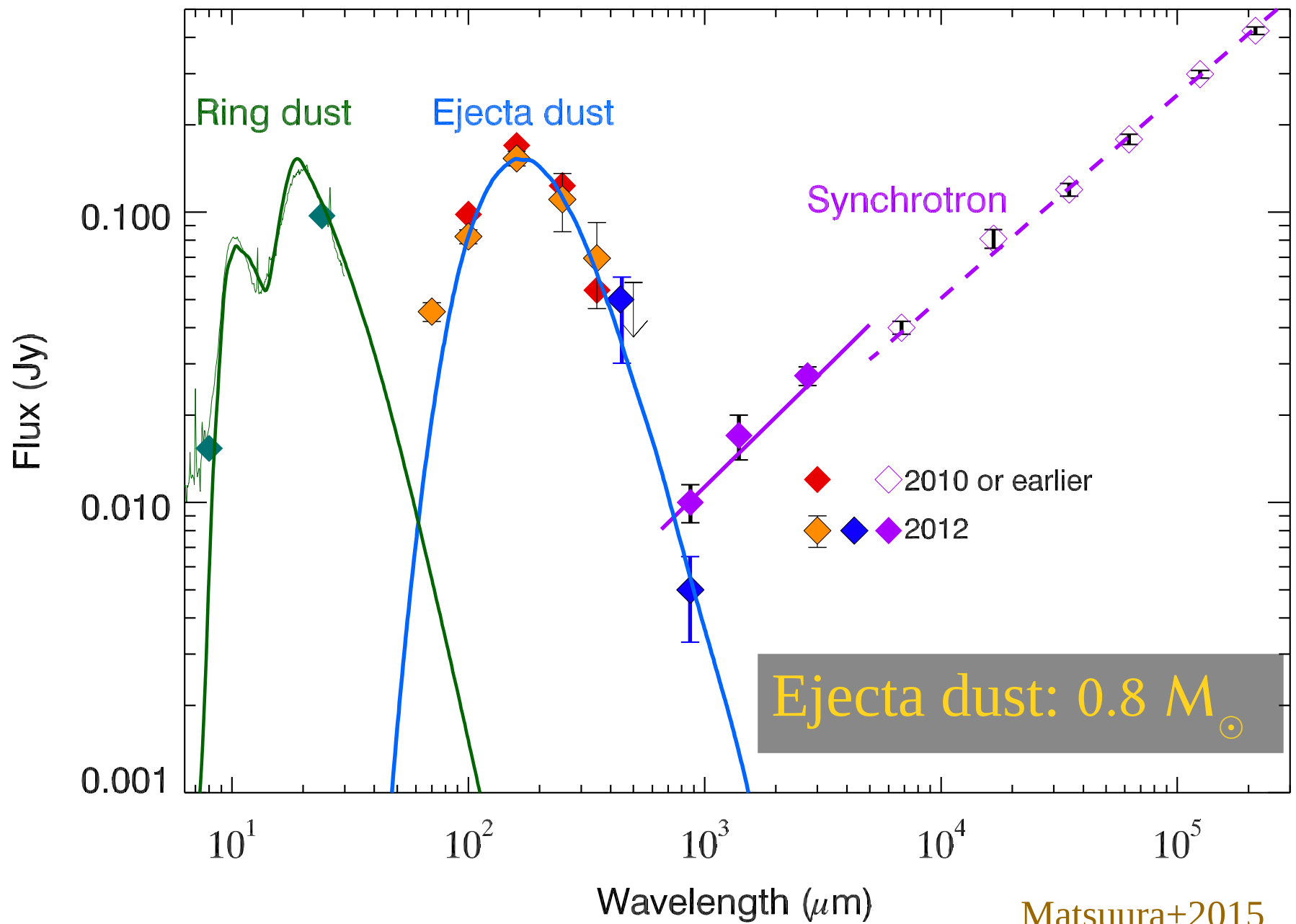
(previous Cycle 0 B7 was 0.69")



