Search for dark matter in mono-top signature at the LHC

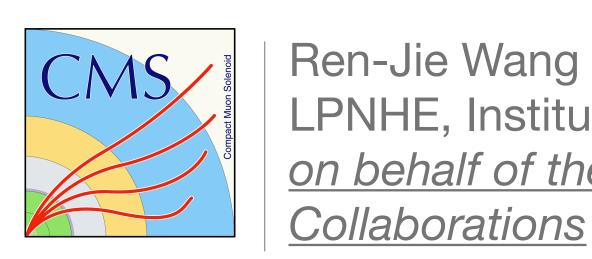
Top-LHC-France 2017 4-5 May 2017, Marseille







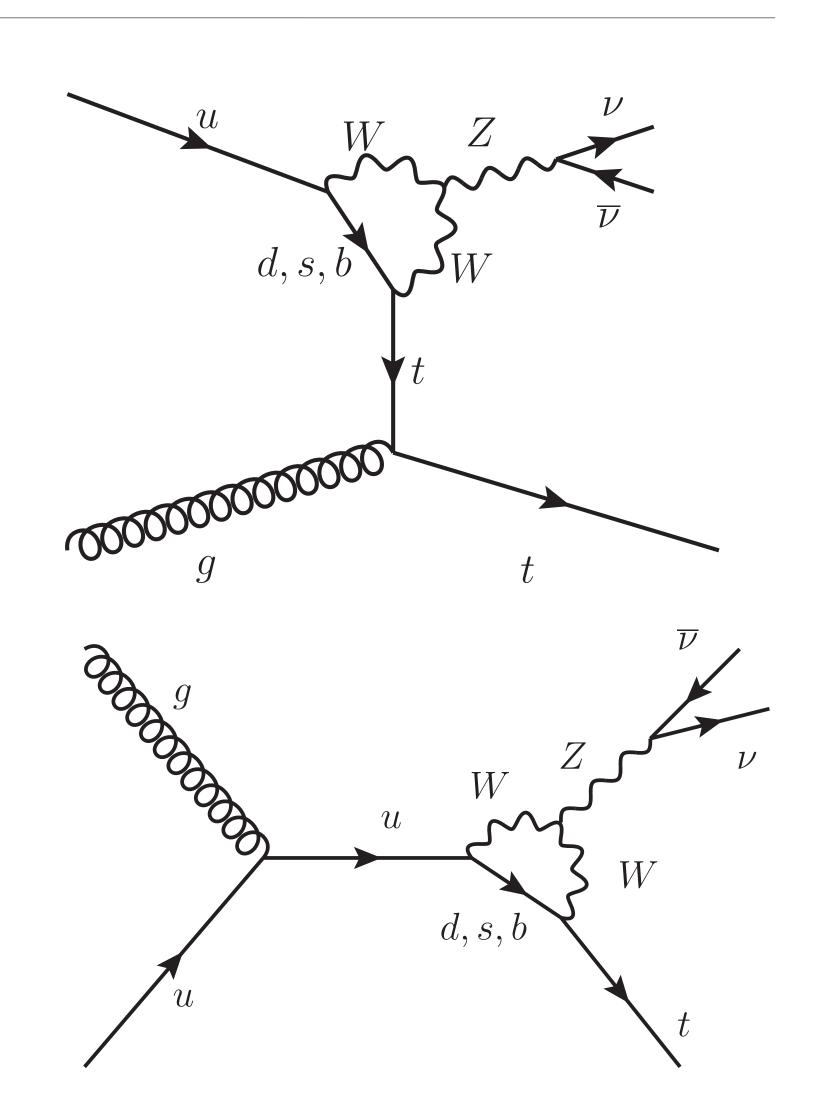




Ren-Jie Wang LPNHE, Institut Lagrange de Paris on behalf of the ATLAS and CMS Collaborations

Motivation

- mono-top: a final state of a single-top plus large missing transverse energy (E_T^{miss})
- In SM, this signature could only occur as the loop-induced associate production with a Z boson decaying into a pair of neutrinos
- But such Flavour-Changing Neutral Current (FCNC) process is suppressed in SM (by the GIM mechanism)
- Therefore, any significant excess in such a final state would be a clear and strong sign of new physics
- Comparing with the final states of mono-jet, the mono-top search gives a much clearer and easier signature to discriminate than a light jet, and more advantages of fixing the flavor of the final state and restricting the partons in the initial state.



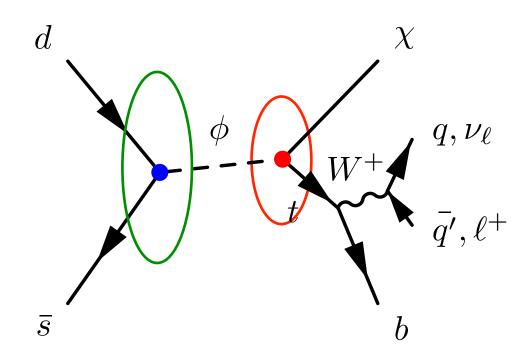
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Introduction of signal models

Resonant scalar mediator:

Majorana fermion as DM, a colored scalar (φ) decaying to top quark and DM

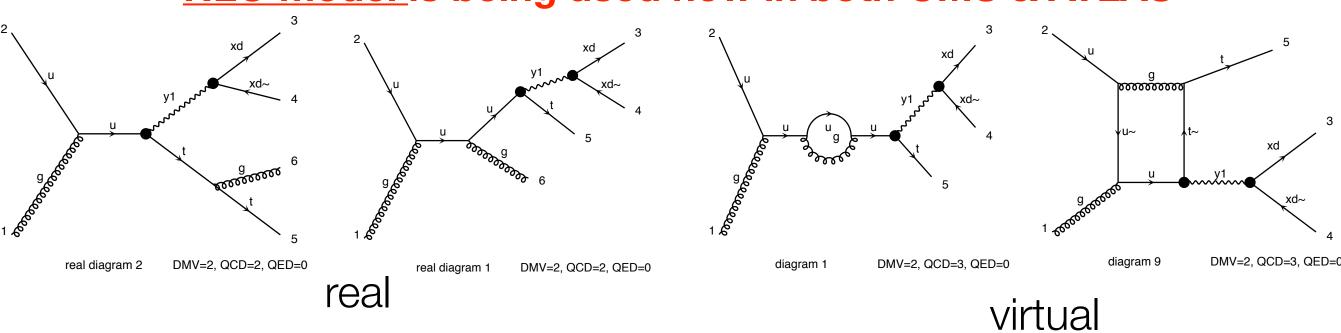
$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{kin}(\phi_s, \chi) + \left[\phi \overline{d}_i^C [(a_{SR}^q)^{ij} + (b_{SR}^q)^{ij} \gamma^5] d_j + \phi \overline{t} [a_{SR}^{1/2} + b_{SR}^{1/2} \gamma^5] \chi + \text{h.c.}\right]$$