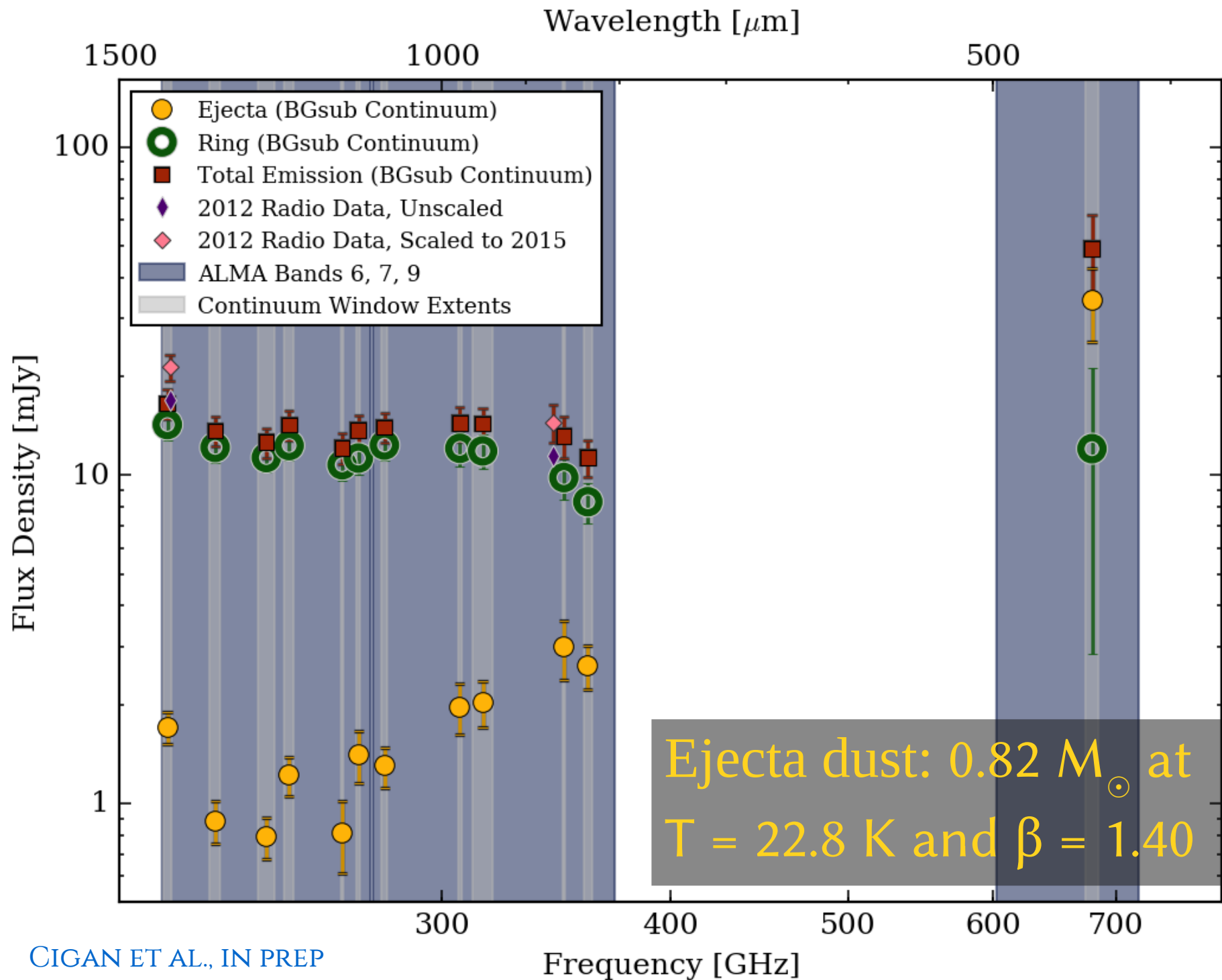
MULTI-WAVELENGTH OVERVIEW

CIGAN ET AL., IN PREP

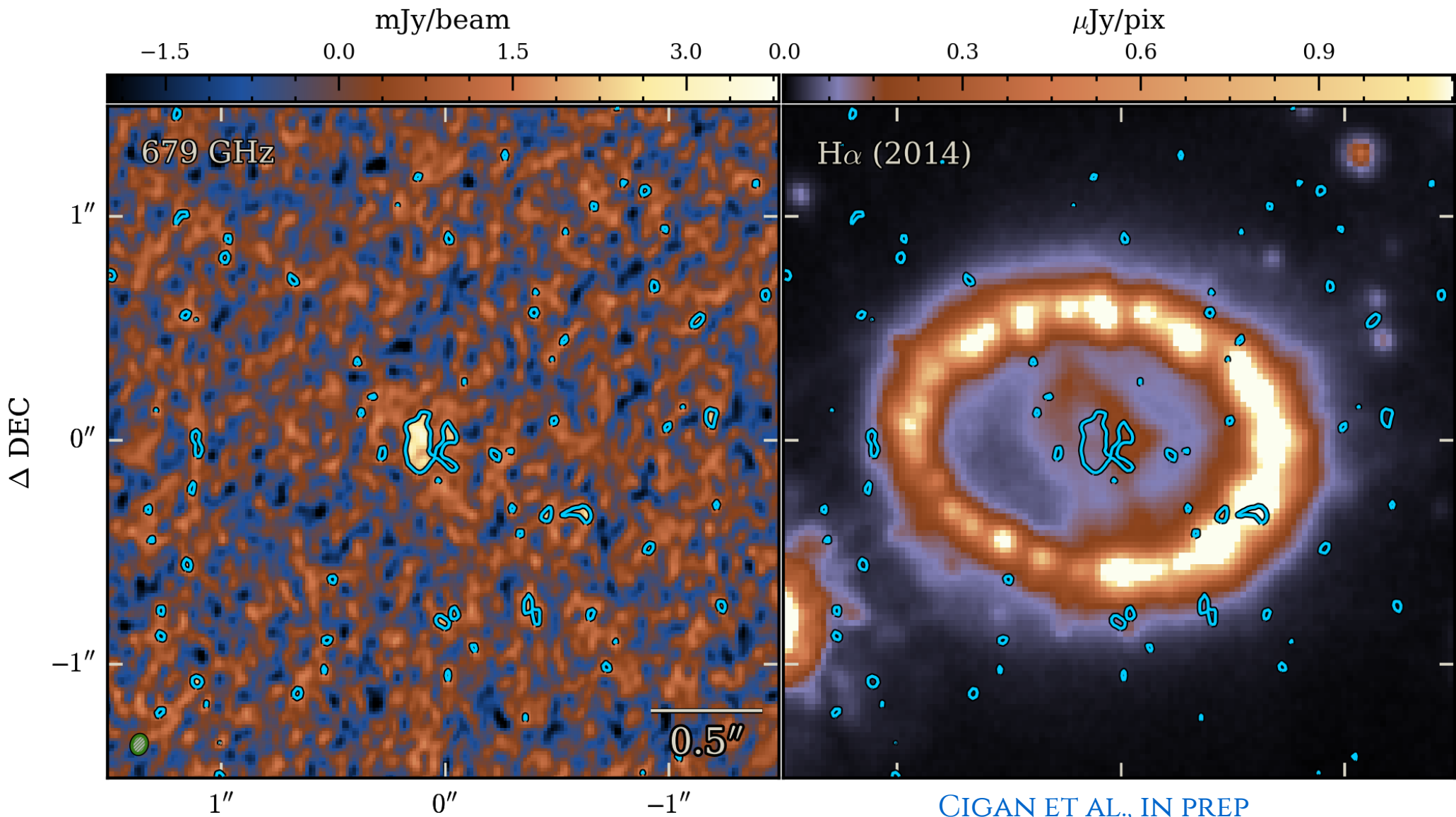




Matsuura+2015



DUST MORPHOLOGY



- SN dust production can be important for ISM studies
- First resolved observations of SN ejecta dust!
- SN 1987A ejecta dust mainly falls in optical gaps
- ALMA confirms large ejecta dust mass from FIR
 - Ejecta emission is thermal
 - Around 0.8 solar masses of dust observed
 - $T \sim 23$ K, $\beta = 1.40$
- Center pos. ~ 63 mas SE from 1995 VLBI
- Exciting new views of the relation between **dust** and **molecules** in SN ejecta
 - Also keep an eye out for Abellan, Indebetouw, et al.