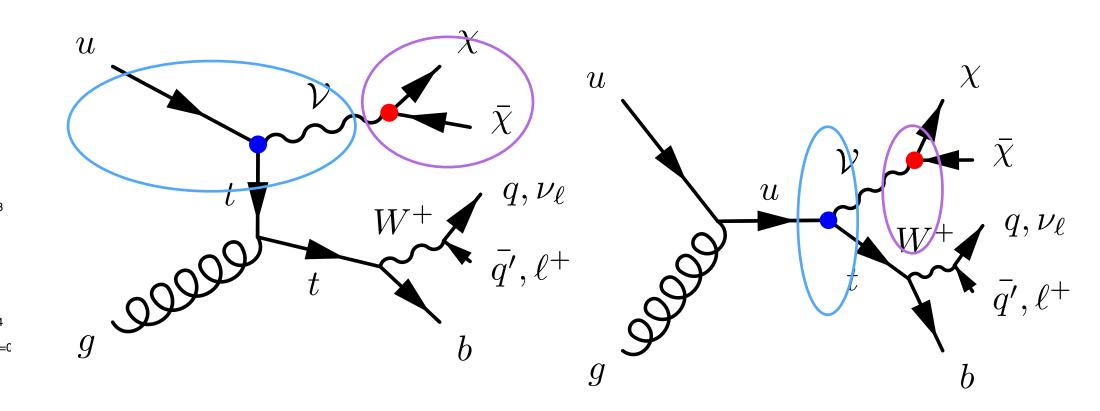


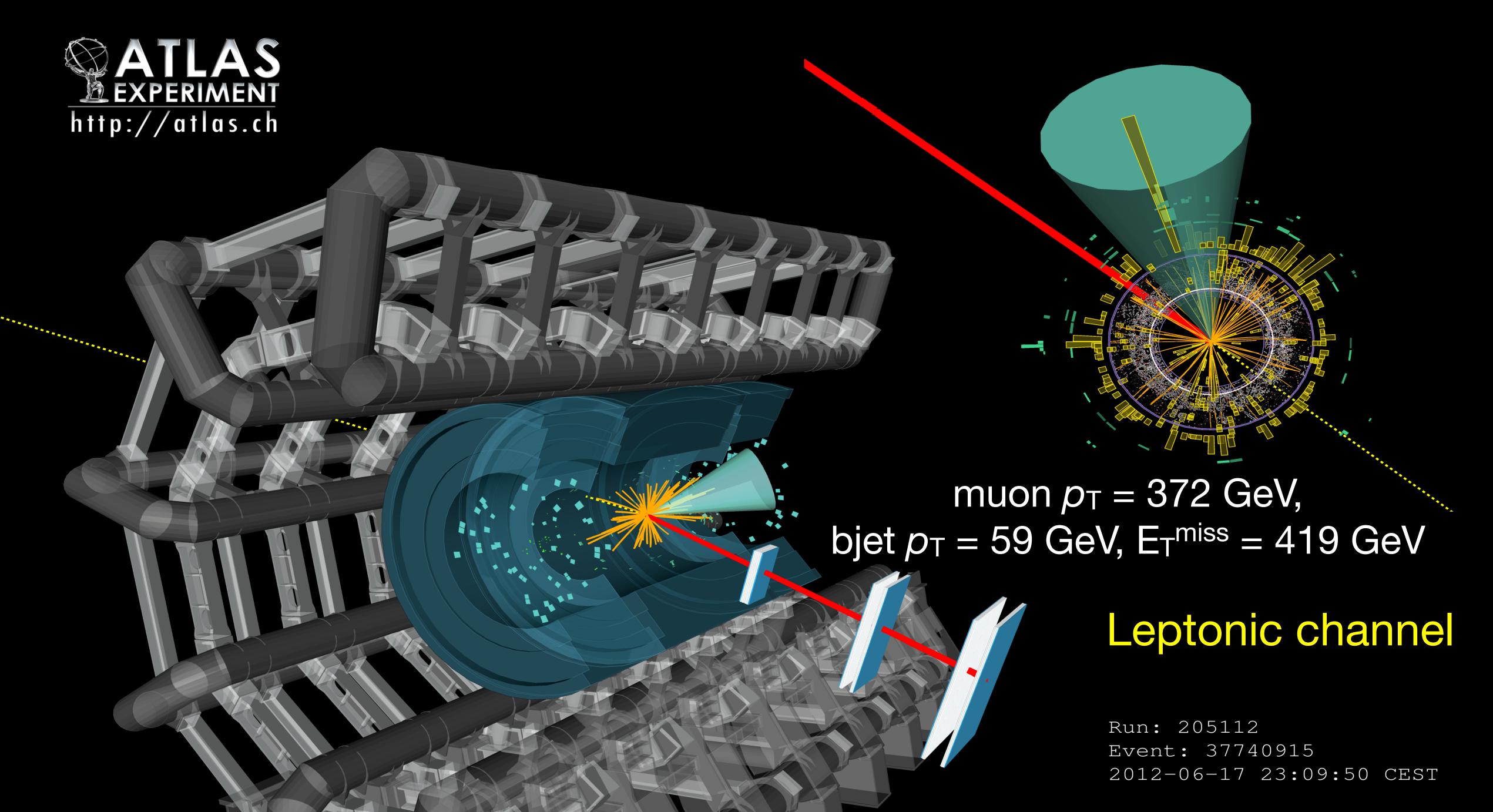
- Non-resonant vector mediator FCNC model:
 - Dirac fermion as DM (or vector mediator as DM directly)

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + \mathcal{L}_{kin} + V_{\mu}(g_{R_{\chi}}\bar{\chi}_{R}\gamma^{\mu}\chi_{R} + g_{L_{\chi}}\bar{\chi}_{L}\gamma^{\mu}\chi_{L}) + V_{\mu}\bar{u}_{i}[(a_{FC})^{ij}\gamma^{\mu} + (b_{FC})^{ij}\gamma^{\mu}\gamma^{5}]u_{j} + \text{h.c.}$$

NLO model is being used now in both CMS & ATLAS

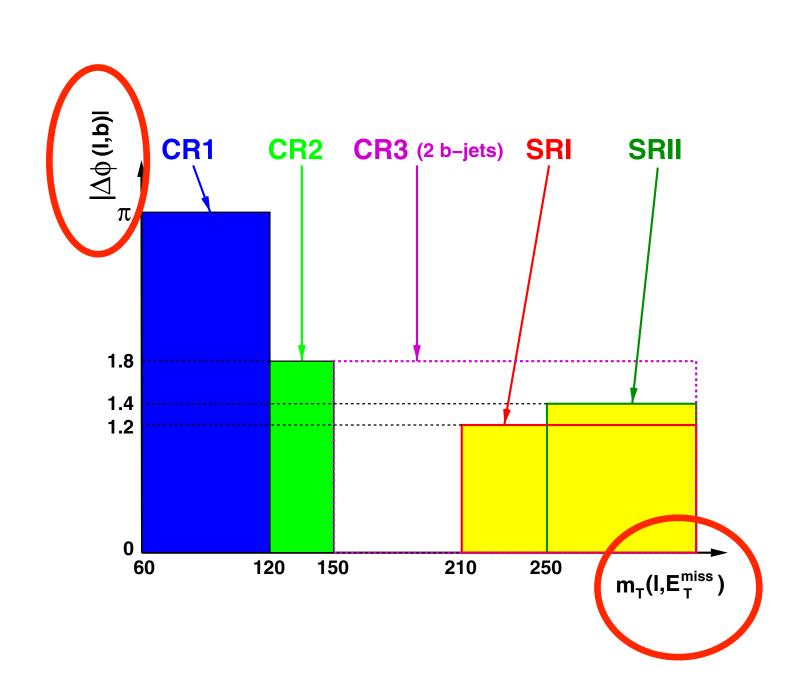




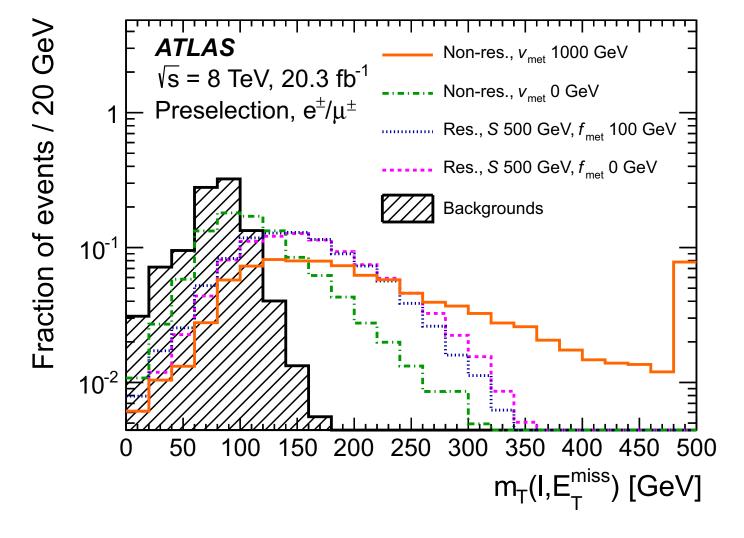


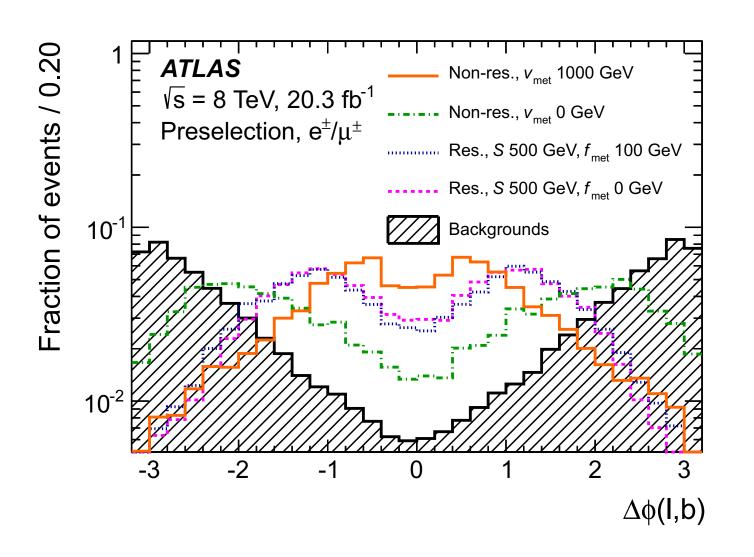
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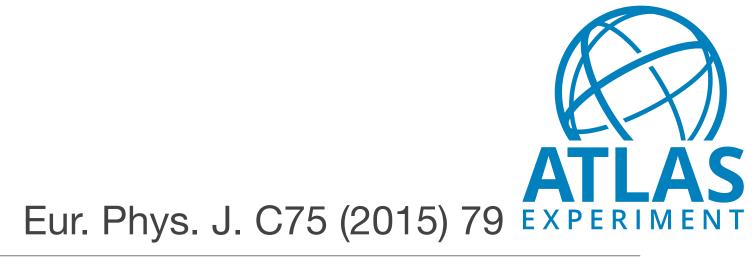
- ATLAS
 Eur. Phys. J. C75 (2015) 79 EXPERIMENT
- Signature: one isolated charged lepton (electron/muon) from the W decay, one b-tagged jet, large E_T^{miss}
 - a well-defined electron or muon with $p_T > 30$ GeV
 - one b-tagged jet with $p_T > 25$ GeV (Eff: 57%)
 - $E_T^{miss} > 35 \text{ GeV, mT}(\ell, E_T^{miss}) + E_T^{miss} > 60 \text{ GeV}$

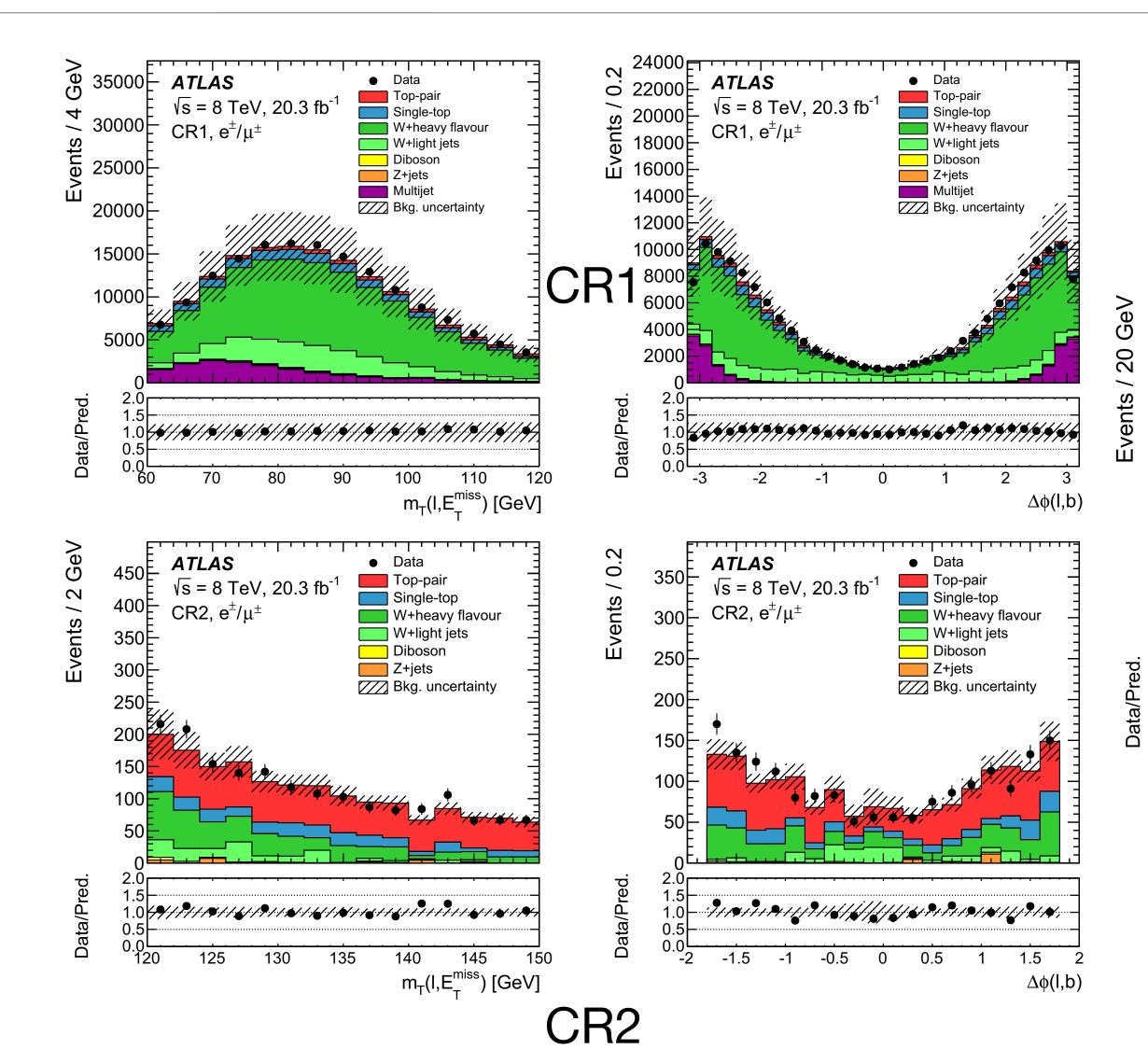


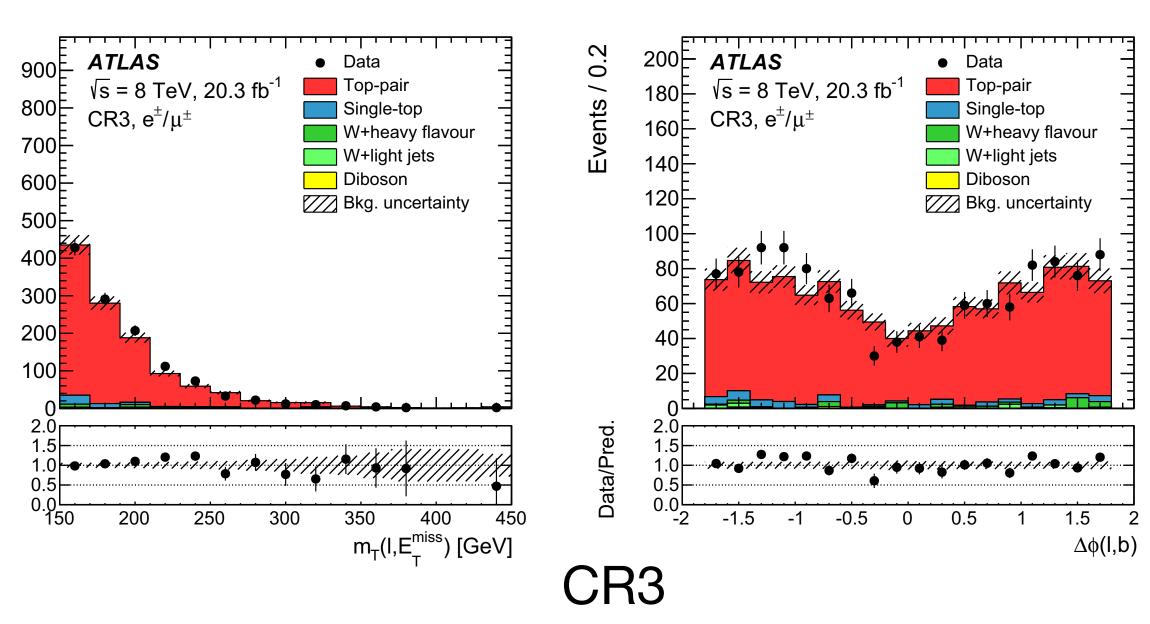
SRI (resonant model)	mT(ℓ , E _T ^{miss}) > 210 GeV $ \Delta \varphi(\ell, b) < 1.2$
SR2 (non- resonant model)	mT(ℓ , E _T ^{miss}) > 250 GeV $ \Delta \varphi(\ell, b) < 1.4$
CR1	60 < mT(ℓ, E _T ^{miss}) < 120 GeV
CR2	120 < mT(ℓ , E _T ^{miss}) < 150 GeV $ \Delta \varphi(\ell, b) < 1.8$
CR3	one extra bjet, pT < 50 GeV mT(ℓ , E $_{T}^{miss}$) > 150 GeV, $ \Delta \varphi(\ell)$, b) $ $ < 1.8



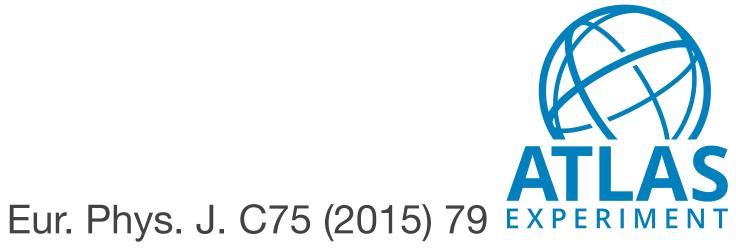








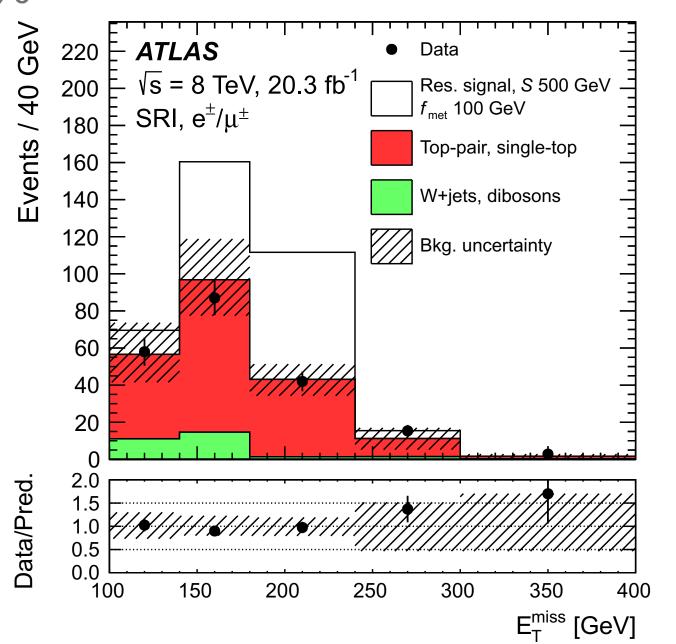
Good agreement between data and prediction!

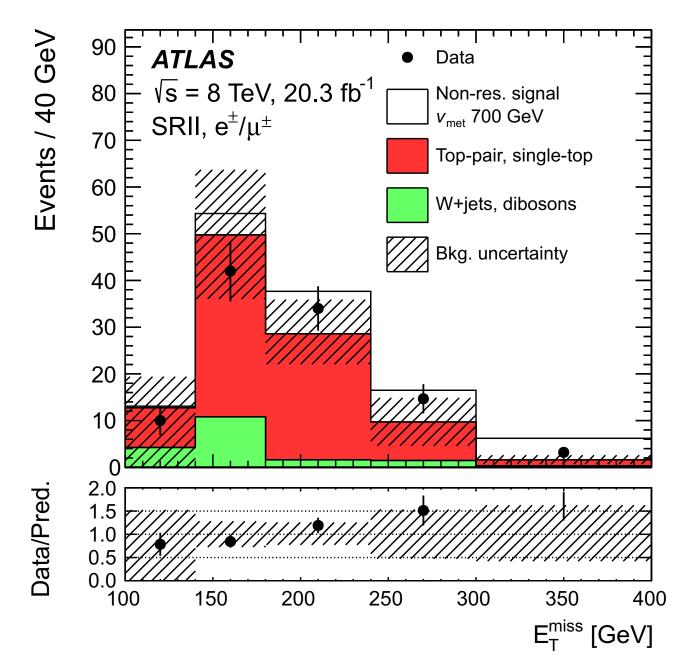


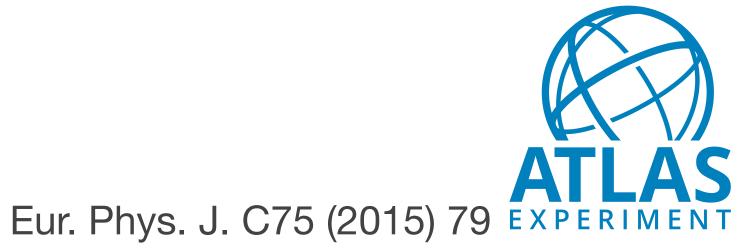
- Experimental uncertainties in signal (background)
 - jet energy scale: 1-5% (9-10%), jet energy resolution: 2-3% (1-2%)
 - jet vertex fraction: 2-3% (2-6%), b-tagging efficiency 3-5%
 - luminosity: 2.8%
- Signal & background acceptance modeling
 - PDF+as: 4-11% (5-6%)
 - ttbar: 5-11% (different generators), Wt: 5-8%
- Background normalization
 - ttbar: 5-6%, Wt: 7%, VV/W+jets: 25%

	SR1	SR2
Total background	240±10±50	124±11±27
Data	238	133

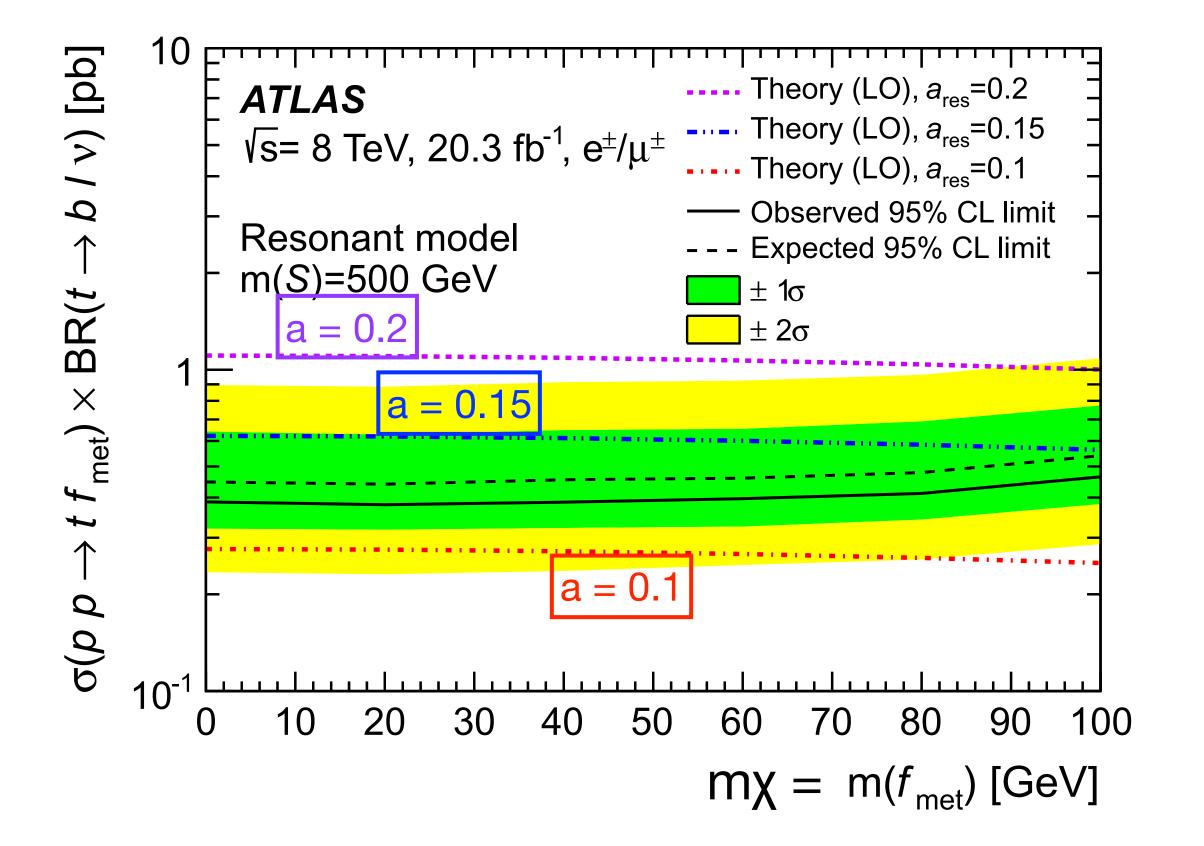
Good agreement between data and background, no significant excess is observed!

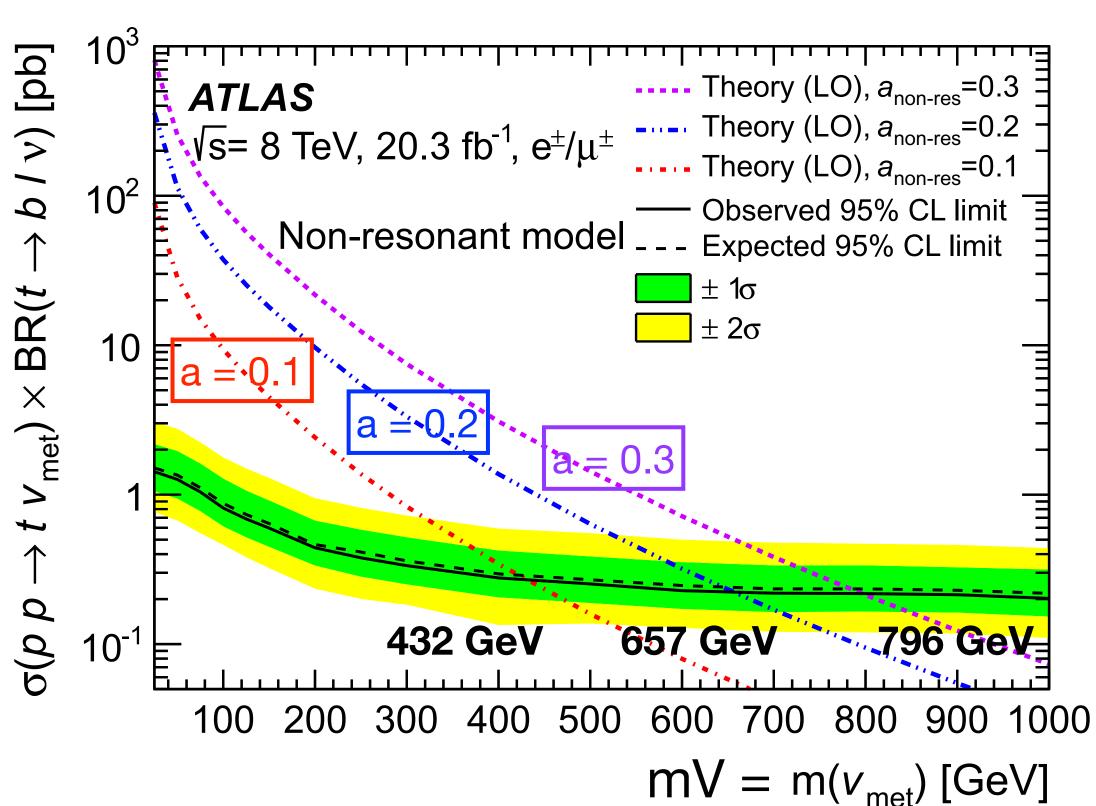


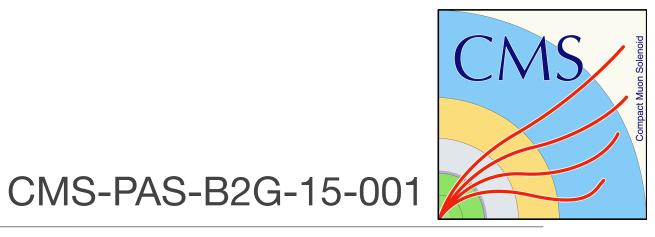




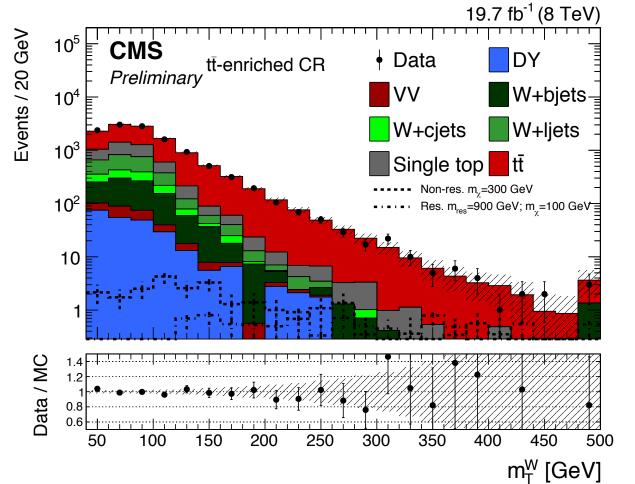
- No excess is observed.
- At 95%CL, resonant model with effective coupling = 0.2 are excluded in the whole mass range
- For the non-resonant model, cross-sections corresponding to coupling = 0.1 (0.2, 0.3) are excluded up to mV = 432 GeV (657 GeV, 796 GeV)

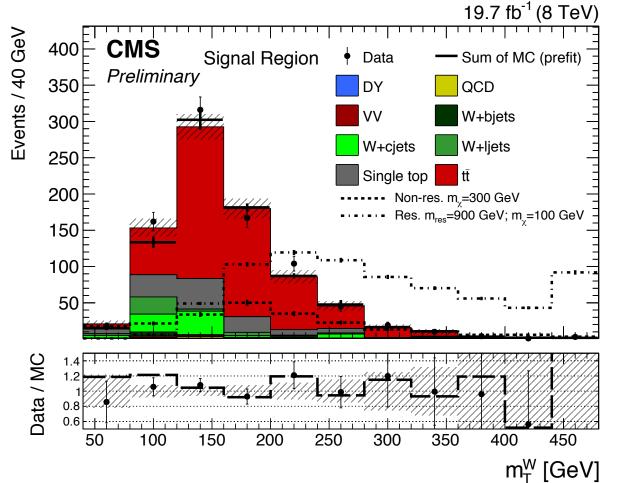


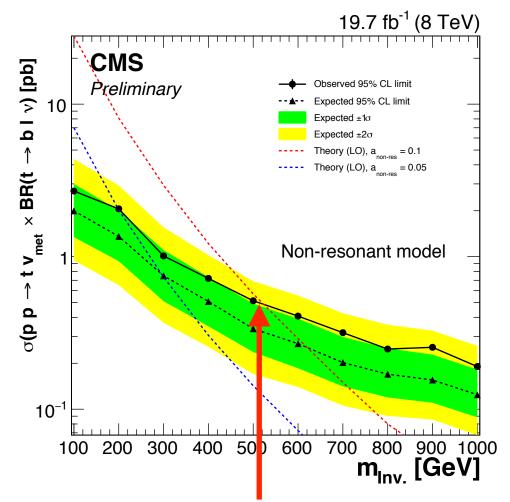


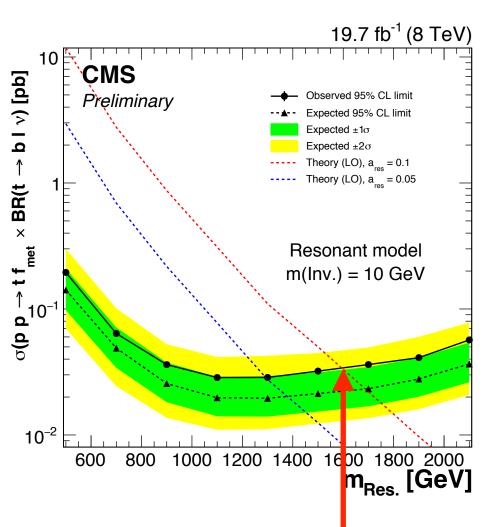


- A muon channel of mono-top search is also performed by CMS
 - one isolated muon ($p_T > 33$ GeV), no extra leptons
 - one b-tagged jet with pt > 70 GeV, no extra jets (p_T > 30 GeV)
 - $\Delta \phi$ (muon, jets) < 1.7 rad, E_T^{miss} > 100 GeV, $mT(\ell, E_T^{miss})$ > 50 GeV
- Two CRs (zero btag, two btags) are defined to estimate the W+jets and ttbar background from data
- Simultaneous fit is performed on the SR and two CRs, good agreement between the data and the SM predictions, no excess is observed.
- At 95%CL, mV < 523 GeV is excluded for vector mediator, mφ < 1.6 TeV is excluded for mDM = 10 GeV for scalar mediator





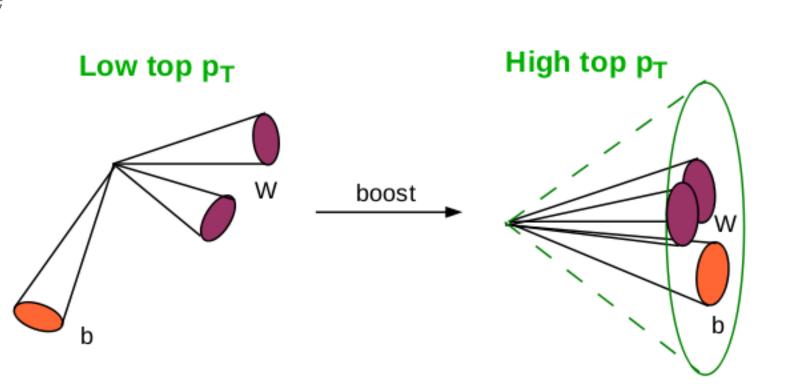




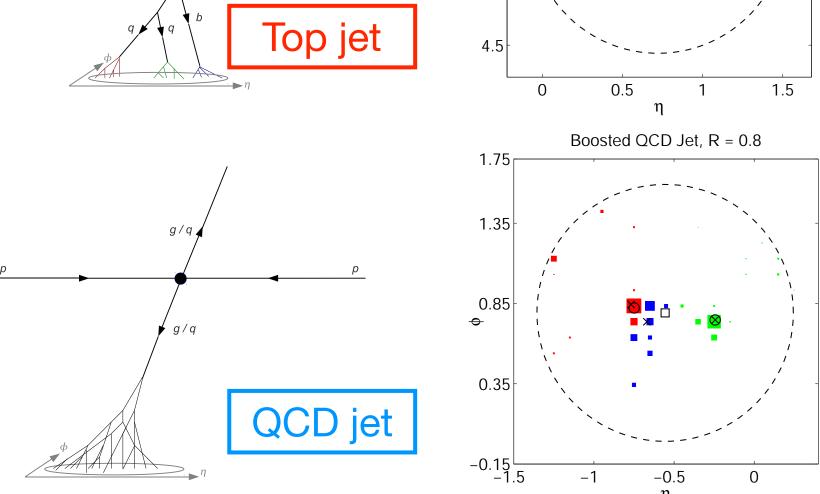
Hadronic channel @13TeV



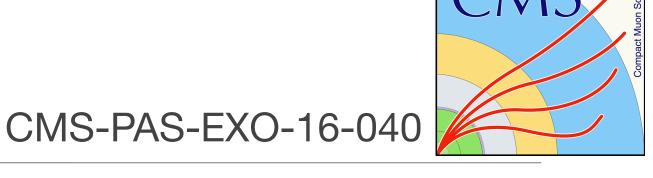
- Signature: large E_Tmiss plus a hadronically decaying W boson from top quark decay
 - largest branching fraction
 - reconstructible of boosted top quark: a single large-R jet, jet substructure
- Trigger: no muon MET/MHT > 110 GeV, (Eff>99%, when E_Tmiss>250 GeV)
- Background:
 - Z(vv) + jets, ttbar, W(ℓv) + jets (data-driven)
 - Single-top, VV, QCD (MC estimated)
- Selection:
 - $E_T^{miss} > 250 \text{ GeV}$
 - Narrow jet (anti-kT (0.4), $p_T>30$ GeV, |eta|<4.5) veto QCD and ttbar
 - $\Delta \phi(E_T^{miss}, jets) > 1.1$, no extra b-jet with ΔR (Fatjet, bjets) < 1.5
 - Electron (p_T > 10 GeV), muon(p_T > 15 GeV), hadronic tau(p_T > 18 GeV) veto
 - Large-R jet



110 GeV < mJ < 210 GeV



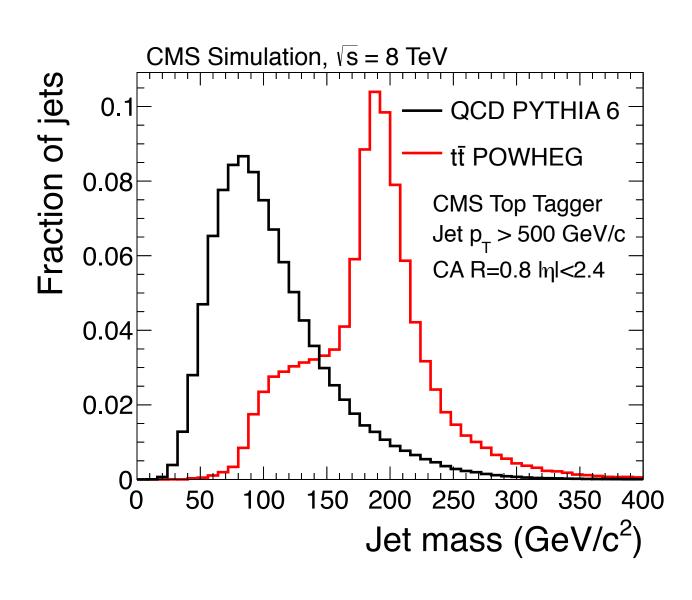
Hadronic channel @13TeV— boost top tagging

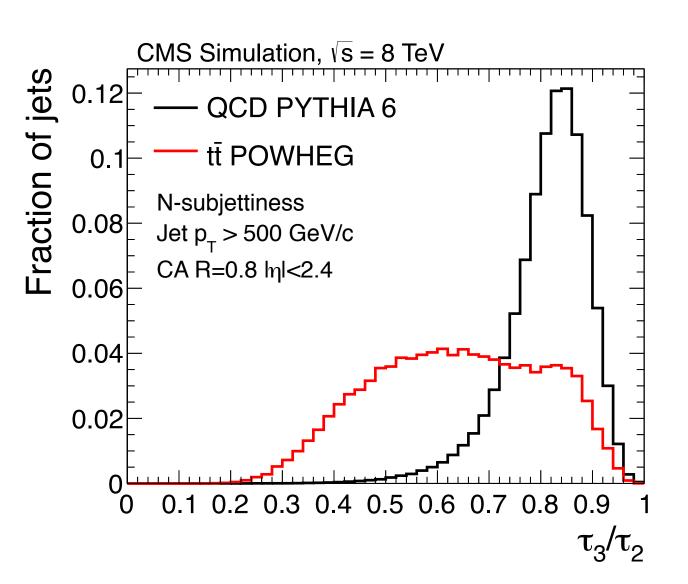


- Large-R jet (Cambridge-Aachen (1.5), pT > 250 GeV, |eta|<2.5) selecting hadronically-decaying top quark
 - mach with bjet inside the fat jet cone
 - τ_3/τ_2 (eff:13%), compatibility of a jet has N subjet (τ_N)

-0.5

- top tagging efficiency: 3% (ttbar)
- mis-tagging of a non-top jet: 3% (t γ +jets)





7 CRs

Hadronic channel @13TeV — Background estimation



- To constrain three main backgrounds: Z(vv) + jets, ttbar, and $W(\mathcal{E}v)$ + jets, global simultaneous likelihood fits to 7 CRs and SR are used
 - Z(vv) + jets: CRs from $Z(ee/\mu\mu)$ + jets, and γ + jets (large statistics, similar jet multiplicity, underlying event, and pileup conditions as the DY process for the region of interest at high pT region)
 - ttbar: Single-lepton CRs, requiring at least one narrow btagged jet, and ΔR (Fatjet, bjets) > 1.5
 - $W(\ell v)$ + jets: Single-lepton CRs, **no narrow btagged jet** with ΔR (Fatjet, bjets) > 1.5

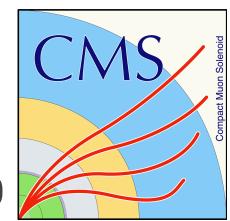
$$\mathcal{L}^{Bkg}(\mu_{i}^{Bkg}, \mu, \theta_{i}) = \prod_{X}^{ee,\mu\mu,\gamma,e,\mu,eb,\mu b} \operatorname{Poisson}\left(\frac{d_{i}^{X}|B_{i}^{X}(\theta_{i})}{R_{i}^{X}(\theta_{i})} + \frac{\mu_{i}^{Bkg}}{R_{i}^{X}(\theta_{i})}\right) \times \operatorname{Poisson}\left(\frac{d_{i}^{SR}|B_{i}^{SR}(\theta_{i})}{R_{i}^{SR}(\theta_{i})} + \mu_{i}^{Bkg} + \mu \cdot S_{i}(\theta_{i})\right)$$

$$R_i^X(\theta_i) = \frac{\mu_i^{Bkg}}{N_i^X(\theta_i)}, \qquad X = \begin{cases} ee, \mu\mu, \gamma, & Bkg = Z \to \nu\nu \\ e, \mu, & Bkg = W \to \ell\nu \\ eb, \mu b, & Bkg = t\bar{t} \end{cases}$$

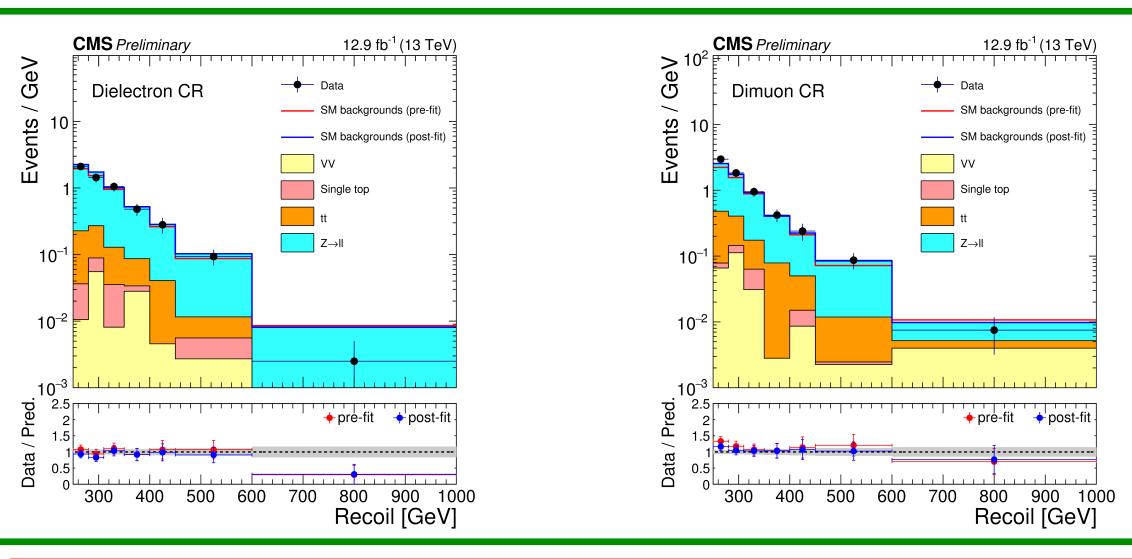
3 Bkgs

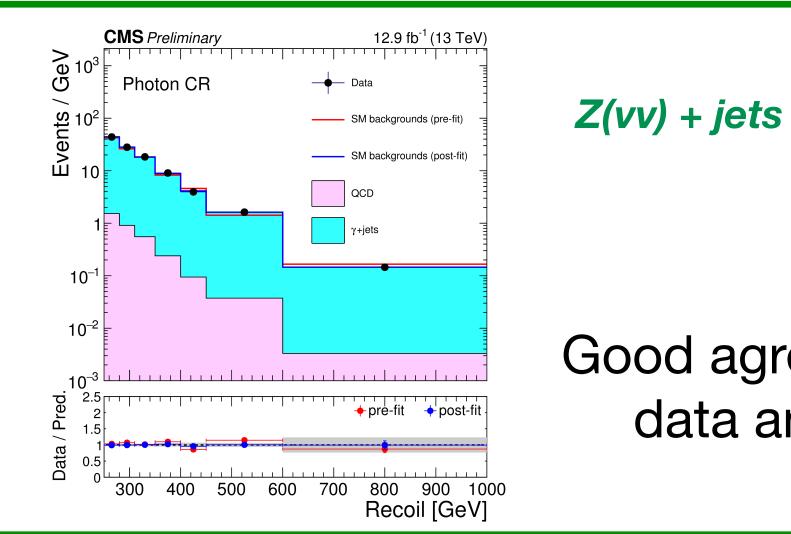
	$S_i(\theta_i)$		the expected number of signal events in SR
	μ_i^{Bkg}		the number of bkg events in SR regions
) 	$R_i^X(\theta_i)$		transfer factor from SR to each of CRs
	$B_i^X(heta_i)$	$B_i^{SR}(heta_i)$	the number of other expected background in CR the number of other expected background in SR
	d_i^X	d_i^{SR}	the observed number of events in CR the observed number of events in SR

Hadronic channel @13TeV — Background estimation

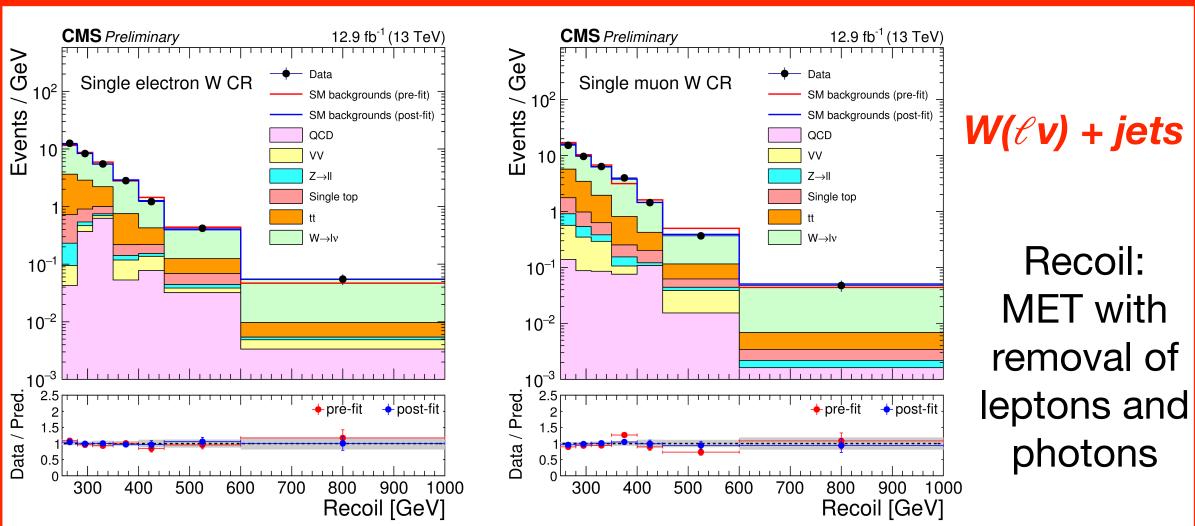


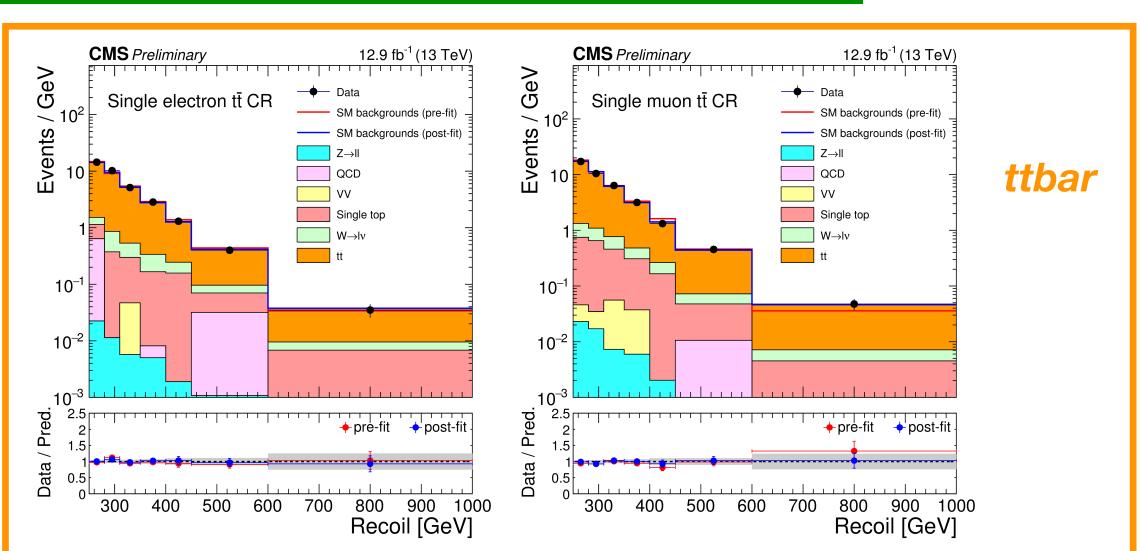






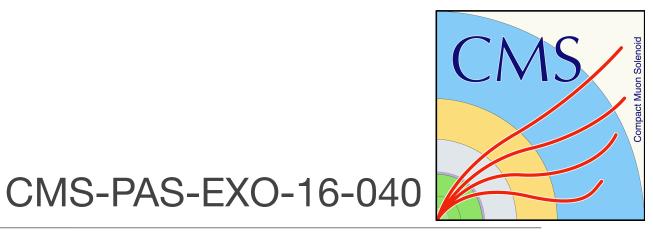
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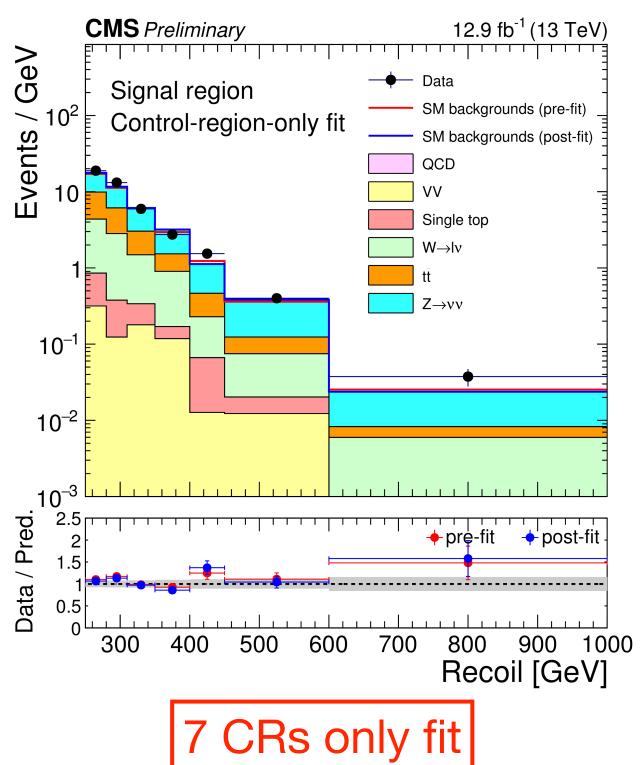


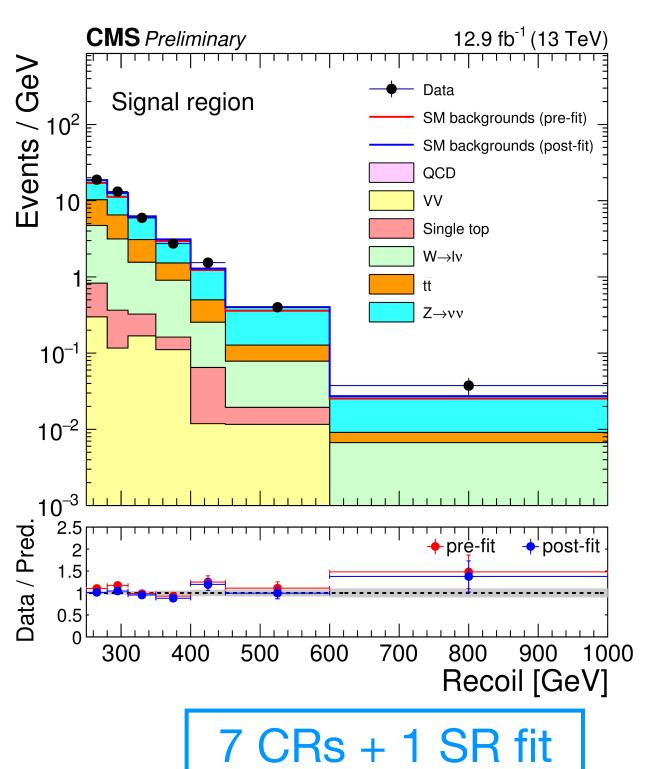


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Hadronic channel @13TeV— Results



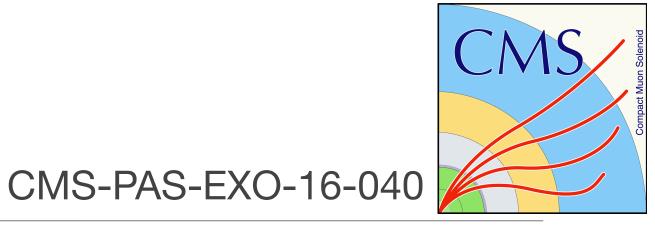




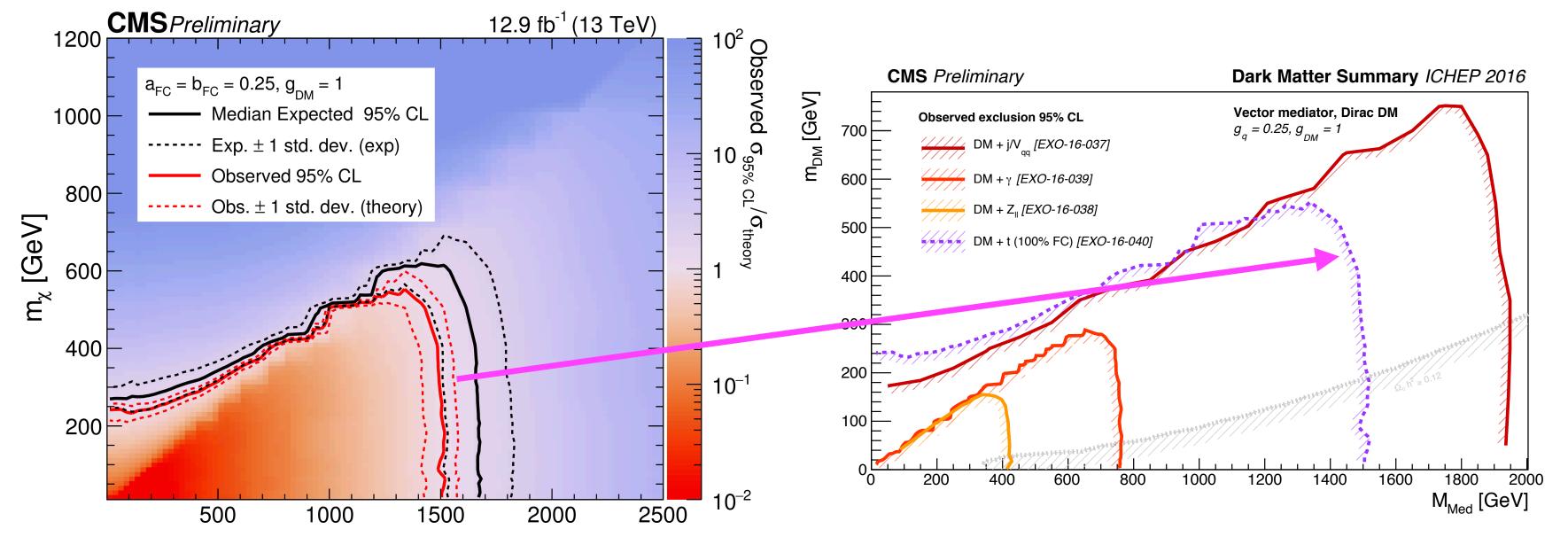
Good agreement between data and background, no significant excess is observed!

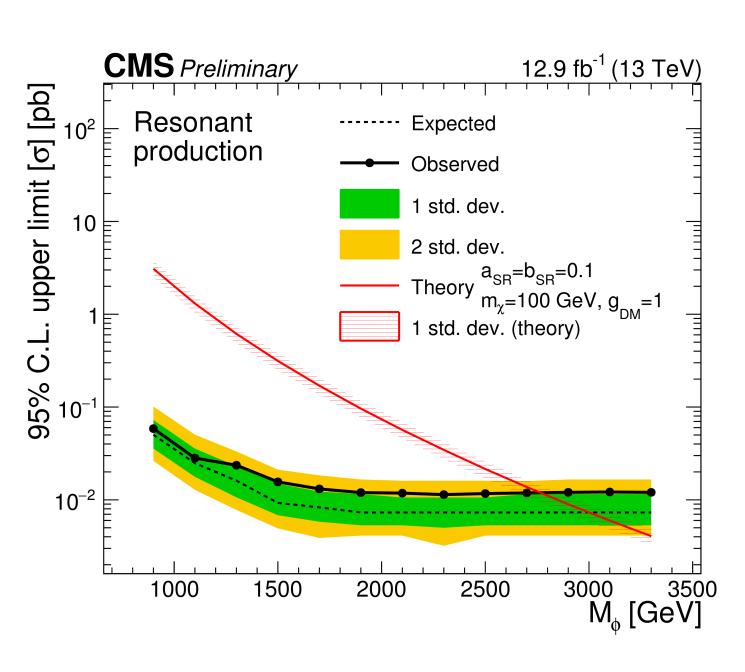
- Experimental uncertainties
 - electron/muon/photon/tau selection efficiency: 2-3%
 - top tagging efficiency: 3% (ttbar)
 - mis-tagging of a non-top jet: 3% (t_{γ} +jets)
 - luminosity: 6.2%
- Background modeling:
 - V+jets: 1-4% (W+HF: 21%, Z+HF: 22%)
 - single-top, VV: 20%
 - QCD: 80% (negligible)

Hadronic channel @13TeV— Results



- Good agreement with SM predictions
- The FCNC is excluded for vector mediator 0.3 < mV < 1.5 TeV, assuming mx = 10 GeV
 - with 100% FC, much more sensitive than mono-V, complementary to mono-jet
- For mχ = 100 GeV, the resonant scalar model is excluded for 0.9 < Mφ < 2.7 TeV at 95% CL







Conclusion & outlook

- Dark Matter searches in mono-top signature from ATLAS & CMS at 8/13 TeV are summarized
- Both leptonic and hadronic channels are considered
 - @8 TeV: ATLAS LPC Clermont + CMS IPHC Strasbourg
 - @13 TeV: ATLAS LPNHE-Paris: mono-top (hadronic, leptonic) + CMS IPHC Strasbourg
- Consistent with Direct and Indirect searches, no DM candidate has been seen at the LHC yet
 - with 100% FC, mono-top is more sensitive than monocomplementary to mono-jet
 - becoming one of important DM+HF channel: sizable contribution to tt+DM searches (in range 30% to 200%)

Results from using full 2015+2016 dataset is being prepared, stay tuned!

